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# Appendix B

## Exhibit 1

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## Northern Indiana Public Service Company (NIPSCO) Demand-side Management (DSM) Market Potential Study for Electricity

**Revised Report** 

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#### SECTION 1

## Introduction

In October 2015, Northern Indiana Public Service Company (NIPSCO) retained Applied Energy Group (AEG) to conduct a Demand Side Management (DSM) Market Potential Study for electricity and natural gas. NIPSCO also retained Morgan Marketing Partners (MMP) to develop the DSM Program Potential based on the market potential study and to complete the overall benefit cost results based on the program potential as determined by the market potential study. Part of this study included an accounting for the exclusion of the large industrial customers that elected to opt-out of participation in NIPSCO's electric energy efficiency programs as allowed by Indiana Code (IC 8-1-8.5-9).

This report uses the information from the 2014 Forecast, conducted by AEG and MMP, and provides estimates of the potential reductions in annual electricity use and summer peak demand for electricity customers in the NIPSCO service territory from energy efficiency (EE) efforts from 2016 to 2036. The natural gas analysis is described in a separate report, "NIPSCO Demand-Side Management (DSM) Potential Study and Action Plan for Natural Gas."

To produce a reliable and transparent estimate of the DSM resource potential, the AEG team performed the following tasks to meet NIPSCO's key objectives:

- Used updated information and data from NIPSCO, as well as secondary data sources, to describe how customers use energy by sector, segment, end use and technology.
- Removed the commercial and industrial customers who had already opted out or who NIPSCO forecasted to opt out of EE programs as of January 1, 2016 as allowed by IC 8-1-8.5-9.
- Developed a baseline projection of how customers are likely to use electricity in the absence of future programs. The baseline provides the metric against which future program savings are measured. This projection utilized updated technology data, modeling assumptions, and energy baselines that reflect both current and anticipated federal, state, and local energy efficiency legislation that will impact DSM potential.
- Estimated the technical, economic, and achievable potential at the measure level for energy efficiency and demand response within the NIPSCO service territory over the 2016-2036 planning horizon, including annual energy savings and summer peak demand savings.

Morgan Marketing Partners used the measure-level savings estimates to develop program potential. The program potential includes budget and impact estimates for the subset of measures that fit these criteria. The final budgets and impacts are then run through cost-effectiveness modeling using the DSMore tool to finalize the cost-effective program savings potential.

#### Abbreviations and Acronyms

Throughout the report several abbreviations and acronyms are used. Table 1-1 shows the abbreviation or acronym, along with an explanation.

#### Table 1-1 Explanation of Abbreviations and Acronyms

Acronym	Explanation		
ACS	American Community Survey		
AEO	Annual Energy Outlook forecast developed by EIA		
AHAM	Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers		
AMI	Advanced Metering Infrastructure		
AMR	Automated Meter Reading		
Auto-DR	Automated Demand Response		
B/C Ratio	Benefit to Cost Ratio		
BEST	AEG's Building Energy Simulation Tool		
C&I	Commercial and Industrial		
CAC	Central Air Conditioning		
CFL	Compact Fluorescent Lamp		
СРР	Critical Peak Pricing		
DHW	Domestic Hot Water		
DLC	Direct Load Control		
DR	Demand Response		
DSM	Demand Side Management		
EE	Energy Efficiency		
EIA	Energy Information Administration		
EUL	Estimated Useful Life		
EUI	Energy Usage Intensity		
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission		
НН	Household		
HID	High Intensity Discharge Lamps		
HVAC	Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning		
ICAP	Installed Capacity		
IOU	Investor Owned Utility		
LED	Light Emitting Diode lamp		
LoadMAP	AEG's Load Management Analysis and Planning <sup>™</sup> tool		
MW	Megawatt		
NPV	Net Present Value		
0&M	Operations and Maintenance		
PCT	Programmable Communicating Thermostat		
RTU	Roof top Unit		
TRC	Total Resource Cost test		
UCT	Utility Cost Test		
UEC	Unit Energy Consumption		
WH	Water heater		

## Analysis Approach and Data Development

This section describes the analysis approach utilized in the study and the data sources used to develop the potential estimates.

#### **Overview of Analysis Approach**

To perform the potential analysis, AEG used a bottom-up approach following the major steps listed below. These analysis steps are described in more detail throughout the remainder of this chapter.

- 1. Perform a market characterization to describe sector-level electricity use for the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors for the base year, 2014. This included using NIPSCO data and other secondary data sources such as the Energy Information Administration (EIA).
- 2. Develop a baseline projection of energy consumption and peak demand by sector, segment, and end use for 2014 through 2036.
- 3. Define and characterize several hundred DSM measures to be applied to all sectors, segments, and end uses.
- 4. Estimate technical, economic, and achievable potential at the measure level in terms of energy and peak demand impacts from DSM measures for 2016-2036.
- 5. Develop program designs to support the DSM program planning.

#### LoadMAP Model

For the measure-level DSM analysis, AEG used its Load Management Analysis and Planning tool (LoadMAP<sup>TM</sup>) version 4.5 to develop both the baseline projection and the estimates of DSM potential. AEG developed LoadMAP in 2007 and has enhanced it over time, using it for the EPRI National Potential Study and numerous utility-specific forecasting and potential studies since. Built in Excel, the LoadMAP framework (see Figure 2-1) is both accessible and transparent and has the following key features:

- Embodies the basic principles of rigorous end-use models (such as EPRI's REEPS and COMMEND) but in a more simplified, accessible form.
- Includes stock-accounting algorithms that treat older, less efficient appliance/equipment stock separately from newer, more efficient equipment. Equipment is replaced according to the measure life and appliance vintage distributions defined by the user.
- Balances the competing needs of simplicity and robustness by incorporating important modeling details related to equipment saturations, efficiencies, vintage, and the like, where market data are available, and treats end uses separately to account for varying importance and availability of data resources.
- Isolates new construction from existing equipment and buildings and treats purchase decisions for new construction and existing buildings separately.
- Uses a simple logic for appliance and equipment decisions. Other models available for this purpose embody complex decision choice algorithms or diffusion assumptions, and the model parameters tend to be difficult to estimate or observe and sometimes produce anomalous results that require calibration or even overriding. The LoadMAP approach allows the user to drive the appliance and equipment choices year by year directly in the model. This flexible

approach allows users to import the results from diffusion models or to input individual assumptions. The framework also facilitates sensitivity analysis.

- Includes appliance and equipment models customized by end use. For example, the logic for lighting is distinct from refrigerators and freezers.
- Can accommodate various levels of segmentation. Analysis can be performed at the sector level (e.g., total residential) or for customized segments within sectors (e.g., housing type or income level).
- Incorporates energy-efficiency measures, demand-response options, combined heat and power (CHP) and distributed generation options and fuel switching.

Consistent with the segmentation scheme and the market profiles described below, the LoadMAP model provides forecasts of baseline energy use by sector, segment, end use, and technology for existing and new buildings. It also provides forecasts of total energy use and energy-efficiency savings associated with the various types of potential.<sup>1</sup>





#### **Definitions of Potential**

Before delving into the details of the analysis approach, it is important to define the meaning of DSM potential. In this study, the savings estimates represent gross savings<sup>2</sup> developed for four types of potential: technical potential, economic potential, achievable potential and program potential. The first three levels are developed at the measure level. Technical and economic potential are both theoretical limits to efficiency savings. Achievable potential embodies a set of assumptions about the decisions consumers are likely to make regarding the efficiency of the equipment they purchase, the maintenance activities they undertake, the controls they use for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The model computes energy and peak-demand forecasts for each type of potential for each end use as an intermediate calculation. Annual-energy and peak-demand savings are calculated as the difference between the value in the baseline projection and the value in the potential forecast (e.g., the technical potential forecast).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Savings in "gross" terms instead of "net" terms mean that the baseline projection does not include naturally occurring efficiency beyond the base year. In other words, the baseline assumes that energy efficiency levels reflect that some customers are already purchasing the more efficient option in the base year and are held steady throughout the baseline projection.

energy-consuming equipment, and the elements of building construction. Finally, program potential estimates what is likely to occur through utility programs. The various levels are described below.

• **Technical Potential** is defined as the theoretical upper limit of DSM potential. It assumes that customers adopt all feasible measures regardless of their cost. At the time of existing equipment failure, customers replace their equipment with the most efficient option available. In new construction, customers and developers also choose the most efficient equipment option.

Technical potential also assumes the adoption of every other available measure, where applicable. For example, it includes installation of high-efficiency windows in all new construction opportunities and air conditioner maintenance in all existing buildings with central and room air conditioning. These retrofit measures are phased in over a number of years to align with the stock turnover of related equipment units, rather than modeled as immediately available all at once.

- Economic Potential represents the adoption of all *cost-effective* DSM measures. In this analysis, the cost-effectiveness is measured by the total resource cost (TRC) test, which compares lifetime energy and capacity benefits to the costs of the delivering the measure through a utility program, with incentives not included since they are a transfer payment. If the benefits outweigh the costs (that is, if the TRC ratio is greater than 1.0), a given measure is included in the economic potential. Customers are then assumed to purchase the most efficient cost-effective option applicable to them at any decision juncture.
- Achievable Potential refines economic potential by applying customer participation rates that account for market barriers, customer awareness and attitudes, program maturity, and other factors that affect market penetration of DSM measures.
- **Program Potential** creates utility programs from the measure-level, achievable potential results. This includes the subset of measures that can realistically be implemented considering alignment with near-term implementation accomplishments and budgetary constraints, as well as long-term strategic goals and planning constraints.

#### Market Characterization

The first step in the analysis approach is market characterization. In order to estimate the savings potential from energy-efficient measures, it is necessary to understand how much energy is used today and what equipment is currently being used. This characterization begins with a segmentation of NIPSCO's electricity footprint to quantify energy use by sector, segment, end-use application, and the current set of technologies used. AEG rely primarily on information from NIPSCO and secondary sources as necessary.

#### Segmentation for Modeling Purposes

The market assessment first defined the market segments (building types, end uses, and other dimensions) that are relevant in the NIPSCO service territory. The segmentation scheme for this project is presented in Table 2-1.

Dimension	Segmentation Variable	Description			
1	Sector	Residential, commercial, industrial			
2	Segment	Residential: single family, multi family, mobile homes and low income Commercial: small (<1M kWh/year) and large (>1M kWh/year) Industrial: small (<1M kWh/year) and large (>1M kWh/year)			
3	Vintage	Existing and new construction			
4	End uses	Cooling, lighting, water heat, motors, etc. (as appropriate by sector)			
5	Appliances/end uses and technologies	Technologies such as lamp type, air conditioning equipment, motors by application, etc.			
6	Equipment efficiency levels for new purchases	Baseline and higher-efficiency options as appropriate for each technology			

Table 2-1	<b>Overview of NIPSCO</b>	Analysis Segmentation S	Scheme
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With the segmentation scheme defined, AEG then performed a high-level market characterization of electricity sales in the base year to allocate sales to each customer segment. AEG used NIPSCO data and secondary sources to allocate energy use and customers to the various sectors and segments such that the total customer count, energy consumption, and peak demand matched the NIPSCO system totals from 2014 billing data. Data sources used in this study are explained later in the data sources section. This information provided control totals at a sector level for calibrating the LoadMAP model to known data for the base-year.

#### Market Profiles

The next step was to develop market profiles for each sector, customer segment, end use, and technology. A market profile includes the following elements:

- **Market size** is a representation of the number of customers in the segment. For the residential sector, it is number of households. In the commercial sector, it is floor space measured in square feet. For the industrial sector, it is number of employees.
- **Saturations** define the fraction of homes and square feet with the various technologies. (e.g., homes with electric space heating). Equipment with a saturation greater than 100% indicates more than one unit is present in the average home or facility.
- UEC (unit energy consumption) or EUI (energy-use index) describes the amount of electricity consumed in 2014 by a specific technology in buildings that have the technology. UECs are expressed in kWh/household for the residential sector, and EUIs are expressed in kWh/square foot or kWh/employee for the commercial and industrial sectors, respectively.
- Annual Energy Intensity for the residential sector represents the average electricity use for the technology across all NIPSCO customers' homes in 2014. It is computed as the product of the saturation and the UEC and is defined as kWh/household for electricity. For the commercial and industrial sectors, intensity, computed as the product of the saturation and the EUI, represents the average use for the technology across all floor space or all employees in 2014 for NIPSCO's customers.
- **Annual Usage** is the annual energy use by an end use technology in the segment. It is the product of the market size and intensity and is quantified in GWh.

• **Peak Demand** for each technology for summer peak and winter peak are calculated using peak fractions of annual energy use from AEG's EnergyShape library and NIPSCO system peak data.

The market characterization results and the market profiles are presented in Chapter 3.

#### **Baseline Projection**

The next step was to develop the baseline projection of annual electricity use and summer peak demand for 2014 through 2036 by customer segment and end use without new utility programs. The end-use projection includes the relatively certain impacts of known and adopted legislation, as well as codes and standards that will unfold over the study timeframe. All such legislation and mandates that were defined as of June 2015 are included in the baseline. Note that the status of the Clean Power Plan was still in flux at the time of this analysis and therefore was not specifically considered. The baseline projection is the foundation for the analysis of savings from future EE efforts as well as the metric against which potential savings are measured.

Inputs to the baseline projection include:

- Current economic growth forecasts (i.e., customer growth, income growth)
- Electricity price forecasts
- Trends in fuel shares and equipment saturations
- Existing and approved changes to building codes and equipment standards
- Known and adopted legislation
- Naturally occurring efficiency improvements, which include purchases of high-efficiency equipment options by early adopters.

AEG also developed a baseline projection for summer and winter peak by applying the peak fractions from the energy market profiles to the annual energy forecast in each year. The baseline-projection results for the system as a whole and for each sector are presented in Chapter 4.

#### **DSM Measure Analysis**

This section describes the framework used to assess the savings, costs, and other attributes of DSM measures. These characteristics form the basis for measure-level cost-effectiveness analyses as well as for determining measure-level savings. For all measures, AEG assembled information to reflect equipment performance, incremental costs, and equipment lifetimes. AEG used this information, along with NIPSCO's most recent avoided costs data, in the economic screen to determine economically feasible measures.

#### Energy-Efficiency Measures

Figure 2-2 outlines the framework for energy-efficiency measure analysis. The framework for assessing savings, costs, and other attributes of energy efficiency measures involves identifying the list of energy efficiency measures to include in the analysis, determining their applicability to each market sector and segment, fully characterizing each measure, and performing cost-effectiveness screening.

As part of this step, AEG compiled a robust list of energy efficiency measures for each customer sector, drawing upon NIPSCO program experience, AEG's own measure databases and building simulation models, and secondary sources, as explained in the data sources section. This universal list of EE measures covers all major types of end-use equipment, as well as devices and actions to reduce energy consumption. If considered today, some of these measures would not pass the economic screens initially, but may pass in future years as a result of lower projected equipment costs or higher avoided costs.



Figure 2-2 Approach for Energy-Efficiency Measure Assessment

The selected measures are categorized into two types according to the LoadMAP taxonomy: equipment measures and non-equipment measures.

- Equipment measures are efficient energy-consuming pieces of equipment that save energy by providing the same service with a lower energy requirement than a standard unit. An example is an ENERGY STAR refrigerator that replaces a standard efficiency refrigerator. For equipment measures, many efficiency levels may be available for a given technology, ranging from the baseline unit (often determined by code or standard) up to the most efficient product commercially available. For instance, in the case of central air conditioners, this list begins with the current federal standard SEER 13 unit and spans a broad spectrum up to a maximum efficiency of a SEER 24 unit.
- Non-equipment measures save energy by reducing the need for delivered energy, but do not involve replacement or purchase of major end-use equipment (such as a refrigerator or air conditioner). An example would be a programmable thermostat that is pre-set to run heating and cooling systems only when people are home. Non-equipment measures can apply to more than one end use. For instance, addition of wall insulation will affect the energy use of both space heating and cooling. Non-equipment measures typically fall into one of the following categories:
  - Building shell (windows, insulation, roofing material)
  - Equipment controls (thermostat, energy management system)
  - Equipment maintenance (cleaning filters, changing setpoints)
  - Whole-building design (building orientation, passive solar lighting)
  - Lighting retrofits (included as a non-equipment measure because retrofits are performed prior to the equipment's normal end of life)
  - Displacement measures (ceiling fan to reduce use of central air conditioners)

• Commissioning and retro commissioning (initial or ongoing monitoring of building energy systems to optimize energy use)

Once the list of EE measures was assembled, the project team assessed their energy-saving characteristics, as well as the measure's incremental cost, service life, and other performance factors. Following the characterization, the measures were screened for economic viability, which serves as the basis for developing the economic and achievable potential.

#### **Representative EE Measure Data Inputs**

To provide an example of the energy-efficiency measure data, Table 2-2 and Table 2-3 present examples of the detailed data inputs behind both equipment and non-equipment measures, respectively, for the case of residential central air conditioning (A/C) in single-family homes. Table 2-2 displays the various efficiency levels available as equipment measures, as well as the corresponding useful life, energy usage, and cost estimates. The columns labeled On Market and Off Market reflect equipment availability due to codes and standards or the entry of new products to the market.

Efficiency Level	Useful Life	Equipment Cost	Energy Usage (kWh/yr)	On Market	Off Market
SEER 13.7	18	\$2 <i>,</i> 898	1,749	2014	n/a
SEER 14 (Energy Star)	18	\$3,236	1,604	2014	n/a
SEER 15 (CEE Tier 2)	18	\$3,573	1,538	2014	n/a
SEER 16 (CEE Tier 3)	18	\$3,910	1,482	2014	n/a
SEER 18	18	\$4,588	1,394	2014	n/a
SEER 21	18	\$5,472	1,299	2014	n/a

 Table 2-2
 Example Equipment Measures for Central AC – Single-Family Home

Table 2-3 lists some of the non-equipment measures applicable to A/C in an existing singlefamily home. All measures are evaluated for cost-effectiveness based on the lifetime benefits relative to the cost of the measure. The total savings and costs are calculated for each year of the study and depend on the base year saturation of the measure, the applicability<sup>3</sup> of the measure, and the savings as a percentage of the relevant energy end uses.

End Use	Measure	Saturation in 2014 <sup>4</sup>	Applica- bility	Lifetime (yrs)	Measure Installed Cost	Energy Savings (%)
Cooling	Insulation - Ceiling	43%	75%	25	\$978	3%
Cooling	Ducting - Repair and Sealing	30%	75%	20	\$442	4%
Cooling	Windows - High Eff/ENERGY STAR	33%	75%	25	\$412	24%
Cooling	Attic Fan - Installation	15%	40%	19	\$597	.25%

Table 2-3 Example Non-Equipment Measures – Single Family Home, Existing

#### Screening EE Measures for Cost-Effectiveness

Only measures that are cost-effective are included in economic and achievable potential. Therefore, for each individual measure, LoadMAP performs an economic screen. This study uses

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The applicability factors take into account whether the measure is applicable to a particular building type and whether it is feasible to install the measure. For instance, attic fans are not applicable to homes where there is insufficient space in the attic or there is no attic at all.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Note that saturation levels reflected for the base year change over time as more measures are adopted.

the TRC test that compares the lifetime energy and peak demand benefits of each applicable measure with its cost. The lifetime benefits are calculated by multiplying the annual energy and demand savings for each measure by all appropriate avoided costs for each year, and discounting the dollar savings to the present value equivalent. Lifetime costs represent incremental measure cost and annual O&M costs. The analysis uses each measure's values for savings, costs, and lifetimes that were developed as part of the measure characterization process described above.

The LoadMAP model performs this screening dynamically, taking into account changing savings and cost data over time. Thus, some measures pass the economic screen for some — but not all — of the years in the forecast.

It is important to note the following about the economic screen:

- The economic evaluation of every measure in the screen is conducted relative to a baseline condition. For instance, in order to determine the kilowatt-hour (kWh) savings potential of a measure, kWh consumption with the measure applied must be compared to the kWh consumption of a baseline condition.
- The economic screening was conducted only for measures that are applicable to each building type and vintage; thus if a measure is deemed to be irrelevant to a particular building type and vintage, it is excluded from the respective economic screen.
- The economic screen at the measure level does not include any assumption about program delivery costs. Those are considered in the assessment of program potential.

Table 2-4 summarizes the number of measures evaluated for each segment within each sector.

Sector	Total Measures	Measure Permutations w/ 2 Vintages	Measure Permutations w/ Segments
Residential	80	160	640
Commercial	97	194	388
Industrial	72	144	288
Total Measures Evaluated	249	498	1,316

#### Table 2-4Number of Measures Evaluated

The appendix to this volume presents results for the economic screening process by segment, vintage, end use and measure for all sectors.

#### **EE Potential**

The approach AEG used for this study to calculate the EE potential adheres to the approaches and conventions outlined in the National Action Plan for Energy-Efficiency (NAPEE) Guide for Conducting Potential Studies (November 2007).<sup>5</sup> The NAPEE Guide represents the most credible and comprehensive industry practice for specifying DSM potential. As described in Chapter 1, four types of potential were developed as part of this effort: technical potential, economic potential, achievable potential, and program potential.

The calculation of **technical potential** and **economic potential** is a straightforward algorithm as described in Section 1. To develop estimates for **achievable potential**, AEG develops market adoption rates for each measure that specify the percentage of customers that will select the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> National Action Plan for Energy Efficiency (2007). *National Action Plan for Energy Efficiency Vision for 2025: Developing a Framework for Change*. www.epa.gov/eeactionplan.

highest–efficiency, cost-effective option. These adoption rates are based on a variety of secondary sources, as well as past program history from NIPSCO.

Achievable potential is at the measure-level and includes every possible cost-effective opportunity for EE savings regardless of the type of intervention (i.e., utility program, government program, equipment promotion by manufacturers, etc.). The measure-level potential results are presented in Chapter 5.

AEG and MMP then developed **program potential** by selecting the subset of measures in the achievable potential amount that can realistically be implemented considering alignment with near-term implementation accomplishments and budgetary constraints as well as long-term strategic goals and planning constraints. The program potential is what is recorded in the DSM Action Plan and is presented in Chapter 6.

#### Data Development

This section describes the data sources used in this study, followed by a discussion of how these sources were applied. In general, data were adapted to local conditions, for example, by using local sources for measure data and local weather for building simulations.

#### Data Sources

The data sources are organized into the following categories:

- NIPSCO data
- AEG's databases and analysis tools
- Other secondary data and reports

#### NIPSCO Data

Our highest priority data sources for this study were those that were specific to NIPSCO.

- NIPSCO customer data: NIPSCO provided billing data for development of customer counts and energy use for each sector.
- Load forecasts: NIPSCO provided an economic growth forecast by sector; electric load forecast; peak-demand forecasts at the sector level; and retail electricity price history and forecasts.
- Economic information: NIPSCO provided avoided cost forecasts, a discount rate, and line loss factor.
- **NIPSCO program data**: NIPSCO provided information about past and current programs, including program descriptions, goals, and achievements to date.
- NIPSCO's 2010 EE Potential Study: NIPSCO provided the KEMA 2010 Electricity and Natural Gas Potential studies, which included results from a saturation survey<sup>6</sup>.

#### AEG Data

AEG maintains several databases and modeling tools that are used for forecasting and potential studies. Relevant data from these tools has been incorporated into the analysis and deliverables for this study.

• AEG Energy Market Profiles: For more than 10 years, AEG staff has maintained profiles of end-use consumption for the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors. These profiles include market size, fuel shares, unit consumption estimates, and annual energy use by fuel (electricity and natural gas), customer segment and end use for 10 regions in the U.S. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Cause No. 44001, Petitioner's Exhibit No. EGH-3, NIPSCO Gas Efficiency Market Potential Study, KEMA Inc., March 30, 2011, page G-69

Energy Information Administration surveys (RECS, CBECS and MECS) as well as state-level statistics and local customer research provide the foundation for these regional profiles.

- **Building Energy Simulation Tool (BEST)**. AEG's BEST is a derivative of the DOE 2.2 building simulation model, used to estimate base-year UECs and EUIs, as well as measure savings for the HVAC-related measures.
- AEG's EnergyShape<sup>™</sup>: This database of load shapes includes the following:
  - o Residential electric load shapes for ten regions, three housing types, 13 end uses
  - Commercial electric load shapes for nine regions, 54 building types, ten end uses
  - Industrial electric load shapes, whole facility only, 19 2-digit SIC codes, as well as various 3-digit and 4-digit SIC codes
- AEG's Database of Energy Efficiency Measures (DEEM): AEG maintains an extensive database of measure data for our studies. Our database draws upon reliable sources including:
  - Technical resource manuals (TRMs) from across the U.S., including the Indiana TRM from 2013. The TRM 2.2 was not used since it has not been filed or approved by the Commission.
  - Northwest Power and Conservation Council Plan workbooks and Regional Technical Forum (RTF). To develop its Power Plan, the Council maintains workbooks with detailed information about measures. The RTF updates the measures on an ongoing basis.
  - Database for Energy Efficient Resources (DEER). The California Energy Commission and California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) sponsor this database, which is designed to provide well-documented estimates of energy and peak demand savings values, measure costs, and effective useful life (EUL) for the state of California. AEG uses the DEER database to cross check the measure savings developed using BEST and other sources in the DEEM database.
  - The EIA Technology Forecast Updates Residential and Commercial Building Technologies – Reference Case
  - Other sources of cost data including RS Means cost data and Grainger Catalog Cost data.
- **Recent studies**. AEG has conducted numerous studies of EE potential in the last five years. Input assumptions and analysis results from NIPSCO were checked against the results from these other studies, which include Ameren Illinois, Ameren Missouri, Vectren Energy, and Indianapolis Power & Light. In addition, AEG used the information about impacts of building codes and appliance standards from recent reports for the Edison Electric Institute<sup>7</sup>.

#### Other Secondary Data and Reports

Finally, a variety of secondary data sources and reports were used for this study. The main sources are identified below.

• Annual Energy Outlook. The Annual Energy Outlook (AEO), conducted each year by the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), presents yearly projections and analysis of energy topics. For this study, data from the 2015 AEO was used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> AEG staff has prepared three white papers on the topic of factors that affect U.S. electricity consumption, including appliance standards and building codes. Links to all three white papers are provided: <u>http://www.edisonfoundation.net/IEE/Documents/IEE\_RohmundApplianceStandardsEfficiencyCodes1209.pdf</u> <u>http://www.edisonfoundation.net/iee/Documents/IEE\_CodesandStandardsAssessment\_2010-2025\_UPDATE.pdf</u>. <u>http://www.edisonfoundation.net/iee/Documents/IEE\_FactorsAffectingUSElecConsumption\_Final.pdf</u>

- American Community Survey: The US Census American Community Survey is an ongoing survey that provides data every year on household characteristics. Data for NIPSCO were available for this study. <u>http://www.census.gov/acs/www/</u>
- Local Weather Data: Weather from NOAA's National Climatic Data Center for South Bend, Indiana was used as the basis for building simulations.
- **EPRI End-Use Models (REEPS and COMMEND)**. These models provide the elasticities applied to electricity prices, household income, home size and heating and cooling.
- **Other relevant regional sources:** These include reports from the Consortium for Energy Efficiency, the EPA, and the American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy.

#### Application of Data to the Analysis

This section describes how the data sources listed above were used at each step of the study.

#### Data Application for Market Characterization

NIPSCO billing data was used to construct the high-level market characterization of electricity use and households/floor space for the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors. The American Community Survey and the customer surveys from 2010 were used to allocate energy sales and customers to housing type and income level in the residential sector.

#### Data Application for Market Profiles

The specific data elements for the market profiles, together with the key data sources, are shown in Table 2-5. To develop the market profiles for each segment, AEG used the following approach:

- 1. Developed control totals for each segment. These include market size, segment-level annual electricity use, and annual intensity.
- 2. Used NIPSCO's 2010 Potential Study, the American Community Survey and AEG's Energy Market Profiles database to develop existing appliance saturations, appliance and equipment characteristics, and building characteristics.
- 3. Ensured calibration to control totals for annual electricity sales in each sector and segment.
- 4. Compared and cross-checked with other recent AEG studies.
- 5. Worked with NIPSCO staff to vet the data against their knowledge and experience.

#### Data Application for Baseline Projection

Table 2-6 summarizes the LoadMAP model inputs required for the baseline projection. These inputs are required for each segment within each sector, as well as for new construction and existing dwellings/buildings.

Model Inputs	Description	Key Sources		
Market size	Base-year residential dwellings, commercial floor space, and industrial employment	NIPSCO billing data NIPSCO Load Forecast AEO 2015		
Annual intensity	Residential: Annual use per household Commercial: Annual use per square foot Industrial: Annual use per employee	NIPSCO billing data AEG's Energy Market Profiles AEO 2015 Other recent studies		
Appliance/equipment saturations	Fraction of dwellings with an appliance/technology Percentage of C&I floor space/employment with equipment/technology	NIPSCO 2010 Residential Saturation Survey American Community Survey AEG's Energy Market Profiles NIPSCO Load Forecast		
UEC/EUI for each end- use technology	UEC: Annual electricity use in homes and buildings that have the technology EUI: Annual electricity use per square foot/employee for a technology in floor space that has the technology	Recent Midwest potential studies HVAC uses: BEST simulations using prototypes developed for NIPSCO Engineering analysis		
Appliance/equipment age distribution	Age distribution for each technology	Recent AEG studies, EIA Data (CBECS, RECS)		
Efficiency options for each technology	List of available efficiency options and annual energy use for each technology	AEG DEEM AEO 2015 Previous studies		
Peak factors	Share of technology energy use that occurs during the peak hour	NIPSCO system peak data EnergyShape database		

Table 2-6 Data Needs for the Baseline Projection and Potentials Estimation in LoadMAP

Model Inputs	Description	Key Sources
Customer growth forecasts	Forecasts of new construction in residential and C&I sectors	NIPSCO load forecast AEO 2015 economic growth forecast
Equipment purchase shares for baseline projection	For each equipment/technology, purchase shares for each efficiency level; specified separately for existing equipment replacement and new construction	Shipments data from AEO AEO 2015 regional forecast assumptions <sup>8</sup> Appliance/efficiency standards analysis NIPSCO program results and evaluation reports
Electricity prices	Forecast of average energy and capacity avoided costs and retail prices	NIPSCO forecast
Utilization model parameters	Price elasticities, elasticities for other variables (income, weather)	EPRI's REEPS and COMMEND models AEO 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> AEG developed baseline purchase decisions using the Energy Information Agency's *Annual Energy Outlook* report (2015), which utilizes the National Energy Modeling System (NEMS) to produce a self-consistent supply and demand economic model. AEG calibrated equipment purchase options to match manufacturer shipment data for recent years and then held values constant for the study period. This removes any effects of future increases in naturally occurring conservation or effects of future DSM programs that may be embedded in the AEO forecasts.

In addition, AEG implemented assumptions for known future equipment standards as of December 2013, as shown in Table 2-7, Table 2-8 and Table 2-9. The assumptions tables here extend through 2025, after which all standards are assumed to hold steady.

#### Table 2-7 Residential Electric Equipment Standards<sup>e</sup>

2013's Efficiency or Standard Assumption

1st Standard (relative to 2013's standard) 2nd Standard (relative to 2013's standard)

End Use	Technology	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
	Central AC						S	EER 13						
Cooling	Room AC	EER 9.8						EER	11.0					
Cooling	Evaporative Central AC						Con	ventional						
	Evaporative Room AC						Con	ventional						
Cooling/Heating	Heat Pump	SEER 13.0/H	SPF 7.7					SEEF	R 14.0/HSP	F 8.2				
Space Heating	Electric Resistance						Electri	c Resistan	ce					
Water Heating	Water Heater (<=55 gallons)	EF 0.9	EF 0.90				EF 0.95							
water Heating	Water Heater (>55 gallons)	EF 0.9	EF 0.90				Heat Pump Water Heater							
Lighting	Screw-in/Pin Lamps	Incandescent	indescent Advanced Incandescent - tier 1 (20 lumens/watt) Advanced Incandescent - tier 2 (45 lumens/				lumens/v	vatt)						
Lighting	Linear Fluorescent		T8 (89 l	umens/wa	att)				Т	8 (92.5 lur	nens/wat	t)		
	Refrigerator/2nd Refrigerator	NAECA						25% more	efficient					
	_	NAECA												
	Freezer	Standard						25% more	efficient					
Appliances	Dishwasher				14%	6 more eff	icient tha	n 2010 star	ndard (307	/ kWh/yr)				
	Clothes Washer	Convention	al (MEF	MEF 1.	72 for top	loader			Ν	/IEF 2.0 foi	r top loade	er		
		1.26 for top	loader)		<u> </u>						•			
	Clothes Dryer	Conventional	(EF 3.01)		EF 3.73									
	Microwave Ovens	Con	iventional 1.0 Watts (maximum standby power)											
Miscellaneous	Furnace Fans			Conventi	onal					40%	more effi	cient		

<sup>9</sup> The assumptions tables here extend through 2025, after which all standards are assumed to hold steady.

#### Table 2-8 Commercial Electric Equipment Standards<sup>10</sup>

2013's Efficiency or Standard Assumption

1st Standard (relative to 2013's standard) 2nd Standard (relative to 2013's standard)

End Use	Technology	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
	Chillers	2007 ASHRAE 90.1												
Cooling	Roof Top Units						EER 1	1.0/11.2						
	Packaged Terminal AC/HP		EER 11.0/11.2											
Cooling/Heating	Heat Pump						EER 11.	.0/COP 3.	3					
Ventilation	Ventilation		Constant Air Volume/Variable Air Volume											
	Screw-in/Pin Lamps	Incandescent	candescent Advanced Incandescent - tier 1 (20 lumens/v			s/watt)	Advan	ced Incar	ndescent	- tier 2 (4	15 lumens	s/watt)		
Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	T8 (89 lumens/watt)				T8 (92.5 lumens/watt)								
0.0	High Intensity Discharge	EPACT 2005 (Mercury Vapor Fixture Phase-out)				Metal Halide Ballast Improvement								
Water Heating	Water Heater						EF	0.97						
	Walk-in Refrigerator/Freezer	EIS	<b>4 2007 St</b> a	andard					10-38%	6 more et	fficient			
	Reach-in Refrigerator	EPAG	CT 2005 S	tandard			40% more efficient							
	Glass Door Display	EPAG	CT 2005 S	tandard			12-28% more efficient							
Refrigeration	Open Display Case	EPAG	CT 2005 S	tandard		10-20% more efficient								
	Vending Machines				339	% more e	fficient t	han EPAC	2 <b>005 St</b> a	ndard				
	lce maker	2010 Standard				15% more efficient								
Miscellaneous	Non-HVAC Motors	EISA 200	7 Standa	rds				Expan	ded EISA	2007 Sta	ndards			

#### Table 2-9 Industrial Electric Equipment Standards<sup>11</sup>

2013's Efficiency or Standard Assumption

1st Standard (relative to 2013's standard) 2nd Standard (relative to 2013's standard)

End Use	Technology	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
	Chillers						2007 AS	SHRAE 90	.1					
Cooling	Roof Top Units						EER 1	1.0/11.2						
	Packaged Terminal AC/HP		EER 11.0											
Cooling/Heating	Heat Pump		EER 11.0/COP 3.3											
Ventilation	Ventilation		Constant Air Volume/Variable Air Volume											
	Screw-in/Pin Lamps	Incandescent	Advan	ced Incar	ndescent	- tier 1 (2	0 lumen	s/watt)	tt) Advanced Incandescent - tier 2 (45 lumens/watt)					
Lighting	Linear Fluorescent		T8 (89 lu	mens/wa	att)		T8 (92.5 lumens/watt)							
	High Intensity Discharge	EPACT 2005	(Mercury Phase-o	y Vapor F ut)	ixture		Metal Halide Ballast Improvement							
Motors	Pumps, Fans & Blowers, Compressed Air, Material Handling and Processing	EISA 2007 Standards Expanded EISA 2007 Standards												

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The assumptions tables here extend through 2025, after which all standards are assumed to hold steady.
 <sup>11</sup> The assumptions tables here extend through 2025, after which all standards are assumed to hold steady.

#### DSM Measure Data Application

Table 2-10 details the energy-efficiency data inputs to the LoadMAP model. It describes each input and identifies the key sources used in the NIPSCO analysis.

Model Inputs	Description	Key Sources
Energy Impacts	The annual reduction in consumption attributable to each specific measure. Savings were developed as a percentage of the energy end use that the measure affects.	AEG DEEM AEG BEST (HVAC only)
Peak Demand Impacts	Savings during the peak demand periods are specified for each electric measure. These impacts relate to the energy savings and depend on the extent to which each measure is coincident with the system peak.	AEG DEEM AEG BEST (HVAC only) EnergyShape
Costs	Equipment Measures: Includes the full cost of purchasing and installing the equipment on a per- household, per-square-foot, or per employee basis for the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors, respectively. Non-equipment measures: Existing buildings – full installed cost. New Construction - the costs may be either the full cost of the measure, or as appropriate, it may be the incremental cost of upgrading from a standard level to a higher efficiency level.	AEG DEEM
Measure Lifetimes	Estimates derived from the technical data and secondary data sources that support the measure demand and energy savings analysis.	AEG DEEM
Applicability	Estimate of the percentage of dwellings in the residential sector, square feet in the commercial sector, or employees in the industrial sector where the measure is applicable and where it is technically feasible to implement.	AEG DEEM
On Market and Off Market Availability	Expressed as years for equipment measures to reflect when the equipment technology is available or no longer available in the market.	AEG appliance standards and building codes analysis

Table 2-10 Data Needs for the Measure Characteristics in LoadMAP

#### Data Application for Cost-effectiveness Screening

To perform the cost-effectiveness screening, a number of economic assumptions were needed. All cost and benefit values were analyzed as real 2014 dollars. AEG applied a discount rate of 6.53% in real dollars. All impacts in this report are presented at the customer meter, but electric energy delivery losses of 2.97% for residential, 2.65% for commercial and 1.65% for industrial customers were provided by NIPSCO in order to gross up impacts to the generator for economic analysis.

#### Achievable Potential Estimation

To estimate achievable potential, two sets of parameters are needed to represent customer decision making behavior with respect to energy-efficiency choices.

• **Technical diffusion curves for non-equipment measures**. Equipment measures are installed when existing units fail. Non-equipment measures do not have this natural periodicity, so rather than installing all available non-equipment measures in the first year of

the projection (instantaneous potential), they are phased in according to adoption schedules that generally align with the diffusion of similar equipment measures. These adoption rates are used within LoadMAP to generate the Technical and Economic potentials for non-equipment measures.

• Achievable adoption rates. Customer adoption rates or take rates are applied to Economic potential to estimate Achievable Potential. These rates represent customer adoption of economic measures when delivered through a best-practice portfolio of well-operated efficiency programs under a reasonable policy or regulatory framework. Information channels are assumed to be established and efficient for marketing, educating consumers, and coordinating with trade allies and delivery partners. The primary barrier to adoption reflected in this case is customer preferences. The initial adoption rates were developed from other potential studies from the region. The initial rates were then compared with recent NIPSCO program results and adjustments were made, if necessary, to bring the adoption rates into alignment. For example, if the program achieved a higher adoption rate than suggested by the initial adoption assumption and customer participation is expected to continue at this pace, then the market adoption rates for that measure were adjusted upward.

Achievable adoption rates are presented in Appendix B.

SECTION 3

### **Market Characterization and Market Profiles**

This section describes how customers in the NIPSCO service territory use electricity in the base year of the study, 2014. It begins with a high-level summary of energy use across all sectors and then delves into each sector in more detail. Note that the totals may not always add up due to rounding.

#### **Energy Use Summary**

Total electricity use for the residential, commercial and industrial sectors for NIPSCO in 2014 was 9,120 GWh, once opt-out customers were removed from consideration<sup>12</sup>. As shown in Figure 3-1 and Table 3-1, the industrial sector is 22% of the total energy used for the study. The remaining use is split almost evenly between the residential and commercial sectors. In terms of summer peak demand, the total system peak in 2014 was 1,938 MW. The residential sector has the lowest load factor at 43% and, therefore, a proportionally higher contribution to peak. This is due to the high saturation of air conditioning equipment. Street lighting was not a part of the scope of this potential study.







Sector	Annual Electricity Use (GWh)	% of Annual Use	% of Annual Use (MW)		Implied Summer Load Factor (%)
Residential	3,384	37%	900	46%	43%
Commercial	3,705	41%	750	39%	56%
Industrial	2,031	22%	288	15%	80%
Total	9,120	100%	1,938	100%	54%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Information about the number of opt-out customers and their energy use is presented in the industrial-sector discussion below.

#### **Residential Sector**

The total number of households and residential electricity sales for the service territory were obtained from NIPSCO's customer database. In 2014, there were just over 400,000 households in the NIPSCO territory that used a total of 3,384 GWh with peak demand of 900 MW. The average use per customer (or household) of 8,411 kWh is relatively low compared to other regions of the country. AEG allocated these totals into four residential segments and the values are shown in Table 3-2.

Segment	Number of Customers	Electricity Use (GWh)	% of Annual Use	Annual Use/Customer (kWh/HH)	Summer Peak (MW)
Single Family	205,468	2,003	59%	9,747	581
Multi Family	60,685	338	10%	5,573	93
Mobile Home	6,896	46	1%	6,662	10
Low Income	129,290	997	29%	7,713	216
Total	402,339	3,384	100%	8,411	900

Table 3-2 Residential Sector Control Totals (2014)

#### Energy Market Profile

As described in the previous chapter, the market profiles provide the foundation for development of the baseline projection and the potential estimates. The average market profile for the residential sector is presented in Figure 3-3. Segment-specific market profiles are presented in <u>Appendix A</u>. Figure 3-2 shows the distribution of annual electricity use by end use for all customers. In this MPS, AEG incorporated NIPSCO-specific saturations from the 2010 KEMA Potential Study.

Three main electricity end uses —appliances, space heating, and space cooling — account for 51% of total use. Appliances include refrigerators, freezers, stoves, clothes washers, clothes dryers, dishwashers, and microwaves. The remainder of the energy falls into the electronics, lighting, water heating and the miscellaneous category – which is comprised of furnace fans, pool pumps, and other "plug" loads (all other usage not covered by those listed in

Table 3-3, such as hair dryers, power tools, coffee makers, etc.). Figure 3-2 also shows estimates of summer peak demand by end use. As expected, A/C is the largest contributor to summer peak demand, followed by appliances. Lighting has low coincidence and makes a small contribution. Figure 3-3 presents the electricity intensities by end use and housing type. Single-family homes have the highest use per customer at 9,747 kWh/year, which reflects a higher saturation of air conditioning and larger home size.





Figure 3-3 Residential Energy Intensity by End Use and Segment (kWh/HH, 2014)



End Use	Technology	Saturation	UEC	Intensity	Usage	Summer Peak
			(kWh)	(kWh/HH)	(GWh)	(MW)
Cooling	Central AC	47.3%	2,207	1,043	420	507
Cooling	Room AC	43.1%	806	347	140	90
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	1.5%	2,152	33	13	16
Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.2%	2,329	4	2	2
Space Heating	Electric Zonal Room Heat	3.0%	6,120	186	75	0
Space Heating	Electric Furnace	3.4%	10,513	360	145	0
Space Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	1.5%	6,879	106	43	0
Space Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.2%	6,516	11	4	0
Water Heating	Water Heater <= 55 Gal	11.4%	2,973	338	136	13
Water Heating	Water Heater > 55 Gal	5.5%	3,116	172	69	7
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	741	741	298	23
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	125	125	50	4
Interior Lighting	Specialty	100.0%	233	233	94	7
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	307	307	124	9
Appliances	Clothes Washer	73.7%	88	65	26	3
Appliances	Clothes Dryer	48.2%	772	372	150	18
Appliances	Dishwasher	49.4%	395	195	78	9
Appliances	Refrigerator	100.0%	745	745	300	35
Appliances	Freezer	35.8%	589	211	85	11
Appliances	Second Refrigerator	26.7%	1,045	279	112	13
Appliances	Stove	52.8%	426	225	91	18
Appliances	Microwave	99.8%	129	129	52	11
Electronics	Personal Computers	54.5%	184	100	40	5
Electronics	Monitor	65.5%	78	51	20	2
Electronics	Laptops	128.0%	49	62	25	3
Electronics	TVs	249.1%	165	412	166	20
Electronics	Printer/Fax/Copier	75.2%	60	45	18	2
Electronics	Set-top Boxes/DVR	258.5%	112	291	117	14
Electronics	Devices and Gadgets	100.0%	108	108	44	5
Miscellaneous	Pool Pump	1.2%	1,363	16	6	1
Miscellaneous	Pool Heater	0.2%	1,370	2	1	0
Miscellaneous	Hot Tub / Spa	3.5%	2,053	72	29	3
Miscellaneous	Furnace Fan	72.7%	658	478	192	23
Miscellaneous	Well pump	8.0%	564	45	18	2
Miscellaneous	Dehumidifiers	23.6%	626	148	59	7
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	100.0%	354	354	143	17
	Total			8,411	3,384	900

#### Table 3-3 Average Market Profile for the Residential Sector, 2014

#### **Commercial Sector**

The total electric energy consumed by commercial customers in NIPSCO's service area in 2014 was 3,705 GWh. The average intensity of use was 11.7 kWh/square foot. A key difference from the 2014 forecast is that these control totals now exclude customers who opted-out of participation in EE programs. AEG received a list from NIPSCO of customers who had already opted out or who NIPSCO forecasted to opt out of EE programs as of January 1, 2016, as allowed by IC-8-1-8.5-9. The opt-out customers were then removed after the initial market segmentation. Although the opt-out customers are typically large industrial customers, approximately 160 GWh was also removed from the commercial sector.

#### Energy Market Profile

Figure 3-4 shows the distribution of annual electricity consumption and summer peak demand by end use across all commercial buildings. Electric usage is dominated by cooling and lighting, which comprise 50% of annual electricity usage. Summer peak demand is dominated by cooling.

#### Figure 3-4 Commercial Sector Electricity Consumption by End Use (2014)



#### Annual Energy Use

#### Summer Peak Demand



Table 3-4 shows the average market profile for electricity of the commercial sector as a whole, representing a composite of all segments and buildings. Market profiles for each segment are presented in the appendix to this volume.

End Lise Technology Saturation		EUI	Intensity	Usage	
Life Ose	recimology	Saturation	(kWh)	(kWh/Sqft)	(GWh)
Cooling	Air-Cooled Chiller	4.5%	3.22	0.14	45.6
Cooling	Water-Cooled Chiller	6.0%	3.51	0.21	66.3
Cooling	RTU	54.9%	3.97	2.18	691.5
Cooling	Room AC	3.7%	4.06	0.15	47.6
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.9%	3.97	0.04	11.7
Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.8%	2.42	0.02	6.2
Heating	Electric Furnace	10.3%	4.70	0.48	153.6
Heating	Electric Room Heat	3.5%	4.47	0.16	49.3
Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.9%	3.83	0.04	11.4
Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.8%	2.43	0.02	6.2
Ventilation	Ventilation	100.0%	0.88	0.88	280.0
Water Heating	Water Heating	42.3%	0.69	0.29	92.1
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	0.51	0.51	160.4
Interior Lighting	High-Bay Fixtures	100.0%	0.86	0.86	271.7
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	1.93	1.93	614.0
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	0.18	0.18	56.5
Exterior Lighting	HID	100.0%	1.06	1.06	334.9
Exterior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	0.12	0.12	36.7
Refrigeration	Walk-in Refrigerator	11.6%	0.28	0.03	10.2
Refrigeration	Reach-in Refrigerator	45.0%	0.06	0.03	8.9
Refrigeration	Glass Door Display	35.6%	0.06	0.02	7.2
Refrigeration	Open Display Case	35.6%	0.38	0.14	42.9
Refrigeration	Icemaker	35.5%	0.11	0.04	11.8
Refrigeration	Vending Machine	35.5%	0.05	0.02	5.6
Food Preparation	Oven	38.0%	0.06	0.02	7.4
Food Preparation	Fryer	44.0%	0.09	0.04	12.4
Food Preparation	Griddle	39.1%	0.08	0.03	10.0
Food Preparation	Dishwasher	14.6%	0.12	0.02	5.7
Food Preparation	Steamer	14.6%	0.09	0.01	4.2
Food Preparation	Hot Food Container	14.6%	0.02	0.00	0.8
Office Equipment	Desktop Computer	100.0%	0.59	0.59	187.8
Office Equipment	Laptop	100.0%	0.09	0.09	29.0
Office Equipment	Server	100.0%	0.17	0.17	55.1
Office Equipment	Monitor	100.0%	0.10	0.10	33.1
Office Equipment	Printer/Copier/Fax	100.0%	0.08	0.08	25.7
Office Equipment	POS Terminal	81.8%	0.05	0.04	12.0
Miscellaneous	Non-HVAC Motors	22.1%	0.15	0.03	10.6
Miscellaneous	Pool Pump	3.8%	0.02	0.00	0.3
Miscellaneous	Pool Heater	1.7%	0.03	0.00	0.2
Miscellaneous	Other	100.0%	0.91	0.91	288.9
	Total			11.68	3,705

Table 3-4	Average Electric Marke	t Profile for th	he Commercial	Sector 2014
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#### **Industrial Sector**

NIPSCO provided a list of customers who had already opted out or who NIPSCO forecasted to opt-out of EE programs as of January 1, 2016, as allowed by IC-8-1-8.5-9. AEG then removed those customers from the overall sector control totals. Table 3-5 shows the amount of electricity removed from the control totals, broken down by the segments used in LoadMAP. As expected the largest segment affected by the removal of opt-out customers is the Large Industrial segment, which represented approximately 75% of the total sector sales. As a result, the DSM programs will need to focus on the smaller customers and will likely change the mix of measures in the programs.

Segment	2014 GWh All Customers	2014 GWh from Opt Out Customers	% of Total Sector Sales from Opt Out Customers
Commercial	3,872	166	4.3%
Small Industrial	839	527	5.2%
Large Industrial	9,230	7,511	74.6%
C&I Total	13,941	8,205	58.9%

Table 3-5	<i>C&amp;I Opt-Out Customers</i>	(2014)
		(

The total electricity used in 2014 by NIPSCO's industrial customers, after removing the opt-out customers, was 2,031 GWh, while peak demand was 288 MW. NIPSCO billing data, load forecast and secondary sources were used to allocate usage to large and small segments and to develop estimates of energy intensity (annual kWh/employee). Using the electricity use and intensity estimates, AEG inferred the number of employees which is the unit of analysis in LoadMAP for the industrial sector. These are shown in Table 3-6.

TADIE 3-6 INDUSTRIAL SECTOR CONTROL LOTAIS (201)	Table 3-6	Industrial	Sector	Control	Totals	(2014)	I)
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Segment	Electricity Sales (GWh)	Intensity (Annual kWh/employee)	Number of Employees	Summer peak Demand (MW)
Small Industrial (<1M kWh/year)	1,779	26,377	67,453	262
Large Industrial (>1M kWh/year)	251	247,963	1,014	27
Total	2,031	29,658	68,467	288

#### Energy Market Profile

Figure 3-5 shows the distribution of annual electricity consumption and summer peak demand by end use for all industrial customers. Motors are the largest overall end use for the industrial sector, accounting for 38% of energy use. Note that this end use includes a wide range of industrial equipment, such as air compressors and refrigeration compressors, pumps, conveyor motors, and fans. The process end use accounts for 21% of annual energy use, which includes heating, cooling, refrigeration, and electro-chemical processes. Cooling contributes the most to summer peak demand with 43%. Exterior lighting and space heating are not coincident with the system peak and therefore do not appear in the pie chart.

#### Figure 3-5 Industrial Electricity Use by End Use (2014), All Segments



**Summer Peak Demand** 


Table 3-7 shows the composite market profile for the industrial sector.

