

**RULES OF CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE
CIRCUIT COURTS
HENRY COUNTY, INDIANA**
(Updated effective 1/1/2025)

LOCAL RULES OF TRIAL PROCEDURES

LR33-TR3.1-1 APPEARANCES

(A) **FILING.** Properly completed and signed appearance forms shall be filed in all actions pursuant to Indiana T.R. 3.1. An appearance, on the prescribed form, must be filed with the court to represent a party at a hearing and to receive notices from the Court. Each pleading, motion or other document filed, shall clearly identify the name, attorney number, address, telephone number and facsimile number of the attorney (if facsimiles are accepted), attorneys or pro se litigant filing the same and shall designate the party for whom an attorney appears. The Clerk shall note all appearances on the Chronological Case Summary (hereinafter referred to as the CCS) maintained by Odyssey.

(B) **PETITIONS TO WITHDRAW** Counsel desiring to withdraw an appearance in any pending action shall file a petition requesting leave of Court to do so. Permission to withdraw shall be given only after the petitioning attorney has given his or her client ten (10) days written notice of the intent to withdraw. A copy of said written notice shall be attached to the petition. The written notice to the client shall contain the client's complete mailing address and shall explain to the client that failure to secure new counsel or appear may result in dismissal of the client's case or in the rendering of a default judgment, and shall further delineate other pertinent information such as any pending trial date, hearing date and any pleading, discovery or other pre-trial deadline(s).

(C) **PETITIONS ACCOMPANIED BY APPEARANCE OF OTHER COUNSEL.** A petition to withdraw appearance, accompanied by the proper appearance of other counsel, or where one has been recently filed, shall constitute a waiver of the requirements of (B) of this rule.

(D) **TENDERED ORDER.** At the time of filing a petition to withdraw, counsel shall tender to the Court an order granting the petition and ordering the relief sought with sufficient addressed envelopes to non-local attorneys and any unrepresented parties.

LR33-TR4.15 ELECTRONIC RETURN RECEIPT

The Henry County Clerk shall be authorized to utilize a process for return of certified mail through an electronic version in accordance with USPS Postal Bulletin 22137 as an electronic return receipt. The Courts hereby designate this means of service as meeting the requirements of the Trial Rules governing service.

LR33-TR6-1 MOTIONS - FOR ENLARGEMENT OF TIME

(A) INITIAL MOTIONS. An initial written motion for enlargement of time to respond to a claim, pursuant to T.R. 6(B)(1), shall be automatically granted, allowing an additional thirty (30) days from the original due date.

(B) SUBSEQUENT MOTIONS. Any subsequent motions for enlargement of time to respond to a claim, pursuant to T.R. 6(B)(1), shall be supported with a written statement of specific reasons why a second or subsequent extension is required. Further, the motion shall clearly indicate in the heading that is a second, third etc., motion for enlargement of time. The Court, upon its own discretion, may allow opposing counsel an opportunity to respond to subsequent motions for enlargement of time.

(C) CONTENTS OF MOTION. Any motion filed pursuant to this rule shall state the date when such response is due and the date to which time is requested to be enlarged. If the motion is not filed on or before the original due date it shall state specific reasons why it is not timely.

(D) TENDER OF ORDER. All motions for enlargement of time shall be accompanied by a tendered order sustaining same. The order tendered upon initial motions for enlargement of time shall recite the specific date, 30 days in advance, to which the time is extended. Subsequent motions for enlargement of time shall contain appropriate blank date lines for the Court's completion.

LR33-TR7-1 MOTIONS - GENERAL

(A) NOTICE. When a motion requires notice of hearing, a Notice of Hearing form shall be provided. The time and date of hearing shall be left blank and fixed by the Court unless previously arranged with Court staff.

(B) HEARINGS ON MOTIONS. As a general rule, hearings on motions will not be scheduled unless required by the Indiana Rules of Civil Procedure, e.g., Summary Judgment. All hearings set on motions, other than those required by the Rules of Civil Procedure, shall be within the discretion of the Court and may be set on the Court's own motion or upon the request of any party unless the Court deems a hearing to be necessary.

Where hearings upon motions are required by the Indiana Rules of Civil Procedure, the Court will set hearing upon said motions at the time of filing. Parties may, however, waive hearing upon said motions by filing with the Court, simultaneous with said filing, a written "WAIVER OF HEARING" upon a page separate from and not incorporated in the pleading or motion. Where a hearing has been set, if all parties consent to a waiver of hearing, the hearing will be stricken.

(C) REQUEST FOR HEARINGS. Any party may request hearing upon a motion, but the granting of a hearing is discretionary with the Court, except where required by the Indiana Rules of Civil Procedure. When a hearing is requested, the request shall be made by filing with the Court a written "REQUEST FOR HEARING" upon a page separate from and not incorporated in a pleading or motion. Requests for hearing should be made in proper pleading form and not by

correspondence to the Court Administrator.

LR33-TR10-1 PREPARATION OF PLEADINGS, MOTIONS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

(A) TITLES AND SUB-TITLES. All pleadings and orders shall be titled to delineate each topic included in the pleading, and further specificity shall be provided by placing subtitles within the body of the pleading, e.g., where a pleading contains an Answer, a Counterclaim, a Cross-claim, a Motion to Dismiss, a Motion to Strike or a Jury Request. The abbreviation (H.I.) should not be used in pleadings.

(B) SIGNATURES AND REQUIRED INFORMATION. Neither typewritten signatures nor facsimile signatures shall be accepted on original documents. Facsimile signatures are, however, permitted on copies and facsimile filing. All pleadings shall contain the written signature and attorney number of the individual attorney, his or her printed signature, the name, if appropriate, of the law firm, complete address and telephone number (including zip and area codes respectively), and a designation as to the party for whom he or she appears.

(C) NUMBER OF COPIES. All documents submitted to the Court shall be accompanied by sufficient copies to provide retention of the original by the Clerk (plus one additional copy of orders for retention in the RJO) and copies for all parties or attorneys of record with stamped envelopes. Adequate copies must be furnished where a request is made for service by law enforcement authorities, i.e., protective orders.

(D) COPIES TO SPECIAL JUDGE. In the event a Special Judge is selected, and appointed, the Clerk shall notify such Judge of the appointment, shall furnish such Judge with copies of all pending pleadings and forward the same to the Special Judge, as well as a copy of the CCS pertaining to the cause. Once a Special Judge has qualified, parties shall mail or deliver to the Special Judge, copies of all pleadings, motions, briefs or other papers filed thereafter with a certificate of forwarding same made a part of the original documents.

(E) REPRODUCTIONS. Xeroxed, printed, photocopies and form pleadings will be accepted only if clearly typed or printed and are legible, understandable and unaltered by strikeover or erasures and in compliance with section (A) of this Rule.

LR33-TR12-1 MOTIONS - RULE 12

(A) BRIEFS. All motions filed pursuant to T.R. 12 (Motions to Dismiss, Motion to Strike etc.) shall be accompanied by a brief. An adverse party shall have 15 days after service of the movant's brief to file an answer brief. Failure to timely file briefs shall subject all motions filed pursuant to T.R. 12 to summary ruling.

