





Data Collection Instruments for Evaluating Family Involvement

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Overview of This Resource

As evidence supporting the benefits of family involvement in learning mounts, there is an increasing demand for evaluation of family involvement initiatives and for additional research to inform practice and policy. Those designing and implementing family involvement programs must be responsive to calls to bolster the quality of the evidence base in the family involvement field by injecting rigorous methods into their evaluation. Many stakeholders, however, find it difficult to identify and locate tools and resources that support rigorous family involvement evaluations. In order to assess family involvement interventions in a high-quality way, family involvement leaders, school administrators, policymakers, and researchers need information about and access to evaluation tools—particularly standardized instruments for collecting data on family involvement practices.

We at Harvard Family Research Project (HFRP) developed this resource as part of our ongoing effort to help practitioners and researchers collect and use data for continuous improvement. Produced in response to calls from within the family involvement field, *Data Collection Instrucments for Evaluating Family Involvement* provides stakeholders with some commonly used and standardized data collection instruments on family involvement. This resource can help stakeholders learn about and choose rigorous family involvement instruments to assess impact and ensure quality. By reviewing these and other instruments, program and policy leaders can also think about which measures are most appropriate for their work and how to adapt or develop tools to assess it.

What Is Family Involvement?

In order to use these or other tools to evaluate family involvement efforts, stakeholders first must define for themselves what they mean by "family involvement." We at HFRP believe that family involvement is a core component of a complementary learning system, in which an array of school and nonschool supports complement one another to create an integrated set of community-wide resources that support learning and development from birth to young adulthood. In such a system, family involvement is one of several pathways for supporting young people in the many places and contexts in which they grow and learn. Three elements in particular combine to form a pathway of interactive and ongoing family involvement:

- First, family involvement is a shared responsibility in which schools and other community
 agencies and organizations are committed to reaching out to engage families in meaningful
 ways and in which families are committed to actively supporting their children's learning and
 development.
- Second, family involvement is continuous across a child's life and entails an enduring commitment but changing parent roles as children mature from birth to young adulthood.

• Third, effective family involvement cuts across and reinforces learning in the multiple settings where children learn—at home, in prekindergarten programs, in school, in after school programs, in faith-based institutions, and in the community.

Indeed, this resource recognizes that family involvement is the shared responsibility of parents, educators, program staff, community members, and many others and highlights family involvement as a continuous part of child development. As such, it includes data collection instruments designed to assess family involvement from multiple perspectives, including those of families, educators, and children. In addition, the tables below provide information, when available, on the applicability of different instruments across age ranges to aid in evaluating family involvement across the developmental spectrum. Designed to help assess a variety of family involvement practices, programs, and initiatives, the instruments included here focus on family involvement in learning, including family–school communication and relationships, families' encouragement of learning in the home, and families' feelings of self-efficacy.¹

Instruments Included in This Resource

A wide range of sources provided the information summarized in these tables. We identified the data collection instruments included here through seminal research studies, Web-based searches, evaluations conducted by the federally funded Parental Information and Resource Centers (PIRCs), and recommendations from the field. In selecting instruments for this resource, we focused on those which collect quantitative data and have been piloted and tested for reliability and/or validity, and that can be readily obtained and used for program and policy evaluations and research studies.

This resource is not designed to be a comprehensive listing of family involvement assessment tools but rather a sampling of validated instruments.² Although many other data collection tools—for example, checklists, assessment rubrics, and qualitative interview protocols—are available and often used by schools and communities, they are beyond the scope of this resource.

Share Your Thoughts and Resources!

Harvard Family Research Project plans to update this resource periodically to include additional validated instruments. We invite you to share information about other validated quantitative data collection instruments with us by emailing Hfine@gse.harvard.eduH.

How to Use This Resource

Because family involvement is a responsibility shared by many individuals in a child's life, we have organized this resource according to the role of the individual expected to respond to the instrument profiled—that is, parents and other family members, children, and school staff. Instruments that can be used with multiple stakeholders are included in all appropriate tables.

The table includes the following information about each data collection instrument:

- Instrument includes the title of the data collection instrument and who developed it.
- **Brief description** describes what the instrument measures, including specific constructs for family involvement.
- **Administered to** lists the types of people whose behaviors, knowledge, and attitudes are assessed by the instrument.
- **Original test population** describes the populations in which the instrument was tested for validity and/or reliability.
- **Measure structure** outlines how the instrument is formatted, including length and type of questions.
- Availability tells you where to look for more information about or to obtain the instrument.

