Rule 3. Appropriate Use of the Internet in Medical Practice

844 IAC 5-3-1 General provisions
Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5

Sec. 1. A practitioner shall comply with this article when utilizing the Internet in the delivery of patient care. (Medical Licensing Board of Indiana; 844 IAC 5-3-1; filed Oct 1, 2003, 9:32 a.m.: 27 IR 522)

844 IAC 5-3-2 Evaluation of the patient
Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5

Sec. 2. A documented patient evaluation, including history and physical evaluation adequate to establish diagnoses and identify underlying conditions or contraindications to the treatment recommended or provided, must be obtained prior to providing treatment, including issuing prescriptions, electronically or otherwise. (Medical Licensing Board of Indiana; 844 IAC 5-3-2; filed Oct 1, 2003, 9:32 a.m.: 27 IR 523)

844 IAC 5-3-3 Treatment
Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5

Sec. 3. Treatment, including issuing a prescription, based solely on an on-line questionnaire or consultation is prohibited. (Medical Licensing Board of Indiana; 844 IAC 5-3-3; filed Oct 1, 2003, 9:32 a.m.: 27 IR 523)

844 IAC 5-3-4 Electronic communications
Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5

Sec. 4. (a) Written policies and procedures must be maintained by the physician for the use of patient-physician electronic mail. Such policies and procedures must address the following:
   (1) Privacy.
   (2) Health care personnel (in addition to the physician addressee) who will process messages.
   (3) Hours of operation.
   (4) Types of transactions that will be permitted electronically.
   (5) Required patient information to be included in the communication, such as patient name, identification number, and type of transaction.
   (6) Archival and retrieval of patient medical data.
   (7) Quality oversight mechanisms.
   (8) Protocol to be followed in emergency situations.
   (b) Policies and procedures must be periodically evaluated for currency and maintained in an accessible and readily available manner for review.
   (c) Sufficient security measures must be in place and documented to assure confidentiality and integrity of patient-identifiable information. Transmissions, including patient e-mail, prescriptions, and laboratory results must be secure within existing technology, that is, password protected, encrypted electronic prescriptions, or other reliable authentication techniques.
   (d) Patient-physician e-mail pertinent to the ongoing care of the patient, as well as other patient-related electronic communications, must be maintained as part of, and integrated into, the patient’s medical record, whether that record is paper or electronic.
   (e) Turnaround time shall be established for patient-physician e-mail and medical practice sites must clearly indicate alternative form or forms of communication for urgent matters.
   (f) E-mail systems must be configured to include an automatic reply to acknowledge message delivery and that messages have been read. Patients must be encouraged to confirm that they have received and read messages. (Medical Licensing Board of Indiana; 844 IAC 5-3-4; filed Oct 1, 2003, 9:32 a.m.: 27 IR 523)

844 IAC 5-3-5 Informed consent
Sec. 5. A written agreement must be employed documenting patient informed consent for the use of patient-physician e-mail. The agreement must be discussed with and signed by the patient and included in the medical record. The agreement must include the following terms:

1. Types of transmissions that will be permitted, such as:
   (A) prescription refills;
   (B) appointment scheduling; and
   (C) patient education.

2. Fees, if any, that will be assessed for on-line consultations or other electronic communication.

3. Under what circumstances alternate forms of communication or office visits must be utilized.

4. A statement that physician-patient e-mail is not to be used in emergency situations.

5. Instructions on what steps the patient should take in an emergency situation.

6. Security measures, such as encrypting data, password protected screen savers and data files, or utilizing other reliable authentication techniques, as well as potential risks to privacy.

7. Hold harmless clause for information lost due to technical failures.

8. Requirement for express patient consent to forward patient-identifiable information to a third party.

9. Patient’s failure to comply with the agreement may result in physician terminating the e-mail relationship.

(Medical Licensing Board of Indiana; 844 IAC 5-3-5; filed Oct 1, 2003, 9:32 a.m.: 27 IR 523)

844 IAC 5-3-6 Medical records

Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5

Sec. 6. (a) The medical record must include written or electronic copies of all patient-related electronic communications, including the following:

1. Patient-physician e-mail.
2. Prescriptions.
3. Laboratory and test results.
4. Evaluations and consultations.
5. Records of past care.
6. Instructions.

Informed consent agreements related to the use of e-mail shall also be filed in the medical record.