(B) EXTENSIONS OF TIME. All requests for extensions of time for filing briefs or similar action shall be timely filed and shall be accompanied by a tendered order with sufficient copies as prescribed in Rule 3.

LR33-TR16-1 CIVIL PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCES

(A) REQUIREMENT. A Pre-Trial Conference shall be conducted by the Court in civil cases pursuant to the following rules:

- 1) In Cases Triable by Jury: Upon motion of any party; or upon order of the Court.
- 2) In Cases Triable by the Court: Within the sole discretion of the Court. A party may request a Pre-Trial Conference in a case triable by the Court, but shall specifically state reasons in said request.

(B) CONFERENCE OF ATTORNEYS. The Conference of Attorneys provided for in Trial Rule 16(C) is encouraged, but not required. In the event a Conference of Attorneys is held, plaintiff's counsel shall prepare, in advance of the Pre-Trial Conference, a statement regarding the conference of attorneys and forward same to opposing counsel for their approval. Said statement shall then be filed with the Court at the time of the Pre-Trial Conference.

(C) ORDER FOR PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCE. Notice of the setting of the Pre-Trial Conference shall be given by written order of the Court.

(D) MEANS OF CONDUCTING CONFERENCE. The Court shall designate within the text of the Order for Pre-Trial Conference whether the conference is to be held by telephone or by personal appearance in Court by counsel of record for the parties. The Court will encourage Pre-Trial Conferences by telephone calls placed by counsel or CourtCall. It shall be the obligation of the plaintiff to place the call and to coordinate same with opposing counsel.

(E) AGENDA. The Court may attach to the Order for Pre-Trial Conference a written agenda delineating matters to be considered at the Pre-Trial Conference. The Pre-Trial Conference will be held pursuant to that agenda and the provisions of T.R. 16. Counsel shall be prepared to address those matters contained in the agenda at the Pre-Trial Conference.

(F) PRE-TRIAL ORDER. Following the Pre-Trial Conference, the Court may request that counsel prepare and tender a proposed Pre-Trial Order or, in the alternative, the Court itself may prepare and forward to counsel a Pre-Trial Order. In all cases, however, the letter and intent of such Pre-Trial Order shall be strictly complied with by all counsel and parties.

LR33-TR26-1 CIVIL DISCOVERY RULES

(A) USE OF COPY. In the event it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the original of a deposition or request for discovery or response thereto cannot be filed with the Court when required, the Court may allow use of a copy instead of the original.

(B) MOTIONS TO SHORTEN TIME TO RESPOND. A motion requesting that the Court shorten the time period for response to discovery shall specifically set forth reasons for the request. Any such motion shall be accompanied by a tendered order containing blank lines for the Court's use in establishing the response date. Such motions shall specifically set forth why the

shortened response time is necessary. Lack of diligence on the part of the requesting party may result in a summary denial of the request.

LR33-TR26-2 SIGNATURES AND CERTIFICATION

For discovery filed with the Court in seeking sanction or an order compelling, every request for and response to discovery shall be signed by a party as required by the Indiana Rules of Civil Procedure and shall further be signed by at least one attorney of record in his or her individual name. A party who is not represented by an attorney shall sign the request or response and state his or her specific address and phone number. Signature(s) shall constitute a certification that the signing person(s) has read the request or response and that, to the best of that person's knowledge, information and belief formed after a reasonable inquiry, such request, answer or objection is:

- (1) warranted by existing law or constitutes a good faith attempt to extend, modify or reverse existing law;
- (2) for no improper purpose, such as harassment, unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation; and
- (3) not unreasonable, unduly burdensome or expensive, given the needs of the case, the prior discovery in the case, the amount in controversy, and the importance of the issues at stake in the litigation.

Upon the failure to certify a request or response, or certification which is in violation of this Rule, the Court, on motion of party or upon its own initiative, may impose appropriate sanctions.

LR33-TR26-3 DISCOVERY CONFERENCE AND DISCOVERY MATERIALS

(A) **DISCOVERY CONFERENCE.** At any time after commencement of an action, the Court may direct the attorneys for the parties to appear before it for a conference on the subject of discovery. The Court may do so upon motion by the attorney for any party if the motion is accompanied by a discovery plan which includes:

- (1) A statement of the issues as they then appear;
- (2) A proposed schedule of discovery;
- (3) Any limitations proposed to be placed on discovery;
- (4) Any proposed orders with respect to discovery; and
- (5) A statement showing that the attorney making the motion has made a reasonable effort to reach agreement with opposing attorneys on the matters set forth in the motion. Each party and his attorney are under a duty to participate in good faith in the framing of a discovery plan proposed by the attorney for any party. Notice of the motion shall be served on all parties. Objections or additions to matters set forth in the motion shall be served no later than ten (10) days after service of the motion.

(B) **DISCOVERY CONFERENCE ORDER.** Subsequent to the conference, the Court will enter a discovery conference order which will encompass the following:

- (1) A tentative identification of the issues;
- (2) Plan and schedule for discovery;
- (3) Recitation of limitations, if any, on discovery;
- (4) Allocation of expenses, as may be deemed necessary for the proper management of discovery in the action;
- (5) Any other matters relating to discovery.

A Discovery Conference order may be altered or amended when justice requires.

LR33-TR32-1 DEPOSITIONS

(A) DVDs. Subject to the Court's right to impose sanctions pursuant to T.R. 37, all DVDs and any expense incurred in placing said DVDs in evidence at the time of trial shall be paid for by the moving party and not be taxed as Court costs. When DVDs are offered into evidence, the offering party shall file with the Court a transcript of the testimony contained therein.

(B) AGREED USE OF DEPOSITIONS IN LIEU OF TESTIMONY AT TRIAL. Attorneys frequently express the opinion or belief that depositions are taken for discovery purposes only, the concept of "discovery deposition" does not exist in the trial rules. The Court, however, desires to encourage the taking of depositions with the anticipation that they may be used in lieu of oral testimony at time of trial. In the event an agreement to use depositions in such manner is reached, pursuant to T.R. 32(A)(3)(f), such agreement shall be noted within the context of the deposition. This rule is not to be construed as a limitation on the use of depositions at trial under those circumstances delineated in T.R. 32(A)(3).

LR33-TR33-1 INTERROGATORIES

(A) NUMBER LIMITED. Interrogatories propounded pursuant to T.R. 33 shall be limited in number to a total of twenty-five (25) with no more than four (4) subparagraphs per interrogatory. Subparagraphs shall relate directly to the subject matter of the interrogatory. Interrogatories shall be used solely for the purpose of discovery and shall not be used as a substitute for the taking of a deposition. For good cause shown, and upon leave of Court first obtained, additional interrogatories may be propounded.

(B) ANSWERS AND OBJECTIONS. Answers and objections to interrogatories under T.R. 31 or 33 shall set forth in full the interrogatories being answered or objected to immediately preceding the answer or objection with the interrogatory numbers identified.

(C) INTERROGATORIES NUMBERED AND DUPLICATED FORMS. All interrogatories shall be consecutively numbered and be applicable to the cause in which the same are filed and served. No Xeroxed or otherwise duplicated forms containing interrogatories shall be served unless they comply with the provisions of this Rule.