Endlico	Tashnalagu	Saturation	EUI	Intensity	Usage	Summer Peak
End Ose	rechnology	Saturation	(kWh)	(kWh/ Employee)	(GWh)	(MW)
Cooling	Air-Cooled Chiller	5.0%	4,056	204	13.9	7
Cooling	Water-Cooled Chiller	11.1%	2,936	327	22.4	1
Cooling	RTU	51.1%	5,877	3,003	205.6	7
Cooling	Room AC	3.3%	6,316	205	14.1	11
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	1.2%	4,381	54	3.7	98
Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.7%	3,767	27	1.8	2
Heating	Electric Furnace	9.4%	7,044	665	45.5	0
Heating	Electric Room Heat	3.9%	5,651	218	14.9	0
Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	1.2%	4,215	52	3.5	0
Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.7%	3,779	27	1.8	0
Ventilation	Ventilation	100.0%	1,258	1,258	86.1	7
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	175	175	12.0	1
Interior Lighting	High-Bay Fixtures	100.0%	3,128	3,128	214.2	4
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	510	510	34.9	22
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	35	35	2.4	0
Exterior Lighting	HID	100.0%	660	660	45.2	0
Exterior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	135	135	9.3	0
Process	Process Heating	100.0%	3,906	3,906	267.5	27
Process	Process Cooling	100.0%	807	807	55.2	5
Process	Process Refrigeration	100.0%	807	807	55.2	5
Process	Process Electro-Chemical	100.0%	568	568	38.9	4
Process	Process Other	100.0%	222	222	15.2	2
Motors	Pumps	100.0%	1,919	1,919	131.4	13
Motors	Fans & Blowers	100.0%	2,336	2,336	159.9	16
Motors	Compressed Air	100.0%	1,894	1,894	129.7	13
Motors	Conveyors	100.0%	4,830	4,830	330.7	33
Motors	Other Motors	100.0%	154	154	10.6	1
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	100.0%	1,534	1,534	105.0	10
	Total			29,658	2,030.6	288

 Table 3-7
 Average Electric Market Profile for the Industrial Sector, 2014

SECTION 4

# **Baseline Projection**

Prior to developing estimates of energy-efficiency potential, AEG developed a baseline end-use projection to quantify what the consumption is likely going to be in the future absent any efficiency programs. The savings from past programs are embedded in the forecast, but the baseline projection assumes that those past programs cease to exist in the future. Possible savings from future programs are captured by the potential estimates.

The baseline projection incorporates assumptions about:

- Customer and economic growth
- Appliance/equipment standards and building codes already mandated (see <u>Section 2</u>)
- Forecasts of future electricity prices and other drivers of consumption
- Trends in fuel shares and appliance saturations and assumptions about miscellaneous electricity growth
- Naturally occurring energy efficiency, which reflects the manufacture of more efficient options in response to new appliance standards and purchases of high-efficiency appliances and equipment by early adopters outside of utility programs.

Although it aligns closely, the baseline projection is not NIPSCO's official load forecast. Rather it was developed to serve as the metric against which DSM potentials are measured. This chapter presents the baseline projections AEG developed for this study. Below, AEG presents the baseline projections for each sector, which include projections of annual use in GWh and summer peak demand in MW as well as a summary across all sectors.

### **Residential Sector**

#### **Annual Use**

Table 4-1 and Figure 4-1 present the baseline projection for electricity at the end-use level for the residential sector as a whole. Overall, residential use increases from 3,384 GWh in 2014 to 3,720 GWh in 2036, an increase of 9.9%. This reflects a modest customer growth forecast. This table also shows the estimate of naturally occurring energy efficiency, which has the greatest impact in the lighting end uses due to early adoption of light emitting diode (LED) lamps. Figure 4-2 presents the baseline projection of annual electricity use per household. Most noticeable is that lighting use decreases throughout the time period as the lighting standards from the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA) come into effect.

Table 4-2 shows the end-use forecast at the technology level for select years. This projection is in general alignment with NIPSCO's residential load forecast. Specific observations include:

- 1. Lighting use declines as a result of the EISA lighting standards in 2020.
- 2. Appliance energy use experiences significant efficiency gains from new standards, but this is offset by customer growth.
- 3. Growth in use in electronics is substantial and reflects an increase in the saturation of electronics and the trend toward higher-powered computers. Growth in other miscellaneous use is also substantial. This end use has grown consistently in the past and AEG incorporates future growth assumptions that are consistent with the Annual Energy Outlook.

End Use	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
Cooling	574	583	580	582	587	612	6.6%
Heating	267	238	240	244	251	265	-0.6%
Water Heating	205	205	204	203	198	198	-3.8%
Interior Lighting	442	451	443	358	279	266	-40.0%
Exterior Lighting	124	109	100	72	48	44	-64.7%
Appliances	894	902	914	936	970	1,039	16.2%
Electronics	430	460	465	478	516	659	53.2%
Miscellaneous	449	461	475	497	538	638	42.3%
Total	3,384	3,408	3,421	3,371	3,388	3,720	9.9%

Table 4-1 Residential Baseline Projection by End Use (GWh)

Figure 4-1 Residential Baseline Projection by End Use (GWh)







End Use	Technology	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
	Central AC	420	427	428	431	441	468	11.6%
	Room AC	140	140	137	134	129	123	-11.9%
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	13	14	14	15	16	18	35.4%
	Geothermal Heat Pump	2	2	2	2	2	3	72.8%
	Electric Furnace	145	129	129	131	133	136	-5.9%
	Electric Zonal Room Heat	43	39	39	41	44	51	19.7%
Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	4	4	4	5	5	7	56.5%
	Geothermal Heat Pump	75	66	67	68	69	71	-5.2%
	Water Heater <= 55 gal	136	137	138	141	145	159	16.7%
water Heating	Water Heater > 55 gal	69	68	66	62	52	39	-44.0%
	Screw-in	298	300	295	223	152	138	-53.8%
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	50	51	51	52	53	55	9.0%
	Specialty	94	100	97	83	74	73	-22.2%
Ext. Lighting	Screw-in	124	109	100	72	48	44	-64.7%
Appliances	Refrigerator	300	303	307	315	327	346	15.6%
	Second Refrigerator	112	114	117	121	128	141	25.9%
	Freezer	85	87	89	93	98	105	23.6%
	Clothes Washer	26	26	25	24	21	19	-26.0%
	Clothes Dryer	150	152	154	158	163	173	15.2%
	Dishwasher	78	77	76	76	77	85	8.3%
	Stove	52	53	53	54	56	60	15.4%
	Microwave	91	92	93	96	100	109	20.5%
	Personal Computers	40	42	44	48	55	74	82.4%
	Monitor	20	21	21	21	22	24	15.7%
	Laptops	25	26	28	30	34	46	82.9%
Electronics	Printer/Fax/Copier	18	19	19	21	24	33	81.2%
	TVs	166	172	179	190	211	256	54.6%
	Set-top Boxes/DVR	117	133	124	112	102	127	9.0%
	Devices and Gadgets	44	47	50	57	69	99	128.3%
	Well Pump	6	6	7	7	7	7	16.7%
	Dehumidifier	1	1	1	1	1	1	10.0%
	Pool Pump	29	29	29	30	31	33	15.1%
Miscellaneous	Pool Heater	192	194	196	197	197	196	1.8%
	Hot Tub / Spa	18	18	18	19	20	21	15.1%
	Furnace Fan	59	59	60	61	62	66	10.2%
	Other	143	153	164	183	220	315	120.6%
Total		3,384	3,408	3,421	3,371	3,388	3,720	9.9%

### Table 4-2 Residential Baseline Projection by End Use and Technology (GWh)

#### **Residential Summer Peak Demand Projection**

Table 4-3 and Figure 4-3 present the residential baseline projection for summer peak demand at the end-use level. Overall, residential summer peak increases from 900 MW in 2014 to 999 MW in 2036, an increase of 11.0%. Cooling and appliances show a modest increase while water heating decreases slightly and lighting declines significantly. The summer peak associated with electronics and miscellaneous uses increases substantially, in correspondence with growth in annual energy use.

End Use	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
Cooling	624	634	632	635	644	676	8.3%
Heating	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Water Heating	19	19	19	18	18	18	-3.6%
Interior Lighting	33	33	33	27	21	20	-40.0%
Exterior Lighting	9	8	7	5	4	3	-64.7%
Appliances	116	117	119	122	126	135	16.6%
Electronics	48	52	52	54	58	74	53.1%
Miscellaneous	51	52	54	57	61	72	42.1%
Total	900	915	916	918	932	999	11.0%

 Table 4-3 Residential Summer Peak Baseline Projection by End Use (MW)





## **Commercial Sector Baseline Projections**

#### Annual Use

Annual electricity use in the commercial sector grows during the overall forecast horizon, starting at 3,705 GWh in 2014, and increasing to 4,127 in 2036 representing 11.4% growth. Table 4-4 and Figure 4-4 present the baseline projection at the end-use level for the commercial sector as a whole. Usage in lighting is declining slightly throughout the forecast, due largely to the phasing in of codes and standards such as the EISA 2007 lighting standards.

End Use	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
Cooling	869	890	893	900	913	939	8.1%
Heating	220	196	197	198	200	199	-9.8%
Ventilation	280	278	275	271	264	265	-5.5%
Water Heating	92	91	92	92	93	88	-4.9%
Interior Lighting	1,046	1,044	1,042	1,030	1,020	1,008	-3.6%
Ext. Lighting	428	434	436	434	430	422	-1.4%
Refrigeration	87	88	89	92	96	101	16.5%
Food Prep	40	40	40	41	42	44	9.4%
Office Equip	343	348	353	368	405	480	40.2%
Miscellaneous	300	324	349	388	454	581	93.7%
Total	3,705	3,734	3,766	3,814	3,917	4,127	11.4%

 Table 4-4
 Commercial Baseline Projection by End Use (GWh)

#### Figure 4-4 Commercial Baseline Projection by End Use



Table 4-5 presents the commercial sector annual forecast by technology for select years. Screwin lighting technologies decrease significantly over the forecast period as a result of efficiency standards.

End Use	Technology	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
	Air-Cooled Chiller	46	51	55	61	71	91	99.8%
	Water-Cooled Chiller	66	72	76	82	93	112	69.4%
Cooling	RTU	691	699	691	681	664	633	-8.5%
Cooling	Room AC	48	51	54	59	68	88	84.0%
	Air Source Heat Pump	12	12	12	11	11	10	-10.8%
	Geo. Heat Pump	6	6	6	6	6	5	-15.7%
	Electric Furnace	154	137	137	139	141	140	-8.6%
	Electric Zonal Heat	49	44	45	45	46	47	-4.7%
Heating	Air Source Heat Pump	11	10	10	9	9	8	-30.7%
пеацінд	Geo. Heat Pump	6	5	5	5	4	4	-41.6%
	Ventilation	280	278	275	271	264	265	-5.5%
	Water Heater	92	91	92	92	93	88	-4.9%
	Screw-in	160	146	135	112	91	85	-46.9%
Int. Lighting	High-Bay Fixtures	272	283	291	303	318	325	19.6%
	Linear Fluorescent	614	615	615	614	611	598	-2.6%
	Screw-in	56	53	51	44	36	34	-39.6%
Ext. Lighting	HID	335	343	349	354	357	352	5.1%
	Linear Fluorescent	37	37	37	37	37	36	-2.3%
	Walk-in Refrigerator	10	10	11	11	11	12	17.9%
	Reach-in Refrigerator	9	9	9	9	9	10	8.8%
Defrigeration	Glass Door Display	7	7	8	8	8	9	18.2%
Reingeration	Open Display Case	43	45	47	50	53	56	30.1%
	Icemaker	12	10	9	8	8	8	-29.7%
	Vending Machine	6	6	6	6	6	7	18.2%
	Dishwasher	6	6	5	5	5	5	-10.8%
	Oven	7	7	7	7	8	8	11.6%
Food Bron	Fryer	12	13	13	13	14	15	21.4%
roou riep.	Griddle	10	10	10	10	10	11	7.3%
	Steamer	4	4	4	4	4	4	0.2%
	Hot Food Container	1	1	1	1	1	1	22.7%
	Desktop Computer	188	191	195	204	224	266	41.6%
	Laptop	29	28	27	26	28	32	11.8%
Office Equip	Monitor	33	33	33	34	37	43	30.5%
Once Equip.	Server	55	58	60	64	72	86	55.6%
	Printer/Copier/Fax	26	25	25	25	27	32	23.5%
	POS Terminal	12	13	14	15	17	22	79.4%
	Pool Heater	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.2%
Miccollanaous	Pool Pump	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.0%
wiscellaneous	Non-HVAC Motors	11	11	11	11	12	13	20.6%
	Other	289	313	337	376	442	568	96.5%
Total		3,705	3,734	3,766	3,814	3,917	4,127	11.4%

 Table 4-5
 Commercial Baseline Projection by End Use and Technology (GWh)

#### **Commercial Summer Peak Demand Projection**

Table 4-6 and Figure 4-5 present the summer peak baseline projection at the end-use level for the commercial sector as a whole. Summer peak demand stays relatively flat during the overall forecast horizon, starting at 750 MW in 2014 and increasing to 831 in 2036.

End Use	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
Cooling	503	516	516	517	529	544	8.1%
Heating	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Ventilation	17	16	16	16	16	16	-5.5%
Water Heating	7	7	7	7	7	7	-4.9%
Interior Lighting	139	139	139	139	136	134	-3.6%
Ext. Lighting	3	3	3	3	3	3	-1.4%
Refrigeration	7	7	7	7	8	8	16.5%
Food Prep	7	7	7	7	7	8	9.4%
Office Equip	32	32	32	33	37	44	40.2%
Miscellaneous	34	37	38	40	52	67	93.7%
Total	750	765	767	770	795	831	10.8%

Table 4-6 Commercial Summer Peak Baseline Projection by End Use (MW)

Figure 4-5 Commercial Summer Peak Baseline Projection by End Use (MW)



## **Industrial Sector Baseline Projections**

## Annual Use

Annual industrial use remains relatively flat throughout the forecast horizon. Table 4-7 and Figure 4-6 present the projection at the end-use level. Overall, industrial annual electricity use (not including opt-out customers) increases from 2,031 GWh in 2014 to 2,076 GWh in 2036. This comprises an overall increase of 2.2% over the 32-year period.

End Use	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
Cooling	261	262	259	251	237	212	-19%
Heating	66	68	69	69	68	65	-1%
Ventilation	86	84	81	76	66	52	-40%
Interior Lighting	261	267	268	261	251	235	-10%
Exterior Lighting	57	58	59	58	56	52	-8%
Motors	432	447	454	455	455	445	3%
Process	762	790	804	808	813	805	6%
Miscellaneous	105	118	129	144	168	210	100%
Total	2,031	2,094	2,123	2,122	2,114	2,076	2.2%

Table 4-7 Industrial Baseline Projection by End Use (GWh)

Figure 4-6 Industrial Baseline Projection by End Use (GWh)



#### **Industrial Summer Peak Demand Projection**

Table 4-8 and Figure 4-7 present the projection of summer peak demand for the industrial sector. Once the opt-out customers are removed, the peak forecast decreases by 4.6% between 2014 and 2036.

End Use	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
Cooling	125	125	124	120	113	101	-19%
Heating	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Ventilation	7	7	7	6	6	4	-40%
Interior Lighting	27	27	27	27	26	24	-10%
Exterior Lighting	1	1	1	1	1	0	-8%
Process	43	44	45	45	45	44	3%
Motors	76	78	80	80	81	80	6%
Miscellaneous	10	12	13	14	17	21	100%
Total	288	294	296	293	287	275	-4.6%





## **Summary of Baseline Projections across Sectors**

### Annual Use

Table 4-9 and Figure 4-8 provide a summary of the baseline projection for annual use by sector for the entire NIPSCO service territory. Overall, the forecast shows relatively modest growth in electricity use, driven primarily by customer growth forecasts.

Table 4-9	Baseline Projecti	on Summar	y (GWh)

Sector	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
Residential	3,384	3,408	3,421	3,371	3,388	3,720	9.9%
Commercial	3,705	3,734	3,766	3,814	3,917	4,127	11.4%
Industrial	2,031	2,094	2,123	2,122	2,114	2,076	2.2%
Total	9,120	9,235	9,310	9,307	9,419	9,923	8.8%

Figure 4-8 Baseline Projection Summary (GWh)



#### **Summer Peak Demand Projection**

Table 4-10 and Figure 4-9 provide a summary of the baseline projection for summer peak demand. Overall, the forecast shows modest growth of 8.6%, aligning with the energy forecast.

Table 4-10 Baseline Summer Peak Projection Summary (MW)

Sector	2014	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036	% Change (14-36)
Residential	900	915	916	918	932	999	11.0%
Commercial	750	765	770	778	795	831	10.8%
Industrial	288	294	296	293	287	275	-4.6%
Total	1,938	1,975	1,982	1,989	2,014	2,104	8.6%

Figure 4-9 Baseline Summer Peak Projection Summary (MW)



# Measure-Level DSM Potential

This chapter presents the measure-level DSM potential for NIPSCO. This includes every possible measure that is considered in the measure list, regardless of program implementation concerns.

The annual energy savings are in GWh and the summer peak demand savings in MW from energy-efficiency measures. Year-by-year savings for annual energy and peak demand are available in the LoadMAP model, which was provided to NIPSCO at the conclusion of the study.

A summary of annual energy and summer peak demand savings across all three sectors is shown first, followed by details for each sector.

## **Overall Summary of DSM Potential**

This section presents the annual energy and peak demand savings from energy-efficiency measures for eligible customers. Compared to the 2014 Forecast, the savings are dramatically lower for two reasons:

- Opt-out customers are excluded from this study, which affects primarily the industrial sector savings
- Estimates of Achievable Potential represent a realistic level of potential that can be achieved

#### Summary of Annual Energy Savings

Table 5-1 and Figure 5-1 summarize the EE savings in terms of annual energy use for all measures for three levels of potential relative to the baseline projection. Figure 5-2 displays the EE forecasts.

- **Technical potential** reflects the adoption of all EE measures regardless of costeffectiveness. First-year savings are 284 GWh, or 3.1% of the baseline projection. Cumulative gross savings in 2021 are 1,171 GWh, or 12.6% of the baseline. By 2036 cumulative savings reach 2,984 GWh, or 30.1% of the baseline.
- Economic potential reflects the savings when the most efficient cost-effective measures are taken by all customers. The first-year savings in 2016 are 214 GWh, or 2.3% of the baseline projection. By 2021, cumulative savings reach 881 GWh, or 9.5% of the baseline. By 2036, cumulative savings reach 2,367 GWh, or 23.9% of the baseline projection.
- Achievable potential refines the economic potential by taking into account expected participation, customer preferences, and budget constraints. It shows 82 GWh savings in the first year, or 0.9% of the baseline and by 2021 cumulative savings reach 328 GWh, or 3.5% of the baseline projection. By 2036, cumulative savings reach 1,027 GWh, or 10.4% of the baseline projection. This results in average annual savings of 0.5% of the baseline each year. Achievable potential reflects 36%-44% of economic potential throughout the forecast horizon.

Table 5-1	Summary of DSM Potential	(Annual Energy	GW/h)
	Summary of DSM Fotomar		

	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036		
Baseline projection (GWh)	9,236	9,310	9,307	9,419	9,906		
Cumulative Savings (GWh)							
Achievable Potential	82	199	328	558	1,027		
Economic Potential	214	548	881	1,403	2,367		
Technical Potential	283	717	1,171	1,848	2,984		
Cumulative Savings as a % of Baseline							
Achievable Potential	0.9%	2.1%	3.5%	5.9%	10.4%		
Economic Potential	2.3%	5.9%	9.5%	14.9%	23.9%		
Technical Potential	3.1%	7.7%	12.6%	19.6%	30.1%		

Figure 5-1 Summary of DSM Potential as % of Baseline Projection (Annual Energy)





Figure 5-2 Baseline Projection and DSM Forecast Summary (Annual Energy, GWh)

#### Summary of Summer Peak Demand Savings from EE

Table 5-2 and Figure 5-3 summarize the summer peak demand savings from all EE measures for three levels of potential relative to the baseline projection<sup>13</sup>. Figure 5-4 displays the EE forecasts of summer peak demand.

- **Technical potential** for summer peak demand savings is 226 MW in 2021, or 11.3% of the baseline projection. This increases to 671 MW by 2036, or 31.9% of the summer peak baseline projection.
- Economic potential is estimated to be 163 MW or 8.2% reduction in the 2021 summer peak demand baseline projection. In 2036, savings are 525 MW or 24.9% of the summer peak baseline projection.
- Achievable potential is 62 MW by 2021, or 3.1% of the baseline projection. By 2036, cumulative savings reach 230 MW, or 10.9% of the baseline projection.

	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036			
Baseline projection (MW)	1,975	1,982	1,989	2,014	2,104			
Cumulative Savings (MW)								
Achievable Potential	15	35	62	113	230			
Economic Potential	37	92	163	284	525			
Technical Potential	50	126	226	388	671			
Cumulative Savings as a % of Baseline								
Achievable Potential	0.8%	1.7%	3.1%	5.6%	10.9%			
Economic Potential	1.9%	4.6%	8.2%	14.1%	24.9%			
Technical Potential	2.5%	6.3%	11.3%	19.3%	31.9%			

Table 5-2 Summary of DSM Potential (Summer Peak, MW)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The savings from Demand Response programs are shown in Chapter 7. The demand response analysis was done separately from the Energy Efficiency analysis.



Figure 5-3 Summary of DSM Potential as % of Summer Peak Baseline Projection

Figure 5-4 Summary of the Summer Peak Baseline Projection and DSM Forecasts (MW)



## Summary of DSM Potential by Sector

Table 5-3, Figure 5-5, and Figure 5-6 summarize the range of electric achievable potential by sector. Residential provides the most early energy potential, but Commercial surpasses it after 2021, and has nearly doubled the 20 year potential of Residential. Because the Industrial customers who opt out from DSM programs are typically large consumers of energy, the focus of savings is on smaller industrial customers. For peak demand, Residential provides the most potential reduction throughout the study.

 Table 5-3
 Achievable DSM Potential by Sector (Annual Use and Summer Peak)

	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036			
Cumulative Annual Energy Savings (GWh)								
Residential	51	109	144	203	362			
Commercial	26	77	157	300	560			
Industrial	5	13	27	55	106			
Total	82	199	328	558	1,027			
Cumulative Summer Peal	CDemand Savings (	MW)						
Residential	11	21	34	59	122			
Commercial	4	12	25	48	96			
Industrial	1	1	3	6	12			
Total	15	35	62	113	230			

Figure 5-5 Achievable DSM Potential by Sector (Annual Energy, GWh)





Figure 5-6 Achievable DSM Potential by Sector (Summer Peak Demand, MW)

## **Residential DSM Potential**

Table 5-4 and Figure 5-7 present estimates for measure-level EE potential for the residential sector in terms of annual energy savings. Achievable potential in the first year, 2016 is 51 GWh, or 1.5% of the baseline projection. By 2021, cumulative savings are 144 GWh, or 4.3% of the baseline projection. Achievable potential represents roughly 44% of economic potential.

	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036			
Baseline projection (GWh)	3,408	3,421	3,371	3,388	3,702			
Cumulative Savings (GWh)								
Achievable Potential	51	109	144	203	362			
Economic Potential	119	278	354	461	814			
Technical Potential	160	364	491	659	1,074			
Cumulative Savings as a % of Baseline								
Achievable Potential	1.5%	3.2%	4.3%	6.0%	9.8%			
Economic Potential	3.5%	8.1%	10.5%	13.6%	22.0%			
Technical Potential	4.7%	10.6%	14.6%	19.5%	29.0%			

Table 5-4 Residential DSM Potential (Annual Energy, GWh)





Table 5-5 and Figure 5-8 show residential DSM potential in terms of summer peak savings. In the first year, 2016, summer peak savings are 11 MW, or 1.2% of the baseline summer peak projection. By 2021, cumulative savings are 34 MW, or 3.7% of the baseline summer peak projection.

#### Table 5-5 Residential DSM Potential (Summer Peak Demand, MW)

	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036		
Baseline projection (MW)	915	916	918	932	999		
Cumulative Savings (MW)							
Achievable Potential	11	34	34	59	122		
Economic Potential	24	55	88	147	281		
Technical Potential	31	71	119	194	335		
Cumulative Savings as a % of Baseline							
Achievable Potential	1.2%	2.3%	3.7%	6.3%	12.2%		
Economic Potential	2.6%	5.9%	9.6%	15.8%	28.1%		
Technical Potential	3.4%	7.8%	12.9%	20.8%	33.6%		

Figure 5-8 Residential DSM Savings as a % of Summer Peak Baseline Projection



Below are the top residential measures from the perspective of annual energy use and summer peak demand.

Table 5-6 identifies the top 20 residential measures from the perspective of annual energy savings in 2021. The top measure is interior screw in lighting as a result of purchases of LED lamps, which are cost effective throughout the forecast horizon. NIPSCO's currently running behavioral program is the second highest-achieving measure by 2021.

Rank	Residential Measure	2021 Cumulative Energy Savings (GWh)	% of Total
1	Interior Lighting - Screw-in LEDs	36.5	25.3%
2	Behavioral Programs	22.3	15.5%
3	Interior Lighting – Specialty LEDs	18.1	12.6%
4	Exterior Lighting - Screw-in LEDs	11.5	8.0%
5	Windows - High Efficiency/ENERGY STAR	7.2	5.0%
6	Cooling - Central AC	6.0	4.2%
7	Water Heating – HP Water Heater <= 55 gal	5.8	4.0%
8	Refrigerator - Remove Second Unit	5.4	3.8%
9	Ducting - Repair and Sealing	4.0	2.8%
10	Ceiling Fan - Installation	3.7	2.5%
11	Appliances - Refrigerator	3.6	2.5%
12	Thermostat - Smart / Interactive	3.6	2.5%
13	Appliances - Freezer	2.7	1.8%
14	Heating - Air-Source Heat Pump	1.5	1.0%
15	Room AC - Removal of Second Unit	1.5	1.0%
16	Whole-House Fan - Installation	1.3	0.9%
17	Electronics - Personal Computers	1.2	0.8%
18	Miscellaneous - Dehumidifier	1.0	0.7%
19	Miscellaneous - Furnace Fan	1.0	0.7%
20	Electronics - Laptops	0.8	0.5%
Total	Total Top 20 Measures	138.5	96.2%
	Total All Measures	144.0	100%

Table 5-6 Residential Top Measures in 2021 (Annual Energy, GWh)

Figure 5-9 presents forecasts of energy savings by end use as a percent of total annual savings and cumulative savings. Lighting savings account for a substantial portion of the savings throughout the forecast horizon, but the share declines over time as the market is transformed. The same is true for exterior lighting. Water heater savings increase after 2021 as a result of heat pump water heaters becoming cost effective at that time. Savings from cooling measures and appliances are steadily increasing throughout the forecast horizon.

#### Figure 5-9 Residential Achievable Savings Forecast (Annual Energy, GWh)



## Share of Annual Savings by End Use

# **Cumulative Savings (GWh)**



Table 5-7 identifies the top 20 residential measures from the perspective of summer peak savings in 2021. The top measure is central AC replacement, at 21.1% of the savings in 2021. The top 20 measures account for 97.4% of total savings in 2021. Figure 5-10 presents the forecasts of summer peak savings by end use as a percent of total annual savings and cumulative savings. Savings from cooling-related measures dominate throughout the forecast horizon because it is the most peak-coincident end use.

Rank	Residential Measure	2021 Cumulative Summer Peak Savings (MW)	% of Total
1	Cooling - Central AC	7.2	21.0%
2	Behavioral Programs	6.1	17.9%
3	Thermostat - Smart / Interactive	5.2	15.3%
4	Ducting - Repair and Sealing	3.5	10.3%
5	Interior Lighting - Screw-in LEDs	2.7	7.9%
6	Whole-House Fan - Installation	1.5	4.4%
7	Interior Lighting – Specialty LEDs	1.3	3.9%
8	Room AC - Removal of Second Unit	1.1	3.3%
9	Exterior Lighting - Screw-in LEDs	0.9	2.5%
10	Refrigerator - Remove Second Unit	0.6	1.8%
11	Cooling - Room AC	0.6	1.8%
12	Water Heating - HP Water Heater <= 55 gal	0.5	1.6%
13	Appliances - Refrigerator	0.4	1.2%
14	Appliances - Freezer	0.3	1.0%
15	Windows - High Efficiency/ENERGY STAR	0.3	0.9%
16	Cooling - Air-Source Heat Pump	0.3	0.9%
17	Insulation - Ducting	0.2	0.5%
18	Insulation - Ceiling	0.1	0.4%
19	Electronics - Personal Computers	0.1	0.4%
20	Miscellaneous - Dehumidifier	0.1	0.3%
Total	Total Top 20 Measures	33.2	97.4%
	Total All Measures	34.1	100%

Table 5-7 Residential Top Measures in 2021 (Summer Peak Demand, M	W)
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#### Figure 5-10 Residential Achievable Savings Forecast (Summer Peak, MW)



# Share of Peak Savings by End Use

# **Cumulative Savings (MW)**



### **Commercial Sector DSM Potential**

Table 5-8 and Figure 5-11 present estimates for the three levels of EE potential for the commercial sector from the perspective of annual energy savings. In 2016, the first year of the projection, achievable potential is 26 GWh, or 0.7% of the baseline projection. By 2021, savings are 157 GWh, or 4.1% of the baseline projection. Throughout the forecast horizon, achievable potential represents about 32%-43% of economic potential.

 Table 5-8
 DSM Potential for the Commercial Sector (Energy Savings)

	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036		
Baseline projection (GWh)	3,734	3,766	3,814	3,917	4,127		
Cumulative Savings (GWh)							
Achievable Potential	26	77	157	300	560		
Economic Potential	80	229	446	791	1,290		
Technical Potential	99	286	552	961	1,534		
Cumulative Savings as a % of Baseline							
Achievable Potential	0.7%	2.0%	4.1%	7.7%	13.6%		
Economic Potential	2.1%	6.1%	11.7%	20.2%	31.3%		
Technical Potential	2.7%	7.6%	14.5%	24.5%	37.2%		

Figure 5-11 Commercial Energy Efficiency Savings (Energy)



Table 5-9 and Figure 5-12 present savings estimates from the perspective of summer peak demand. These savings reflect energy-efficiency measures and demand-response programs. In 2016, the first year of the projection, achievable potential is 4 MW, or 0.5% of the baseline summer peak projection. By 2021, savings are 25 MW, or 8.5% of the baseline projection.

Table 3-7 Down otential for the commercial Sector (Summer Feak Demand)							
	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036		
Baseline projection (MW)	765	770	778	795	831		
Cumulative Savings (MW)							
Achievable Potential	4	12	25	48	96		
Economic Potential	11	33	66	120	215		
Technical Potential	15	44	88	161	281		
Cumulative Savings as a % of Baseline							
Achievable Potential	0.5%	1.5%	3.2%	6.0%	11.6%		
Economic Potential	1.5%	4.3%	8.5%	15.1%	25.8%		
Technical Potential	2.0%	5.8%	11.3%	20.2%	33.8%		

Table 5-9 DSM Potential for the Commercial Sector (Summer Peak Demand)

Figure 5-12 Commercial DSM Potential (Summer Peak)



Below are the top commercial measures from the perspective of annual energy use and summer peak demand.

Table 5-10 identifies the top 20 commercial-sector measures from the perspective of annual energy savings in 2021. The top measure is interior LED replacements for exterior high-intensity displays, with other lighting measures following close behind.

Figure 5-13 presents forecasts of energy savings by end use as a percent of total annual savings and cumulative savings. Lighting savings from interior and exterior applications account for a substantial portion of the savings throughout the forecast horizon. Cooling savings are also substantial throughout the forecast.

Rank	Commercial Measure	2021 Cumulative Energy Savings (GWh)	% of Total
1	Exterior Lighting – HID LEDs	20.29	12.9%
2	Interior Lighting - Linear LEDs	19.54	12.5%
3	Interior Lighting - Occupancy Sensors	15.09	9.6%
4	Interior Lighting - High-Bay Fixtures LEDs	12.82	8.2%
5	Office Equipment - Desktop Computer	12.74	8.1%
6	Retrocommissioning	10.99	7.0%
7	Interior Lighting - Daylighting Controls	9.15	5.8%
8	Water Heating - Water Heater	8.21	5.2%
9	Interior Lighting - Screw-in LEDs	7.47	4.8%
10	HVAC - Economizer	4.60	2.9%
11	Office Equipment - Server	3.96	2.5%
12	Cooling - Water-Cooled Chiller	3.39	2.2%
13	Cooling - RTU	3.00	1.9%
14	Exterior Lighting - Screw-in LEDs	3.00	1.9%
15	Cooling - Air-Cooled Chiller	1.95	1.2%
16	Office Equipment - Printer/Copier/Fax	1.85	1.2%
17	RTU - Maintenance	1.82	1.2%
18	Ventilation - Ventilation	1.50	1.0%
19	Cooling - Room AC	1.47	0.9%
20	Advanced New Construction Designs	1.41	0.9%
Total	Total Top 20 Measures	144.24	92.0%
	Total All Measures	156.8	100%

Table 5-10 Commercial Sector Top Measures in 2021 (Annual Energy, GWh)

#### Figure 5-13 Commercial Achievable Savings Forecast (Annual Energy, GWh)



## Share of Annual Savings by End Use

## **Cumulative Savings**



Table 5-11 identifies the top 20 commercial-sector measures from the perspective of summer peak savings in 2021. In 2021, the top peak savings come from optimization of the cooling system through Retrocommissioning and HVAC economizers, with the majority of the rest coming from lighting measures, as lighting use is coincident with the peak hour.

Rank	Commercial Measure	2021 Cumulative Summer Peak Savings (MW)	% of Total
1	Retrocommissioning	3.1	12.6%
2	HVAC - Economizer	2.7	10.9%
3	Interior Lighting - Linear LEDs	2.6	10.6%
4	Cooling - Water-Cooled Chiller	2.0	8.0%
5	Cooling - RTU	1.7	7.1%
6	Interior Lighting - High-Bay LEDs	1.7	7.0%
7	Interior Lighting - Daylighting Controls	1.2	5.0%
8	Office Equipment - Desktop Computer	1.2	4.8%
9	Cooling - Air-Cooled Chiller	1.1	4.6%
10	RTU - Maintenance	1.1	4.3%
11	Interior Lighting - Screw-in LEDs	1.0	4.1%
12	Cooling - Room AC	0.9	3.5%
13	Interior Lighting - Occupancy Sensors	0.8	3.3%
14	Water Heating - Water Heater	0.7	2.7%
15	Office Equipment - Server	0.4	1.5%
16	Insulation - Ceiling	0.3	1.3%
17	Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	0.3	1.1%
18	Insulation - Ducting	0.3	1.1%
19	Office Equipment - Printer/Copier/Fax	0.2	0.7%
20	Food Preparation - Griddle	0.2	0.7%
Total	Total Top 20 Measures	23.2	94.7%
	Total All Measures	24.5	100%

Table 5-11 Commercial Sector Top Measures in 2021 (Summer Peak, MW)

Figure 5-14 presents forecasts of summer peak savings by end use as a percent of total summer peak savings and cumulative savings. Savings from cooling-related measures dominate throughout the forecast horizon.



Figure 5-14 Commercial Sector Achievable Savings Forecast (Summer Peak, MW)

## **Cumulative Savings**



## **Industrial Potential**

Table 5-12 and Figure 5-15 present potential estimates at the measure level for the industrial sector, from the perspective of annual energy savings. With the opt-out customers removed, the savings for the industrial customers are closely aligned with the commercial sector. As a percent of the baseline projection, industrial savings are the lowest as a result of stringent motor standards and the challenges of identifying additional opportunities to reduce process energy use.

Savings in the first year, 2016 are 5 GWh, or 0.2% of the baseline projection. In 2021, savings reach 27 GWh, or 1.3% of the baseline projection.

Table 5-12 DSM Potential	for the	Industrial	Sector	(Annual	Enorav	CIN/b)
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	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036
Baseline projection (GWh)	2,094	2,123	2,122	2,114	2,076
Cumulative Savings (GWh)					
Achievable Potential	5	13	27	55	106
Economic Potential	15	41	81	151	262
Technical Potential	24	67	128	228	376
Cumulative Savings as a % of Baseline					
Achievable Potential	0.2%	0.6%	1.3%	2.6%	5.1%
Economic Potential	0.7%	1.9%	3.8%	7.2%	12.6%
Technical Potential	1.1%	3.2%	6.0%	10.8%	18.1%





Table 5-13 and Figure 5-16 present potential estimates from the perspective of summer peak savings. In 2016, the first year of the potential forecast, achievable savings are 0.5 MW, or 0.2% of the baseline projection. By 2021, savings have increased to 3 MW, or 1.0% of the baseline summer peak projection.

		-	-	-	
	2016	2018	2021	2026	2036
Baseline projection (MW)	294	296	293	287	275
Cumulative Savings (MW)					
Achievable Potential	0.5	1	3	6	12
Economic Potential	2	4	9	17	30
Technical Potential	4	10	19	33	55
Cumulative Savings as a % of Baseline					
Achievable Potential	0.2%	0.5%	1.0%	2.1%	4.3%
Economic Potential	0.6%	1.5%	3.0%	5.8%	10.8%
Technical Potential	1.2%	3.4%	6.5%	11.6%	20.1%

Table 5-13 DSM Potential for the Industrial Sector (Summer Peak, MW)

Figure 5-16 Industrial Energy Efficiency Savings (Peak Demand)



Below are the top industrial measures from the perspective of annual energy use and summer peak demand.

Table 5-14 identifies the top 20 industrial measures from the perspective of annual energy savings in 2021. The top measure is interior LED replacements for high-bay fixtures. The next two measures in ranking are optimization measures focused on pumping and fan systems.

Rank	Industrial Measure	2021 Cumulative Energy Savings (GWh)	% of Total
1	Interior Lighting - High-Bay LEDs	7.9	29.2%
2	Pumping System - Optimization	3.3	12.3%
3	Fan System - Optimization	3.2	11.7%
4	Exterior Lighting – HID LEDs	2.3	8.6%
5	Compressed Air - Air Usage Reduction	1.4	5.2%
6	Motors - Variable Frequency Drive (Pumps)	1.3	4.9%
7	Interior Lighting - Linear LEDs	1.1	3.9%
8	Compressed Air - Compressor Replacement	1.0	3.6%
9	Interior Lighting - Screw-in LEDs	1.0	3.6%
10	Retrocommissioning	0.7	2.5%
11	Cooling - RTU	0.5	1.9%
12	Cooling - Water-Cooled Chiller	0.5	1.9%
13	Cooling - Air-Cooled Chiller	0.3	1.2%
14	Transformer - High Efficiency	0.3	1.1%
15	Exterior Lighting - Linear LEDs	0.3	1.1%
16	Cooling - Room AC	0.3	1.1%
17	Insulation - Ceiling	0.2	0.9%
18	Interior Lighting - Occupancy Sensors	0.2	0.7%
19	Fan System - Maintenance	0.2	0.6%
20	Pumping System - Maintenance	0.2	0.6%
Total	Total Top 20 Measures	26.0	96.6%
	Total All Measures	27.0	100%

Table 5-14 Industrial Sector Top Measures in 2021 (Annual Energy, GWh)

Figure 5-17 presents forecasts of energy savings by end use as a percent of total annual savings and cumulative savings. Motor-related measures account for a substantial portion of the savings throughout the forecast horizon. Savings associated with lighting measures are also substantial throughout the forecast.





**Cumulative Savings** 



Table 5-15 identifies the top 20 industrial measures from the perspective of summer peak savings in 2021. The top measure, 27% of the summer peak savings, is the same as the highest energy saving measure - LED replacement of high-bay lighting, since use is coincident with the system peak hour.

Rank	Industrial Measure	2021 Cumulative Summer Peak Savings (MW)	% of Total
1	Interior Lighting - High-Bay LEDs	0.81	27.4%
2	Pumping System - Optimization	0.25	8.4%
3	Cooling - RTU	0.25	8.4%
4	Cooling - Water-Cooled Chiller	0.24	8.2%
5	Fan System - Optimization	0.24	8.0%
6	Cooling - Air-Cooled Chiller	0.15	5.2%
7	Compressed Air - Air Usage Reduction	0.14	4.7%
8	Cooling - Room AC	0.14	4.7%
9	Insulation - Ceiling	0.12	4.1%
10	Interior Lighting - Linear LEDs	0.11	3.7%
11	Interior Lighting - Screw-in LEDs	0.10	3.3%
12	Retrocommissioning	0.07	2.3%
13	Chiller - VSD on Fans	0.05	1.9%
14	Transformer - High Efficiency	0.04	1.5%
15	Compressed Air - Compressor Replacement	0.03	1.1%
16	Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	0.03	1.0%
17	Cooling - Geothermal Heat Pump	0.03	1.0%
18	Motors - Variable Frequency Drive (Pumps)	0.03	0.9%
19	Exterior Lighting – HID LEDs	0.02	0.7%
20	Interior Lighting - Occupancy Sensors	0.02	0.6%
Total	Total Top 20 Measures	2.86	97.1%
	Total All Measures	2.95	100%

Table 5-15 Industrial Top Measures in 2021 (Summer Peak Demand, MW)

Figure 5-18 presents forecasts of summer peak savings by end use as a percent of total summer peak savings and cumulative savings. Cooling, lighting, motors and process all contribute to the savings throughout the forecast horizon.
#### Figure 5-18 Industrial Achievable Savings Forecast (Summer Peak, MW)



# Share of Summer Peak Savings by End Use

#### 14 12 Cooling 10 Heating Ventilation 8 Interior Lighting MW 6 Exterior Lighting Motors 4 Process 2 Miscellaneous 2016 2019 2022 2025 2028 2031 2034

# **Cumulative Summer Peak Savings**

# **Program Potential**

Program potential is defined as the portion of the achievable potential that might be reasonably attained given constraints of resources. It consists of the subset of the measure-level potential that is aligned with near-term implementation accomplishments and the available budget. To develop program potential, MMP used program design, incentive structures, net-to-gross factors, marketing approaches, budgets, historic field experience, and staff resources to refine the key assumptions in achievable potential and participation rates to a final level that can be accomplished given the realities of the utility operations and program delivery and to reflect the ramp-up time for new initiatives. MMP made these adjustments based on actual historic program experience and budgets.

Using refined, projected costs for incentives and program delivery, net-to-gross factors, plus the adjusted participation rates of the program potential, cost-benefit analysis was completed to determine if the program was cost effective from a Total Resource Cost Test perspective for NIPSCO. To complete this analysis, the cost effectiveness model DSMore was utilized.

The DSMore tool is an award-winning modeling software that is nationally recognized and used in many states across the country to determine cost-effectiveness. Developed and licensed by Integral Analytics, based in Cincinnati Ohio, the DSMore cost-effectiveness modeling tool takes hourly prices and hourly energy savings from the specific measures/technologies being considered for the DSM program, and then correlates both to weather. This tool looks at over 30 years of historic weather variability to get the full weather variances appropriately modeled. In turn, this allows the model to capture the low probability, but high consequence weather events and apply appropriate value to them. Thus, a more accurate view of the value of the DSM measure can be captured in comparison to other alternative supply options. Inputs into the model include participation rates, incentives paid, energy and demand savings of the measure, life of the measure, net-to-gross factors, implementation costs, administrative costs, and incremental measure costs to the participant.

To be consistent with other NIPSCO planning efforts, DSMore utilizes NIPSCO provided utility rates; escalation rates; discount rates for the utility, society and the participant; and avoided costs. The model also produces specific measure energy savings by hour. These hourly savings are then provided to NIPSCO for use within its Integrated Resource Plan models.

Table 6-1 below lists the distinct program groupings that emerged from this exercise to deliver an effective and balanced portfolio of energy and peak demand savings opportunities across all customer segments.

Residential Program Groupings	Commercial Program Groupings	Industrial Program Groupings
Res Appliances	Com Cooling	Ind Cooling
Res Cooling	Com Exterior Lighting	Ind Exterior Lighting
Res Electric Heating	Com Electric Food Prep	Ind Interior Lighting
Res Electric Miscellaneous	Com Electric Heating	Ind Motors
Res Electric Water Heat	Com Interior Lighting	Ind Heating
Res Exterior Lighting	Com Elec Miscellaneous	
Res Interior Lighting	Com Office Equipment	
	Com Refrigeration	
	Com Ventilation	
	Com Electric Water Heat	

Table 6-1	Portfolio of DSN	1 Program	Groupings	Included in	Program	Potential

## **Portfolio Budgets and Impacts**

Figure 6-1 and Figure 6-2 show the annual portfolio budget allocations by program grouping and by budget category, respectively. The portfolio begins in the near term at about \$20 million per year in annual spending and increases to \$62 million in 2036. Costs and participation/savings drop in 2020 due to changes in the Federal standards for lighting.

Table 6-2 details the budgets for each program grouping for every year of the study. Approximately 53% of the total budget is for "Incentives", however, another 16% is in the "Other" category. The "Other" category includes items such as the low income measures which are paid by the utility but not classified as an incentive according to the California Standard Practice Manual formulas for the TRC test. "Other" also includes some additional implementation costs for some measures with very low incremental costs to cover the cost of including them in the portfolio. Administrative costs include NIPSCO staffing costs, planning and consulting costs and evaluation, measurement and verification costs, which represents 8% of the total costs. Implementation costs equal 23% of the total cost. These figures are in line with historic program costs.

## Figure 6-1 Utility Costs by Program (\$ million)



#### Figure 6-2 Utility Costs by Budget Category



Figure 6-3 shows the net cumulative energy savings in each year of the Program Potential by program.



Figure 6-3 Net Cumulative Energy Savings by Program (MWh)

**Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference.** presents the net cumulative peak demand savings in each year. Please note that all savings are provided at the power plant, which include line losses and given in terms of net savings.



Figure 6-4 Net Cumulative Summer Peak Demand Savings by Program (MW)

Table 6-2 shows the program costs by year for the study period. Table 6-3 and 6-4 shows the energy savings and demand savings by program by year for the study period.

