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(h) As used in this article, "audiology assistant" means an individual who:
(1) is not licensed as an audiologist under this article;
(2) meets qualifications which the board may establish; and
(3) provides specific services under the direction and supervision of a licensed audiologist.
(i) As used in this article, "clinical fellowship" means a supervised professional experience.
(j) As used in this article, "direct supervision" means on-site observation and guidance while an assigned evaluation or therapeutic activity is being performed.


IC 25-35.6-1-3 Persons and practices affected
Sec. 3. (a) Licensure shall be granted either in speech-language pathology or audiology independently. A person may be licensed in both areas if the person meets the respective qualifications.

(b) No person shall practice or represent himself as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist in this state unless the person is licensed in accordance with the provisions of this article.


IC 25-35.6-1-4 Persons and practices not affected
Sec. 4. Nothing in this article shall be construed as preventing or restricting the following:

(1) A physician or surgeon from engaging in the practice of medicine in this state, or a person under the supervision and control of a physician or surgeon from conducting hearing testing, provided such a person is not called an audiologist.

(2) Any hearing aid dealer from:
(A) engaging in the testing of hearing and other practices and procedures necessary for the business for which the dealer is registered in this state under IC 25-20-1; and
(B) using the title hearing aid specialist or any similar title or description of service.

(3) Any person licensed or registered in this state by any other law from engaging in the profession or occupation for which the person is licensed or registered.

(4) A person employed as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist by the government of the United States, if such person performs speech-language pathology or audiology services solely within the confines or under the jurisdiction of the governmental organization by which the person is employed. However, such person may, without obtaining a license under this article, consult with or disseminate the person's research findings and other scientific information to speech-language pathologists and audiologists outside the jurisdiction of the organization by which the person is employed. Such person may also offer instruction and lectures to the public without being licensed under this article. Such person may additionally be subject to this article.

(5) The activities and services of persons pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in speech-language pathology or audiology at a postsecondary educational institution, if:
(A) such activities and services constitute a part of a supervised course of study;
(B) such person is designated speech-language pathology or audiology intern, speech-language pathology or audiology trainee, or by other such titles clearly indicating the training status appropriate to the person's level of training; and
(C) the person works only under the supervision of a speech-language pathologist or audiologist licensed under this article.
(6) The activities and services of persons fulfilling the clinical experience requirement of section 5(2)(B)(iii) or 6(3)(B) of this chapter, if such activities and services constitute a part of the experience required for that section’s fulfillment.

(7) The performance of pure tone air conduction testing by an industrial audiometric technician, as defined by federal law, who is working in an industrial hearing conservation program directed by a physician or an audiologist.

(8) The performance of speech-language pathology or audiology services in this state by any person not a resident of this state who is not licensed under this article, if such services are performed for no more than five (5) days in any calendar year and in cooperation with a speech-language pathologist or audiologist licensed under this article, and if such person meets the qualifications and requirements for application for licensure described in sections 5(1) and 5(2) or 6(1) and 6(2) of this chapter. However, a person not a resident of this state who is not licensed under this article, but who is licensed under the law of another state which has established licensure requirements at least equivalent to those established by section 5 or 6 of this chapter or who is the holder of a certificate of clinical competence in speech-language pathology or audiology or its equivalent issued by a nationally recognized association for speech-language or hearing, may offer speech-language pathology or audiology services in this state for no more than thirty (30) days in any calendar year, if such services are performed in cooperation with a speech-language pathologist or audiologist licensed under this article. (Formerly: Acts 1973, P.L.262, SEC.1.) As amended by P.L.250-1985, SEC.1; P.L.149-1987, SEC.106; P.L.212-2005, SEC.64; P.L.2-2007, SEC.348.

IC 25-35.6-1-5 Eligibility for licensure and registration
Sec. 5. To be eligible for licensure by the board as a speech-language pathologist or registration as a speech-language pathology aide, a speech-language pathology associate, or a speech-language pathology assistant, a person must satisfy the following:

(1) Not have been convicted of a crime that has a direct bearing on the person’s ability to practice competently.

(2) For licensure as a speech-language pathologist:
   (A) possess at least a master’s degree or its equivalent in the area of speech-language pathology from an educational institution recognized by the board; and
   (B) submit evidence of:
      (i) a national certification in speech-language pathology that is approved by the board; or
      (ii) satisfaction of the academic and clinical experience requirements necessary for licensure as defined in the rules of the board.

(3) For registration as a speech-language pathology aide, possess at least a high school degree or its equivalent.

(4) For registration as a speech-language pathology associate, possess at least an associate degree in speech-language pathology.


IC 25-35.6-1-6 Initial license; audiologist
Sec. 6. To be eligible for an initial license by the board as an audiologist, an individual must satisfy the following:

(1) Not have been convicted of a crime that has a direct bearing on the individual’s ability to practice competently.

(2) Possess a doctoral degree from an accredited educational program recognized by the board.

(3) Submit evidence of:
   (A) a national certification in audiology that is approved by the board; or
   (B) satisfaction of the academic and clinical experience requirements necessary for licensure as defined in the rules of the board.

As added by P.L.212-2005, SEC.66.

IC 25-35.6-1-7 Initial license; renewal license; speech-language pathologist; continuing education
Sec. 7. (a) The division of professional standards established within the department of education by IC 20-28-2-1.5 (referred to as “the division of professional standards” in this section) may issue the following:

(1) An initial license as a speech-language pathologist only to an individual who is licensed as a speech-language pathologist under this article.

(2) A nonrenewable initial license as a speech-language pathologist to an individual who is completing a clinical fellowship in speech-language pathology and who has registered the clinical fellowship with the board. The nonrenewable initial license expires on the earlier of:
   (A) the date the individual is licensed by the board as a speech-language pathologist; or
   (B) eighteen (18) months after the individual begins the clinical fellowship in speech-language pathology.

(3) A renewal license as a speech-language pathologist to an individual who was licensed by the professional standards board before July 1, 2005, and who is not licensed as a speech-language pathologist under this article.

(b) The division of professional standards shall issue a license as a speech-language pathologist to an individual who:

(1) is licensed as a speech-language pathologist under this article; and

(2) requests licensure.

(c) A speech-language pathologist licensed by the division of professional standards shall register with the Indiana professional licensing agency all speech-language pathology support personnel that the speech-language pathologist supervises.

(d) The division of professional standards may not impose different or additional supervision requirements upon speech-language pathology support personnel than the supervision requirements that are imposed under this article.

(e) The division of professional standards may not impose continuing education requirements upon an individual who receives a license under this section that are different from or in addition to the continuing education requirements imposed under this article.

(f) An individual:

(1) who:
   (A) if the individual is a speech-language pathologist, receives a license under this section or received a license as a speech-language pathologist issued by the professional standards board before July 1, 2005; or
   (B) if the individual is an audiologist, works in an educational setting;

(2) who has been the holder of a certificate of clinical competence in speech-language pathology or audiology or its equivalent issued by a nationally recognized association for speech-language pathology and audiology for at least three (3) consecutive years; and

(3) who has professional experience as a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist in a school setting that is equivalent to the experience required for a teacher seeking national certification by the National Board of Professional Teaching Standards; is
IC 25-35.6-1-8 Adopting rules defining support personnel role; qualifications to supervise
Sec. 8. (a) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to define the role of support personnel, including the following:
(1) Supervisory responsibilities of the speech-language pathologist.
(2) Ratio of support personnel to speech-language pathologists.
(3) Scope of duties and restrictions of responsibilities for each type of support personnel.
(4) Frequency, duration, and documentation of supervision.
(5) Education and training required to perform services.
(6) Procedures for renewing registration and terminating duties.
(b) A speech-language pathologist must meet the following qualifications to supervise speech-language pathology support personnel:
(1) Hold a current license as a speech-language pathologist issued by the board.
(2) Except for an individual who:
   (A) before September 1, 1990, completed all the course work and obtained all the experience required to receive a life license from the department of education; and
   (B) was issued a life license by the department of education; hold a certificate of clinical competence in speech-language pathology or its equivalent issued by a nationally recognized association for speech-language and hearing.
(c) Speech-language pathology support personnel may provide support services only under the supervision of a speech-language pathologist.

IC 25-35.6-1-8.5 Emergency communication disorder permit
Sec. 8.5. (a) The department of education may issue an emergency communication disorder permit to an individual, as necessary, to serve the needs of students who are eligible for speech and language services under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.)
(b) To be eligible to receive an emergency communication disorder permit, an individual must:
(1) have a bachelor's degree in speech, language, and hearing sciences or an equivalent bachelor's degree in this subject area; and
(2) be enrolled, and have submitted a verified plan of study, in a graduate program in communication disorders.
(c) An individual with an emergency communication disorder permit may not provide services beyond the scope of the individual's education and training.
(d) An individual who is issued an emergency communication disorder permit shall have accessibility to a licensed speech-language pathologist in order to collaborate on the provision of services at no additional cost to the school corporation.
(e) An individual with an emergency communication disorder permit may not use a title that states or implies that the individual is a licensed speech-language pathologist.
(f) This section expires June 30, 2018.

IC 25-35.6-1-9 Patient referral; supervision of certain procedures
Sec. 9. (a) If a speech-language pathologist performs an evaluation and the evaluation suggests the possibility of a condition that requires medical attention, the speech-language pathologist shall promptly refer the patient to an individual licensed under IC 25-22.5.
(b) A speech-language pathologist shall perform instrumental procedures using rigid or flexible endoscopes only under the authorization and general supervision of an individual licensed under IC 25-22.5.
As added by P.L.212-2005, SEC.69.

IC 25-35.6-1-10 Patient referral
Sec. 10. (a) If an audiologist performs an evaluation and the evaluation suggests the possibility of a condition that requires medical attention, the audiologist shall promptly refer the patient to an individual licensed under IC 25-22.5.
(b) An audiologist shall administer tests of vestibular function only to patients who have been referred by an individual licensed under IC 25-22.5.
As added by P.L.212-2005, SEC.70.
(f) The board shall meet during the first month of each calendar year to select a chairman and for other appropriate purposes. At least one (1) additional meeting shall be held before the end of each calendar year. Further meetings may be convened at the call of the chairman or the written request of any two (2) board members. All meetings of the board shall be open to the public, except that the board may hold closed sessions to prepare, approve, grade, or administer examinations or, upon request of an applicant who fails an examination, to prepare a response indicating any reason for his failure. All meetings of the board must be held in Indiana.

(g) Four (4) members of the board constitute a quorum. A majority of the quorum may transact business.


IC 25-35.6-2-2 Functions of board
Sec. 2. (a) The board:
1. shall administer, coordinate, and enforce this article;
2. shall evaluate the qualifications and supervise the examinations of applicants for licensure under this article;
3. may issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, and administer oaths; and
4. shall, at its discretion, investigate allegations of practices violating this article, subject to IC 25-1-7.

(b) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 relating to professional conduct commensurate with the policy of this article, including rules that establish standards for the competent practice of speech-language pathology and audiology. Following their adoption, the rules govern and control the professional conduct of every person who holds a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology in this state.

(c) The board shall conduct the hearings and keep the records and minutes necessary for the orderly dispatch of its functions. The board shall have notice provided to the appropriate persons in a manner it considers appropriate of the times and places of all hearings authorized by this subsection. Approval by a majority of a quorum of the board is required for any action to be taken in actions for revocation or suspension of a license issued under this article.

(d) The board may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to:
1. administer or enforce this article;
2. register persons in the process of fulfilling the clinical experience required for a license under this article;
3. establish fees in accordance with IC 25-1-8-2; and
4. register speech-language pathology assistants, associates, and aides and establish rules governing the duties of assistants, associates, and aides.

(e) The conferral or enumeration of specific powers elsewhere in this article shall not be construed as a limitation of the general functions conferred by this section.


IC 25-35.6-2-3 Administrative provisions
Sec. 3. (a) The board may utilize employees provided by the health professions bureau as necessary.

(b) The board shall adopt a seal by which it shall authenticate its proceedings. Copies of the proceedings, records, and acts of the board, and certificates purporting to relate the facts concerning such proceedings, records, and acts, that are signed by the chairman or the executive secretary and authenticated by the seal, shall be prima facie evidence in all courts of this state.

(c) Under no circumstances shall the total amount of expenditures incurred by the board exceed the amount of the fees collected as provided in this chapter.


IC 25-35.6-2-4 Reimbursement for expenses
Sec. 4. Each member of the board is entitled to the minimum salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1

(b) Such a member is also entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties, as provided in the state travel policies and procedures established by the department of administration and approved by the state budget agency.


IC 25-35.6-3 Application for examination
Sec. 1. (a) A person eligible for licensure under IC 25-35.6-1 and desirous of licensure shall make application for examination to the board at least thirty (30) days prior to the date of examination, upon a form and in such a manner as the board shall prescribe.

(b) Any application shall be accompanied by the fee prescribed by the board by rule.

(c) A person who fails an examination may make application for reexamination if the person again meets the requirements of subsections (a) and (b).


IC 25-35.6-3-2 Examination for license
Sec. 2. (a) Each applicant for licensure under this article shall be examined in writing. Standards for acceptable performance shall be established by the board.

(b) Applicants for licensure shall be examined at a time and place and under such supervision as the board may determine. Examinations shall be given at such places within this state as the board may determine at least twice each year, and the board shall make public, in a manner it considers appropriate, notice of such examinations at least sixty (60) days prior to their administration, and shall have all individual examination applicants notified of the time and place of their administration.

(c) The board may examine in whatever theoretical or applied fields of speech-language pathology and audiology it considers appropriate and may examine with regard to a person's professional skills and judgment in the utilization of speech-language pathology or audiology techniques and methods.

(d) The board shall maintain a record of all examination scores.


IC 25-35.6-3-3 Waiver of examination
Sec. 3. (a) The board shall issue a license in speech-language pathology or audiology to any applicant who:

1. presents proof of:
   (A) current licensure in speech-language pathology or audiology in another state, including the District of Columbia or a territory of the United States, under professional standards that the board considers to be at least equivalent to those set forth in this article

IC 25-35.6-3-8
Repealed
(Repealed by P.L.250-1985, SEC.11.)

IC 25-35.6-3-8.1 Availability of license or registration; services performed by support personnel
Sec. 8.1. (a) Each individual licensed under this article and each individual registered as a speech-language pathology associate, or a speech-language pathologist or provides services.
(b) Before support personnel may provide services, the speech-language pathologist shall ensure that prior written notification is provided to the recipient of the services that services are to be provided in whole or in part by support personnel.
As added by P.L.212-2005, SEC.74.

IC 25-35.6-3-9 Continuing professional education
Sec. 9. The board shall, by appropriate rule, provide for the continuing professional education of persons subject to this article.

IC 25-35.6-3-10 Violations
Sec. 10. A person who violates this article commits a Class B misdemeanor.

IC 25-35.6-3-7 Fees
Sec. 7. Any fees required by this article shall be established by the board by rule and collected by the Indiana professional licensing agency under IC 25-1-6-2.
INDIANA CODE § 25-1
ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

INDIANA CODE § 25-1-1
Chapter 1. Evidence of License Applicant’s Payment of Personal Property Taxes Required

IC 25-1-1-1  Issuance of license; evidence of payment of personal property tax
Sec. 1. It is unlawful for any board, officer, or person to issue any license, as defined in section 2 of this chapter, to any person who is a resident of this state, unless the applicant, at the time he applies for such license, submits, in addition to all other requirements prescribed by law, a receipt or other evidence showing that he has paid all his personal property taxes in full. "Other evidence" in the case of all licenses issued by the bureau of motor vehicles means a statement signed by the treasurer of the county in which the applicant is a resident that the applicant has paid all personal taxes assessed against him, including all delinquent personal property tax; or, if the applicant owns no personal property subject to taxation, a signed statement from the assessor of the county in which the applicant resides certifying that he has made an affidavit to the effect that he owes no delinquent personal property tax in any county in Indiana.
(Formerly: Acts 1931, c.124, s.1; Acts 1941, c.61, s.1; Acts 1943, c.124, s.1; Acts 1953, c.208, s.1) As amended by Acts 1978, P.L.2, SEC.2501.

IC 25-1-1-2  License defined
Sec. 2. The term "license" as used in this chapter shall be construed to mean and include motor vehicle registration licenses, certificates of title showing the ownership of any motor vehicle, except those classed as passenger vehicles.
(Formerly: Acts 1931, c.124, s.2; Acts 1972, P.L.183, SEC.1.)

IC 25-1-1-3  Repealed
(Repealed by Acts 1978, P.L.2, SEC.2570.)

IC 25-1-1-4  Repealed
(Repealed by Acts 1978, P.L.2, SEC.2570.)

INDIANA CODE § 25-1-1.1
Chapter 1.1. Effect of Criminal Convictions on Licensed or Registered Persons

IC 25-1-1.1-1  Denial, revocation, or suspension of license or certificate of registration; conviction of crime
Sec. 1. Except as provided under sections 2 through 5 of this chapter, a license or certificate of registration that an individual is required by law to hold to engage in a business, profession, or occupation may not be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant or holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which the applicant's or holder's conviction resulted may, however, be considered as to whether the applicant or holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a specific capacity.

IC 25-1-1.1-2  Version a: Suspension or revocation of license or certificate; conviction for drug related offense
Note: This version of section amended by P.L.138-2011, SEC.6 and P.L.182-2011, SEC.6. See also following version of this section amended by P.L.155-2011, SEC.6.
Sec. 2. A board, a commission, or a committee may suspend or revoke a license or certificate issued under this title by the board, the commission, or the committee if the individual who holds the license or certificate is convicted of any of the following:
(1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
(2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
(3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
(4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(b).
(5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
(6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b).
(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, salvia, or a synthetic cannabinoid as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-11.
(9) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13.
(10) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
(11) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed in subdivisions (1) through (10).
(12) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in subdivisions (1) through (10).

IC 25-1-1.1-2  Version b: Suspension, denial, or revocation of a license or certificate for specified convictions
Sec. 2. Notwithstanding IC 25-1-7, a board, a commission, or a committee may suspend, deny, or revoke a license or certificate issued under this title by the board, the commission, or the committee without an investigation by the office of the attorney general if the individual who holds the license or certificate is convicted of any of the following:
(1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
(2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
(3) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
(4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(b).
(5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
(6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b).
(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, salvia, or a synthetic cannabinoid as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-11.
(9) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13.
Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to an individual who is applying for, or will be applying for, an initial license or an initial certificate under one (1) of the following:

1. IC 25-2.5 (acupuncturists).
2. IC 25-10 (chiropractors).
3. IC 25-13 (dental hygienists).

4. IC 25-14 (dentists).
5. IC 25-14.5 (dietitians).
6. IC 25-17.3 (genetic counselors).
7. IC 25-19 (health facility and residential care facility administrators).
8. IC 25-21.8 (massage therapists).
10. IC 25-23 (nurses).
11. IC 25-23.5 (occupational therapists).
12. IC 25-24 (optometrists).
13. IC 25-25 (pharmacists).
14. IC 25-27 (physical therapists).
15. IC 25-27.5 (physician assistants).
16. IC 25-29 (podiatrists).
17. IC 25-33 (psychologists).
18. IC 25-34.5 (respiratory care practitioners).
19. IC 25-35.6 (speech pathologists and audiologists).
20. IC 25-38.1 (veterinarians).