LR33-TR37-1 MOTIONS TO COMPEL

(A) DISCOVERY AND PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS. The Court encourages cooperation of counsel in effecting informal discovery and compliance with discovery requests in a timely manner.

(B) TENDERED ORDER. A motion to compel discovery shall be accompanied by a tendered order compelling discovery with blank date lines for use by the Court in setting a deadline for compliance.

(C) AWARD OF EXPENSES OF MOTION PURSUANT TO T.R. 37(A)(4). A party, who seeks an award of expenses or attorney's fees in conjunction with the filing of a Motion to Compel, shall make said request in a separate written petition. The petition will not, however, be summarily granted. The opposing party shall have a period of ten (10) days after service of the petition in which to respond and request a hearing.

A failure to respond may result in a summary granting of the petition. The Court may, however, in its discretion, set hearing upon any such petition and response.

(D) CONTENT OF MOTIONS TO COMPEL AND RESPONSES.

(1) Motions to Compel. All motions to compel discovery shall contain the precise question or request propounded and the responsive answer or objection.

(2) Responses to Motions. All responses to motions to compel discovery shall set forth the respective question or request propounded and the response or objection. Additionally, a recitation of the legal grounds in support of the response shall be provided.

(3) Summary Ruling. Motions to compel and responses or objections which merely make reference to the moving party's discovery motion and the opposing party's response or objection shall be subject to summary ruling.

LR33-TR52-1 FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

In all cases where counsel has requested findings of fact and conclusions of law under Trial Rule 52, counsel shall be required to submit proposed findings and conclusions both in written form and in an electronic format as requested by the Court.

LR33-TR53.5-1 CONTINUANCES.

(A) **GENERAL.** Motions for continuance are discouraged. Parties are not entitled to continuances as a matter of right, and the granting of a continuance for one party does not entitle opposing parties to a continuance as a matter of right.

(B) **MOTION.** A Motion for Continuance, unless made in open Court, shall be in writing and verified unless the Court directs otherwise. The motion shall set forth the date and time of the existing hearing and the specific reasons for the requested continuance. A motion which contains only general assertions, e.g., “Unavailability” or “other commitments”, with no additional specificity may be subject to summary denial.

(C) **SIGNING REQUIREMENT BY PARTY TO SUIT.** The Court may require any written Motion for Continuance to be signed by the party requesting the continuance in addition to counsel.

(D) **TIME FOR FILING.** Motions for Continuance shall be filed as soon after the cause for continuance is discovered by the party seeking same, and no later than five (5) business days before the date assigned for trial, unless the reasons therefor are shown by affidavit to have occurred within said five (5) day period. Faxed motions for Continuance filed less than five days prior to a hearing and which are contested by the opposing party must state an emergency basis for continuance or are subject to summary denial.

(E) **CONSULTATION WITH OPPOSING COUNSEL.** Prior to filing a Motion for Continuance, the movant’s counsel shall contact all opposing counsel of record and apprise them of the fact that a continuance will be sought and the reasons for the same. A Motion for Continuance shall recite that a consultation was sought and the position of opposing counsel to the sought continuance. Mere statements that attempts to reach opposing counsel have been unsuccessful without showing specific follow-up attempts may result in a summary denial of the motion.

(F) **BY AGREEMENT OF COUNSEL.** Where all counsel of record agree to the continuance, such agreement shall be submitted to the Court in a denominated “Agreed Motion for Continuance” signed by all counsel of record or by recitation within the text and title of the Motion that all counsel agree. Agreed Motions should be filed at least seven (7) days before the date of the hearing where feasible in order to permit the Court to schedule other matters.

(G) **PAYMENT OF COSTS.** The Court, in its discretion, may assess any costs and expenses necessarily incurred by the Court or parties as a result of continuances or delays.

(H) **TENDER OF ORDER.** All Motions for Continuance shall be accompanied by a tendered order sustaining same. The order shall identify the date and time of the existing hearing to be vacated and reset and contain appropriate blanks for the continued hearing to be completed by the Court.

LR33-TR56-1 MOTIONS - SUMMARY JUDGMENT

(A) MOTIONS FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT - BRIEFS. Motions for Summary Judgment shall be accompanied by a brief. An adverse party shall have thirty (30) days after service of the movant's brief to file an Answer brief and any opposing affidavits. Extensions of time for filing briefs shall be granted only by order of the Court. When opposing counsel is unrepresented, the moving counsel shall provide a form notice under T.R. 56.

(B) MATERIAL IN SUPPORT OF AND IN OPPOSITION TO SUMMARY JUDGMENT. At or prior to the time of filing a Motion for Summary Judgment and Brief in support thereof or an opposing brief, counsel shall insure, that all supporting or opposing materials, including affidavits, are made a part of the record in the cause.

(C) BRIEFS. Briefs in support of and in opposition to Motions for Summary Judgment shall make specific reference to materials relied upon to support or oppose the Motion. Wherever feasible, copies of said materials should be attached to the respective briefs of the parties. When reference is made in a brief to a pleading, counsel shall indicate to the Court the filing date of said pleading. When reference is made to interrogatories or deposition, copies of the pertinent questions and answers shall be attached to the brief. Failure to comply with the provisions of this rule shall subject such motions and responses to summary ruling.

(D) TIME FOR FILING MOTIONS. Although the rules of civil procedure permit early filing of Motions for Summary Judgment, counsel should refrain from filing Motions for Summary Judgment until discovery is sufficiently complete to permit a proper assessment of the Motion and Response. When Motions for Summary Judgment are prematurely filed, the Court may delay ruling and hearing thereon until a time subsequent to the Pre-trial Conference.

(E) WAIVER OF HEARING. The provisions of Rule 4(C) hereof, permitting waivers of hearings, shall apply to Motions for Summary Judgment.

(F) UNTIMELY MOTIONS FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT. Due to congestion of Court calendars, any Motion for Summary Judgment filed less than thirty (30) days before the trial may not be considered by the Court.

(G) PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT.

- (1) Any Motion for Partial Summary Judgment shall be accompanied by proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law.
- (2) Responses to Motions for Partial Summary Judgment shall similarly be accompanied by proposed findings of fact which reflect the genuine issues which a party contends exist in a cause.
- (3) Each finding shall be accompanied by specific reference to the material that supports said finding.

(4) Conclusions of law shall make reference to statutory or case citations supporting same.

The Court reserves the right to request proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law when it determines that pursuant to the filing of a general Motion for Summary Judgment, a Partial Summary Judgment may be in order.

LR33-TR73-1 TELEPHONE CONFERENCING.

(A) PURPOSE AND SETTING. In order to expedite the Court's business, the Court encourages in conjunction with Trial Rule 73, the use of telephone conferencing for the hearing of motions, for the conducting of Pre-Trial Conferences and for other matters which may be reasonably conducted by use of telephone call placed by counsel or CourtCall and shall be set at the discretion of the Court upon the Court's motion or upon request of a party.

(B) HEARING ON MOTIONS. Within ten (10) days after receipt of the notice of hearing, any party may request that the Court conduct the hearing in a manner different from that established in the notice. In the event, the Court sets hearing upon a motion by means of a telephone conference, it shall be the obligation of the party requesting their appearance by telephone, or moving party to arrange and place the call at the time designated by the Court.