Selecting an Evaluation Instrument

Not every family involvement program or initiative uses evaluation for the same reasons. The instruments listed in the tables below serve a range of evaluation purposes, from measuring parental motivation for involvement and teacher outreach to school-sponsored involvement activities. As you consider your evaluation needs and select instruments to assess your program's activities, we encourage you to consider the following issues:

- *Alignment of program objectives with evaluation instrument.* Given its different measures, will the evaluation instrument you selected yield useful information about how well your program is meeting its own particular objectives?
- Applicability to respondents. If your respondents differ from the population in which the instrument was tested for validity and/or reliability, how will this influence your interpretation of evaluation results? Is the format and language of the instrument conducive to the way you are currently engaging with parents, teachers, and others to whom you might administer the instrument?
- *Human and financial costs.* Will you need to invest resources in building capacity—in expertise or in time—to collect, analyze, or use data that will be harvested from the instrument?

These are just a few of the important considerations you will need to consider to select the most appropriate evaluation instrument for your target population and help enhance the validity and usefulness of the information you obtain about your program's efforts. With these considerations

in mind, you can use the information in this resource to find data collection instruments that align with the goals of your programs, policies, and studies.

This resource is intended to provide options for data collection and is not an endorsement of any of the specific instruments. Technical assistance or consultation with professional evaluators may be necessary before selecting or utilizing the instruments.

	Family Involvement Instruments With Parents and Other Family Members as Respondents							
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability			
Family–School Partnership Lab Scales: Parent and	The Family–School Partnership Lab Scales measure three levels of parent involvement:	Parents	Parents of children in kindergarten through sixth grade	Parent questionnaire has 116 items.	Available in ⁴ : Hoover-Dempsey, K. V., & Sandler, H. M.			
Student Questionnaires ³	Level 1 – parent-reported personal motivators for involvement, perceptions of invitations to be involved, and perceived life context Level 2 – parent-reported types of		Students in fourth through sixth grade	Student questionnaire has 49 items. Available in English and Spanish	(2005). Final performance report for OERI Grant # R305T010673: The social context of parental involvement: A path to enhanced achievement. Presented to Project Monitor, Institute of Education Sciences. U.S.			
(Hoover-Dempsey and Sandler)	involvement (home based and school based) as well as report of mechanisms to be involved (also includes student outcomes) • Level 3 – student perceptions of parent involvement				Department of Education, March 22, 2005. http://www.vanderbilt.edu/Peabody/family-school/scaledescriptions.html (Please review authors' Statement of Use for citation instructions when using these scales.)			
Parent and School Survey (PASS)	Measures six dimensions of family involvement (adapted from typology from the National Network of Partnership Schools):	Parents	Parents of children in kindergarten through sixth grade	Two sections: 24 items about parent involvement behaviors	Available in: Ringenberg, M., Funk, V., Mullen, K., Wilford, A., & Kramer, J. (2005). Test-Retest Reliability			
(Ringenberger, Funk, Mullen, Wilford, and Kramer)	 Parenting – home environment conducive to learning Communicating – home–school communication about child's academic issues Volunteering – activities in the school and classroom Learning at home – help and encouragement with school work Decision making – involvement with governance and shaping policies/practices at school Collaborating with the community – parent knowledge and use of community resources for learning 		Largely middle-class and White settings 82.5% females	and beliefs on a 5-point Likert scale (strongly disagree to strongly agree) 6 items about level of difficulty certain barriers present to involvement on a 3- point Likert scale (a lot to not an issue)	of the Parent And School Survey (PASS). <i>The School Community Journal</i> , <i>15</i> (2), 121–134. http://www.adi.org/journal/fw05/RingenbergFunkMullenWilfordKramerFall2005.pdf			