(b) As used in this chapter, "national criminal history background check" means the criminal history record system maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation based on fingerprint identification or any other method of positive identification.

(c) An individual applying for an initial license or initial certificate specified in subsection (a) shall submit to a national criminal history background check at the cost of the individual.

(d) The state police department shall release the results of a national criminal history background check conducted under this section to the Indiana professional licensing agency.

(e) A board, a commission, or a committee may conduct a random audit and require an individual seeking a renewal of a license or a certificate specified in subsection (a) to submit to a national criminal history background check at the cost of the individual.

As added by P.L.155-2011, SEC.7.

Sec. 5. (a) As used in this section, "licensee" refers to an individual who is licensed or certified in a profession set forth in section 4 of this chapter.

(b) As used in this section, "personal information" means information that identifies an individual, including the following:

1. Photograph.
2. Social Security number.
3. Driver's license number or identification card number.
4. Name.
5. Address.
6. Telephone number.
7. Fingerprints.

(c) The state police department and the Indiana professional licensing agency shall enter into a memorandum of understanding to provide data exchange and data matching regarding licensees who are charged with or convicted of an offense.

(d) Personal information data exchanged under subsection (c) shall be kept confidential and may be used only for the purposes of a government agency, including the following:

1. A prosecuting attorney.
2. The Indiana professional licensing agency or a board, committee, or commission administered by the Indiana professional licensing agency.
3. A court.
4. A law enforcement agency.
5. The office of the attorney general.

As added by P.L.155-2011, SEC.8.
INFORMATION CODE § 25-1-1.2

Chapter 1.2. Effect of Delinquency in Child Support Payments on Licensed or Registered Persons

IC 25-1-1.2-1 "Applicant" defined
Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "applicant" means a person who applies for:
(1) an unlimited license, certificate, registration, or permit;
(2) a limited or probationary license, certificate, registration, or permit;
(3) a temporary license, certificate, registration, or permit; or
(4) an intern permit;
issued by a board regulating a profession or an occupation.

IC 25-1-1.2-2 "Board" defined
Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "board" means an entity that regulates occupations or professions under this title and the department of education established by IC 20-19-3-1.

IC 25-1-1.2-3 "Bureau" defined
Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "bureau" means the child support bureau established by IC 31-25-3-1.

IC 25-1-1.2-4 "Delinquent" defined
Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "delinquent" means at least:
(1) two thousand dollars ($2,000); or
(2) three (3) months;
past due on payment of court ordered child support.

IC 25-1-1.2-5 "License" defined
Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "license" has the meaning set forth in IC 25-1-2-6.

IC 25-1-1.2-6 "Practitioner" defined
Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "practitioner" means a person that holds:
(1) an unlimited license, certificate, registration, or permit;
(2) a limited or probationary license, certificate, registration, or permit;
(3) a temporary license, certificate, registration, or permit; or
(4) an intern permit;
issued by a board regulating a profession or an occupation.

IC 25-1-1.2-7 Order for suspension or denial of license; notice to practitioner; contents; reinstatement
Sec. 7. (a) Upon receiving an order of a court issued under IC 31-14-12-5 or IC 31-16-12-8 (or IC 31-1-11.5-13(k) or IC 31-6-6.1-16(k) before their repeal), the board shall:
(1) suspend the license of the practitioner; or
(2) deny the application of the applicant;
who is the subject of the order.
(b) Upon receiving an order of a court issued under IC 31-14-12-5 or IC 31-16-12-8 (or IC 31-1-11.5-13(k) or IC 31-6-6.1-16(k) before their repeal), the board shall promptly mail a notice to the last known address of the person who is the subject of the order, stating the following:
(1) That the practitioner's license has been suspended, beginning five (5) business days after the date the notice is mailed, and that the suspension will terminate ten (10) business days after the board receives an order allowing reinstatement from the court that issued the suspension order.
(2) That the practitioner has the right to petition for reinstatement of the practitioner's license to the court that issued the order for suspension.
(c) The board may not reinstate a license suspended under this section until the board receives an order allowing reinstatement from the court that issued the order for suspension.

IC 25-1-1.2-8 Notice of delinquency; contents; delinquency finding; probationary status; suspension; reinstatement
Sec. 8. (a) The board shall, upon receiving an order from the bureau under IC 31-25-4-32(e), send a notice to the practitioner identified by the bureau that includes the following:
(1) Specifies that the practitioner is delinquent and is subject to an order placing the practitioner on probationary status.
(2) Describes the amount of child support that the practitioner is in arrears.
(3) Explains that unless the practitioner contacts the bureau and:
(A) pays the practitioner's child support arrearage in full;
(B) establishes a payment plan with the bureau to pay the arrearage, which must include an income withholding order under IC 31-16-15-2 or IC 31-16-15-2.5; or
(C) requests a hearing under IC 31-25-4-33;
within twenty (20) days after the date the notice is mailed, the board shall place the practitioner on probationary status.
(4) Explains that the practitioner may contest the bureau's determination that the practitioner is delinquent and subject to an order placing the practitioner on probationary status by making written application to the bureau within twenty (20) days after the date the notice is mailed.
(5) Explains that the only basis for contesting the bureau's determination that the practitioner is delinquent and subject to an order placing the practitioner on probationary status is a mistake of fact.
(6) Explains the procedures to:
(A) pay the practitioner's child support arrearage in full;
(B) establish a payment plan with the bureau to pay the arrearage, which must include an income withholding order under IC 31-16-15-2 or IC 31-16-15-2.5;
(C) request a hearing under IC 31-25-4-33.
(7) Explains that the probation will terminate ten (10) business days after the board receives a notice from the bureau that the practitioner has:
(A) paid the practitioner's child support arrearage in full; or
(B) established a payment plan with the bureau to pay the arrearage which includes an income withholding order under IC 31-16-15-2 or IC 31-16-15-2.5.
(b) If the board is advised by the bureau that the practitioner either requested a hearing and failed to appear or appeared and was found to be delinquent, the board shall promptly mail a notice to the practitioner who is the subject of the order stating the following:
(1) That the practitioner's license has been placed on probationary status, beginning five (5) business days after the date the notice is mailed, and that the probation will terminate ten (10) business days after the board receives a notice from the bureau that the person has:
Sec. 1. It is the declared intent of the general assembly by the enactment of this law to require those agencies which are authorized to issue the licenses designated in section 2.1 of this chapter, in the interests of efficiency and economy in the administration of government, to issue such designated permits, licenses, certificates of registration, and other evidences of compliance with statute or regulation, and renewals thereof, for periods of two (2) years duration rather than upon an annual basis, and at the time of issuance or reissuance, or at the time designated by law for the collection of fees therefor, to require the payment of such fees for a period of two (2) years rather than for one (1) year.

(IC 25-1-2-1) Declaration of intent

Sec. 2. Rather than being issued annually, the following permits, licenses, certificates of registration, or evidences of authority granted by a state agency must be issued for a period of two (2) years or for the period specified in the article under which the permit, license, certificate of registration, or evidence of authority is issued if the period specified in the article is longer than two (2) years:

(1) Certified public accountants, public accountants, and accounting practitioners.
(2) Architects and landscape architects.
(3) Dry cleaners.
(4) Professional engineers.
(5) Land surveyors.
(6) Real estate brokers.
(7) Real estate agents.
(8) Security dealers' licenses issued by the securities commissioner.
(9) Dental hygienists.
(10) Dentists.
(11) Veterinarians.
(12) Physicians.
(13) Chiropractors.
(14) Physical therapists.
(15) Optometrists.
(16) Pharmacists and assistants, drugstores or pharmacies.
(17) Motels and mobile home community licenses.
(18) Nurses.
(19) Podiatrists.
(20) Occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants.
(21) Respiratory care practitioners.
(22) Social workers, marriage and family therapists, and mental health counselors.
(23) Real estate appraiser licenses and certificates issued by the real estate appraiser licensure and certification board.
(25) Physician assistants.
(26) Dietitians.
(27) Athlete agents.
(28) Manufactured home installers.
(29) Home inspectors.
(30) Massage therapists.
(31) Interior designers.
(32) Genetic counselors.

IC 25-1-2-3 Authorization to issue and reissue two year licenses

Sec. 3. Effective October 1, 1961, such licensing agencies as are authorized to issue any of the foregoing shall issue and reissue such licenses and collect the fees for the same on the basis of two (2) years and the dates by month and day which govern the issuance or reissuance of licenses for one (1) year shall govern the issuance or reissuance of licenses for two (2) years; provided, that entire fees for a (2) year period shall be payable before issuance thereof on the day and month designated for payment of fees for one (1) year licenses.

IC 25-1-2-4 Rebates and proration of fees

Sec. 4. Rebates and proration of fees for fractions of a biennium shall be allowed only with respect to the second year of such license if claim...
be made therefor before the expiration of the first year for which the license was issued.

(Formerly: Acts 1961, c.79, s.4.)

IC 25-1-2-5 Rules and regulations

Sec. 5. Notice shall be given and forms prepared by such licensing agencies as necessary to execute the provisions of this chapter and in order to expedite and effectuate the conversion from one (1) year licensing periods to those of two (2) years, such licensing agencies may adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations they may deem necessary in the manner prescribed by law.


IC 25-1-2-6 Version a: Definitions; application of section; notice to licensee of need to renew

Note: This version of section effective until 7-1-2011. See also following version of this section, effective 7-1-2011.

Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "license" includes all occupational and professional licenses, registrations, permits, and certificates issued under the Indiana Code, and "licensee" includes all occupational and professional licensees, registrants, permittees, and certificate holders regulated under the Indiana Code.

(b) This section applies to the following entities that regulate occupations or professions under the Indiana Code:

(1) Indiana board of accountancy.
(2) Indiana grain buyers and warehouse licensing agency.
(3) Indiana auctioneer commission.
(4) Board of registration for architects and landscape architects.
(5) State board of cosmetology and barber examiners.
(6) Medical licensing board of Indiana.
(7) Secretary of state.
(8) State board of dentistry.
(9) State board of funeral and cemetery service.
(10) Worker's compensation board of Indiana.
(11) Indiana state board of health facility administrators.
(12) Committee of hearing aid dealer examiners.
(13) Indiana state board of nursing.
(14) Indiana optometry board.
(15) Indiana board of pharmacy.
(16) Indiana plumbing commission.
(17) Board of podiatric medicine.
(18) Private investigator and security guard licensing board.
(19) State board of registration for professional engineers.
(20) State psychology board.
(21) Indiana real estate commission.
(22) Speech-language pathology and audiology board.
(23) Department of natural resources.
(24) Board of chiropractic examiners.
(25) Mining board.
(26) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners.
(27) State department of health.
(28) Indiana physical therapy committee.
(29) Respiratory care committee.
(30) Occupational therapy committee.
(31) Behavioral health and human services licensing board.
(32) Real estate appraiser licensure and certification board.
(33) State board of registration for land surveyors.
(34) Physician assistant committee.
(35) Indiana dietitians certification board.
(36) Attorney general (only for the regulation of athlete agents).
(37) Manufactured home installer licensing board.
(38) Home inspectors licensing board.
(39) State board of massage therapy.

(40) Any other occupational or professional agency created after June 30, 1981.

(c) Notwithstanding any other law, the entities included in subsection (b) shall send a notice of the upcoming expiration of a license to each licensee at least sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of the license. The notice must inform the licensee of the need to renew and the requirement of payment of the renewal fee. If this notice of expiration is not sent by the entity, the licensee is not subject to a sanction for failure to renew if, once notice is received from the entity, the license is renewed within forty-five (45) days of the receipt of the notice.


IC 25-1-2-6 Version b: Definitions; application of section; notice to licensee of need to renew

Note: This version of section effective until 7-1-2011. See also preceding version of this section, effective 7-1-2011.

Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "license" includes all occupational and professional licenses, registrations, permits, and certificates issued under the Indiana Code, and "licensee" includes all occupational and professional licensees, registrants, permittees, and certificate holders regulated under the Indiana Code.

(b) This section applies to the following entities that regulate occupations or professions under the Indiana Code:

(1) Indiana board of accountancy.
(2) Indiana grain buyers and warehouse licensing agency.
(3) Indiana auctioneer commission.
(4) Board of registration for architects and landscape architects.
(5) State board of cosmetology and barber examiners.
(6) Medical licensing board of Indiana.
(7) Secretary of state.
(8) State board of dentistry.
(9) State board of funeral and cemetery service.
(10) Worker's compensation board of Indiana.
(11) Indiana state board of health facility administrators.
(12) Committee of hearing aid dealer examiners.
(13) Indiana state board of nursing.
(14) Indiana optometry board.
(15) Indiana board of pharmacy.
(16) Indiana plumbing commission.
(17) Board of podiatric medicine.
(18) Private investigator and security guard licensing board.
(19) State board of registration for professional engineers.
(20) State psychology board.
(21) Indiana real estate commission.
(22) Speech-language pathology and audiology board.
(23) Department of natural resources.
(24) Board of chiropractic examiners.
(25) Mining board.
(26) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners.
(27) State department of health.
(28) Indiana physical therapy committee.
(29) Respiratory care committee.
IC 25-1-3-1 Definitions
Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, the term "regulatory board" means any state board, commission, or state agency which licenses persons in order to regulate the practice of a particular profession or professions.
(b) As used in this chapter, the term "board members" means members of a regulatory board.
(c) As used in this chapter, the term "secretary" means the executive secretary or other person charged with the administration of the affairs of a regulatory board.
(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.268, SEC.1.)

IC 25-1-3-2 Extent of immunity from civil liability
Sec. 2. The board members, the secretary, his staff, counsel, investigators and hearing officer of every regulatory board, except as provided in section 4 of this chapter, shall be immune from civil liability for damages for conduct within the scope and arising out of the performance of their duties. This section shall not be construed to include civil actions for damages not directly related to the investigative process and shall apply only to the process for the finding of fact of the regulatory board.
(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.268, SEC.1.)

IC 25-1-3-3 Immunity from civil liability; statements in course of investigatory hearing or review proceedings
Sec. 3. Any person shall be immune from civil liability for damages for any sworn or written statements, made without malice, and transmitted to the regulatory board, executive secretary, or his staff, or made in the course of investigatory, hearing or review proceedings.
(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.268, SEC.1.)

IC 25-1-3-4 Regulatory boards covered
Sec. 4. The provisions of this chapter extend to every regulatory board of the state except the disciplinary commission of the supreme court of Indiana which is protected under IC 1971, 33-2-3-1.
(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.268, SEC.1.)

INDIANA CODE § 25-1-4

Chapter 4. Continuing Education

IC 25-1-4-0.2 "Approved organization" defined
Sec. 0.2. As used in this chapter, "approved organization" refers to the following:
(1) United States Department of Education.
(2) Council on Post-Secondary Education.
(3) Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals.
(4) Joint Commission on Healthcare Organizations.
(5) Federal, state, and local government agencies.
(6) A college or other teaching institution accredited by the United States Department of Education or the Council on Post-Secondary Education.
(7) A national organization of practitioners whose members practicing in Indiana are subject to regulation by a board or agency regulating a profession or occupation under this title.
(8) A national, state, district, or local organization that operates as an affiliated entity under the approval of an organization listed in subdivisions (1) through (7).
(9) An internship or a residency program conducted in a hospital that has been approved by an organization listed in subdivisions (1) through (7).
(10) Any other organization or individual approved by the board.


IC 25-1-4-0.3  "Board"
Sec. 0.3. As used in this chapter, "board" means any of the following:
(1) Indiana board of accountancy (IC 25-2.1-2.1).
(2) Board of registration for architects and landscape architects (IC 25-4.1-2).
(3) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2.1).
(4) Indiana auctioneer commission (IC 25-6.1-2-1).
(5) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).
(6) State board of cosmetology and barber examiners (IC 25-8-3-1).
(7) State board of dentistry (IC 25-14-1).
(8) Indiana dietitians certification board (IC 25-14.5-2-1).
(9) State board of registration for professional engineers (IC 25-31-1-3).
(10) State board of funeral and cemetery service (IC 25-15-9).
(11) Indiana state board of health facility administrators (IC 25-19-1).
(12) Committee of hearing aid dealer examiners (IC 25-20-1-1-5).
(13) Home inspectors licensing board (IC 25-20.2-3-1).
(14) State board of registration for land surveyors (IC 25-21.5-2-1).
(15) Manufactured home installer licensing board (IC 25-23.7).
(16) Medical licensing board of Indiana (IC 25-22.5-2).
(17) Indiana state board of nursing (IC 25-23-1).
(18) Occupational therapy committee (IC 25-23.5).
(19) Indiana optometry board (IC 25-24).
(20) Indiana board of pharmacy (IC 25-26).
(21) Indiana physical therapy committee (IC 25-27-1).
(22) Physician assistant committee (IC 25-27.5).
(23) Indiana plumbing commission (IC 25-28.5-1-3).
(24) Board of podiatric medicine (IC 25-29-2-1).
(25) Private investigator and security guard licensing board (IC 25-30-1-5-2).
(26) State psychology board (IC 25-33).
(27) Indiana real estate commission (IC 25-34.1-2).
(28) Real estate appraiser licensure and certification board (IC 25-34.1-8).
(29) Respiratory care committee (IC 25-34.5).
(30) Behavioral health and human services licensing board (IC 25-23.6).
(31) Speech-language pathology and audiology board (IC 25-35.6-2).
(32) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners (IC 25-38.1-2).


IC 25-1-4-0.5  “Continuing education” defined
Sec. 0.5. As used in this chapter, "continuing education" means an orderly process of instruction:
(1) that is approved by:
   (A) an approved organization or the board for a profession or occupation other than a real estate appraiser; or
   (B) for a real estate appraiser:
      (i) the Appraiser Qualifications Board, under the regulatory oversight of the Appraisal Subcommittee established under Title XI of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989; or
      (ii) the real estate appraiser licensure and certification board established under IC 25-34.1-8 for specific courses and course subjects, as determined by the real estate appraiser licensure and certification board; and
   (2) that is designed to directly enhance the practitioner's knowledge and skill in providing services relevant to the practitioner's profession or occupation.