LR33-TR79-1 SPECIAL JUDGE IN CIVIL AND JUVENILE CASES

In the event a special judge is selected under Trial Rule 79, Sections (D) (E) or (F) does not accept the case or a judge disqualifies and recuses under Trial Rule 79(C), then the clerk of the court shall appoint on a rotating basis a special judge from the following list of regular judges in the respective courts:

CIVIL CASES:

- a. Henry Circuit Court 1
- b. Henry Circuit Court 2
- c. Henry Circuit Court 3
- d. Delaware Circuit Court No. 1
- e. Delaware Circuit Court No. 2
- f. Delaware Circuit Court No. 3
- g. Delaware Circuit Court No. 4
- h. Delaware Circuit Court No. 5
- i. Magistrate of the Delaware Circuit Court
- j. Jay Superior Court
- k. Jay Circuit Court
- l. Randolph Superior Court
- m. Randolph Circuit Court
- n. Blackford Superior Court
- o. Blackford Circuit

JUVENILE CASES:

- a. Delaware Circuit Court No. 2
- b. Blackford Circuit Court
- c. Jay Circuit Court
- d. Randolph Circuit Court
- e. Henry Circuit Court 1
- f. Henry Circuit Court 2

In the event that a special judge selected from the rotating list be ineligible for, disqualified from or excused from appointment then the clerk of the court shall select (on the rotating basis) the next judge on the list. In the event that no judicial officer within the above list is eligible to serve as special judge or the particular circumstances of the case warrant selection of a special judge by the Indiana Supreme Court, the judge of the Court in which the case is pending shall certify the matter to the Indiana Supreme Court for appointment of a special judge.

The Henry County Clerk shall maintain separate civil and juvenile lists, in the order of rotation as set forth in this rule, from which to determine the appropriate appointment in civil and juvenile cases.

RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

LR33-AR1(E)-7 CRIMINAL CASE ASSIGNMENT

The criminal case assignment for all offenses allegedly occurring prior to July 1, 2014 shall be filed pursuant to the Henry County Local Rules effective January 1, 2013.

All misdemeanor cases shall be filed in Henry Circuit Court 3.

All Level 6 felonies shall be filed in Henry Circuit Court 2 except the following: which shall be filed in Circuit Court 3:

1. Battery, I.C. 35-42-2-1.
2. Theft, I.C. 35-43-4-2
3. Habitual Violator of Traffic Laws, I.C. 9-30-10-16
4. Operating a Vehicle While Intoxicated, I.C. 9-30-5 et.seq.,
5. Resisting Law Enforcement, I.C. 35-44.1-3-1
6. Domestic Battery, I.C. 35-42-2-1.3

All Level 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 Felonies shall be filed randomly in Henry Circuit Court 1 or Henry Circuit Court 2. The case shall be assigned according to the highest level charge. Cases filed against other defendants arising out of the same fact situation which are joinable by law shall be filed in the same court, unless the case is a misdemeanor which shall be filed in Henry Circuit 3.

All homicide cases shall be filed alternately in Henry Circuit Court 1 and Henry Circuit Court 2. The first such homicide shall be filed in Henry Circuit Court 1 with the second in Henry Circuit Court 2 alternating thereafter. The order of filing shall continue on an alternate basis according to the existing rule in effect prior to the adoption of these rules.

In the event that a filing in Henry Circuit Court 3 causes the Judge in that Court to believe that the matter cannot be tried within 3 days or less, then that Judge shall have the option of causing that case to be reassigned to either Henry Circuit Court 1 or Henry Circuit Court 2. The case to be reassigned will be sent to the Henry County Clerk's office for reassignment based upon the random manner set forth herein.

The Henry County Clerk shall maintain a computer system for randomly assigning criminal cases in Henry Circuit 1 & Henry Circuit 2.

Once a case has been assigned in accordance with the provisions set out herein, the case cannot be assigned to another judge by dismissal and refiling if the second filing is based on the same underlying incident.

BAIL BOND SCHEDULE

The attached bond schedule dated December 28, 2012, remains in effect for any case that is filed for an offense that occurred prior to July 1, 2014

This bond schedule applies to all cases filed in the Henry Circuit Courts to the setting of bond on warrants issued on all criminal informations or indictments, unless otherwise specified by court order or on the warrant.

OFFENSE CLASS	CASH AMOUNT +	SURETY AMOUNT
Murder	No bond	No bond
Level 1 Felony	\$4,000.00	\$75,000
Level 2 Felony	\$2,500.00	\$30,000
Level 3 Felony	\$2,000.00	\$20,000
Level 4 Felony	\$1,500.00	\$10,000
Level 5 Felony	\$ 750.00	\$ 7,500
Level 6 Felony	\$ 350.00	\$ 5,000
Sex offenses ➤ Child molesting ➤ Vicarious sexual gratification ➤ Sexual misconduct with a minor ➤ Rape	No bond until hearing within 48 hours regarding conditions	No bond until hearing within 48 hours regarding conditions
A misdemeanor	\$300.00	\$4,000.00
B misdemeanor	\$150.00	\$1,000.00
C misdemeanor	\$150.00	\$500.00
Non-resident of Indiana/ HO	Double regular bond	Double regular bond
DWS, Driving While Suspended, A misd.	\$350.00	

BONDS ARE CUMULATIVE: If multiple charges are filed, the bond applied shall be the total amount required for all charges except for the following: if multiple non-fatal OWI charges are filed, only the highest class bond shall be imposed for all the OWI charges.

IMPAIRED PERSONS: No person shall be released with a breath alcohol level of .08% or higher who appears to be under the influence. A law enforcement agency may use the chart set out in I.C. 35-33-1-6 to determine the minimum number of hours an impaired person should be detained prior to release pending trial.

EXCEPTIONS: This bond schedule shall not be used for, nor be applicable to, the following cases:

- a) Sex offenses where bond and no contact conditions are to be determined at a hearing.
- b) Any person arrested on a “crime of domestic violence” with an element of physical force or the threatened use of a deadly weapon where a 12 hour hold shall be applied prior to the posting of bond.

PROPERTY BONDS: All property bonds shall be granted only after notice is sent to the prosecuting attorney and counsel for the defense and a hearing is conducted to determine whether such bonds are proper.

ADJUSTMENT OF BOND: All bonds are subject to being adjusted by the court at hearing pursuant to statute and application by counsel of record. If there is a difference between the amount of bond posted prior to the issuance of a probable cause order, the order shall govern the amount of bond. However, overpayments may not result in refunds to the defendant. If a defendant is arrested for a separate criminal offense while released on a prior posted bond, the release on the prior posted bond may be revoked by the Court.

The Sheriff of Henry County is hereby ordered to abide by this bond schedule for all criminal offenses filed or to be filed in the Henry County Courts. This bail bond schedule supersedes all previous Bail Bond Schedules ordered by the Henry County Courts.