	Family Involvement Instruments With Parents and Other Family Members as Respondents							
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability			
Parent as a Teacher Inventory (PAAT)	PAAT uses a composite attitude scale to help mothers and fathers of preschool and primary grade children recognize their favorable	Parents	Parents of children ages 3 to 9 Information about the validation	50 items that survey parents about their understanding of five	Starter set: \$58.95 (1 inventory manual, 20 inventory/identification booklets, and 20 comparison profiles); sample set: \$20.90 (1 of			
	qualities and identify realms in which they need further personal growth.		sample is available in the manual	aspects of the parent– child interactive system	each item). Available for purchase at:			
(Strom and Strom)	PAAT measures parents' feelings about:				http://ststesting.com/FI.html			
	Creativity Frustration				Available in English and Spanish from the publisher. Also available from the author in			
	• Control				Arabic, Bengali, French, German, Greek,			
	Play Teaching/learning				Hebrew, Hindi, Hopi, Japanese, Kannada, Mandarin, Malay, Navajo, Portuguese, Serbo- Croatian, Sinhalese, and Turkish.			
Parent Education	The PEP framework has four scales related to	Parents	Parents of infants and children	Ratings are based on a	Administrator's Guide to Parent Education			
Profile (PEP)	children's literacy development:		through age 8	rubric or developmental	Profiles (PEP) and PEP Scales: \$30. Available from:			
	Parent's Support for Children's Learning			supportive (level 1) to	Available from:			
	in the Home			most supportive (level	RMC Research Corporation			
(Dwyer)	Parent's Role in Interactive Literacy			5) of literacy outcomes	1000 Market Street			
• •	Activities			·	Portsmouth, NH 03801			
	Parent's Role in Supporting Child's			Ratings based on	kkressley@rmcres.com			
	Learning in Formal Educational Settings			observations, interviews,	1-800-258-0802			
	Taking on the Parent Role			and written journals				
					Available in English and Spanish			
	Within each scale are subscales and levels that							
	describe a progression of the parent's							
	development in understanding and using skills connected to that scale.							
	skins conficcicu to that scare.	1						

	Family Involvement Instruments With Parents and Other Family Members as Respondents							
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability			
Parent Efficacy scales ⁵	The Parent Efficacy scales assess parent efficacy through measures for parent perseverance, general ability to influence children's school outcomes and specific	Parents	Parents in a large middle-class public school district Predominantly White parents	Items scored on a 5- point Likert scale (1=strongly agree, 5=strongly disagree)	Available in: Hoover-Dempsey, K. V., & Sandler, H. M. (2005). Final performance report for OERI			
(Hoover-Dempsey, Bassler, and Brissie)	effectiveness in influencing children's school learning. There are two forms available: Parent Perceptions of Parent Efficacy (PPPE) Teacher Perceptions of Parent Efficacy		with elementary school children	Possible total scores for PPPE range from 12 to 60 Possible total scores for	Grant # R305T010673: The social context of parental involvement: A path to enhanced achievement. Presented to Project Monitor, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education, March 22, 2005.			
	(TPPE)			TPPE range from 7 to 35	http://www.vanderbilt.edu/Peabody/family-school/Reports.html See Final Report Part B (Please review authors' Statement of Use for citation instructions when using these scales.)			

Family Involvement Instruments With Parents and Other Family Members as Respondents							
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability		
Parent	There are three parts to this series:	Parents	Inner-city schools in the	PIH: 8 items based on	Available from ⁶ :		
Involvement At			Midwest	weekly frequency for			
Home (PIH)	 PIH – Investigates various kinds of parent 			activities	Eva Patrikakou, Ph.D.		
	practices that contribute to the				Associate Professor		
Parent	enhancement of academic and social			PISC: 6 items based on	Director		
Involvement at	development, such as making sure child			yearly frequencies	The Learning and Behavior Specialist		
School (PISC)	has a quiet place to do homework and				Program		
	checking child's homework.			PPTO: 10 items based on	DePaul University		
Parent Perceived	PISC – Measures various ways in which			yearly frequencies	epatrika@depaul.edu		
Teacher Outreach	parents are involved in their children's						
(PPTO)	education at school. Items on this scale				Available in English and Spanish		
(===)	measured parent participation in both						
	policy-dictated activities (e.g., picking up						
	child's report card) and in voluntary						
(Patrikakou and	activities (e.g., volunteering in child's						
Weissberg)	classroom).						
	PPTO – Measures the parent's perceptions						
	of various teacher outreach behaviors and						
	practices that encourage and reinforce						
	parent involvement. Contains items on the						
	perception of both the climate that the						
	teacher creates for parents (e.g., does your						
	child's teacher share information with you						
	in a positive way?) and the level of						
	information the teacher relays to parents						
	(e.g., does the teacher tell you specific ways						
	that you could help your child do better?).						