 Table 6-2
 Utility Costs by Program (\$ million)

Program	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Res Appliances	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$1.0	\$1.1	\$1.1	\$1.2	\$1.3	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.5	\$1.5	\$1.6	\$1.6	\$1.8	\$1.8	\$1.8	\$1.8	\$1.9
Res Cooling	\$4.8	\$5.0	\$5.3	\$5.8	\$6.2	\$6.6	\$7.7	\$8.6	\$10.7	\$11.2	\$11.9	\$12.5	\$13.1	\$13.8	\$15.2	\$16.8	\$21.1	\$22.1	\$22.1	\$23.1	\$24.0
Res Electric Heating	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7
Res Electric Miscellaneous	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3
Res Electric Water Heat	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Res Exterior Lighting	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.5	\$0.4	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3
Res Interior Lighting	\$4.2	\$3.9	\$3.3	\$2.7	\$3.4	\$3.3	\$2.8	\$3.0	\$2.3	\$2.5	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.7	\$2.8	\$3.2	\$3.1	\$2.9	\$2.8	\$2.8	\$2.8	\$2.8
Com Cooling	\$2.2	\$2.3	\$2.8	\$3.0	\$3.4	\$4.1	\$4.5	\$4.9	\$5.3	\$5.6	\$7.3	\$10.2	\$11.4	\$12.2	\$12.9	\$14.6	\$15.4	\$16.4	\$16.6	\$17.1	\$19.7
Com Exterior Lighting	\$0.7	\$0.8	\$0.7	\$0.8	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$1.1	\$1.1	\$1.1
Com Electric Food Prep	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Com Electric Heating	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Com Interior Lighting	\$5.3	\$5.1	\$5.2	\$5.6	\$2.1	\$2.2	\$2.3	\$2.4	\$2.9	\$3.0	\$3.3	\$3.5	\$3.5	\$4.0	\$4.3	\$4.5	\$5.0	\$5.2	\$5.7	\$6.2	\$6.4
Com Electric Miscellaneous	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Com Office Equipment	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Com Refrigeration	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Com Ventilation	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Com Electric Water Heat	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.9
Ind Cooling	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.5	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$0.8	\$0.9	\$0.9	\$0.9	\$1.0	\$1.2	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$1.6
Ind Exterior Lighting	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1
Ind Interior Lighting	\$1.0	\$0.9	\$0.9	\$0.9	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.8
Ind Motors	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$0.6	\$0.6	\$0.8
Ind Heating	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Residential Total	\$10.5	\$10.5	\$10.2	\$10.0	\$11.2	\$11.6	\$12.4	\$13.5	\$15.1	\$15.9	\$16.8	\$17.6	\$18.3	\$19.2	\$21.1	\$22.7	\$27.0	\$28.0	\$28.0	\$29.1	\$30.1
Commercial Total	\$8.6	\$8.6	\$9.1	\$9.8	\$6.6	\$7.6	\$8.1	\$8.7	\$9.7	\$10.0	\$12.3	\$15.5	\$16.7	\$18.1	\$19.0	\$21.0	\$22.4	\$23.7	\$24.5	\$25.5	\$28.5
Industrial Total	\$1.7	\$1.7	\$1.5	\$1.6	\$1.2	\$1.5	\$1.6	\$1.7	\$1.7	\$1.7	\$2.0	\$2.3	\$2.5	\$2.5	\$2.5	\$2.7	\$2.7	\$2.7	\$2.8	\$2.9	\$3.2
PORTFOLIO TOTAL	\$20.8	\$20.8	\$20.9	\$21.4	\$19.1	\$20.7	\$22.1	\$24.0	\$26.5	\$27.7	\$31.1	\$35.3	\$37.5	\$39.8	\$42.7	\$46.4	\$52.1	\$54.4	\$55.3	\$57.5	\$61.8

 Table 6-3
 Net Cumulative Energy Savings by Program (MWh)

Program	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Res Appliances	1,396	2,836	4,335	5,892	7,604	9,608	11,700	13,880	20,187	22,058	23,996	25,675	28,030	31,062	32,549	34,000	40,390	41,736	45,220	46,287	48,233
Res Cooling	24,364	29,988	33,046	37,313	40,764	44,295	49,117	53,823	59,740	65,355	77,417	82,219	87,751	92,768	98,702	105,751	114,237	120,221	127,318	131,408	156,084
Res Electric Heating	176	376	597	835	1,089	1,353	1,627	1,911	2,204	2,505	2,830	3,177	3,545	3,933	4,306	4,680	5 <i>,</i> 058	5,440	5,654	5 <i>,</i> 853	6,039
Res Electric Miscellaneous	157	325	504	694	893	1,099	1,307	1,520	1,741	1,971	2,344	2,576	2,695	2,814	2,942	3,068	3,191	3,363	3,567	3,734	4,035
Res Electric Water Heat	201	407	617	828	1,041	1,657	1,774	1,886	1,993	2,095	2,683	2,778	2,882	2,990	3,098	4,199	4,278	4,378	4,920	4,940	5,458
Res Exterior Lighting	3,989	7,950	11,231	13,799	4,922	6,019	6,941	7,890	9,436	10,352	10,091	9,819	9,731	9,904	9,802	9,611	9,539	9,375	9,334	9,260	9,139
Res Interior Lighting	18,260	35,314	49,413	60,569	23,990	30,719	36,471	42,387	64,668	71,660	72,197	73,247	75,421	78,818	76,988	75,314	74,534	73,129	73,826	73,870	73,641
Com Cooling	3,554	7,141	10,970	14,844	18,858	23,336	27,665	32,152	36,761	41,170	46,400	51,790	57,880	64,171	69,936	77,315	82,728	88,813	94,903	101,434	108,184
Com Exterior Lighting	4,125	7,574	11,072	14,791	17,017	20,877	24,815	28,888	33,465	37,580	41,986	46,550	50,963	55,277	59,069	59,825	60,218	60,933	61,510	62,009	62,404
Com Electric Food Prep	255	511	789	1,076	1,372	1,676	1,994	2,325	2,672	3,019	3,298	3,564	3,825	4,104	4,362	4,607	4,850	5,106	5,211	5,325	5,423
Com Electric Heating	2	3	5	7	8	10	12	15	17	19	21	23	26	29	31	32	33	35	37	39	40
Com Interior Lighting	9,783	18,682	26,939	36,028	47,901	58,579	69,300	80,239	99,094	110,674	123,155	135,317	147,377	159,747	170,688	176,702	184,671	189,855	195,043	198,491	202,333
Com Elec Miscellaneous	7	13	20	28	35	43	51	58	66	74	75	76	77	80	82	84	86	88	89	91	92
Com Office Equipment	2,151	4,756	7,681	10,832	13,864	16,938	17,990	18,762	19,402	20,322	21,634	22,974	24,290	25,531	26,600	27,412	28,055	28,807	29,623	30,570	31,616
Com Refrigeration	129	257	385	521	663	810	961	1,117	1,439	1,405	1,531	1,640	1,759	1,878	1,984	2,186	2,469	2,443	2,578	2,676	2,773
Com Ventilation	2	7	15	26	39	53	70	88	109	128	158	178	206	237	258	296	322	363	424	461	501
Com Electric Water Heat	1,335	2,830	4,340	5,830	7,093	8,362	9,635	10,914	12,176	13,418	14,700	15,872	17,059	18,327	18,293	18,234	18,041	18,138	18,476	18,704	18,971
Ind Cooling	322	627	897	1,203	1,504	1,869	2,235	2,636	3,021	3,394	3,791	4,253	4,760	5,259	5,744	6,112	6,473	6,840	7,149	7,402	7,765
Ind Exterior Lighting	440	766	1,101	1,434	1,729	2,081	2,443	2,827	3,202	3,563	3,961	4,395	4,815	5,222	5,604	5,608	5,609	5,651	5,696	5,740	5,766
Ind Interior Lighting	1,696	2,897	4,125	5,386	7,895	9,696	11,543	13,506	17,320	19,493	21,801	24,311	26,744	29,104	31,271	31,622	32,026	32,579	33,133	33,496	33,754
Ind Motors	1,123	2,307	3,499	4,691	5,925	7,436	8,947	10,548	11,959	13,334	15,218	16,811	18,372	19,924	21,503	24,015	25,715	27,407	28,808	30,143	32,400
Ind Heating	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	8	10	11	12	14	16	18	19	21	22	23	24	26
Residential Total	48,543	77,198	99,744	119,930	80,304	94,750	108,937	123,296	159,970	175,997	191,559	199,490	210,055	222,290	228,387	236,622	251,227	257,643	269,839	275,351	302,630
Commercial Total	21,343	41,774	62,216	83,981	106,849	130,683	152,494	174,560	205,202	227,808	252,956	277,984	303,464	329,380	351,303	366,694	381,474	394,581	407,895	419,800	432,338
Industrial Total	3,581	6,599	9,624	12,717	17,056	21,086	25,174	29,524	35,510	39,793	44,783	49,782	54,706	59,525	64,140	67,376	69,844	72,499	74,809	76,806	79,711
PORTFOLIO TOTAL	73,467	125,571	171,583	216,628	204,209	246,519	286,605	327,380	400,682	443,598	489,297	527,256	568,224	611,195	643,830	670,693	702,545	724,723	752,543	771,957	814,679

Program	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Res Appliances	0.2	0.5	1.0	1.7	2.6	3.7	5.0	6.6	8.9	11.3	14.0	16.9	19.9	23.2	26.6	30.2	34.6	39.0	43.9	48.9	54.0
Res Cooling	4.4	10.7	18.5	28.4	39.9	53.0	68.8	86.9	108.7	133.2	161.3	191.8	225.2	261.2	300.6	344.1	394.0	447.1	503.5	561.6	626.7
Res Electric Heating	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Res Electric Miscellaneous	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.8	4.2	4.7	5.1
Res Electric Water Heat	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.5	5.0
Res Exterior Lighting	0.3	0.9	1.7	2.7	3.1	3.5	4.1	4.6	5.3	6.1	6.9	7.6	8.3	9.0	9.8	10.5	11.2	11.9	12.6	13.3	13.9
Res Interior Lighting	1.4	4.0	7.6	12.1	13.9	16.2	18.9	22.0	26.8	32.1	37.4	42.9	48.4	54.3	60.0	65.6	71.1	76.5	82.0	87.4	92.9
Com Cooling	1.5	4.4	9.0	15.1	23.0	32.7	44.2	57.6	73.0	90.2	109.7	131.5	155.8	182.9	212.4	244.7	279.3	316.2	355.7	397.3	441.6
Com Exterior Lighting	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.5	4.9	5.4	5.8
Com Electric Food Prep	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.7	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.5	5.2	6.0	6.8	7.6	8.5	9.4	10.3	11.2
Com Electric Heating	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Com Interior Lighting	1.1	3.2	6.3	10.4	15.9	22.7	30.8	40.2	51.8	64.9	79.5	95.7	113.3	132.4	152.9	174.1	196.1	218.7	241.9	265.4	289.4
Com Electric Miscellaneous	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Com Office Equipment	0.2	0.6	1.3	2.3	3.6	5.2	6.8	8.6	10.4	12.2	14.2	16.3	18.6	20.9	23.4	25.9	28.5	31.1	33.9	36.7	39.6
Com Refrigeration	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5
Com Ventilation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Com Electric Water Heat	0.1	0.3	0.7	1.2	1.7	2.4	3.2	4.0	5.0	6.1	7.3	8.6	9.9	11.4	12.9	14.4	15.8	17.3	18.8	20.3	21.8
Ind Cooling	0.1	0.4	0.8	1.3	1.9	2.8	3.7	4.8	6.2	7.6	9.3	11.1	13.2	15.5	18.0	20.7	23.5	26.5	29.6	32.8	36.2
Ind Exterior Lighting	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Ind Interior Lighting	0.2	0.5	0.9	1.4	2.3	3.2	4.4	5.8	7.6	9.6	11.8	14.3	17.1	20.0	23.2	26.5	29.8	33.1	36.5	39.9	43.4
Ind Motors	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.8	1.2	1.7	2.3	3.0	3.8	4.7	5.8	7.0	8.3	9.7	11.2	12.8	14.6	16.5	18.6	20.7	22.9
Ind Heating	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Residential Total	6.2	9.9	12.9	16.2	14.7	17.3	20.6	23.8	29.9	33.5	37.4	40.1	43.3	46.4	49.9	54.2	61.2	64.6	68.3	70.0	77.3
Commercial Total	3.0	5.9	8.9	12.1	15.6	19.2	22.6	26.1	30.6	34.2	38.2	42.4	46.8	51.3	55.3	58.9	62.1	65.2	68.4	71.1	74.3
Industrial Total	0.4	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.8	3.3	3.9	4.4	5.0	5.6	6.1	6.7	7.3	7.6	8.0	8.3	8.6	8.8	9.2
PORTFOLIO TOTAL	9.6	16.5	22.9	29.7	32.2	38.8	46.0	53.2	64.5	72.2	80.6	88.0	96.2	104.4	112.4	120.7	131.2	138.0	145.2	150.0	160.8

 Table 6-4
 Net Cumulative Coincident Summer Peak Demand Savings by Program (MW)

# **Cost Effectiveness**

With the program budgets and impacts presented above, the industry standard costeffectiveness tests were performed with the DSMore software tool, as described above, to gauge the economic merits of the portfolio. Each test compares the benefits of the DSM programs to their costs – using its own unique perspectives and definitions – all defined in terms of net present value of future cash flows. The definitions for the four standard tests most commonly used in DSM program design are described below.

- **Total Resource Cost test (TRC)**. The benefits in this test are the lifetime avoided energy costs and avoided capacity costs. The costs in this test are the incremental measure costs plus all administrative costs spent by the program administrator.
- Utility Cost Test (UCT). The benefits in this test are the lifetime avoided energy costs and avoided capacity costs, the same as the TRC benefits. The costs in this test are the program administrator's incentive costs and administrative costs.
- **Participant Cost Test (PCT).** The benefits in this test are the lifetime value of retail rate savings (which is another way of saying "lost utility revenues"). The costs in this test are those seen by the participant; in other words: the incremental measure costs minus the value of incentives paid out.
- Rate Impact Measure test (RIM). The benefits of the RIM test are the same as the TRC benefits. The RIM costs are the same as the UCT, except for the addition of lost revenue. This test attempts to show the effects that EE programs will have on rates, which is almost always to raise them on a per unit basis. Thus, costs typically outweigh benefits from the point of view of this test, but the assumption is that absolute energy use decreases to a greater extent than per-unit rates are increased resulting in lower average utility bills.

The cost-effectiveness results for the NIPSCO program-potential portfolio are shown in Table 6-5 below. Lifetime TRC benefits are \$847 million dollars and costs of \$479 million dollars result in a robust TRC benefit-to-cost ratio of 1.77. The portfolio passes the cost-effectiveness screen with a B/C ratio at 1.0 or higher for all of the standard tests, except RIM.

Program	NPV TRC Benefits (\$million)	NPV TRC Costs (\$ million)	TRC Ratio	UCT Ratio	PCT Ratio	RIM Ratio
Res Appliances	\$32.48	\$19.42	1.67	2.35	6.09	0.36
Res Cooling	\$239.81	\$173.48	1.38	1.91	2.80	0.58
Res Electric Heating	\$2.91	\$7.22	0.40	0.61	2.62	0.17
Res Electric Miscellaneous	\$4.58	\$2.64	1.73	2.37	4.67	0.46
Res Electric Water Heat	\$3.37	\$0.53	6.34	9.44	22.67	0.37
Res Exterior Lighting	\$10.81	\$5.17	2.09	2.56	14.79	0.25
Res Interior Lighting	\$86.14	\$46.81	1.84	2.33	9.33	0.30
Com Cooling	\$142.46	\$109.18	1.30	1.67	3.24	0.44
Com Exterior Lighting	\$36.82	\$12.94	2.85	3.58	15.42	0.19
Com Electric Food Prep	\$5.22	\$1.33	3.92	4.98	11.84	0.34
Com Electric Heating	\$0.02	\$0.03	0.73	0.93	4.40	0.16
Com Interior Lighting	\$171.55	\$62.12	2.76	3.53	8.36	0.30
Com Electric	\$0.11	\$0.01	10.08	11.48	53.37	0.39
Miscellaneous						
Com Office Equipment	\$24.46	\$1.10	22.33	26.23	146.10	0.30
Com Refrigeration	\$2.05	\$0.81	2.53	3.37	11.64	0.28
Com Ventilation	\$0.23	\$0.19	1.18	1.50	5.71	0.23
Com Electric Water Heat	\$17.19	\$6.23	2.76	3.51	11.52	0.28
Ind Cooling	\$12.17	\$13.92	0.87	1.11	1.61	0.50
Ind Exterior Lighting	\$4.61	\$1.29	3.57	4.53	10.69	0.35
Ind Interior Lighting	\$28.46	\$10.74	2.65	3.30	6.28	0.40
Ind Motors	\$21.57	\$3.43	6.29	8.00	17.72	0.43
Ind Heating	\$0.01	\$0.05	0.27	0.34	1.47	0.16
Residential Total	\$380.11	\$255.28	1.49	2.02	4.34	0.44
Commercial Total	\$400.11	\$193.93	2.06	2.63	6.98	0.32
Industrial Total	\$66.82	\$29.44	2.27	2.87	5.42	0.42
PORTFOLIO TOTAL	\$847.05	\$478.64	1.77	2.33	5.61	0.37

 Table 6-5
 DSM Action Plan Cost Effectiveness Summary

# **Supply Curves**

The purpose of supply curves is to better understand the relationship between DSM impacts and the costs required to reach those savings levels. Energy efficiency programs and their associated impacts are rank-ordered according to their cost per unit of savings. The two data points (unit cost and savings impacts) are plotted on a line chart. The upward slope of the line indicates that it becomes increasingly expensive to achieve additional savings.

## Supply Curves based on Annual Energy Savings

Table 6-6 and Figure 6-5 provide a supply curve of cumulative energy impacts for 2016 through 2021 plotted against the first-year costs of those savings. All energy efficiency programs, except Industrial cooling and heating, come in at a price point lower than \$0.50/first-year kWh.

Program	Net Incremental MWh Savings 2016-2021	Utility Cost of First-Year Savings (\$/kWh)
Com Office Equipment	56,222	\$0.01
Ind Motors	24,980	\$0.02
Res Electric Water Heat	4,752	\$0.03
Com Electric Miscellaneous	146	\$0.03
Com Refrigeration	2,764	\$0.05
Ind Exterior Lighting	7,550	\$0.05
Res Exterior Lighting	47,910	\$0.06
Com Exterior Lighting	75,456	\$0.06
Com Electric Water Heat	29,789	\$0.06
Com Electric Food Prep	5,678	\$0.07
Res Interior Lighting	218,266	\$0.10
Com Interior Lighting	197,912	\$0.13
Res Appliances	31,672	\$0.15
Ind Interior Lighting	31,695	\$0.15
Res Cooling	209,770	\$0.16
Com Ventilation	143	\$0.17
Res Electric Miscellaneous	3,672	\$0.17
Com Electric Heating	36	\$0.22
Com Cooling	78,703	\$0.23
Res Electric Heating	4,427	\$0.34
Ind Cooling	6,422	\$0.55
Ind Heating	14	\$0.75

Table 6-6 Supply Curve 2016-2021 (MWh Savings vs. \$/kWh)





#### Supply Curves based on Annual Peak Demand Savings

Table 6-7 and Figure 6-6 provide a supply curve of cumulative peak savings for 2016 through 2021 plotted against the first-year costs of those savings. About half of the energy efficiency programs, provide capacity resources to the system at a competitive price lower than \$1,000/kW. Lighting does not have significant impacts that are coincident with the system peak and therefore have a much higher utility cost of first year savings. Heating is not coincident with the peak and therefore is not shown in the list for any of the sectors.

Program	Net Incremental Peak MW Savings 2016-2021	Utility Cost of First Year Savings (\$/kW)
Com Office Equipment	5.2	\$61
Com Electric Miscellaneous	0.0	\$233
Res Electric Water Heat	0.4	\$287
Ind Motors	1.7	\$348
Com Electric Food Prep	1.0	\$425
Com Cooling	32.7	\$545
Res Cooling	53.0	\$636
Com Refrigeration	0.2	\$658
Com Electric Water Heat	2.4	\$730
Com Interior Lighting	22.7	\$1,122
Res Appliances	3.7	\$1,257
Ind Cooling	2.8	\$1,285
Res Interior Lighting	16.2	\$1,287
Ind Interior Lighting	3.2	\$1,440
Res Electric Miscellaneous	0.4	\$1,513
Ind Exterior Lighting	0.1	\$5,769
Com Exterior Lighting	0.5	\$8,257

Tahle 6-7	Sunnly Curve	2016-2021	(Peak MM Savings v	c \$/k//)
	Supply Culve	2010-2021	(reak ivivi Saviliys v	3. <i>\$1</i> kvvj



Figure 6-6 Supply Curve 2016-2021 (Peak MW Savings vs. \$/kW)

SECTION 7

# **Demand Response Potential**

NIPSCO currently offers direct load control and interruptible demand response programs. As part this analysis, all types of demand response programs were considered, but ultimately the analysis focuses only on programs that can be implemented using NIPSCO's existing tariff structures. The DR analysis does not include the analysis of demand-side rates and dynamic pricing programs, since NIPSCO does not currently, nor do they plan on adding, two-way communicating technology or AMI in the near term.

# Analysis Approach

The major steps used to perform the demand response (DR) potential assessment are listed below. The major steps are described in detail throughout the analysis.

- 1. Market Characterization
- 2. Define the relevant DR options by customer class
- 3. Outline participation hierarchy for DR options to prevent double-counting of impacts
- 4. Develop DR program assumptions which include participation rates, unit savings, and program costs
- 5. Estimate DR potential and develop program budgets and supply curves
- 6. Assess cost-effectiveness of DR options

These steps are described below.

### Market Characterization

The analysis begins with segmentation of the NIPSCO customer base and a description of how customers use energy in the peak hour.

#### Segmentation of Customers for DR Analysis

The market segmentation scheme for the DR analysis is presented in Table 7-1. The first dimension of customer segmentation is by sector and the second dimension is by customer size. The residential sector is considered a single group -- designated by NIPSCO's residential rate codes of 611, 612, and 613. The C&I segmentation corresponds with NIPSCO's small, medium, large and industrial rate codes. Net metered, off peak tariff, municipal and street lighting customers were excluded from the analysis. Street lighting load typically occurs at night and therefore has no potential to impact loads at the system peak hour. Unlike the EE portion of the analysis, opt-out customers were included in the analysis, as they offer a large opportunity for demand load reduction and are not restricted by regulations.

Dimension	Segmentation Variable	Descri	ption
Dimension 1	Sector	Residential and Nonresidential	
		Residential (Rate Codes 611, 612	2, 613)
		Nonresidential (by Rate Code)	
Dimension 2	Customer Size Classes	Small C&I	620, 621, 622
Dimension 2	Customer Size Classes	Medium C&I	623
		Large C&I	624, 625
		Extra Large C&I	625, 632, 633, 634

#### Table 7-1 Overall DR Market Segmentation Scheme

#### Baseline Customer and Coincident Peak Projection

The next step was to define the baseline projection for the number of customers and peak demand for each customer segment. Consistent with the EE potential analysis, the base year is 2014 and is characterized by using NIPSCO's 2014 billing data. The baseline projection incorporates NIPSCO's forecasts of summer peak demand and customer counts from 2015 through 2037. NIPSCO's total customer count projections were adjusted to correspond to the segmentation scheme defined above. Table 7-2 presents customer projections for each segment.

Since C&I opt-out customers are eligible to participate in DR programs, the eligible customer base is much larger than that used in the EE potential analysis.

Customers by Class	2014	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2026	2013	2036
Residential	402,338	405,859	407,634	409,695	412,043	414,405	416,674	427,056	436,224	445,849
Small C&I	62,057	62,694	63,014	63,337	63,661	63,986	64,313	65,975	67,680	69,784
Medium C&I	4,207	4,210	4,211	4,213	4,214	4,216	4,217	4,225	4,232	4,241
Large C&I	1,486	1,486	1,487	1,487	1,487	1,487	1,487	1,488	1,489	1,490
Extra Large C&I	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Total	470,114	474,275	476,372	478,757	481,431	484,120	486,718	498,770	509,651	596,879

Table 7-2 DR Baseline Projection of Customer by Segment

NIPSCO provided the summer peak demand forecast for all customer classes combined. This forecast does not include any current or forecasted impacts from existing demand response program offered by NIPSCO. The demand distribution was developed using typical Midwest regional load factors by segment and calibrated them to match NIPSCO's actual energy and peak demand values<sup>14</sup> Table 7-3 presents the coincident peak forecast by segment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> It should be noted that because of differing methodologies, models and segmentation, the system peak demand forecast used in the DR analysis is slightly different than that used in the EE analysis. This does not, however, materially affect the results and outcome of the study.

Peak MW by Customer Class	2014	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2026	2031	2036
Residential	900	892	900	904	909	913	918	941	960	976
Small C&I	334	332	334	336	338	339	341	350	357	363
Medium C&I	322	319	322	323	325	327	328	337	343	349
Large C&I	403	400	403	405	407	409	411	422	430	438
Extra Large C&I	1,186	1,175	1,185	1,191	1,197	1,203	1,209	1,240	1,265	1,286
Total	3,145	3,118	3,145	3,160	3,176	3,192	3,207	3,289	3,356	3,412

Table 7-3	Coincident Peak Projection by Seament (	MW)

## Identify Demand Response Options

In this study a wide variety of possible demand-response and pricing options were considered. Below we describe those options that were ultimately included in the analysis and those that were screened out.

#### DR Options Included in the Analysis

The demand response options included in this study are described below.

**Direct Load Control (DLC)**. The program entails control of eligible cooling units (central air conditioners and heat pumps) for the summer peak season as well as space heating units for the winter peak season. Residential participants that have electric water heaters are assumed to be eligible to include their water heater as a curtailable load for both the summer and winter peak seasons. Eligible customers for the DLC option include residential customers with cooling, heating and water heating equipment as well as small and medium C&I customers with space heating and central air conditioners. NIPSO has offered this program in the past for air conditioners for residential and small commercial. The program was discontinued in 2015. Events ran from June through September events. A total of 4 events were called with an average of 16.88 MW per event in 2015. The program was included in the analysis for exploratory purposes and expanded to include medium C&I customers as well.

**Interruptible Load Tariffs.** Large commercial customers enroll directly with the utility in an agreement to curtail their load during system contingencies. This program would be implemented by notifying customers of a curtailment event, typically a day in advance, and allowing them to respond with load shedding. They would be paid a credit for curtailed load, but charged at market rate if they do not curtail as a penalty for non-performance. In years past, programs like this have actually interrupted customer load at the utility point of service, but this is very uncommon in recent times, and the voluntary participation route is now the default standard for future implementation planning. This is NIPSCO largest and most successful current program. The program is aimed at their largest industrial customers, currently available only to Rates 632, 633, and 634. The program has six participants with a total of 174 economic interruptions called in 2014 with an average of 143 MW per event.

Third Party Aggregator Programs. Participating customers agree to reduce their demand by a specific amount or curtail their consumption to a pre-specified level. In return, they would typically receive a fixed incentive payment from the Aggregator in the form of capacity credits or reservation payments (expressed as \$/kW-month or \$/kW-year). Customers are paid to be on call even though actual load curtailments may not occur. The amount of the capacity payment varies with the load commitment. In addition to the fixed capacity payment, participants typically also receive a payment for energy reduction. Because it is a firm, contractual arrangement for a specific level of load reduction, enrolled load represents a firm resource and can be counted toward installed capacity (ICAP) requirements. Penalties are assessed for under-performance or non-performance. Events may be called on a day-of or day-ahead basis as conditions warrant.

This option is delivered by third party load aggregators that have streamlined processes for engaging customers with maximum demand typically greater than 100 kW, particularly those with flexible operations. Customers with 24x7 operations/continuous processes or with obligations to continue providing service (such as schools and hospitals) are often not good candidates. NIPSCO currently has a tariff that would accommodate this type of program, however there are no third party DR aggregators currently operating in the service territory, either independently with MISO or contractually with NIPSCO. For the analysis, it is assumed that this option will be offered to large and extra large C&I customers.

#### DR Options Screened Out

The following were qualitatively screened out:

• Critical Peak Pricing (CPP) involves significantly higher prices during relatively short critical peak periods on event days to encourage customers to reduce their usage. The customer incentive is a heavily discounted rate during off-peak hours (relative to a standard TOU rate). Event days are dispatched on relatively short notice (day ahead or day-of) typically for a limited number of days per year. Over time, event-trigger criteria become well-established so that customers can expect events based on hot weather or other factors. Events can also be called during times of system contingencies or emergencies.

For participation in this rate-based option, it is preferable for customers to have advanced meters, primarily for bill settlement purposes. NIPSCO has no current tariffs and has no future plans to introduce AMI meters into their service territory, therefore this option was not included in the study.

- Inclining Block Rate (IBR) is considered a conservation rate that applies differing rates based on customer usage. This is a volumetric \$ per kWh charge that is applied to a customer's bill. The rate increases as the amount of electricity consumed increases. Typically, the rate is separated into two blocks or tiers by a kWh threshold, the first block below the threshold is charged one rate and the second block above the threshold is charged another higher rate. Unlike other DR and rate based options, this option has low to zero operation, maintenance and incentive costs. However, introducing this rate option requires a significant amount of rate making and regulatory changes that may not be captured within the modeling.
- **Time of Use Tariff (TOU).** A TOU rate occurs when the rate for purchasing or using electricity is more expensive during a particular block of hours each day. Relative to a revenue-equivalent flat rate, the rate during on-peak hours is higher, while the rate during off-peak hours is lower. This provides customers with motivation to move consumption out of the higher-price on-peak hours into the lower cost off-peak hours. Larger price differentials provide an incentive for customers to shift consumption.

Time-of-Use rates are not event-driven like the other DR programs considered here, but are rather a means to achieve predictable, permanent load shifting on a day-to-day basis from peak hours to off-peak hours. TOU rates can be established to be in effect every day of the year or seasonally. Since the summer peak is the time of most interest in this analysis, it is assumed that the TOU rate is in effect for the summer season. Time-of-use rates are typically not included as a DR option, per se, because customer response is not event driven. NIPSCO does not have future plans to include rate-based tariffs options, and therefore this program was qualitatively screened out.

- Smart Appliance DLC. This program is a relatively unproven and emerging technology. Existing research on impacts by appliance type show relatively low reductions. Additionally, the technical infrastructure investment costs are likely to be prohibitively high in terms of communication and control for enabling reductions from these devices.
- **Fast DR.** DR resources for providing ancillary services need to be Auto-DR enabled, thereby entailing high infrastructure costs. They need to be available 24x7 with a high degree of reliability. Therefore, participation is challenging and likely to be low. Overall, the option is

unlikely to be cost-effective under current system conditions. However, with increasing amount of renewable sources coming online, the value of flexible resources like Fast DR are likely to gain value.

• **Thermal Energy Storage.** These technologies have not experienced significant improvements in technology or price and are still not in the mainstream.

#### Mapping DR Options to NIPSCO Customers

For this study, four DR options were considered, including two options for the interruptible tariff. The objective of these options is to realize demand reductions from eligible customers during the highest load hours of the summer as defined by the utility. Each program type provides demand response using different load reduction and incentive strategies designed to target different types of customers. From the utility perspective, each of the different program types can be called with different notification time. Having a mix of programs provides load reduction that can be called under many different conditions.

NIPSCO has two existing demand response programs-- an Interruptible Load Tariff and a Third Party Curtailment program. The DLC CAC, their AC-Cycling Program, just concluded in 2015.

Table 7-4 shows the eligible customer classes for each DR option, the corresponding NIPSCO tariff, briefly indicates the load control mechanism, and the associated reliability.

DR Program	Eligible Customer Classes	Mechanism	Reliability
Central Air Conditioner Cycling Direct Load Control (DLC)	Residential, Small and Medium C&I	DLC Switch for Central Cooling Equipment	firm
Water Heater Cycling Direct Load Control (DLC)	Residential, Small and Medium C&I	DLC Switch for Water Heating Equipment	firm
Interruptible Load Tariffs	C&I, Large and above	Customer enacts their customized, mandatory curtailment plan. Penalties apply for non- performance.	firm
Interruptible Load Tariffs with Third Party Aggregator	C&I, Large and above	Customer enacts their customized, mandatory curtailment plan. Penalties apply for non- performance. Typically managed as a portfolio by third party contractor.	firm

Table 7-4 List of DR Options

Table 7-5 shows notification times typically associated with the DR options.

#### Table 7-5 Typical Notification Times for DR Options

	Notification Timing					
DR Option	Day-ahead	Two to four hours	30 minutes to one hour	Instantaneous to 10 min		
Direct Load Control				Х		
Firm Curtailment Agreement & Interruptible Load Tariffs	х	х	х			

### **Program Participation Hierarchy**

To avoid double counting of load reduction impacts, program-eligibility criteria were defined to ensure that customers do not participate in mutually exclusive programs at the same time. For example, large C&I customers cannot participate in the load curtailment program and a curtailment program run by aggregators, both of which could target the same load for curtailment on the same days.

Table 7-6 shows the participation hierarchy by customer class for applicable DR options.

 Table 7-6
 Participation Hierarchy in DR options by Customer Segment

Customer Class	Priority / Loading	DR Programs	Eligible Customers
Residential, Small C&I, Medium C&I	First and only option	Direct Load Control	Residential customers with eligible equipment Small and Medium C&I customers with eligible equipment
Large C&I,	First	Interruptible Load Tariffs	All Large C&I Customers
Extra Large C&I	Second	Third Party Aggregator	All Large C&I Customers not enrolled in Interruptible Load Tariffs

## **DR Program Key Assumptions**

The next step is to develop the key data elements for the potential calculations: customer participation levels, per-customer load reduction, and program costs.

#### **Program Participation Rates**

Program participation were developed based on a combination of existing or past NIPSCO DR programs and the performance of similar programs within states geographically and demographically comparable to northern Indiana. Interruptible Load Tariff participation and overall impacts were calibrated to 2014 actual program performance. Residential DLC A/C was also developed by calibrating to 2014 program performance. Participation for other programs was developed by taking the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile of existing program performance of programs in states within the region.

New DR programs need time to ramp up and reach a steady state. During ramp up, customer education, marketing and recruitment, in addition to the physical implementation and installation of any hardware, software, telemetry, or other equipment required, takes place. For NIPSCO, it is assumed that programs ramp up over to five years, typical of industry experience.

Table 7-7 shows the participation assumptions for the potential scenarios in DR options by customer class. All programs, except the Interruptible Load Tariff for the extra large C&I segment, are to begin 2017. The Interruptible Load Tariff begins in 2016 to capture the existing performance for the tariff.

Customer Class	Option	Start Year	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	Yrs 5-19
Residential	DLC Central AC	2017	11.9%	13.9%	15.9%	18.0%	20.0%
Small C&I	DLC Central AC	2017	1.30%	2.20%	3.10%	4.10%	5.00%
Medium C&I	DLC Central AC	2017	1.30%	2.20%	3.10%	4.10%	5.00%
Residential	DLC Water Heating	2017	2.10%	3.70%	5.30%	6.90%	8.50%
Small C&I	DLC Water Heating	2017	0.80%	1.40%	2.00%	2.60%	3.20%
Medium C&I	DLC Water Heating	2017	0.80%	1.40%	2.00%	2.60%	3.20%
Large C&I	Interruptible Load Tariffs	2017	4.20%	7.30%	10.40%	13.50%	16.60%
Extra Large C&I	Interruptible Load Tariffs	2016	48.50%	49.10%	49.70%	50.40%	51.00%
Large C&I	Third Party Aggregator	2017	4.20%	7.30%	10.40%	13.50%	16.60%
Extra Large C&I	Third Party Aggregator	2017	4.20%	7.30%	10.40%	13.50%	16.60%

Table 7-7Achievable Potential Participation Rates by Option and Customer Class(percent of eligible customers)

## Load Reduction Impacts

The per-customer load reduction, multiplied by the total number of participating customers, provides the potential demand savings estimate. Load reduction impact assumptions are based on program performance for current or past NIPSCO programs and on secondary research for new programs. Interruptible Load Tariff impact was sourced from actual program performance. An average of the curtailed load was compared to the extra large segment's peak contribution. The percentage was scaled to match current program performance. For Residential DLC Central A/C, participation was sourced from NIPSCO, and adjusted to match previous program performance. The remaining program impacts were developed by taking an average of existing/past program performance from programs in states within the region. Table 7-8 presents the per-customer load reductions used for estimating the potential.

<b>Customer Class</b>	Option	Data Element	Unit	Value
Large C&I	Interruptible Load Tariffs	Per Customer Peak Reduction (%)	% of Peak	18%
Extra Large C&I	Interruptible Load Tariffs	Per Customer Peak Reduction (%)	% of Peak	56%
Large C&I	Third Party Aggregator	Per Customer Peak Reduction (%)	% of Peak	18%
Extra Large C&I	Third Party Aggregator	Per Customer Peak Reduction (%)	% of Peak	18%
Residential	DLC Central AC	Per Customer Peak Reduction (kW)	kW	0.62
Small C&I	DLC Central AC	Per Customer Peak Reduction (kW)	kW	3.1
Medium C&I	DLC Central AC	Per Customer Peak Reduction (kW)	kW	3.1
Residential	DLC Water Heating	Per Customer Peak Reduction (kW)	kW	0.9
Small C&I	DLC Water Heating	Per Customer Peak Reduction (kW)	kW	2.7
Medium C&I	DLC Water Heating	Per Customer Peak Reduction (kW)	kW	2.7

Table 7-8 Per-Unit Load Reduction by Option and Customer Class

### Program Costs

Program costs include fixed and variable cost elements: program development costs, annual program administration costs, marketing and recruitment costs, enabling technology costs for purchase and installation, annual O&M costs, and participant incentives. These assumptions are based on actual program costs from existing or past NIPSCO programs and, for new programs, based on actual AEG program implementation experience, experience in developing program

costs for other similar studies, and secondary research. The assumptions are detailed in the following tables.

ltem	Unit	Value	Basis for Assumption
Program Development Cost	\$/program	80,000	Assumed 2 FTEs to develop the program at an annual FTE cost of \$80,000. That number is divided among the A\C and Water Heating DLC programs for the Residential sector.
Program Administration Cost	\$/MW	5,000	Assumed an annual program administration cost of \$5/kW-yr, based on program implementation experience.
Annual Marketing and Recruitment Costs	\$/new participant	45	Initially assumed a one-time \$40 payment to the customer for enrolling in the program, plus \$50 per customer for marketing costs. Reduced in half, to reflect current NIPSCO spending (Ref: Review of utility program incentives, TVA Potential Study; Global Energy Partners, 2011)
Cost of Equip + Install for CAC	\$/new participant	140	Assumes \$60 capital cost for switch, plus \$80 installation cost (Ref: PacifiCorp DSM Potential Study, 2013)
Cost of Equip + Install for Space Heating &Water Heating Control	\$/new participant	100	Assumes \$60 capital cost for switch, plus \$40 installation cost (Ref: PacifiCorp DSM Potential Study, 2013)
Annual O&M cost	\$/MW	5.00	Assumed the annual O&M cost to be 3.5% of the control equipment cost.
Per participant annual incentive for CAC	\$/participan t/yr.	40	NIPSCO's AC Cycling - \$10/month incentive for AC, for 4 summer months (June-September)
Per participant annual incentive for Space Heating & Water Heating control	\$/participan t/yr.	40	Assumed to be the same as Central A/C incentive

 Table 7-9
 Residential Direct Load Control (A/C and Water Heating) Program Cost Assumptions

ltem	Unit	Value	Basis for Assumption
Program Development Cost	\$/program	10,000	Assumed an additional \$40,000 to run the C&I DLC programs, which is split equally across the four customer classes and programs. This cost is in addition to the Residential DLC programs, which assumes most of the development costs.
Program Administration Cost	\$/MW-yr.	5,000	Assumed an annual program administration cost of \$5/kW-yr, based on program implementation experience
Annual Marketing and Recruitment Costs	\$/new participant	155	Assumed a one-time \$80 payment to the customer for enrolling in the program, plus \$75 per customer marketing costs. Per customer marketing costs for small commercial customers is assumed to be 50% higher compared to residential customers. Also, at sign-up, customers are paid double the amount paid to residential customers.
Cost of Equip + Install for CAC	\$/technology	140	Assumed \$60 capital cost for switch, plus \$80 installation cost (Ref: PacifiCorp DSM Potential Study, 2013)
Cost of Equip + Install for Space Heating & Water Heating Control	\$/technology	100	Assumed \$60 capital cost for switch, plus \$40 installation cost (Ref: PacifiCorp DSM Potential Study, 2013)
Annual O&M cost	\$/participant/yr.	15	Assumed the annual O&M cost to be about 10% of the control equipment cost.
Per participant annual incentive for CAC	\$/participant/yr.	40	Assumed to be the same as Residential.
Per participant annual incentive for Space & Water Heating control	\$/participant/yr.	40	Assumed to be the same as Residential.

ltem	Unit	Value	Basis for Assumption
Program Development Cost	\$/program	50,000	Assumed that 1 FTE (@\$100,000 annual cost) is required to develop interruptible tariffs. Assumed that this cost is equally split between the two customer classes.
Program Administration Cost	\$/MW-yr	15,000	Assumed an annual program administration cost of \$15/kW- yr. (Ref-TVA Potential Study, 2011; KCPL Potential Study, 2013). The administrative costs for Interruptible Load Tariffs are likely to be higher as compared to that for DLC option, due to paperwork associated with customer contracts and participation agreements, settlement, etc.
Annual Marketing and Recruitment Costs	\$/new participant/ year	L: 200 XL: 250	Scaled up from initial assumption of \$50 per participant, to reflect current NIPSCO spending.
Per kW Annual Incentive (Curtailment Agreement)	\$/kW/year	102	Average of the two options provided in the current Interruptible Load Tariff. \$8 and \$9 per month incentive.
Per kWh Annual Incentive (Curtailment Agreement)	\$/kWh/year	.005	Average of each incentive offered to the different rate codes within the tariff.

#### Table 7-11 C&I Interruptible Load Tariff Cost Assumptions

Table 7-12 C&I Third Party Aggregator Program Cost Assumptions

ltem	Unit	Value	Basis for Assumption
Program Development Cost	\$/program	50,000	Assumed that 1 FTE (@\$100,000 annual cost) is required to develop interruptible tariffs. Assumed that this cost is equally split between the two customer classes (Med/Large C&I and Large C&I)
Program Administration Cost	\$/MW-yr	15,000	Assumed an annual program administration cost of \$15/kW- yr. (Ref-TVA Potential Study, 2011; KCPL Potential Study, 2013). The administrative costs for Interruptible Load Tariffs are likely to be higher as compared to that for DLC option, due to paperwork associated with customer contracts and participation agreements, settlement, etc.
Annual Marketing and Recruitment Costs	\$/new participant/ year	L: 200 XL: 250	Reflects current NIPSCO spending.
Per kW Annual Incentive (Curtailment Agreement)	\$/kW/year	50	KCP&L Demand Side Resource Potential Study, 2013; TVA Potential Study, 2011
Per kWh Annual Incentive (Curtailment Agreement)	\$/kWh/year	.03	Based on Locational Marginal Pricing data for MISO.

### **Cost Effectiveness Assessment**

The DR options are assessed based upon the TRC test utilizing NIPSCO-specific avoided costs, discount rate and line losses. Given the small number of hours impacted by DR programs, as well as customer pre-cooling or "snapback" that commonly increases energy usage before or after DR events, the analysis does not consider any energy impacts or benefits. As mentioned above, the costs are made up of program development costs, annual program administration costs, marketing and recruitment costs, enabling technology costs for purchase and installation, annual O&M costs, and participant incentives.

The cost-effectiveness of individual DR options are assessed with different program-start years until the first cost-effective year is identified. Demand savings for a particular option are

therefore realized only in years the option is cost-effective. Once an option is deployed, benefitto-cost ratios were estimated for each contiguous program cycle independently throughout the study time period.

A more detailed cost effectiveness for program design was performed in DSMore by MMP, but initial estimates in AEG models indicate all benefit/cost ratios are above 1.00. The DSMore results are shown in the Cost Benefit Analysis section at the end of the chapter.

#### Program Lifetime

Calculation of cost effectiveness requires an assumption about DR program lifetimes. Table 7-13 presents lifetime assumptions by DR option. Third Party Aggregator options often have a contract term of three to five years.

Table 7-13 DR Program Life Assumptions

DR Option	Lifetime (Years)
Direct Load Control	10
Interruptible Load Tariffs	3
Third Party Aggregator	10

## **Demand Response Potential Results**

In this section, the potential savings are presented for cost-effective DR programs only. It is important to note that the potential savings include savings from existing or past NIPSCO programs, which drives the large amount of cumulative potential. All impacts are presented at the generator with residential line losses at 2.41% and C&I line losses at 4.11%. All programs are cost-effective during the time horizon of the study for the achievable scenario. The potential case is broken down by DR option and customer class.

### **Summary of Potential Savings**

Figure 7-1, and Table 7-14 present the aggregate demand response potential from all costeffective DR options for all levels of potential and all scenarios for the summer season. Demand response peak savings range from 323.5 MW in 2016 to 526.6 MW in 2036 within the Achievable Potential case, which translates into 10.4% to 15.4% of NIPSCO's system peak reduction, respectively.



Figure 7-1 Summary of Demand Response Savings

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2026	2031	2036
System Peak Projection (MW)	3,118	3,145	3,160	3,176	3,192	3,207	3,289	3,356	3,412
Incremental Achievable Potential (MW)	-	44	24	24	25	20	12	10	8
Cumulative Achievable Potential (MW)	323.5*	367	392	416	441	461	473	483	491
Cumulative Potential(% of System Peak)	10.4%	11.7%	12.4%	13.1%	13.8%	14.4%	14.4%	14.4%	14.4%

#### Table 7-14 Summary of Demand Response Savings

\* Initial DR impacts of 323.5 MW are due to continuation of existing curtailment agreement programs with large C&I customers. These are not considered new savings, so incremental potential in 2016 is zero.

Figure 7-2 presents a comparison between the baseline projection and the achievable potential scenario. The large jump between 2015 and 2016 is due to the program start year. Interruptible Load Tariffs in 2016 are a continuation of the existing program, while new programs begin in 2017.

Figure 7-2 Achievable Potential vs. Baseline Projection



#### **Potential Estimates by Option**

Achievable potential reaches 527 MW in 2036, equal to reducing NIPSCO's forecast by 14.4%

- Top contributors are Interruptible Load Tariffs, and the DLC programs
- Interruptible Load Tariffs have the largest impacts, driven by large, unique industrial customers on the existing tariff

Figure 7-3 and Table 7-15 show savings by DR option for Achievable Potential.



Figure 7-3 Achievable Potential by DR Option

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Table	1-15	Achievable	Potential	DY	υκ ι	ριιοπ

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2026	2031	2036
Weather Sensitive Peak (MW)	3,118	3,145	3,160	3,176	3,192	3,207	3,289	3,356	3,412
Achievable Potential (MW	')								
DLC Central AC	-	18.4	22.5	26.7	31.0	35.3	36.2	37.0	37.7
DLC Water Heating	-	3.4	6.0	8.7	11.3	14.0	14.3	14.7	14.9
Interruptible Load Tariffs	323.5	333.6	341.9	350.2	358.7	362.8	372.0	379.6	385.9
Third Party Aggregator	-	12.1	21.2	30.4	39.8	49.2	50.4	51.5	52.3
Total Potential	323.5	367.5	391.7	416.1	440.8	461.3	473.0	482.7	490.9
Achievable Potential (% of	f Peak)								
DLC Central AC	0.0%	0.6%	0.7%	0.8%	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%
DLC Water Heating	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Interruptible Load Tariffs	10.4%	10.6%	10.8%	11.0%	11.2%	11.3%	11.3%	11.3%	11.3%
Third Party Aggregator	0.0%	0.4%	0.7%	1.0%	1.2%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Total Potential	10.4%	11.7%	12.4%	13.1%	13.8%	14.4%	14.4%	14.4%	14.4%

### **Potential Estimates by Class**

DR potential by customer class is shown in Figure 7-4 and Table 7-16 for Achievable Potential. Key observations are:

- Extra Large C&I dominate the potential savings through the existing Interruptible Load Tariff.
- Residential begins to contribute to the peak reduction in 2017 when the DLC programs come online.



Figure 7-4 Achievable Potential by Class

Table	7-16	Achievab	le Poten	tial bv	DR	Class
			• • • • • • •	·····		

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2026	2031	2036	
Weather Sensitive Peak (MW)	3,118	3,145	3,160	3,176	3,192	3,207	3,289	3,356	3,412	
Achievable Potentia	Achievable Potential (MW)									
Residential	-	19.6	24.7	29.9	35.2	40.5	41.5	42.4	43.1	
Small C&I	-	2.0	3.6	5.1	6.7	8.3	8.5	8.7	9.0	
Medium C&I	-	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Large C&I	-	6.1	10.8	15.5	20.2	25.0	25.6	26.1	26.6	
Extra Large C&I	323.5	339.6	352.3	365.2	378.3	387.0	396.8	404.9	411.7	
Total Potential	323.5	367.5	391.7	416.1	440.8	461.3	473.0	482.7	490.9	
Achievable Potentia	l (% of Pea	ak)								
Residential	0.0%	0.62%	0.78%	0.94%	1.10%	1.26%	1.26%	1.26%	1.26%	
Small C&I	0.0%	0.06%	0.11%	0.16%	0.21%	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%	
Medium C&I	0.0%	0.00%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	
Large C&I	0.0%	0.19%	0.34%	0.49%	0.63%	0.78%	0.78%	0.78%	0.78%	
Extra Large C&I	10.4%	10.8%	11.2%	11.5%	11.9%	12.1%	12.1%	12.1%	12.1%	
<b>Total Potential</b>	10.4%	11.7%	12.4%	13.1%	13.8%	14.4%	14.4%	14.4%	14.4%	

### **Potential DR Program Costs**

Table 7-17 and Figure 7-5present program cost estimates from several perspectives for both potential scenario along with 2036 DR potential for reference:

- Cumulative program costs for the achievable portfolio of DR options is approximately \$1,372 million over 2016-2036, delivering 491 MW savings in 2036.
- Average program costs for 2016-2036 for NIPSCO to achieve this level of savings are estimated to be \$68 million per year.
- Levelized costs over the 2016-2036 timeframe for the entire portfolio are estimated to range from \$84/kW-year to \$112/kW-year.

- Largest contributor to peak reduction, Interruptible Load Tariffs, costs are around \$122 /kWyear.
  - 1. The Interruptible program is more costly per kW, but is called for more hours throughout the year such that it produces greater system benefits. The analysis assumed 120 hours based on the current program events.
  - 2. All other programs assumed 60 event hours.

		2016 2026	2016 – 2036	2016 – 2036
DR Option	2036 MW Potential	Cumulative Utility	Average Spend per Year	Levelized Cost
			(Million \$)	(\$/Kvv-year)
DLC Central AC	37.7	68.1	3.4	112.1
DLC Water Heating	14.9	20.4	1.0	84.4
Interruptible Load Tariffs	385.9	1,199.5	60.0	121.8
Curtailment Agreements	52.3	84.5	4.2	74.8
Total	490.9	1,372.5	68.6	-

### Table 7-17 Achievable Potential Program Costs

Table 7-18 and Figure 7-5 show the annual program costs by DR option for the potential scenario. The high costs in the beginning of the projection are due to the start-up costs of launching the programs, these eventually level out and rise slightly as most participants are incorporated into the program. The majority of costs are driven by the interruptible load tariff due to the high incentive. The DLC program's first year of activity in 2017 is assumed to simply re-engage customers and their already-installed switches that had been on NIPSCO's previous AC Cycling program. After 2017, the costs are high for several years in the near term as incremental, new participants are recruited and have switches installed by the program.

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2026	2031	2036	
Incremental Spend (Million \$)										
DLC Central AC	-	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.9	\$3.3	\$3.7	\$3.0	\$3.5	\$4.0	
DLC Water Heating	-	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$0.9	\$1.1	\$1.3	\$1.0	\$1.1	\$1.3	
Interruptible Load Tariffs	\$37.4	\$41.2	\$43.2	\$45.4	\$47.6	\$49.3	\$57.0	\$65.6	\$75.1	
Curtailment Agreements	-	\$0.9	\$1.6	\$2.3	\$3.0	\$3.8	\$4.4	\$5.1	\$5.8	
Total	\$37.4	\$45.4	\$48.1	\$51.5	\$55.0	\$58.1	\$65.4	\$75.2	\$86.2	
Cumulative Spend (Million \$)										
DLC Central AC	-	\$2.6	\$5.2	\$8.1	\$11.4	\$15.1	\$29.3	\$45.7	\$64.5	
DLC Water Heating	-	\$0.7	\$1.4	\$2.3	\$3.4	\$4.7	\$9.2	\$14.4	\$20.4	
Interruptible Load Tariffs	\$37.4	\$78.6	\$121.8	\$167.1	\$214.7	\$264.0	\$533.1	\$843.5	\$1,199.5	
Curtailment Agreements	-	\$0.9	\$2.5	\$4.8	\$7.8	\$11.7	\$32.6	\$56.8	\$84.5	
Total	\$37.4	\$82.8	\$130.9	\$182.4	\$237.4	\$295.5	\$604.3	\$960.4	\$1,368.9	



*Figure 7-5 Annual Achievable Potential Program Costs* 

#### **Cost Benefit Analysis**

To complete the cost benefit analysis of the DR programs, DSMore was used for modeling. The basic financial assumptions such as avoided costs and discount rates are the same as the energy efficiency analysis to assure consistency. As described above the inputs for the DR programs include the participation, implementation costs, incentives and demand savings. The DLC AC and Water Heating programs were divided into three sizes of customers; Residential, Small C&I, and Medium C&I, so that appropriate load shapes and rates could be applied. The Interruptible Load Tariffs and Curtailment Agreements were divided into two sizes; Large and Extra Large. Again appropriate load shapes and rates were applied.

Table 1-19 shows the cost benefit scores for the TRC, UCT, Participant and RIM tests. All tests are equal to or greater than one meaning they are cost effective. The TRC scores specifically are from 1.24 to 5.1. It is not unusual for these programs to be cost effective as the interruptions occur during the time of day/year when the avoided cost values are at their highest.

		~		
DR Program	TRC Ratio	UCT Ratio	PCT Ratio	RIM Ratio
Residential DLC Central AC	1.77	1.77	1.00	1.77
Small C&I DLC Central AC	5.06	5.06	1.00	5.06
Medium C&IDLC Central AC	4.72	4.72	1.69	3.72
Residential DLC Water Heating	2.23	2.23	1.00	2.23
Small C&IDLC Water Heating	5.10	5.10	1.00	5.10
Medium C&IDLC Water Heating	4.18	4.18	1.61	3.37
Large C&I Interruptible Load Tariffs	1.25	1.25	1.04	1.21
Extra Large C&I Interruptible Load Tariffs	1.24	1.24	1.00	1.24
Large C&I Curtailment Agreements	2.17	2.17	1.08	2.06
Extra Large C&I Curtailment Agreements	2.22	2.22	1.00	2.22

Table 7-19 Cost Effectiveness Scores for DR Programs

It should be noted that the TRC and UCT values are the same since incentives are considered a utility cost and not a transfer payment. This is due to the unknown nature of the incremental costs to participate by the customer. This is the more conservative assumption on incentives for the TRC and UCT tests. Also it is assumed that the measures interrupted will have a complete "rebound" or recovery period before or after the interruption resulting in the total kWh sales being equivalent to the period without interruption. Thus there is no lost revenue to the utility for the energy portion of the bill. For smaller customers with no demand charges, this means the TRC and RIM will be equal.

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# **Market Profiles**

This appendix presents the market profiles for each sector and segment.