NO CONTACT PROVISIONS: Pursuant to I.C. 35-33-8-3.2(a)(4), a person who is arrested for any of the attached offenses shall be held for 12 hours before release from custody, unless released sooner pursuant to a court order. The release of such person on bail shall be conditioned upon the person having no direct or indirect contact with the alleged victim of the offense pursuant to the attached order. During regular court business hours, the Prosecuting Attorney, alleged victim or advocate may petition for a no contact order or ex parte protective order. If a no-contact order is needed at times other than regular court business hours, the Prosecuting Attorney or the Sheriff may contact a Judge and request release of the arrested person on bond or an oral authorization for a no-contact order, which shall be reduced to a written no-contact order and submitted to the Judge on the next business day of the Court. Failure to seek written order may result in release of the no contact provision. The person to be released shall be notified of the no-contact conditions of the bond with receipt acknowledged by the person.

12 HOUR HOLD/NO CONTACT OFFENSES

Indiana Code	Offense	Indiana Code	Offense
I.C. 35-42-2-1	Battery	I.C. 35-42-2-1.3	Domestic Battery
I.C. 35-42-2-1.5	Aggravated Battery	I.C. 35-42-2-2	Crim. Recklessness
I.C. 35-42-2-3	Provocation	I.C. 35-42-2-6	Battery: Body Waste
I.C. 35-42-3-2	Kidnapping	I.C. 35-42-3-3	Confinement
I.C. 35-42-3-4	Custody Interference	I.C. 35-42-4-1	Rape
I.C. 35-42-4-2	Criminal Deviate conduct	I.C. 35-42-4-5	Vicarious sexual gratification
I.C. 35-42-4-4	Child exploitation	I.C. 35-42-4-3	Child molesting
I.C. 35-42-4-6	Child solicitation	I.C. 35-42-4-7	Child seduction
I.C. 35-42-4-8	Sexual battery	I.C. 35-42-4-9	Sexual misconduct
I.C. 35-43-2-1.5	Residential entry	I.C. 35-43-2-2	Criminal trespass
I.C. 35-45-2-1	Intimidation	I.C. 35-45-2-2	Harassment
I.C. 35-45-10-5	Stalking	I.C. 35-45-4-5	Voyeurism
I.C. 35-46-1-15.1	Invasion of privacy	I.C. 35-46-1-3	Incest

1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

a. Upon the entry of an appearance by an attorney for the Defendant, the State shall disclose and furnish all relevant items and information under this rule to the Defendant within thirty (30) days from the date of the appearance, subject to Constitutional limitations and such other limitation as the Court may specifically provide by separate order, and the Defendant shall disclose and furnish all relevant items and information under this rule to the State within ten (10) days after the State's disclosure.

b. No written motion is required, except:

- (1) To compel compliance under this rule
- (2) For additional discovery not covered under this rule;
- (3) For a protective order seeking exemption from the provisions of this rule; or,
- (4) For an extension of time to comply with this rule.

c. Although each side has a right to full discovery under the terms of this rule, each side has a corresponding duty to seek out the discovery. Failure to do so may result in the waiver of the right to full discovery under this rule.

2. STATE DISCLOSURES

a. The State shall disclose the following materials and information within its possession or control:

- (1) The names and last known addresses of persons whom the State intends to call as witnesses along with copies of their relevant written and recorded statements;
- (2) Any written, oral, or recorded statements made by the accused or by a co-defendant, and a list of witnesses to the making of statements;
- (3) If applicable, the State shall disclose the existence of grand jury testimony of any person whom the Prosecuting Attorney may call as a witness at any trial or hearing in the case. In addition, the State shall provide a copy of those portions of any transcript of grand jury minutes, within the State's possession, which contain the testimony of such witness or witnesses. If such transcripts do not exist, the Defendant may apply to the Court for an order requiring their preparation;
- (4) Any reports or statements of experts, made in connection with the particular case, including results of physical or mental examinations

and of scientific tests, experiments or comparisons;

- (5) Any books, papers, documents, photographs, or tangible objects that the Prosecuting Attorney intends to use in the hearing or trial or which were obtained from or belong to the accused; and,
- (6) Any record of prior criminal convictions that may be used for impeachment of the persons whom the State intends to call as witnesses at any hearing or trial.

b. The State shall disclose to the Defendant(s) any material or information within its possession or control that tends to negate the guilt of the accused as to the offenses charged or would tend to reduce the punishment for such offenses.

c. The State may perform these disclosure obligations in any manner mutually agreeable to the State and the Defendant. Compliance may include a notification to the Defendant or defense counsel that material and information being disclosed may be inspected, obtained, tested, copied, or photographed at a specified reasonable time and place.

3. DEFENDANT DISCLOSURES

a. Defendants' counsel (or Defendant where Defendant is proceeding pro se) shall furnish the State with the following material and information within his or her possession or control:

- (1) The names and last known addresses of persons whom the Defendant intends to call as witnesses along with copies of their relevant written and recorded statements;
- (2) Any books, papers, documents, photographs, or tangible objects Defendant intends to use as evidence at any trial or hearing;
- (3) Any medical, scientific, or expert witness evaluations, statements, reports, or testimony which may be used at any trial or hearing;
- (4) Any defense, procedural or substantive, which the Defendant intends to make at any hearing or trial; and,
- (5) Any record of prior criminal convictions known to the Defendant or defense counsel that may be used for impeachment of the persons whom the defense intends to call at any hearing or trial.

b. The Defendant may perform these disclosure obligations in any manner mutually agreeable to the Defendant and the State. Compliance may include a notification to the State that material and information being disclosed may be inspected, obtained, tested, copied, or photographed at a specified reasonable time and place.

4. ADDITIONS, LIMITATION AND PROTECTIVE ORDERS

a. Discretionary Disclosures: Upon written request and a showing of materiality, the Court, in its discretion, may require additional disclosure not otherwise covered by this rule.

b. Denial of Disclosure: The Court may deny disclosure required by this rule upon a finding that there is substantial risk to any person of physical harm, intimidation, bribery, economic reprisals, or unnecessary annoyance or embarrassment resulting from such disclosure.

c. Matters not subject to Disclosure

- (1) Work Product: Disclosure hereunder shall not be required of legal research or records, correspondence, reports, or memoranda to the extent of its legal or investigative staff, or of defense counsel or counsel's legal or investigative staff; and,
- (2) Informants: Disclosure of an informant's identity shall not be required where there is a paramount interest of non-disclosure and where a failure to disclose will not infringe upon the Constitutional rights of the accused. Disclosure shall not be denied hereunder of the identity of witnesses to be produced at trial or hearing. This rule does not supersede any existing case law in this area.
- (3) Protective Orders: Either the State or defense may apply for a protective order for non-disclosure of discovery required hereunder or any additional requested discovery.

5. DUTY TO SUPPLEMENT RESPONSES

The State and the Defendant are under a continuing duty to supplement the discovery disclosure required hereunder as required upon the acquisition of additional information or materials otherwise required to be disclosed hereunder. Supplementation of disclosures shall be made within a reasonable time after the obligation to supplement arises.

6. SANCTIONS UPON FAILURE TO COMPLY

Failure of a party to comply with either the disclosure requirements or the time limits required by this rule may result in the imposition of sanctions against the noncompliant party. These sanctions may include, but are not limited to, the exclusion of evidence at a trial or hearing.