	Family Involvement Instruments With Parents and Other Family Members as Respondents						
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability		
Parent Success Indicator (PSI) ⁷	The PSI focuses on six major facets of parenting: Communication – how often the parent is good at communicating and listening to the child	Parents Children	Parents of children ages 10 to 14 Children ages 10 to 14	Parent survey, child survey Self-reports, parent's perceptions of children	Starter set: \$73.90 (1 manual, 20 parent inventory booklets, 20 child inventory booklets, and 20 comparison profiles); sample set: \$20 (1 of each item)		
(Strom and Strom)	 Use of time – how often the parent has difficulty finding time to be involved in the child's daily life Teaching – how often the parent teaches about important issues such as health, consideration of others feelings, and issues of right and wrong Frustration – how often the parent is frustrated by the way a child typically behaves Satisfaction – how often the parent likes the way a child typically behaves Information needs – how often the parent needs more information about what to expect of a child at a particular age, helping the child succeed in school, helping the child deal with gangs and bullies, preventing the use of drugs and alcohol, and other adolescent concerns. 				Available for purchase at: http://ststesting.com/FI.html Available in English and Spanish		
Parent-Teacher Involvement Questionnaire: Parent (PTIQ-P) ⁸ (The Fast Track	The PTIQ-P has four subscales measuring: • Quality of parent–teacher relationship • Parent involvement and volunteering at school • Parent endorsement of school • Frequency of parent-teacher contact	Parents	Parents of children in grades 4 and above available	26 items on a 5-point Likert scale for specific frequency, general frequency, and level of agreement	Available online from the Fast Track Project website9: http://www.fasttrackproject.org/techrept/p/ptp/ Please contact the instrument's developer		
(The Fast Track Project)	rrequency of parent-teacher contact				for specific terms of use at: fasttrack@duke.edu		

	Family Involveme	ent Instruments With P	arents and Other Family Men	nbers as Respondents	
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability
School and Family	The School and Family Partnership Surveys	Parents	Parents and teachers of	Varies depending on	Survey prices range from \$10–20. Available
Partnership:	and Summaries are sets of surveys used to		children ages 5 and up	questionnaire	for purchase through the National
Surveys and	assess attitudes about the parent-teacher	Teachers			Neighborhood of Partnership Schools at
Summaries 10	relationship. Two versions are available: one				Johns Hopkins University ¹¹ :
	for use with elementary/middle school	Students			
	populations and the other with high school				http://www.csos.jhu.edu/p2000/survey.htm
	populations. There is also a youth				
(Epstein, Salinas,	questionnaire for students in high school.				
and Connors)					
	The School and Family Partnership Surveys				
	include measures for:				
	Basic obligations of parents				
	Basic obligations of schools				
	Volunteers at the school building				
	Involvement in learning activities and				
	homework				
	Governance/advisory roles for parents				
University of Idaho	The University of Idaho Survey of Parenting	Parents	Parents of children of various	34 items, 12 of which	Complete tool kit: \$85. Available for
Survey of Parenting	Practices was developed for the Parents as		ages	measure parenting	purchase through the Idaho Family Life
Practices, 2nd	Teachers (PAT) program. Through a series of			practices	Program Resources Website:
Edition	retrospective questions, it measures:				
					http://www.agls.uidaho.edu/fcs/extension/f
	Changes in parenting practices –				amilylife/tools.htm#University_of_Idaho_S
	knowledge, confidence, skills/abilities,				urvey_of_Parenting_Practice
(Shaklee and	behavior, and networking				
Demarest)	 Also includes questions for demographics, 				Available in English and Spanish
	participation, and satisfaction				