		Intensity	Opeall		
End Use	Technology	Saturation	(L)A/b)		(C)A/b)
Cooling	Control AC	62 5%	2 /02	1 557	210.0
Cooling		22.5%	2,495	2,557	
Cooling	Air Source Heat Rump	1 1%	2 201	213	44.1 5.2
Cooling	Coothormal Hoat Pump	0.2%	2,301		J.Z
Cooling Choose Heating	Geotrie Zenel Beem Heat	0.5%	2,529	122	25.2
		1.4%	8,890	123	25.2
		1.9%	15,124	291	59.7
Space Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	1.1%	8,420	89	18.3
Space Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.3%	6,516	21	4.2
Water Heating	Water Heater <= 55 Gal	9.4%	3,134	294	60.3
Water Heating	Water Heater > 55 Gal	4.2%	3,313	139	28.5
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	847	847	1/4.1
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	159	159	32.7
Interior Lighting	Specialty	100.0%	297	297	61.1
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	369	369	75.8
Appliances	Clothes Washer	96.4%	87	84	17.2
Appliances	Clothes Dryer	62.8%	785	493	101.3
Appliances	Dishwasher	62.7%	391	245	50.3
Appliances	Refrigerator	100.0%	735	735	150.9
Appliances	Freezer	49.3%	583	288	59.1
Appliances	Second Refrigerator	39.8%	1,036	412	84.6
Appliances	Stove	53.0%	472	250	51.4
Appliances	Microwave	100.0%	128	128	26.2
Electronics	Personal Computers	68.6%	182	125	25.6
Electronics	Monitor	82.5%	77	63	13.0
Electronics	Laptops	154.2%	48	74	15.3
Electronics	TVs	305.0%	163	499	102.4
Electronics	Printer/Fax/Copier	103.1%	59	61	12.5
Electronics	Set-top Boxes/DVR	318.8%	111	354	72.8
Electronics	Devices and Gadgets	100.0%	107	107	21.9
Miscellaneous	Pool Pump	2.3%	1,363	31	6.4
Miscellaneous	Pool Heater	0.3%	1,370	4	0.8
Miscellaneous	Hot Tub / Spa	5.3%	2,034	108	22.1
Miscellaneous	Furnace Fan	75.7%	740	560	115.1
Miscellaneous	Well pump	11.9%	561	67	13.8
Miscellaneous	Dehumidifiers	34.4%	619	213	43.8
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	100.0%	416	416	85.4
	Total			9,747	2,002.8

 Table A-1
 Residential Single Family Electric Market Profile

 Average Market Profiles - Electricity

Table A-2	Residential Multifamily Electric Market Profile
	Average Market Profiles - Electricity

Endlico	Tachnology	Saturation	UEC	Intensity	Usage
End Ose	Technology	Saturation	(kWh)	(kWh/HH)	(GWh)
Cooling	Central AC	43.3%	902	391	23.7
Cooling	Room AC	49.2%	987	486	29.5
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.3%	902	3	0.2
Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	882	0	0.0
Space Heating	Electric Zonal Room Heat	7.0%	3,422	241	14.6
Space Heating	Electric Furnace	6.7%	4,987	333	20.2
Space Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.3%	2,717	10	0.6
Space Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	2,102	0	0.0
Water Heating	Water Heater <= 55 Gal	8.8%	2,610	228	13.9
Water Heating	Water Heater > 55 Gal	6.4%	2,760	177	10.7
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	584	584	35.4
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	49	49	3.0
Interior Lighting	Specialty	100.0%	34	34	2.1
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	175	175	10.6
Appliances	Clothes Washer	35.9%	87	31	1.9
Appliances	Clothes Dryer	22.1%	698	154	9.4
Appliances	Dishwasher	36.2%	390	141	8.6
Appliances	Refrigerator	100.0%	732	732	44.4
Appliances	Freezer	11.7%	583	68	4.1
Appliances	Second Refrigerator	4.1%	1,032	42	2.5
Appliances	Stove	57.2%	287	164	10.0
Appliances	Microwave	99.3%	128	127	7.7
Electronics	Personal Computers	39.9%	182	73	4.4
Electronics	Monitor	48.0%	77	37	2.2
Electronics	Laptops	112.4%	48	54	3.3
Electronics	TVs	191.3%	163	313	19.0
Electronics	Printer/Fax/Copier	37.5%	59	22	1.3
Electronics	Set-top Boxes/DVR	192.4%	111	214	13.0
Electronics	Devices and Gadgets	100.0%	107	107	6.5
Miscellaneous	Pool Pump	0.0%	1,363	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	Pool Heater	0.0%	1,370	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	Hot Tub / Spa	0.0%	2,034	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	Furnace Fan	67.1%	405	272	16.5
Miscellaneous	Well pump	0.0%	556	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	Dehumidifiers	6.7%	619	41	2.5
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	100.0%	271	271	16.5
	Total			5,573	338.2

Table A-3	Residential Mobile Home Electric Market Profile	
	Average Market Profiles - Electricity	

Endlise	Technology	Saturation	UEC	Intensity	Usage
Ella Ose			(kWh)	(kWh/HH)	(GWh)
Cooling	Central AC	31.8%	1,919	609	4.2
Cooling	Room AC	19.6%	532	104	0.7
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.0%	1,919	0	0.0
Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	1,689	0	0.0
Space Heating	Electric Zonal Room Heat	2.5%	6,237	155	1.1
Space Heating	Electric Furnace	5.0%	10,603	527	3.6
Space Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.0%	5,755	0	0.0
Space Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	3,804	0	0.0
Water Heating	Water Heater <= 55 Gal	16.6%	2,084	346	2.4
Water Heating	Water Heater > 55 Gal	7.4%	2,203	164	1.1
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	617	617	4.3
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	101	101	0.7
Interior Lighting	Specialty	100.0%	117	117	0.8
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	235	235	1.6
Appliances	Clothes Washer	100.0%	82	82	0.6
Appliances	Clothes Dryer	79.7%	626	499	3.4
Appliances	Dishwasher	24.3%	362	88	0.6
Appliances	Refrigerator	100.0%	694	694	4.8
Appliances	Freezer	45.7%	553	253	1.7
Appliances	Second Refrigerator	17.3%	979	169	1.2
Appliances	Stove	24.8%	509	126	0.9
Appliances	Microwave	100.0%	121	121	0.8
Electronics	Personal Computers	34.8%	173	60	0.4
Electronics	Monitor	41.9%	73	31	0.2
Electronics	Laptops	72.0%	46	33	0.2
Electronics	TVs	234.2%	155	364	2.5
Electronics	Printer/Fax/Copier	27.1%	56	15	0.1
Electronics	Set-top Boxes/DVR	245.9%	106	260	1.8
Electronics	Devices and Gadgets	100.0%	101	101	0.7
Miscellaneous	Pool Pump	0.0%	1,295	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	Pool Heater	0.0%	1,301	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	Hot Tub / Spa	4.3%	1,932	83	0.6
Miscellaneous	Furnace Fan	63.0%	692	436	3.0
Miscellaneous	Well pump	0.0%	428	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	Dehumidifiers	8.7%	588	51	0.4
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	100.0%	219	219	1.5
•			6,662	45.9	
# Table A-4Residential Low Income Electric Market ProfileAverage Market Profiles - Electricity

Endlise	Technology	Saturation	UEC	Intensity	Usage
End Ose	Technology	Saturation	(kWh)	(kWh/HH)	(GWh)
Cooling	Central AC	25.7%	2,158	556	71.8
Cooling	Room AC	57.6%	879	506	65.4
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	3.0%	2,091	62	8.0
Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	2,017	0	0.0
Space Heating	Electric Zonal Room Heat	3.8%	6,849	262	33.9
Space Heating	Electric Furnace	4.2%	11,283	474	61.2
Space Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	3.0%	6,236	184	23.8
Space Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	4,741	0	0.0
Water Heating	Water Heater <= 55 Gal	15.5%	2,965	461	59.6
Water Heating	Water Heater > 55 Gal	7.1%	3,134	222	28.7
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	653	653	84.5
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	108	108	13.9
Interior Lighting	Specialty	100.0%	229	229	29.6
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	275	275	35.6
Appliances	Clothes Washer	53.8%	91	49	6.4
Appliances	Clothes Dryer	35.7%	774	277	35.8
Appliances	Dishwasher	35.9%	409	147	19.0
Appliances	Refrigerator	100.0%	770	770	99.5
Appliances	Freezer	25.1%	612	153	19.8
Appliances	Second Refrigerator	17.1%	1,085	185	23.9
Appliances	Stove	51.9%	422	219	28.3
Appliances	Microwave	99.7%	134	134	17.3
Electronics	Personal Computers	40.0%	191	76	9.9
Electronics	Monitor	48.1%	81	39	5.0
Electronics	Laptops	96.5%	51	49	6.3
Electronics	TVs	188.2%	172	323	41.8
Electronics	Printer/Fax/Copier	51.3%	62	32	4.1
Electronics	Set-top Boxes/DVR	194.4%	117	227	29.3
Electronics	Devices and Gadgets	100.0%	112	112	14.5
Miscellaneous	Pool Pump	0.0%	1,431	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	Pool Heater	0.0%	1,438	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	Hot Tub / Spa	2.3%	2,136	48	6.2
Miscellaneous	Furnace Fan	70.9%	630	447	57.8
Miscellaneous	Well pump	5.8%	575	33	4.3
Miscellaneous	Dehumidifiers	15.3%	650	99	12.8
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	100.0%	303	303	39.2
	Total			7,713	997.2

End Use	Technology	Saturation	EUI	Intensity	Usage
			(kWh)	(kWh/Sqft)	(GWh)
Cooling	Air-Cooled Chiller	4.4%	3.22	0.14	45.4
Cooling	Water-Cooled Chiller	5.9%	3.51	0.21	65.2
Cooling	RTU	55.0%	3.97	2.18	690.8
Cooling	Room AC	3.7%	4.05	0.15	47.6
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.9%	3.97	0.04	11.7
Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.8%	2.42	0.02	6.2
Heating	Electric Furnace	10.3%	4.69	0.48	153.5
Heating	Electric Room Heat	3.5%	4.47	0.16	49.1
Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.9%	3.84	0.04	11.3
Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.8%	2.42	0.02	6.2
Ventilation	Ventilation	100.0%	0.88	0.88	278.6
Water Heating	Water Heater	42.3%	0.69	0.29	91.9
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	0.51	0.51	160.2
Interior Lighting	High-Bay Fixtures	100.0%	0.86	0.86	271.4
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	1.93	1.93	613.0
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	0.18	0.18	56.4
Exterior Lighting	HID	100.0%	1.06	1.06	334.5
Exterior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	0.12	0.12	36.6
Refrigeration	Walk-in Refrigerator	11.5%	0.28	0.03	10.1
Refrigeration	Reach-in Refrigerator	44.9%	0.06	0.03	8.9
Refrigeration	Glass Door Display	35.5%	0.06	0.02	7.2
Refrigeration	Open Display Case	35.5%	0.38	0.13	42.8
Refrigeration	lcemaker	35.5%	0.11	0.04	11.8
Refrigeration	Vending Machine	35.5%	0.05	0.02	5.5
Food Preparation	Oven	37.9%	0.06	0.02	7.4
Food Preparation	Fryer	43.9%	0.09	0.04	12.3
Food Preparation	Griddle	39.0%	0.08	0.03	10.0
Food Preparation	Dishwasher	14.6%	0.12	0.02	5.6
Food Preparation	Steamer	14.6%	0.09	0.01	4.1
Food Preparation	Hot Food Container	14.6%	0.02	0.00	0.8
Office Equipment	Desktop Computer	100.0%	0.59	0.59	187.0
Office Equipment	Laptop	100.0%	0.09	0.09	28.9
Office Equipment	Server	100.0%	0.17	0.17	55.0
Office Equipment	Monitor	100.0%	0.10	0.10	33.0
Office Equipment	Printer/Copier/Fax	100.0%	0.08	0.08	25.6
Office Equipment	POS Terminal	81.9%	0.05	0.04	12.0
Miscellaneous	Non-HVAC Motors	22.0%	0.15	0.03	10.5
Miscellaneous	Pool Pump	3.8%	0.02	0.00	0.3
Miscellaneous	Pool Heater	1.7%	0.03	0.00	0.2
Miscellaneous	Other	100.0%	0.91	0.91	288.03
Total				11.67	3696.8

# Table A-5 Small Commercial Electric Market Profile Average Market Profiles Average Market Profiles

End Use         Technology         Saturation         Item         Items         Usage (KWN/Sqt         Usage (GWN)           Cooling         Air-Cooled Chiller         9.1%         4.92         0.45         0.2           Cooling         Water-Cooled Chiller         48.4%         5.36         2.59         1.1           Cooling         Room AC         0.0%         6.16         0.00         0.00           Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.4%         6.06         0.20         0.01           Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         3.69         0.00         0.00           Heating         Electric Furace         3.2%         5.84         0.19         0.01           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.00           Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Mater Heating         Water Heating         100.0%         0.79         0.79         0.3           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.10         1.01         0.4           Ventilation         Ventilation         Serw-in         100.0%         0.12         0.0.						
Link Ose         Ferminology         Saturation         (kwh)         (kwh)/sqft)         (Gwh)           Cooling         Air-Cooled Chiller         9.1%         4.92         0.45         0.2           Cooling         Water-Cooled Chiller         23.6%         6.06         1.43         0.6           Cooling         Room AC         0.0%         6.19         0.00         0.0           Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         3.69         0.00         0.0           Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         3.69         0.00         0.0           Heating         Electric Furnace         3.2%         5.84         0.19         0.1           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4         1.4         0.2           Interior Lighting         Water Heater         46.9%         1.08         0.51         0.2         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         1.02         <	Endlico	Technology	Saturation	EUI	Intensity	Usage
Cooling         Air-Cooled Chiller         9.1%         4.92         0.45         0.2           Cooling         Water-Cooled Chiller         48.4%         5.36         2.29         1.1           Cooling         RTU         23.6%         6.06         1.43         0.6           Cooling         Room AC         0.0%         6.19         0.00         0.0           Cooling         Air-Source Heat Pump         3.4%         6.06         0.20         0.1           Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         3.69         0.00         0.0           Heating         Electric Furnace         3.2%         5.84         0.19         0.1           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Water Heating         Water Heater         46.9%         1.08         0.21         0.1           Interior Lighting         High-Bay Fixtures         100.0%         0.14         0.1         0.1           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.1         0.1           Exterior Lightin	End Ose	Technology	Saturation	(kWh)	(kWh/Sqft)	(GWh)
Cooling         Water-Cooled Chiller         48.4%         5.36         2.59         1.1           Cooling         RTU         23.6%         6.06         1.43         0.0           Cooling         Rom AC         0.0%         6.19         0.00         0.0           Cooling         Air-Source Heat Pump         3.4%         6.06         0.20         0.1           Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         3.69         0.00         0.0           Heating         Electric Furnace         3.2%         5.84         0.19         0.1           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Water Heating         Water Heater         46.9%         1.08         0.51         0.2           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.79         0.79         0.79         0.79         0.79         0.79         0.14         0.1         0.1         0.4         0.4         0.4         0.4         0.4         0.4         0.4         0.4         0.2         0.1         0.1         0.1	Cooling	Air-Cooled Chiller	9.1%	4.92	0.45	0.2
Cooling         RTU         23.6%         6.06         1.43         0.6           Cooling         Room AC         0.0%         6.19         0.00         0.0           Cooling         Air-Source Heat Pump         3.4%         6.06         0.20         0.1           Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         3.69         0.00         0.0           Heating         Electric Room Heat         6.7%         5.56         0.18         0.1           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Water Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Interior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.48         0.48         0.2           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.1           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1	Cooling	Water-Cooled Chiller	48.4%	5.36	2.59	1.1
Cooling         Room AC         0.0%         6.19         0.00         0.0           Cooling         Air-Source Heat Pump         3.4%         6.06         0.20         0.1           Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         3.69         0.00         0.0           Heating         Electric Furnace         3.2%         5.84         0.19         0.1           Heating         Air-Source Heat Pump         3.4%         5.36         0.18         0.0           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Water Heating         Water Heater         46.9%         1.08         0.51         0.2           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.1           Exterior Lighting         Hine Frigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         99.7%         0.06         0.05         0.0	Cooling	RTU	23.6%	6.06	1.43	0.6
Cooling         Air-Source Heat Pump         3.4%         6.06         0.20         0.1           Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         3.69         0.00         0.0           Heating         Electric Furnace         3.2%         5.84         0.19         0.1           Heating         Electric Room Heat         6.7%         5.56         0.37         0.2           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         3.4%         5.36         0.18         0.0           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.00           Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Water Heater         46.9%         1.08         0.51         0.2           Interior Lighting         Hinear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.11         0.10         0.4           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.1           Refrigeration         Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrig	Cooling	Room AC	0.0%	6.19	0.00	0.0
Cooling         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         3.69         0.00         0.0           Heating         Electric Furnace         3.2%         5.84         0.19         0.1           Heating         Air-Source Heat Pump         3.4%         5.36         0.18         0.1           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Water Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Interior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.48         0.48         0.2           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.1           Refrigeration         Walk-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.0           Refrigeration         Icema-ker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0         0.0           Refrigeration         Open Display Case         77.4%         0.37         0.29	Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	3.4%	6.06	0.20	0.1
Heating         Electric Furnace         3.2%         5.84         0.19         0.1           Heating         Electric Room Heat         6.7%         5.56         0.37         0.2           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         3.4%         5.36         0.18         0.1           Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Water Heating         Water Heater         46.9%         1.08         0.51         0.2           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.48         0.48         0.2           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.11         1.01         0.4           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.12           Refrigeration         Relass Door Display         77.4%         0.06         0.06         0.0           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Vendig Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.00         0.0	Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	3.69	0.00	0.0
Heating       Electric Room Heat       6.7%       5.56       0.37       0.2         Heating       Air-Source Heat Pump       3.4%       5.36       0.18       0.17         Heating       Geothermal Heat Pump       0.0%       4.40       0.00       0.0         Ventilation       Ventilation       100.0%       3.24       3.24       3.24       3.24         Water Heating       Water Heater       46.9%       1.08       0.51       0.2         Interior Lighting       Screw-in       100.0%       0.48       0.48       0.2         Interior Lighting       Linear Fluorescent       100.0%       2.14       2.14       0.16         Exterior Lighting       Linear Fluorescent       100.0%       1.01       1.01       0.4         Exterior Lighting       Linear Fluorescent       100.0%       0.27       0.14       0.1         Refrigeration       Reach-in Refrigerator       99.7%       0.06       0.06       0.0         Refrigeration       Genaker       44.9%       0.10       0.05       0.0         Refrigeration       Open Display Case       77.4%       0.37       0.29       0.1         Refrigeration       Vending Machine       44.9%       <	Heating	Electric Furnace	3.2%	5.84	0.19	0.1
Heating       Air-Source Heat Pump       3.4%       5.36       0.18       0.1         Heating       Geothermal Heat Pump       0.0%       4.40       0.00       0.0         Ventilation       Ventilation       100.0%       3.24       3.24       1.4         Water Heating       Water Heater       46.9%       1.08       0.51       0.2         Interior Lighting       Screw-in       100.0%       0.48       0.48       0.2         Interior Lighting       Linear Fluorescent       100.0%       0.16       0.16       0.1         Exterior Lighting       HID       100.0%       0.12       0.12       0.1         Exterior Lighting       Linear Fluorescent       100.0%       0.12       0.12       0.1         Refrigeration       Reach-in Refrigerator       99.7%       0.06       0.06       0.0         Refrigeration       Glass Door Display       77.4%       0.37       0.29       0.1         Refrigeration       Icemaker       44.9%       0.10       0.04       0.0         Refrigeration       Icemaker       25.4%       0.11       0.09       0.0         Food Preparation       Fryer       76.4%       0.11       0.03       0.0	Heating	Electric Room Heat	6.7%	5.56	0.37	0.2
Heating         Geothermal Heat Pump         0.0%         4.40         0.00         0.0           Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Water Heating         Water Heater         46.9%         1.08         0.51         0.2           Interior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.48         0.48         0.48           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.16           Exterior Lighting         Grew-in         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.12           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.06         0.06         0.0           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Oven         66.0%         0.08         0.05         0.0	Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	3.4%	5.36	0.18	0.1
Ventilation         Ventilation         100.0%         3.24         3.24         1.4           Water Heating         Water Heater         46.9%         1.08         0.51         0.2           Interior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.48         0.48         0.2           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.79         0.79         0.3           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         2.14         2.14         0.6           Exterior Lighting         Hinear Fluorescent         100.0%         1.01         1.01         0.4           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.1           Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.06         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Cemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.15         0.04	Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	4.40	0.00	0.0
Water Heating         Water Heater         46.9%         1.08         0.51         0.2           Interior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.48         0.48         0.48           Interior Lighting         High-Bay Fixtures         100.0%         0.79         0.79         0.3           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         2.14         2.14         0.9           Exterior Lighting         HID         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.1           Refrigeration         Walk-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.06         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Icemaker         25.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.00         0.0         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.03 <t< td=""><td>Ventilation</td><td>Ventilation</td><td>100.0%</td><td>3.24</td><td>3.24</td><td>1.4</td></t<>	Ventilation	Ventilation	100.0%	3.24	3.24	1.4
Interior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.48         0.48         0.2           Interior Lighting         High-Bay Fixtures         100.0%         0.79         0.79         0.3           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         2.14         2.14         0.5           Exterior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.10         0.16         0.1           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.12           Refrigeration         Walk-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         99.7%         0.06         0.06         0.0           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.37         0.29         0.1           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Icemaker         25.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Gridele         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.11         0.03	Water Heating	Water Heater	46.9%	1.08	0.51	0.2
Interior Lighting         High-Bay Fixtures         100.0%         0.79         0.79         0.3           Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         2.14         2.14         0.5           Exterior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Exterior Lighting         HID         100.0%         0.11         1.01         0.4           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.1           Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         99.7%         0.06         0.06         0.0           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.37         0.29         0.1           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Oven         66.0%         0.08         0.05         0.0         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.0	Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	0.48	0.48	0.2
Interior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         2.14         2.14         0.5           Exterior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Exterior Lighting         HID         100.0%         1.01         1.01         0.4           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.1           Refrigeration         Walk-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.06         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Open Display Case         77.4%         0.37         0.29         0.1           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.12         0.01         0.0 <td>Interior Lighting</td> <td>High-Bay Fixtures</td> <td>100.0%</td> <td>0.79</td> <td>0.79</td> <td>0.3</td>	Interior Lighting	High-Bay Fixtures	100.0%	0.79	0.79	0.3
Exterior Lighting         Screw-in         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.11           Exterior Lighting         HID         100.0%         1.01         1.01         0.4           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.1           Refrigeration         Walk-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         99.7%         0.06         0.06         0.0           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.37         0.29         0.1           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.	Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	2.14	2.14	0.9
Exterior Lighting         HID         100.0%         1.01         1.01         0.4           Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.13           Refrigeration         Walk-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         99.7%         0.06         0.06         0.06           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.37         0.29         0.1           Refrigeration         Open Display Case         77.4%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0<	Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	0.16	0.16	0.1
Exterior Lighting         Linear Fluorescent         100.0%         0.12         0.12         0.11           Refrigeration         Walk-in Refrigerator         52.0%         0.27         0.14         0.1           Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         99.7%         0.06         0.06         0.0           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.06         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Open Display Case         77.4%         0.37         0.29         0.1           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Oven         66.0%         0.08         0.05         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.15         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.11         0.03 <t< td=""><td>Exterior Lighting</td><td>HID</td><td>100.0%</td><td>1.01</td><td>1.01</td><td>0.4</td></t<>	Exterior Lighting	HID	100.0%	1.01	1.01	0.4
Refrigeration       Walk-in Refrigerator       52.0%       0.27       0.14       0.1         Refrigeration       Reach-in Refrigerator       99.7%       0.06       0.06       0.0         Refrigeration       Glass Door Display       77.4%       0.06       0.05       0.0         Refrigeration       Open Display Case       77.4%       0.37       0.29       0.1         Refrigeration       Icemaker       44.9%       0.10       0.05       0.0         Refrigeration       Vending Machine       44.9%       0.10       0.04       0.0         Food Preparation       Oven       66.0%       0.08       0.05       0.0         Food Preparation       Fryer       76.4%       0.11       0.09       0.0         Food Preparation       Griddle       67.9%       0.10       0.07       0.0         Food Preparation       Steamer       25.4%       0.11       0.03       0.0         Food Preparation       Steamer       25.4%       0.02       0.01       0.0         Food Preparation       Hot Food Container       25.4%       0.02       0.01       0.0         Office Equipment       Desktop Computer       100.0%       0.25       0.25	Exterior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	0.12	0.12	0.1
Refrigeration         Reach-in Refrigerator         99.7%         0.06         0.06         0.06           Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.06         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Open Display Case         77.4%         0.37         0.29         0.1           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Oven         66.0%         0.08         0.05         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.15         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.12         0.01         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         0.25         0.25         0.15	Refrigeration	Walk-in Refrigerator	52.0%	0.27	0.14	0.1
Refrigeration         Glass Door Display         77.4%         0.06         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Open Display Case         77.4%         0.37         0.29         0.1           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Oven         66.0%         0.08         0.05         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.15         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Server         100.0%         0.25         0.25         0.1         0.1	Refrigeration	Reach-in Refrigerator	99.7%	0.06	0.06	0.0
Refrigeration         Open Display Case         77.4%         0.37         0.29         0.1           Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Oven         66.0%         0.08         0.05         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.15         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Kerver         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1	Refrigeration	Glass Door Display	77.4%	0.06	0.05	0.0
Refrigeration         Icemaker         44.9%         0.10         0.05         0.0           Refrigeration         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Oven         66.0%         0.08         0.05         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         0.25         0.25         0.1           Office Equipment         Kerver         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1 <t< td=""><td>Refrigeration</td><td>Open Display Case</td><td>77.4%</td><td>0.37</td><td>0.29</td><td>0.1</td></t<>	Refrigeration	Open Display Case	77.4%	0.37	0.29	0.1
Refrigeration         Vending Machine         44.9%         0.10         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Oven         66.0%         0.08         0.05         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Laptop         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1      <	Refrigeration	lcemaker	44.9%	0.10	0.05	0.0
Food Preparation         Oven         66.0%         0.08         0.05         0.0           Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.15         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Server         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.36         0.32         0.1 <td>Refrigeration</td> <td>Vending Machine</td> <td>44.9%</td> <td>0.10</td> <td>0.04</td> <td>0.0</td>	Refrigeration	Vending Machine	44.9%	0.10	0.04	0.0
Food Preparation         Fryer         76.4%         0.11         0.09         0.0           Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.15         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Laptop         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         POS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0	Food Preparation	Oven	66.0%	0.08	0.05	0.0
Food Preparation         Griddle         67.9%         0.10         0.07         0.0           Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.15         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Laptop         100.0%         0.25         0.25         0.1           Office Equipment         Server         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         Pool Ferminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1	Food Preparation	Frver	76.4%	0.11	0.09	0.0
Food Preparation         Dishwasher         25.4%         0.15         0.04         0.0           Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Laptop         100.0%         0.25         0.25         0.1           Office Equipment         Server         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         PoS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.07         0.00         0.0     <	Food Preparation	Griddle	67.9%	0.10	0.07	0.0
Food Preparation         Steamer         25.4%         0.11         0.03         0.0           Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Laptop         100.0%         0.25         0.25         0.1           Office Equipment         Server         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         PoS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0 <td>Food Preparation</td> <td>Dishwasher</td> <td>25.4%</td> <td>0.15</td> <td>0.04</td> <td>0.0</td>	Food Preparation	Dishwasher	25.4%	0.15	0.04	0.0
Food Preparation         Hot Food Container         25.4%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Laptop         100.0%         0.25         0.25         0.1           Office Equipment         Server         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.16           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         POS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90	Food Preparation	Steamer	25.4%	0.11	0.03	0.0
Office Equipment         Desktop Computer         100.0%         1.64         1.64         0.7           Office Equipment         Laptop         100.0%         0.25         0.25         0.1           Office Equipment         Server         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         POS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Pool Heater         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90	Food Preparation	Hot Food Container	25.4%	0.02	0.01	0.0
Office Equipment         Laptop         100.0%         0.25         0.25         0.1           Office Equipment         Server         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         POS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Pool Heater         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90	Office Equipment	Desktop Computer	100.0%	1.64	1.64	0.7
Office Equipment         Server         100.0%         0.16         0.16         0.1           Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         POS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Pool Heater         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90	Office Equipment	Laptop	100.0%	0.25	0.25	0.1
Office Equipment         Monitor         100.0%         0.29         0.29         0.1           Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         POS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Pool Heater         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90	Office Equipment	Server	100.0%	0.16	0.16	0.1
Office Equipment         Printer/Copier/Fax         100.0%         0.15         0.15         0.1           Office Equipment         POS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Pool Heater         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90	Office Equipment	Monitor	100.0%	0.29	0.29	0.1
Office Equipment         POS Terminal         35.5%         0.02         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Pool Heater         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90           Total         19.70         8.6	Office Equipment	Printer/Copier/Fax	100.0%	0.15	0.15	0.1
Miscellaneous         Non-HVAC Motors         89.6%         0.36         0.32         0.1           Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Pool Heater         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90           Total         19.70         8.6         19.70         8.6	Office Equipment	POS Terminal	35.5%	0.02	0.01	0.0
Miscellaneous         Pool Pump         24.0%         0.05         0.01         0.0           Miscellaneous         Pool Heater         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90           Total         19.70         8.6         19.70         8.6	Miscellaneous	Non-HVAC Motors	89.6%	0.36	0.32	0.1
Miscellaneous         Pool Heater         1.9%         0.07         0.00         0.0           Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90           Total         19.70         8.6         19.70         8.6	Miscellaneous	Pool Pump	24.0%	0.05	0.01	0.0
Miscellaneous         Other         100.0%         2.08         2.08         0.90           Total         19.70         8.6	Miscellaneous	Pool Heater	1.9%	0.07	0.00	0.0
Total 19.70 8.6	Miscellaneous	Other	100.0%	2.08	2.08	0.90
	Total				19.70	8.6

# Table A-6Large Commercial Electric Market Profile

	Aver	age Market Pro	files		
Endline	Tashualasu	Catumatian	EUI	Intensity	Usage
End Use	rechnology	Saturation	(kWh)	(kWh/Employee)	(GWh)
Cooling	Air-Cooled Chiller	4.4%	4,466	199	13.4
Cooling	Water-Cooled Chiller	5.9%	4,866	285	19.2
Cooling	RTU	55.0%	5,497	3,022	203.9
Cooling	Room AC	3.7%	5,617	208	14.1
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.9%	5,497	51	3.4
Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.8%	3,350	27	1.8
Heating	Electric Furnace	10.3%	6,508	672	45.3
Heating	Electric Room Heat	3.5%	6,198	215	14.5
Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	0.9%	5,319	49	3.3
Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.8%	3,361	27	1.8
Ventilation	Ventilation	100.0%	1,219	1,219	82.2
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	172	172	11.6
Interior Lighting	High-Bay Fixtures	100.0%	3,068	3,068	207.0
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	500	500	33.7
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	34	34	2.3
Exterior Lighting	HID	100.0%	647	647	43.7
Exterior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	133	133	8.9
Process	Process Heating	100.0%	2,945	2,945	198.6
Process	Process Cooling	100.0%	771	771	52.0
Process	Process Refrigeration	100.0%	771	771	52.0
Process	Process Electro-Chemical	100.0%	73	73	5.0
Process	Process Other	100.0%	194	194	13.1
Motors	Pumps	100.0%	1,823	1,823	123.0
Motors	Fans & Blowers	100.0%	2,190	2,190	147.7
Motors	Compressed Air	100.0%	1,770	1,770	119.4
Motors	Conveyors	100.0%	3,745	3,745	252.6
Motors	Other Motors	100.0%	63	63	4.2
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	100.0%	1,501	1,501	101.3
	Total			26,377	1,779.2

# Table A-7 Small Industrial Electric Market Profile

	Ave	rage Market Pro	ofiles											
Find Line	Average Market ProfilesEnd UseTechnologySaturationEUI (kWh)Intensity (kWh/Employee)Usage (GWh)DingAir-Cooled Chiller9.1%5,8495300DingWater-Cooled Chiller48.4%6,3723,08233DingRTU23.6%7,1991,7011DingRoom AC0.0%3,68400DingGeothermal Heat Pump3.4%7,1992420DingGeothermal Heat Pump0.0%4,80200DingElectric Furnace3.2%6,9412230AtingElectric Room Heat6.7%6,6104400AtingGeothermal Heat Pump0.0%4,24800AtingGeothermal Heat Pump0.0%4,24800AtingGeothermal Heat Pump0.0%3,8513,8513AtingGeothermal Heat Pump0.0%7,1217,1217AtingGeothermal Heat Pump0.0%7,1217,1217AtingGeothermal Heat Pump0.0%7,1217,1217AtingGiscew-in100.0%7,99790AtingLinear Fluorescent100.0%1,1601,1601AtingLinear Fluorescent100.0%3083080AtingLinear Fluorescent100.0%3083080AtingLinear Fluorescent100.0%308													
End Use	rechnology	Saturation	(kWh)	(kWh/Employee)	(GWh)									
Cooling	Air-Cooled Chiller	9.1%	5,849	530	0.5									
Cooling	Water-Cooled Chiller	48.4%	6,372	3,082	3.1									
Cooling	RTU	23.6%	7,199	1,701	1.7									
Cooling	Room AC	0.0%	3,684	0	0.0									
Cooling	Air-Source Heat Pump	3.4%	7,199	242	0.2									
Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	4,802	0	0.0									
Heating	Electric Furnace	3.2%	6,941	223	0.2									
Heating	Electric Room Heat	6.7%	6,610	440	0.4									
Heating	Air-Source Heat Pump	3.4%	6,369	214	0.2									
Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	0.0%	4,248	0	0.0									
Ventilation	Ventilation	100.0%	3,851	3,851	3.9									
Interior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	399	399	0.4									
Interior Lighting	High-Bay Fixtures	100.0%	7,121	7,121	7.2									
Interior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	1,160	1,160	1.2									
Exterior Lighting	Screw-in	100.0%	79	79	0.1									
Exterior Lighting	HID	100.0%	1,502	1,502	1.5									
Exterior Lighting	Linear Fluorescent	100.0%	308	308	0.3									
Process	Process Heating	100.0%	67,873	67,873	68.8									
Process	Process Cooling	100.0%	3,156	3,156	3.2									
Process	Process Refrigeration	100.0%	3,156	3,156	3.2									
Process	Process Electro-Chemical	100.0%	33,443	33,443	33.9									
Process	Process Other	100.0%	2,085	2,085	2.1									
Motors	Pumps	100.0%	8,308	8,308	8.4									
Motors	Fans & Blowers	100.0%	12,070	12,070	12.2									
Motors	Compressed Air	100.0%	10,088	10,088	10.2									
Motors	Conveyors	100.0%	77,020	77,020	78.1									
Motors	Other Motors	100.0%	6,228	6,228	6.3									
Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	100.0%	3,684	3,684	3.7									
	Total			247,963	251.4									

# Table A-8Large Industrial Electric Market Profile

APPENDIX B

# **Market Adoption Rates**

This embedded spreadsheet file presents the market adoption rates that were applied to economic potential to estimate achievable potential.



# APPENDIX C

# **Measure Data**

Please see measure-level assumptions and details in the file "*NIPSCO Electric Measure Summary* - *All Sectors.xlsx.*"

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Applied Energy Group, Inc. 500 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite 250 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

*P:* 510.982.3525 *F:* 925.284.3147 Table B-1 Residential Equipment Measures (Achievable Potential Factor)

End Use	Fuel	Technology	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Cooling	Electric	Central AC	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%
Cooling	Electric	Room AC	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%
Cooling	Electric	Air-Source Heat Pump	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%
Cooling	Electric	Geothermal Heat Pump	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%
Heating	Electric	Electric Zonal Heat	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Heating	Electric	Electric Furnace	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Heating	Electric	Air-Source Heat Pump	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Heating	Electric	Geothermal Heat Pump	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Water Heating	Electric	Water Heater <= 55 gal	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%
Water Heating	Electric	Water Heater > 55 gal	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%
Interior Lighting	Electric	Screw-in	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Interior Lighting	Electric	Linear Fluorescent	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Interior Lighting	Electric	Specialty	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Exterior Lighting	Electric	Screw-in	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Appliances	Electric	Clothes Washer	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%
Appliances	Electric	Clothes Dryer	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%
Appliances	Electric	Dishwasher	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%
Appliances	Electric	Refrigerator	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%
Appliances	Electric	Freezer	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%
Appliances	Electric	Second Refrigerator	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%
Appliances	Electric	Stove / Oven	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%
Appliances	Electric	Microwave	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%
Electronics	Electric	Personal Computers	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%
Electronics	Electric	Monitor	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%
Electronics	Electric	Laptops	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%
Electronics	Electric	TVs	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%
Electronics	Electric	Printer/Fax/Copier	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%
Electronics	Electric	Set-top Boxes/DVR	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%
Electronics	Electric	Devices and Gadgets	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Pool Heater	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	38%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Pool Pump	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	38%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Hot Tub / Spa	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	38%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Furnace Fan	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Well Pump	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	38%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Dehumidifier	27%	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	36%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Miscellaneous	23%	23%	24%	24%	24%	25%	25%	25%	26%	26%	26%	26%	27%	27%	27%	28%	28%	28%	29%	29%	29%

#### Table B-2 Residential Non-Equipment Measures (Achievable Potential Factor)

Measure	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Insulation - Ceiling	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Insulation - Ducting	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Insulation - Foundation	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Insulation - Infiltration Control	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Insulation - Radiant Barrier	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Insulation - Wall Cavity	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Insulation - Wall Sheathing	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Ducting - Repair and Sealing	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Windows - High Efficiency/ENERGY STAR	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	41%
Windows - Install Reflective Film	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	41%
Doors - Storm and Thermal	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	41%
Roofs - High Reflectivity	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Attic Fan - Installation	25%	25%	26%	26%	27%	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%
Attic Fan - Photovoltaic - Installation	25%	25%	26%	26%	27%	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%

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Whole-House Fan - Installation	25%	25%	26%	26%	27%	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%
Ceiling Fan - Installation	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Thermostat - Clock/Programmable	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%
Home Energy Management System	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	38%	38%
Central AC - Early Replacement	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Central AC - Maintenance and Tune-Up	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	43%	43%	43%
Central Heat Pump - Maintenance	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	43%	43%
Room AC - Removal of Second Unit	18%	18%	19%	19%	19%	19%	20%	20%	20%	20%	21%	21%	21%	21%	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%
Water Heater - Drainwater Heat Recovery	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Water Heater - Faucet Aerators	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Water Heater - Low-Flow Showerheads	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Water Heater - Pipe Insulation	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Water Heating - Solar System	20%	21%	21%	22%	22%	23%	23%	24%	24%	25%	25%	26%	26%	27%	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	29%	29%
Water Heater - Desuperheater	24%	24%	25%	25%	26%	26%	27%	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	33%
Interior Lighting - Occupancy Sensors	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Exterior Lighting - Photosensor Control	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Exterior Lighting - Photovoltaic Installation	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Exterior Lighting - Timeclock Installation	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Refrigerator - Early Replacement	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Refrigerator - Remove Second Unit	20%	20%	20%	20%	21%	21%	21%	21%	22%	22%	22%	22%	23%	23%	23%	23%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%
Freezer - Remove Second Unit	20%	20%	20%	20%	21%	21%	21%	21%	22%	22%	22%	22%	23%	23%	23%	23%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%
Freezer - Early Replacement	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Electronics - Smart Power Strips	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	41%
Pool Pump - Timer	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	38%	38%	38%
Pool Heater - Solar System	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	38%	38%	38%
ENERGY STAR Home Design	18%	18%	19%	19%	20%	20%	21%	21%	22%	22%	23%	23%	24%	24%	25%	25%	26%	26%	27%	27%	27%
Room AC - Early Replacement	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Central Heat Pump - Early Replacement	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Water Heater - Tank Wrap	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Behavioral Programs	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%	65%

#### Table B-3 Commercial Equipment Measures (Achievable Potential Factor)

End Use	Fuel	Technology	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Cooling	Electric	Air-Cooled Chiller	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	Water-Cooled Chiller	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	RTU	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	Room AC	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	Air-Source Heat Pump	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	Geothermal Heat Pump	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%
Heating	Electric	Electric Furnace	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Heating	Electric	Electric Room Heat	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Heating	Electric	Air-Source Heat Pump	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%
Heating	Electric	Geothermal Heat Pump	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%
Ventilation	Electric	Ventilation	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%
Water Heating	Electric	Water Heater	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Interior Lighting	Electric	Screw-in	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%
Interior Lighting	Electric	High-Bay Fixtures	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%
Interior Lighting	Electric	Linear Fluorescent	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%
Exterior Lighting	Electric	Screw-in	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%
Exterior Lighting	Electric	HID	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%
Exterior Lighting	Electric	Linear Fluorescent	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%
Refrigeration	Electric	Walk-in Refrigerator	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigeration	Electric	Reach-in Refrigerator	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigeration	Electric	Glass Door Display	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigeration	Electric	Open Display Case	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%

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Refrigeration	Electric	Icemaker	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigeration	Electric	Vending Machine	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%
Food Preparation	Electric	Oven	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%
Food Preparation	Electric	Fryer	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%
Food Preparation	Electric	Griddle	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%
Food Preparation	Electric	Dishwasher	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%
Food Preparation	Electric	Steamer	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%
Food Preparation	Electric	Hot Food Container	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%
Office Equipment	Electric	Desktop Computer	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	47%
Office Equipment	Electric	Laptop	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	47%
Office Equipment	Electric	Server	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%
Office Equipment	Electric	Monitor	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%
Office Equipment	Electric	Printer/Copier/Fax	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	40%
Office Equipment	Electric	POS Terminal	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Non-HVAC Motors	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Pool Pump	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Pool Heater	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Miscellaneous	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%

#### Table B-4 Commercial Non-Equipment Measures (Achievable Potential Factor)

Measure	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Insulation - Ceiling	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Insulation - Ducting	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Insulation - Wall Cavity	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Windows - High Efficiency	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Windows - Install Reflective Film	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	51%	51%	51%
Cool Roof	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Chiller - Thermal Energy Storage	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Chiller - VSD on Fans	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Chiller - Chilled Water Variable-Flow System	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Chiller - Maintenance	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Chiller - Heat Recovery	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
HVAC - Economizer	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	57%	57%	58%	58%	59%	59%	60%	60%	61%	61%	61%	61%
RTU - Evaporative Precooler	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	57%	57%	58%	58%	59%	59%	60%	60%	61%	61%	61%	61%
RTU - Maintenance	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Space Heating - Heat Recovery Ventilator	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Ventilation - ECM on VAV Boxes	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	41%	41%
Ventilation - Variable Speed Control	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	41%	41%
Water Heater - Drainwater Heat Recovery	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	52%	52%	52%
Water Heater - Faucet Aerators/Low Flow Nozzles	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	54%	54%	54%
Water Heater - Desuperheater	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	52%	52%	52%
Water Heater - Solar System	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	36%	36%
Water Heater - Pipe Insulation	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Interior Lighting - Daylighting Controls	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Interior Fluorescent - Delamp and Install Reflectors	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Interior Lighting - LED Exit Lighting	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Interior Lighting - Occupancy Sensors	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Interior Lighting - Timeclocks and Timers	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Exterior Lighting - Bi-Level Fixture	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Exterior Lighting - Daylighting Controls	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Exterior Lighting - Photovoltaic Installation	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Refrigerator - Anti-Sweat Heater	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigerator - Door Gasket Replacement	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%

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Refrigerator - Evaporator Fan Controls	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigerator - Floating Head Pressure	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigerator - Strip Curtain	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigerator - High Efficiency Compressor	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigerator - Variable Speed Compressor	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Vending Machine - Occupancy Sensor	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	55%	55%
Grocery - Display Case - LED Lighting	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	55%	55%
Grocery - Display Case Motion Sensors	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	55%	55%
Grocery - ECMs for Display Cases	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Grocery - Open Display Case - Night Covers	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	55%	55%
Office Equipment - Plug Load Occupancy Sensors	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	55%	55%
Office Equipment - Smart Plug Load Sensors	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	55%	55%
Pool Pump - Timer	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	43%	43%
Ventilation - CO2 Controlled	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	41%	41%
Thermostat - Clock/Programmable	67%	68%	68%	69%	69%	70%	70%	71%	71%	72%	72%	73%	73%	74%	74%	75%	75%	76%	76%	76%	76%
Lodging - Guest Room Controls	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	42%	42%
HVAC - Occupancy Sensors	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	55%	55%
Commissioning	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Retrocommissioning	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Advanced New Construction Designs	27%	28%	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	36%	36%
HVAC Chiller Tune Up	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Light Tube Commercial Skylight	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Pre-rinse Spray Valves	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	55%	55%

#### Table B-5 Industrial Equipment Measures (Achievable Potential Factor)

End Use	Fuel	Technology	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Cooling	Electric	Air-Cooled Chiller	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	Water-Cooled Chiller	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	RTU	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	Room AC	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	Air Source Heat Pump	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Cooling	Electric	Geothermal Heat Pump	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Heating	Electric	Electric Furnace	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Heating	Electric	Electric Room Heat	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Heating	Electric	Air Source Heat Pump	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Heating	Electric	Geothermal Heat Pump	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Ventilation	Electric	Ventilation	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	41%	41%
Interior Lighting	Electric	Screw-in	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Interior Lighting	Electric	High-Bay Fixtures	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Interior Lighting	Electric	Linear Fluorescent	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Exterior Lighting	Electric	Screw-in	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Exterior Lighting	Electric	HID	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Exterior Lighting	Electric	Linear Fluorescent	28%	29%	29%	30%	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	37%	37%
Process	Electric	Process Cooling	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Process	Electric	Process Heating	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Process	Electric	Process Refrigeration	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Process	Electric	Process Electrochemical	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Process	Electric	Process Other	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Motors	Electric	Pumps	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Motors	Electric	Fans & Blowers	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Motors	Electric	Compressed Air	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Motors	Electric	Conveyors	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Motors	Electric	Other Motors	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Miscellaneous	Electric	Miscellaneous	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%

#### Table B-6 Industrial Non-Equipment Measures (Achievable Potential Factor)

Measure	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Insulation - Ceiling	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Insulation - Ducting	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Insulation - Wall Cavity	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Cool Roof	30%	31%	31%	32%	32%	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	39%	39%
Chiller - Thermal Energy Storage	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Chiller - VSD on Fans	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Chiller - Chilled Water Variable-Flow System	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Chiller - Maintenance	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%
HVAC - Economizer	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	57%	57%	58%	58%	59%	59%	60%	60%	61%	61%	61%	61%
RTU - Evaporative Precooler	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	57%	57%	58%	58%	59%	59%	60%	60%	61%	61%	61%	61%
RTU - Maintenance	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Thermostat - Clock/Programmable	67%	68%	68%	69%	69%	70%	70%	71%	71%	72%	72%	73%	73%	74%	74%	75%	75%	76%	76%	76%	76%
Interior Lighting - Occupancy Sensors	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Light Tube Commercial Skylight	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Interior Lighting - Timeclocks and Timers	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Interior Lighting - LED Exit Lighting	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Interior Lighting - Daylighting Controls	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Exterior Lighting - Bi-Level Fixture	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Exterior Lighting - Daylighting Controls	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Interior Fluorescent - Delamp and Install Reflector:	48%	48%	49%	49%	50%	50%	51%	51%	52%	52%	53%	53%	54%	54%	55%	55%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%
Exterior Lighting - Photovoltaic Installation	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	47%	47%	48%	48%	48%	48%	48%
Refrigeration - System Maintenance	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigeration - System Optimization	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Refrigeration - Floating Head Pressure	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Compressed Air - Compressor Replacement	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Compressed Air - Air Usage Reduction	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Compressed Air - System Maintenance	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Compressed Air - System Optimization and Improv	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Pumping System - Maintenance	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Pumping System - Optimization	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Fan System - Maintenance	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Fan System - Optimization	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Motors - Efficient Rewind	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Motors - Variable Frequency Drive (Fans & Blower:	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Motors - Variable Frequency Drive (Pumps)	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Motors - Variable Frequency Drive (Compressed Ai	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Motors - Variable Frequency Drive (Other)	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Commissioning	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Retrocommissioning	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
Ventilation - CO2 Controlled	33%	33%	34%	34%	35%	35%	36%	36%	37%	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	41%	41%	41%
Destratification Fans (HVLS)	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%
Transformer - High Efficiency	37%	38%	38%	39%	39%	40%	40%	41%	41%	42%	42%	43%	43%	44%	44%	45%	45%	46%	46%	46%	46%

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# Appendix B

# Exhibit 2

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# **NIPSCO** DSM Savings Update Report

FINAL September 18, 2018

prepared for Northern Indiana Public Service Company

prepared by



## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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# Executive Summary

# 1.1 REGULATORY BACKGROUND

This demand side management (DSM) Savings Update report extends NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan to a thirty-year planning period from 2019 to 2048. This report captures the insights from NIPSCO's prior energy efficiency potential study completed in August 2016 and NIPSCO's current and planned program offerings for 2019 to 2021 described in NIPSCO's testimony filed with the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (IURC) in Cause No. 45011. For this update GDS has added many energy efficiency measures to the plan after 2021. This report should be viewed as an extension of the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan, but not as a comprehensive, new energy efficiency potential study for the NIPSCO service area. GDS will prepare a new energy efficiency potential study for NIPSCO by June 30, 2019.

In November 2017, NIPSCO filed the 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan with the IURC in Cause 45011 to comply with Indiana energy efficiency legislation. Indiana Code § 8-1-8.5-10(h) states:

Beginning not later than calendar year 2017, and not less than one (1) time every three (3) years, an electricity supplier shall petition the commission for approval of a plan that includes:

- [1] energy efficiency goals;
- [2] energy efficiency programs to achieve the energy efficiency goals;
- [3] program budgets and program costs; and
- [4] evaluation, measurement, and verification procedures that must include independent evaluation, measurement, and verification.

An electricity supplier may submit a plan required under this subsection to the commission for a determination of the overall reasonableness of the plan either as part of a general basic rate proceeding or as an independent proceeding. A petition submitted under this subsection may include a home energy efficiency assistance program for qualified customers of the electricity supplier whether or not the program is cost effective. The commission shall make the petition and its disclosable contents available through the commission's Internet web site.

NIPSCO prepared this DSM Savings Update Report primarily to extend the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan to a full thirty-year planning period for use in NIPSCO's upcoming Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) filing that will occur later in 2018.

# 1.2 SUMMARY OF SAVINGS UPDATE PLAN RESULTS

GDS used the following assumptions and information to prepare this report:

- Planning period extended from three years to thirty years
- Energy efficiency and demand response measure costs, kilowatt hour (kWh) and kilowatt (kW) savings and useful lives
- NIPSCO electric load forecast and electric and natural gas avoided costs forecast
- Hourly load shapes for electric end uses
- NIPSCO planning assumptions for the general inflation rate, utility discount rate, electric line losses and planning reserve margin

- Assumptions for baseline technology energy efficiency levels after 2021 for residential and nonresidential general service, reflector and specialty bulbs
- Measure participation forecasts after 2021
- Energy efficiency measures included in the 2019 to 2048 DSM Plan

GDS used Excel-based energy efficiency and demand response planning models to prepare this DSM savings update. These models are explained in more detail in Section 5.2.

# 1.2.1 Energy Efficiency

Table 1-1 shows the base case incremental annual energy efficiency MWH savings by sector and in total for the NIPSCO service area. The DSM Savings Update Report projections provided in this plan exclude commercial and industrial customers<sup>1</sup> who have opted out of NIPSCO's C&I sector energy efficiency programs. The DSM Plan base case incremental MWH and megawatt (MW) savings by sector and in total are presented as a percent of NIPSCO's electric load forecast for the period 2019 to 2048. The incremental annual energy efficiency MWH savings as a percent of forecast total MWH sales range from 1.5% to 1.8% annually over the thirty-year planning period.

The annual percent savings in the last column of Table 1-1 decline slightly in the years 2046 to 2048 due to rules for rounding of numbers. For example, in 2045 the percentage is 1.76% and it is rounded upward to 1.8% for presentation purposes. In 2048 the percentage is 1.73% and it is rounded down to 1.7%. The mathematical rule is if the number you are rounding is followed by 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9, round the number up. Otherwise your round down.

	Residential				Total (Res &	Total (Res &
	Sector		C&I Sector		C&I)	C&I Sectors)
	Incremental	Savings As A	Incremental	Savings As A	Incremental	Savings As A
	Annual Energy	Percent of	Annual Energy	Percent of C&I	Annual Energy	Percent of
	Savings	Residential	Savings	Sector Sales	Savings	Total Sales
Year	(MWH)	Sales Forecast	(MWH)	Forecast	(MWH)	Forecast
2019	50,974	1.5%	72,000	1.5%	122,974	1.5%
2020	50,947	1.5%	80,000	1.7%	130,947	1.6%
2021	50,918	1.5%	88,000	1.9%	138,918	1.7%
2022	46,240	1.4%	92,147	1.9%	138,387	1.7%
2023	46,887	1.4%	93,761	1.9%	140,648	1.7%
2024	47,503	1.4%	95,389	2.0%	142,892	1.7%
2025	48,178	1.4%	97,581	2.0%	145,759	1.7%
2026	48,716	1.4%	99,966	2.0%	148,683	1.8%
2027	49,287	1.4%	101,463	2.0%	150,750	1.8%
2028	49,744	1.4%	103,076	2.1%	152,820	1.8%
2029	50,231	1.4%	104,627	2.1%	154,858	1.8%
2030	50,686	1.4%	106,017	2.1%	156,703	1.8%
2031	51,166	1.4%	108,458	2.1%	159,625	1.8%
2032	51,645	1.4%	110,023	2.2%	161,669	1.8%

#### TABLE 1-1 NIPSCO DSM SAVINGS PLAN UPDATE, INCREMENTAL ANNUAL MWH SAVINGS BY SECTOR AND IN TOTAL

<sup>1</sup> Commercial and Industrial (C&I) refers to participating non-residential customers.