In order to assure random selection of special judges in criminal cases, if a change of judge is required under Criminal Rule 12 or in the event of any type of recusal or disqualification in felony and misdemeanor cases, reassignment of a case to another judge shall be assigned in consecutive order from the following list of judges:

- a. Henry Circuit Court 1
- b. Henry Circuit Court 2
- c. Henry Circuit Court 3
- d. Delaware Circuit Court No. 1
- e. Delaware Circuit Court No. 2
- f. Delaware Circuit Court No. 3
- g. Delaware Circuit Court No. 4
- h. Delaware Circuit Court No. 5
- i. Magistrate of the Delaware Circuit Court
- j. Jay Superior Court
- k. Jay Circuit Court
- l. Randolph Superior Court
- m. Randolph Circuit Court
- n. Blackford Superior Court
- o. Blackford Circuit
- p. Madison Circuit Court 1
- q. Madison Circuit Court 2
- r. Madison Circuit Court 3
- s. Madison Circuit Court 4
- t. Madison Circuit Court 5
- u. Madison Circuit Court 6
- v. Madison Circuit Court Magistrate #1
- w. Madison Circuit Court Magistrate #2
- x. Madison Circuit Court Magistrate #3
- y. Hancock Circuit Court
- z. Hancock Superior Court 1
- aa. Hancock Superior Court 2
- bb. Magistrate of the Hancock Circuit & Superior Court
- cc. Rush Circuit Court
- dd. Rush Superior Court
- ee. Fayette Circuit Court
- ff. Fayette Superior Court
- gg. Wayne Circuit Court
- hh. Wayne Superior Court 1
- ii. Wayne Superior Court 2
- jj. Wayne Superior Court 3

kk. Magistrate of the Wayne Superior Court

Judges who have previously exercised jurisdiction in the case, except as a Pro-Tem or while acting as a Senior Judge, shall not be eligible for reassignment as a Judge.

In the event a judge is not available for assignment from such list or the particular circumstances of the case warrant selection of a Special Judge by the Indiana Supreme Court, the case shall be certified to the Indiana Supreme Court for the appointment of a Special Judge pursuant to

Administrative Rule 21(B).

The Henry County Clerk shall maintain a separate Criminal Special Judge list, in the order of rotation as set forth in this rule, from which the regular sitting judge can determine the appropriate appointment in criminal cases.

Cases shall be automatically transferred by the Clerk to the Court of the Henry County Judge if a Henry County Judge is selected as Special Judge in both civil and criminal proceedings.

JURY RULES

LR33-JR1-1 JURIES

It is the intent of the Henry County Courts of Record to establish a jury system that will be less of a burden on the citizenry, economically feasible and efficient and allow more citizens to participate in the justice system. The courts hope to make jury duty educational and meaningful for citizens while minimizing disruptions to their lives.

If selected and sworn for a trial, the juror serves for the duration of the trial. If not selected that day, the individual is excused. In either case, the juror will not be eligible to be summoned again for a period of no less than 24 months from the date of the juror's summons.

LR33-JR1-2: Definitions

Jury Administrator

Jury Administrator means the Bailiff and any appointed persons, e.g., Court Administrator or Clerk, who administers the jury assembly process.

Jury Pool

Annual pool of names selected from Henry County lists approved by the Supreme Court (Supreme Court Rule No. 2).

Jury Panel

Names randomly selected from the Jury Pool as needed to establish names for jury qualification and selection.

Sub-panel

Prospective names randomly selected from the Jury Panel who qualify to serve as jurors and are summoned to appear for a specific date.

LR33-JR1-3 Supervision

All Henry County judges will supervise the jury system processes.

LR33-JR1-4 Term of Service:

A person who appears for service as a petit juror serves until the conclusion of the first trial in which the juror is sworn, regardless of the length of the trial or the manner in which the trial is disposed.

A person who:

- (1) serves as a juror, or
- (2) serves until jury selection is completed but is not chosen to serve as a juror, may not be selected for another jury panel until all nonexempt persons on the jury panel have been called for jury duty unless said juror requests, in writing, to remain eligible.

LR33-JR1-5 Random Draw:

The courts have authorized a “computerized random jury selection system” pursuant to I.C. 33-4-11-10.

Annually (and at such other times as the judges deem necessary), the judges will prepare a written order to draw Circuit Courts’ grand and petit jurors for the upcoming year. The order or orders shall be filed with the Clerk of Courts with a copy to the Jury Administrators and Bailiffs. Grand juries shall rotate between Circuit Court 1 and Circuit Court 2.

LR33-JR1-6 Petit Jurors:

The Bailiff for each court shall draw qualified jurors from the Jury Panel and summons the persons so chosen. The number of petit jurors contained in a sub-panel for civil and/or criminal

cases shall be as directed by the judges.

LR33-JR1-7 Qualifications:

In order to be eligible for jury service a person shall state under oath that he or she is:

1. A citizen of the United States;
2. At least 18 years of age;
3. A resident of Henry County, Indiana;
4. Able to read, speak and understand the English language;
5. Not suffering from a physical or mental disability that prevents him or her from rendering satisfactory jury service;
6. Not under guardianship appointment because of mental incapacity;
7. Not a person who has had rights to vote revoked by reason of a felony convictions and whose right to vote have not been restored by law; and
8. Not a law enforcement officer, if the trial is for a criminal case.

LR33 JR1-8 Deferral

Deferral is a request to be relieved from any instance of jury service. Upon showing undue hardship, extreme inconvenience or public necessity, a qualified juror may request a deferral of jury service to a time not to exceed twelve (12) months from original selection.

Every summons sent to prospective jurors will include instructions to follow when requesting to be deferred. The facts supporting a request for deferral must be recorded under oath or affirmation pursuant to Indiana Jury Rule 8. The preferred practice is for the juror to mail or fax a written request under oath; however, in emergency situations the Court or the Court Staff may file an Affidavit of Contact by Prospective Juror recording information received from the prospective juror which has been affirmed under penalties of perjury by the prospective juror. The request for deferral must be received by the court and acted upon prior to the commencement of voir dire in the trial from which the juror seeks deferral. The written request for deferral or oral record of evidence shall be retained for a period of two years in the manner provided by this plan under the record keeping section. Deferral request received after the commencement of voir dire in the trial for which a juror was called shall not be approved.

LR33-JR1-9 Juror Safety and Privacy:

Personal information not disclosed in open court is confidential, other than for the use of the parties and counsel during the trial. The Court will collect all juror questionnaires at the conclusion of the trial.

LR33-JR1-10 Record Keeping:

The record of names drawn, jurors qualified, and juror deferrals shall be maintained by the Bailiff. The method for maintaining juror records will follow protocol established to comply with all applicable Indiana Code either in hard copy or digital format. All jury related data will be archived for a period of no less than two (2) years.

LR33-JR1-11 Sanctions for Non-Compliance:

The judges may at such times as they deem necessary impose penalties pursuant to I.C. 33-4-11-16(b), I.C. 33-4-11-17 and I.C. 33-4-11-24 for non-compliance.