The term includes an activity that is approved by the board for a profession or occupation, other than a real estate appraiser, and that augments the practitioner's knowledge and skill in providing services relevant to the practitioner's profession or occupation.


IC 25-1-4-0.6  "Practitioner" defined
Sec. 0.6. As used in section 3 of this chapter, "practitioner" means an individual who holds:
(1) an unlimited license, certificate, or registration;
(2) a limited or probationary license, certificate, or registration;
(3) a temporary license, certificate, registration, or permit;
(4) an intern permit; or
(5) a provisional license;

issued by the board regulating the profession in question.

As added by P.L.269-2001, SEC.3.

IC 25-1-4-0.7  Computation of designated time periods
Sec. 0.7. (a) In computing any period under this chapter, the day of the act, event, or default from which the designated period of time begins to run is not included. The last day of the computed period is to be included unless it is:
   (1) a Saturday;
   (2) a Sunday;
   (3) a legal holiday under a state statute; or
   (4) a day that the office in which the act is to be done is closed during regular business hours.
(b) A period runs until the end of the next day after a day described in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(4). If the period allowed is less than seven (7) days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, state holidays, and days on which the office in which the act is to be done is closed during regular business hours are excluded from the calculation.
(c) A period under this chapter that begins when a person is served with a paper begins with respect to a particular person on the earlier of the date that:
   (1) the person is personally served with the notice; or
   (2) a notice for the person is deposited in the United States mail.
(d) If a notice is served through the United States mail, three (3) days must be added to a period that begins upon service of that notice.

As added by P.L.177-2009, SEC.12.

IC 25-1-4-1  Requirement
Sec. 1. No board or agency regulating a profession or occupation under this title or under IC 16 or IC 22 may require continuing education as a condition of certification, registration, or licensure unless so specifically authorized or mandated by statute.


IC 25-1-4-2  Promotion
Sec. 2. A board or agency regulating a profession or occupation under this title or under IC 16 or IC 22 may cooperate with members of the profession or occupation it regulates to promote continuing education within the profession or occupation.

IC 25-1-4-3 Sworn statements of compliance; retention of copies of certificates of completion; audits
Sec. 3. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a board that is specifically authorized or mandated to require continuing education as a condition to renew a registration, certification, or license must require a practitioner to comply with the following renewal requirements:
(1) The practitioner shall provide the board with a sworn statement executed by the practitioner that the practitioner has fulfilled the continuing education requirements required by the board.
(2) The practitioner shall retain copies of certificates of completion for continuing education courses for three (3) years from the end of the licensing period for which the continuing education applied. The practitioner shall provide the board with copies of the certificates of completion upon the board's request for a compliance audit.
(b) Following every license renewal period, the board shall randomly audit for compliance more than one percent (1%) but less than ten percent (10%) of the practitioners required to take continuing education courses.

IC 25-1-4-3.2 Distance learning methods
Sec. 3.2. A board or agency regulating a profession or occupation under this title or under IC 16 or IC 22 shall require that at least one-half (1/2) of all continuing education requirements must be allowed by distance learning methods, except for doctors, nurses, chiropractors, optometrists and dentists.

IC 25-1-4-4 Hardship waiver
Sec. 4. A board, a commission, a committee, or an agency regulating a profession or an occupation under this title or under IC 16 or IC 22 may grant an applicant a waiver from all or part of the continuing education requirement for a renewal period if the applicant was not able to fulfill the requirement due to a hardship that resulted from any of the following:
(1) Service in the armed forces of the United States during a substantial part of the renewal period.
(2) An incapacitating illness or injury.
(3) Other circumstances determined by the board or agency.

IC 25-1-4-5 Failure to comply; license suspension; penalties; reinstatement requirements
Sec. 5. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, if a board determines that a practitioner has not complied with this chapter or IC 25-1-8-6 at the time that the practitioner applies for license renewal or reinstatement or after an audit conducted under section 3 of this chapter, the board shall do the following:
(1) Send the practitioner notice of noncompliance by certified mail to the practitioner's last known address.
(2) As a condition of license renewal or reinstatement, require the practitioner to comply with subsection (b).
(3) For license renewal, issue a conditional license to the practitioner that is effective until the practitioner complies with subsection (b).
(b) Upon service of a notice of noncompliance under subsection (a), a practitioner shall do either of the following:
(1) If the practitioner believes that the practitioner has complied with this chapter or IC 25-1-8-6, if applicable, within twenty-one (21) days of service of the notice, send written notice to the board requesting a review so that the practitioner may submit proof of compliance.
(2) If the practitioner does not disagree with the board's determination of noncompliance, do the following:
(A) Except as provided in subsection (d), pay to the board a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) within twenty-one (21) days of service of the notice.
(B) Acquire, within six (6) months after service of the notice, the number of credit hours needed to achieve full compliance.
(C) Comply with all other provisions of this chapter.
(d) If a practitioner fails to comply with subsection (b), the board shall immediately suspend or refuse to reinstate the license of the practitioner and send notice of the suspension or refusal to the practitioner by certified mail.

IC 25-1-4-6 Failure to comply; denial of license renewal; penalties
Sec. 6. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, if at the time a practitioner applies for license renewal or reinstatement or after an audit conducted under section 3 of this chapter, the board determines that the practitioner has failed to comply with this chapter or IC 25-1-8-6, if applicable, and the practitioner has previously received a notice of noncompliance under section 5(a) of this chapter during the preceding license period, the board shall do the following:
(1) Provide the practitioner notice of noncompliance by certified mail.
(2) Deny the practitioner's application for license renewal or reinstatement.
(b) The board shall reinstate a license not renewed under subsection (a) upon occurrence of the following:
(1) Payment by the practitioner to the board of a civil penalty determined by the board, but not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000).
(2) Acquisition by the practitioner of the number of credit hours required to be obtained by the practitioner during the relevant license period.
(3) The practitioner otherwise complies with this chapter.

IC 25-1-4-7 Credit Hours
Sec. 7. Credit hours acquired by a practitioner under section 5(b)(2) or 6(b)(2) of this chapter may not apply to the practitioner's credit hour requirement for the license period in which the credit hours are acquired.
As added by P.L.157-2006, SEC.16.

IC 25-1-4-8 Rules
Sec. 8. The board may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.
As added by P.L.157-2006, SEC.17.
IC 25-1-5-1 Centralization of staff, functions, and services; purpose

Sec. 1. The centralization of staff, functions, and services contemplated by this chapter shall be done in such a way as to enhance the Indiana professional licensing agency’s ability to:

(1) make maximum use of data processing as a means of more efficient operation; and

(2) provide more services and carry out functions of superior quality.


IC 25-1-5-2 Definitions

Sec. 2. As used in this chapter:

(1) "Agency" means the Indiana professional licensing agency established by section 3 of this chapter.

(2) "Board" means any agency, board, advisory committee, or group included in section 3 of this chapter.


IC 25-1-5-3 Indiana professional licensing agency; functions; duties and responsibilities

Sec. 3. (a) There is established the Indiana professional licensing agency. The agency shall perform all administrative functions, duties, and responsibilities assigned by law or rule to the executive director, secretary, or other statutory administrator of the following:

(1) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).

(2) State board of dentistry (IC 25-14-1).

(3) Indiana state board of health facility administrators (IC 25-19-1).

(4) Medical licensing board of Indiana (IC 25-22.5-2).

(5) Indiana state board of nursing (IC 25-23-1).

(6) Indiana optometry board (IC 25-24).

(7) Indiana board of pharmacy (IC 25-26).

(8) Board of podiatric medicine (IC 25-29-2-1).

(9) Speech-language pathology and audiology board (IC 25-35.6-2).

(10) State psychology board (IC 25-33).

(11) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners (IC 25-38-1-2).

(12) Committee of hearing aid dealer examiners (IC 25-20).

(13) Indiana physical therapy committee (IC 25-27).

(14) Respiratory care committee (IC 25-34.5).

(15) Occupational therapy committee (IC 25-23.5).

(16) Behavioral health and human services licensing board (IC 25-23.6).

(17) Physician assistant committee (IC 25-27.5).

(18) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2-1).

(19) Indiana dietitians certification board (IC 25-14.5-2-1).

(b) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to give the agency policy making authority, which authority remains with each board.


IC 25-1-5-3.3 Treatment of rules adopted by health professions bureau before July 1, 2005; transfer of property and appropriations to agency; treatment of references to health professions bureau

Sec. 3.3. (a) The rules adopted by the health professions bureau before July 1, 2005, and in effect on June 30, 2005, shall be treated after June 30, 2005, as the rules of the agency.

(b) On July 1, 2005, the agency becomes the owner of all the property of the health professions bureau. An appropriation made to the health professions bureau shall be treated after June 30, 2005, as an appropriation to the agency.

(c) Any reference in a law, a rule, a license, a registration, a certification, or an agreement to the health professions bureau shall be treated after June 30, 2005, as a reference to the agency.

As added by P.L.220-2011, SEC.404.

IC 25-1-5-4 Additional duties and functions; staff

Sec. 4. (a) The agency shall employ necessary staff, including specialists and professionals, to carry out the administrative duties and functions of the boards, including but not limited to:

(1) notice of board meetings and other communication services;

(2) recordkeeping of board meetings, proceedings, and actions;

(3) recordkeeping of all persons licensed, regulated, or certified by a board;

(4) administration of examinations; and

(5) administration of license or certificate issuance or renewal.

(b) In addition the agency:

(1) shall prepare a consolidated statement of the budget requests of all the boards in section 3 of this chapter;

(2) may coordinate licensing or certification renewal cycles, examination schedules, or other routine activities to efficiently utilize agency staff, facilities, and transportation resources, and to improve accessibility of board functions to the public;

(3) may consolidate, where feasible, office space, recordkeeping, and data processing services; and

(4) shall operate and maintain the electronic registry of professions established under IC 25-1-5.5.

(c) In administering the renewal of licenses or certificates under this chapter, the agency shall send a notice of the upcoming expiration of a license or certificate to each holder of a license or certificate at least sixty (60) days before the expiration of the license or certificate. The notice must inform the holder of the license or certificate of the need to renew and the requirement of payment of the renewal fee. If this notice of expiration is not sent by the agency, the holder of the license or certificate is not subject to a sanction for failure to renew if, once notice is received from the agency, the license or certificate is renewed within forty-five (45) days after receipt of the notice.

(d) In administering an examination for licensure or certification, the agency shall make the appropriate application forms available at least thirty (30) days before the deadline for submitting an application to all persons wishing to take the examination.

(e) The agency may require an applicant for license renewal to submit evidence proving that:

(1) the applicant continues to meet the minimum requirements for licensure; and

(2) the applicant is not in violation of:

(A) the statute regulating the applicant’s profession; or

(B) rules adopted by the board regulating the applicant’s profession.

(f) The agency shall process an application for renewal of a license or certificate:

(1) not later than ten (10) days after the agency receives all required forms and evidence; or
IC 25-1-5-5 Executive Director
Sec. 5. (a) The agency shall be administered by an executive director appointed by the governor who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor.

(b) The executive director must be qualified by experience and training.

(c) The term "executive director" or "secretary", or any other statutory term for the administrative officer of a board listed in section 3 of this chapter, means the executive director of the agency or the executive director's designee.

(d) The executive director is the chief fiscal officer of the agency and is responsible for hiring of all staff, and for procurement of all services and supplies in accordance with IC 5-22. The executive director and the employees of the agency are subject to IC 4-15-1.8 but are not under IC 4-15-2. The executive director may appoint not to exceed three (3) deputy directors, who must be qualified to work for the boards which are served by the agency.

(e) The executive director shall execute a bond payable to the state, with surety to consist of a surety or guaranty corporation qualified to do business in Indiana, in an amount fixed by the state board of accounts, conditioned upon the faithful performance of duties and the accounting for all money and property that come into the executive director's hands or under the executive director's control. The executive director may likewise cause any employee of the agency to execute a bond if that employee receives, disburse, or in any way handles funds or property of the agency. The costs of any such bonds shall be paid from funds available to the agency.

(f) The executive director may present to the general assembly legislative recommendations regarding operations of the agency and the boards it serves, including adoption of four (4) year license or certificate renewal cycles wherever feasible.

(g) The executive director may execute orders, subpoenas, continuances, and other legal documents on behalf of a board or committee when requested to do so by the board or committee.

(h) The executive director or the executive director's designee may, upon request of a board or committee, provide advice and technical assistance on issues that may be presented to the boards or committees.

IC 25-1-5-6 Executive director; representatives; staff placement
Sec. 6. (a) The executive director may designate certain employees of the agency to represent the executive director of the agency at the board meetings, proceedings, or other activities of the board.

(b) The executive director shall assign staff to individual boards and shall work with the boards to ensure efficient utilization and placement of staff.

IC 25-1-5-7
Repealed
(Repealed by P.L.186-1990, SEC.17.)

IC 25-1-5-8
Repealed
(Repealed by P.L. 206-2005, SEC. 15.)

IC 25-1-5-9 Submission of certified document as proof of required diploma
Sec. 9. If a board or committee requires an applicant for a certificate or license to submit a certified copy of a diploma showing that the applicant graduated from a school or program as a condition for certification or licensure, the applicant may satisfy this requirement by submitting
IC 25-1-5-10 Provider profiles
Sec. 10. (a) As used in this section, “provider” means an individual licensed, certified, registered, or permitted by any of the following:
(1) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).
(2) State board of dentistry (IC 25-14-1).
(3) Indiana state board of health facility administrators (IC 25-19-1).
(4) Medical licensing board of Indiana (IC 25-22.5-2).
(5) Indiana state board of nursing (IC 25-23-1).
(6) Indiana optometry board (IC 25-24).
(7) Indiana board of pharmacy (IC 25-26).
(8) Board of podiatric medicine (IC 25-29-2-1).
(9) Speech-language pathology and audiology board (IC 25-35.6-2).
(10) State psychology board (IC 25-33).
(11) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners (IC 25-38.1-2).
(12) Indiana physical therapy committee (IC 25-27).
(13) Respiratory care committee (IC 25-34.5).
(14) Occupational therapy committee (IC 25-23.5).
(15) Behavioral health and human services licensing board (IC 25-23.6).
(16) Physician assistant committee (IC 25-27.5).
(17) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2-1).
(18) Indiana dietitians certification board (IC 25-14.5-2-1).
(b) The agency shall create and maintain a provider profile for each provider described in subsection (a).
(c) A provider profile must contain the following information:
(1) The provider's name.
(2) The provider's license, certification, registration, or permit number.
(3) The provider's license, certification, registration, or permit type.
(4) The date the provider's license, certification, registration, or permit was issued.
(5) The date the provider's license, certification, registration, or permit expires.
(6) The current status of the provider's license, certification, registration, or permit.
(7) The provider's city and state of record.
(8) A statement of any disciplinary action taken against the provider within the previous ten (10) years by a board or committee described in subsection (a).
(d) The agency shall make provider profiles available to the public.
(e) The computer gateway administered by the office of technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1 shall make the information described in subsection (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3), (c)(6), (c)(7), and (c)(8) generally available to the public on the Internet.
(f) The agency may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this section.

IC 25-1-5-11 Provision of Social Security number; access to numbers
Sec. 11. (a) An individual who applies for a license issued by a board under this chapter or who holds a license issued by a board under this chapter shall provide the individual's Social Security number to the agency.
(b) The agency and the boards shall collect and release the applicant's or licensee's Social Security number as provided in state or federal law.
(c) Notwithstanding IC 4-1-10-3, the agency and the boards may allow access to the Social Security number of each person who is licensed under this chapter or has applied for a license under this chapter to:
(1) a testing service that provides the examination for licensure to the agency or the boards; or
(2) another certified or state regulatory board or an organization composed of state regulatory boards for the applicant's or licensee's profession for the purpose of coordinating licensure and disciplinary activities among the individual states.
As added by P.L.157-2006, SEC.18.

INDIANA CODE § 25-1-5.5

Chapter 5.5. Electronic Registry of Professions
IC 25-1-5.5-1 Establishment of electronic registry
Sec. 1. The electronic registry of professions is established. This chapter applies to any profession required to use the registry under this title.
As added by P.L.177-2009, SEC.15.
IC 25-1-5.5-2 Definitions
Sec. 2. As used in the chapter:
(1) "Applicant" refers to a person who applies for a registration in the electronic registry of professions.
(2) "Executive director" refers to the executive director of the licensing agency appointed under IC 25-1-5-5.
(3) "License" means the Indiana professional licensing agency created by IC 25-1-5-3.
(4) "Registrant" means an individual who is registered in the electronic registry of professions as the interior designer under IC 25-20.7.
(5) "Registry" refers to the electronic registry of professions established by section 1 of this chapter.
As added by P.L.177-2009, SEC.15.
IC 25-1-5.5-3 Registry requirements
Sec. 3. (a) The registry shall be maintained by the licensing agency.
(b) The registry must:
(1) be maintained in an electronic format;
(2) allow an applicant to electronically input information to certify, under penalty of perjury, the successful completion of any education, experience, and examination required for the applicant to become registered;
(3) allow for payment of registration fees through only electronic means;
(4) include each registrant's:
(A) name;
(B) city and state of residence;
(C) qualifications for registration;
(D) registration number;
(E) date the applicant was registered;
(F) place of business; and
(G) registration expiration date; and
(5) be made available to the public on the Internet through the computer gateway administered by the office of technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1.
As added by P.L.177-2009, SEC.15.
IC 25-1-5.5-4 Limitation of licensing agency's responsibilities and liability
Sec. 4. The licensing agency is not:
(1) responsible for performing or required to perform any due
INCORPORATION OF ACTS 1981, P.L.177, SEC.3


IC 25-1-5-6 Rules
Sec. 3. The licensing agency may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.
As added by P.L.177-2009, SEC.15.

IC 25-1-5-6 Review of registry
Sec. 6. (a) Beginning in July 2014, and each five (5) years thereafter, the agency shall review the use of the registry by each profession on the registry to determine whether there is sufficient use of the registry to justify continuing the registration of each profession under this chapter.
(b) If new professions are required by the general assembly to be registered by the agency, five (5) years after the addition of each profession, the agency shall review the use of the profession of the registry to determine whether there is sufficient use of the registry to justify continuing the registration of the profession under this chapter.
(c) After a review required under subsection (a) or (b), the agency shall prepare a report with recommendations for the general assembly. A report under this subsection shall be submitted to the legislative council by October 1 of the year in which the report is required. A report submitted under this subsection must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.
As added by P.L.177-2009, SEC.15.

Indiana Code § 25-1-6

Chapter 6. Professional Licensing Agency Functions and Duties

IC 25-1-6-1 Centralization of staff, functions, and services
Sec. 1. The centralization of staff, functions, and services contemplated by this chapter shall be done in such a way as to enhance the licensing agency’s ability to:
(1) make maximum use of data processing as a means of more efficient operation;
(2) provide more services and carry out functions of superior quality; and
(3) ultimately and significantly reduce the number of staff needed to provide these services and carry out these functions.