Voor	Residential Sector Incremental Annual Energy Savings	Savings As A Percent of Residential	C&I Sector Incremental Annual Energy Savings	Savings As A Percent of C&I Sector Sales	Total (Res & C&I) Incremental Annual Energy Savings (ANNU)	Total (Res & C&I Sectors) Savings As A Percent of Total Sales
2033	52 173	1 4%	111 690	2 2%	163 863	1.8%
2034	52,411	1.4%	112.850	2.2%	165.261	1.8%
2035	52,659	1.4%	113,599	2.2%	166,258	1.8%
2036	53,050	1.4%	114,182	2.2%	167,231	1.8%
2037	53,050	1.3%	114,773	2.2%	167,823	1.8%
2038	53,050	1.3%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.8%
2039	53,050	1.3%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.8%
2040	53,050	1.3%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.8%
2041	53,050	1.3%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.8%
2042	53,050	1.3%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.8%
2043	53,050	1.3%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.8%
2044	53,050	1.2%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.8%
2045	53,050	1.2%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.8%
2046	53,050	1.2%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.7%
2047	53,050	1.2%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.7%
2048	53,050	1.2%	115,362	2.2%	168,412	1.7%

Table 1-2 shows the base case cumulative annual energy efficiency savings (MWH) by sector and in total for the NIPSCO service area. As previously noted, the updated DSM Plan base case excludes C&I customers who have opted out of NIPSCO's C&I sector energy efficiency programs. The cumulative annual MWH savings by sector and in total are shown as a percent of NIPSCO's electric load forecast for the period 2019 to 2048. The cumulative annual energy efficiency MWH savings as a percent of forecast total MWH sales is projected to be 14.7% by 2028, 21.2% by 2038 and 21.1% by 2048.

#### TABLE 1-2 NIPSCO DSM SAVINGS PLAN UPDATE, CUMULATIVE ANNUAL MWH SAVINGS BY SECTOR AND IN TOTAL

	Residential				Total (Res &	
	Sector		C&I Sector		C&I Sectors)	Total (Res &
	Cumulative		Cumulative		Cumulative	C&I Sectors)
	Annual	Savings As A	Annual	Savings As A	Annual	Savings As A
	Energy	Percent of	Energy	Percent of	Energy	Percent of
	Savings	Residential	Savings	C&I Sector	Savings	Total Sales
Year	(MWH)	Sales Forecast	(MWH)	Sales Forecast	(MWH)	Forecast
2019	50,974	1.5%	72,000	1.5%	122,974	1.5%
2020	92,051	2.7%	152,000	3.2%	244,051	3.0%
2021	133,111	3.9%	240,000	5.1%	373,111	4.6%
2022	169,506	5.0%	325,796	6.8%	495,302	6.0%
2023	204,891	6.0%	419,550	8.7%	624,441	7.6%
2024	240,718	7.0%	510,798	10.5%	751,516	9.0%
2025	277,045	8.0%	602,907	12.3%	879,952	10.5%

	Residential				Total (Res &	
	Sector		C&I Sector		C&I Sectors)	Total (Res &
	Cumulative		Cumulative		Cumulative	C&I Sectors)
	Annual	Savings As A	Annual	Savings As A	Annual	Savings As A
	Energy	Percent of	Energy	Percent of	Energy	Percent of
	Savings	Residential	Savings	C&I Sector	Savings	Total Sales
Year	(MWH)	Sales Forecast	(MWH)	Sales Forecast	(MWH)	Forecast
2026	313,423	8.9%	696,948	14.1%	1,010,371	12.0%
2027	350,132	9.9%	786,971	15.8%	1,137,103	13.4%
2028	387,093	10.8%	873,445	17.5%	1,260,538	14.7%
2029	421,381	11.6%	959,682	19.1%	1,381,064	16.0%
2030	455,925	12.4%	1,046,587	20.7%	1,502,512	17.2%
2031	489,118	13.2%	1,127,019	22.2%	1,616,137	18.4%
2032	522,331	14.0%	1,206,636	23.7%	1,728,968	19.6%
2033	554,315	14.7%	1,286,733	25.1%	1,841,048	20.7%
2034	551,963	14.5%	1,317,466	25.6%	1,869,429	20.9%
2035	542,667	14.1%	1,342,307	26.0%	1,884,974	20.9%
2036	533,259	13.7%	1,361,070	26.3%	1,894,329	20.9%
2037	540,698	13.7%	1,379,659	26.6%	1,920,357	21.1%
2038	547,742	13.8%	1,397,364	26.9%	1,945,106	21.2%
2039	553,384	13.8%	1,412,165	27.2%	1,965,550	21.3%
2040	558,537	13.7%	1,425,373	27.4%	1,983,910	21.4%
2041	563,346	13.7%	1,437,179	27.5%	2,000,524	21.4%
2042	565,657	13.6%	1,447,692	27.7%	2,013,349	21.4%
2043	567,657	13.5%	1,456,960	27.8%	2,024,616	21.4%
2044	569,310	13.4%	1,465,211	27.9%	2,034,521	21.4%
2045	570,698	13.3%	1,472,341	27.9%	2,043,038	21.4%
2046	571,874	13.1%	1,477,839	28.0%	2,049,714	21.3%
2047	572,828	13.0%	1,482,283	28.0%	2,055,112	21.2%
2048	573,556	12.9%	1,485,725	28.0%	2,059,281	21.1%

Table 1-3 shows the annual energy efficiency budgets by sector and in total to achieve the MWH savings projections listed in Table 1-2. The energy efficiency program's annual budget for the 2019 to 2021 period is based on NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan. The costs of financial incentives from 2022 to 2048 for program participants are based on GDS projections of the number and types of energy efficiency measures installed through NIPSCO programs. GDS also included forecasts of annual costs for program planning and administration, marketing and program evaluation. The projected costs per first year kWh saved for the portfolio of measures included in this DSM Savings Update Report is comparable to the costs per first year kWh saved projected for programs of other electric utilities in the Midwest U.S.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>2</sup>GDS Associates, Inc., "Comparison of Incentive and Non-Incentive Costs per First Year kWh Saved for Energy Efficiency Programs of Midwestern Electric Utilities", March 2018.

	Appual Litility Eporgy		Appual Litility Enormy
	Efficiency Budget - Residential	Annual Utility Energy	Efficiency Budget - All Sectors
Year	Sector	Efficiency Budget - C&I <u>Sector</u>	Combined
2019	\$9,817,510	\$9,047,188	\$18,864,698
2020	\$9,815,352	\$10,052,432	\$19,867,784
2021	\$9,809,956	\$11,057,675	\$20,867,631
2022	\$20,822,174	\$11,839,493	\$32,661,667
2023	\$21,039,511	\$12,140,734	\$33,180,245
2024	\$21,266,204	\$12,444,981	\$33,711,185
2025	\$21,494,687	\$12,775,475	\$34,270,162
2026	\$21,714,354	\$13,163,727	\$34,878,081
2027	\$21,941,024	\$13,478,238	\$35,419,262
2028	\$22,134,851	\$13,798,511	\$35,933,362
2029	\$22,347,479	\$14,119,573	\$36,467,052
2030	\$22,551,800	\$14,432,594	\$36,984,394
2031	\$22,763,349	\$14,849,184	\$37,612,533
2032	\$22,980,009	\$15,187,942	\$38,167,951
2033	\$23,222,465	\$15,544,398	\$38,766,863
2034	\$23,417,367	\$15,824,693	\$39,242,060
2035	\$23,617,690	\$16,074,726	\$39,692,416
2036	\$23,829,888	\$16,307,510	\$40,137,398
2037	\$23,975,771	\$16,544,828	\$40,520,599
2038	\$24,124,717	\$16,786,479	\$40,911,196
2039	\$24,276,791	\$16,943,342	\$41,220,133
2040	\$24,432,059	\$17,103,500	\$41,535,559
2041	\$24,590,588	\$17,267,020	\$41,857,608
2042	\$24,752,445	\$17,433,974	\$42,186,419
2043	\$24,917,702	\$17,604,435	\$42,522,137
2044	\$25,086,429	\$17,778,475	\$42,864,904
2045	\$25,258,699	\$17,956,170	\$43,214,869
2046	\$25,434,587	\$18,137,597	\$43,572,184
2047	\$25,614,169	\$18,322,833	\$43,937,002
2048	\$25,797,522	\$18,511,960	\$44,309,482

### TABLE 1-3 NIPSCO ANNUAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY BUDGET BY SECTOR FOR 2019 TO 2048

The incremental annual MWH savings projected in the DSM Savings Update Report are significantly higher than the incremental annual energy efficiency potential shown in the NIPSCO August 2016 AEG Potential Study. Factors contributing to the greater MWH savings in this DSM Savings Update Report, as compared to the 2016 AEG Potential Study, include adding: updated energy efficiency measure participation projections provided by NIPSCO's program implementer for 2019 to 2021, the whole house energy efficiency program for low-income customers, the residential solar water heating and heat pump water heating measures and other residential and C&I sector energy efficiency measures (identified by GDS and suggested by NIPSCO's stakeholders).

# 1.2.2 Demand Response

For this study, five demand response (DR) program options were considered, including two options for an interruptible tariff. The objective of these program options is to realize demand reductions from eligible customers during the highest load hours of the summer or winter as defined by NIPSCO. Each DR program type provides demand response using different load reduction and incentive strategies designed to target specific types of customers. Using a mix of programs provides a load reduction resource that can be called under many different conditions. Table 1-4 lists the demand response programs included in this DSM Savings Update Report.

DR Program Option	Eligible Customer Classes	Mechanism	Season
Direct Load Control (DLC) Central Air Conditioner Cycling	Residential, Small and Medium C&I	DLC Switch for Central Cooling Equipment	Summer
DLC Space Heating	Residential, Small and Medium C&I	DLC Switch for Space Heating Equipment	Winter
DLC Water Heater Cycling	Residential, Small and Medium C&I	DLC Switch for Water Heating Equipment	Summer and Winter
Interruptible Load Tariffs	Large C&I	Customer enacts their customized, mandatory curtailment plan. Penalties apply for non-performance.	Summer
Interruptible Load Tariffs with Third Party Aggregator	Large C&I	Customer enacts their customized, mandatory curtailment plan. Penalties apply for non-performance. Typically managed as a portfolio by third party contractor.	Summer

# TABLE 1-4 DEMAND RESPONSE OPTIONS INCLUDED IN THE DSM SAVINGS UPDATE

Table 1-5 shows projections of cumulative annual MW savings for these demand response programs for the NIPSCO service area for 2019 to 2048.

The annual percent savings in the last column of Table 1-5 decline slightly in the years 2046 to 2048 due to rules for rounding of numbers. For example, in 2045 the initial percentage is rounded upward to 7.8% for presentation purposes. In 2048 the initial percentage is rounded down to 7.6%. The mathematical rule is if the number you are rounding is followed by 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9, round the number up. Otherwise your round down.

TABLE 1-5 NIPSCO DEMAND RESPONSE CUMULATIVE ANNUAL MW SAVINGS BY SECTOR AND IN TO	TAL
	/ 1/ No

	Residential				<b>Total</b> (Res & C&I Sectors)	<b>Total</b> (Res & C&I Sectors)
	Sector	Savings As A	C&I Sector	Savings As A	Incremental	Savings As A
	Cumulative	Percent of	Cumulative	Percent of	Annual Energy	Percent of
	Annual Energy	Peak Load	Annual Energy	Peak Load	Savings	Peak Load
Year	Savings (MW)	Forecast	Savings (MW)	Forecast	(MWH)	Forecast
2019	9	0.3%	17	0.5%	26	0.8%
2020	29	0.9%	51	1.7%	80	2.6%
2021	60	2.0%	104	3.3%	164	5.3%
2022	81	2.6%	139	4.5%	220	7.1%
2023	88	2.8%	153	4.9%	242	7.7%
2024	90	2.9%	158	5.0%	248	7.9%
2025	91	2.9%	159	5.0%	251	7.9%
2026	92	2.9%	161	5.1%	253	7.9%
2027	93	2.9%	162	5.1%	255	8.0%
2028	93	2.9%	163	5.1%	257	8.0%
2029	94	2.9%	164	5.1%	258	8.0%
2030	94	2.9%	165	5.1%	260	8.0%
2031	95	2.9%	166	5.1%	261	8.0%
2032	95	2.9%	167	5.1%	262	8.0%
2033	96	2.9%	168	5.1%	264	8.1%
2034	96	2.9%	169	5.1%	265	8.1%
2035	97	2.9%	169	5.1%	266	8.1%
2036	97	2.9%	170	5.1%	267	8.1%
2037	98	3.0%	170	5.1%	268	8.1%
2038	98	2.9%	171	5.1%	269	8.0%
2039	98	2.9%	171	5.1%	269	8.0%
2040	98	2.9%	171	5.0%	269	7.9%
2041	98	2.9%	171	5.0%	269	7.9%
2042	98	2.9%	171	5.0%	269	7.9%
2043	98	2.9%	171	5.0%	269	7.8%
2044	98	2.8%	171	4.9%	270	7.8%
2045	98	2.8%	171	4.9%	270	7.8%
2046	98	2.8%	171	4.9%	270	7.7%
2047	98	2.8%	171	4.9%	270	7.7%
2048	98	2.8%	171	4.9%	270	7.6%

Table 1-6 provides annual budgets for these demand response programs for the 30-year planning period.

	Annual Othicy Demand	Annual Utility Domand	Annual Othity Demand				
Vear	Sector	Response Budget - C&I Sector	Combined				
2019	\$2,730,094	\$2 002 367	\$4 732 461				
2020	\$6,201,027	\$4 874 288	\$11 075 315				
2021	\$10,628,926	\$9,712,950	\$20,341,876				
2022	\$9,239,009	\$12,920,270	\$22,159,279				
2023	\$6.482.812	\$14,125,078	\$20.607.890				
2024	\$5,398,053	\$14,295.026	\$19.693.079				
2025	\$5,128,854	\$14,483,699	\$19,612,553				
2026	\$5,089,518	\$14,624,045	\$19,713,563				
2027	\$5,107,204	\$14,739,249	\$19,846,452				
2028	\$5,140,800	\$14,853,289	\$19,994,090				
2029	\$7,122,333	\$15,076,395	\$22,198,729				
2030	\$9,662,116	\$15,127,386	\$24,789,502				
2031	\$12,391,809	\$15,222,908	\$27,614,717				
2032	\$10,025,815	\$15,300,350	\$25,326,165				
2033	\$7,008,310	\$15,377,322	\$22,385,633				
2034	\$5,872,307	\$15,360,829	\$21,233,136				
2035	\$5,597,235	\$15,438,448	\$21,035,684				
2036	\$5,559,865	\$15,494,316	\$21,054,181				
2037	\$5,579,953	\$15,530,692	\$21,110,645				
2038	\$5,614,453	\$15,567,209	\$21,181,662				
2039	\$5,450,304	\$15,575,196	\$21,025,500				
2040	\$5,456,694	\$15,583,343	\$21,040,037				
2041	\$5,462,073	\$15,591,639	\$21,053,712				
2042	\$5,463,512	\$15,600,089	\$21,063,601				
2043	\$5,465,092	\$15,608,695	\$21,073,787				
2044	\$5,471,593	\$15,617,460	\$21,089,053				
2045	\$5,480,432	\$15,626,388	\$21,106,820				
2046	\$5,488,230	\$15,635,482	\$21,123,711				
2047	\$5,495,020	\$15,644,745	\$21,139,765				
2048	\$5,500,949	\$15,654,181	\$21,155,130				

TABLE 1-4 NIPSCO	ΔΝΝΠΔΙ ΠΕΜΔΝΓ		
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# 1.3 COST-EFFECTIVENESS FINDINGS

This section provides summary information on Utility Cost Test (UCT) benefit/cost ratios for residential and C&I programs included in this DSM Savings Plan Update. Table 1-7 shows the UCT benefit/cost ratios for residential programs and new measures from 2019 to 2048. All twelve residential energy efficiency programs included in the DSM Savings Update Report have a UCT ratio greater than or equal to 1.0. The overall UCT benefit/cost ratio for the residential portfolio of energy efficiency programs is 2.0. The net present value (NPV) savings to NIPSCO's residential customers is \$254 million for the thirty-year planning

period. The NPV of benefits in the UCT benefit/cost ratio calculations are based on net MWH and MW savings.

			•	-
Residential Sector Program	NPV Benefits	NPV Costs	Net Benefits	BC Ratio
HVAC Energy Efficient Rebates	\$20,240,111	\$7,423,449	\$12,816,661	2.7
Residential Lighting	\$38,182,714	\$13,738,788	\$24,443,926	2.8
Home Energy Assessment	\$7,720,421	\$5,194,212	\$2,526,210	1.5
Appliance Recycling	\$7,481,400	\$4,676,459	\$2,804,941	1.6
School Education	\$20,025,721	\$7,765,296	\$12,260,425	2.6
Multifamily Direct Install	\$11,325,004	\$4,749,094	\$6,575,911	2.4
Home Energy Report	\$15,204,076	\$12,735,292	\$2,468,784	1.2
Residential New Construction	\$18,270,532	\$5,017,439	\$13,253,094	3.6
HomeLife EE Calculator	\$18,414,941	\$6,111,400	\$12,303,541	3.0
Employee Education	\$6,151,825	\$2,864,091	\$3,287,734	2.1
IQW	\$7,149,749	\$4,261,258	\$2,888,490	1.7
New Measures	\$332,828,064	\$174,474,645	\$158,353,418	1.9
Total	\$502,994,559	\$249,011,424	\$253,983,135	2.0

TABLE 1-7 UTILITY COST TEST BENEFIT/COST RATIOS FOR RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS (2019 TO 2048 PERIOD)

Table 1-8 shows the UCT benefit/cost ratios for C&I programs from 2019 to 2048. All the C&I energy efficiency programs included in the DSM Savings Update Report have a UCT ratio greater than 1.0. The overall UCT benefit/cost ratio for the C&I sector portfolio of energy efficiency programs is 6.5. The NPV savings to NIPSCO's C&I customers is \$838 million for the thirty-year planning period.

Program	NPV Benefits	NPV Costs	Net Benefits	UCT Ratio
Custom	\$340,264,393	\$60,474,877	\$279,789,516	5.6
New Construction	\$98,374,129	\$18,786,751	\$79,587,378	5.2
Prescriptive	\$396,617,207	\$38,748,919	\$357,868,288	10.2
RetroCommissioning	\$16,901,754	\$7,739,152	\$9,162,602	2.2
Small Business Direct Install	\$87,942,866	\$16,596,204	\$71,346,663	5.3
New Measures Prescriptive	\$23,743,405	\$5,029,889	\$18,713,516	4.7
New Measures Custom	\$9,439,944	\$1,990,940	\$7,449,004	4.7
New Prescriptive Ag Measures	\$2,859,702	\$523,495	\$2,336,207	5.5
New Measures New Construction	\$15,594,391	\$3,778,988	\$11,815,403	4.1
Total	\$991,737,791	\$153,669,216	\$838,068,576	6.5

TABLE 1-8 UTILITY COST TEST BENEFIT/COST RATIOS FOR C& ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS (2019 TO 2048 PERIOD)

Table 1-9 shows the UCT ratios for demand response programs. All programs were cost-effective except for the Direct Load Control of Space Heating programs for both the residential and C&I sectors.

Sector	DR Program Option	NPV Benefits	NPV Costs	Net Benefits	UCT Ratio
Residential	DLC AC	\$207,755,255	\$63,937,910	\$143,817,346	3.25
	DLC Space Heating	\$36,606,272	\$68,437,475	-\$31,831,203	0.53
	DLC EWH	\$43,877,386	\$18,254,930	\$25,622,456	2.40
	DLC AC	\$19,253,739	\$3,106,474	\$16,147,265	6.20
	DLC Space Heating	\$2,110,262	\$2,806,827	-\$696,565	0.75
C&I	DLC EWH	\$9,384,198	\$2,674,703	\$6,709,495	3.51
	Interruptible Tariff	\$215,950,168	\$98,335,692	\$117,614,476	2.20
	Third Party Aggregator	\$213,654,425	\$56,084,259	\$157,570,166	3.81

### TABLE 1-9 UTILITY COST TEST BENEFIT/COST RATIOS FOR DEMAND RESPONSE PROGRAMS (2019 TO 2048 PERIOD)

# 1.4 RECOMMENDED PROGRAMS

# 1.4.1 Residential Section Programs

GDS recommends that NIPSCO retain the residential energy efficiency programs included in the 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan, but consider adding a new whole house retrofit program for qualifying low-income households. In addition, GDS recommends that NIPSCO add several new energy efficiency measures to existing programs, including solar water heating, heat pump water heaters, refrigerator coil cleaning brushes, dryer ductwork and vent cleaning, high efficiency clothes washers and other measures that GDS identified as cost effective.

# 1.4.2 C&I Sector Programs

GDS recommends that NIPSCO retain the C&I energy efficiency programs that are included in the 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan, and assess the feasibility, cost and benefits of implementing a Midstream Energy Efficiency Program. This program model, especially for heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) systems, is fast emerging as a potentially more effective and productive alternative to the customary customer prescriptive incentive program. Midstream incentive programs target distributors and contractors who work between the manufacturers and end users. Incentives are provided directly to equipment distributors and contractors to stock and sell energy efficient measures, such as heating and cooling equipment.

GDS recommends that NIPSCO add several new energy efficiency measures to existing programs, including agricultural measures, solar water heating, geothermal heat pumps, HVAC and compressed air maintenance, duct repair and sealing, high efficiency servers, fan system optimization, evaporative precooler and other measures that GDS identified as cost effective.

While some or all of these measures may be eligible to receive incentives through the Custom Program, NIPSCO should investigate the broader applicability for the Prescriptive Program, which could increase market penetration.

GDS also recommends that NIPSCO consider offering a separate agricultural energy efficiency program.

# 1.5 ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND DEMAND RESPONSE BUNDLES

GDS grouped DSM Plan energy efficiency and demand response measures into bundles according to each measure's cost of saved energy or demand to model energy efficiency and demand response programs in

NIPSCO's 2018 Integrated Resource Plan. GDS created three bundle categories for energy efficiency measures:

- Measures with a utility incentive cost ranging from \$.00 to \$.01 per lifetime kWh saved
- Measures with a utility incentive cost ranging from \$.011 to \$.05 per lifetime kWh saved
- Measures with a utility incentive cost over \$.05 per lifetime kWh saved

The cumulative annual MWH and MW savings and annual utility budgets for the energy efficiency bundles are detailed in Section 10. The cumulative annual MW savings and annual utility budgets for the demand response bundles are outlined in Section 8.

GDS grouped demand response programs into three bundles by calculating the levelized cost per cumulative kW saved over the 30-year IRP planning period (2019 to 2048). The demand response bundles are:

- BUNDLE 1: \$40/kW-year to \$60/kW-year: includes C&I DLC of air conditioning (AC) and DLC of electric water heating equipment
- BUNDLE 2: \$60/kW to \$80/kW-year: includes Residential DLC of water heating equipment and the C&I Third-Party Aggregator program
- **BUNDLE 3**: Over \$80/kW-year: includes residential DLC of AC and Interruptible Tariff

# 1.6 REPORT ORGANIZATION

The remainder of this report is organized as follows:

**SECTION 2**: Glossary of Terms

**SECTION 3:** Introduction

- **SECTION 4**: Characteristics of Electricity Consumption in the NIPSCO Service Area
- SECTION 5: DSM Savings Update Methodology
- SECTION 6: Residential Sector Energy Efficiency Savings Plan
- SECTION 0: C&I Sector Energy Efficiency Savings Plan
- **SECTION 0:** Demand Response Potential
- **SECTION 9:** Scenario Analysis Results
- **SECTION 10**: Energy Efficiency Bundles
- **SECTION 11:** Summary

# 2 Glossary of Terms

The following list defines the key energy efficiency and demand response terms used in this report.

Achievable Potential: The November 2007 National Action Plan for Energy Efficiency "Guide for Conducting Energy Efficiency Potential Studies" defines achievable potential as the amount of energy use that energy efficiency can realistically be expected to displace assuming the most aggressive program scenario possible (*e.g.*, providing end-users with payments for the entire incremental cost of more efficient equipment). This is often referred to as maximum achievable potential. Achievable potential takes into account real-world barriers to convincing end-users to adopt energy efficiency measures, the non-measure related costs of delivering programs (administration, marketing, tracking systems, monitoring and evaluation, etc.), and the ability administrators to ramp up program activity over time.

**Avoided Costs:** For this report, electric avoided costs are defined as the generation, transmission and distribution costs that can be avoided if electricity consumption can be reduced with energy efficiency or demand response programs.

*Base Case Equipment End-Use Intensity:* The annual electricity used by each base-case technology per customer in each market segment. This is the consumption of the electric energy using equipment that the more efficient technology either replaces or affects. For example, assuming the Energy Independence and Security Act (EISA) lighting backstop provisions go into effect, if the efficient measure is a high efficiency light bulb (e.g., an light emitting diode, or LED bulb), the base case end-use intensity would be the annual kWh use per bulb per household for a compact fluorescent light (CFL) light bulb that provides the same lumens as the LED bulb.

*Coincidence Factor:* The fraction of connected load expected to be "on" and using electricity coincident with the electric system peak load period.

*Cost-Effectiveness:* A measure of the relevant economic effects resulting from the implementation of an energy efficiency measure or program. If the benefits are greater than the costs, the measure is said to be cost-effective.

*Cumulative Annual:* Refers to the overall annual savings in a given year for energy efficiency measures from both new participants and ongoing savings from past participants. Since some energy efficiency measures have relatively short lives where their savings decline over time, cumulative annual is not always the sum of all prior year incremental values.

*C&I Sector:* Includes non-manufacturing facilities and premises typically used to sell a product or provide a service and manufacturing facilities that produce goods. This includes NIPSCO's C&I customers.

**Demand Response:** Refers to electric demand resources involving dynamic hourly load response to market conditions, such as curtailment or load control programs.

**DSM:** This is an abbreviation for demand-side management.

*Economic Potential:* The November 2007 National Action Plan for Energy Efficiency "Guide for Conducting Energy Efficiency Potential Studies" refers to the subset of the technical potential that is economically

cost-effective as compared to conventional supply-side energy resources as economic potential. Both technical and economic potential ignore market barriers to ensuring actual implementation of efficiency. Finally, they only consider the costs of efficiency measures themselves, ignoring any programmatic costs (e.g., marketing, analysis, administration, evaluation) that would be necessary to capture them.

*End-Use:* A category of equipment or service that consumes energy (*e.g.*, lighting, refrigeration, heating, process heat, cooling).

*Energy Efficiency:* Using less energy to provide the same or an improved level of service to the energy consumer in an economically efficient way. Although energy efficiency is sometimes used interchangeably with energy conservation, energy conservation means using less of a resource even if this results in a lower service level (*e.g.*, setting a thermostat lower or reducing lighting levels).

*Incentive Costs:* A rebate or some form of payment used to encourage electricity consumers to implement a given DSM technology.

*Incremental:* Savings or costs associated with only new installations of energy efficiency or demand response measures for a specific year.

*Measure:* Any action taken to increase energy efficiency, whether through changes in equipment, changes to a building shell, implementation of control strategies, or changes in consumer behavior. Examples are higher-efficiency central air conditioners, sensor-controlled lighting, and retro-commissioning. In some cases, bundles of technologies or practices may be modeled as single measures. For example, an ENERGY STAR<sup>®</sup> ™ home package may be treated as a single measure.

*MW*: A unit of electrical output, equal to one million watts (megawatt) or one thousand kilowatts typically used to refer to the output of a power plant.

*MWH:* One thousand kilowatt-hours, or one million watt-hours. One MWH is equal to the use of 1,000,000 watts of power in one hour.

*Net Savings:* Net energy or demand savings is the portion of gross savings that is attributable to the program. The impact of other influences, such as consumer self-motivation, is removed. Since there is a large range of influences on consumers' energy consumption, attributing changes to a single cause (i.e., a particular program) can be complex.

*Non-Incentive Cost*: Costs incurred by the utility or program administrator that do not include incentives paid to the customer (i.e.: program administrative costs, contractor management costs, program marketing costs, data tracking and reporting, program evaluation, etc.)

*Participant Cost Test (PCT)*: The PCT examines the costs and benefits from the perspective of the customer installing the energy efficiency measure (homeowner, business, etc.). Costs include the incremental costs of purchasing and installing the efficient equipment, above the cost of standard equipment, that are borne by the customer. The benefits include bill savings realized to the customer through reduced energy consumption and the incentives received by the customer, including any applicable tax credits.

*Portfolio:* Either a collection of similar programs addressing the same market, technology, or mechanisms; or the set of all programs conducted by one energy efficiency organization or utility.

*Program:* A mechanism to encourage energy efficiency that may be funded by a variety of sources and pursued by a wide range of approaches (typically includes multiple energy efficiency measures).

**Program Potential:** The November 2007 National Action Plan for Energy Efficiency "Guide for Conducting Energy Efficiency Potential Studies" refers to the efficiency potential possible given specific program funding levels and designs as program potential. Often, program potential outcomes are referred to as "achievable" in contrast to "maximum achievable." The studies estimate the achievable potential from a given set of programs and funding. Program potential studies can consider scenarios ranging from a single program to a full portfolio of programs. A typical potential study may report a range of results based on different program funding levels.

*Rate Impact Measure (RIM) Test:* The RIM test measures changes to customer bills or rates as related to changes in utility revenues and operating costs caused by energy efficiency and demand response programs.

*Resource Acquisition Costs:* The cost of energy savings associated with energy efficiency programs, generally measured in costs per first year or per lifetime MWH saved (\$/MWH), per lifetime kilowatt hour (kWh) saved (\$/kWh), or lifetime million British thermal units (MMBtu) saved (\$/MMBtu).

*Retrofit:* An efficiency measure or efficiency program that encourages the user to replace functional equipment before the end of its operating life with higher-efficiency units (also called "early retirement"). Retrofit also refers to installing additional controls, equipment, or materials in existing facilities to reduce energy consumption (e.g., increased insulation, low flow devices, lighting occupancy controls, economizer ventilation systems).

*Savings Factor:* The percentage reduction in electricity or natural gas consumption resulting from the application of the efficient technology. The savings factor is used in formulas to calculate energy efficiency potential.

**Total Resource Cost (TRC) Test:** The TRC test measures the net benefits of the energy efficiency program for a region or service area from the combined perspective of the utility and program participants. The TRC test includes costs to purchase and install the energy efficiency measure and overhead costs to run the energy efficiency program. All costs are included for the utility and the participants. The TRC test takes into account the avoided costs of energy and capacity and any quantifiable non-energy benefits (such as reduced emissions of carbon dioxide).

*Utility Cost Test (UCT):* The UCT measures the net benefits of the energy efficiency program for a region or service area from the utility's perspective. The UCT includes costs for incentives and costs to design, implement and evaluate a program. The UCT takes into account the benefits of avoided utility costs of energy and capacity.
# **3** Introduction

### 3.1 OVERVIEW OF THE PLANNING PROCESS FOR THIS REPORT

This DSM Savings Update Report provides an update of DSM program costs and savings for a thirty-year planning period, starting with 2019. The report captures insights from NIPSCO's 2016 AEG Potential Study as well as NIPSCO's current and planned program offerings described in NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan. The objectives of the NIPSCO DSM Savings Update Report are to:

- 1 Develop a detailed plan identifying recommended cost-effective DSM savings measures and programs, as well as any possible market barriers for each recommended program.
- 2 Identify best practices and programs and explain how the recommended practices and programs will achieve the desired results in NIPSCO's service territory.
- 3 Place emphasis on innovative energy efficiency and demand response programs and technologies.
- 4 Provide detailed budgets for each program.
- 5 Provide a lifetime cost analysis.
- 6 Provide a cost-effectiveness<sup>3</sup> comparison or ranking for all DSM savings measures reviewed.
- 7 Complete cost-effectiveness evaluations for each proposed program.

### **3.2 DESCRIPTION OF DATA SOURCES**

Listed below are the key data sources GDS used to develop the NIPSCO DSM Savings Update Report:

- NIPSCO responses to GDS data requests
- NIPSCO DSM testimony in its 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan
- Indiana Technical Reference Manual, Version 2.2
- DSMore Batch Tool output files for the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan
- Evaluation reports for NIPSCO DSM programs
- Illinois Technical Reference Manual (2016)
- NIPSCO 2016 AEG Potential Study
- Input from NIPSCO's Oversight Board
- GDS study of incentive and non-incentive costs for energy efficiency programs implemented by electric utilities in the Midwest
- 2004 and 2008 National Energy Efficiency Best Practices Studies
- American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy, Best Practice Studies
- Southwest Energy Efficiency Project, Best Practice Studies
- State of Texas, Guide to Best Practices
- E-Source, Best Practice Studies
- Descriptions of energy efficiency programs from websites of other electric utilities
- U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form 861 Energy Efficiency Program data

#### 3.3 THE NIPSCO SITUATION

In February 2018, NIPSCO requested that GDS develop an update of the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan as part of the IRP update process. NIPSCO retained Charles River Associates (CRA) to develop the supplyside portion of the IRP and to conduct the modeling of supply-side and demand-side resources for the IRP. To meet the needs of the IRP development process, NIPSCO requested that GDS extend the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan through 2048, providing a 30-year forecast for NIPSCO's energy efficiency and demand response programs. NIPSCO also requested that GDS develop recommendations for adding new measures and programs to the NIPSCO DSM Plan. Listed below are major factors GDS considered during the development of the update and extension of the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan.

#### 3.3.1 Impact of Opt - Out Customers on the NIPSCO Electric Load Forecast

GDS reviewed the latest information available from NIPSCO relating to energy efficiency program participation, measure and program savings data, results of NIPSCO's 2016 AEG Potential Study, NIPSCO's electric load and customer forecasts, NIPSCO end-use load research data, electric avoided costs, program evaluation reports and NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan. One important request from NIPSCO was that GDS prepare the base case DSM Plan update assuming that C&I electric customers who had opted out of NIPSCO's energy efficiency programs prior to January 1, 2017 were excluded from the DSM Savings Update Report. These "opt-out" C&I customers represent over 60% of NIPSCO's 2017 non-residential kWh sales. Thus, the base case energy efficiency forecast for this DSM Savings Update Report **does not** include any energy efficiency savings for these opt-out C&I customers.

#### 3.3.2 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Plan for 2019 to 2021

GDS used the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan as the first three years of the updated DSM Plan. After reviewing the 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan, GDS determined that the plan excluded many cost-effective energy efficiency measures that were identified in the 2016 AEG Potential Study. Although many of these specific measures are available to C&I customers through NIPSCO's Custom Program, they are not explicitly included in the 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan. GDS recommended to NIPSCO that the cost-effective measures identified in the 2016 AEG Potential Study and not already explicitly included in the 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan. Be added to the DSM Savings Update Report. NIPSCO agreed with this recommendation.

Based on input from NIPSCO's Oversight Board, GDS also added the following residential and agricultural measures to the DSM Savings Update Report:

- High efficiency clothes washers	<ul> <li>Livestock Waterer/Livestock Waterer – Energy</li> </ul>
- Whole-house retrofit program for low-income	Free
customers	- High Volume Low Speed Fans
- Refrigerator coil cleaning brushes	- High Efficiency Exhaust Fans
- Dryer duct and vent cleaning	- Dairy Refrigeration Tune-Up
- Engine Block Heater Timer for Agricultural	
Equipment	

Next, GDS reviewed the measures included in energy efficiency programs offered by utilities in other states. Based on this review, GDS added residential heat pump water heaters and solar water heating systems as measures to be considered for inclusion in the DSM Savings Update Report.

#### 3.3.3 2016 NIPSCO 2016 AEG Potential Study

The 2016 AEG Potential Study projected incremental annual MWH savings of approximately 0.5% on average each year over the 20-year forecast period covered by that study. GDS compared the cumulative

annual MWH savings from the 2016 AEG Potential Study to the MWH savings proposed in the base case for the DSM Savings Update Report. This DSM Savings Update Report projects energy efficiency program incremental annual savings that are significantly higher on average every year than those projected in the 2016 AEG Potential Study.

#### 3.3.4 Changes That Impact Estimates of Energy Efficiency Potential

To prepare the NIPSCO DSM Savings Update Report, GDS updated several input assumptions; the changes made for some of these are discussed below.

#### 3.3.4.1 Updated NIPSCO Load Forecast, Avoided Cost Forecast and General Planning Assumptions

In March 2018, NIPSCO sent GDS the latest electric load forecast for 2018 through 2039. Charles River Associates then extended the NIPSCO load forecast through the year 2048. GDS used this new load forecast to calculate the percent of electric MWH sales and peak demand saved each year by DSM programs. NIPSCO's new load forecast projects that total MWH sales to ultimate customers will only increase 0.3% a year on average through the year 2048. NIPSCO also provided GDS with updated planning assumptions for the general inflation rate, escalation rates for NIPSCO electric rates, the utility discount rate, line losses by class of service and the planning reserve margin. GDS used these assumptions to develop the DSM Savings Update Report.

#### 3.3.4.2 NIPSCO DSM Plan Assumptions for Measure Costs, Savings, Useful Lives

GDS reviewed the assumptions for measure costs, savings and useful lives included in the 2019 to 2021 NIPSCO DSM plan and updated these assumptions where appropriate. GDS revised costs and/or savings assumptions for some energy efficiency measures if more recent data was available from NIPSCO evaluation reports or recently published Technical Reference Manuals from Michigan and Illinois.

The largest change for a measure assumption was to the baseline energy efficiency level for residential light bulbs. The NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM plan assumed that the baseline technology for a residential light bulb was a 60-watt incandescent bulb.

GDS collected information from industry experts and program implementation contractors, showing uncertainty about when the new EISA backstop provisions for lighting efficiency will take effect. The EISA lighting backstop provisions specify 45 lumens per watt efficacy starting January 1, 2020. Efficiency Vermont, however, decided for planning purposes that LEDs would be the baseline standard in 2020. Efficiency Vermont assumed a one-year phase-in period for this efficacy standard. Other experts recommend allowing a sell-through period to the year 2022, or 2023 at the latest. Another recommendation GDS received was to shorten the useful life of LEDs. GDS previously used a useful life of 15 years for LEDs.

The new efficacy standard for lighting is scheduled by law to go into effect on January 1, 2020. Based on recent energy industry news articles, GDS understands that the Trump administration is considering delaying or canceling the implementation of these new lighting efficacy standards. As of August 2018, there is uncertainty about whether these efficacy standards will go into effect on January 1, 2020. The EISA standard will not allow bulbs to be sold that do not meet the new efficacy requirements. Therefore, the new EISA standard will decrease the achievable potential for lighting savings because the baseline efficiency for most light bulbs will be significantly increased. GDS recommends going forward, that the baseline technology after 2021 for general service bulbs become a CFL or equivalent bulb that meets the EISA backstop provision efficacy level of 45 lumens per watt.

#### 3.3.4.3 Federal Appliance and Equipment Efficiency Standards

The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) develops and implements federal appliance and equipment standards to improve energy efficiency that will save consumers energy and money. This DOE program was initially authorized to develop, revise, and implement minimum energy efficiency standards by the Federal Energy Policy and Conservation Act (EPCA) in 1975. Several subsequent legislative amendments have required regular updates these standards and has expanded the list of products covered by the standards. The DOE is currently required to periodically review standards and test procedures for more than 60 products, representing about 90% of home energy use, 60% of commercial building energy use, and 30% of industrial energy use.

The standards program's predictable rulemaking schedule is driven by statutory deadlines the DOE must meet to comply with EPCA. These are amended by subsequent energy legislation and reflect the program's obligation to review all standards every six years and test procedures every seven years. The DOE encourages all stakeholders, including consumers, manufacturers, trade associations, utilities, energy efficiency advocates, and the general public, to participate in the rulemaking process. The standards program established the Appliance Standards and Rulemaking Federal Advisory Committee (ASRAC) to facilitate deeper stakeholder engagement by allowing for negotiated rulemakings under the guidelines set forth in the Federal Advisory Committee Act. The process culminates in a final rule in which the DOE is required to set efficiency standards that maximize energy savings that are technologically feasible and economically justified. The DOE must consider the impact on consumers, manufacturers, and small C&I businesses when determining whether any new or amended standard is economically justified.

This DSM Savings Update Report takes into account the impacts of federal appliance and equipment efficiency standards for those standards that are currently in place or expected to be implemented by the DOE after 2021, including the EISA backstop provisions for general service, reflector and specialty light bulbs.

#### 3.3.5 Cost-Effectiveness Findings

The primary cost-effectiveness findings for 2019 through 2048 are in Sections 1, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of this report. These findings provide the present value of costs, benefits, net dollar savings and Utility Cost Test benefit/cost ratios for the energy efficiency and demand response measures. The appendices of this report provide cost effectiveness ratios for all measures based on the Utility Cost Test, the Total Resource Cost test, the Participant Test and the Rate Impact Measure test.

# 4 - Characterization of Electricity Consumption in the NIPSCO Service Area

This section provides an overview of historical and forecast information for electricity use by sector in the NIPSCO service area.

### 4.1 ANALYSIS OF FORECAST OF KWH SALES AND CUSTOMERS BY SECTOR

Figure 4-1 shows the electric utility service areas in Indiana<sup>4</sup>. NIPSCO is the largest natural gas distribution company and the second largest electric distribution company in Indiana, with more than 819,000 natural gas customers and 468,000 electric customers across the northern third of Indiana. As shown on the service area map, Duke Energy serves the largest geographical region in Indiana, followed by NIPSCO, Indiana & Michigan Power Company and Vectren.



FIGURE 4-1 INDIANA ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE TERRITORIES

<sup>4</sup> Electric Utility Service Areas." Indiana Energy Association.

Figure 4-2 shows NIPSCO's forecast of annual MWH sales by market sector for 2017 to 2048. Total electric sales percentages by market sector to the residential, commercial and industrial sectors in 2020 are 21%, 24% and 55% respectively).



FIGURE 4-2 FORECAST OF ANNUAL MWH SALES BY MARKET SEGMENT, 2017-2048 (MWH)

Table 4-1 shows the load forecast data used in Figure 4-2. NIPSCO's total annual MWH electric sales are projected to increase on average 0.4% per year over the period from 2018 through 2048. MWH sales to the residential sector are projected to increase the fastest at 0.9% per year; while sales to the industrial sector are projected to stay flat through 2048.

TABLE 4- I TORECASI OF ANNOAL LECTRIC SALES BT MARKET SEGMENT, 2010-2040 (MWH)										
Year	Residential (MWH)	Commercial (MWH)	Industrial (MWH)	Other (MWH)	Total (MWH)					
2017	3,391,385	3,842,073	9,204,406	102,632	16,437,864					
2018	3,410,511	3,870,784	8,946,803	100,471	16,228,098					
2019	3,419,840	3,910,422	8,946,803	98,287	16,277,064					
2020	3,418,287	3,949,329	8,952,929	96,282	16,320,544					
2021	3,418,378	3,991,648	8,952,929	93,920	16,362,954					
2022	3,413,121	4,031,039	8,952,929	91,736	16,397,089					
2023	3,429,702	4,071,806	8,952,929	91,736	16,454,437					
2024	3,452,144	4,108,912	8,952,929	91,914	16,513,984					
2025	3,480,056	4,147,675	8,952,929	91,736	16,580,660					
2026	3,506,664	4,185,585	8,952,929	91,736	16,645,178					

#### TABLE 4-1 FORECAST OF ANNUAL ELECTRIC SALES BY MARKET SEGMENT, 2018-2048 (MWH)

	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Total
Year	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)
2027	3,541,334	4,218,771	8,952,929	91,736	16,713,034
2028	3,581,230	4,252,308	8,952,929	91,914	16,786,467
2029	3,623,926	4,277,261	8,952,929	91,736	16,854,116
2030	3,666,725	4,304,926	8,952,929	91,736	16,924,580
2031	3,696,367	4,331,067	8,952,929	91,736	16,980,363
2032	3,728,359	4,351,071	8,952,929	91,914	17,032,358
2033	3,762,824	4,370,867	8,952,929	91,736	17,086,619
2034	3,803,157	4,391,294	8,952,929	91,736	17,147,380
2035	3,849,051	4,413,355	8,952,929	91,736	17,215,335
2036	3,893,443	4,426,330	8,952,929	91,914	17,272,702
2037	3,935,763	4,433,845	8,952,929	91,736	17,322,536
2038	3,979,056	4,442,509	8,952,929	91,736	17,374,494
2039	4,021,734	4,449,579	8,952,929	91,736	17,424,243
2040	4,066,934	4,461,329	8,952,929	91,736	17,572,928
2041	4,112,643	4,473,110	8,952,929	91,736	17,630,417
2042	4,158,865	4,484,922	8,952,929	91,736	17,688,451
2043	4,205,606	4,496,764	8,952,929	91,736	17,747,036
2044	4,252,873	4,508,639	8,952,929	91,736	17,806,177
2045	4,300,671	4,520,544	8,952,929	91,736	17,865,881
2046	4,349,007	4,532,481	8,952,929	91,736	17,926,153
2047	4,397,885	4,544,450	8,952,929	91,736	17,987,000
2048	4,447,313	4,556,450	8,952,929	91,736	18,048,428
Compound average annual rate of growth 2018 to 2048	0.9%	0.5%	0.0%	-0.3%	0.4%

#### 4.2 BREAKDOWN OF NIPSCO ANNUAL MWH SALES BY SECTOR

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) developed class of service categories to be used on FERC Form 1. Figure 4-3 shows a breakdown of NIPSCO's annual MWH sales reported on the 2017 Form 1, filed with FERC in April 2018. In 2017, 57% of NIPSCO MWH sales were to the Large or Industrial sector, 23% were to the Small or Commercial sector, and 20% were to the Residential sector. These numbers exclude resale electricity sales.



FIGURE 4-3 ACTUAL 2017 NIPSCO MWH SALES BY FERC FORM 1 MARKET SEGMENT

Table 4-2 presents the forecast of the market share for annual MWH sales to each major customer sector for the period 2017 to 2048. Over fifty percent of NIPSCO's annual MWH sales are forecasted to be in the industrial sector for the next three decades.

	Residential	Commercial	Industrial		
Year	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	Other (MWH)	Total (MWH)
2017	20.6%	23.4%	56.0%	0.6%	100.0%
2018	21.0%	23.9%	55.1%	0.6%	100.0%
2019	21.0%	24.0%	55.0%	0.6%	100.0%
2020	20.9%	24.2%	54.9%	0.6%	100.0%
2021	20.9%	24.4%	54.7%	0.6%	100.0%
2022	20.8%	24.6%	54.6%	0.6%	100.0%
2023	20.8%	24.7%	54.4%	0.6%	100.0%
2024	20.9%	24.9%	54.2%	0.6%	100.0%
2025	21.0%	25.0%	54.0%	0.6%	100.0%
2026	21.1%	25.1%	53.8%	0.6%	100.0%
2027	21.2%	25.2%	53.6%	0.5%	100.0%
2028	21.3%	25.3%	53.3%	0.5%	100.0%
2029	21.5%	25.4%	53.1%	0.5%	100.0%
2030	21.7%	25.4%	52.9%	0.5%	100.0%
2031	21.8%	25.5%	52.7%	0.5%	100.0%
2032	21.9%	25.5%	52.6%	0.5%	100.0%
2033	22.0%	25.6%	52.4%	0.5%	100.0%
2034	22.2%	25.6%	52.2%	0.5%	100.0%
2035	22.4%	25.6%	52.0%	0.5%	100.0%
2036	22.5%	25.6%	51.8%	0.5%	100.0%
2037	22.7%	25.6%	51.7%	0.5%	100.0%

#### TABLE 4-2 FORECAST OF ANNUAL ELECTRIC SALES BY MARKET SEGMENT, 2018-2048 (MWH)

Vear	Residential	Commercial	Industrial (MWH)	Other (MWH)	Total (MWH)
2038	22.9%	25.6%	51.5%	0.5%	100.0%
2039	23.1%	25.5%	51.4%	0.5%	100.0%
2040	23.1%	25.4%	50.9%	0.5%	100.0%
2041	23.3%	25.4%	50.8%	0.5%	100.0%
2042	23.5%	25.4%	50.6%	0.5%	100.0%
2043	23.7%	25.3%	50.4%	0.5%	100.0%
2044	23.9%	25.3%	50.3%	0.5%	100.0%
2045	24.1%	25.3%	50.1%	0.5%	100.0%
2046	24.3%	25.3%	49.9%	0.5%	100.0%
2047	24.5%	25.3%	49.8%	0.5%	100.0%
2048	24.6%	25.2%	49.6%	0.5%	100.0%

#### 4.3 BREAKDOWN OF ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION BY BUILDING TYPE AND END-USE

Figure 4-4, Figure 4-5, and Figure 4-6 show a breakdown of NIPSCO electric sales to the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors respectively by end-use for 2014. This data was obtained from the 2016 AEG Potential Study report titled "Northern Indiana Public Service Company (NIPSCO) Demand-side Management (DSM) Market Potential Study for Electricity" <sup>5</sup>.

Figure 4-4 shows NIPSCO total 2014 residential MWH electric sales with appliances as the largest percentage (26%), followed by cooling (17%), electronics (13%), interior lighting (13%), heating (8%), water heating (6%), and exterior lighting (4%). Miscellaneous end-use represented the remaining 13%.



FIGURE 4-4 2014 BREAKDOWN OF RESIDENTIAL MWH SALES BY END-USE

<sup>5</sup> "Northern Indiana Public Service Company (NIPSCO) Demand-side Management (DSM) Market Potential Study for Electricity – Revised Report", published by Applied Energy Group, Inc. Revised August 8, 2016.

Figure 4-5 shows NIPSCO total 2014 commercial sector MWH electric sales by end-use with interior lighting having the largest percentage of market share (28%), followed by cooling (23%), exterior lighting (12%), office equipment (9%), ventilation (8%), heating (6%), water heating (3%), refrigeration (2%), and food preparation (1%). Miscellaneous end-use represented the remaining 8%.



FIGURE 4-5 2014 BREAKDOWN OF COMMERCIAL MWH SALES BY END-USE

Figure 4-6 shows NIPSCO total 2014 industrial MWH electric sales with electric motors as the largest percentage of market share (38%), followed by process use (21%), interior lighting (13%), cooling (13%), ventilation (4%), heating (3%). Miscellaneous end-use (includes end uses such as office equipment, computers, servers, refrigeration, laundry equipment, air conditioning, transformers, and water treatment and vending machines) represented the remaining 5%. Combined, electric motor and process use accounted for 59% of total 2014 industrial MWH electric sales.



FIGURE 4-6 2014 BREAKDOWN OF INDUSTRIAL MWH SALES BY END-USE

# 5 Savings Update Methodology

### 5.1 DSM SAVINGS POTENTIAL IN THE DSM SAVINGS UPDATE REPORT

This section describes the methodology GDS used to extend projected kWh and kW savings and budgets to cover years 2022 to 2048. To extend the budgets and savings beyond 2022, GDS examined results from NIPSCO's 2016 AEG Potential Study, recent process and impact evaluations of NIPSCO's programs, and costs and savings of NIPSCO's current and planned program offerings described in NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan. NIPSCO set 2019 to 2021 Energy Efficiency Plan goals based on the savings the program implementation contractor indicated it could achieve up to the levels listed in the settlement reached by the parties in Cause No. 44872 ("Second Bids"). For the first three years, the DSM Savings Update Report uses the costs and savings forecasted in the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan.