FAMILY LAW

LR33-FL00-1 FAMILY COURT RULES

(A) CHILD SUPPORT WORKSHEET AND CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE. All divorcing parents with children must attend the required "Parents Apart, Parenting Together" or equivalent program and provide the court with the original certificate of attendance at the commencement of their final hearing or accompanying their Waiver of Final Hearing. The parties must also file a child support worksheet to accompany their Decree of Dissolution of Marriage and Income Withholding Order if the parties have children and there is a child support order. The Court may, in its discretion, continue the Final Hearing or withhold entering the Final Decree for failure to attend the required class.

(B) CONTESTED FINAL HEARINGS. At contested final hearings, counsel are directed to prepare and submit a list of assets, list of debts, and proposed distribution of assets and debts indicating those items which are in dispute along with any other supporting documents or exhibits.

Requests for exemption from this rule will be handled on a case by case basis.

(C) DECREE OF DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE INVOLVING MINOR CHILDREN. The written decree must state that the non-custodial parent is responsible for the annual child support docket fee. Two original copies of the decree must be tendered along with sufficient copies for all counsel and parties if unrepresented. The decree must also provide for the payment of uninsured medical expenses pursuant to the child support rules. A child support worksheet and Income Withholding Order must be attached to all decrees.

(D) DECREE PREPARED SUBSEQUENT TO HEARING. A decree prepared following a hearing at the direction of the court shall be prepared by Counsel for the Petitioner and submitted to counsel for the Respondent who shall both sign the Decree "Approved as to Form."

(E) UNRECORDED HEARINGS. Hearings scheduled in provisional matters, IV-D Child Support Matters, Contempt Citation and Visitation matters are not recorded and are set for a maximum of 15 minutes with only the parties as witnesses. If a party desires to have the matter recorded, has additional witnesses or believes the matter will take longer than 15 minutes then a continuance should be requested and the matter set on another day.

(F) GUARDIAN AD LITEMS. The Courts shall utilize the Henry County Guardian Ad Litem/CASA office for the appointment of a Guardian Ad Litem. A separate order will be issued by the court and the CASA appointed by the Court should file a written report with the court, with a copy to all counsel and parties of record, within 2 days of any scheduled hearing. The Guardian Ad Litem should be available for hearing.

SMALL CLAIMS RULES

LR33-SC00-1 SMALL CLAIMS COURT RULES

Current Small Claims Court Rules as promulgated by the Indiana Judicial Center can be obtained online at www.in.gov/judiciary/pubs/smallclaims.html.

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

LR33-AR00-01 COUNTY CASELOAD ALLOCATION PLAN

01-10 The Circuit Courts of Henry County have adopted a rule for criminal random filing (LR33-CP00-1). While it is the intent to allow the citizens and bar to have flexibility in filing all other types of cases, the Courts now adopt this rule setting forth certain limitations on filing in order to comply with Indiana Supreme Court Administrative Rule 1(E). This rule shall be subject to the family court rules in existence for filing and transfer of cases.

01-20 All small claims and eviction (EV(small claims docket)) cases shall be filed in Circuit Court 3.

01-30 All CHINS cases and termination of parental rights (JT) cases shall be filed in Circuit Court 1 along with all other miscellaneous juvenile matters. All Sex Offender Registry and Civil Cases filed by inmates at the New Castle Correctional Facility shall be filed in Circuit Court 2.

01-40 All civil plenary (PL), civil collections (CC), civil evictions (EV(civil docket)), dissolution of marriage and paternity actions shall be filed in Circuit Court 1 or Circuit Court 2. Pro-se dissolution of marriage actions shall be filed alternately in Circuit Court 1 and in Circuit Court 2. Paternity actions filed by the prosecuting attorney shall be filed in such a manner as to approximate an equal division of such cases between Circuit Court 1 and Circuit Court 2.

01-50 Protective order actions shall be assigned by the Clerk in such a manner as to approximate a division of such cases between Circuit Court 1 and Circuit Court 2 except that protective orders involving cases where the parties in the protective order case are involved in a dissolution of marriage, paternity or prior protective order action in this county, the protective order case shall be filed in the same court where the dissolution, paternity or prior protective order case is pending. Existing protective order cases shall be transferred to the court where any dissolution of marriage or paternity action is later filed involving the same parties. If a protective order application is denied then all further applications for a protective order involving the same parties shall be filed in the same court and shall note on the application the cause number of the previously denied application.

01-60 The judges of the Henry Circuit Courts shall meet at least annually for the purpose of reviewing the weighted caseload of each court or at any other time as may be necessary to comply with the orders of the Indiana Supreme Court.

LR33-AR00- 1 LATE PAYMENT FEE ON FINES AND COSTS

The Henry County Clerk shall be permitted to collect a late payment on fines and costs pursuant to I.C. 33-19-6-20.

LR33-AR09- 2 INTERNET POSTING OF NON-CONFIDENTIAL COURT INFORMATION

The Henry County Clerk shall be permitted to seek and obtain approval from the Division of State Court Administration for the posting of non-confidential court information on the Internet after obtaining written approval from the judges and showing compliance with Administrative Rule 9. The Henry County Clerk shall seek appropriate renewals and approval of the Courts to remain in compliance and shall comply with Administrative Rule 9.

LR33-AR00-3 DISPOSITION OF TRIAL MATERIALS

(A) MATERIALS NOT IN EVIDENCE. Trial materials left in the courtroom following trial and not admitted into evidence will not be the responsibility of the Court or the Court Reporter. Counsel and parties are responsible for removing all materials related to the trial which were not offered into evidence.

(B) MATERIALS OFFERED AND/OR ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE. The Court Reporter will retain all trial materials admitted into evidence or offered into evidence. Such materials will be disposed of pursuant to the Supreme Court Rules regarding retention of exhibits as follows:

- (1) During period less than 60 days following Judgment: Materials will be released by the Court Reporter to a party or the parties counsel within the 60-day period following judgment in which a Motion to Correct Errors might be filed, only by written agreement of all parties or counsel; or upon Order of the Court pursuant to application. When parties are permitted to withdraw exhibits, receipts should be prepared in advance for signature and provided to the Court Reporter in exchange for the exhibits withdrawn.
- (2) More than 60 days following Judgment: Exhibits and trial materials will be released to counsel or parties pursuant to a receipt executed by counsel and upon proof that 10 days' prior notice has been given to opposing counsel. The Court Reporter may dispose of trial materials at any time after 60 days following judgment, provided 10 days' notice is given to all counsel of record.

LR33-AR15- 4 COURT REPORTERS

(1) *Court Reporter* is a person who is specifically designated by a court to perform the official court reporting services for the court including preparing a transcript of the record.

(2) *Equipment* means all physical items owned by the court or other governmental entity and used by a court reporter in performing court reporting services. Equipment shall include, but not be limited to, telephones, computer hardware, software programs, disks, tapes, and any other device used for recording and storing, and transcribing electronic data.

(3) *Work space* means that portion of the court's facilities dedicated to each court reporter, including but not limited to actual space in the courtroom and any designated office space.

(4) *Page* means the page unit of transcript which results when a recording is transcribed in the form required by Indiana Rule of Appellate Procedure 7.2.