IC 25-1-6-2 Definitions
Sec. 2. As used in this chapter:
"Board" means any agency, board, advisory committee, or group included in section 3 of this chapter.
"Licensing agency" means the Indiana professional licensing agency created by IC 25-1-5-3.

IC 25-1-6-3 Indiana professional licensing agency; functions, duties, and responsibilities

Sec. 3. (a) The licensing agency shall perform all administrative functions, duties, and responsibilities assigned by law or rule to the executive director, secretary, or other statutory administrator of the following:
(1) Indiana board of accountancy (IC 25-2-1-2-1).
(2) Board of registration for architects and landscape architects (IC 25-4-1-2).
(3) Indiana auctioneer commission (IC 25-6-1-2-1).
(4) State board of cosmetology and barber examiners (IC 25-8-3-1).
(5) State board of funeral and cemetery service (IC 25-15-9).
(6) State board of registration for professional engineers (IC 25-31-1-3).
(7) Indiana plumbing commission (IC 25-28-5-1-3).
(8) Indiana real estate commission (IC 25-34-1).
(9) Real estate appraiser licensure and certification board (IC 25-34-1-8-1).
(10) Private investigator and security guard licensing board (IC 25-30-1-5-2).
(11) State board of registration for land surveyors (IC 25-21-5-2-1).
(12) Manufactured home installer licensing board (IC 25-23-7).
(13) Home inspectors licensing board (IC 25-20-2-3-1).
(14) State board of massage therapy (IC 25-21-8-2-1).
(b) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to give the licensing agency policy making authority, which remains with each board.

IC 25-1-6-4 Additional duties and functions; staff; requirements for renewal; delay of renewal; attorney general; investigation; sanctions; staggering renewal cycles; abandoned application
Sec. 4. (a) The licensing agency shall employ necessary staff, including specialists and professionals, to carry out the administrative duties and functions of the boards, including but not limited to:
(1) notice of board meetings and other communication services;
(2) record keeping of board meetings, proceedings, and actions;
(3) record keeping of all persons or individuals licensed, regulated, or certified by a board;
(4) administration of examinations; and
(5) administration of license or certificate issuance or renewal.
(b) In addition, the licensing agency:
(1) shall prepare a consolidated statement of the budget requests of all the boards in section 3 of this chapter;
(2) may coordinate licensing or certification renewal cycles, examination schedules, or other routine activities to efficiently utilize licensing agency staff, facilities, and transportation resources, and to improve accessibility of board functions to the public; and
(3) may consolidate, where feasible, office space, record keeping, and data processing services.
(c) In administering the renewal of licenses or certificates under this chapter, the licensing agency shall issue a sixty (60) day notice of expiration to all holders of a license or certificate. The notice must inform the holder of a license or certificate of the requirements to:
(1) renew the license or certificate; and
(2) pay the renewal fee.
(d) If the licensing agency fails to send notice of expiration under subsection (c), the holder of the license or certificate is not subject to a
sanction for failure to renew if the holder renews the license or certificate not more than forty-five (45) days after the holder receives the notice from the licensing agency.

(e) The licensing agency may require an applicant for a license or certificate renewal to submit evidence showing that the applicant:
   (1) meets the minimum requirements for licensure or certification; and
   (2) is not in violation of:
      (A) the law regulating the applicant’s profession; or
      (B) rules adopted by the board regulating the applicant’s profession.

(f) The licensing agency may delay renewing a license or certificate for not more than ninety (90) days after the renewal date to permit the board to investigate information received by the licensing agency that the applicant for renewal may have committed an act for which the applicant may be disciplined. If the licensing agency delays renewing a license or certificate, the licensing agency shall notify the applicant that the applicant is being investigated. Except as provided in subsection (g), the board shall do one (1) of the following before the expiration of the ninety (90) day period:
   (1) Deny renewal of the license or certificate following a personal appearance by the applicant before the board.
   (2) Renew the license or certificate upon satisfaction of all other requirements for renewal.
   (3) Renew the license and file a complaint under IC 25-1-7.
   (4) Request the office of the attorney general to conduct an investigation under subsection (h) if, following a personal appearance by the applicant before the board, the board has good cause to believe that the applicant engaged in activity described in IC 25-1-11-5.
   (5) Upon agreement of the applicant and the board and following a personal appearance by the applicant before the board, renew the license or certificate and place the applicant on probation status under IC 25-1-11-12.

(g) If an applicant fails to appear before the board under subsection (f), the board may take action as provided in subsection (f)(1), (f)(2), or (f)(3).

(h) If the board makes a request under subsection (f)(4), the office of the attorney general shall conduct an investigation. Upon completion of the investigation, the office of the attorney general may file a petition alleging that the applicant has engaged in activity described in IC 25-1-11-5. If the office of the attorney general files a petition, the board shall set the matter for a public hearing. If, after a public hearing, the board finds the applicant violated IC 25-1-11-5, the board may impose sanctions under IC 25-1-11-12. The board may delay renewing a license or certificate beyond ninety (90) days after the renewal date until a final determination is made by the board. The applicant’s license or certificate remains valid until the final determination of the board is rendered unless the renewal is:
   (1) denied; or
   (2) summarily suspended under IC 25-1-11-13.

(i) The license or certificate of the applicant for license renewal remains valid during the ninety (90) day period unless the license or certificate is denied following a personal appearance by the applicant before the board before the end of the ninety (90) day period. If the ninety (90) day period expires without action by the board, the license or certificate shall be automatically renewed at the end of the ninety (90) day period.

(j) Notwithstanding any other law, the licensing agency may stagger license or certificate renewal cycles.

(k) An application for a license or certificate is abandoned without an action by the board if the applicant does not complete the requirements for obtaining the license or certificate not more than one (1) year after the date on which the application was filed. However, the board may, for good cause shown, extend the validity of the application for additional thirty (30) day periods. An application submitted after the abandonment of an application is considered a new application.


IC 25-1-6-5 Executive director

Sec. 5. (a) The licensing agency shall be administered by an executive director appointed by the governor who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor.

(b) The executive director must be qualified by experience and training.

(c) The term "executive director" or "secretary", or any other statutory term for the administrative officer of a board listed in section 3 of this chapter, means the executive director of the licensing agency or the executive director’s designee.

(d) The executive director is the chief fiscal officer of the licensing agency and is responsible for hiring of all staff and for procurement of all services and supplies in accordance with IC 5-22. The executive director and the employees of the licensing agency are subject to IC 4-15-1.8 but are not under IC 4-15-2. The executive director may appoint no more than three (3) deputy directors, who must be qualified to work for the boards which are served by the licensing agency.

(e) The executive director shall execute a bond payable to the state, with surety to consist of a surety or guaranty corporation qualified to do business in Indiana, in an amount fixed by the state board of accounts, conditioned upon the faithful performance of duties and the accounting for all money and property that come into the executive director's hands or under the executive director's control. The executive director may likewise cause any employee of the licensing agency to execute a bond if that employee receives, disburses, or in any way handles funds or property of the licensing agency. The costs of any such bonds shall be paid from funds available to the licensing agency.

(f) The executive director may present to the general assembly legislative recommendations regarding operations of the licensing agency and the boards it serves, including adoption of four (4) year license or certificate renewal cycles wherever feasible.

(g) Upon the request of a board or commission, the executive director may execute orders, subpoenas, continuances, and other legal documents on behalf of the board or commission.

(h) Upon the request of a board or commission, the executive director may provide advice and technical assistance on issues that may be presented to the board or commission.


IC 25-1-6-5.5 Appeal of license renewal denial

Sec. 5.5. A person who has a license renewal denied by a board listed in section 3 of this chapter may file an appeal of the denial in accordance with IC 4-21-5.3.


IC 25-1-6-6 Executive director; representatives; staff placement

Sec. 6. (a) The executive director shall designate certain employees of the licensing agency to represent the executive director of the licensing agency at board meetings, proceedings, or any other activities of a board.

(b) The executive director shall assign staff to individual boards and shall work with the boards to ensure efficient utilization and placement of staff.

IC 25-1-6-7
Repealed
(Repealed by P.L.186-1990, SEC.17.)

IC 25-1-6-8 Version a; Department of state revenue; access to names of licensees and applicants; persons on tax warrant list
Note: This version of section effective until 1-1-2012. See also following version of this section, effective 1-1-2012.
Sec. 8. (a) The licensing agency and the boards may allow the department of state revenue access to the name of each person who:
(1) is licensed under this chapter or IC 25-1-5; or
(2) has applied for a license under this chapter or IC 25-1-5.
(b) If the department of state revenue notifies the licensing agency that a person is on the most recent tax warrant list, the licensing agency may not issue or renew the person's license until:
(1) the person provides to the licensing agency a statement from the department of revenue that the person's delinquent tax liability has been satisfied; or
(2) the licensing agency receives a notice from the commissioner of the department of state revenue under IC 6-8.1-8-2(k).

IC 25-1-6-8 Version b; Department of state revenue; access to names of licensees and applicants; persons on tax warrant list
Note: This version of section effective 1-1-2012. See also preceding version of this section, effective until 1-1-2012.
Sec. 8. (a) The licensing agency and the boards may allow the department of state revenue access to the name of each person who:
(1) is licensed under this chapter or IC 25-1-5; or
(2) has applied for a license under this chapter or IC 25-1-5.
(b) If the department of state revenue notifies the licensing agency that a person is on the most recent tax warrant list, the licensing agency shall not issue or renew the person's license until:
(1) the person provides to the licensing agency a statement from the department of state revenue indicating that the person's tax warrant has been satisfied; or
(2) the licensing agency receives a notice from the commissioner of the department of state revenue under IC 6-8.1-8-2(k).

IC 25-1-6-9
Repealed
(Repealed by P.L.186-1990, SEC.17.)

IC 25-1-6-10 Provision of Social Security numbers; access to numbers
Sec. 10. (a) An individual who applies for a license issued by a board under this chapter or who holds a license issued by a board under this chapter shall provide the individual's Social Security number to the licensing agency.
(b) The licensing agency and the boards shall collect and release the applicant's or licensee's Social Security number as otherwise provided in state or federal law.
(c) Notwithstanding IC 4-1-10-3, the licensing agency and the boards may allow access to the Social Security number of each person who is licensed under this chapter or has applied for a license under this chapter to:
(1) a testing service that provides the examination for licensure to the licensing agency or the boards; or
(2) an individual state regulatory board or an organization composed of state regulatory boards for the applicant's or licensee's profession for the purpose of coordinating licensure and disciplinary activities among the individual states.

INDIANA CODE § 25-1-7

Chapter 7. Investigation and Prosecution of Complaints Concerning Regulated Occupations

IC 25-1-7-1 Definitions
Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:
"Board" means the appropriate agency listed in the definition of regulated occupation in this section.
"Director" refers to the director of the division of consumer protection.
"Division" refers to the division of consumer protection, office of the attorney general.
"Licensee" means a person who is:
(1) licensed, certified, or registered by a board listed in this section; and
(2) the subject of a complaint filed with the division.
"Person" means an individual, a partnership, a limited liability company, or a corporation.
"Regulated occupation" means an occupation in which a person is licensed, certified, or registered by one (1) of the following:
(1) Indiana board of accountancy (IC 25-2.1-1-2-1).
(2) Board of registration for architects and landscape architects (IC 25-4-1-2).
(3) Indiana auctioneer commission (IC 25-6.1-2-1).
(4) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).
(5) State board of cosmetology and barber examiners (IC 25-8-3-1).
(6) State board of dentistry (IC 25-14-1).
(7) State board of funeral and cemetery service (IC 25-15-9).
(8) State board of registration for professional engineers (IC 25-31-1-3).
(9) Indiana state board of health facility administrators (IC 25-19-1).
(10) Medical licensing board of Indiana (IC 25-22.5-2).
(11) Indiana state board of nursing (IC 25-23-1).
(12) Indiana optometry board (IC 25-24).
(13) Indiana board of pharmacy (IC 25-26).
(14) Indiana plumbing commission (IC 25-28.5-1-3).
(15) Board of podiatric medicine (IC 25-29-2-1).
(16) State psychology board (IC 25-33).
(17) Speech-language pathology and audiology board (IC 25-35-6-2).
(18) Indiana real estate commission (IC 25-34.1-2).
(19) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners (IC 25-38-1).
(20) Department of natural resources for purposes of licensing water well drillers under IC 25-39-3.
(21) Respiratory care committee (IC 25-34.5).
(22) Private investigator and security guard licensing board (IC 25-30-1-5-2).
(23) Occupational therapy committee (IC 25-23.5).
(24) Behavioral health and human services licensing board (IC 25-23.6).
(25) Real estate appraiser licensure and certification board (IC 25-34.1-8).
(26) State board of registration for land surveyors (IC 25-21.5-2-1).
(27) Physician assistant committee (IC 25-27.5).
(28) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2-1).
(29) Indiana dietitians certification board (IC 25-14.5-2-1).
(30) Indiana physical therapy committee (IC 25-27).
(31) Manufactured home installer licensing board (IC 25-23.7).
(32) Home inspectors licensing board (IC 25-21.8-2-1).
(33) State department of health, for out-of-state mobile health care entities.
(34) State board of massage therapy (IC 25-21.8-2-1).
(35) Any other occupational or professional agency created after
June 30, 1981.

P.L.113, SEC.12; P.L.137-1985, SEC.7; P.L.246-1985, SEC.15; P.L.169-
1985, SEC.29; P.L.149-1987, SEC.21; P.L.257-1987, SEC.15; P.L.242-
SEC.5; P.L.227-1993, SEC.5; P.L.213-1993, SEC.2; P.L.8-1993,
SEC.4; P.L.234-1995, SEC.3; P.L.175-1997, SEC.5; P.L.147-1997,
SEC.8; P.L.84-1998, SEC.3; P.L.24-1999, SEC.4; P.L.82-2000, SEC.4;
P.L.160-2009, SEC.7; P.L.1-2010, SEC.102; P.L.84-2010, SEC.12;

IC 25-1-7-2 Duties of attorney general
Sec. 2. The office of the attorney general, under the conditions
specified in this chapter, may receive, investigate, and prosecute
complaints concerning regulated occupations.


IC 25-1-7-3 Investigation of complaints
Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the division is
responsible for the investigation of complaints concerning licensees.

(b) The medical licensing board of Indiana shall investigate a
complaint concerning a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 and a
violation specified in IC 25-22.5-2. The division shall forward a
complaint concerning a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 and a
violation specified in IC 25-22.5-2 to the medical licensing board of
Indiana for investigation by the board. However, if the complaint includes
a violation in addition to a violation specified in IC 25-22.5-2, the
division shall investigate the complaint in its entirety and notify the
medical licensing board of Indiana of the investigation.

As added by Acts 1981, P.L.222, SEC.4. Amended by P.L.149-
2011, SEC.1; P.L.226-2011, SEC.17.

IC 25-1-7-4 Complaints; requisites; standing
Sec. 4. All complaints must be written and signed by the complainant
and initially filed with the director. Except for employees of the attorney
general's office acting in their official capacity, a complaint may be filed
by any person, including members of any of the boards listed in section 1
of this chapter.


IC 25-1-7-5 Duties and powers of director
Sec. 5. (a) Subsection (b)(1) does not apply to:

(1) a complaint filed by:
(A) a member of any of the boards listed in section 1 of this
chapter; or
(B) the Indiana professional licensing agency; or
(2) a complaint filed under IC 25-1-5-4.

(b) Except as provided in section 3(b) of this chapter, the director has
the following duties and powers:

(1) The director shall make an initial determination as to the merit of
each complaint. A copy of a complaint having merit shall be submitted to
the board having jurisdiction over the licensee's regulated occupation,
that board thereby acquiring jurisdiction over the matter except as
otherwise provided in this chapter.

(2) The director shall through any reasonable means notify the
licensee of the nature and ramifications of the complaint and of the duty
of the board to attempt to resolve the complaint through negotiation.

(3) The director shall report any pertinent information regarding the
status of the complaint to the complainant.

(4) The director may investigate any written complaint against a
licensee. The investigation shall be limited to those areas in which there
appears to be a violation of statutes governing the regulated occupation.

(5) The director has the power to subpoena witnesses and to send
for and compel the production of books, records, papers, and documents
for the furtherance of any investigation under this chapter. The circuit or
superior court located in the county where the subpoena is to be issued
shall enforce any such subpoena by the director.

SEC.2; P.L.14-2000, SEC.55; P.L.206-2005, SEC.11; P.L.149-2011,
SEC.2; P.L.226-2011, SEC.18.

IC 25-1-7-6 Statement of settlement; period of time to resolve
Sec. 6. (a) This section does not apply to:

(1) a complaint filed by:
(A) a member of any of the boards listed in section 1 of this
chapter; or
(B) the Indiana professional licensing agency; or
(2) a complaint filed under IC 25-1-5-4.

(b) If, at any time before the director files the director's
recommendations with the attorney general, the board files with the
director a statement signed by the licensee and the complainant that
the complaint has been resolved, the director shall not take further action.
For a period of thirty (30) days after the director has notified the board
and the licensee that a complaint has been filed, the division shall not
conduct any investigation or take any action whatsoever, unless
requested by the board. If, during the thirty (30) days, the board requests
an extension of the thirty (30) day time period, the director shall grant it
for a period not exceeding an additional twenty (20) days. If at any time
during the thirty (30) day period or an extension thereof, the board
notifies the director of its intention not to proceed further to resolve the
complaint, the division may proceed immediately under this chapter. For
every purpose of this section, a board may designate a board member or
staff member to act on behalf of or in the name of the board.

SEC.3; P.L.206-2005, SEC.12.

IC 25-1-7-7 Disciplinary sanctions; report to attorney general;
prosecution; hearing officer
Sec. 7. (a) If there has been no statement of settlement filed by the
board under section 6 of this chapter, and if, after conducting an
investigation, the director believes that the licensee should be subjected
to disciplinary sanctions by the board of his regulated occupation, then
he shall so report to the attorney general. Upon receiving the director's
report, the attorney general may prosecute the matter, on behalf of the
state of Indiana, before the board. The board may designate any person
as a hearing officer to hear the matter.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, if the board by
majority vote so requests, the attorney general shall prosecute the matter
before the board, on behalf of the state of Indiana.


IC 25-1-7-8 Witnesses
Sec. 8. At the hearing, the board or hearing officer may call witnesses
in addition to those presented by the state or the licensee.