GDS added new energy efficiency measures to the plan for the years after 2021 from three categories:

- 1 Energy efficiency measures that were found to be cost effective in the NIPSCO 2016 AEG Potential Study and were not already included in the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan.
- 2 Additional energy efficiency measures recommended by NIPSCO's Oversight Board.
- 3 Energy efficiency measures offered by other Midwest electric utilities and not already included in the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan.

#### 5.2 MODELING FRAMEWORK

To prepare this DSM Savings Update Report, GDS used Microsoft Excel-based energy efficiency and demand response planning models. These models are used to develop forecasts of measure and program costs, participants, kWh and kW savings, savings of other fuels, and benefit/cost ratios for planning periods ranging from one to thirty years. These models are transparent and all formulas, model inputs and model outputs can be viewed by the user. One major advantage of the GDS models is that they are not "black boxes." The model user can view all model input data such as measure costs and savings assumptions, the general inflation rate, the discount rate for financial analysis, avoided costs, line losses, planning reserve margin and other key assumptions. GDS is providing NIPSCO with the DSM planning models, model inputs and outputs as deliverables for this savings update. This report includes all assumptions used by GDS for DSM measure costs, per unit measure kWh and kW savings, measure useful lives and the cost of conserved energy for each measure.

The GDS energy efficiency planning model uses the following formula to calculate incremental annual kWh savings for each energy efficiency measure:

Incremental Annual kWh Savings (Net) for year t	=	Annual Per Unit Measure kWh Savings	x	Projected Number of Participants in Year t	X	Net to Gross Ratio
kWh Savings (Net) for vear t	=	Annual Per Unit Measure kWh Savings	Х	Projected Number of Participants in Year t	X	Net to Gi Ratio

EQUATION 5-1 FORMULA USED TO CALCULATE INCREMENTAL ANNUAL KWH SAVINGS FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES

The GDS model calculates the kWh savings over the useful life designated for each energy efficiency measure and uses the following formula to calculate incremental annual summer peak kW savings for each energy efficiency measure:

Incremental AnnualAnnual Per Unit SummerSummer Peak kW=Peak kW Savings for EachXProjected Number of<br/>Participants in Year tNet to Gross<br/>RatioSavings (Net) for year tMeasureXProjected Number of<br/>Participants in Year tNet to Gross<br/>Ratio

EQUATION 5-2 FORMULA USED TO CALCULATE INCREMENTAL ANNUAL SUMMER PEAK KW SAVINGS FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES

The GDS model calculates the summer peak kW savings over the useful life designated for each energy efficiency measure.

#### 5.3 ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND DEMAND RESPONSE PROGRAMS AND BUNDLES

GDS has provided the summary of projected incremental annual and cumulative annual MWH savings, MW savings and utility DSM program costs in two ways:

- Projected costs, MWH and MW savings broken down by program; and
- Projected costs, MWH and MW savings broken down by measure levelized incentive cost per lifetime kWh saved category.

The breakdown by measure incentive cost per lifetime kWh saved category was developed to provide information for the IRP process. This breakdown of projected MWH and MW savings will allow the NIPSCO modeling framework for the IRP to determine how much DSM should be selected for the IRP based on the measure incentive cost per lifetime kWh saved or cost per lifetime kW saved of DSM resources.

#### 5.4 IMPACT OF NEW EISA EFFICIENCY STANDARDS ON RESIDENTIAL LIGHTING MWH AND MW SAVINGS

The NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan assumed that a 60-watt, conventional incandescent bulb was the baseline energy efficiency level for residential general service, reflector and specialty bulbs. The EISA efficiency standard, scheduled to go into effect on January 1, 2020, will not allow light bulbs to be sold that do not meet the new efficacy requirements for light bulbs of 45 lumens per watt. As noted in Section 3 of this report, there is uncertainty about the effective date of the new efficacy standard for lighting, and about which types of bulbs (i.e., general service, reflector or specialty) will be covered by the new EISA standard. GDS recommends that after 2021, a CFL or equivalent bulb that meets the EISA backstop provision efficacy level of 45 lumens per watt be the baseline technology for general service light bulbs.

This new EISA standard for residential lighting will significantly decrease the achievable potential for lighting MWH MW savings in the NIPSCO service area because the baseline efficiency for residential light bulbs will be significantly increased. The kW demand (wattage) savings for residential light bulbs in the 2019 to 2021 DSM plan of 51 watts (based on a baseline of 60 watts and an LED wattage of 9 watts) will drop to 6 watts (based on an energy efficiency baseline for a CFL bulb of 13 watts and an average LED wattage going forward of 7 watts). While GDS assumed that annual residential lighting hours of use will remain at 902, and if all other factors are held constant, because of the new standard NIPSCO's annual residential lighting savings after 2021 will drop by 88% from the savings levels in 2021.

# 5.5 EXPLANATION OF FUTURE TRENDS IN NIPSCO'S ENERGY EFFICIENCY POTENTIAL

The DSM Savings Update Report presents projections of future savings from NIPSCO energy efficiency programs for the period 2019 to 2048. These savings projections should be viewed as an extension of the

NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan. To develop estimates of the number of each efficiency measure that program participants would adopt through NIPSCO programs, GDS used the measure participation rate forecasts developed by AEG and included in Appendix B of the 2016 NIPSCO energy efficiency potential study.<sup>6</sup> GDS decided to adopt the AEG participation rate forecasts for each measure because they were developed using a systematic approach and were based on a literature search conducted by AEG of potential studies conducted in the region as well as NIPSCO specific data. Figure 5-1 shows the long-term trends for cumulative annual MWH savings for the residential sector that result when these participation rate forecasts are applied to the measure kWh savings assumptions used in this Update Report.



Figure 5-2 shows the long-term trend for cumulative annual MWH savings for the non-residential sector that result when these participation rate forecasts are applied to the measure kWh savings assumptions used in this Update Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> According to this 2016 study, these rates represent customer adoption of economic measures when delivered through a best-practice portfolio of well-operated efficiency programs under a reasonable policy or regulatory framework. Information channels are assumed to be established and efficient for marketing, educating consumers, and coordinating with trade allies and delivery partners. The primary barrier to adoption reflected in this case is customer preferences. The initial adoption rates were developed from other potential studies from the region. The initial rates were then compared with recent NIPSCO program results and adjustments were made, if necess ary, to bring the adoption rates into alignment. For example, if the program achieved a higher adoption rate than suggested by the initial adoption assumption and customer participation is expected to continue at this pace, then the market adoption rates for that measure were adjusted upward.



GDS notes that the level of the cumulative annual MWH savings shown in Figure 5-1 and Figure 5-2 increases every year (after 2019) through 2033. In 2034 the rate of increase in the level of cumulative annual MWH savings levels off. There are two key factors that contribute to the leveling off of the cumulative annual MWH sales starting in the year 2034:

- 1 The first factor is that energy efficiency measures installed in 2019 reach the end of their useful lives and no longer contribute energy savings. While this study assumes that units retiring in 2034 will be replaced with a measure having similar annual kWh savings, such replacements only maintain the savings level that existed in 2033 (the prior year).
- 2 The second factor is that the market penetration of energy efficiency measures follows an "S" shaped penetration curve. In general, this product life cycle "S" curve starts with slower penetration in the first year or two. In the second stage of the product life cycle market penetration accelerates as a measure become well known in the marketplace. In in the third stage of the product life cycle, the rate of market penetration declines as a market becomes saturated and reaches its long-term maximum penetration.

Figure 5-3 below provides an example of the market penetration rate forecast for LED bulbs from the 2016 potential study. This figure shows the forecast of the number of residential general service bulbs that are projected to be purchased and installed through NIPSCO's residential lighting program for the period 2019 to 2048. As one can see, the number of LED bulbs purchased and installed through this program is forecast to increase from just under 600,000 a year in 2019 to approximately 730,000 by 2036, and then stay constant after 2036. Similar market penetration trends occur for most of the other energy efficiency measures included the DSM Savings Update.



FIGURE 5-3 FORECAST OF RESIDENTIAL LED GENERAL SERVICES BULBS PURCAHSED AND INSTALLED THROUGH THE NIPSCO RESIDENTIAL LIGHTING PROGRAM

# 6 Residential Sector Energy Efficiency Savings Plan

# 6.1 OVERVIEW OF RESIDENTIAL SECTOR ELECTRIC ENERGY EFFICIENCY SAVINGS

This section provides achievable electric energy efficiency savings estimates for the NIPSCO residential sector. The residential sector includes single-family, multi-family, manufactured, and mobile homes. The energy efficiency potential estimates in this section represent the base case forecast. Additional high and low case savings forecasts are presented in Section 9. The DSM Savings Update Report extends the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan to 2048. This report should be viewed as an update to the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan, but not as a comprehensive, new energy efficiency potential study for the NIPSCO service area. GDS will prepare a new energy efficiency potential study for NIPSCO by June 31, 2019.

For this update, GDS added many residential energy efficiency measures to the DSM Plan Update after 2021, including the following measures:

- GDS added a comprehensive whole house retrofit program for low-income customers as requested by the Citizen's Action Coalition ("CAC")<sup>7</sup>. GDS based the design and costs for this program on a similar program implemented by Ameren Illinois. GDS assumed 750 low-income participants a year after 2021 with costs of approximately \$10,000 per participant. This program alone will increase the annual energy efficiency budget by over \$7.5 million. See Appendix F for a description of this program and eligible participants and measures.
- GDS added heat pump water heaters and solar water heaters as measures available through NIPSCO's residential programs. GDS assumed that the percent of incremental measure costs paid as incentives to participants in the residential energy efficiency programs will be equal to the incentive levels in NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan.
- GDS added high efficiency washing machines, refrigerator coil cleaning brushes and dryer ductwork and vent cleaning services as requested by stakeholders.
- GDS added 98 additional residential energy efficiency measures that were identified in the 2016 AEG potential study as being cost effective but were not yet included in the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan.

Adding all of these programs and measures result in a significant increase in the NIPSCO residential energy efficiency program portfolio budget starting in 2022.

#### 6.1.1 Energy Efficiency Measures

There are 249 unique residential electric energy efficiency measures included in the DSM Savings Update Report. Table 6-1 provides a summary of measures included for each end use in the residential sector. The measures included in this analysis are based on NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan with several new measures added by GDS as suggested by NIPSCO's stakeholders. These new measures were included in the NIPSCO 2016 AEG Potential Study but were not already included in NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan. GDS obtained the majority of data on residential energy efficiency measure costs, kWh and kW savings and costs from NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan. GDS reviewed this data and updated these measure assumptions for years after 2021 where necessary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> According to the CAC web site, "CAC's activities include performing research, carrying out public education campaigns, organizing citizens, creating public awareness, lobbying legislators, intervening in utility cases before the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission, and litigating when necessary".

#### TABLE 6-1 TYPES OF ELECTRIC ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES INCLUDED IN THE RESIDENTIAL SECTOR ANALYSIS

End Use	Measure Types Included
	<ul> <li>Energy Star Desktop and Laptop Computers, Monitors,</li> <li>Printer/Fax/Copier/Scanner, and Sound Bars</li> </ul>
Electronic Equipment	– Energy Star Smart Power Strips
	– Energy Star Televisions
	– Energy Star Refrigerators
	– Energy Star Freezers
	– Energy Star Washing Machines
Angelien	<ul> <li>Energy Star Clothes Dryers</li> </ul>
Appliances	– Energy Star Dehumidifier
	<ul> <li>Refrigerator Pick-up and Recycling</li> </ul>
	– Freezer Pick-up and Recycling
	– Refrigerator Replacement in Low Income Homes
	<ul> <li>Building Insulation Improvements (Attic, Wall, Floor, Etc.)</li> </ul>
Envelope	<ul> <li>Air sealing (Weatherization)</li> </ul>
Еплеюре	<ul> <li>High Efficiency Windows</li> </ul>
	- Cool Roofing
	<ul> <li>High Efficiency Heating Equipment (e.g., Heat PUMP with ECM)</li> </ul>
	– HVAC Filter Whistle
HVAC Equipment	– Heating & Cooling Duct Sealing and Repair
	<ul> <li>High Efficiency Natural Gas Furnace</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>High Efficiency Natural Gas Boiler</li> </ul>
	– Wi-Fi Smart Thermostat
	<ul> <li>Interior LED Bulbs and Fixtures</li> </ul>
Lighting	<ul> <li>Exterior LED Bulbs and Fixtures</li> </ul>
	– LED Nightlights
	<ul> <li>Pool Pump Controls</li> </ul>
Pools	<ul> <li>High Efficiency Pool Pumps</li> </ul>
	High Efficiency Pool Pump Heaters
	<ul> <li>High Efficiency Central Air Conditioning System</li> </ul>
Space Cooling	- Air Source Heat Pump
	- Energy Star Room Air Conditioner
	- High Efficiency Water Heater
	- Heat Pump Water Heater
water Heating	<ul> <li>Faucet Aerators &amp; Low Flow Snowerneads</li> <li>How Water Disc and Tank Insulation</li> </ul>
	- How Water Pipe and Tank Insulation
	- Solar Water Heating System
	Home Energy Reports and Other Types of Benavioral Programs     Energy Efficiency Education Kits for Employees of NUESCO's
	- Ellergy Elliciency Education Kits for Ellipioyees of NIPSCO's
Other	High Efficiency Well Pump
Outer	High Efficiency Weil Fullip
	- Indicative Tot Tub
	- Bryer vent cleaning - Refrigerator Coil Cleaning

# 6.1.2 Achievable Electric Energy Efficiency Potential

The achievable electric energy efficiency potential for the residential sector includes savings associated with measures that were:

□ Included in the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan.

 Added to the plan by GDS (including those in NIPSCO's 2016 energy efficiency potential study or that were suggested by NIPSCO's stakeholders).

Table 6-2 shows the cumulative annual achievable residential sector energy efficiency potential for 2019 to 2048 and estimates of the annual NIPSCO energy efficiency budgets for residential sector programs.

#### TABLE 6-2 ACHIEVABLE RESIDENTIAL SECTOR INCREMENTAL ANNUAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY POTENTIAL AND ANNUAL UTILITY BUDGETS (BASE CASE)

	Incremental Annual Energy	Incremental Annual Demand	
Year	Savings (MWH)	Savings (MW)	Annual Utility Cost (\$)
2019	50,974	10	\$9,817,510
2020	50,947	17	\$9,815,352
2021	50,918	24	\$9,809,956
2022	46,240	42	\$20,822,174
2023	46,887	61	\$21,039,511
2024	47,503	79	\$21,266,204
2025	48,178	98	\$21,494,687
2026	48,716	117	\$21,714,354
2027	49,287	137	\$21,941,024
2028	49,744	156	\$22,134,851
2029	50,231	175	\$22,347,479
2030	50,686	195	\$22,551,800
2031	51,166	215	\$22,763,349
2032	51,645	234	\$22,980,009
2033	52,173	254	\$23,222,465
2034	52,411	268	\$23,417,367
2035	52,659	281	\$23,617,690
2036	53,050	294	\$23,829,888
2037	53,050	298	\$23,975,771
2038	53,050	301	\$24,124,717
2039	53,050	304	\$24,276,791
2040	53,050	307	\$24,432,059
2041	53,050	310	\$24,590,588
2042	53,050	311	\$24,752,445
2043	53,050	313	\$24,917,702
2044	53,050	314	\$25,086,429
2045	53,050	315	\$25,258,699
2046	53,050	316	\$25,434,587
2047	53,050	317	\$25,614,169
2048	53,050	318	\$25,797,522

Table 6-3 shows the base case cumulative annual energy efficiency potential as a percent of total annual residential sector forecast MWH sales. NIPSCO's residential sector cumulative annual MWH energy efficiency program savings as a percent of forecast annual retail sales are projected to be 10.8% by 2028 and 13.8% by 2038.

			NIPSCO	
			Residential	Cumulative Annual MWH
	Residential Sector	Cumulative	Sector Sales	Savings As A Percent of
Maar	Cumulative Annual Energy	Annual Demand	Forecast	Residential Sector MWH
Year	Savings (MWH)	Savings (IVIW)	(MWH)	Sales
2019	50,975	1/	3,419,840	1.5%
2020	92,051	25	3,418,287	2.7%
2021	133,111	34	3,418,378	3.9%
2022	169,506	43	3,413,121	5.0%
2023	204,891	53	3,429,702	6.0%
2024	240,718	61	3,452,144	7.0%
2025	277,045	70	3,480,056	8.0%
2026	313,423	79	3,506,664	8.9%
2027	350,132	87	3,541,334	9.9%
2028	387,093	96	3,581,230	10.8%
2029	421,381	105	3,623,926	11.6%
2030	455,925	114	3,666,725	12.4%
2031	489,118	122	3,696,367	13.2%
2032	522,331	131	3,728,359	14.0%
2033	554,315	140	3,762,824	14.7%
2034	551,963	140	3,803,157	14.5%
2035	542,667	140	3,849,051	14.1%
2036	533,259	141	3,893,443	13.7%
2037	540,698	143	3,935,763	13.7%
2038	547,742	146	3,979,056	13.8%
2039	553,384	147	4,021,734	13.8%
2040	558,537	136	4,066,935	13.7%
2041	563,346	138	4,112,643	13.7%
2042	565,657	140	4,158,865	13.6%
2043	567,657	141	4,205,607	13.5%
2044	569,310	142	4,252,874	13.4%
2045	570,698	142	4,300,672	13.3%
2046	571,874	142	4,349,007	13.1%
2047	572,828	142	4,397,886	13.0%

#### TABLE 6-3 ACHIEVABLE RESIDENTIAL SECTOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY POTENTIAL AS A PERCENT OF SALES (BASE CASE)

Year	Residential Sector Cumulative Annual Energy Savings (MWH)	Cumulative Annual Demand Savings (MW)	NIPSCO Residential Sector Sales Forecast (MWH)	Cumulative Annual MWH Savings As A Percent of Residential Sector MWH Sales
- Cui		outings (inter)	(101001)	00.00
2048	573,556	143	4,447,313	12.9%

Table 6-4 shows a breakdown of the cumulative annual energy efficiency potential by residential energy efficiency program for each existing and proposed NIPSCO program. Additional energy efficiency measures added to the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan by GDS are shown separately and identified as "new measures."

Table 6-5 shows annual budgets for 2019 through 2048 for residential energy efficiency programs for each existing and proposed NIPSCO program. Additional energy efficiency measures added to the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan by GDS are shown separately and identified as "new measures".

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TABLE 6-4 ACHIEVABLE RESIDENTIAL	SECTOR CUMULATIVE ANNUAL	ENERGY EFFICIENCY POTENTIAL BY	( PROGRAM (BASE CASE)

													Residential
	HVAC					Multi-							Sector Total
	Energy		Home			Family	Home	Residential	Homelife				Cumulative
	Efficiency	Residential	Energy	Appliance	School	Direct	Energy	New	EE	Employee		New	Annual
Year	Rebates (MWH)	Lighting (MWH)	Assessment (MWH)	Recycling (MWH)	Education (MWH)	Install (MWH)	Report (MWH)	Construction (MWH)	Calculator (MWH)	Education (MWH)	IQW (MWH)	Measures (MWH)	MWH Savings
2019	2,396	26,172	2,145	1,647	2,580	1,127	9,786	854	2,064	1,006	1,197	0	50,975
2020	4,789	52,344	4,231	3,292	5,157	2,253	9,774	1,707	4,126	2,011	2,367	0	92,051
2021	7,178	78,515	6,314	4,935	7,731	3,377	9,763	2,561	6,185	3,015	3,536	0	133,111
2022	9,666	78,515	7,160	6,639	10,418	4,551	10,210	3,480	8,335	3,711	4,300	22,520	169,506
2023	12,187	78,515	8,016	8,363	13,143	5,741	10,359	4,421	10,515	4,417	5,053	44,161	204,891
2024	14,741	78,515	8,885	10,107	15,905	6,948	10,508	5,384	12,724	5,134	5,816	66,051	240,718
2025	17,328	78,515	9,766	11,871	18,705	8,171	10,657	6,369	14,964	5,860	6,591	88,247	277,045
2026	19,948	78,515	10,660	13,655	21,542	9,410	10,806	7,376	17,234	6,597	7,375	110,303	313,423
2027	22,600	78,515	11,567	15,460	24,417	10,665	10,955	8,405	19,534	7,344	8,171	132,498	350,132
2028	25,286	78,515	12,486	17,284	27,330	11,937	11,104	9,455	21,865	8,101	8,955	154,774	387,093
2029	28,005	78,515	13,012	19,129	29,290	13,006	11,253	10,528	23,433	8,482	9,575	177,152	421,381
2030	30,757	78,515	13,551	20,994	31,289	14,092	11,403	11,622	25,032	8,874	10,207	199,589	455,925
2031	33,541	78,515	14,103	21,232	33,327	15,194	11,552	12,738	26,662	9,277	10,848	222,129	489,118
2032	36,359	78,515	14,648	21,492	35,353	16,301	11,701	13,877	28,283	9,670	11,491	244,643	522,331
2033	39,209	78,515	15,023	21,774	36,819	17,422	11,850	15,037	29,456	9,841	12,066	267,303	554,315
2034	39,863	52,344	14,091	21,996	37,421	17,633	11,850	15,365	29,938	9,669	11,859	289,935	551,963
2035	40,533	26,172	13,155	22,197	37,890	17,845	11,850	15,693	30,312	9,442	11,650	305,927	542,667
2036	41,207	0	12,208	22,379	38,333	18,057	11,850	16,022	30,667	9,200	11,437	321,901	533,259
2037	41,604	0	12,528	22,540	38,717	18,227	11,850	16,284	30,974	9,287	11,642	327,044	540,698
2038	41,970	0	12,840	22,681	39,060	18,381	11,850	16,525	31,249	9,362	11,838	331,986	547,742
2039	42,307	0	12,999	22,802	39,366	18,518	11,850	16,744	31,493	9,428	11,956	335,922	553,384
2040	42,605	0	13,150	22,903	39,634	18,639	11,850	16,941	31,708	9,483	12,065	339,561	558,537
2041	42,870	0	13,291	22,983	39,864	18,744	11,850	17,116	31,892	9,528	12,164	343,044	563,346

													Residential Sector
	HVAC		Home			Multi- Family	Home	Residential	Homelife				l otal Cumulative
	Efficiency	Residential	Energy	Appliance	School	Direct	Energy	New	EE	Emplovee		New	Annual
	Rebates	Lighting	Assessment	Recycling	Education	Install	Report	Construction	Calculator	Education	IQW	Measures	ммн
Year	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	(MWH)	Savings
2042	43,103	0	13,417	23,044	40,056	18,832	11,850	17,269	32,046	9,562	12,251	344,228	565,657
2043	43,302	0	13,531	23,084	40,211	18,904	11,850	17,401	32,170	9,587	12,328	345,290	567,657
2044	43,468	0	13,576	23,104	40,345	18,963	11,850	17,510	32,277	9,608	12,370	346,239	569,310
2045	43,602	0	13,617	23,104	40,458	19,010	11,850	17,598	32,367	9,625	12,404	347,064	570,698
2046	43,703	0	13,653	23,104	40,550	19,043	11,850	17,663	32,441	9,638	12,432	347,799	571,874
2047	43,770	0	13,681	23,104	40,620	19,064	11,850	17,707	32,497	9,648	12,451	348,436	572,828
2048	43,805	0	13,704	23,104	40,670	19,073	11,850	17,729	32,537	9,653	12,462	348,970	573,556

#### TABLE 6-5 BUDGETS FOR RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS (BASE CASE)

													Annuai
	HVAC Energy		Home			Multifamily	Home	Residential	HomeLife				Residential
	Efficient	Residential	Energy	Appliance	School	Direct	Energy	New	EE	Employee		New	<b>Energy Efficiency</b>
Year	Rebates	Lighting	Assessment	Recycling	Education	Install	Report	Construction	Calculator	Education	IQW	Measures	Program Budget
2019	\$531,292	\$4,919,295	\$852,006	\$431,926	\$638,244	\$374,314	\$566,969	\$312,095	\$487,373	\$279,497	\$424,499	\$0	\$9,817,510
2020	\$530,548	\$4,919,292	\$851,001	\$431,417	\$637,491	\$377,244	\$566,298	\$312,095	\$486,799	\$279,167	\$424,000	\$0	\$9,815,352
2021	\$529,832	\$4,919,297	\$850,036	\$430,929	\$636,740	\$376,817	\$565,630	\$312,095	\$486,225	\$278,838	\$423,517	\$0	\$9,809,956
2022	\$499,655	\$0	\$237,287	\$288,712	\$494,889	\$315,162	\$849,222	\$338,361	\$393,173	\$176,973	\$267,198	\$16,961,541	\$20,822,174
2023	\$511,610	\$0	\$243,129	\$295,978	\$507,499	\$322,339	\$879,715	\$348,752	\$403,165	\$181,163	\$272,835	\$17,073,327	\$21,039,511
2024	\$523,820	\$0	\$249,088	\$303,415	\$520,403	\$329,655	\$911,114	\$359,301	\$413,388	\$185,433	\$278,571	\$17,192,016	\$21,266,204
2025	\$536,292	\$0	\$255,170	\$311,028	\$533,607	\$337,114	\$943,444	\$370,013	\$423 <i>,</i> 850	\$189,786	\$284,408	\$17,309,974	\$21,494,687
2026	\$549,034	\$0	\$261,376	\$318,823	\$547,121	\$344,721	\$976,730	\$380,893	\$434,555	\$194,224	\$290,349	\$17,416,528	\$21,714,354
2027	\$562,052	\$0	\$267,711	\$326,804	\$560,952	\$352,480	\$1,010,998	\$391,946	\$445,511	\$198,749	\$296,397	\$17,527,426	\$21,941,024
2028	\$575,354	\$0	\$274,177	\$334,975	\$575,108	\$360,393	\$1,046,274	\$403,176	\$456,725	\$203,364	\$302,554	\$17,602,750	\$22,134,851
2029	\$588,948	\$0	\$280,779	\$343,343	\$589,600	\$368,467	\$1,082,586	\$414,588	\$468,203	\$208,070	\$308,824	\$17,694,072	\$22,347,479
2030	\$602,842	\$0	\$287,519	\$351,911	\$604,434	\$376,704	\$1,119,962	\$426,188	\$479,952	\$212,871	\$315,210	\$17,774,206	\$22,551,800
2031	\$617,043	\$0	\$294,403	\$360,686	\$619,622	\$385,110	\$1,158,431	\$437,981	\$491,981	\$217,769	\$321,714	\$17,858,611	\$22,763,349
2032	\$631,559	\$0	\$301,433	\$369,673	\$635,172	\$393 <i>,</i> 688	\$1,198,021	\$449,972	\$504,296	\$222,766	\$328,340	\$17,945,090	\$22,980,009

	HVAC Energy Efficient	Residential	Home Energy	Appliance	School	Multifamily Direct	Home Energy	Residential New	HomeLife EE	Emplovee		New	Annual Residential Energy Efficiency
Year	Rebates	Lighting	Assessment	Recycling	Education	Install	Report	Construction	Calculator	Education	IQW	Measures	Program Budget
2033	\$646,400	\$0	\$308,614	\$378,877	\$651,094	\$402,444	\$1,238,763	\$462,166	\$516,904	\$227,866	\$335,091	\$18,054,247	\$23,222,465
2034	\$658,002	\$0	\$312,546	\$384,281	\$665,172	\$408,085	\$1,264,777	\$474,570	\$528 <i>,</i> 056	\$230,688	\$338,156	\$18,153,033	\$23,417,367
2035	\$669,840	\$0	\$316,565	\$389,800	\$679,549	\$413,829	\$1,291,337	\$478,331	\$539,443	\$233,581	\$341,286	\$18,264,128	\$23,617,690
2036	\$677,898	\$0	\$320,094	\$395,434	\$690,472	\$419,679	\$1,318,455	\$482,171	\$548,075	\$236,111	\$344,484	\$18,397,016	\$23,829,888
2037	\$686,124	\$0	\$323,697	\$401,186	\$699,752	\$424,061	\$1,346,143	\$486,092	\$555,409	\$238,590	\$347,505	\$18,467,212	\$23,975,771
2038	\$694,524	\$0	\$327,376	\$407,059	\$709,227	\$428,534	\$1,374,412	\$490,095	\$562,897	\$241,121	\$350,589	\$18,538,883	\$24,124,717
2039	\$703,099	\$0	\$331,132	\$413,056	\$718,902	\$433,102	\$1,403,274	\$494,182	\$570,542	\$243,705	\$353,739	\$18,612,058	\$24,276,791
2040	\$711,855	\$0	\$334,967	\$419,178	\$728,779	\$437 <i>,</i> 765	\$1,432,743	\$498,354	\$578,348	\$246,344	\$356,954	\$18,686,771	\$24,432,059
2041	\$720,795	\$0	\$338,883	\$425,429	\$738,864	\$442,527	\$1,462,831	\$502,615	\$586,318	\$249,038	\$360,237	\$18,763,052	\$24,590,588
2042	\$729,922	\$0	\$342,881	\$431,811	\$749,161	\$447 <i>,</i> 388	\$1,493,550	\$506,965	\$594,455	\$251,788	\$363,589	\$18,840,935	\$24,752,445
2043	\$739,241	\$0	\$346,962	\$438,328	\$759 <i>,</i> 674	\$452 <i>,</i> 352	\$1,524,915	\$511,406	\$602,763	\$254,596	\$367,011	\$18,920,454	\$24,917,702
2044	\$748,756	\$0	\$351,130	\$444,981	\$770,407	\$457 <i>,</i> 420	\$1,556,938	\$515,940	\$611,245	\$257,463	\$370,505	\$19,001,642	\$25,086,429
2045	\$758,471	\$0	\$355,385	\$451,774	\$781,366	\$462,594	\$1,589,634	\$520,570	\$619,906	\$260,391	\$374,073	\$19,084,536	\$25,258,699
2046	\$768,389	\$0	\$359,729	\$458,709	\$792,556	\$467 <i>,</i> 877	\$1,623,016	\$525,297	\$628,748	\$263,380	\$377,715	\$19,169,170	\$25,434,587
2047	\$778,516	\$0	\$364,165	\$465,790	\$803,980	\$473,271	\$1,657,099	\$530,123	\$637,777	\$266,431	\$381,434	\$19,255,582	\$25,614,169
2048	\$788,856	\$0	\$368,693	\$473,020	\$815,644	\$478,778	\$1,691,899	\$535,051	\$646,994	\$269,547	\$385,231	\$19,343,809	\$25,797,522

#### 6.2 BEST PRACTICES FOR RESIDENTIAL PROGRAMS

Since the late 1980s, energy efficiency programs have been operating successfully in various parts of the U.S. Many energy efficiency program best practice strategies have evolved from these programs. Some of them are summarized below.

GDS conducted a thorough literature search to obtain up-to-date information on best practices for the design and delivery of energy-efficiency programs. This section of the report presents information on the key studies GDS reviewed and provides a road map of the best practices that are included in the recommended programs.

#### 6.3 KEY BEST PRACTICES STUDIES REVIEWED

Listed below are examples of key studies reviewed.

1 GDS reviewed program participation and penetration data in the American Council for an Energy Efficient Economy's (ACEEE) reports on America's leading energy-efficiency programs.<sup>8</sup> The information in these ACEEE reports clearly demonstrates the wide range of high-quality energy-efficiency programs being offered in various areas of the U.S. today. A common characteristic of the programs profiled in the ACEEE reports is their success in reaching customers through messages that effectively change the customers' practices and transform the market, including purchasing new appliances, designing new office buildings, or operating existing buildings.

The winning programs, featured in these annual ACEEE reports, listed the following traits that help define "best practices" for successful energy-efficiency programs<sup>9</sup>:

- Comprehensive approaches are being taken in all customer segments.
- Customized services and customer-focused approaches are common.
- Programs sell more than energy efficiency.
- Some very successful programs are tightly focused on a single service or technology.
- Program marketing and support services are essential for program success.
- Program incentives, including rebates, have not gone away.
- Resource acquisition as a program objective has not gone away.
- Market transformation is a significant program objective and model.
- Utilities are still major providers of energy-efficiency services.
- Non-utility programs are increasing.
- Partnerships and collaboratives that bring together a wide variety of market actors are keys to achieving significant market impacts.
- □ Effective "supporting" programs and services are important to achieve program success.
- ENERGY STAR <sup>®</sup> features prominently in many of these programs.
- 2 GDS reviewed the findings in the 2005 NYSERDA-sponsored study "An Evaluation of Natural Gas Efficiency Programs."<sup>10</sup> This study summarized best practices among the leading gas-efficiency programs in North America and specifically targeted types of programs or program characteristics that could improve end-use natural gas efficiency in New York. GDS has included the results of this

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Dan York and Martin Kushler, "America's Best: Profiles of America's Leading Energy Efficiency Programs," published by the American Council for an Energy Efficient Economy, March 2003, Report Number U032.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Ibid., pp. 6-9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> David Zabetakis, "An Evaluation of Natural Gas Efficiency Programs," published by NYSERDA, July 2005.

study here because all these best practices apply equally to electric and natural gas energy efficiency programs.

According to this study, successful natural gas efficiency programs contain these key elements:<sup>11</sup>

- Strong relationships among contractors, retailers, and trade allies.
- Strong training programs.
- Well-designed and well-executed program management and monitoring.
- Results-based marketing and promotion.
- Consistent delivery of marketing and promotion messages.
- Stability of regulatory treatment over time.
- Responsiveness to customers and quality service.
- Appropriate incentive levels for both service providers and consumers.

The study also details specific ways that each of the key elements can be applied to different end-use market segments and lists suggestions and characteristics that contribute to the successful implementation of these program elements.

- 3 GDS reviewed the December 2004 National Energy Efficiency Best Practices Study.<sup>12</sup> The purpose of this study was to develop and communicate best practices nationwide to enhance the design, implementation, and evaluation of energy-efficiency programs. The project used a benchmarking methodology to identify best practices for a wide variety of program types. The following excerpt is from Quantum Consulting's National Energy Efficiency Best Practices Study<sup>13</sup>; GDS founds that the best practices listed in this report apply equally well to other types of energy-efficiency programs.
  - **G-** Program Theory and Design
  - Develop a complete and well-thought-out program plan
  - Involve multiple stakeholders
  - Have a well-articulated theory or program logic
  - Build feedback loops into the program design and implementation process
  - Include features targeting supply-side actors in the program design
  - Understand local market conditions
  - Do not over-promise results
  - b- Program Management: Project Management
  - Put the process plan, including program management, in writing
  - Keep management teams small
  - Include stakeholders in developing program implementation plans
  - Capture and retain institutional memory in-house
  - Spread implementation dollars among multiple "implementers," who may also be distributors or contractors
  - C- Program Management: Reporting and Tracking
  - Define and identify the key information needed to track and report early in the program development process
  - Clearly articulate the data requirements to measure success
  - Link databases to exchange information dynamically and minimize duplicative data entry

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Ibid., pp. 7-11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> National Energy Efficiency Best Practices Study, December 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Quantum Consulting Inc., National Energy Efficiency Best Practices Study, Exhibit R2-E2,

- Conduct regular checks of tracking reports to assess program performance
- Develop accurate algorithms and assumptions on which to base estimates of savings
- Use the Internet to facilitate data entry and reporting; build in real-time data validation systems that perform routine data quality functions
- Automate routine functions such as monthly reports
- Build in rigorous quality control screens for data entry
- Carefully document the tracking system and provide manuals for all users
- d- Program Management: Quality Control and Verification
- Develop inspection and verification procedures during the program design phase
- Consider administrative costs in designing the verification strategy
- Provide quick and timely feedback to applicants
- Ensure that inspectors have adequate training to identify and explain reasons for failure
- Use the inspection and verification function as a training tool for the market, especially in market transformation programs
- Establish a streamlined inspection scheduling process
- Build in statistical features to the sampling protocol to allow reduction in required inspections based on observed performance and demonstrated quality work
- e- Program Implementation: Participation Process
- Review and understand product availability before establishing product eligibility
- Offer personal assistance in preparing and submitting program applications, or provide thorough application procedures manuals or online help tools
- Use the Internet to facilitate program participation, include procedures to report installation details
- Provide contractors with easy-to-use load software for running the Manual J calculations (if required)
- Avoid being the middleman
- Keep participation simple
- Provide contractors training on proper installation practices
- Develop a technical and procedures manual for participating market actors
- Use incentives to prompt upstream market actors (contractors, distributors, and manufacturers) to promote high-efficiency equipment and to prompt customers to consider the high-efficiency alternative
- f- Program Implementation: Marketing & Outreach
- Use the ENERGY STAR<sup>®</sup> logo to instill consumer confidence
- Communicate with customers through multiple media
- Cooperate with retailers and contractors to promote the program
- Know your target consumer demographic and tailor your incentive structures and promotional messages to that audience
- g- Program Evaluation
- Regularly complete and utilize program evaluation to support program rationale and program design
- Develop evaluation metrics that are in line with program goals
- Clearly explain to participants early in the process any role they may be asked to play in the evaluation
- View evaluation results in the context of the overall market

- Periodically review and update market-level information about AC distributor and contractor installation practices and consumer awareness of benefits associated with high efficiency, matched systems, proper sizing and proper installation practices
- Periodically review and update algorithms for calculating project savings
- 4 In addition to the December 2004 National Energy Efficiency Best Practices Study, GDS reviewed papers presented at the Association of Energy Services Professionals National Energy Services Conferences held annually in January or February. Among these papers was "Best Practices of Energy Efficiency Portfolios," a report prepared as part of the National Energy Efficiency Best Practices Study. The paper summarizes best practices benchmarking results across nine energy-efficiency portfolios from around the country, highlighting findings from selected portfolio practices. Additionally, it identifies specific administrative- and policy-level approaches that have been found to be most useful and summarizes lessons learned in conducting the study. Portfolios of interest for this study were comprehensive in their coverage of technologies and practices and included a wide range of different programs that addressed multiple customer sectors, equipment markets, vintage segments, and policy goals.<sup>14</sup>
  - **Q-** Best practices for setting and tracking Portfolio Objectives are:
  - Develop and use clearly articulated objectives that are internally consistent, actionable, and if possible, measurable.
  - Establish goals and objectives that bring clarity to all aspects of the portfolio's operation. The more specificity, the better.
  - Set quantitative goals that are consistent with portfolio and policy objectives; backed by sound research; aligned with the portfolio administrator's available resources, program tools, and financial risk/reward mechanisms; and are periodically updated.
  - Develop tools to track the portfolio's performance against these objectives on a continuous basis and report progress back to the organization.
  - b- Best practices for Portfolio Planning are:
  - Design programs in the portfolio based on sound program plans; where appropriate, use clearly but concisely articulated program theories.
  - Solicit stakeholder input into the portfolio and program plans either through a formal interview process or a collaborative planning process involving key stakeholders.
  - Conduct selective market analyses around information gaps and key issues to understand market conditions.
  - Conduct baseline research.
  - Allocate market research efforts strategically across the portfolio. Target resources toward the largest markets and those that are least understood.
  - Use a structured and disciplined portfolio and program planning process, to ensure the integrity of the filed portfolio and program plans.
  - Develop a long-term market strategy and use it to guide market entry/exit decisions.
  - Link strategic approach to policy objectives and constraints.
  - Build feedback loops into program design and logic.
  - Maintain the flexibility to rebalance portfolio initiatives, as needed, to achieve the portfolio's goals and objectives.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> National Energy Efficiency Best Practices Study, Portfolio Best Practices Report, in progress.

- C- Best practices for Adaptation to Changes in Technologies and Market Conditions are:
- Maintain a separate Research and Development (R&D) function (even if it is small) to keep abreast of new developments in technologies and program delivery strategies.
- Proactively track new codes and standards that affect program baselines. Adjust programs when appropriate based on the longer-term market strategy.
- Participate in the development of new codes and standards when possible.
- Be willing to experiment with new program approaches that have proven successful elsewhere.
   Balance these against established, proven strategies.
- Network with industry leaders and peers; stay connected to developments in the market.
- □ Foster close relationships with market actors; rely on them for market intelligence.
- d- Best practices for Program Integration are:
- Design an integration strategy that includes programs with related and complementary goals (e.g., energy conservation, water conservation, renewables, and demand response).
- Simplify participation in multiple programs. Offer one "bundle" that may consist of energy efficiency, renewables, and financing measures from several different organizations but are seamless to the customer.
- Efficiently deliver integrated programs to all end-users regardless of their size. Larger customers should be assigned a single point of contact that represents all related programs. Smaller customers should be offered a whole building strategy that incorporates measures from multiple programs.
- Assign roles and responsibilities among complementary organizations that play to each organization's strengths and key interests. Clearly define roles and responsibilities that leverage their strengths.
- Leverage relationships from complementary organizations such as utilities, trade allies, industry specialists, etc.
- e- Best practices for Reporting and Tracking are:
- Clearly articulate the data requirements for measuring portfolio and program success.
- Design tracking systems to support the requirements of all major users: program administrators, managers, contractors, and evaluators.
- Use the Internet to facilitate data entry and reporting; build in real-time data validation systems that perform routine data quality functions.
- Automate, as much as is practical, routine functions (e.g., monthly portfolio and program reports, financial tracking).
- Integrate financial tracking and payment functions.
- Develop accurate algorithms and assumptions on which to base savings estimates.
- Conduct regular checks of tracking reports to assess program performance; if possible, develop real-time reporting capability.
- If possible, incorporate data likely to be needed for project assessments (such as historical billing data for large end-users).
- Periodically "mine" tracking data to understand historical portfolio and program experiences.
- 5 GDS reviewed the July 2006 National Action Plan for Energy Efficiency (NAPEE).<sup>15</sup> This report provides detailed information on the lessons learned from implementation of energy-efficiency programs across the U.S. For example, this report states that most of utilities and energy-efficiency organizations it reviewed are acquiring energy-efficiency resources for about \$0.03/lifetime kWh for

electric programs. The report notes that in many cases, energy efficiency is being delivered at a cost that is substantially less than the cost of new supply—on the order of half the cost. This report also notes that energy-efficiency organizations operate in diverse locations under different administrative and regulatory structures. The best practices in the NAPEE report are broken down into the following four main areas:

- Q- Recognize energy efficiency as a high-priority energy resource. Best practices for achieving this include:
- Establishing strong leadership at multiple levels to enact policy change.
- Achieving organizational alignment to ensure that goals are realized.
- Understanding the opportunities and costs of developing the efficiency resource to develop appropriate measures for all customer classes.
- b- Develop a strong, long-term energy-efficiency plan:
- □ Align goals with funding.
- Provide programs for all key customer classes.
- Use cost-effectiveness tests that are consistent with long-term planning.
- Consider building codes and appliance standards when designing programs.
- Plan for developing and incorporating new technology.
- Consider efficiency investments to alleviate transmission and distribution constraints.
- Create a road map that documents key program components, milestones, and explicit energyreduction goals.
- C- Broadly communicate the benefits of, and opportunities for, energy efficiency through strong program design and delivery:
- Conduct a market assessment with input from stakeholders, customers, and trade allies.
- Leverage private-sector expertise, external funding, and financing.
- Start with demonstrated program models; build infrastructure for the future through education and training.
- d- *Provide sufficient and stable program funding to deliver energy efficiency where cost effective:*
- Budget, plan, and initiate evaluation from the onset; formalize and document evaluation plans and processes.
- Develop program and project tracking systems.
- Conduct process evaluations to ensure that programs are working.
- Conduct impact evaluations to ensure that mid- and long-term goals are being met.
- Communicate evaluation results to key stakeholders. Include case studies to make success more tangible.

#### 6.4 RECOMMENDED RESIDENTIAL PROGRAMS

GDS recommends that NIPSCO retain the residential energy efficiency programs that are included in the 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan, but consider adding a new program such as a whole-house retrofit program for qualifying low-income households if such a program can be designed to be administered in an efficient and effective manner. In addition, GDS recommends that NIPSCO add several new energy efficiency measures to existing programs, including such measures as solar water heating, heat pump water heating, refrigerator coil cleaning brushes, dryer ductwork and vent cleaning, high efficiency clothes washers and many other measures that GDS added that were cost effective.

**HVAC Energy Efficient Rebates Program** • The HVAC Energy Efficient Rebates Program is designed to provide incentives to residential customers to replace inefficient HVAC equipment with energy efficientalternatives. These measures are paid per-unit installed, reimbursing customers for a portion of the cost. The program's intent is to lower the financial barrier associated with the initial cost of these energyefficient alternatives. The electric program promotes premium efficiency air conditioners, high-efficiency heat pumps, electronically commutated motors, and "smart" Wi-Fi thermostats. Examples of new measures that could be added to this program include heat pump water heaters and solar water heating equipment if this program can be expanded to include electric water heating energy efficiency measures.

*Lighting Program* • The Lighting Program is designed to motivate NIPSCO's residential electric customers to purchase and use energy-efficient lighting products. The program provides instant discounts on lighting products that meet the energy efficiency standards set by the U.S. DOE ENERGY STAR® Program. ENERGY STAR specifications are an important external factor to certify the quality and efficiency of program measures. As ENERGY STAR specifications change, program offerings are adjusted accordingly. These adjustments ensure that the program offers incentives for lighting products that meet the latest standards and highest quality of efficiency. GDS notes that the main factor that will change for this program is the baseline energy efficiency light bulb will need to meet the EISA backstop efficacy provisions for lighting products.

**Home Energy Assessment Program** • The Home Energy Assessment Program is designed to help eligible customers improve the efficiency and comfort of their homes, as well as deliver an immediate reduction in electricity consumption (measured in kilowatt hours (kWh)). This program is unique in that it provides an intense assessment leading to easy to achieve kWh savings opportunities. This program provides homeowners with a Comprehensive Home Assessment report followed by installations of low-cost, energy-efficiency measures. New measures that can be added to this program include dryer ductwork and vent cleaning services and brushes for cleaning refrigerator coils.

**Appliance Recycling Program** • The Appliance Recycling Program is designed to provide an incentive to residential customers who will recycle a qualifying primary or secondary working refrigerator and/or freezer.

**School Education Program** • The School Education Program is designed to produce cost-effective electric savings by influencing fifth grade students and their families to focus on the efficient use of electricity. At school, the program provides informative posters, classroom instruction, and activities aligned with national and state learning standards. Students participate in an energy education presentation at school and learn about basic energy concepts through class lessons and activities. For their home, students receive an energy education kit containing quality, high-efficiency products and installation instructions for their families. They also complete a worksheet. The experience at home completes the learning cycle started at school.

*Multifamily Direct Install Program* • The Multifamily Direct Install Program is designed to provide a "onestop-shopping" experience to multifamily building owners, managers, and tenants of multifamily units containing three or more residences receiving service from NIPSCO. With flexible and affordable options, the program generates immediate energy savings and improvements in two distinct program phases. Phase I is a walkthrough assessment of each property, which is conducted to determine eligibility for direct installation services provided by the Multifamily Direct Install Program, along with complementary incentive offers available through other NIPSCO programs. Property managers are presented with an Energy Improvement Plan that prioritizes recommendations along with a proposal to provide the direct installation services outlined in Phase II. Phase II is an in-unit direct installation of energy-efficient devices at no or low-cost to the tenant or landlord, such as light emitting diode light bulbs, low-flow showerheads, faucet aerators, pipe wrap, and Wi-Fi or smart thermostats. Educational materials about home operation, maintenance, and behavior factors that may reduce energy consumption are also provided.

*Home Energy Report Program* • The Home Energy Report Program is designed to encourage energy savings through behavioral modification. The program provides customers with home energy reports that contain personalized information about their energy use and provide ongoing recommendations to make their homes more efficient. Customers are randomly chosen to participate in the program and may opt-out if they do not wish to participate. The reports engage customers and drive them to act to bring their energy usage in line with similar homes. The program empowers customers to understand their energy usage better and uses competition through neighbor comparisons to influence customers to act on this knowledge, resulting in changed behavior.

**Residential New Construction Program** • The Residential New Construction Program targets home builders and increases awareness and understanding of the benefits of energy-efficient building practices, with a focus on capturing energy efficiency opportunities during the design and construction of single-family homes. This program produces long-term, cost-effective savings because of the training the homebuilders received to achieve the various Home Energy Rating System tiers, along with strategies for incorporating the Silver, Gold, and Platinum designations into their marketing efforts to attract home buyers.

**HomeLife EE Calculator Program** • The HomeLife EE Calculator Program offers NIPSCO's residential customers an online, no cost "do-it-yourself" audit and an energy savings kit for completing the audit. The audit tool effectively: (1) identifies low-cost/no-cost measures that a residential customer can easily implement to manage electric consumption; (2) allows eligible customers to request a free home energy kit; (3) educates customers about the variety of programs available to them through the residential energy efficiency portfolio; and (4) assists customers in finding qualified and experienced contractors through a network of trade allies.

**Employee Education Program** • The Employee Education Program provides residential energy efficiency training seminars to employees of NIPSCO's C&I customers by at their place of employment. Employees receive educational materials that detail energy savings opportunities and methods to proactively manage their energy consumption. Employees can also request a free energy efficiency kit online.

*IQW Program* • The IQW Program provides energy efficiency services to qualifying low-income households. For a household to be eligible, the customer must be a NIPSCO residential customer with active service and must not have received weatherization services in the past 10 years from the date of application. If the household meets these initial criteria, they automatically qualify for services regardless of income if the household receives Low-Income Home Energy Assistance (LIHEAP), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or Supplemental Security Disability Income (SSDI). Qualifying households receive direct installation of no-cost energy efficiency measures and a Comprehensive Home Assessment to identify areas of the home where additional energy savings can be achieved to make the home more comfortable and reduce energy costs.<sup>16</sup>

<sup>16</sup> Ind. Code §8-1-8.5-10 states that a plan may include a home energy efficiency assistance program for qualified customers of the electricity supplier whether or not the program is cost effective. NIPSCO is offering the IQW Program, which has a benefit cost test score of 1.7 for the thirty-year planning horizon.

**Residential Program Cost Effectiveness** • Table 6-6 shows the UCT benefit/cost ratios for the 2019 to 2048 period for residential programs included in this DSM Savings Update Report. All twelve residential energy efficiency programs have a UCT ratio greater than or equal to 1.0. The overall UCT benefit/cost ratio for the residential portfolio of energy efficiency programs is 2.0. The Net Present Value (NPV) savings to NIPSCO's residential customers is \$254 million for the thirty-year planning period. The NPV of benefits in the UCT benefit/cost ratio calculations are based on net MWH and MW savings. See measure-level benefit/cost ratios in Appendices E and F.

Residential Sector Program	NPV Benefits	NPV Utility Costs	Net Benefits	BC Ratio
HVAC Energy Efficient Rebates	\$20,240,111	\$7,423,449	\$12,816,661	2.7
Residential Lighting	\$38,182,714	\$13,738,788	\$24,443,926	2.8 <sup>17</sup>
Home Energy Assessment	\$7,720,421	\$5,194,212	\$2,526,210	1.5
Appliance Recycling	\$7,481,400	\$4,676,459	\$2,804,941	1.6
School Education	\$20,025,721	\$7,765,296	\$12,260,425	2.6
Multifamily Direct Install	\$11,325,004	\$4,749,094	\$6,575,911	2.4
Home Energy Report	\$15,204,076	\$12,735,292	\$2,468,784	1.2
Residential New Construction	\$18,270,532	\$5,017,439	\$13,253,094	3.6
HomeLife EE Calculator	\$18,414,941	\$6,111,400	\$12,303,541	3.0
Employee Education	\$6,151,825	\$2,864,091	\$3,287,734	2.1
Income Qualified Weatherization ("IQW")	\$7,149,749	\$4,261,258	\$2,888,490	1.7
New Measures	\$332,828,064	\$174,474,645	\$158,353,418	1.9
Total	\$502,994,559	\$249,011,424	\$253,983,135	2.0

TABLE 6-6 UTILITY COST TEST BENEFIT/COST RATIOS FOR RESIDENTIAL PROGRAMS (2019 TO 2048 PERIOD)

<sup>17</sup> The NIPSCO 2017 Portfolio Evaluation Reports lists a Utility Cost Test ratio of 3.4 for the NIPSCO Residential Lighting Program and 2.9 for the Home Energy Analysis Program for calendar year 2017. It is important to note that the 2017 Portfolio Evaluation Report used a nominal discount rate of 6.53%. This DSM Savings Plan Update uses a nominal discount rate of 7.65% to be consistent with the IRP modeling that the Company has underway during the summer and fall of 2018.