(5) *Recording* means the electronic, mechanical, stenographic or other recording made as required by Indiana Rule of Trial Procedure 74.

(6) *Regular hours worked* means those hours which the court is regularly scheduled to work during any given work week. Depending on the particular court, these hours may vary from court to court within the county but remain the same for each work week.

(7) *Gap hours* worked means those hours worked that are in excess of the regular hours worked but hours not in excess of forty (40) hours per work week.

(8) *Overtime hours worked* means those hours worked in excess of forty (40) hours per work week.

(9) *Work week* means a seven (7) consecutive day week that consistently begins and ends on the same days throughout the year, i.e. Sunday through Saturday, Wednesday through Tuesday, Friday through Thursday.

(10) *Court* means the particular court for which the court reporter performs services. Court may also mean all of the courts in Henry County.

(11) *County indigent transcript* means a transcript that is paid for from county funds and is for the use on behalf of a litigant who has been declared indigent by a court.

(12) *State indigent transcript* means a transcript that is paid for from state funds and is for the use on behalf of a litigant who has been declared indigent by a court.

(13) *Private transcript* means a transcript, including but not limited to a deposition transcript that is paid for by a private party.

SECTION TWO. SALARIES, GAP TIME AND OVERTIME PAY

- (1) Court Reporters shall be paid an annual salary for time spent working under the control, direction and direct supervision of their supervising court during any regular fixed work hours. Subject to the approval of the county council, the amount of the annual salary shall be set by the Court.
- (2) The court reporter shall, if requested or ordered, prepare any transcript during regular work hours.
- (3) In the event that preparing a transcript cannot be completed during regular fixed work hours, the court reporter shall be entitled to additional compensation beyond regular salary under one of the two options set forth as follows:
 - (a)
 - (1) Gap hours shall be paid in the amount equal to the hourly rate of the annual salary; and
 - (2) Overtime hours shall be paid in the amount of one and one-half (1-1/2) times the hourly rate of the annual salary;
or
 - (b)
 - (1) Compensatory time off from regular fixed work hours shall be given in the amount equal to the number of gap hours worked; and
 - (2) Compensatory time off from regular fixed work hours shall be given in the amount of one and one-half (1-1/2) times the number of overtime hours worked.
- (4) The court and the court reporter shall freely negotiate between the two which of the options set forth in (3) above shall be applicable and the court and the court reporter shall enter into a written agreement which outlines the option utilized for the compensation of gap and overtime hours.
- (5) Each court reporter shall report, at least on an annual basis, all transcript fees received for the preparation of county indigent, state indigent or private transcripts to the Indiana Supreme Court Division of State Court Administration. The reporting shall be made on forms prescribed by the Division of State Court Administration.

SECTION THREE. PRIVATE PRACTICE

(1) If a court reporter elects to engage in private practice through the recording of a deposition and/or preparing of a deposition transcript, and the court reporter desires to utilize the court's equipment, work space and supplies, and the court agrees to the use of the court equipment for such purpose, the court and the court reporter shall enter into a written agreement which must, at a minimum, designate the following:

- (a) The reasonable market rate for the use of equipment, work space and supplies;
- (b) The method by which records are to be kept for the use of equipment, work space and supplies; and
- (c) The method by which the court reporter is to reimburse the court for the use of the equipment, work space and supplies.

(2) If a court reporter elects to engage in private practice through the recording of a deposition and/or preparing of a deposition transcript, all such private practice work shall be conducted outside of regular working hours.

SECTION FOUR. FEES

(1) The maximum per page fee a court reporter may charge for private practice work shall be Four Dollars (\$4.00) which shall be payable to the Henry County Treasurer.

(2) The maximum per page fee a court reporter may charge for the preparation of a private transcript shall be Four Dollars (\$4.00) which shall be payable to the Henry County Treasurer.

LR33-AR00-5

HENRY COUNTY COURT SERVICES Drug and Alcohol Program Fees

The Circuit Courts of Henry County, Indiana adopt the following amended schedule of fees for participants in the Courts' Alcohol and Drug Program. The amended fee schedule shall be effective October 27, 2018.

Assessment and Case Management	\$350.00
Basic Education	\$200.00
Advanced Education	\$200.00
Case Transfer	\$50.00
No Show/Reschedule Fee	\$20.00

- (1) A “Veterans Court” is established to provide specialized services, including: clinical assessment, education, referral for treatment, and service coordination and case management for eligible defendants and probationers as determined by its written policy and procedures.
- (2) The day-to-day operation and management of the Henry County Veterans Treatment Court shall be assigned to Henry Circuit Court 2.
- (3) All criminal charges shall be filed as otherwise provided in these local rules. However, after a charge has been filed, a judge may refer the defendant to Veterans Treatment Court, and if accepted by the Veterans Treatment Court, transfer the defendant’s case to Henry Circuit Court 2 for services in accordance with Veterans Treatment Court policy and procedures.
- (4) A judge may refer a probationer to Veterans Treatment Court, and if accepted by the Veterans Treatment Court, require a probationer to participate in Veterans Treatment Court as a condition of probation in accordance with Veterans Treatment Court policy and procedures.
- (5) Once a case is accepted into the Veterans Treatment Court from Henry Circuit Court 1 or Henry Circuit Court 3, said case shall remain Henry Circuit Court 2 and the Judge of Henry Circuit Court 2 shall retain jurisdiction of the case for any and all pending matters.
- (6) Those persons directed to participate in the Henry County Veterans Treatment Court shall pay a \$100 administrative fee as well as a problem-solving court services fee of \$50 commencing the second month and each month thereafter for participation in the Henry County Veterans Treatment Court in accordance with IC 33-23-16-23. The problem solving court or the clerk of the court shall collect and transmit these fees within thirty (30) days after the fees are collected, for deposit by the auditor or fiscal officer in the county user fee fund established under IC 33-37-8.

- (1) The Henry County Drug Court is established to utilize the tools of the criminal justice system to provide intense treatment and services to individuals arrested for crimes directly and/or indirectly related to substance abuse. By providing such treatment and services, participants will be provided with the tools necessary for rehabilitation and increase opportunities for success.
- (2) The day-to-day operation and management of the Henry County Drug Court shall be assigned to Henry Circuit Court 2.
- (3) All criminal charges shall be filed as otherwise provided in these local rules. However, after a charge has been filed, a judge may refer the defendant to Drug Court, and if accepted by Drug Court, transfer the defendant's case to Henry Circuit Court 2 for services in accordance with Drug Court policy and procedures.
- (4) Once a case is accepted into the Drug Court from Henry Circuit Court 1 or Henry Circuit Court 3, said case shall remain Henry Circuit Court 2 and the Judge of Henry Circuit Court 2 shall retain jurisdiction of the case for any and all pending matters.
- (5) Those persons directed to participate in Drug Court shall pay a \$100 administrative fee as well as a problem-solving court services fee of \$50 commencing the second month and each month thereafter for participation in Drug Court in accordance with IC 33-23-16-23. The problem-solving court or the clerk of the court shall collect and transmit these fees within thirty (30) days after the fees are collected, for deposit by the auditor or fiscal officer in the county user fee fund established under IC 33-37-8.