IC 25-1-7-9 Disqualification of board member
Sec. 9. A board member is disqualified from any consideration of the case if the board member filed the complaint or participated in negotiations regarding the complaint. The board member is not disqualified from the board's final determination solely because the board member was the hearing officer or determined the complaint and the information pertaining to the complaint was current significant investigative information (as defined by IC 25-23.2-1-5 (Repealed)).

IC 25-1-7-10 Confidentiality of complaints and information
Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in section 3(b) of this chapter, all complaints and information pertaining to the complaints shall be held in strict confidence until the attorney general files notice with the board of the attorney general's intent to prosecute the licensee.
(b) A person in the employ of the office of attorney general or any of the boards, or any person not a party to the complaint, may not disclose or further a disclosure of information concerning the complaint unless the disclosure is required:
(1) under law; or
(2) for the advancement of an investigation.

IC 25-1-7-11 Administrative orders and procedures
Sec. 11. Nothing in this chapter limits the rights of the licensee or the state under IC 4-21.5.

IC 25-1-7-12 Reimbursement of attorney general
Sec. 12. (a) If:
(1) a fund is created by statute for the payment of an unpaid judgment against a licensee; and
(2) the office of the attorney general is required by statute to provide services to the boards that administer the funds described in subdivision (1);
the office of the attorney general is entitled to reimbursement for the costs incurred in providing the services described in subdivision (2).
(b) If:
(1) more than one (1) fund is established by statute for the payment of an unpaid judgment against a licensee; and
(2) the office of the attorney general is entitled to reimbursement under subsection (a);
the funds for reimbursement shall be taken in equal amounts from each of the funds described in subdivision (1).
As added by P.L.255-1987, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-7-13 Reports; contents
Sec. 13. The office of the attorney general shall submit to each board, at the request of the board, a report that includes the following information concerning that regulated occupation:
(1) The number of complaints filed.
(2) The number of cases currently under investigation.
(3) The number of cases closed.
(4) The number of cases resolved.
(5) The age of the complaints.
As added by P.L.177-1997, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-7-14 Cease and desist orders
Sec. 14. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, if the board of a regulated occupation believes that a person who is not licensed, certified, or registered under this title is engaged in or is believed to be engaged in activities for which a license, certification, or registration is required under this title, the board may do the following:
(1) File a complaint with the attorney general, who shall investigate and may file:
(A) with notice; or
(B) without notice, if the attorney general determines that person is engaged in activities that may affect an individual's health or safety; a motion for a cease and desist order with the appropriate board.
For purposes of this subdivision, the board may designate a board member or an employee of the Indiana professional licensing agency to act on behalf or in the name of the board.
(2) Upon review of the attorney general's motion for a cease and desist order, the board may issue an order requiring the affected person to show cause why the person should not be ordered to cease and desist from such activities. The show cause order must set forth a time and place for a hearing at which the affected person may appear and show cause as to why the person should not be subject to licensing, certification, or registration under this title. For purposes of this subdivision, the board may designate a board member to act on behalf or in the name of the board.
(b) If the board, after a hearing, determines that the activities in which the person is engaged are subject to licensing, certification, or registration under this title, the board may issue a cease and desist order that must describe the person and activities that are the subject of the order.
(c) A hearing conducted under this section must comply with the requirements under IC 4-21.5.
(d) A cease and desist order issued under this section is enforceable in the circuit or superior courts. A person who is enjoined under a cease and desist order and who violates the order shall be punished for contempt of court.
(e) A cease and desist order issued under this section does not relieve any person from prosecution under any other law.

INDIANA CODE § 25-1-8
Chapter 8. Occupational and Professional Licensure, Registration, and Certification Fees

IC 25-1-8-1 "Board"
Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "board" means any of the following:
(1) Indiana board of accountancy (IC 25-2.1-2-1).
(2) Board of registration for architects and landscape architects (IC 25-4-1-2).
(3) Indiana auctioneer commission (IC 25-6.1-2-1).
(4) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).
(5) State board of cosmetology and barber examiners (IC 25-8-3-1).
(6) State board of dentistry (IC 25-14-1).
(7) State board of funeral and cemetery service (IC 25-15).
(8) State board of registration for professional engineers (IC 25-31-1-3).
(9) Indiana state board of health facility administrators (IC 25-19-1).
(10) Medical licensing board of Indiana (IC 25-22.5-2).
(11) Mining board (IC 22-10-1.5-2).
(12) Indiana state board of nursing (IC 25-23-1).
(13) Indiana optometry board (IC 25-24).
(14) Indiana board of pharmacy (IC 25-26).
(15) Indiana plumbing commission (IC 25-28.5-1-3).
(16) State psychology board (IC 25-33).
(17) Speech-language pathology and audiology board (IC 25-35.6-
(18) Indiana real estate commission (IC 25-34.1-2-1).
(19) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners (IC 25-38.1-2-1).
(20) Department of insurance (IC 27-1).
(21) State police department (IC 10-11-2-4), for purposes of certifying polygraph examiners under IC 25-30-2.
(22) Department of natural resources for purposes of licensing water well drillers under IC 25-39-3.
(23) Private investigator and security guard licensing board (IC 25-30-1-5.2).
(24) Occupational therapy committee (IC 25-23.5-2-1).
(25) Behavioral health and human services licensing board (IC 25-23.6-2-1).
(26) Real estate appraiser licensure and certification board (IC 25-34.1-8).
(27) State board of registration for land surveyors (IC 25-21.5-2-1).
(28) Physician assistant committee (IC 25-27.5).
(29) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2-1).
(30) Board of podiatric medicine (IC 25-29-2-1).
(31) Indiana dietitians certification board (IC 25-14.5-2-1).
(32) Indiana physical therapy committee (IC 25-27).
(33) Manufactured home installer licensing board (IC 25-23.7).
(34) Home inspectors licensing board (IC 25-20.2-3-1).
(35) State board of massage therapy (IC 25-21.8-2-1).
(36) Any other occupational or professional agency created after June 30, 1981.


IC 25-1-8-1.1
Repealed
(Repealed by P.L.19-1986, SEC.43.)

IC 25-1-8-2 Fees; establishment and collection
Sec. 2. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision regarding the fees to be assessed by a board, a board shall establish by rule and cause to be collected fees for the following:
(1) Examination of applicants for licensure, registration, or certification.
(2) Issuance, renewal, or transfer of a license, registration, or certificate.
(3) Restoration of an expired license, registration, or certificate when such action is authorized by law.
(4) Issuance of licenses by reciprocity or endorsement for out-of-state applicants.
(5) Issuance of board or committee reciprocity or endorsements for practitioners licensed, certified, or registered in Indiana who apply to another state for a license.

No fee shall be less than twenty-five dollars ($25) unless the fee is collected under a rule adopted by the board which sets a fee for miscellaneous expenses incurred by the board on behalf of the practitioners the board regulates.

(b) Fees established by statute shall remain in effect until replaced by a new fee adopted by rule under this section.
(c) In no case shall the fees be less than are required to pay all of the costs, both direct and indirect, of the operation of the board.
(d) For the payment of fees, a board shall accept cash, a draft, a money order, a cashier's check, and a certified or other personal check. If a board receives an uncertified personal check for the payment of a fee and if the check does not clear the bank, the board may void the license, registration, or certificate for which the check was received.
(e) Unless designated by rule, a fee is not refundable.
(f) A board shall charge a fee of not more than ten dollars ($10) for the issuance of a duplicate license, registration, or certificate.


IC 25-1-8-3 Quadrennial license or registration cycle; refunds
Sec. 3. (a) A board, operating on a quadrennial license, registration, or certificate renewal cycle, shall refund one-half (1/2) of the amount of the license, registration, or certificate fee if the holder of the license, registration, or certificate surrenders it at least two (2) years before it expires.
(b) This section does not apply to the holder of a license, registration, or certificate revoked or suspended by the board.


IC 25-1-8-4 Quadrennial license renewal system
Sec. 4. (a) Notwithstanding any law establishing a biennial license renewal system, a board operating on such a system may by rule establish a quadrennial license renewal system.
(b) If a board establishes a quadrennial license renewal system, it may provide for a reduction in the fees for the four (4) year license. As added by P.L.234-1983, SEC.3.

IC 25-1-8-5 Employment of professionals for testing; examination on statutes, rules, and regulations; standards of review
Sec. 5. (a) Notwithstanding any statutory provisions regarding the administration of examinations, a board or committee may employ organizations or additional professionals to assist in the preparation, administration, and scoring of licensing examinations.
(b) A board or committee may require applicants for licensure, certification, or registration by examination, endorsement, or reciprocity to pass a test on the state or federal statutes, state rules, and federal regulations that the board or committee determines by rule to be relevant to the practice of a regulated profession.
(c) A board or committee may enter into a contract with a testing company or national association to set the standards of review for an examination by an applicant for licensure, certification, or registration by examination, endorsement, or reciprocity to pass a test on the state or federal statutes, state rules, and federal regulations that the board or committee determines by rule to be relevant to the practice of a regulated profession.

The standards of review may include:
(1) Setting fees for review;
(2) Requiring that an examination remain confidential; and
(3) Prohibiting the release of the examination or copies of the examination.


IC 25-1-8-6 Reinstatement of delinquent or lapsed licenses
Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "board" means any of the following:
(1) Indiana board of accountancy (IC 25-2.1-2-1).
(2) Board of registration for architects and landscape architects (IC 25-4.1-2).
(3) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2-1).
(4) Indiana auctioneer commission (IC 25-6.1-2-1).
(5) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).
requirements: or registration that was issued by the board that is more than three (3) years, the holder of a license, certificate, or registration and except as provided in section 8 of this chapter, unless a statute specifically does not allow a license, certificate, or registration to be reinstated if it has lapsed for more than three (3) years, the holder of a license, certificate, or registration that was issued by the board that is more than three (3) years delinquent must be reinstated upon meeting the following requirements:

1. Submission of the holder's completed renewal application.
2. Payment of the current renewal fee established by the board under section 2 of this chapter.
3. Payment of a reinstatement fee equal to the current initial application fee.
4. If a law requires the holder to complete continuing education as a condition of renewal, the holder:
   a. shall provide the board with a sworn statement, signed by the holder, that the holder has fulfilled the continuing education requirements required by the board; or
   b. shall, if the holder has not complied with the continuing education requirements, meet any requirements imposed under IC 25-1-4-5 and IC 25-1-4-6.
5. Complete such remediation and additional training as deemed appropriate by the board given the lapse of time involved.
6. Any other requirement that is provided for in statute or rule that is not related to fees.


IC 25-1-8-7
Repealed
(Repealed by P.L.157-2006, SEC.76.)

Sec. 8. (a) As used in this section, "board" has the meaning set forth in section 6(a) of this chapter.
(b) The licensing agency may delay reinstating a license, certificate, or registration for not more than ninety (90) days after the date the applicant applies for reinstatement of a license, certificate, or registration to permit the board to investigate information received by the licensing agency that the applicant for reinstatement may have committed an act for which the applicant may be disciplined. If the licensing agency delays reinstating a license, certificate, or registration, the licensing agency shall notify the applicant that the applicant is being investigated. Except as provided in subsection (c), the board shall do one (1) of the following before the expiration of the ninety (90) day period:

1. Deny reinstatement of the license, certificate, or registration following a personal appearance by the applicant before the board.
2. Reinstatement of the license, certificate, or registration upon satisfaction of all other requirements for reinstatement.
3. Reinstatement of the license and file a complaint under IC 25-1-7.
4. Request the office of the attorney general to conduct an investigation under subsection (d) if, following a personal appearance by the applicant before the board, the board has good cause to believe that the applicant engaged in activity described in IC 25-1-9-4 or IC 25-1-11-5.
5. Upon agreement of the applicant and the board and following a personal appearance by the applicant before the board, reinstate the license, certificate, or registration and place the applicant on probation status under IC 25-1-9-9 or IC 25-1-11-12.
6. If an applicant fails to appear before the board under subsection (b), the board may take action as provided in subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3).
7. If the board makes a request under subsection (b)(4), the office of the attorney general shall conduct an investigation. Upon completion of the investigation, the office of the attorney general may file a petition alleging that the applicant has engaged in activity described in IC 25-1-9-4 or IC 25-1-11-5. If the office of the attorney general files a petition, the board shall set the matter for a public hearing. If, after a public hearing, the board finds that the applicant violated IC 25-1-9-4 or IC 25-1-11-5, the board may impose sanctions under IC 25-1-9-9 or IC 25-1-11-12. The board may delay reinstating a license, certificate, or registration beyond ninety (90) days after the date the applicant files an application for
reinstatement of a license, certificate, or registration until a final determination is made by the board.

(e) The license, certificate, or registration of the applicant for license reinstatement remains invalid during the ninety (90) day period unless:

(1) the license, certificate, or registration is reinstated following a personal appearance by the applicant before the board before the end of the ninety (90) day period;
(2) the board issues a conditional license to the practitioner that is effective until the reinstatement is denied or the license is reinstated; or
(3) the reinstatement is denied.

If the ninety (90) day period expires without action by the board, the license, certificate, or registration shall be automatically reinstated at the end of the ninety (90) day period.


INDIANA CODE § 25-1-9

Chapter 9. Health Professions Standards of Practice

IC 25-1-9-1 "Board" defined
Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "board" means any of the following:

(1) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).
(2) State board of dentistry (IC 25-14-1).
(3) Indiana state board of health facility administrators (IC 25-19-1).
(4) Medical licensing board of Indiana (IC 25-22-5-2).
(5) Indiana state board of nursing (IC 25-23-1).
(6) Indiana optometry board (IC 25-24).
(7) Indiana board of pharmacy (IC 25-26).
(8) Board of podiatric medicine (IC 25-29-2-1).
(9) Speech-language pathology and audiology board (IC 25-35.6-2).
(10) State psychology board (IC 25-33).
(11) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners (IC 25-38-1-2).
(12) Indiana physical therapy committee (IC 25-27-1).
(13) Respiratory care committee (IC 25-34.5).
(14) Occupational therapy committee (IC 25-23.5).
(15) Behavioral health and human services licensing board (IC 25-23.6).
(16) Physician assistant committee (IC 25-27.5).
(17) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2-1).
(18) Indiana dietitians certification board (IC 25-14.5-2-1).


IC 25-1-9-2 "Practitioner" defined
Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "practitioner" means an individual who holds:

(1) an unlimited license, certificate, or registration;
(2) a limited or probationary license, certificate, or registration;
(3) a temporary license, certificate, registration, or permit;
(4) an intern permit; or
(5) a provisional license;

issued by the board regulating the profession in question, including a certificate of registration issued under IC 25-20.

As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-9-3 "License" defined

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "license" includes a license, certificate, registration, or permit.

As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-9-4 Standards of professional practice; findings required for sanctions; evidence of foreign discipline
Sec. 4. (a) A practitioner shall conduct the practitioner's practice in accordance with the standards established by the board regulating the profession in question and is subject to the exercise of the disciplinary sanctions under section 9 of this chapter if, after a hearing, the board finds:

(1) a practitioner has:
   (A) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception in order to obtain a license to practice, including cheating on a license examination;
   (B) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of professional services or activities;
   (C) advertised services in a false or misleading manner; or
   (D) been convicted of a crime or assessed a civil penalty involving fraudulent billing practices, including fraud under:
      (i) Medicaid (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.);
      (ii) Medicare (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.);
      (iii) the children's health insurance program under IC 12-17.6; or
      (iv) insurance claims;
   (2) a practitioner has been convicted of a crime that
      (A) has a direct bearing on the practitioner's ability to continue to practice competently; or
      (B) is harmful to the public;
   (3) a practitioner has knowingly violated any state statute or rule, or federal statute or regulation, regulating the profession in question;
   (4) a practitioner has continued to practice although the practitioner has become unfit to practice due to:
      (A) professional incompetence that:
         (i) may include the undertaking of professional activities that the practitioner is not qualified by training or experience to undertake; and
         (ii) does not include activities performed under IC 16-21-2-9;
      (B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or practice;
      (C) physical or mental disability; or
      (D) addiction to, abuse of, or severe dependency upon alcohol or other drugs that endanger the public by impairing a practitioner's ability to practice safely;
   (5) a practitioner has engaged in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connection with the delivery of services to the public;
   (6) a practitioner has allowed the practitioner's name or a license issued under this chapter to be used in connection with an individual who renders services beyond the scope of that individual's training, experience, or competence;
   (7) a practitioner has had disciplinary action taken against the practitioner or the practitioner's license to practice in any state or jurisdiction on grounds similar to those under this chapter;
   (8) a practitioner has diverted:
      (A) a legend drug (as defined in IC 16-18-2-199); or
(B) any other drug or device issued under a drug order (as defined in IC 16-42-19-3) for another person;
(9) a practitioner, except as otherwise provided by law, has knowingly prescribed, sold, or administered any drug classified as a narcotic, addicting, or dangerous drug to a habitue or addict;
(10) a practitioner has failed to comply with an order imposing a sanction under section 9 of this chapter;
(11) a practitioner has engaged in sexual contact with a patient under the practitioner's care or has used the practitioner-patient relationship to solicit sexual contact with a patient under the practitioner's care;
(12) a practitioner who is a participating provider of a health maintenance organization has knowingly collected or attempted to collect from a subscriber or enrollee of the health maintenance organization any sums that are owed by the health maintenance organization; or
(13) a practitioner has assisted another person in committing an act that would be grounds for disciplinary sanctions under this chapter.

(b) A practitioner who provides health care services to the practitioner's spouse is not subject to disciplinary action under subsection (a)(11).
(c) A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action under subsection (a)(7).


IC 25-1-9-5 Optometry employment practice
Sec. 5. In addition to section 4 of this chapter, a practitioner licensed to practice optometry is subject to the exercise of disciplinary sanctions under section 9 of this chapter if, after a hearing, the board finds a practitioner has accepted employment to practice optometry from a person other than:
(1) a corporation formed by an optometrist under IC 23-1.5; or
(2) an individual who is licensed as an optometrist under this article and whose legal residence is in Indiana.

As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-9-6 Veterinary practitioners; cruelty to animals
Sec. 6. In addition to section 4 of this chapter, a practitioner licensed to practice veterinary medicine or registered as a veterinary technician is subject to the exercise of the disciplinary sanctions under section 9 of this chapter if, after a hearing, the board finds a practitioner has engaged in cruelty to animals.

As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-9-6.5 Chiropractors; waiver of deductible or copayment
Sec. 6.5. (a) In addition to section 4 of this chapter, a practitioner licensed to practice chiropractic is subject to the exercise of the disciplinary sanctions under section 9 of this chapter if, after a hearing, the board regulating the profession finds a practitioner has:
(1) waived a payment of a deductible or a copayment required to be made to the practitioner by a patient under the patient's insurance or health care plan; and
(2) advertised the waiver of a payment described in subdivision (1).
(b) This section does not apply to the waiver of a deductible or a copayment by a practitioner if:
(1) the practitioner determines chiropractic service is necessary for the immediate health and welfare of a patient;
(2) the practitioner determines the payment of a deductible or a copayment would create a substantial financial hardship for the patient; and
(3) the waiver is based on the evaluation of the individual patient and is not a regular business practice of the practitioner.