# C&I Sector Energy Efficiency Savings Plan

### 7.1 OVERVIEW OF C&I SECTOR ELECTRIC ENERGY EFFICIENCY SAVINGS

This section provides estimates of the achievable electric energy efficiency savings for the NIPSCO C&I sector. The C&I sector includes commercial, industrial and agricultural customers. The energy efficiency savings estimates in this section represent the base case forecast. Additional high and low case energy efficiency savings forecasts are presented in Section 9.

### 7.1.1 Energy Efficiency Measures

There were 340 unique electric energy efficiency measures for the C&I sector included in the energy efficiency potential analysis. Table 7-1 shows a summary of the types of measures included for each end use in the C&I sector. The measures included in this analysis are based on NIPSCO's 2019 -2021 DSM Plan with some new measures added by GDS. These new measures are based on a review of measures included in the 2016 AEG Potential Study. A total of 167 additional measures were considered. Although NIPSCO's current custom program may technically be able to accommodate many of these measures, most would typically be considered to be prescriptive or new construction measures.

End Use		Measure Types Included		
Office Equipment	-	High Efficiency Servers, Computers and Office Equipment		
Once Equipment	<ul> <li>Plug Load Sensors and Smart Power Strips</li> </ul>			
	-	Air System Maintenance		
	<ul> <li>Variable Frequency Drive Compressed Air</li> </ul>			
Compressed Air	-	Engineered Nozzle		
	-	Custom Compressed Air Measures		
	-	Retro-Commissioning		
Cooking	<ul> <li>Efficient Cooking Equipment</li> </ul>			
Cooking	-	Custom Kitchen		
	-	Building Insulation Improvements		
Envelope	-	High Efficiency Windows		
	-	Cool Roofing		
	-	Programmable and Smart Thermostats		
HVAC Controls	<ul> <li>Custom EMS Installation/Optimization</li> </ul>			
	-	Occupancy Control System		
	-	Retro-Commissioning		
	-	Fixture Retrofits		
	-	Premium Efficiency T8 and T5		
	-	High Bay Lighting Equipment		
Lighting	-	LED Bulbs and Fixtures		
Libring	-	Light Tube		
	-	Lighting Occupancy Sensors		
	-	Custom Interior and Exterior Lighting		
	-	Retro-Commissioning		
Pools	-	Pool Pump Controls		
	-	High Efficiency Pool Pump Heaters		
	-	Vending Misers		
Refrigeration	-	Strip Curtains and Auto Door Closers		
	-	Efficient Refrigerators/Freezers/Ice Machines		

TABLE 7-1 TYPES OF ELECTRIC ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURES INCLUDED IN THE C&I SECTOR ANALYSIS

End Use		Measure Types Included
	-	High Efficiency/Variable Speed Compressors
	_	ECM Cooler Motors
	_	Door Heater Controls
	_	Efficient Compressors and Controls
	_	Door Gaskets
	_	Floating Head Pressure Controls
	_	Display Case Lighting and Controls
	_	Custom Refrigeration
	_	Retro-Commissioning
	_	Efficient Cooling Equipment
	_	Evanorative Pre-Cooler
	_	Economizer
	_	Air Source Heat Pump
	_	Geothermal Heat Pump
Space Cooling	_	Chiller/HVAC Maintenance
	_	Chilled Water Reset
	_	Room AC
	_	Custom HVAC/Chillers
		Retro-Commissioning
		Enthalpy Economizer
	_	Variable Speed Drive
	-	Variable Speed Drive
Ventilation	-	Duct Repair and Sealing
	-	Controlled Ventilation Optimization
	-	Demand Controlled Ventilation
	_	
	-	
	-	High Efficiency HW Appliances
	-	Faucet Aerator/Low Flow Nozzles
	-	Pipe and Tank Insulation
Water Heating	-	Heat Recovery Systems
-	-	Efficient HW Pump and Controls
	-	Solar water Heating System
	-	Pre-Rinse Spray Valves
	-	Desuperheater
	-	Custom Water Heating
	-	Efficient Point of Sale Terminal
	-	Efficient Transformers
	-	Custom Motors and Drives
Other	-	Custom Process
	-	Custom Pumps/Fans
	-	Retro-Commissioning Process
	-	Retro-Commissioning Motors and Drives
	-	Engine Block Heater Timer
	-	Energy Efficient/Energy Free Livestock Waterer
Agriculture	-	High Volume Low Speed Fans
	-	High Efficiency Exhaust Fans
	-	Dairy Refrigeration Tune-up

#### 7.1.2 Achievable Electric Energy Efficiency Savings

The achievable electric energy efficiency savings for the C&I sector includes savings associated with measures that are:

- □ Included in the NIPSCO 2019 to 2021 DSM plan.
- New energy efficiency measures added to the plan by GDS that pass the UCT.

Table 7-2 shows the cumulative annual achievable energy efficiency savings for 2019 – 2048 and estimates of the annual energy efficiency budgets.

TABLE 7-2 ACHIEVABLE C&I SECTOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY POTENTIAL AND ANNUAL BUDGETS (BASE CASE)

	Cumulative Annual Energy	Cumulative Annual Demand	
Year	Savings (MWH)	Savings (MW)	Annual Cost (\$)
2019	72,000	9.4	\$9,047,188
2020	152,000	19.8	\$10,052,432
2021	240,000	31.3	\$11,057,675
2022	325,796	43.1	\$11,839,493
2023	419,550	55.1	\$12,140,734
2024	510,798	66.9	\$12,444,981
2025	602,907	78.9	\$12,775,475
2026	696,948	91.0	\$13,163,727
2027	786,971	102.8	\$13,478,238
2028	873,445	114.6	\$13,798,511
2029	959,682	126.5	\$14,119,573
2030	1,046,587	138.5	\$14,432,594
2031	1,127,019	149.8	\$14,849,184
2032	1,206,636	161.1	\$15,187,942
2033	1,286,733	172.5	\$15,544,398
2034	1,317,466	176.5	\$15,824,693
2035	1,342,307	179.7	\$16,074,726
2036	1,361,070	182.1	\$16,307,510
2037	1,379,659	184.6	\$16,544,828
2038	1,397,364	187.0	\$16,786,479
2039	1,412,165	189.1	\$16,943,342
2040	1,425,373	190.9	\$17,103,500
2041	1,437,179	192.6	\$17,267,020
2042	1,447,692	194.1	\$17,433,974
2043	1,456,960	195.5	\$17,604,435
2044	1,465,211	196.7	\$17,778,475
2045	1,472,341	197.7	\$17,956,170
2046	1,477,839	198.5	\$18,137,597

Year	Cumulative Annual Energy Savings (MWH)	Cumulative Annual Demand Savings (MW)	Annual Cost (\$)
2047	1,482,283	199.2	\$18,322,833
2048	1,485,725	199.7	\$18,511,960

Table 7-3 shows the cumulative annual energy efficiency savings as a percent of total C&I sector sales, excluding C&I customers that have opted out of NIPSCO's energy efficiency programs.

Year	Cumulative Energy Savings (MWH)	C&I Sector Sales Forecast (Excl. Opt-Out) (MWH)	Cumulative Savings Percent of Sales
2019	72,000	4,652,224	1.5%
2020	152,000	4,697,257	3.2%
2021	240,000	4,739,576	5.1%
2022	325,796	4,778,968	6.8%
2023	419,550	4,819,735	8.7%
2024	510,798	4,856,840	10.5%
2025	602,907	4,895,604	12.3%
2026	696,948	4,933,514	14.1%
2027	786,971	4,966,699	15.8%
2028	873,445	5,000,237	17.5%
2029	959,682	5,025,190	19.1%
2030	1,046,587	5,052,855	20.7%
2031	1,127,019	5,078,996	22.2%
2032	1,206,636	5,099,000	23.7%
2033	1,286,733	5,118,796	25.1%
2034	1,317,466	5,139,223	25.6%
2035	1,342,307	5,161,284	26.0%
2036	1,361,070	5,174,258	26.3%
2037	1,379,659	5,181,773	26.6%
2038	1,397,364	5,190,437	26.9%
2039	1,412,165	5,197,508	27.2%
2040	1,425,373	5,209,258	27.4%
2041	1,437,179	5,221,038	27.5%
2042	1,447,692	5,232,850	27.7%
2043	1,456,960	5,244,693	27.8%
2044	1,465,211	5,256,567	27.9%
2045	1,472,341	5,268,473	27.9%
2046	1,477,839	5,280,410	28.0%
2047	1,482,283	5,292,379	28.0%

#### TABLE 7-3 ACHIEVABLE C&I SECTOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY SAVINGS AS A PERCENT OF SALES (BASE CASE)
Year	Cumulative Energy Savings	C&I Sector Sales Forecast (Excl.	Cumulative Savings Percent of
	(MWH)	Opt-Out) (MWH)	Sales
2048	1,485,725	5,304,379	28.0%

Table 7-4 presents a breakdown of the cumulative annual energy efficiency savings by program for each of following energy efficiency programs currently being offered by NIPSCO.

- Prescriptive Incentive Program: Offers financial incentives for a set list of energy efficient measures and is paid based on per unit installed, reimbursing the customer for a portion of the measure cost. The Prescriptive Program offers incentives to NIPSCO's C&I customers that are making electric energy efficiency improvements in existing buildings.
- Custom Incentive Program: Offers financial incentives to NIPSCO C&I customers for installing new energy-saving equipment. Custom incentives are designed for more complicated projects, or those that incorporate alternative technologies. Project pre-approval is required for all custom incentives to ensure that only cost-effective projects are approved. Qualifying measures are required to have a TRC test score greater than 1.0, have a simple payback greater than 12 months and not be included as an energy efficiency measure in the Prescriptive Program.
- New Construction Incentive Program: Offers financial incentives to encourage construction of energy efficient C&I facilities within the NIPSCO service territory. This program offers financial incentives to encourage building owners, designers and architects to exceed standard building practices and achieve efficiency, above and beyond the 2010 Indiana Energy Conservation Code. The goal of the New Construction Incentive Program is to produce newly constructed and expanded buildings that are efficient from the beginning. New construction projects that may be eligible for incentives under the program may include any of the following: (1) new building projects wherein no structure or site footprint presently exists; (2) additions to or expansion of an existing building or site footprint; and (3) a gut rehabilitation for a change of purpose requiring replacement of all electrical and mechanical systems/equipment.
- Small Business Direct Install Program (SBDI): Offers incentives to facilitate participation in the NIPSCO C&I energy efficiency program for small C&I customers that do not possess the in-house expertise or capital budget to develop and implement an energy efficiency plan. The SBDI Program offers a variety of ways for small businesses, with billing demands not exceeding 200 kW, to improve the efficiency of their existing facilities. Measures are paid out on a per unit basis, similar to the Prescriptive Program, but with slightly higher incentive rates in an effort to encourage energy efficient investment from smaller C&I customers.
- Retro-Commissioning (RCx) Incentive Program: Offers incentives to help NIPSCO's C&I customers determine the energy performance of their facilities and identify energy savings opportunities by optimizing their existing systems. Projects in the program examine energy consuming systems for cost-effective savings opportunities. The RCx process identifies operational inefficiencies that can be removed or reduced to yield energy savings. Qualifying measures are required to have a TRC test score greater than 1.0, have a simple payback of less than 12 months and not be included as an energy efficiency measure in the Prescriptive Program.

Additional energy efficiency measures added to the plan by GDS that pass the UCT are shown separately and identified as either a prescriptive or custom measure.

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					Small				New	
					Business	New	New	New	Measures	
		New		Retro	Direct	Measures	Measures	Measures	New	
Year	Custom	Construction	Prescriptive	Commissioning	Investment	Prescriptive	Custom	Agriculture	Construction	Total
2019	30,240	9,360	20,880	3,600	7,920	0	0	0	0	72,000
2020	63,840	19,760	44,080	7,600	16,720	0	0	0	0	152,000
2021	100,800	31,200	69,600	12,000	26,400	0	0	0	0	240,000
2022	129,617	42,828	94,421	16,456	35,351	3,620	1,234	525	1,745	325,796
2023	165,320	54,643	119,587	20,968	44,425	7,342	2,508	1,044	3,713	419,550
2024	201,559	66,646	145,097	21,936	53,095	11,198	3,819	1,563	5,885	510,798
2025	238,334	78,836	170,951	22,560	61,478	15,414	5,158	2,082	8,096	602,907
2026	275,644	91,214	197,148	22,840	69,886	19,852	7,049	2,601	10,714	696,948
2027	312,179	102,704	222,399	23,120	76,962	24,233	8,974	3,120	13,281	786,971
2028	349,104	114,261	247,420	23,400	83,990	25,843	10,959	3,639	14,829	873,445
2029	386,201	125,746	272,593	23,680	90,796	27,345	12,993	3,823	16,506	959,682
2030	423,789	137,387	298,047	23,960	97,673	28,598	15,051	4,007	18,077	1,046,587
2031	461,204	146,562	319,516	24,240	104,268	29,449	17,689	4,191	19,900	1,127,019
2032	499,059	155,615	340,829	24,520	110,912	30,128	19,733	4,375	21,466	1,206,636
2033	537,351	164,545	361,984	24,800	117,604	30,762	21,850	4,559	23,278	1,286,733
2034	550,373	168,145	369,333	25,023	119,402	31,450	23,788	4,743	25,209	1,317,466
2035	560,916	171,070	375,098	25,191	120,510	32,064	25,659	4,927	26,872	1,342,307
2036	568,975	173,319	379,321	25,303	121,079	32,796	27,014	5,111	28,152	1,361,070
2037	576,901	175,382	384,359	25,359	122,428	33,231	27,754	5,295	28,949	1,379,659
2038	584,692	177,260	389,192	25,359	123,722	33,575	28,444	5,479	29,641	1,397,364
2039	591,453	178,859	393,044	25,359	124,900	33,838	29,088	5,479	30,144	1,412,165
2040	597,629	180,261	396,492	25,359	125,970	34,030	29,688	5,479	30,464	1,425,373
2041	603,222	181,467	399,533	25,359	126,930	34,204	30,243	5,479	30,740	1,437,179
2042	608,299	182,502	402,247	25,359	127,800	34,296	30,752	5,479	30,956	1,447,692

		New		Retro	Small Business Direct	New Measures	New Measures	New Measures	New Measures New	
Year	Custom	Construction	Prescriptive	Commissioning	Investment	Prescriptive	Custom	Agriculture	Construction	Total
2043	612,861	183,366	404,633	25,359	128,580	34,325	31,215	5,479	31,142	1,456,960
2044	616,907	184,059	406,690	25,359	129,268	34,373	31,773	5,479	31,304	1,465,211
2045	620,437	184,580	408,426	25,359	129,867	34,426	32,316	5,479	31,451	1,472,341
2046	623,465	184,933	409,848	25,359	130,383	34,454	32,361	5,479	31,557	1,477,839
2047	625,991	185,172	410,956	25,359	130,818	34,489	32,371	5,479	31,649	1,482,283
2048	628,015	185,296	411,812	25,359	131,171	34,527	32,351	5,479	31,715	1,485,725

## 7.2 BEST PRACTICES FOR C&I PROGRAMS

Since the late 1980s, energy efficiency programs have been operating successfully in the U. S. Many best practice program strategies have evolved from the experience of these programs such as: making energy efficiency a resource; developing a cost-effective portfolio of energy efficiency programs for all customer classes; designing and delivering energy efficiency programs that optimize budgets and ensuring that programs deliver results.

This section focuses on industry best practices for C&I sector energy efficiency programs, such as the program portfolio that is currently offered by NIPSCO.

## 7.2.1 Successful Practices for Small C&I/Prescriptive Programs

Programs, such as NIPSCO's SBDI program and to a large extent, the Prescriptive Incentive Program, targeting small C&I customers, face several barriers to participation. First, many C&I customers do not have the time, staff or capital to devote to energy efficiency. Also, since many customers rent their facilities, they do not have decision-making control over building energy systems. Further, they also lack awareness and knowledge of energy efficiency benefits and how to make use of the utility programs. The following best practices<sup>18</sup> are recommended for addressing these barriers to participation.

**Provide streamlined installation and lighting measures.** Lighting delivers cost-effective savings through a small set of efficiency measures to a variety of businesses in most industries and customer subsegments. Use direct install, like NIPSCO's SBDI program, or another program delivery method that makes participation simple, easy, and convenient for businesses. Employ preferred or contracted vendors to do the work to reduce costs through volume replication of similar installations.

**Segment the market.** Divide the small business customer base into sub-segments with common characteristics and energy needs, and then offer customized approaches tailored to each sub-segment to improve participation, customer satisfaction, and depth of savings. Design program structure and services (measures, incentive levels, and delivery pathways) appropriate to each customer type.

**Tailor and target marketing and communications to customer needs.** Along with segmentation, craft marketing messages for each industry sub-segment and present them in a customized, personalized way. Generic messages may not be perceived as relevant. Use customer and market data analytics to segment and target potential high-savings customers to increase participation and reduce marketing cost per business.

*Offer financing to encourage comprehensive retrofits and deeper savings*. Provide needed project funds by offering loans to program participants to address the up-front cost barrier. There is a high correlation between the largest, best-performing small C&I programs and those that offer financing, especially onbill financing and on-bill repayment. The highest correlation is with programs that offer 0% financing. Participation drops off dramatically when any interest rate at all is charged. Zero-interest loans avoid numerous lending and credit law entanglements as, technically, these are not loans, but rather scheduled customer co-payments over time. Pairing convenient low- or no-interest financing with high measure rebates can reduce customers' share of project costs and provide them with an instant positive cash flow. This can be important for businesses with low profit margins and high energy use.

While on-bill utility financing can help overcome the up-front cost barrier to customer investment energy efficiency measures, there are several issues that need to be considered before such a program is offered:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> <u>Big Opportunities for Small Business: Successful Practices of Utility Small Commercial Energy Efficiency Programs</u>, Report Number U1607, Seth Nowak Report, American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy, November 2016, pp. v - vi.

- Utilities are often reluctant to take on the role of financing entity because of potential exposure to consumer lending laws.
- Significant alterations to utility billing systems are required.
- Repayment allocation (i.e., who is paid first) is an issue when customers partially pay their bills.
- If transferability is not allowed, businesses must pay off entire loan upon sale of property.

These issues must be carefully considered and NIPSCO may find other ways, such as direct install or midstream programs (discussed below), to provide similar benefits to customers.

*Offer a wide set of eligible measures.* For many industry segments, lighting is not where the greatest energy is used, and for some segments, it is less than one-quarter of the total. Deep savings are possible only if programs offer non-lighting measures. Many programs offer smart Wi-Fi thermostats, refrigeration, and natural gas energy saving measures that are a natural fit for the direct install model. Effective advance market segmentation research will reveal appropriate measure packages by customer type.

**Provide dedicated project process managers.** Expand program participation by providing direct technical assistance and support on energy efficiency, perhaps in collaboration with local organizations. Conducting energy assessments and walking customers through the program and measure installation process can help reach underserved market segments.

**Establish partnerships.** Chambers of commerce, small business advocacy organizations, and community groups can provide access to more business customers and engage them as trusted local partners in ways that generally utilities on their own cannot. This paves the way for increased program awareness and participation.

## 7.2.2 Emerging Program Models, Features, and Trends

Recent research by ACEEE<sup>19</sup> has identified small business program trends that it considers noteworthy. These include pay-for-performance program models, online customer engagement tools and midstream energy efficiency programs.

**The pay-for-performance program model** is becoming more common in energy efficiency portfolios. In this approach, the utility works with an implementation contractor or service provider who offers vertically integrated energy efficiency services to small businesses based on a negotiated contractual price for energy savings. This model aims to reduce risk for the utility and make service quality more consistent. While cost effectiveness and customer satisfaction are high, savings are typically all from lighting measures, leaving the program with lost energy efficiency opportunities. Lost energy efficiency opportunities can occur if a program focuses on "low-hanging fruit" measures that are the most cost effective.

**Online energy assessment tools and energy efficiency recommendations** are being used by utilities to engage business customers. Several utilities are providing energy assessments and energy efficiency recommendations on their websites specifically for small businesses. These tools are more engaging and satisfying to customers than static web pages with lists of measures and rebates. ACEEE did not find data demonstrating that they were driving increased program participation but indicated that it is still too early to assess this trend. Some utilities are going further, developing more extensive online customer

<sup>19</sup> <u>Big Opportunities for Small Business: Successful Practices of Utility Small Commercial Energy Efficiency Programs</u>, Report Number U1607, Seth Nowak Report, American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy, November 2016, p. vi.

Swimming to Midstream: New Residential HVAC Program Models and Tools, 2016 ACEEE Summer Study on Energy Efficiency in Buildings.

engagement tools and integrating them with their customer billing and marketing data. They are also actively promoting the services to increase customer use of the online software.

**Midstream energy efficiency programs** are a relatively new approach to increasing efficiency and reducing energy consumption and are fast emerging as a potentially more effective and productive alternative to the more customary downstream incentive programs. Incentive programs are classified based on where the incentive recipient is in the supply chain. The traditional downstream program design provides the incentive to the bottom of the supply chain – the end user. Upstream incentives are provided to the manufacturers, while midstream incentive programs target the distributors and contractors who work between the manufacturers and end users. Midstream programs provide utility-funded incentives to equipment distributors and contractors to stock and sell energy efficient measures, such as commercial lighting products and heating and cooling equipment.

The midstream approach allows the end user to benefit from the financial and/or energy savings that a downstream program would provide, without investing the effort to claim a rebate or waiting a long time between filling out forms and receiving the rebate. Midstream programs typically require little to no paperwork, allowing the distributor to pass the savings on to the customer immediately, which can have a positive effect on customer behavior and satisfaction. However midstream programs reduce customer awareness of the utility's role. Efficiency Vermont addressed this issue by developing materials such as box stickers that read, "Special Pricing" brought to you by Efficiency Vermont.

Programs such as the Small Business Program offered by Tucson Electric Power in Arizona and the Business Cooling Program offered by Xcel Energy Colorado show how midstream designs can drive energy savings while achieving market transformation in the commercial sector.<sup>20</sup>

Xcel Energy Colorado introduced a midstream commercial heating and cooling program in 2015. Prior designs for this program used a downstream model, i.e., offered rebates directly to customers for purchasing approved equipment. The program provided rebates to HVAC distributors to stock and sell a prescribed set of heat pumps and air conditioners, including high efficiency rooftop units, which are widely used in smaller commercial buildings, as well as other high efficiency commercial cooling products.

The Tucson Electric Power Small Business Program is designed to offer a turn-key option for commercial customers with a monthly demand less than 200 kW. The program provides rebates directly to contractors and installers of commercial lighting, HVAC and refrigeration equipment, and motors. The program added a custom component in 2012.

Both Xcel Energy and Tucson Electric midstream programs have motivated contractors and installers through financial incentives to educate and work with their customers to improve the efficiency of their businesses. This has a market transformation effect since it encourages installers to keep efficient equipment on hand. It also has a business development effect, by providing direct support for these installers through the rebates issued by the program.

## 7.2.3 Successful Practices for Custom Rebate Programs

Most utilities offer a custom rebate program to complement prescriptive rebates, and many of these also offer free or subsidized energy assessments to help companies identify energy efficiency opportunities. These programs are most effective when integrated, so that the assessments identify projects that qualify for the custom rebates, which help move the projects to implementation. It is also helpful to consider

<sup>20</sup> Southwest Energy Efficiency Project, Utilities are Heading Upstream to Increase Energy Efficiency, Posted by Adam Bickford, Tue, 02/09/2016.

incentive structures that encourage customers to implement projects identified in energy assessments. Free or subsidized energy assessments help companies identify energy efficiency projects on their own and evaluate potential savings to complete the application for custom rebates. Also important is utility follow up support such as assistance with applying for custom rebates and providing a list of trade allies or consultants to help with project implementation. Without this assistance, energy assessment reports can just end up on shelves, leaving significant potential energy efficiency measures ignored.

There are a few examples of the smooth integration of technical assistance and rebate programs. The WattSmart Program of Rocky Mountain Power (RMP) in Utah and Idaho features a fully integrated process of technical assistance and custom incentives.<sup>21</sup> In general, customers have been very satisfied with this program . A summary of the key steps of this program:

- The customer contacts RMP for assistance, and both parties sign a letter of intent.
- RMP provides a free scoping assessment (through a consultant) to identify potential energy efficiency opportunities. The customer then discusses the opportunities with RMP and indicates which ones it is most likely to implement.
- RMP provides the customer a free detailed energy analysis of the measures identified in the scoping assessment, including refined estimates of energy savings, and the amount of utility incentives to be paid for the projects if implemented, and any commissioning requirements. The two parties sign an incentive agreement form before the company proceeds with any purchase orders for the equipment. RMP allows up to two years for customers to implement the projects.
- The company implements the projects, completes any required commissioning, and submits a final breakdown of costs for the projects.
- RMP completes a post implementation inspection, documents final energy savings, and writes a check to the company for the incentives.

Xcel Energy's Process Efficiency Program is another good example of the integration of technical assistance and incentive programs. The Process Efficiency Program is available to industrial customers with energy conservation potential of at least 2 GWh. The steps involved in this program are similar to those for RMP's Energy FinAnswer, with the following main differences:

- The free scoping assessment also includes a free assessment of the customer's strategic energy management program with recommendations for improvement.
- The customer must pay for 25% of the cost of the detailed follow up energy assessment, up to \$7,500.
- Incentives are based on the amount of peak demand reduction.
- Xcel Energy encourages the customer to agree to complete projects within a year but allows a longer time frame if needed.

## 7.2.4 Successful Practices for C&I New Construction Programs

According to a study conducted by Nexant,<sup>22</sup> the best practices in new construction programs have proven to be effective in creating a more energy-efficient new building stock, showcasing new technologies, and supporting the adoption of more energy-efficient building practices. The key elements of the best practice programs are training, technical assistance, and financial incentives, regardless of whether the program is commercial or residential. Among the programs identified as best practice examples, incentives are the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> For more information, see https://www.rockymountainpower.net/bus/se/utah.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Saving Energy and Money: HOW TO START, EXPAND, OR REFINE MOU PROGRAMS, A Guide to Best Practices for Energy Efficiency in Locally Governed Electric Service Areas in the State Submitted to Texas State Energy Conservation Office Submitted By: Nexant, Inc, October 2011.

most prominent component. The incentives offered were based on three different models: 1) prescriptive, 2) performance based, and 3) capital cost offset.

- Prescriptive incentives offer predetermined incentives for the installation of prequalified equipment or design strategies.
- Performance-based incentives are typically determined based on the project's projected energy savings, a Home Energy Rating System (HERS) rating in residential projects, or the estimated savings resulting from a specific higher efficiency measure installed.
- Capital cost offset incentives are designed to encourage projects to implement more aggressive energy-efficient strategies by providing financial support to offset higher initial capital costs.

In addition, most of the programs included a tiered incentive structure. A tiered structure provides programs with two advantages. It can effectively support wide scale adoption of nonstandard, higher efficiency, and more expensive strategies. In addition, it builds flexibility into the program to allow program designers to easily phase out technologies or efficiency targets as they become standard practice.

Training and technical assistance were also key in the best practice programs. Depending on the program goals, some include technical assistance for design teams to create showcase projects that highlight what is possible. Others provide industry training on the construction of high performance buildings to facilitate the adoption of better building practices across the board.

Many of the programs also leveraged existing national programs such as Advanced Building<sup>™</sup> Guidelines, and LEED<sup>®</sup>. Because these programs have already developed sound concepts, technical rigor, and administration processes, program administrators can focus their resources on other aspects of the program. In addition, the association with a recognized national program can lend credibility as well as immediate market recognition.

ComEd's C&I new construction program is a good example of a tiered incentive structure that drives participation and accommodates all types of new construction projects. This flexibility mitigates the challenges of rising building codes, the advancing pace of project delivery, and the high costs of modeling. Also, by developing online templates for multiple building types, ComEd has created an expedited modeling process that saves time and money. The program includes three tiers: a prescriptive tier, a custom tier, and an accelerated performance tier. New construction projects that lack funds for modeling or analyses can go through the prescriptive offering and use a modeling template for the customer's building type. The custom tier accommodates more-in-depth projects that can afford some custom modeling. The accelerated performance tier, a partnership with the DOE and Seventhwave, offers higher performance-based incentives than the other tiers in exchange for more savings. ComEd also offers trainings to educate the architectural and engineering communities about the utility's new construction program. These groups are then able to provide leads for the utility's project pipeline, which saves the utility time and money in identifying projects.<sup>23</sup>

## 7.2.5 Successful Practices for Retro-Commissioning (RCx) Programs

A study conducted by the Massachusetts Energy Efficiency Advisory Council (EEAC) Consultant Team<sup>24</sup> identified the following RCx best practices:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Best Practices for Cost-Effective DSM Programs, Part of the Next Generation of Energy Savings Project, Liza Minor, Kevin Andrews, E-Source, JANUARY 12, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> <u>MA EEAC Retro-commissioning Best Practices Study</u>

- Pre-screen potential project sites to ensure a good likelihood of significant RCx savings and to identify specific focus areas for the RCx study. Facilities that do not pass the pre-screening will not be eligible for RCx incentives.
- For applicants that pass the aggressive screening, provide incentives to cover the full RCx study cost, conditioned on a customer commitment to install all measures under a specified payback period or up to cost cap, at their own expense.
- Create a consistent set of tools, templates, and protocols and provide training to help prequalified RCx providers deliver consistent and cost-effective services.
- Continue to support the customer throughout the implementation phase of the project, including measurement and verification, hands-on operator training.

Additional recommendations for potential program enhancements include:

- Evaluate integration of Monitoring Based Commissioning (MBCx) with the program elements above to retain continuity in the market, reduce savings uncertainty, and ensure measure persistence. RCx that is facilitated by a monitoring system to provide energy performance feedback is called MBCx.
- Provide incentives for account managers to pursue RCx projects.

The EEAC study also noted that additional research is required to determine the cost effectiveness of implementing the best practices that were identified and their potential for success in the Massachusetts market or in this case, the NIPSCO service area. It was also noted that the best RCx programs are a "market niche" offering for larger buildings (most programs have a minimum size threshold of 50,000 to 100,000 square feet), with relatively engaged, savvy, and motivated managers and building operators on staff and owners who are motivated to achieve operational savings.

Another key finding of the research was the long timeframe for RCx project development. Projects typically have a 2 to 3 year development cycle from intake to verified measure installation and owner training. While immediately eliminating the first cost barrier could be a quick fix to garner increased enrollment, the research showed that incentives need to be coupled with many other factors for measures to move past implementation and persist in the long term. These other factors include rigorous screening, use of qualified providers, and standardized tools.

## 7.3 RECOMMENDED PROGRAMS AND BUDGETS

This section outlines recommendations for enhancing NIPSCO's energy efficiency program portfolio based on the new cost-effective measures and industry best practices for C&I programs that are identified in this report. The NIPSCO portfolio of C&I programs is already comprehensive in its coverage of customer markets, measures and incentive types. It includes direct install and prescriptive programs targeting smaller business with less complex projects, custom and retro-commissioning programs targeting mostly larger businesses with more complex systems and projects, and a new construction program designed to encourage energy efficient new construction of C&I facilities.

## 7.3.1 Potential New Measures

NIPSCO should consider adding new cost-effective measures to its comprehensive portfolio of programs. These include:

- Chiller Maintenance
- HVAC Duct Repair & Sealing
- Pool Pump Timer
- Pre-Rinse Spray Valve

- High Efficiency Compressor for Refrigeration
- Evaporative Pre-Cooler
- High Efficiency Servers
- Water Heating Desuperheater

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- Drainwater Heat Recovery
- Faucet Aerator/Low Flow Nozzles
- Water Heater Pipe Insulation
- Solar Water Heating
- Chilled Water Reset
- Compressed Air System Maintenance
- Fan System Optimization
- Geothermal Heat Pump
- Variable Frequency Drive Compressed Air
- Motor Efficient Rewind

- Industrial Pumping System Optimization
- Roof Top HVAC System Maintenance
- High Efficiency Transformer
- Engine Block Heater Timer for Agricultural Equipment
- Livestock Waterer/Livestock Waterer Energy Free
- High Volume Low Speed Fans
- High Efficiency Exhaust Fans
- Dairy Refrigeration Tune-Up

While some or all of these measures may be eligible to receive incentives through the Custom Program, NIPSCO should investigate their broader applicability for the Prescriptive and New Construction Programs, which would increase their market penetration.

#### 7.3.2 Program Budgets

The estimated NIPSCO annual program budgets to acquire the cost effective achievable potential identified in this report are shown in Table 7-5. These budgets are preliminary and will need to be refined as future program plans are developed to reflect program evaluation results, more detailed analysis on new measures, program design/delivery improvements and new potential new programs that may be added.

## TABLE 7-5 ANNUAL PROGRAM BUDGETS (BASE CASE)

					Small				New	
					Business	New	New	New	Measures	
		New		Retro	Direct	Measures	Measures	Measures	New	
Year	Custom	Construction	Prescriptive	Commissioning	Investment	Prescriptive	Custom	Agriculture	Construction	Total
2019	\$3,814,322	\$1,155,141	\$2,454,485	\$484,380	\$1,138,860	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,047,188
2020	\$4,238,136	\$1,283,490	\$2,727,206	\$538,200	\$1,265,400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,052,432
2021	\$4,661,950	\$1,411,839	\$2,999,926	\$592,020	\$1,391,940	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,057,675
2022	\$4,660,184	\$1,446,059	\$2,979,465	\$611,467	\$1,275,604	\$491,447	\$118,148	\$53 <i>,</i> 513	\$203,606	\$11,839,493
2023	\$4,766,377	\$1,480,872	\$3,044,916	\$623,814	\$1,302,205	\$511,362	\$127,475	\$54,016	\$229,696	\$12,140,734
2024	\$4,874,363	\$1,516,295	\$3,111,540	\$636,376	\$1,329,249	\$531,565	\$136,837	\$54,528	\$254,228	\$12,444,981
2025	\$4,984,190	\$1,552,343	\$3,179,367	\$649,159	\$1,356,747	\$570,714	\$145,646	\$55,052	\$282,256	\$12,775,475
2026	\$5,095,908	\$1,589,035	\$3,248,431	\$662,168	\$1,384,712	\$615,387	\$186,825	\$55,587	\$325,675	\$13,163,727
2027	\$5,209,568	\$1,626,388	\$3,318,763	\$675,410	\$1,413,155	\$632,331	\$197,866	\$56,133	\$348,622	\$13,478,238
2028	\$5,325,225	\$1,664,420	\$3,390,400	\$688,891	\$1,442,091	\$637,315	\$209,063	\$56,690	\$384,416	\$13,798,511
2029	\$5,442,931	\$1,703,150	\$3,463,375	\$702,617	\$1,471,531	\$637,254	\$220,395	\$57,259	\$421,060	\$14,119,573
2030	\$5,562,742	\$1,742,595	\$3,537,726	\$716,595	\$1,501,491	\$633,370	\$231,237	\$57,840	\$448,999	\$14,432,594
2031	\$5,684,716	\$1,782,777	\$3,613,487	\$730,831	\$1,531,983	\$659,379	\$282,621	\$58,433	\$504,957	\$14,849,184
2032	\$5,808,910	\$1,823,714	\$3,690,698	\$745,332	\$1,563,022	\$666,241	\$296,197	\$59,039	\$534,788	\$15,187,942
2033	\$5,935,384	\$1,865,428	\$3,769,398	\$760,106	\$1,594,622	\$673,309	\$310,077	\$59,657	\$576,417	\$15,544,398
2034	\$6,045,553	\$1,905,675	\$3,840,826	\$766,695	\$1,619,077	\$688,437	\$285,775	\$60,288	\$612,367	\$15,824,693
2035	\$6,157,793	\$1,923,299	\$3,913,661	\$773,423	\$1,643,999	\$693,667	\$288,915	\$60,933	\$619,036	\$16,074,726
2036	\$6,271,611	\$1,940,948	\$3,967,979	\$780,292	\$1,668,451	\$699,782	\$292,142	\$61,591	\$624,714	\$16,307,510
2037	\$6,386,938	\$1,958,968	\$4,023,202	\$787,305	\$1,693,262	\$706,298	\$295,459	\$62,263	\$631,133	\$16,544,828
2038	\$6,504,228	\$1,977,366	\$4,079,473	\$794,466	\$1,718,514	\$712,951	\$298,845	\$62,949	\$637,687	\$16,786,479
2039	\$6,562,946	\$1,996,151	\$4,118,929	\$801,777	\$1,733,464	\$719,744	\$302,303	\$63,650	\$644,379	\$16,943,342
2040	\$6,622,898	\$2,015,330	\$4,159,214	\$809,241	\$1,748,728	\$726,680	\$305,833	\$64,365	\$651,211	\$17,103,500
2041	\$6,684,108	\$2,034,911	\$4,200,345	\$816,863	\$1,764,313	\$733,761	\$309,437	\$65,095	\$658,186	\$17,267,020
2042	\$6,746,604	\$2,054,904	\$4,242,340	\$824,644	\$1,780,225	\$740,991	\$313,117	\$65,841	\$665,308	\$17,433,974
2043	\$6,810,413	\$2,075,317	\$4,285,216	\$832,588	\$1,796,472	\$748,372	\$316,875	\$66,602	\$672,580	\$17,604,435

					Small Business	New	New	New	New Measures	
		New		Retro	Direct	Measures	Measures	Measures	New	
Year	Custom	Construction	Prescriptive	Commissioning	Investment	Prescriptive	Custom	Agriculture	Construction	Total
2044	\$6,875,561	\$2,096,159	\$4,328,993	\$840,700	\$1,813,059	\$755,909	\$320,711	\$67,379	\$680,004	\$17,778,475
2045	\$6,942,077	\$2,117,438	\$4,373,690	\$848,982	\$1,829,995	\$763,604	\$324,628	\$68,172	\$687,584	\$17,956,170
2046	\$7,009,991	\$2,139,164	\$4,419,325	\$857,438	\$1,847,286	\$771,461	\$328,627	\$68,983	\$695,324	\$18,137,597
2047	\$7,079,330	\$2,161,346	\$4,465,918	\$866,071	\$1,864,941	\$779,482	\$332,710	\$69,810	\$703,226	\$18,322,833
2048	\$7,150,126	\$2,183,994	\$4,513,490	\$874,886	\$1,882,966	\$787,672	\$336,878	\$70,654	\$711,293	\$18,511,960

## 7.3.3 Potential New Programs and Program Improvements

Based on our review of energy efficiency program best practices detailed in Section 7.2, GDS recommends that NIPSCO further investigate the following program improvements and new program options. This investigation should include assessing the costs and benefits of all potential program improvements and new program options.

#### **Potential New Program**

*Midstream Energy Efficiency Program.* NIPSCO should assess the feasibility, cost and benefits of implementing a Midstream Energy Efficiency Program. This program model, especially for HVAC systems, is fast emerging as a potentially more effective and productive alternative to the more prevalent downstream incentive program. Midstream incentive programs target the distributors and contractors who work between the manufacturers and end users. Midstream programs provide utility-funded incentives to equipment distributors and contractors to stock and sell energy efficient measures, such as commercial lighting products and heating and cooling equipment. This allows the customer to benefit from the financial and energy savings that a downstream program would provide, without having to make the effort to file a rebate form and wait for a rebate check. Midstream programs typically require little to no paperwork, allowing the distributor to pass the savings on to the customer immediately, which can have a positive effect on program participation and customer satisfaction.

#### **Potential Program Improvements**

These recommendations for program improvements must be considered in the context of the contractual arrangement that NIPSCO has with its third- party implementer. Some of these suggestions may already be implemented by the third-party implementer or may be not be feasible under current contract terms, including the compensation model.

#### Small Business Direct Install & Prescriptive Programs

- Segment the market. Classify the small business customer base into sub-segments with common characteristics and energy needs, and then offer customized approaches tailored to each in order to improve participation, customer satisfaction, and depth of savings.
- Tailor and target marketing and communications to customer needs. In concert with segmentation, craft marketing messages for each industry subsector and present them in a customized, personalized way.
- Consider offering financing to encourage comprehensive retrofits and deeper savings. Address the up-front cost barrier and provide needed project funds by offering no or low interest financing to program participants. There is a high correlation between the largest, best-performing small business programs and those that offer financing, especially on-bill financing and on-bill repayment. However, there are several significant issues regarding the implementation of on-bill financing that may make the program inappropriate in NIPSCO's service territory. These issues are identified in Section 7.2.1.
- Establish partnerships. Chambers of commerce, small business advocacy organizations, and community groups can provide access to more commercial customers and engage them as trusted local partners in ways that utilities on their own generally cannot.

#### **Custom Program**

Integrate energy assessments into program. Most utilities, like NIPSCO, offer a custom rebate program to complement prescriptive rebates, and many of these also offer free or subsidized energy assessments to help companies identify energy efficiency opportunities. These programs are most effective when integrated, so that the assessments identify projects that qualify for the custom rebates, which help move the projects to implementation.

- □ *Link incentive structures to assessment findings.* It is helpful to consider incentive structures that encourage customers to implement projects identified in energy assessments.
- Provide follow-up support. Follow up support such as assistance with applying for custom rebates and providing a list of trade allies or consultants to help with project implementation is critical to program success. Without this assistance energy assessment reports can just end up on shelves, leaving significant potential energy efficiency measures ignored.

## New Construction Program

- Offer a tiered incentive structure. The best new construction programs include a tiered incentive structure. A tiered structure provides programs with two advantages. It can effectively support wide scale adoption of nonstandard, higher efficiency, and more expensive strategies. In addition, it builds flexibility into the program to allow program designers to easily phase out technologies or efficiency targets as they become standard practice.
- Provide training and technical assistance. Training and technical assistance is critical to program success. Some programs include technical assistance for design teams to create showcase projects that highlight what is possible. Others provide industry training on the construction of high performance buildings to facilitate the adoption of better building practices across the board.
- Leverage existing national programs. Many of the best new construction programs leveraged existing national programs (Advanced Building Guidelines, and LEED). Because these programs have already developed sound concepts, technical rigor, and administration processes, program administrators can focus their resources on other aspects of the program. In addition, the association with a recognized national program can lend credibility as well as immediate market recognition.

#### Retro-Commissioning (RCx) Program

- Pre- screen potential project sites. This will ensure a good likelihood of significant RCx savings and identify specific focus areas for the RCx study. Facilities that do not pass the pre-screening will not be eligible for RCx incentives.
- Provide incentives to cover the RCx study cost. For applicants that pass the screening, provide incentives to cover the full RCx study cost, conditioned on a customer commitment to install all measures under a specified payback period or up to cost cap.
- Create tools and provide training for RCx providers. Create a consistent set of tools, templates, and protocols and provide training to help prequalified RCx providers deliver consistent and cost-effective services.
- Provide on-going customer support. Support the customer throughout the implementation phase of the project, including measurement and verification and hands-on operator training.
- Integrate Monitoring Based Commissioning. RCx that is facilitated by a monitoring system to provide energy performance feedback is called MBCx. Where appropriate and cost-effective, it will help reduce savings uncertainty and ensure measure persistence.

## 7.4 BENEFIT/COST ANALYSIS

This section presents the benefit cost analysis results for each energy efficiency program and for the entire program portfolio based on the UCT. All individual measures included in programs pass the UCT.

Table 7-6 shows the NPV of benefits, costs, net benefits and the benefit-cost ratio for each C/I program and for the C/I portfolio as a whole.

## TABLE 7-6 BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS RESULTS FOR THE C/I SECTOR - UTILITY COST TEST

Program	NPV Benefits	NPV Costs	Net Benefits	UCT Ratio
Custom	\$340,264,393	\$60,474,877	\$279,789,516	5.6
New Construction	\$98,374,129	\$18,786,751	\$79,587,378	5.2
Prescriptive	\$396,617,207	\$38,748,919	\$357,868,288	10.2
RetroCommissioning	\$16,901,754	\$7,739,152	\$9,162,602	2.2
Small Business Direct Install	\$87,942,866	\$16,596,204	\$71,346,663	5.3
New Measures Prescriptive	\$23,743,405	\$5,029,889	\$18,713,516	4.7
New Measures Custom	\$9,439,944	\$1,990,940	\$7,449,004	4.7
New Prescriptive Ag Measures	\$2,859,702	\$523,495	\$2,336,207	5.5
New Measures New Construction	\$15,594,391	\$3,778,988	\$11,815,403	4.1
Total	\$991,737,791	\$153,669,216	\$838,068,576	6.5

# S Demand Response Potential

## 8.1 METHODOLOGY

For the Demand Response section, GDS updated assumptions on the kWh and kW savings of demand response measures included in NIPSCO's 2016 AEG Potential Study. With this update, GDS changed a few savings values to reflect more up-to-date research, and extended the forecast to go out 30 years.

## 8.1.1 Demand Response Program Options

For this study, five DR options were considered, including two options for the interruptible tariff. The objective of these options is to realize demand reductions from eligible customers during the highest load hours of the summer or winter as defined by the utility. Each program type provides demand response using different load reduction and incentive strategies designed to target different types of customers. From the utility perspective, load reduction events for each of the different program types can be called with different notification time. Using a mix of programs provides load reduction resources that can be called under many different conditions.

DR Program Option	Eligible Customer Classes	Mechanism	Season
DLC Central Air Conditioner Cycling	Residential, Small and Medium C&I	DLC Switch for Central Cooling Equipment	Summer
DLC Space Heating	Residential, Small and Medium C&I	DLC Switch for Space Heating Equipment	Winter
DLC Water Heater Cycling	Residential, Small and Medium C&I	DLC Switch for Water Heating Equipment	Summer and Winter
Interruptible Load Tariffs	Large C&I	Customer enacts their customized, mandatory curtailment plan. Penalties apply for non- performance.	Summer
Interruptible Load Tariffs Large C&I with Third Party Aggregator		Customer enacts their customized, mandatory curtailment plan. Penalties apply for non- performance. Typically managed as a portfolio by third party contractor.	Summer

#### TABLE 8-1 DEMAND RESPONSE PROGRAM OPTIONS

## 8.1.2 Customer Participation

All customer participation rates were taken from the 2016 AEG Potential Study. These rates were developed by AEG based on a combination of existing or past NIPSCO DR programs and the performance

of similar programs within states geographically and demographically comparable to northern Indiana. Interruptible Load Tariff participation and overall impacts were calibrated to 2014 actual program performance. Residential DLC AC was also developed by calibrating to 2014 program performance. Participation for other programs was developed by taking the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile of existing program performance of programs in states within the region.

New DR programs need time to ramp up and reach a steady state. During ramp up, customer education, marketing and recruitment, in addition to the physical implementation and installation of any hardware, software, telemetry, or other equipment required, takes place. For NIPSCO, GDS assumed that programs ramp up over five years, typical of industry experience.

Table 8-2 shows the participation assumptions for the potential scenarios in DR options by customer class.

Sector	DR Program Option	Base Case Steady State Participation
	DLC AC	20%
Residential	DLC Space Heating	20%
	DLC Water Heating	8.5%
	DLC AC	5%
	DLC Space Heating	5%
C&I	DLC Water Heating	3.2%
	Interruptible Tariff	16.6%
	Third Party Aggregator	16.6%

#### TABLE 8-2 DR PROGRAM STEADY STATE PARTICIPATION RATES

## 8.1.3 Hierarchy

To avoid double counting of load reduction impacts, program-eligibility criteria were defined to ensure that customers do not participate in mutually exclusive programs at the same time. For example, large C&I customers cannot participate in the load curtailment program and a curtailment program run by aggregators, both of which could target the same load for curtailment on the same days. Table 8-3 shows the participation hierarchy by customer class for applicable DR options.

#### **TABLE 8-3 DR HIERARCHY**

Sector	Priority / Loading	DR Programs	Eligible Customers
Residential	First and only option	Direct Load Control	Residential customers with eligible equipment
Small and Medium C&I	First and only option		Small and Medium C&I customers with eligible equipment

Sector	Priority / Loading	DR Programs	Eligible Customers
	First	Interruptible Load Tariffs	All Large C&I Customers
Large C&I	Second	Third Party Aggregator	All Large C&I Customers not enrolled in Interruptible Load Tariffs

## 8.1.4 Load Reduction Assumptions

The per-customer kW electric peak load reduction, multiplied by the total number of participating customers, provides the potential demand savings estimate. Load reduction impact assumptions are based on program performance for current or past NIPSCO programs and on secondary research for new programs. The Interruptible Load Tariff impact was sourced from actual program performance. The percentage was scaled to match current program performance. The remaining program impacts were developed by taking an average of existing/past program performance from programs in states within the region. Table 8-4 shows the per-customer load reductions used for estimating the potential, along with sources. The majority of load reductions were obtained from the 2016 AEG potential study, with the exceptions noted in the table.

Sector	DR Program Option	Load Reduction	Source
	DLC AC	0.972 kW	FERC 2012 Survey adjusted to IN using NOAA temperatures
Residential	DLC Space Heating	0.62 kW	AEG Study
	DLC Water Heating	0.9 kW	AEG Study
	DLC AC	3.1 kW	AEG Study
	DLC Space Heating	1.5 kW	PGE Brattle Group 2016 Study
Business	DLC Water Heating	2.7 kW	AEG Study
	Interruptible Tariff	18% of Coincident Peak Load	AEG Study
	Third Party Aggregator	18% of Coincident Peak Load	AEG Study

#### TABLE 8-4 DR PROGRAM LOAD REDUCTION ASSUMPTIONS

### 8.1.5 Program Costs

Program costs include fixed and variable cost elements: program development costs, annual program administration costs, marketing and recruitment costs, enabling technology costs for purchase and installation, annual operations and maintenance (O&M) costs, and participant incentive costs. These assumptions are based on actual program costs from existing or past NIPSCO programs and GDS secondary research. GDS assumed that residential programs would have an O&M cost of \$5 per customer and C&I programs \$15 per customer. GDS added a central controller hardware cost of \$25,000<sup>25</sup> for direct load control programs, with a \$5,000 software cost per year. Other cost assumptions are detailed in the following tables for each program option.

TABLE 8-5 EQUIPMENT COSTS					
Sector	DR Program Option	Equipment Cost (\$/new participant)			
	DLC AC	\$140			
Residential	DLC Space Heating	\$100			
	DLC Water Heating	\$100			
	DLC AC	\$140			
	DLC Space Heating	\$100			
C&I	DLC Water Heating	\$100			
	Interruptible Tariff	\$0			
	Third Party Aggregator	\$0			

#### **TABLE 8-6 ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS**

Sector	DR Program Option	Admin Cost (\$/MW)
Residential	DLC AC	\$5,000
	DLC Space Heating	\$5,000
	DLC Water Heating	\$5,000
	DLC AC	\$5,000
	DLC Space Heating	\$5,000
C&I	DLC Water Heating	\$5,000
	Interruptible Tariff	\$15,000
	Third Party Aggregator	\$15,000

#### **TABLE 8-7 MARKETING COSTS**

Sector	DR Program Option	Marketing Cost (\$/new participant)
	DLC AC	\$45
Residential	DLC Space Heating	\$45
	DLC Water Heating	\$45
C&I	DLC AC	\$155
	DLC Space Heating	\$155
	DLC Water Heating	\$155

<sup>25</sup> One-time cost expected to last 10 years and then be replaced.