	Family Involvement Instruments With Parents and Other Family Members as Respondents						
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability		
Home Observation for Measurement of	The HOME is an instrument completed by a researcher or other observer, which assesses parenting practices and the home environment in	Parents Children	Families with children from birth through age 14, depending on the scale	Administered by a trained observer	Comprehensive manual (includes standard, child care setting, and disability adapted manuals): \$50; standard manual: \$40		
the Environment (HOME)	a broad range of categories through the use of trained observers. It has four different versions:		Tested throughout North and South America (including the	Ranges depending on HOME version, all with binary yes/no answers	Other necessary materials:		
(Bradley and Caldwell)	 The Infant/Toddler HOME – designed for use during infancy (birth to age 3) and composed of 45 items clustered into six subscales: 1) Parental Responsivity, 2) Acceptance of Child, 3) Organization of the Environment, 4) Learning Materials, 5) Parental Involvement, and 6) Variety in Experience. Early Childhood HOME – designed for use with children between 3 and 6 years of age and contains 55 items clustered into 8 subscales: 1) Learning Materials, 2) Language Stimulation, 3) Physical Environment, 4) Parental 		Caribbean), in several European and Asian countries, in Australia, and in at least two African nations		infant/toddler forms: \$15/pkg of 50; early childhood forms: \$25/pkg of 50; middle childhood forms: \$12.50/pkg of 25; early adolescent forms: \$12.50/pkg of 25 Available for purchase at 12: http://ualr.edu/case/index.php/home/h ome-inventory/contact-information/		
	Responsivity, 5) Learning Stimulation, 6) Modeling of Social Maturity, 7) Variety in Experience, and 8) Acceptance of Child. • Middle Childhood HOME – designed for use between ages 6 and 10 and contains 59 items clustered into eight subscales: 1) Parental Responsivity, 2) Physical Environment, 3) Learning Materials, 4) Active Stimulation, 5) Encouraging Maturity, 6) Emotional Climate, 7) Parental Involvement, and 8) Family						
	Participation. • Early Adolescent HOME – designed for use from 10 to 15 years old and contains 60 items clustered into 7 subscales: 1) Physical Environment, 2) Learning Materials, 3) Modeling, 4) Instructional Activities, 5) Regulatory Activities, 6) Variety of Experience, and 7) Acceptance & Responsivity.						

Family Involvement Instruments With Parents and Other Family Members as Respondents							
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability		
Parent and Family	The Parent and Family Involvement in Education	Parents	Nationally representative sample	64 pages with various	Available online as a pdf from the NCES		
Involvement in	Survey of 2003 assesses the following items:		of parents of students in	scales (yes/no, frequency,	website:		
Education Survey			kindergarten through 12 th grade	agree/disagree multiple			
of the 2003	 School communication with families about 			choice, and satisfaction)	http://nces.ed.gov/nhes/pdf/pfi/pfi03.pdf		
National	student progress, opportunities for						
Household	involvement, and other types of information-			Administered by trained			
Education Surveys	sharing			interviewers at NCES			
Program	 Involvement in homework, such as providing 						
o .	designated spaces, helping with homework,						
	and checking homework when it is complete						
	Involvement in school, such as attending						
(National Center for	school meetings and events, volunteering,						
Education Statistics	serving on committees, and fundraising						
(NCES))	Involvement in nonschool activities, such						
())	home-based activities and outings with the						
	student. Parents of students in kindergarten						
	through third grade are also asked about						
	reading to the child.						
	Experiences with school, such as the climate						
	the school provides for the student and for						
	family involvement						
	Expectations for postsecondary education,						
	such as what the student will do after high						
	school and the financial support the parent						
	will give						
	Student activities – the type of school and						
	nonschool activities in which the student is						
	involved						
	Satisfaction, such as how well the school does						
	at providing various avenues for involvement						
	and communication and opinions of academic						
	standards, teachers, and discipline						
	School choice – whether the student attends a						
	school of choice or the family moved in order						
	to be eligible for one						
	Services provided for students with disabilities						
	- whether these services are provided						