IC 25-1-9-6.7 Marriage and family therapists; disciplinary sanctions
Sec. 6.7. In addition to the actions listed under section 4 of this chapter that subject a practitioner to the exercise of disciplinary sanctions, a practitioner who is licensed under IC 25-23.6 is subject to the exercise of disciplinary sanctions under section 9 of this chapter if, after a hearing, the board regulating the profession finds that the practitioner has:
(1) performed any therapy that, by the prevailing standards of the mental health professions in the community where the services were provided, would constitute experimentation on human subjects, without first obtaining full, informed, and written consent;
(2) failed to meet the minimum standards of performance in professional activities when measured against generally prevailing peer performance in professional activities, including the undertaking of activities that the practitioner is not qualified by training or experience to undertake;
(3) performed services, including any duties required of the individual under IC 31, in reckless disregard of the best interests of a patient, a client, or the public;
(4) without the consent of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian, knowingly participated in the child's removal or precipitated others to remove a child from the child's home unless:
(A) the child's physical health was endangered due to injury as a result of the act or omission of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian;
(B) the child had been or was in danger of being a victim of an offense under IC 35-42-4, IC 35-45-4-1, IC 35-45-4-2, IC 35-46-1-3, IC 35-49-2-2, or IC 35-49-3-2; or
(C) the child was in danger of serious bodily harm as a result of the inability, refusal, or neglect of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian to supply the child with necessary food, shelter, or medical care, and a court order was first obtained;
(5) willfully made or filed a false report or record, failed to file a report or record required by law, willfully impedied or obstructed the filing of a report or record, or induced another individual to:
(A) make or file a false report or record; or
(B) impede or obstruct the filing of a report or record; or
(6) performed a diagnosis (as defined in IC 25-22.5-1-1.1(c));
(7) provided evidence in an administrative or judicial proceeding that had insufficient factual basis for the conclusions rendered by the practitioner;
(8) willfully planted in the mind of the patient suggestions that are not based in facts known to the practitioner; or
(9) performed services outside of the scope of practice of the license issued under IC 25-23.6.


IC 25-1-9-6.8 Practitioner guidelines before prescribing stimulant medication for a child for treatment of certain disorders
Sec. 6.8. (a) This section applies to a practitioner who is:
(1) licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine under IC 25-22.5; or
(2) an advanced practice nurse granted prescriptive authority under IC 25-23, and whose practice agreement with a collaborating physician reflects the conditions specified in subsection (b).
(b) Before prescribing a stimulant medication for a child for the treatment of attention deficit disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, a practitioner described in subsection (a) shall follow the most recent guidelines adopted by the American Academy of Pediatrics or the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry for the diagnosis and evaluation of a child with attention deficit disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

IC 25-1-9-6.9 Failing to provide or providing false information to agency
Sec. 6.9. In addition to the actions listed under section 4 of this chapter that subject a practitioner to disciplinary sanctions, a practitioner is subject to the exercise of disciplinary sanctions under section 9 of this chapter if, after a hearing, the board finds that the practitioner has:
1. failed to provide information requested by the Indiana professional licensing agency; or
2. knowingly provided false information to the Indiana professional licensing agency;
for a practitioner profile required under IC 25-1-5-10.

IC 25-1-9-7 Physical or mental examination; power to require
Sec. 7. The board may order a practitioner to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination, at the practitioner's own expense, if the practitioner's physical or mental capacity to practice safely is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding.

IC 25-1-9-8 Failure to submit to physical or mental examination; sanctions
Sec. 8. Failure to comply with a board order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes a practitioner liable to summary suspension under section 10 of this chapter.
As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-9-9 Disciplinary sanctions
Sec. 9. (a) The board may impose any of the following sanctions, singly or in combination, if it finds that a practitioner is subject to disciplinary sanctions under section 4, 5, 6, 6.7, or 6.9 of this chapter or IC 25-1-5-4:
1. Permanently revoke a practitioner's license.
2. Suspend a practitioner's license.
3. Censure a practitioner.
4. Issue a letter of reprimand.
5. Place a practitioner on probation status and require the practitioner to:
   A) report regularly to the board upon the matters that are the basis of probation;
   B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the board;
   C) continue or renew professional education under a preceptor, or as otherwise directed or approved by the board, until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those areas that are the basis of the probation; or
   D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including community restitution or service without compensation, that the board considers appropriate to the public interest or to the rehabilitation or treatment of the practitioner.
6. Assess a fine against the practitioner in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each violation listed in section 4 of this chapter, except for a finding of incompetency due to a physical or mental disability. When imposing a fine, the board shall consider a practitioner's ability to pay the amount assessed. If the practitioner fails to pay the fine within the time specified by the board, the board may suspend the practitioner's license without additional proceedings. However, a suspension may not be imposed if the sole basis for the suspension is the practitioner's inability to pay a fine.
   (b) The board may withdraw or modify the probation under subsection (a) if it finds, after a hearing, that the deficiency that required disciplinary action has been remedied, or that changed circumstances warrant a modification of the order.


IC 25-1-9-10 Summary license suspension pending final adjudication; notice; opportunity to be heard
Sec. 10. (a) The board may summarily suspend a practitioner's license for ninety (90) days before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if the board finds that a practitioner represents a clear and immediate danger to the public health and safety if the practitioner is allowed to continue to practice. The summary suspension may be renewed upon a hearing before the board, and each renewal may be for ninety (90) days or less.
   (b) Before the board may summarily suspend a license that has been issued under IC 25-22.5, IC 25-38.1, or IC 25-14, the consumer protection division of the attorney general's office shall make a reasonable attempt to notify a practitioner of a hearing by the board to suspend a practitioner's license and of information regarding the allegation against the practitioner. The consumer protection division of the attorney general's office shall also notify the practitioner that the practitioner may provide a written or an oral statement to the board on the practitioner's behalf before the board issues an order for summary suspension. A reasonable attempt to reach the practitioner is made if the consumer protection division of the attorney general's office attempts to reach the practitioner by telephone or facsimile at the last telephone number of the practitioner on file with the board.
   (c) After a reasonable attempt is made to notify a practitioner under subsection (b):
      (1) a court may not stay or vacate a summary suspension of a practitioner's license for the sole reason that the practitioner was not notified; and
      (2) the practitioner may not petition the board for a delay of the summary suspension proceedings.

IC 25-1-9-10.1 Retention of clinical consultants and experts to advise on suspension
Sec. 10.1. The attorney general may retain the services of a clinical consultant or an expert to provide the attorney general with advice concerning the acts that are the subject of a suspension under this chapter.
As added by P.L.43-1995, SEC.3.

IC 25-1-9-11 Reinstatement of suspended licenses
Sec. 11. The board may reinstate a license which has been suspended under this chapter if, after a hearing, the board is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill and safety to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the board may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this chapter.
As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-9-12 Reinstatement of revoked license
Sec. 12. The board may not reinstate a license that has been revoked under this chapter. An individual whose license has been revoked under this chapter may not apply for a new license until seven (7) years after the date of revocation.
As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-9-13 Consistency of sanctions prescribed
Sec. 13. The board shall seek to achieve consistency in the application of the sanctions authorized in this section. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the board's findings or orders.
As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.1.
IC 25-1-9-14  Surrender of practitioners license instead of hearing; approval
Sec. 14. A practitioner may petition the board to accept the surrender of the practitioner's license instead of a hearing before the board. The practitioner may not surrender the practitioner's license without the written approval of the board, and the board may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered license. As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.1.

IC 25-1-9-15  Costs in disciplinary proceedings
Sec. 15. Practitioners who have been subjected to disciplinary sanctions may be required by a board to pay for the costs of the proceeding. The practitioner's ability to pay shall be considered when costs are assessed. If the practitioner fails to pay the costs, a suspension may not be imposed solely upon the practitioner's inability to pay the amount assessed. These costs are limited to costs for the following:
  (1) Court reporters.
  (2) Transcripts.
  (3) Certification of documents.
  (4) Photoduplication.
  (5) Witness attendance and mileage fees.
  (6) Postage.
  (7) Expert witnesses.
  (8) Depositions.
  (9) Notarizations.
  (10) Administrative law judges.

IC 25-1-9-16  Refusal of licensure or grant of probationary license
Sec. 16. (a) The board may refuse to issue a license or may issue a probationary license to an applicant for licensure if:
  (1) the applicant has been disciplined by a licensing entity of any state or jurisdiction, or has committed an act that would have subjected the applicant to the disciplinary process had the applicant been licensed in Indiana when the act occurred; and
  (2) the violation for which the applicant was, or could have been, disciplined has a direct bearing on the applicant's ability to competently practice in Indiana.
(b) The board may:
  (1) refuse to issue a license; or
  (2) issue a probationary license;
  to an applicant for licensure if the applicant practiced without alicence in violation of the law.
(c) Whenever the board issues a probationary license, the board may impose one (1) or more of the following conditions:
  (1) Report regularly to the board upon the matters that are the basis of the discipline of the other state or jurisdiction.
  (2) Limit practice to those areas prescribed by the board.
  (3) Continue or renew professional education.
  (4) Perform or refrain from performing an act that the board considers appropriate to the public interest or to the rehabilitation or treatment of the applicant.
  (d) The board shall remove any limitations placed on a probationary license under this section if the board finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required disciplinary action has been remedied. As added by P.L.33-1993, SEC.15. Amended by P.L.32-2000, SEC.11; P.L.197-2007, SEC.23.

IC 25-1-9-17  Applicant appearance before board
Sec. 17. The board may require an applicant for licensure to appear before the board before issuing a license.

IC 25-1-9-18  Fitness determination of health care provider; filing complaint
Sec. 18. (a) If the insurance commissioner forwards to the board the name of a practitioner under IC 34-18-9-4(a) (or IC 27-12-9-4(a) before its repeal), the board shall consider whether:
  (1) the practitioner has become unfit to practice under section 4 of this chapter; and
  (2) a complaint should be filed under IC 25-1-7-4.
(b) If the board determines that a complaint should be filed under subsection (a), the board must report to the consumer protection division whether the board will schedule the matter:
  (1) for informal negotiation under IC 25-1-7-6;
  (2) on the board's agenda for a vote requesting that the attorney general prosecute the matter before the board under IC 25-1-7-7; or
  (3) on the board's agenda for a vote on summary suspension of the practitioner's license pending prosecution of the matter before the board under IC 25-1-7-7.
(c) A board may designate a board member or staff member to act on behalf of the board under this section.

IC 25-1-9-19  Third party billing notice
Sec. 19. A practitioner that provides to a patient notice concerning a third party billing for a health care service provided to the patient shall ensure that the notice:
  (1) conspicuously states that the notice is not a bill;
  (2) does not include a tear-off portion; and
  (3) is not accompanied by a return mailing envelope.
As added by P.L.178-2003, SEC.12.

IC 25-1-9-20  Adoption of rules; spouses of active duty military personnel
Sec. 20. The board may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1, to establish procedures to expedite the issuance or renewal of a:
  (1) license;
  (2) certificate;
  (3) registration; or
  (4) permit;
of a person whose spouse serves on active duty (as defined in IC 25-1-12-2) and is assigned to a duty station in Indiana.
As added by P.L.144-2007, SEC.25.

IC 25-1-9-21  Sec. 21. The board may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish requirements for the management and disposition of health records (as defined in IC 16-18-2-168) on the discontinuation of practice by:
  (1) sale;
  (2) transfer;
  (3) closure;
  (4) disciplinary action;
  (5) retirement; or
  (6) death; of the practitioner.
As added by P.L.177-2009, SEC.16.

INDIANA CODE § 25-1-10
Chapter 10. Reserved
Chapter 12. Renewal of Licenses Held by Individuals in Military Service

IC 25-1-12-1 Applicability of chapter
Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to an individual who:
(1) holds a license, certificate, registration, or permit under this title, IC 16, or IC 22; and
(2) is called to active duty.
(b) This chapter applies to all individuals who:
(1) hold a license, certificate, registration, or permit under this title, IC 15, IC 16, or IC 22; and
(2) have been called to full-time service in the:
   (A) armed forces of the United States; or
   (B) National Guard;

IC 25-1-12-2 "Active duty" defined
Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "active duty" means full-time service in the:
   (1) armed forces of the United States; or
   (2) national guard;
   for a period that exceeds thirty (30) consecutive days in a calendar year.

IC 25-1-12-3 "Armed forces of the United States" defined
Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "armed forces of the United States" means the active or reserve components of:
   (1) the army;
   (2) the navy;
   (3) the air force;
   (4) the coast guard;
   (5) the marine corps; or
   (6) the merchant marine.

IC 25-1-12-4 "National guard" defined
Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "national guard" means:
   (1) the Indiana army national guard; or
   (2) the Indiana air national guard.

IC 25-1-12-5 "Practitioner" defined
Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "practitioner" means an individual who holds:
   (1) an unlimited license, certificate, or registration;
   (2) a limited or probationary license, certificate, or registration;
   (3) a temporary license, certificate, registration, or permit;
   (4) an intern permit; or
   (5) a provisional license;
   issued under this title, IC 16, or IC 22.

IC 25-1-12-6 Extension to renew license or complete continuing education; requirements for extension; additional extensions
Sec. 6. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a practitioner who is called to active duty out-of-state and meets the requirements of subsection (b) is entitled to an extension of time described in subsection (c) to:
   (1) renew; and
   (2) complete the continuing education required by;
   the practitioner's license, certificate, registration, or permit.
(b) The practitioner must meet the following requirements to receive the extension of time provided under subsection (a):
   (1) On the date the practitioner enters active duty, the practitioner's license, certificate, registration, or permit may not be revoked, suspended, lapsed, or be the subject of a complaint under IC 25-1-7.
   (2) The practitioner's license, certificate, registration, or permit must expire while the practitioner is out-of-state on active duty and the practitioner must not have received the notice of expiration before the date the practitioner entered active duty.
   (3) The practitioner shall provide proof of out-of-state active duty by providing a copy of the practitioner's:
      (A) discharge; or
      (B) government movement orders;
      to the agency, board, commission, or committee issuing the practitioner's license, certificate, registration, or permit at the time the practitioner renews the practitioner's license, certificate, registration, or permit under this chapter.
   (c) The extension of time provided under subsection (a) is equal to one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of the practitioner's discharge or release from active duty.
   (d) The agency, board, commission, or committee that issued the practitioner's license, certificate, registration, or permit may extend the period provided in subsection (c) if the agency or board determines that an illness, an injury, or a disability related to the practitioner's active duty prevents the practitioner from renewing or completing the continuing education required for the practitioner's license, certificate, registration, or permit. However, the agency, board, commission, or committee may not extend the period for longer than three hundred sixty-five (365) days after the date of the practitioner's discharge or release from active duty.

IC 25-1-12-7 Waiver of late fees
Sec. 7. Any late fees that may be assessed against a practitioner in connection with a renewal under this chapter are waived.

IC 25-1-12-8 Construction with federal law
Sec. 8. This chapter may not be construed as a restriction or limitation on any of the rights, benefits, and protections granted to a member of:
   (1) the armed forces of the United States; or
   (2) the national guard;
   under federal law.
(A) all other members participating in the meeting; and
(B) all members of the public physically present at the place where the meeting is conducted; to simultaneously communicate with each other during the meeting.

(b) A member of a board, committee, or commission may participate in an emergency meeting of the board, committee, or commission to consider disciplinary sanctions under IC 25-1-9-10 or IC 25-1-11-13 by using a means of communication that permits:
(1) all other members participating in the meeting; and
(2) all members of the public physically present at the place where the meeting is conducted; to simultaneously communicate with each other during the meeting.

(c) A member who participates in a meeting under subsection (b):
(1) is considered to be present at the meeting;
(2) shall be counted for purposes of establishing a quorum; and
(3) may vote at the meeting.


IC 25-1-14-3 Member considered present
Sec. 3. A member who participates in a meeting under section 2 of this chapter:
(1) is considered to be present at the meeting;
(2) shall be counted for purposes of establishing a quorum; and
(3) may vote at the meeting.


IC 25-1-14-4 Meeting memoranda requirements
Sec. 4. The memoranda of the meeting prepared under IC 5-14-1.5-4 must state the name of:
(1) each member who was physically present at the place where the meeting was conducted;
(2) each member who participated in the meeting by using a means of communication described in section 2 of this chapter; and
(3) each member who was absent.


Non-Code Provision under Public Law 206-2005

P.L. 206-2005, SECTION 16
(a) The rules adopted by the health professions bureau before July 1, 2005, and in effect on June 30, 2005, shall be treated after June 30, 2005, as the rules of the Indiana professional licensing agency.
(b) On July 1, 2005, the Indiana professional licensing agency becomes the owner of all of the property of the health professions bureau. An appropriation made to the health professions bureau shall be treated after June 30, 2005, as an appropriation to the Indiana professional licensing agency.
(c) Any reference in a law, a rule, a license, a registration, a certification, or an agreement to the health professions bureau shall be treated after June 30, 2005, as a reference to the Indiana professional licensing agency.

Non-Code Provision under Public Law 177-2009

P.L. 177-2009, SECTION 66.
(a) As used in this SECTION, "board" means a board, commission, or committee.
(b) As used in this SECTION, "committee" refers to the professional licensing study committee established under this SECTION.
(c) The professional licensing study committee is established.
(d) The committee shall do the following:
Chapter 14 Health Records and Identifying Information Protection

IC 4-6-14-1 "Abandoned"
Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "abandoned" means voluntarily surrendered, relinquished, or disclaimed by the health care provider or regulated professional, with no intention of reclaiming or regaining possession.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.

IC 4-6-14-2 "Health care provider"
Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "health care provider" means:

(1) a person listed in IC 16-39-7-1(a)(1) through IC 16-39-7-1(a)(11); or

(2) a person licensed, certified, registered, or regulated by a board listed in IC 25-1-9-1.


IC 4-6-14-3 "Personal information"
Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "personal information" has the meaning set forth in IC 24-4.9-2-10.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.

IC 4-6-14-4 "Regulated professional"
Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "regulated professional" means an individual who is regulated by a board listed under IC 25-1-11-1.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.

IC 4-6-14-5 Attorney general's powers
Sec. 5. The attorney general may do the following with abandoned health records and other records that contain personal information:

(1) Take possession of.

(2) Store.

(3) Maintain.

(4) Transfer.

(5) Protect.

(6) Destroy, subject to the limitations in sections 8(b) and 9(b) of this chapter.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.