(b) Patient medical records must remain current and accessible for review and be maintained in compliance with applicable state and federal requirements. (Medical Licensing Board of Indiana; 844 IAC 5-3-6; filed Oct 1, 2003, 9:32 a.m.: 27 IR 523)

844 IAC 5-3-7 Disclosure

Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5

Sec. 7. (a) An interactive Internet medical practice site is a practice location and requires a defined physician-patient relationship.

(b) Internet medical practice sites must clearly disclose the following:

1. The owner of the site.
2. The specific services provided.
3. The office address and contact information for the medical practice.
4. Licensure and qualifications of the physician or physicians and associated health care providers.
5. Fees for on-line consultation and services and how payment is to be made.
6. Financial interests in any information, products, or services.
7. Appropriate uses and limitations of the site, including providing health advice and emergency health situations.
8. Uses and response times for e-mails, electronic messages, and other communications transmitted via the site.
9. To whom patient health information may be disclosed and for what purpose.
10. Rights of patients with respect to patient health information.
11. Information collected and any passive tracking mechanisms utilized.
844 IAC 5-3-8 Accountability
Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5

Sec. 8. Medical practice sites must provide patients a clear mechanism to do the following:
(1) Access, supplement, and amend patient-provided personal health information.
(2) Provide feedback regarding the site and the quality of information and services.
(3) Register complaints, including information regarding filing a complaint with the consumer protection division of the office of the attorney general.

844 IAC 5-3-9 Advertising or promotion of goods or products
Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5

Sec. 9. Advertising or promotion of goods or products from which the physician receives direct remuneration, benefits, or incentives is prohibited unless the physician discloses that the physician receives direct remuneration, benefits, or incentives from the sale of the goods or products. (Medical Licensing Board of Indiana; 844 IAC 5-3-9; filed Oct 1, 2003, 9:32 a.m.: 27 IR 524)

844 IAC 5-3-10 Links
Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5

Sec. 10. Practitioner Internet sites may provide links to general health information sites to enhance patient education; however, the physician shall not receive direct remuneration, benefits, or incentives from providing such links or from the services or products marketed by such links unless the physician discloses that the physician receives direct remuneration, benefits, or incentives from providing such links or from the services or products marketed by such links. (Medical Licensing Board of Indiana; 844 IAC 5-3-10; filed Oct 1, 2003, 9:32 a.m.: 27 IR 524)

Rule 4. Prescribing to Persons Not Seen by the Physician

844 IAC 5-4-1 General provisions
Authority: IC 25-22.5-2-7
Affected: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-22.5-1-2; IC 25-23-1-19.4

Sec. 1. (a) Except in institutional settings, on-call situations, cross-coverage situations, and situations involving advanced practice nurses with prescriptive authority practicing in accordance with standard care arrangements, as described in subsection (d), a physician shall not prescribe, dispense, or otherwise provide, or cause to be provided, any controlled substance to a person who the physician has never personally physically examined and diagnosed.

(b) Except in institutional settings, on-call situations, cross-coverage situations, and situations involving advanced practice nurses with prescriptive authority practicing in accordance with the requirements of IC 25-23-1-19.4 and 848 IAC 5, as described in subsection (d), a physician shall not prescribe, dispense, or otherwise provide, or cause to be provided, any legend drug that is not a controlled substance to a person who the physician has never personally physically examined and diagnosed unless the physician is providing care in consultation with another physician who has an ongoing professional relationship with the patient, and who has agreed to supervise the patient’s use of the drug or drugs to be provided.

(c) A physician shall not advertise or offer, or permit the physician’s name or certificate to be used in an advertisement or offer, to provide any legend drug in a manner that would violate subsection (a) or (b).

(d) Subsections (a) and (b) do not apply to or prohibit the following:
(1) The provision of drugs to a person who is admitted as an inpatient to or is a resident of an institutional facility.
(2) The provision of controlled substances or legend drugs by a physician to a person who is a patient of a colleague of the physician, if the drugs are provided pursuant to an on-call or cross-coverage arrangement between the physicians.
(3) The provision of controlled substances or legend drugs by emergency medical squad personnel, nurses, or other appropriately trained and licensed individuals as permitted by IC 25-22.5-1-2.
(4) The provision of controlled substances or drugs by an advanced practice nurse with prescriptive authority practicing in accordance with a standard care arrangement that meets the requirements of IC 25-23-1-19.4 and 848 IAC 5.

(Medical Licensing Board of Indiana; 844 IAC 5-4-1; filed Oct 1, 2003, 9:32 a.m.: 27 IR 524; errata filed Oct 8, 2003, 1:45 p.m.: 27 IR 538)