Family Involvement Instruments With School Staff as Respondents							
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability		
Survey of Chicago	The Parent Involvement and Community	Elementary school	Chicago Public School	Questions related to Parent	Available online as a pdf from the		
Public Schools	Relations section of the Survey of Chicago	teachers	teachers (elementary grades)	Involvement and	Consortium on Chicago School Research:		
Teachers, Spring	Public Schools Teachers assesses participant			Community Relations			
2003 (Elementary	relations through measures of:			begin on page 4; section	http://ccsr.uchicago.edu/downloads/74022		
School Edition)				contains 5 question items	003-elem-teacher.pdf		
	Parent involvement in school – teachers			with multiple sub-			
	report on how often parents engage in			questions			
	school-based involvement						
(Consortium on	 Teacher outreach to parents – how 			Varies from agree/disagree			
Chicago School	teachers work with parents to develop			statements to			
Research at the	common goals, good communication, and			quantity/degree measures			
University of	strengthen student learning						
Chicago)	 Teacher-parent trust – the degree of 						
0 /	mutual respect between teachers and						
	parents						
	Knowledge of student culture – how						
	teachers strive to understand the lives and						
	communities of students						
	Use of community resources – how						
	teachers use community assets in their						
	teaching and to understand their students						
	Ties to community – how often teachers						
	interact with the school's surrounding						
	community						

	Family Involvement Instruments With School Staff as Respondents							
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability			
Parent Efficacy scales ¹³ (Hoover-Dempsey, Bassler, and Brissie)	The Parent Efficacy scales assess parent efficacy through measures for parent perseverance, general ability to influence children's school outcomes, and specific effectiveness in influencing children's school learning. There are two forms available: • Parent Perceptions of Parent Efficacy (PPPE) • Teacher Perceptions of Parent Efficacy (TPPE)	Teachers	Teachers in a large middle- class public school district Predominantly White respondents in elementary schools	Items scored on a 5-point Likert scale (1=strongly agree, 5=strongly disagree). Possible total scores for PPPE range from 12 to 60 Possible total scores for TPPE range from 7 to 35.	Available in: Hoover-Dempsey, K. V., & Sandler, H.M. (2005). Final performance report for OERI Grant # R305T010673: The social context of parental involvement: A path to enhanced achievement. Presented to Project Monitor, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education, March 22, 2005. http://www.vanderbilt.edu/Peabody/family -school/Reports.html See Final Report Part B (Please review authors' Statement of Use for citation instructions when using these scales.)			
School and Family Partnership: Surveys and Summaries (Epstein, Salinas, and Connors)	The School and Family Partnership: Surveys and Summaries are sets of surveys used to assess attitudes about the parent-teacher relationship. Two versions are available: one for use with elementary/middle school populations and the other with high school populations. There is also a youth questionnaire for students in high school. The School and Family Partnership Surveys include measures for: Basic obligations of parents Basic obligations of schools Volunteers at the school building Involvement in learning activities and Homework Governance/advisory roles for parents	Teachers	Teachers of children ages 5 and up	Administered by a trained interviewer Varies depending on questionnaire	Survey prices range from \$10–20. Available for purchase through the National Neighborhood of Partnership Schools at Johns Hopkins University ¹⁴ : http://www.csos.jhu.edu/p2000/survey.ht m			

	Family Involvement Instruments With School Staff as Respondents						
Instrument	Brief Description	Administered To	Original Test Population	Measure Structure	Availability		
Parent-Teacher Involvement Questionnaire: Teacher (PTIQ- T) ¹⁵	The PTIQ-T has three subscales that measure: • Parents' comfort in their relationship with the teacher and with the school • Parent involvement and volunteering in school • Parent–teacher contact	Teachers	Both high-risk and normative samples	21 items on a 5-point Likert scale	Available online from the Fast Track Project website 16: http://www.fasttrackproject.org/techrept/ p/ptt/ Please contact the instrument's developer		
(The Fast Track Project)	Parent-teacher contact				for specific terms of use at: fasttrack@duke.edu		
Survey on Family and School Partnerships in Public Schools, K-8 (National Center for Education Statistics (NCES))	The NCES Survey on Family and School Partnerships in Public Schools, K–8 addresses the following: The kinds of communications schools establish to provide parents with information The kinds of activities schools sponsor that are designed to inform parents about their children's performance, and the extent to which parents participate The kinds of volunteer activities schools make available to parents, and the extent to which parents participate The extent to which parents are included in decision-making regarding selected school issues Other factors that influence school efforts to increase parent involvement	Principals	A nationally representative sample of kindergarten through 8 th grade schools	24 items with various scales (yes/no, frequency, agree/disagree multiple choice, and satisfaction)	Available online from the NCES website: Carey, N., Lewis, L., Farris, E., Burns, E. (1998). Parent involvement in children's education: Efforts by public elementary schools. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics. Accessed online April 9, 2009 at: http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/frss/publicatio ns/98032/pdf/questionnaire.pdf		