IC 4-6-14-6 Determination of abandonment
Sec. 6. (a) Before taking any action described in section 5 of this chapter, the attorney general shall determine whether a health care provider or regulated professional has abandoned health records or records containing personal information.

(b) A determination of abandonment under this section may only be used for the purpose of taking an action described in this chapter. However, a subsequent enforcement action may take place under a state or federal law based on proof of facts that may have contributed to the determination of abandonment if the facts are proved in a subsequent enforcement action.

(c) An investigation to make a determination of abandonment under this section must be conducted under the attorney general's authority under existing state and federal law. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to create new authority for a subpoena or search warrant.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.

IC 4-6-14-7 Notification
Sec. 7. (a) The attorney general shall make reasonable efforts to notify the patients and those individuals identified in:

(1) health records; or

(2) records or documents that contain personal information; that the attorney general has taken possession of the records or documents. The notice in this subsection must include information about the procedure for either obtaining originals or copies of the records or having the original records sent to a duly authorized subsequent treating health care provider.

(b) Unless prohibited by law, the attorney general may also notify other persons, including professional organizations, hospitals, law enforcement agencies, and government units, who:

(1) may be able to assist in notifying persons whose records were abandoned and secured by the attorney general under this chapter; and

(2) when appropriate, may be able to assist in returning the records to those persons.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.

IC 4-6-14-8 Length of time health records must be maintained; destruction of records
Sec. 8. (a) The attorney general shall maintain health records obtained under section 5 of this chapter for the lesser of the following:

(1) The time required under IC 16-39-7-1 and IC 16-39-7-2.

(2) Three (3) years after the date the records are secured.

(b) When the time expires under subsection (a), the attorney general may destroy the health records obtained under section 5 of this chapter.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.

IC 4-6-14-9 Length of time personal information records must be maintained; destruction of records
Sec. 9. (a) The attorney general shall maintain records that are not health records but contain personal information for at least three (3) years after the date the records are seized or secured.

(b) When the time expires under subsection (a) and after notification under section 7 of this chapter, the attorney general may destroy the records that contain personal information.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.

IC 4-6-14-10 Health records and personal identifying information protection trust fund
Sec. 10. (a) The health records and personal identifying information protection trust fund is established for the purpose of paying storage, maintenance, copying, mailing, and transfer of:

(1) health records; and

(2) records containing personal information;

as required under this chapter. Expenditures from the trust fund may be made only to carry out the purposes of this subsection.

(b) Subject to subsection (c), if a health care provider or a regulated professional is disciplined under IC 25-1-9 or IC 25-1-11, the board that issues the disciplinary order shall impose a fee against the individual of five dollars ($5). The fee must be deposited into the health records and personal identifying information protection trust fund.

(c) If the amount in the health records and personal identifying information protection trust fund exceeds seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000), the fee imposed under subsection (b) may not be imposed on an individual who is subject to a disciplinary order.

(d) The attorney general shall administer the trust fund.

(e) The expenses of administering the trust fund shall be paid from the money in the fund.

(f) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the trust fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public money may be invested.

(g) Money in the trust fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.

IC 4-6-14-11 Immunity
Sec. 11. The attorney general is immune from civil liability for
Cooperation with other agencies

Sec. 12. The following may cooperate with the attorney general’s office to implement this chapter:

(1) The Indiana professional licensing agency and the appropriate board that regulates a health care provider or a regulated professional under IC 25.
(2) The state police department.
(3) A prosecuting attorney.
(4) Local law enforcement agencies.
(5) Federal law enforcement agencies.

Rules

Sec. 13. The attorney general may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that are necessary to administer and implement this chapter.

Judicial review

Sec. 14. A determination by the attorney general that health records or other records that contain personal information have been abandoned is subject to review in a circuit or superior court. A person who seeks to enforce this section must first notify the attorney general of the intention to seek judicial review.

Funding

Sec. 15. The attorney general may pay for the administration of this chapter only from funds currently appropriated to the office of the attorney general.

As added by P.L.84-2010, SEC.1.
880 IAC 1-1-1 Definitions
Authority: IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6
Sec. 1. In addition to the definitions in IC 25-35.6, the following definitions apply throughout this article:

(1) "ASHA" means the American Speech-Language Hearing Association.
(2) "Board" means the speech-language pathology and audiology board.
(3) "Clinical experience intern" means an individual engaged in a clinical experience year.
(4) "Clinical experience year" means a supervised professional experience obtained during a doctoral audiology program.
(5) "Clinical fellow" means an individual who is registered to practice:
   (A) speech-language pathology; or
   (B) audiology;
under the supervision of a licensee approved by the board.
(6) "Clinical fellowship" means a supervised professional experience obtained after confirmation of a graduate degree in speech-language pathology or audiology.
(7) "Examination" means the National Examination in Speech-Language Pathology or the National Examination in Audiology administered by the Educational Testing Service of Princeton, New Jersey, or other suitable examination approved by the board.
(8) "Licensee" means either of the following:
   (A) A speech-language pathologist.
   (B) An audiologist.
(9) "Licensing agency" means the Indiana professional licensing agency.


880 IAC 1-1-1.5 Accepted colleges and universities
Authority: IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6
Sec. 1.5. A college or university is recognized by the board if it is accredited by one (1) of the following regional accrediting associations:
(1) Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools/Commission on Higher Education.
(2) New England Association of Schools and Colleges.
(3) North Central Association of Schools and Colleges.
(4) Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges.
(5) Southern Association of Colleges and Schools/Commission on Colleges.
(6) Western Association of Schools and Colleges/Accrediting Commission for Senior Colleges.

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-1-1.5; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.: 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)
(2) Any other information required by the board to make a determination as to whether the requirements of the other state or territory are equivalent to those set forth in IC 25-35.6.

(d) The applicant shall be notified in writing of the results of the evaluation of the applicant's application for license.

(e) An applicant who seeks licensure in both speech-language pathology and audiology must file an application in both areas as provided by IC 25-35.6-1-3.

(f) An application shall be considered abandoned if the applicant does not complete the requirements for licensure within one (1) year from the date on which application was filed. An application submitted subsequent to an abandoned application shall be treated as a new application.

(g) In addition to the requirements set forth in this section, an applicant for licensure must pass a written examination on the Indiana speech-language pathology statutes and rules. A score of at least seventy-five (75) is passing.

(880 IAC 1-2.5 Application for license as an audiologist
Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-3; IC 25-35.6-1-5; IC 25-35.6-3-3
Sec. 2.5. (a) An application for a license as an audiologist shall be submitted to the board on a form provided by the licensing agency. An application shall be typed or printed in ink, signed under penalty of perjury, and accompanied by the following:

(1) The fee required by section 5 of this rule.
(2) An official transcript from an educational institution recognized by the board, certifying that the applicant possesses a doctoral degree or its equivalent as approved by the board from an accredited institution listed under section 1.5 of this rule in the area for which the applicant is applying for licensure. As used in this section, "equivalent" means having completed a minimum of seventy-five (75) semester hours of graduate or professional study that includes academic course work in the following areas:
(A) Fundamentals of communication.
(B) Normal aspects and development of hearing and balance.
(C) Clinical evaluation of hearing and balance disorders.
(D) Habilitative/rehabilitative procedures for hearing and balance disorders.
The course work must be sufficient in depth and breadth to reflect achievement of appropriate knowledge and skills outcomes.

(3) Certification from the educational institution specified in subdivision (2) that the applicant has completed a minimum of one thousand eight hundred twenty (1,820) clock hours of supervised clinical practicum, including a clinical experience that is equivalent to a minimum of twelve (12) months of full-time supervised experience obtained during completion of his or her audiology doctoral degree program. Supervised clinical practicum hours must be supervised by an individual meeting the requirements for Indiana licensure in audiology.

(4) The official score report from the Professional Examination Service certifying that the applicant has passed the examination in the area in which the applicant is applying for licensure, with a score of at least six hundred (600).

(5) A statement from the appropriate agency in each state where the applicant has been licensed, certifying whether or not disciplinary proceedings:
(A) have ever been initiated; or
(B) are presently pending; against the applicant.

(b) Instead of the documents required in subsection (a)(2) through (a)(5), the board may accept a certificate of clinical competence issued by either of the following:
(1) ASHA.
(2) Another board approved nationally recognized association for audiology in the area that meets the minimum requirements in subsection (a)(2) through (a)(5) in the area in which the applicant is applying for licensure.
Evidence of such certification shall be received by the board directly from the certifying agency with all fees borne by the applicant.

(c) An applicant who applies for licensure under IC 25-35.6-3-3(a) bears the burden of proving that the requirements of the state or territory in which the applicant currently is licensed are equivalent to those requirements set forth in IC 25-35.6. The applicant shall submit the following:
(1) The documentation required by subsection (a).
(2) Any other information required by the board to make a determination as to whether the requirements of the other state or territory are equivalent to those set forth in IC 25-35.6.

(d) An applicant shall be notified in writing of the results of the evaluation of the applicant's application for license.

(e) An applicant who seeks licensure in both speech-language pathology and audiology must file an application in both areas as provided by IC 25-35.6-1-3.

(f) An application shall be considered abandoned if the applicant does not complete the requirements for licensure within one (1) year from the date on which application was filed. An application submitted subsequent to an abandoned application shall be treated as a new application.

(g) In addition to the requirements set forth in this section, an applicant for licensure shall pass a written examination on the Indiana audiology statutes and rules. A score of at least seventy-five (75) is passing.

(880 IAC 1-1-3 Waiver of examination; exemption from licensure requirements (Repealed)
Sec. 3. (Repealed by Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; filed Dec 15, 1989, 5:00 p.m.: 13 IR 901)

880 IAC 1-1-3.1 Clinical fellowship
Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2
Sec. 3.1. (a) An individual preparing to enter the clinical fellowship must notify the board by filing:

(1) a form provided by the licensing agency; and
(2) the application fee provided by section 5 of this rule;
before the beginning date of the clinical fellowship.

(b) The clinical fellowship shall consist of nine (9) months full-time employment or its equivalent not to exceed a maximum period of eighteen (18) consecutive months.

(c) A clinical fellowship of fewer than fifteen (15) hours per week will not fulfill any part of the supervised experience requirement.

(d) Clinical fellowship supervision must entail the personal and direct involvement of the supervisor in any and all ways that will permit the clinical fellowship supervisor to:
(1) monitor;
(2) improve; and
(3) evaluate;
the clinical fellow's performance in professional employment.

(e) A person completing the supervised professional experience shall practice only speech-language pathology using the designation clinical fellow.
(f) A clinical fellow shall not supervise support personnel.

(g) A clinical fellowship supervisor assumes professional responsibility for services provided by the clinical fellow under his or her supervision.

(h) A clinical fellow must do the following:

1. Report any change in supervision to the board within thirty (30) days of that change.

2. Submit the appropriate application.

(i) A person who completes a clinical fellowship may not practice as a speech-language pathologist or an audiologist until the person has been:

1. Approved for licensure by the board; and

2. Issued a license by the licensing agency.

(j) A person completing the clinical experience requirement may not hold himself or herself out as:

1. A speech-language pathologist as set forth in IC 25-35.6-1-2(c); or

2. An audiologist as set forth in IC 25-35.6-1-2(e).

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-1-3.1; filed Dec 15, 1989, 5:00 p.m.: 13 IR 900; filed Jun 9, 1994, 2:00 p.m.: 17 IR 2355; readopted filed Nov 9, 2001, 3:18 p.m.: 25 IR 1345; readopted filed Jul 19, 2007, 12:51 p.m.: 20070808-IR-88007069RFA; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.: 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)

880 IAC 1-1-4 Speech pathology and audiology aides; registration; maximum number; supervision (Repealed)

Sec. 4. (Repealed by Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; filed Feb 3, 1987, 12:30 pm: 10 IR 1275)

880 IAC 1-1-5 Fees

Authority: IC 25-1-8-2; IC 25-35.6-2-2

Affected: IC 25-35.6-3-7

Sec. 5. The following fees apply to licensed speech-language pathologists and audiologists:

1. Application/issuance fee (nonrefundable) $150

2. License renewal (December 31 of each odd-numbered year) $100

3. Support personnel registration $50

4. Renewal of support personnel registration (annually on December 31) $25

5. Registration of an individual participating in a supervised experience year $50

6. Duplicate license $10

7. Verification of licensure $10


880 IAC 1-1-6 Denial, suspension, and revocation of licenses; unprofessional conduct; conviction of crime; disciplinary action

Authority: IC 25-1-9; IC 25-35.6-2-2

Affected: IC 25-1-9-4; IC 25-1-9-16; IC 25-35.6-3-5.1

Sec. 6. (a) The board may refuse to issue a license to, or may suspend or revoke the license of, any person who has been guilty of unprofessional conduct within the meaning of IC 25-1-9-4. In addition to the general specifications encountered in IC 25-1-9-4, unprofessional conduct shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

1. Violating or conspiring to violate or aiding or abetting any person to violate the provisions of IC 25-35-6.

2. Committing a dishonest or fraudulent act as a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist.

3. Diagnosing or treating individuals for speech or hearing disorders by mail or telephone unless the:

   A. individual has been previously examined by the licensee; and

   B. diagnosis or treatment is related to the examination.

4. Incompetence or negligence in the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology that:

   A. has endangered; or

   B. is likely to endanger; the health, welfare, or safety of the public.

(b) The board may order a license suspended or revoked, or may decline to issue a license, if an applicant or licensee has been convicted of a crime within the meaning of IC 25-1-9-4 or IC 25-1-9-16. Upon the suspension or revocation of a license on the grounds that the licensee has been convicted of a crime, the board, in evaluating the rehabilitation of the person and his or her eligibility for licensure, will consider the following:

1. The nature and severity of the act or acts that resulted in the suspension or revocation of his or her license.

2. The extent of time elapsed since the commission of the act or acts that resulted in the suspension or revocation.

3. Whether the person has committed any act or acts that if done by a licensee would be grounds for suspension or revocation of a license since the date of suspension or revocation.

4. Whether the person has done any act or acts involving dishonesty, fraud, or deceit with the intent to substantially:

   A. benefit himself, herself, or another; or

   B. injure another; since the date of the suspension or revocation.

5. Whether the person has complied with any or all conditions of:

   A. probation or restitution; or

   B. any other civil or criminal sanction; imposed against him or her as a result of the act or acts, including such administrative penalties and conditions of probation as have been imposed on him or her by the board.

6. Any other evidence of rehabilitation and eligibility for licensure that the person submits.

(c) Disciplinary action taken by this board will be reported to the Indiana department of education.


880 IAC 1-1-7 Ethical practice standards; competency standards

Authority: IC 25-35.6-2-2

Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-5

Sec. 7. The preservation of the highest standards of integrity and ethical principles is vital to the successful discharge of the responsibilities of all licensees. These standards of ethical practice have been promulgated by the board in an effort to highlight the fundamental rules considered essential to this basic purpose. It is the responsibility of each licensee to advise the board of instances of violation of the principles incorporated in this section.

(a) For purposes of the standards of professional conduct, ethics and competent practice of speech pathology or audiology, the following definitions apply:

1. "Professional incompetence" may include, but is not limited to, a pattern or course of repeated conduct by a practitioner demonstrating a failure to exercise such reasonable care and diligence as is ordinarily exercised by practitioners in the same or similar circumstances in the same or similar locality.

2. "Practitioner" means a person who holds a license in speech pathology and/or audiology issued by the board.
(b) The ethical responsibilities of the licensee require that the welfare of the person served professionally be considered paramount.

(1) The licensee who engages in clinical work must possess appropriate qualifications. Qualifications are provided by IC 25-35.6-1-5 and 880 IAC 1-1-3 (880 IAC 1-1-3 was repealed filed Dec 15, 1989, 5:00 p.m.: 13 IR 901.)

(A) The licensee must only provide services for which he is properly qualified through professional education, training, and/or experience.

(B) Any person who has not completed his professional preparation must not provide speech or hearing services except in a supervised clinical practicum situation as a part of his training. A licensee holding a clinical position and taking graduate work is not, for the purpose of this section, regarded as a student in training.

(2) The licensee must follow acceptable patterns of professional conduct in his relations with the persons he serves. The licensee shall not:

(A) Guarantee the results of any speech or hearing consultative or therapeutic procedure. A guarantee of any sort, expressed or implied, oral or written, is contrary to professional ethics. A reasonable statement of prognosis may be made.

(B) Diagnose or treat individuals' speech or hearing disorders by correspondence. This does not preclude follow-up by correspondence of individuals previously seen, nor does it preclude providing the persons served professionally with general information of an educational nature.

(C) Reveal to unauthorized persons any confidential information obtained from his client without permission.

(D) Exploit persons he serves professionally: (i) by accepting them for treatment where benefit cannot reasonably be expected to accrue; (ii) by continuing treatment unnecessarily; (iii) by charging exorbitant fees.

(3) The licensee should use every resource available, including referral to other specialists as needed, to effect as much improvement as possible in the persons he serves.

(4) The licensee must take every precaution to avoid injury to the persons he serves professionally.

(c) The duties owed by the licensee to other professional workers are many. The licensee should:

(1) Seek the freest professional discussion of all theoretical and practical issues but avoid personal invective directed toward professional colleagues or members of allied professions.

(2) Establish harmonious relations with members of other professions. He should endeavor to inform others concerning the services that can be rendered by members of the speech and hearing profession and in turn should seek information from members of related professions. He should strive to increase knowledge within the field of speech and hearing.

(d) The licensee has other special responsibilities. The licensee:

(1) Must guard against conflicts of professional interest.

(2) Must not engage in commercial or professional activities that conflict with his responsibilities to the persons he serves professionally or to his colleagues.

(3) Should help in the education of the public regarding speech and hearing problems and other matters lying within his professional competence.

(4) Should seek to provide and expand services to persons with speech and hearing handicaps, and to assist in establishing high professional standards for such programs.


880 IAC 1-1-8 Continuing professional education; rationale; definitions; responsibilities (Repealed)

Sec. 8. (Repealed by Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; filed Dec 2, 1987, 9:26 am: 11 IR 1297)

Rule 2. Aides (Repealed)

(Repealed by Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; filed Oct 6, 2003, 5:15 p.m.: 27 IR 537)

Rule 2.1. Support Personnel

880 IAC 1-2.1-1 Definitions

Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2

Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2; P.L.212-2005, SECTION 80

Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this rule:

(1) "Board" means the speech-language pathology and audiology board.

(2) "Direct supervision" of support personnel means on-site, in-view observation and guidance by the supervising speech-language pathologist while an assigned therapeutic activity is being performed.

(3) "Licensing agency" means the Indiana professional licensing agency.

(4) "SLP" means a speech-language pathologist.

(5) "SLP aide" means a speech-language pathology aide.

(6) "SLP assistant" means a speech-language pathology assistant.