Other Resources

We will be updating this resource as more validated and publicly available instruments become available to us. If you have additional suggestions, please let us know the instrument's name and how to access it. If possible, please send an electronic copy of the instrument to fine@gse.harvard.edu or mail a hard copy to:

Family Involvement Network of Educators Harvard Family Research Project 3 Garden Street Cambridge, MA 02138

Acknowledgments

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Endnotes

- ¹ Although parent–child relationships, discipline, and other parenting practices and family processes are also core components of a spectrum of family involvement approaches, they are beyond the scope of this particular resource. The Parents as Teachers (PAT) National Center has a searchable database of measures of parenting, as well as child and parent outcomes, at http://measures.patnc.org/measures/index.php?fuseaction=search.search.
- ² In some cases, we identified instruments that were well known but not publicly available. As these and other validated instruments become available, we will add them to this resource list.
- ³ Also includes student questionnaire. These instruments share some common elements with the Parent Efficacy Scales by Hoover-Dempsey, Bassler, and Brissie.
- ⁴ Also cited in: Walker, J.M., Wilkins, A.S., Dallaire, J., Sandler, H.M., & Hoover-Dempsey, K.V. (2005). Parental involvement: Model revision through scale development. *Elementary School Journal*, 106(2); 85-104.
- ⁵ Also includes a teacher questionnaire.
- ⁶ Also cited in: Patrikakou, E. N., & Weissberg, R. P. (2000). Parents' perceptions of teacher outreach and parent involvement in children's education. *Journal of Prevention & Intervention in the Community*, 20, 103−119.

- ⁹ Instrument has also been adapted for use in: Kohl, G. O., Lengua, L. J., McMahon, R. J., & Conduct Problems Prevention Research Group (2000). Parent involvement in school: Conceptualizing multiple dimensions and their relations with family and demographic risk factors. *Journal of School Psychology*, 38, 501–523.
- ¹⁰ Also includes teacher and student questionnaires. These instruments are related to the scales developed by Dauber and Epstein, which measure parent involvement at the school, parent involvement with homework, parent involvement in reading activities, parent attitudes toward the school, school practices to communicate with and involve parents at school, school practices to involve parents at home, and total school program to involve parents. For more information, see Dauber, S. L. & Epstein, J. L. (1993). Parents' attitudes and practices of involvement in innercity elementary and middle schools. In N. F. Chavkin (Ed.) *Families and schools in a pluralistic society*. Albany, NY: State University of New York Press.
- ¹¹ Epstein, J. L., Coates, L., Salinas, K. C., Sanders, M. G., & Simon, B. (1997). *School, family, and community partnerships: Your handbook for action*. Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.
- ¹² Instrument also cited in Bradley, R. H. & Caldwell, B.M. (1979). Home observation for measurement of the environment: A revision of the preschool scale. *American Journal of Mental Deficiency*, 84, 235–244 and in Bradley, R. H., & Caldwell, B.M. (1981). The HOME Inventory: A validation of the preschool scale for black children. *Child Development*, 52, 708–710.

⁷ Youth survey also available.

⁸ Teacher questionnaire also available.

¹³ Also includes a teacher questionnaire.

¹⁴ Related resource: Epstein, J. L., Coates, L., Salinas, K. C., Sanders, M. G., & Simon, B. (1997). *School, family, and community partnerships: Your handbook for action.* Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.

¹⁵ Parent questionnaire also available.

¹⁶ Instrument used in Kohl, G. O., Lengua, L. J., McMahon, R. J., & Conduct Problems Prevention Research Group (2000). Parent involvement in school: Conceptualizing multiple dimensions and their relations with family and demographic risk factors. *Journal of School Psychology*, 38, 501–523.

About Harvard Family Research Project (HFRP)

Since 1983, we have helped stakeholders develop and evaluate strategies to promote the well-being of children, youth, families, and communities. Our work focuses primarily on three areas that support children's learning and development—early childhood education, out-of-school time programming, and family and community support in education. Building on our knowledge that schools cannot do it alone, we also focus national attention on complementary learning. Complementary learning is the idea that a systemic approach, which integrates school and nonschool supports, can better ensure that all children have the skills they need to succeed. Underpinning all our work is our commitment to education for strategic decision making, learning and accountability.