(7) "SLP associate" means a speech-language pathology associate.

(8) "SLP support personnel" means the following:

(A) Speech-language pathology aides.

(B) Speech-language pathology associates.

(C) Speech-language pathology assistants.

(9) "Supervisor", when referring to support personnel, means a person who:

(A) holds a current Indiana license as a speech-language pathologist issued by the board or the professional standards board as provided for in P.L.212-2005, SECTION 80; and

(B) has been approved by the board to supervise support personnel as provided by IC 25-35.6-1-2(g).

(10) "Support personnel" means a person employed under the direction and authority of the supervising licensed speech-language pathologist. This rule applies to all SLP aides, SLP associates, and SLP assistants when providing direct client services in the area of speech-language pathology intervention.

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2.1-1; filed Oct 6, 2003, 5:15 p.m.: 27 IR 534; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.: 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)

880 IAC 1-2.1-2 Educational requirements for SLP aide

Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2

Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2

Sec. 2. The minimum educational requirement for an SLP aide shall be a high school degree or equivalent.

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2.1-2; filed Oct 6, 2003, 5:15 p.m.: 27 IR 534; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.: 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)

880 IAC 1-2.1-3 Educational requirements for SLP associate

Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2

Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2

Sec. 3. (a) The minimum educational requirement for an SLP associate is an associate degree or its equivalent from an accredited institution in the area for which the applicant is requesting to be registered.
(b) As used in this section, "equivalent" means having completed the following:

1. A minimum of a sixty (60) semester credit hours in a program of study that includes the following:
   (A) General education.
   (B) The specific knowledge and skills for a speech-language pathology associate.

2. A minimum of twenty-four (24) credit hours of the sixty (60) semester hours required must be completed in general education. The general education curriculum shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
   (A) Oral and written communication.
   (B) Mathematics.
   (C) Computer applications.
   (D) Social sciences.
   (E) Natural sciences.

3. A minimum of twenty-four (24) credit hours of the sixty (60) semester credit hours required must be completed in technical content areas. Technical content course work provides students with knowledge and skills to assume the job responsibilities and core technical skills for the speech-language pathology associate and must include the following:
   (A) Instruction about normal processes of communication.
   (B) Instruction targeting the practices and methods of service delivery that are specific to speech-language pathology associates.
   (C) Instruction regarding the treatment of communication disorders.
   (D) Instruction targeting the following workplace behavior and skills:
      (i) Working with clients or patients in a supportive manner.
      (ii) Following supervisor's instructions.
      (iii) Maintaining confidentiality.
      (iv) Communicating with oral and written forms.
      (v) Following established health and safety precautions.
   (E) Clinical observation.
   (F) A minimum of one hundred (100) clock hours of supervised field experience that provides the applicant with appropriate experience for learning speech-language pathology associate-specific:
      (i) Job responsibilities; and
      (ii) Workplace behaviors;
   (G) Hearing disorders.

4. A minimum of one hundred (100) clock hours of supervised field experience is required and must include the following:
   (A) Speech disorders.
   (B) Language disorders.
   (C) Hearing disorders.

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2.1-3; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.: 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)

880 IAC 1-2.1-4 Application for registration
Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2
Sec. 4. (a) The application for approval of an SLP support personnel must be:

1. made on a form provided by the licensing agency; and
2. submitted to the board by the SLP support personnel with all documentation as requested.

(b) The application must contain the following information:

1. The supervisor's:
   (A) name;
   (B) address;
   (C) phone number; and
   (D) current Indiana license number.

2. The name and location of where services will be performed.

3. A detailed description of the responsibilities assigned to the SLP support personnel.

4. A certified statement from the supervisor that the SLP support personnel will be supervised as required by IC 25-35.6-1-2 and this rule.

5. A certified statement from the SLP support personnel that he or she may not perform any activity as specified in section 7 of this rule.

6. A certified statement from the supervisor listing which of the tasks specified in section 8 of this rule the SLP support personnel may perform.

7. An application fee as specified in section 5 of this rule.

8. Official transcripts from an educational institution documenting the following:
   (A) SLP aide: Proof of a high school degree or equivalent.
   (B) SLP associate: Proof of an associate's degree in communication disorders or its equivalent from an accredited institution.
   (C) SLP assistant: Proof of a bachelor's degree in communication disorders or its equivalent from an accredited institution.

9. Any other information as required by the board.

(c) When an application has been approved by the board, a certificate of registration will be issued by the licensing agency.

(d) An SLP aide, SLP associate, or SLP assistant may not begin work before his or her application has been approved by the board.

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2.1-4; filed Oct 6, 2003, 5:15 p.m.: 27 IR 534; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.: 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)

880 IAC 1-2.1-4.1 Social Security numbers
Authority: IC 4-1.8-1; IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2
Sec. 4.1. (a) An applicant who applies for a license, certificate, or permit under IC 25-35.6-1 must submit to the board the applicant's United States Social Security number.

(b) No application for a license, certificate, or permit will be approved before the Social Security number is submitted to the board.

(c) The licensing agency and the board will release the applicant's Social Security number as provided in state or federal law.

(d) The licensing agency and the board may allow access to the Social Security number of each person who holds a license, certificate, or
permit issued under IC 35.6-1 or has applied for a license, certificate, or permit under IC 25-35.6-1 to the following:
(1) A testing service that provides the examination for licensure to the licensing agency or the boards.
(2) An individual state regulatory board or an organization composed of state regulatory boards for the applicant's or licensee's profession for the purpose of coordinating licensure and disciplinary activities between the individual states.

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2.1-4.1; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.: 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)

880 IAC 1-2.1-5 Report change of information
Authority: IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2
Sec. 5. The supervisor must report any change in activities or supervision at the time the change occurs by submitting a new application and fee as specified in section 4 of this rule within fourteen (14) days.

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2.1-5; filed Oct 6, 2003, 5:15 p.m.: 27 IR 535; readopted filed Dec 1, 2009, 9:14 p.m.: 20091223-IR-880090786RFA)

880 IAC 1-2.1-6 Renewal of registration
Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2
Sec. 6. (a) A registration issued under section 2 of this rule expires on December 31 of each year. Support personnel must renew the registration by submitting the following:
(1) A renewal form provided by the licensing agency.
(2) A fee as specified in 880 IAC 1-1-5.
(b) In order to avoid any interruption of work activity, a registration must be renewed before December 31 of each year.
(c) Information submitted with the renewal form shall include the following:
(1) The nature and extent of the:
(A) functions performed; and
(B) training completed;
by the SLP support personnel during the preceding year.
(2) Any other information required by the board.
(d) The supervisor must report any change in information required by subsection (a) to the board at the time the change occurs by submitting the following:
(1) A new application.
(2) The fee as specified in 880 IAC 1-1-5.
(e) SLP support personnel may not continue working after their registration has expired. Any such continuation will constitute a violation of this section.
(f) If a supervisor does not renew the SLP support personnel registration on or before December 31, the registration becomes invalid. The supervisor must submit the following:
(1) A new application.
(2) The fee as specified in section 4 of this rule.


880 IAC 1-2.1-7 Activities prohibited by the SLP support personnel
Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2
Sec. 7. SLP support personnel may not perform any of the following activities:
(1) Administer:
(A) standardized or nonstandardized diagnostic tests; or
(B) formal or informal evaluations;

or interpret test results.
(2) Participate in:
(A) parent conferences;
(B) case conferences; or
(C) any interdisciplinary team;
without the presence of the supervisor or other licensed speech-language pathologist designated by the supervisor.
(3) Provide patient/client or family counseling.
(4) Write, develop, or modify a patient's or client's individualized treatment plan in any way.
(5) Assist with a patient or client without:
(A) following the individualized treatment plans prepared by the supervisor; or
(B) access to supervision.
(6) Sign any formal documents, for example, any of the following:
(A) Treatment plans.
(B) Reimbursement forms.
(C) Reports.
However, the SLP support personnel may sign or initial informal treatment notes for review and cosignature by the supervisor if specifically asked to do so by the supervisor.
(7) Select patients or clients for services.
(8) Discharge a patient or client from services.
(9) Disclose clinical or confidential information either orally or in writing to anyone other than the supervisor.
(10) Make referrals for additional service outside the scope of the intervention setting.
(11) Communicate with:
(A) the patient;
(B) the client;
(C) the family; or
(D) others;
regarding any aspect of the patient or client status or service without the specific consent of the supervisor.
(12) Counsel or consult with:
(A) the patient;
(B) the client;
(C) the family; or
(D) others;
regarding the patient or client status or service.
(13) Represent himself or herself as a speech-language pathologist.

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2.1-7; filed Oct 6, 2003, 5:15 p.m.: 27 IR 535; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.: 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)

880 IAC 1-2.1-8 Tasks that may be delegated to the SLP support personnel
Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2
Sec. 8. The following tasks may be delegated to SLP support personnel if the tasks have been planned by the supervisor and the SLP support personnel have been provided with adequate training to perform the task competently:
(1) Assist the supervisor with speech-language and hearing screenings (without interpretation).
(2) Follow documented treatment plans or protocols developed by the supervisor.
(3) Document patient or client performance and report information to the supervising SLP, for example, the following:
(A) Tallying data for the speech-language pathologist.
(B) Preparing the following:
(i) Charts.
(ii) Records.
(iii) Graphs.
(4) Assist the supervisor during assessment of patients or clients.
(5) Assist with informal documentation as directed by the supervisor.
(6) Assist with clerical duties, such as:
   (A) preparing materials; and
   (B) scheduling activities;  
as directed by the supervisor.
(7) Perform checks and maintenance of equipment.
(8) Support the supervisor in the following:
   (A) Research projects.
   (B) Inservice training.
   (C) Public relations programs.
(9) Assist with the following departmental operations:
   (A) Scheduling.
   (B) Record keeping.
   (C) Safety and maintenance of supplies and equipment.
(10) Collect data for quality improvement.
(11) Exhibit compliance with the following:
   (A) Regulations.
   (B) Reimbursement requirements.
   (C) SLP aide, SLP associate, and SLP assistant job responsibilities.

(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2.1-8; filed Oct 6, 2003, 5:15 p.m.; 27 IR 536; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.; 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)

880 IAC 1-2.1-9 Supervisors; responsibilities
Authority: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-2
Sec. 9. (a) Before utilizing SLP support personnel, the supervisor shall carefully delineate the role and tasks of the SLP support personnel, including the following:
   (1) Specific lines of responsibility and authority.
   (2) Assurance that the SLP support personnel are responsible only to the supervisor in all patient/client activities. The supervisor must assess individual patient/client needs when deciding the appropriateness of a support personnel service delivery model.
   (b) When SLP support personnel assist in providing treatment, the supervisor of the SLP support personnel shall do the following:
      (1) The supervisor of the SLP aide shall provide direct supervision a minimum of twenty percent (20%) weekly for the first ninety (90) days of work and ten percent (10%) weekly thereafter. The supervisor must:
        (A) be physically present within the same building as the SLP aide whenever direct client care is provided; and
        (B) directly provide a minimum of thirty-three percent (33%) of the patient's or client's treatment weekly.
      (2) The supervisor of the SLP associate shall provide direct supervision a minimum of twenty percent (20%) weekly for the first ninety (90) days of work and ten percent (10%) weekly thereafter. Supervision days and times should be alternated to ensure that all patients/clients receive direct treatment from the supervisor at least once every two (2) weeks. At no time should an SLP associate perform tasks when a supervisor cannot be reached by:
        (A) personal contact;
        (B) telephone;
        (C) pager; or
        (D) other immediate means.
      (3) The supervisor for the SLP assistant shall provide direct supervision a minimum of twenty percent (20%) weekly for the first ninety (90) days of work and ten percent (10%) weekly thereafter. Supervision days and times should be alternated to ensure that all patients/clients receive direct treatment from the supervisor at least once every two (2) weeks. At no time should an SLP assistant perform tasks when a supervisor cannot be reached by:
        (A) personal contact;
        (B) telephone;
        (C) pager; or
        (D) other immediate means.
   (4) The supervisor must determine supervision needs. The amount of supervision may be increased depending on the:
      (A) competency of the SLP support personnel;
      (B) needs of the patients or clients served; and
      (C) nature of the assigned tasks.
   (5) Determine the responsibilities assigned to the SLP support personnel based upon the:
      (A) educational level;
      (B) training; and
      (C) experience;
      of the support personnel.
   (6) Evaluate each patient or client before treatment.
   (7) Outline and direct the specific program for the clinical management of each client serviced by the SLP support personnel.
   (8) Every five (5) working days, review all data and documentation on clients seen for treatment by the SLP support personnel.
   (9) Ensure that, at the termination of services, the case is reviewed by the speech-language pathologist responsible for the client.
   (c) The supervisor shall not permit SLP support personnel to make decisions regarding the:
      (1) diagnosis;
      (2) management; or
      (3) future disposition;
      of clients.
   (d) The supervisor must officially designate SLP support personnel as such on all clinical records.
   (e) The supervisor must be present when the SLP support personnel provide direct client treatment outside the designated practice setting.
   (f) The supervisor may designate a licensed speech-language pathologist to supervise SLP support personnel under his or her supervision during vacation periods or illness, but for not longer than a thirty (30) day period.
   (g) Within ten (10) days after the termination of the supervision of SLP support personnel, the supervisor:
      (1) shall notify the board, in writing, of the:
         (A) termination; and
         (B) date of the termination; and
      (2) may designate a licensee to serve as an interim supervisor for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days upon approval of the board.
      An interim supervisor is not required to pay a fee for the thirty (30) day period.
   (h) A supervisor may not supervise more than two (2) SLP support personnel at one (1) time.
   (i) In order to supervise SLP support personnel, a speech-language pathologist must:
      (1) hold a current license as a speech-language pathologist as issued by the board for a minimum of two (2) years before registering and supervising SLP support personnel; and
      (2) have at least three (3) years of clinical experience.
   (j) A supervisor assumes professional responsibility for services provided under their supervision.
(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2.1-9; filed Oct 6, 2003, 5:15 p.m.; 27 IR 536; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.; 20080924-IR-880070671FRA)
880 IAC 1-2.1-10 SLP aides previously registered under 880 IAC 1-2
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Sec. 10. SLP aides previously registered under 880 IAC 1-2, which
meet the educational requirements of:
(1) section 2 of this rule, shall be registered as an SLP aide;
(2) section 3 of this rule, shall be registered as an SLP associate;
and
(3) section 3.1 of this rule, shall be registered as an SLP assistant;
without the necessity of filing an additional application under section 4 of
this rule.
(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-2-110;
filed Oct 6, 2003, 5:15 p.m.: 27 IR 537; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.:
20080924-IR-880070671FRA)

Rule 3. Continuing Education for Renewal of License (Repealed)
(Repealed by Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; filed
Dec 15, 1989, 5:00 p.m.: 13 IR 901)

Rule 3.1. Renewal of License; Continuing Education

880 IAC 1-3.1-1 Renewal of license
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Sec. 1. (a) A renewal application shall be submitted to the licensing
agency on or before December 31 of each odd-numbered year on a form
provided by the licensing agency. The application shall be accompanied
by the following:
(1) The renewal fee required by 880 IAC 1-1-5.
(2) Evidence of the continuing education required by section 2 of this
rule.
(b) A person who holds a license in speech-language pathlogy or
audiology, or both, must renew each license biennially as required by IC
25-35.6-3-6.
(c) A license that is not renewed on or before December 31 of each
odd-numbered year becomes invalid. The license may be reinstated
within three (3) years of the date of expiration by:
(1) submitting the renewal fee and penalty fee required by 880 IAC
1-1-5; and
(2) the continuing education required by section 2 of this rule.
(d) A license that has been invalid for more than three (3) years may
not be reinstated.
(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-3-1-1;
filed Dec 15, 1989, 5:00 p.m.: 13 IR 900; readopted filed Nov 9, 2001,
3:18 p.m.: 25 IR 1345; readopted filed Jul 19, 2007, 12:51 p.m.:
20070808-IR-880070669FRA)

880 IAC 1-3.1-2 Continuing education
Affected: IC 25-35.6-2-2
Sec. 2. (a) Thirty-six (36) clock hours of continuing education are
required for license renewal as a speech-language pathologist or an
audiologist.
(b) The continuing education requirement may be satisfied by
participating in the following activities:
(1) Educational programs presented by state scientific and
professional organizations.
(2) University courses taken beyond those required for initial
licensure if the course content pertains to the practice of speech-
language pathology or audiology.
(3) Lectures or workshops, live or telecast, if the educational
program is relevant to the practice of speech-language pathology or
audiology.
(4) Self-study, including:
(A) journals and books;
(B) audio tapes;
(C) films and video tapes;
(D) visits to facilities;
(E) meetings with other professionals; and
(F) writing articles for publication.
However, the learning experiences derived from clauses (A) through
(F) must pertain to the practice of speech-language pathology or
audiology and no more than six (6) hours of the continuing education
requirement may be acquired through self-study.
(c) A licensee is not required to complete continuing education
requirements for the year in which the initial license is issued.
(d) Continuing education clock hours must be obtained within the
biennial renewal period and may not be carried over from one (1)
licensure period to another.
(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-3-1-2;
filed Dec 15, 1989, 5:00 p.m.: 13 IR 900; readopted filed Nov 9, 2001,
3:18 p.m.: 25 IR 1345; readopted filed Jul 19, 2007, 12:51 p.m.:
20070808-IR-880070669FRA)

880 IAC 1-3.1-3 Responsibilities
Affected: IC 25-35.6-1-8; IC 25-35.6-2-2
Sec. 3. A licensee must do the following:
(1) Confirm the continuing education required by section 2 of this
rule at the time of license renewal on a form provided by the
licensing agency.
(2) Retain a record of completion of the continuing education
required by section 2 of this rule for four (4) years.
(3) Present verification of completion of continuing education
required by section 2 of this rule upon request by the board.
(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-3-1-3;
filed Dec 15, 1989, 5:00 p.m.: 13 IR 900; readopted filed Nov 9, 2001,
3:18 p.m.: 25 IR 1345; readopted filed Jul 19, 2007, 12:51 p.m.:
20070808-IR-880070669FRA; filed Aug 25, 2008, 3:07 p.m.: 20080924-
IR-880070671FRA)

880 IAC 1-3.1-4 Penalty for noncompliance
Affected: IC 25-35.6-2-2
Sec. 4. The board will not issue a renewal license to a licensee who
fails to comply with section 2 of this rule.
(Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Board; 880 IAC 1-3-1-4;
filed Dec 15, 1989, 5:00 p.m.: 13 IR 900; readopted filed Nov 9, 2001,
3:18 p.m.: 25 IR 1345; readopted filed Jul 19, 2007, 12:51 p.m.:
20070808-IR-880070669FRA)

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