Sector	DR Program Option	Marketing Cost (\$/new participant)
	Interruptible Tariff	\$200
	Third Party Aggregator	\$200

#### TABLE 8-8 PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Sector	DR Program Option	Program Development Cost (One-Time Cost)
	DLC AC	\$80,000
Residential	DLC Space Heating	\$80,000
	DLC Water Heating	\$80,000
	DLC AC	\$10,000
	DLC Space Heating	\$10,000
C&I	DLC Water Heating	\$10,000
	Interruptible Tariff	\$50,000
	Third Party Aggregator	\$50,000

# 8.2 OVERVIEW OF SECTOR DEMAND RESPONSE POTENTIAL

Table 8-9 shows the demand response MW potential broken down by program and sector for each year in the study.

TARIE 8-9 DEMAND	RESPONSE MW SAVINGS BY PROGRAM
	KESI ONSE MAA SAANAGS BI I KOGKAM

		Resi	dential					C&I			
							DLC				
		DLC EWH	DLC EWH	Total Posidontial		DLC EWH	EWH	Interruptible	Third Party	Total	Total
2019	DLC AC	1	1	q	2	1	1	7		17	26
2015	21	4	4	29	3	1	1	23	23	51	80
2020	45	8	8	60	4	2	2	48	48	104	164
2021	60	11	11	81	5	2	2	65	65	139	220
2022	65	11	11	88	6	2	2	71	71	153	220
2023	67	12	12	90	6	3	3	73	73	158	242
2025	68	12	12	91	6	3	3	74	74	159	251
2025	68	12	12	92	6	3	3	75	75	161	251
2027	69	12	12	93	6	3	3	75	75	162	255
2028	69	12	12	93	6	3	3	76	76	163	257
2029	69	12	12	94	6	3	3	76	76	164	258
2030	70	12	12	94	6	3	3	77	77	165	260
2031	70	12	12	95	6	3	3	77	77	166	261
2032	71	12	12	95	6	3	3	78	78	167	262
2033	71	12	12	96	6	3	3	78	78	168	264
2034	71	12	12	96	7	3	3	78	78	169	265
2035	72	13	13	97	7	3	3	79	79	169	266
2036	72	13	13	97	7	3	3	79	79	170	267
2037	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	170	268
2038	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	269
2039	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	269
2040	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	269
2041	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	269
2042	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	269
2043	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	269

Residential						C&I					
	DLC AC	DLC EWH Summer	DLC EWH Winter	Total Residential	DLC AC	DLC EWH Summer	DLC EWH Winter	Interruptible Tariff	Third Party Aggregator	Total C&I	Total
2044	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	270
2045	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	270
2046	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	270
2047	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	270
2048	73	13	13	98	7	3	3	79	79	171	270

The Demand Response programs were grouped into three bundles. These bundles were created by calculating the levelized cost per cumulative kW over the 30-year lifetime of the program. The three bundles are:

- **BUNDLE 1**: \$40/kW-year to \$60/kW-year: includes C&I DLC of AC and DLC of Water Heating
- BUNDLE 2: \$60/kW to \$80/kW-year: includes Residential DLC of Water Heating and C&I Third-Party Aggregator program
- **BUNDLE 3**: Over \$80/kW-year: includes residential DLC of AC and Interruptible Tariff

The results are presented in the Table 8-10 to Table 8-13, grouped by bundles and separated by sectors. Both Residential and C&I DLC of Space Heating programs were found to be not cost-effective and were therefore not included in any bundles.

	Bundle 1 <sup>26</sup>	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	0	1,278	6,758
2020	0	4,168	22,046
2021	0	8,715	46,092
2022	0	11,676	61,752
2023	0	12,717	67,260
2024	0	13,038	68,960
2025	0	13,171	69,663
2026	0	13,260	70,134
2027	0	13,340	70,555
2028	0	13,419	70,975
2029	0	13,499	71,398
2030	0	13,579	71,821
2031	0	13,659	72,241
2032	0	13,735	72,646
2033	0	13,810	73,039
2034	0	13,884	73,431
2035	0	13,959	73,827
2036	0	14,034	74,226
2037	0	14,109	74,624
2038	0	14,184	75,018
2039	0	14,184	75,018
2040	0	14,184	75,018
2041	0	14,184	75,018
2042	0	14,184	75,018
2043	0	14,184	75,018
2044	0	14,184	75,018

TABLE 8-10 RESIDENTIAL DEMAND RESPONSE PARTICIPANTS BY BUNDLE

<sup>26</sup> There were no residential programs in bundle 1

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	Bundle 1 <sup>26</sup>	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2045	0	14,184	75,018
2046	0	14,184	75,018
2047	0	14,184	75,018
2048	0	14,184	75,018

#### TABLE 8-11 C&I DEMAND RESPONSE PARTICIPANTS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	715	62	74
2020	1,257	109	120
2021	1,804	156	166
2022	2,357	202	212
2023	2,914	249	258
2024	2,928	249	258
2025	2,943	249	258
2026	2,957	249	258
2027	2,971	249	258
2028	2,985	249	258
2029	3,000	249	258
2030	3,014	249	258
2031	3,029	249	258
2032	3,043	249	258
2033	3,058	249	258
2034	3,073	249	258
2035	3,088	249	258
2036	3,103	249	258
2037	3,118	249	258
2038	3,133	249	258
2039	3,148	249	258
2040	3,163	250	258
2041	3,178	250	258
2042	3,194	250	258
2043	3,209	250	258
2044	3,225	250	258
2045	3,240	250	259
2046	3,256	250	259
2047	3,272	250	259
2048	3,288	250	259

TABLE 9 12 DECIDENTIAL DEMAND DECODICE MW CAVINCS BY B	
IADLE 0-12 RESIDENTIAL DEVIAIND RESPONSE MAY SAVINGS DT D	UNDLE

	Bundle 1 <sup>27</sup>	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	0	2	7
2020	0	8	21
2021	0	16	45
2022	0	21	60
2023	0	23	65
2024	0	23	67
2025	0	24	68
2026	0	24	68
2027	0	24	69
2028	0	24	69
2029	0	24	69
2030	0	24	70
2031	0	25	70
2032	0	25	71
2033	0	25	71
2034	0	25	71
2035	0	25	72
2036	0	25	72
2037	0	25	73
2038	0	26	73
2039	0	26	73
2040	0	26	73
2041	0	26	73
2042	0	26	73
2043	0	26	73
2044	0	26	73
2045	0	26	73
2046	0	26	73
2047	0	26	73
2048	0	26	73

#### TABLE 8-13 C&I DEMAND RESPONSE MW SAVINGS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	3	7	7
2020	5	23	23
2021	7	48	48
2022	9	65	65
2023	11	71	71

<sup>27</sup> There were no residential programs in bundle 1

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2024	11	73	73
2025	11	74	74
2026	11	75	75
2027	11	75	75
2028	11	76	76
2029	11	76	76
2030	12	77	77
2031	12	77	77
2032	12	78	78
2033	12	78	78
2034	12	78	78
2035	12	79	79
2036	12	79	79
2037	12	79	79
2038	12	79	79
2039	12	79	79
2040	12	79	79
2041	12	79	79
2042	12	79	79
2043	12	79	79
2044	12	79	79
2045	12	79	79
2046	12	79	79
2047	13	79	79
2048	13	79	79

## 8.3 RECOMMENDED PROGRAMS & BUDGETS

Only cost-effective demand response programs shown in Table 8-14 should be pursued further. The budgets by bundle for cost-effective programs are included in the following tables.

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3	Total
2019	\$0	\$514,254	\$2,215,840	\$2,730,094
2020	\$0	\$1,027,023	\$5,174,004	\$6,201,027
2021	\$0	\$1,817,967	\$8,810,958	\$10,628,926
2022	\$0	\$1,810,510	\$7,428,499	\$9,239,009
2023	\$0	\$1,531,060	\$4,951,752	\$6,482,812
2024	\$0	\$1,416,817	\$3,981,237	\$5,398,053
2025	\$0	\$1,392,076	\$3,736,778	\$5,128,854
2026	\$0	\$1,393,067	\$3,696,452	\$5,089,518

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3	Total
2027	\$0	\$1,400,536	\$3,706,667	\$5,107,204
2028	\$0	\$1,409,983	\$3,730,818	\$5,140,800
2029	\$0	\$1,589,560	\$5,532,773	\$7,122,333
2030	\$0	\$1,792,767	\$7,869,349	\$9,662,116
2031	\$0	\$2,022,338	\$10,369,471	\$12,391,809
2032	\$0	\$1,835,632	\$8,190,183	\$10,025,815
2033	\$0	\$1,595,563	\$5,412,748	\$7,008,310
2034	\$0	\$1,509,338	\$4,362,969	\$5,872,307
2035	\$0	\$1,493,542	\$4,103,694	\$5,597,235
2036	\$0	\$1,497,199	\$4,062,666	\$5,559,865
2037	\$0	\$1,505,470	\$4,074,483	\$5,579,953
2038	\$0	\$1,514,912	\$4,099,541	\$5,614,453
2039	\$0	\$1,495,880	\$3,954,424	\$5,450,304
2040	\$0	\$1,497,811	\$3,958,883	\$5,456,694
2041	\$0	\$1,499,664	\$3,962,408	\$5,462,073
2042	\$0	\$1,501,257	\$3,962,255	\$5,463,512
2043	\$0	\$1,502,875	\$3,962,218	\$5,465,092
2044	\$0	\$1,504,932	\$3,966,661	\$5,471,593
2045	\$0	\$1,507,194	\$3,973,238	\$5,480,432
2046	\$0	\$1,509,431	\$3,978,799	\$5,488,230
2047	\$0	\$1,511,595	\$3,983,425	\$5,495,020
2048	\$0	\$1,513,742	\$3,987,208	\$5,500,949

## TABLE 8-15 C&I DEMAND RESPONSE BUDGETS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3	Total
2019	\$444,835	\$592,310	\$965,222	\$2,002,367
2020	\$404,450	\$1,632,084	\$2,837,754	\$4,874,288
2021	\$462,441	\$3,362,072	\$5,888,438	\$9,712,950
2022	\$521,129	\$4,501,593	\$7,897,548	\$12,920,270
2023	\$580,525	\$4,916,368	\$8,628,185	\$14,125,078
2024	\$388,442	\$5,044,783	\$8,861,801	\$14,295,026
2025	\$392,288	\$5,111,958	\$8,979,453	\$14,483,699
2026	\$396,195	\$5,161,634	\$9,066,216	\$14,624,045
2027	\$400,164	\$5,202,200	\$9,136,885	\$14,739,249
2028	\$404,197	\$5,242,328	\$9,206,764	\$14,853,289
2029	\$539,066	\$5,274,590	\$9,262,739	\$15,076,395
2030	\$499,202	\$5,307,806	\$9,320,378	\$15,127,386
2031	\$506,104	\$5,340,222	\$9,376,582	\$15,222,908
2032	\$513,156	\$5,366,052	\$9,421,142	\$15,300,350
2033	\$520,360	\$5,391,665	\$9,465,298	\$15,377,322

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3	Total
2034	\$432,236	\$5,417,959	\$9,510,634	\$15,360,829
2035	\$436,812	\$5,444,773	\$9,556,863	\$15,438,448
2036	\$441,464	\$5,463,701	\$9,589,152	\$15,494,316
2037	\$446,193	\$5,475,560	\$9,608,940	\$15,530,692
2038	\$451,000	\$5,487,450	\$9,628,759	\$15,567,209
2039	\$455,869	\$5,489,009	\$9,630,317	\$15,575,196
2040	\$460,834	\$5,490,600	\$9,631,909	\$15,583,343
2041	\$465,881	\$5,492,225	\$9,633,533	\$15,591,639
2042	\$471,013	\$5,493,884	\$9,635,192	\$15,600,089
2043	\$476,231	\$5,495,578	\$9,636,886	\$15,608,695
2044	\$481,538	\$5,497,307	\$9,638,615	\$15,617,460
2045	\$486,935	\$5,499,072	\$9,640,381	\$15,626,388
2046	\$492,423	\$5,500,875	\$9,642,183	\$15,635,482
2047	\$498,005	\$5,502,716	\$9,644,024	\$15,644,745
2048	\$503,683	\$5,504,595	\$9,645,903	\$15,654,181

## 8.4 BENEFIT/COST ANALYSIS

The cost effectiveness of DR options is determined based upon the UCT test utilizing NIPSCO-specific avoided costs, discount rate and line losses. Given the small number of hours impacted by DR programs, as well as customer pre-cooling or "snapback" that commonly increases energy usage before or after DR events, the analysis does not consider any energy impacts or benefits. As mentioned earlier, the costs are made up of program development costs, annual program administration costs, marketing and recruitment costs, enabling technology costs for purchase and installation, annual O&M costs, and participant incentive costs.

Table 8-16 shows the UCT ratios for all the DR program options considered.

Sector	DR Program Option	NPV Benefits	NPV Costs	Net Benefits	UCT Ratio	
Residential	DLC AC	\$207,755,255	\$63,937,910	\$143,817,346	3.25	
	DLC Space Heating	\$36,606,272	\$68,437,475	-\$31,831,203	0.53	
	DLC EWH	\$43,877,386	\$18,254,930	\$25,622,456	2.40	
	DLC AC	\$19,253,739	\$3,106,474	\$16,147,265	6.20	
	DLC Space Heating	\$2,110,262	\$2,806,827	-\$696,565	0.75	
C&I	DLC EWH	\$9,384,198	\$2,674,703	\$6,709,495	3.51	
	Interruptible Tariff	\$215,950,168	\$98,335,692	\$117,614,476	2.20	
	Third Party Aggregator	\$213,654,425	\$56,084,259	\$157,570,166	3.81	

#### TABLE 8-16 COST-EFFECTIVENESS OF DR PROGRAM OPTIONS

# 9 Scenario Analysis Results

GDS examined the results of 37 energy efficiency potential studies that have been collected by the DOE to develop the high and low case energy efficiency plan scenarios. Twenty of these 37 studies show an average annual energy efficiency potential savings rate in the range of 1.0% to 3.5% per year (See Figure 9-1). The average annual achievable savings rate for these 37 studies in the DOE database is 1.3%. The incremental annual energy efficiency MWH savings rate as a percent of forecast total MWH sales for the NIPSCO DSM Savings Update Report ranges from 1.5% to 1.8% per year over the thirty-year planning period (2019 to 2048). Based on a review of the results of these 37 potential studies and a review of actual savings attained by the top 20 DSM electric utilities in the U.S. in 2016, GDS determined that using a plus or minus 0.7% per year range for incremental annual energy efficiency MWH savings.





## 9.1 RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY

This section provides estimates of the high and low case residential sector achievable electric energy efficiency potential for the NIPSCO service area. The high and low cases assume incremental annual MWH savings rates that are higher or lower than the base case percent savings by plus or minus 0.7% of the residential sector MWH sales forecast, respectively. Annual utility costs for NIPSCO's energy efficiency programs are estimated based on the base case annual acquisition cost per first year MWH saved, and applying that cost per MWH saved to the high and low case incremental annual MWH savings estimates. Table 9-1 and Table 9-2 present the residential sector MWH and MW savings and annual budgets for the high and low energy efficiency case scenarios.

	High Case - Residential Sector	High Case - Residential Sector	
	Cumulative Annual Energy	Cumulative Annual Demand	High Case - Residential Sector
Year	Savings (MWH)	Savings (MW)	Annual Budgets
2019	50,975	17	\$9,817,485
2020	92,051	25	\$9,815,341
2021	133,111	34	\$9,809,937
2022	181,289	46	\$26,128,099
2023	232,026	60	\$29,241,497
2024	287,476	73	\$32,084,839
2025	342,145	86	\$32,363,656
2026	396,915	99	\$32,656,034
2027	452,122	112	\$32,977,013
2028	507,732	125	\$33,290,367
2029	560,859	139	\$33,633,869
2030	614,430	152	\$33,972,423
2031	666,740	166	\$34,275,264
2032	718,376	179	\$34,593,301
2033	768,475	193	\$34,946,964
2034	783,539	198	\$35,312,834
2035	789,913	203	\$35,702,561
2036	794,762	209	\$36,073,100
2037	811,287	215	\$36,427,831
2038	824,906	219	\$36,791,963
2039	834,861	221	\$37,160,613
2040	844,192	205	\$37,544,015
2041	853,144	208	\$37,935,948
2042	859,042	211	\$38,336,627
2043	864,374	215	\$38,746,275
2044	869,168	216	\$39,165,117
2045	873,780	217	\$39,593,390
2046	878,329	218	\$40,031,332
2047	882,730	219	\$40,479,191
2048	886,983	220	\$40,937,221

## TABLE 9-1 RESIDENTIAL HIGH CASE SAVINGS AND BUDGETS

#### TABLE 9-2 RESIDENTIAL LOW CASE SAVINGS AND BUDGETS

Year	Low Case - Residential Sector Cumulative Annual Energy Savings (MWH)	Low Case - Residential Sector Cumulative Annual Demand Savings (MW)	Low Case - Residential Sector Cumulative Annual Energy Savings (MWH)
2019	50,975	17	\$9,817,494
2020	92,051	25	\$9,815,339
2021	133,111	34	\$9,809,938
2022	164,223	41	\$18,443,364

	Low Case - Residential Sector Cumulative Annual Energy	Low Case - Residential Sector Cumulative Annual Demand	Low Case - Residential Sector Cumulative Annual Energy
Year	Savings (MWH)	Savings (MW)	Savings (MWH)
2023	188,330	48	\$15,390,051
2024	203,121	51	\$10,448,021
2025	221,105	56	\$10,626,184
2026	239,044	60	\$10,773,154
2027	257,208	64	\$10,905,531
2028	275,520	68	\$10,979,846
2029	290,969	72	\$11,061,616
2030	306,481	77	\$11,131,720
2031	320,554	81	\$11,251,995
2032	334,887	84	\$11,367,293
2033	348,359	88	\$11,498,561
2034	328,333	84	\$11,522,511
2035	302,192	79	\$11,533,445
2036	277,440	73	\$11,587,320
2037	273,178	72	\$11,524,371
2038	271,515	72	\$11,458,148
2039	272,696	72	\$11,393,663
2040	273,545	66	\$11,320,814
2041	274,186	67	\$11,245,956
2042	272,582	67	\$11,169,011
2043	270,965	67	\$11,089,895
2044	269,477	67	\$11,008,526
2045	267,640	67	\$10,924,814
2046	265,445	66	\$10,838,668
2047	262,938	65	\$10,749,993
2048	260,129	65	\$10,658,689

## 9.2 C&I SECTOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Table 9-3 and Table 9-4 provide estimates of the high and low case achievable electric energy efficiency potential for the NIPSCO C&I sector service area. The high and low cases assume annual incremental energy savings rates of  $\pm$  .7%, respectively. Annual costs are estimated based on the base case annual \$/MWH.

TABLE 9-3 HIGH CASE - ACHIEVABLE C&I SECTOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY POTENTIAL AND ANNUAL BUDGETS

Year	Cumulative Annual Energy Savings (MWH)	Cumulative Annual Demand Savings (MW)	Annual Cost (\$)
2019	72,000	16.6	\$9,047,188
2020	152,000	35.0	\$10,052,432
2021	240,000	55.3	\$11,057,675
2022	335,241	77.7	\$13,053,061

	Cumulative Annual Energy	Cumulative Annual Demand	
Year	Savings (MWH)	Savings (MW)	Annual Cost (\$)
2023	450,661	103.3	\$14,946,278
2024	575,905	131.0	\$16,880,533
2025	702,217	158.8	\$17,262,039
2026	830,682	186.9	\$17,711,294
2027	954,700	214.2	\$18,096,642
2028	1,074,211	241.1	\$18,484,068
2029	1,192,320	267.9	\$18,866,688
2030	1,309,871	294.7	\$19,247,681
2031	1,420,007	319.8	\$19,716,789
2032	1,528,217	344.7	\$20,115,111
2033	1,636,760	369.8	\$20,531,228
2034	1,694,855	382.0	\$20,869,325
2035	1,745,799	392.6	\$21,187,131
2036	1,789,230	401.3	\$21,480,444
2037	1,826,180	409.7	\$21,773,581
2038	1,854,145	416.0	\$22,073,344
2039	1,871,001	419.9	\$22,286,880
2040	1,886,184	423.3	\$22,509,741
2041	1,900,049	426.8	\$22,737,292
2042	1,912,385	429.7	\$22,969,633
2043	1,923,231	432.4	\$23,206,870
2044	1,932,874	434.5	\$23,449,106
2045	1,941,336	436.7	\$23,696,450
2046	1,948,151	438.4	\$23,949,013
2047	1,953,897	439.8	\$24,206,907
2048	1,958,662	440.9	\$24,470,248

#### TABLE 9-4 LOW CASE - ACHIEVABLE C&I SECTOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY POTENTIAL AND ANNUAL BUDGETS

	Cumulative Annual Energy	Cumulative Annual Demand	
Year	Savings (MWH)	Savings (MW)	Annual Cost (\$)
2019	72,000	17	\$9,047,188
2020	152,000	35	\$10,052,432
2021	240,000	55	\$11,057,675
2022	312,939	73	\$10,187,597
2023	383,377	88	\$9,121,486
2024	440,630	100	\$8,009,429
2025	498,555	113	\$8,288,910
2026	558,181	126	\$8,616,159

	Cumulative Annual Energy	Cumulative Annual Demand	
Year	Savings (MWH)	Savings (MW)	Annual Cost (\$)
2027	614,404	138	\$8,859,834
2028	668,096	150	\$9,112,954
2029	722,554	163	\$9,372,458
2030	779,053	176	\$9,617,508
2031	829,918	187	\$9,981,578
2032	881,003	199	\$10,260,772
2033	932,678	211	\$10,557,567
2034	936,415	211	\$10,780,062
2035	935,328	210	\$10,962,322
2036	929,423	208	\$11,134,577
2037	931,913	209	\$11,316,075
2038	940,468	211	\$11,499,615
2039	953,230	214	\$11,599,805
2040	964,466	216	\$11,697,258
2041	974,213	219	\$11,796,748
2042	982,964	221	\$11,898,315
2043	990,682	223	\$12,002,000
2044	997,543	224	\$12,107,844
2045	1,003,340	226	\$12,215,890
2046	1,007,523	227	\$12,326,180
2047	1,010,665	227	\$12,438,759
2048	1,012,783	228	\$12,553,671

## 9.3 **DEMAND RESPONSE**

## TABLE 9-5 RESIDENTIAL DEMAND RESPONSE HIGH CASE PARTICIPANTS BY BUNDLE

Year	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	0	340	10,137
2020	0	597	33,069
2021	0	858	69,138
2022	0	1,120	92,628
2023	0	1,385	100,890
2024	0	1,392	103,440
2025	0	1,399	104,495
2026	0	1,405	105,201
2027	0	1,412	105,833
2028	0	1,419	106,462
2029	0	1,426	107,097
2030	0	1,433	107,731

Year	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2031	0	1,440	108,361
2032	0	1,447	108,970
2033	0	1,454	109,558
2034	0	1,461	110,146
2035	0	1,468	110,741
2036	0	1,475	111,339
2037	0	1,482	111,935
2038	0	1,489	112,527
2039	0	1,496	112,527
2040	0	1,504	112,527
2041	0	1,511	112,527
2042	0	1,518	112,527
2043	0	1,525	112,527
2044	0	1,533	112,527
2045	0	1,540	112,527
2046	0	1,548	112,527
2047	0	1,555	112,527
2048	0	1,563	112,527

#### TABLE 9-6 RESIDENTIAL DEMAND RESPONSE LOW CASE PARTICIPANTS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	0	639	3,379
2020	0	2,084	11,023
2021	0	4,357	23,046
2022	0	5,838	30,876
2023	0	6,359	33,630
2024	0	6,519	34,480
2025	0	6,586	34,832
2026	0	6,630	35,067
2027	0	6,670	35,278
2028	0	6,710	35,487
2029	0	6,750	35,699
2030	0	6,790	35,910
2031	0	6,829	36,120
2032	0	6,868	36,323
2033	0	6,905	36,519
2034	0	6,942	36,715
2035	0	6,979	36,914
2036	0	7,017	37,113
2037	0	7,055	37,312

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2038	0	7,092	37,509
2039	0	7,092	37,509
2040	0	7,092	37,509
2041	0	7,092	37,509
2042	0	7,092	37,509
2043	0	7,092	37,509
2044	0	7,092	37,509
2045	0	7,092	37,509
2046	0	7,092	37,509
2047	0	7,092	37,509
2048	0	7,092	37,509

#### TABLE 9-7 C&I DEMAND RESPONSE HIGH CASE PARTICIPANTS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	1,072	93	111
2020	1,885	163	180
2021	2,706	233	249
2022	3,535	303	318
2023	4,372	373	387
2024	4,393	374	387
2025	4,414	374	387
2026	4,435	374	387
2027	4,457	374	387
2028	4,478	374	387
2029	4,500	374	387
2030	4,521	374	387
2031	4,543	374	387
2032	4,565	374	387
2033	4,587	374	387
2034	4,609	374	387
2035	4,632	374	387
2036	4,654	374	387
2037	4,677	374	387
2038	4,699	374	387
2039	4,722	374	387
2040	4,745	374	388
2041	4,768	374	388
2042	4,791	374	388
2043	4,814	374	388
2044	4,837	374	388

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	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2045	4,861	374	388
2046	4,884	375	388
2047	4,908	375	388
2048	4,931	375	388

#### TABLE 9-8 C&I DEMAND RESPONSE LOW CASE PARTICIPANTS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	357	31	37
2020	628	54	60
2021	902	78	83
2022	1,178	101	106
2023	1,457	124	129
2024	1,464	125	129
2025	1,471	125	129
2026	1,478	125	129
2027	1,486	125	129
2028	1,493	125	129
2029	1,500	125	129
2030	1,507	125	129
2031	1,514	125	129
2032	1,522	125	129
2033	1,529	125	129
2034	1,536	125	129
2035	1,544	125	129
2036	1,551	125	129
2037	1,559	125	129
2038	1,566	125	129
2039	1,574	125	129
2040	1,582	125	129
2041	1,589	125	129
2042	1,597	125	129
2043	1,605	125	129
2044	1,612	125	129
2045	1,620	125	129
2046	1,628	125	129
2047	1,636	125	129
2048	1,644	125	129
	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
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2019	0	3	10
2020	0	11	32
2021	0	24	67
2022	0	32	90
2023	0	34	98
2024	0	35	101
2025	0	36	102
2026	0	36	102
2027	0	36	103
2028	0	36	103
2029	0	36	104
2030	0	37	105
2031	0	37	105
2032	0	37	106
2033	0	37	106
2034	0	37	107
2035	0	38	108
2036	0	38	108
2037	0	38	109
2038	0	38	109
2039	0	38	109
2040	0	38	109
2041	0	38	109
2042	0	38	109
2043	0	38	109
2044	0	38	109
2045	0	38	109
2046	0	38	109
2047	0	38	109
2048	0	38	109

#### TABLE 9-9 RESIDENTIAL DEMAND RESPONSE HIGH CASE MW SAVINGS BY BUNDLE

TABLE 9-10 RESIDENTIAL DEMAND RESPONSE LOW CASE MW SAVINGS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	0	1	3
2020	0	4	11
2021	0	8	22
2022	0	11	30
2023	0	11	33
2024	0	12	34

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2025	0	12	34
2026	0	12	34
2027	0	12	34
2028	0	12	34
2029	0	12	35
2030	0	12	35
2031	0	12	35
2032	0	12	35
2033	0	12	35
2034	0	12	36
2035	0	13	36
2036	0	13	36
2037	0	13	36
2038	0	13	36
2039	0	13	36
2040	0	13	36
2041	0	13	36
2042	0	13	36
2043	0	13	36
2044	0	13	36
2045	0	13	36
2046	0	13	36
2047	0	13	36
2048	0	13	36

#### TABLE 9-11 C&I DEMAND RESPONSE HIGH CASE MW SAVINGS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	4	11	11
2020	7	35	35
2021	9	73	73
2022	11	98	98
2023	14	107	107
2024	14	110	110
2025	14	111	111
2026	14	112	112
2027	14	113	113
2028	14	114	114
2029	14	115	115
2030	14	115	115
2031	14	116	116

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2032	14	117	117
2033	15	117	117
2034	15	118	118
2035	15	118	118
2036	15	119	119
2037	15	119	119
2038	15	119	119
2039	15	119	119
2040	15	119	119
2041	15	119	119
2042	15	119	119
2043	15	119	119
2044	15	119	119
2045	15	119	119
2046	15	119	119
2047	16	119	119
2048	16	119	119

#### TABLE 9-12 C&I DEMAND RESPONSE LOW CASE MW SAVINGS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	1	4	4
2020	2	12	12
2021	3	24	24
2022	5	33	33
2023	6	36	36
2024	6	37	37
2025	6	37	37
2026	6	37	37
2027	6	38	38
2028	6	38	38
2029	6	38	38
2030	6	38	38
2031	6	39	39
2032	6	39	39
2033	6	39	39
2034	6	39	39
2035	6	39	39
2036	6	40	40
2037	6	40	40
2038	6	40	40

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2039	6	40	40
2040	6	40	40
2041	6	40	40
2042	6	40	40
2043	6	40	40
2044	6	40	40
2045	6	40	40
2046	6	40	40
2047	6	40	40
2048	6	40	40

TABLE 9-13 RESIDENTIAL DEMAND RESPONSE HIGH CASE BUDGETS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	\$0	\$698,881	\$3,255,010
2020	\$0	\$1,513,734	\$7,734,842
2021	\$0	\$2,699,587	\$13,189,725
2022	\$0	\$2,687,826	\$11,115,475
2023	\$0	\$2,268,065	\$7,399,782
2024	\$0	\$2,096,101	\$5,943,424
2025	\$0	\$2,058,378	\$5,576,138
2026	\$0	\$2,059,239	\$5,515,040
2027	\$0	\$2,069,806	\$5,529,741
2028	\$0	\$2,083,325	\$5,565,331
2029	\$0	\$2,345,776	\$8,264,490
2030	\$0	\$2,656,159	\$11,771,817
2031	\$0	\$2,999,822	\$15,521,324
2032	\$0	\$2,719,056	\$12,251,701
2033	\$0	\$2,358,229	\$8,084,843
2034	\$0	\$2,228,155	\$6,509,455
2035	\$0	\$2,203,707	\$6,119,807
2036	\$0	\$2,208,425	\$6,057,515
2037	\$0	\$2,220,047	\$6,074,474
2038	\$0	\$2,233,408	\$6,111,278
2039	\$0	\$2,204,042	\$5,892,805
2040	\$0	\$2,206,103	\$5,898,678
2041	\$0	\$2,208,030	\$5,903,133
2042	\$0	\$2,209,548	\$5,902,053
2043	\$0	\$2,211,086	\$5,901,130
2044	\$0	\$2,213,265	\$5,906,908
2045	\$0	\$2,215,730	\$5,915,869

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	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2046	\$0	\$2,218,139	\$5,923,287
2047	\$0	\$2,220,419	\$5,929,283
2048	\$0	\$2,222,653	\$5,933,994

#### TABLE 9-14 RESIDENTIAL DEMAND RESPONSE LOW CASE BUDGETS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	\$0	\$329,627	\$1,176,670
2020	\$0	\$540,313	\$2,613,165
2021	\$0	\$936,348	\$4,432,192
2022	\$0	\$933,194	\$3,741,523
2023	\$0	\$794,055	\$2,503,722
2024	\$0	\$737,533	\$2,019,049
2025	\$0	\$725,774	\$1,897,417
2026	\$0	\$726,894	\$1,877,864
2027	\$0	\$731,266	\$1,883,594
2028	\$0	\$736,640	\$1,896,304
2029	\$0	\$833,344	\$2,801,056
2030	\$0	\$929,376	\$3,966,881
2031	\$0	\$1,044,854	\$5,217,619
2032	\$0	\$952,209	\$4,128,665
2033	\$0	\$832,896	\$2,740,653
2034	\$0	\$790,521	\$2,216,483
2035	\$0	\$783,376	\$2,087,580
2036	\$0	\$785,973	\$2,067,817
2037	\$0	\$790,894	\$2,074,491
2038	\$0	\$796,416	\$2,087,803
2039	\$0	\$787,718	\$2,016,043
2040	\$0	\$789,519	\$2,019,088
2041	\$0	\$791,299	\$2,021,683
2042	\$0	\$792,965	\$2,022,457
2043	\$0	\$794,663	\$2,023,306
2044	\$0	\$796,600	\$2,026,414
2045	\$0	\$798,658	\$2,030,607
2046	\$0	\$800,722	\$2,034,311
2047	\$0	\$802,771	\$2,037,567
2048	\$0	\$804,830	\$2,040,421

#### TABLE 9-15 C&I DEMAND RESPONSE HIGH CASE BUDGETS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	\$596,003	\$838,465	\$1,396,091
2020	\$553,710	\$2,422,601	\$4,229,333
2021	\$639,584	\$5,017,046	\$8,805,735
2022	\$726,481	\$6,725,781	\$11,819,446
2023	\$814,416	\$7,347,385	\$12,915,043
2024	\$525,107	\$7,539,437	\$13,264,948
2025	\$529,668	\$7,639,617	\$13,440,855
2026	\$534,294	\$7,713,536	\$13,570,408
2027	\$538,988	\$7,773,777	\$13,675,805
2028	\$543,750	\$7,833,350	\$13,780,005
2029	\$735,366	\$7,881,110	\$13,863,334
2030	\$683,603	\$7,930,288	\$13,949,146
2031	\$692,588	\$7,978,251	\$14,032,792
2032	\$701,767	\$8,016,323	\$14,098,959
2033	\$711,146	\$8,054,054	\$14,164,504
2034	\$577,503	\$8,092,794	\$14,231,806
2035	\$582,879	\$8,132,297	\$14,300,433
2036	\$588,338	\$8,159,957	\$14,348,134
2037	\$593,880	\$8,176,998	\$14,377,068
2038	\$599,508	\$8,194,071	\$14,406,033
2039	\$605,195	\$8,195,630	\$14,407,592
2040	\$610,991	\$8,197,221	\$14,409,184
2041	\$616,876	\$8,198,846	\$14,410,808
2042	\$622,853	\$8,200,505	\$14,412,467
2043	\$628,924	\$8,202,199	\$14,414,161
2044	\$635,090	\$8,203,928	\$14,415,890
2045	\$641,353	\$8,205,694	\$14,417,656
2046	\$647,716	\$8,207,496	\$14,419,459
2047	\$654,180	\$8,209,337	\$14,421,300
2048	\$660,747	\$8,211,216	\$14,423,179

#### TABLE 9-16 C&I DEMAND RESPONSE LOW CASE BUDGETS BY BUNDLE

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2019	\$293,668	\$346,155	\$534,354
2020	\$255,189	\$841,567	\$1,446,175
2021	\$285,297	\$1,707,097	\$2,971,141
2022	\$315,777	\$2,277,405	\$3,975,650
2023	\$346,634	\$2,485,351	\$4,341,327
2024	\$251,776	\$2,550,129	\$4,458,654

	Bundle 1	Bundle 2	Bundle 3
2025	\$254,908	\$2,584,299	\$4,518,050
2026	\$258,096	\$2,609,732	\$4,562,024
2027	\$261,340	\$2,630,622	\$4,597,965
2028	\$264,643	\$2,651,306	\$4,633,524
2029	\$342,766	\$2,668,070	\$4,662,145
2030	\$314,800	\$2,685,324	\$4,691,610
2031	\$319,620	\$2,702,192	\$4,720,372
2032	\$324,544	\$2,715,781	\$4,743,326
2033	\$329,573	\$2,729,275	\$4,766,091
2034	\$286,969	\$2,743,125	\$4,789,462
2035	\$290,745	\$2,757,248	\$4,813,294
2036	\$294,590	\$2,767,445	\$4,830,170
2037	\$298,505	\$2,774,122	\$4,840,811
2038	\$302,492	\$2,780,830	\$4,851,484
2039	\$306,544	\$2,782,388	\$4,853,043
2040	\$310,677	\$2,783,980	\$4,854,634
2041	\$314,886	\$2,785,604	\$4,856,258
2042	\$319,173	\$2,787,263	\$4,857,917
2043	\$323,539	\$2,788,957	\$4,859,611
2044	\$327,986	\$2,790,686	\$4,861,340
2045	\$332,516	\$2,792,451	\$4,863,105
2046	\$337,130	\$2,794,254	\$4,864,908
2047	\$341,831	\$2,796,094	\$4,866,748
2048	\$346,619	\$2,797,973	\$4,868,627

# **1** Energy Efficiency Bundles

GDS grouped DSM Plan energy efficiency measures into bundles according to each measure's incentive cost of saved energy over its measure life to model energy efficiency programs in NIPSCO's 2018 Integrated Resource Plan. An overview of demand response bundles is in Section 9. For energy efficiency measures, three bundle categories were created:

- Bundle 1: Measures with an incentive cost ranging from \$.00 to \$.01 per lifetime kWh saved
- Bundle 2: Measures with an incentive cost ranging from \$.011 to \$.05 per lifetime kWh saved
- Bundle 3: Measures with an incentive cost over \$.05 per lifetime kWh saved

GDS converted the measure incentive costs into an equivalent annual payment spread over the life of the measure and divided the equivalent annual payment by the measure's first-year kWh savings to calculate the incentive cost per lifetime kWh saved for each measure. Program administrative costs were not included in this cost calculation. According to the November 2008 National Action Plan for Energy Efficiency guide titled "Understanding Cost Effectiveness of Energy Efficiency Programs: Best Practices, Technical Methods and Emerging Issues for Policy-Makers", program administrative costs are typically not included when calculating cost effectiveness at the measure level. Tables 10-1 through 10-9 show the cumulative annual MWH savings, MW savings and annual utility budgets for these three bundles for the energy efficiency base, high and low case scenarios.

#### TABLE 10-1 RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY BASE CASE BUNDLES

	Bundle 1 Bundle 2 Bundle 3				Total					
	Cumulative	Cumulative		Cumulative	Cumulative		Cumulative	Cumulative		Cumulative
Year	MWH	MW	Budget	MWH	MW	Budget	MWH	MW	Budget	Bundles
2019	23,198	9.8	\$3,120,947	27,435	6.6	\$6,363,684	341	0.2	\$332,842	50,975
2020	36,586	12.0	\$3,118,788	54,867	13.1	\$6,363,871	599	0.3	\$332,467	92,051
2021	49,961	14.5	\$3,115,234	82,295	19.5	\$6,362,402	856	0.5	\$332,085	133,111
2022	70,521	18.9	\$4,169,756	85,776	20.4	\$1,216,278	13,208	3.5	\$15,436,140	169,506
2023	91,166	23.8	\$4,300,842	89,311	22.2	\$1,256,494	24,414	6.8	\$15,482,175	204,891
2024	112,136	28.3	\$4,429,560	92,947	23.3	\$1,306,866	35,635	9.7	\$15,529,778	240,718
2025	133,511	32.8	\$4,569,988	96,669	24.5	\$1,350,188	46,866	12.6	\$15,574,511	277,045
2026	154,843	37.4	\$4,699,753	100,471	25.8	\$1,393,143	58,108	15.5	\$15,621,458	313,423
2027	176,419	41.8	\$4,836,631	104,351	26.8	\$1,433,990	69,363	18.1	\$15,670,403	350,132
2028	198,232	46.6	\$4,970,286	108,258	28.1	\$1,446,694	80,604	21.0	\$15,717,871	387,093
2029	217,377	50.9	\$5,106,871	112,152	29.6	\$1,474,239	91,853	24.2	\$15,766,369	421,381
2030	236,744	55.2	\$5,247,332	116,069	31.1	\$1,486,926	103,112	27.4	\$15,817,541	455,925
2031	254,732	59.2	\$5,394,368	120,002	32.5	\$1,497,348	114,383	30.5	\$15,871,633	489,118
2032	272,757	63.3	\$5,544,922	123,910	34.0	\$1,509,677	125,665	33.7	\$15,925,409	522,331
2033	289,720	67.5	\$5,698,959	127,644	35.4	\$1,545,193	136,952	36.9	\$15,978,312	554,315
2034	299,459	69.8	\$5,823,060	104,256	30.4	\$1,561,017	148,249	40.3	\$16,033,291	551,963
2035	309,001	71.9	\$5,952,395	80,868	25.9	\$1,574,207	152,798	42.1	\$16,091,088	542,667
2036	318,770	74.4	\$6,099,762	57,136	22.7	\$1,584,608	157,352	44.0	\$16,145,518	533,259
2037	322,404	75.3	\$6,198,431	58,371	23.3	\$1,596,027	159,923	44.8	\$16,181,313	540,698
2038	325,688	76.2	\$6,299,172	59,561	23.9	\$1,607,685	162,493	45.6	\$16,217,860	547,742
2039	328,471	76.6	\$6,402,029	60,161	24.1	\$1,619,588	164,753	46.0	\$16,255,174	553,384
2040	330,848	75.3	\$6,507,046	60,694	18.7	\$1,631,741	166,995	42.1	\$16,293,272	558,537
2041	332,963	75.9	\$6,614,269	61,159	19.1	\$1,644,149	169,223	43.0	\$16,332,170	563,346
2042	334,771	76.4	\$6,723,743	61,501	19.6	\$1,656,818	169,385	43.5	\$16,371,885	565,657

	Bund	dle 1		Bundle 2				Total Cumulative		
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	MWH - All Bundles
2043	336,350	76.8	\$6,835,516	61,769	20.1	\$1,669,753	169,537	44.2	\$16,412,433	567,657
2044	337,757	77.1	\$6,949,636	61,932	20.2	\$1,682,960	169,620	44.2	\$16,453,834	569,310
2045	338,978	77.4	\$7,066,152	62,022	20.2	\$1,696,443	169,698	44.2	\$16,496,103	570,698
2046	340,018	77.6	\$7,185,116	62,086	20.2	\$1,710,210	169,770	44.3	\$16,539,261	571,874
2047	340,876	77.8	\$7,306,578	62,120	20.3	\$1,724,267	169,832	44.3	\$16,583,324	572,828
2048	341,548	78.0	\$7,430,590	62,126	20.3	\$1,738,618	169,882	44.3	\$16,628,313	573,556

#### TABLE 10-2 C&I ENERGY EFFICIENCY BASE CASE BUNDLES

	Bur	ndle 1		Bund	lle 2			Bundle 3		Total
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2019	57,477	13.7	\$7,093,091	14,523	2.1	\$1,954,097	0	0.0	\$0	72,000
2020	121,341	28.9	\$7,881,212	30,659	4.5	\$2,171,219	0	0.0	\$0	152,000
2021	191,591	45.6	\$8,669,334	48,409	7.1	\$2,388,341	0	0.0	\$0	240,000
2022	258,294	62.0	\$9,025,573	67,310	10.0	\$2,703,163	192	0.1	\$110,756	325,796
2023	332,676	78.7	\$9,252,548	86,487	12.9	\$2,770,426	387	0.1	\$117,760	419,550
2024	408,406	95.7	\$9,484,921	101,802	15.2	\$2,835,287	590	0.2	\$124,773	510,798
2025	485,669	113.0	\$9,752,695	116,455	17.3	\$2,890,234	783	0.2	\$132,546	602,907
2026	564,928	130.5	\$10,033,029	130,997	19.5	\$2,979,807	1,023	0.3	\$150,891	696,948
2027	645,287	148.4	\$10,273,287	140,435	21.0	\$3,046,937	1,249	0.3	\$158,013	786,971
2028	722,917	166.1	\$10,524,231	149,037	22.5	\$3,107,737	1,491	0.4	\$166,543	873,445
2029	801,264	184.1	\$10,777,543	156,678	23.8	\$3,168,288	1,740	0.5	\$173,742	959,682
2030	880,358	202.4	\$11,027,368	164,258	25.1	\$3,224,944	1,971	0.5	\$180,283	1,046,587
2031	953,821	219.3	\$11,348,675	170,944	26.3	\$3,311,363	2,254	0.6	\$189,145	1,127,019
2032	1,026,654	236.3	\$11,619,566	177,521	27.5	\$3,372,494	2,461	0.6	\$195,882	1,206,636
2033	1,099,943	253.4	\$11,900,715	184,094	28.7	\$3,440,787	2,696	0.7	\$202,895	1,286,733

	Bundle 1			Bund	lle 2		Bundle 3			Total
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2034	1,126,736	258.8	\$12,151,635	187,755	29.4	\$3,482,137	2,975	0.8	\$190,921	1,317,466
2035	1,148,291	262.9	\$12,362,496	190,813	30.0	\$3,520,890	3,203	0.8	\$191,340	1,342,307
2036	1,164,268	265.7	\$12,559,119	193,394	30.6	\$3,556,600	3,408	0.9	\$191,791	1,361,070
2037	1,180,955	269.5	\$12,759,892	195,172	30.9	\$3,592,662	3,532	0.9	\$192,274	1,379,659
2038	1,196,990	273.1	\$12,964,294	196,719	31.3	\$3,629,416	3,655	0.9	\$192,769	1,397,364
2039	1,210,329	276.2	\$13,090,516	198,059	31.5	\$3,659,638	3,777	1.0	\$193,188	1,412,165
2040	1,222,254	279.1	\$13,219,389	199,222	31.8	\$3,690,495	3,896	1.0	\$193,616	1,425,373
2041	1,232,984	281.7	\$13,350,967	200,180	32.0	\$3,722,000	4,014	1.0	\$194,052	1,437,179
2042	1,242,596	284.0	\$13,485,309	200,985	32.1	\$3,754,167	4,111	1.0	\$194,498	1,447,692
2043	1,251,057	286.0	\$13,622,472	201,698	32.3	\$3,787,009	4,205	1.0	\$194,953	1,456,960
2044	1,258,590	287.8	\$13,762,516	202,318	32.4	\$3,820,541	4,304	1.1	\$195,418	1,465,211
2045	1,265,087	289.4	\$13,905,500	202,853	32.5	\$3,854,778	4,400	1.1	\$195,892	1,472,341
2046	1,270,045	290.7	\$14,051,487	203,300	32.6	\$3,889,733	4,495	1.1	\$196,377	1,477,839
2047	1,274,014	291.7	\$14,200,540	203,681	32.7	\$3,925,422	4,588	1.1	\$196,871	1,482,283
2048	1,277,052	292.5	\$14,352,723	203,993	32.8	\$3,961,861	4,680	1.1	\$197,376	1,485,725

#### TABLE 10-3 COMBINED RESIDENTIAL AND C/I ENERGY EFFICIENCY BASE CASE BUNDLES

	Bun	dle 1		Bunc	lle 2			Total		
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2019	80,676	20.5	\$10,214,038	41,958	8.4	\$8,317,781	341	0.2	\$332,842	122,975
2020	157,927	35.8	\$11,000,000	85,526	16.8	\$8,535,090	599	0.3	\$332,467	244,051
2021	241,552	53.2	\$11,784,567	130,704	25.4	\$8,750,744	856	0.5	\$332,085	373,111
2022	328,815	71.9	\$13,195,329	153,086	28.9	\$3,919,442	13,401	3.5	\$15,546,896	495,302
2023	423,842	91.1	\$13,553,390	175,798	33.5	\$4,026,920	24,801	6.9	\$15,599,935	624,441
2024	520,542	110.3	\$13,914,481	194,749	37.1	\$4,142,153	36,225	9.8	\$15,654,551	751,516

	Bun	dle 1		Bunc	lle 2			Bundle 3		Total
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2025	619,180	129.9	\$14,322,683	213,124	40.5	\$4,240,422	47,649	12.7	\$15,707,057	879,952
2026	719,772	149.7	\$14,732,782	231,469	43.9	\$4,372,950	59,130	15.7	\$15,772,349	1,010,371
2027	821,705	169.6	\$15,109,918	244,786	46.3	\$4,480,928	70,612	18.4	\$15,828,416	1,137,103
2028	921,148	189.7	\$15,494,517	257,295	49.0	\$4,554,431	82,095	21.4	\$15,884,414	1,260,538
2029	1,018,641	209.7	\$15,884,414	268,830	51.9	\$4,642,527	93,593	24.5	\$15,940,111	1,381,064
2030	1,117,102	230.0	\$16,274,700	280,327	55.0	\$4,711,870	105,083	27.8	\$15,997,824	1,502,512
2031	1,208,553	248.7	\$16,743,044	290,946	57.8	\$4,808,711	116,638	30.9	\$16,060,778	1,616,137
2032	1,299,411	267.6	\$17,164,488	301,431	60.7	\$4,882,171	128,125	34.2	\$16,121,291	1,728,968
2033	1,389,662	286.6	\$17,599,674	311,738	63.6	\$4,985,981	139,648	37.5	\$16,181,207	1,841,048
2034	1,426,195	293.0	\$17,974,695	292,010	61.6	\$5,043,153	151,224	40.9	\$16,224,212	1,869,429
2035	1,457,292	298.1	\$18,314,890	271,681	59.5	\$5,095,098	156,000	42.7	\$16,282,428	1,884,974
2036	1,483,039	302.1	\$18,658,881	250,530	58.1	\$5,141,208	160,760	44.7	\$16,337,309	1,894,329
2037	1,503,359	306.3	\$18,958,323	253,544	59.0	\$5,188,689	163,455	45.5	\$16,373,587	1,920,357
2038	1,522,678	310.3	\$19,263,467	256,280	59.9	\$5,237,101	166,148	46.3	\$16,410,629	1,945,106
2039	1,538,800	313.7	\$19,492,545	258,220	60.2	\$5,279,226	168,530	46.8	\$16,448,362	1,965,550
2040	1,553,102	315.6	\$19,726,435	259,917	55.2	\$5,322,236	170,891	42.8	\$16,486,888	1,983,910
2041	1,565,948	318.5	\$19,965,236	261,340	55.9	\$5,366,150	173,237	43.8	\$16,526,222	2,000,524
2042	1,577,368	321.0	\$20,209,052	262,486	56.5	\$5,410,985	173,495	44.3	\$16,566,383	2,013,349
2043	1,587,407	323.3	\$20,457,988	263,467	57.2	\$5,456,763	173,742	45.0	\$16,607,387	2,024,616
2044	1,596,347	325.2	\$20,712,151	264,250	57.4	\$5,503,501	173,924	45.0	\$16,649,251	2,034,521
2045	1,604,065	326.9	\$20,971,653	264,875	57.5	\$5,551,221	174,098	45.1	\$16,691,996	2,043,038
2046	1,610,063	328.3	\$21,236,603	265,385	57.6	\$5,599,943	174,265	45.1	\$16,735,637	2,049,714
2047	1,614,891	329.4	\$21,507,118	265,801	57.7	\$5,649,688	174,420	45.1	\$16,780,196	2,055,112
2048	1,618,600	330.2	\$21,783,313	266,119	57.8	\$5,700,478	174,562	45.2	\$16,825,690	2,059,281

#### TABLE 10-4 RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY HIGH CASE BUNDLES

	Bun	dle 1		Bunc	lle 2			Bundle 3		Total
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2019	23,198	9.8	\$3,120,952	27,435	6.6	\$6,363,690	341	0.2	\$332,843	50,975
2020	36,586	12.0	\$3,118,886	54,867	13.0	\$6,363,987	599	0.3	\$332,468	92,051
2021	49,961	14.5	\$3,115,332	82,295	19.4	\$6,362,519	856	0.5	\$332,086	133,111
2022	78,248	20.9	\$5,232,297	86,663	20.6	\$1,526,212	16,377	4.3	\$19,369,591	181,289
2023	108,319	28.3	\$5,977,652	91,585	22.7	\$1,746,329	32,122	9.0	\$21,517,516	232,026
2024	141,188	35.4	\$6,683,189	97,082	24.3	\$1,971,708	49,205	13.4	\$23,429,942	287,476
2025	173,338	42.5	\$6,881,050	102,697	26.0	\$2,032,929	66,111	17.7	\$23,449,677	342,145
2026	205,479	49.5	\$7,068,133	108,421	27.7	\$2,095,143	83,015	22.0	\$23,492,758	396,915
2027	237,938	56.4	\$7,269,600	114,255	29.3	\$2,155,272	99,929	26.0	\$23,552,141	452,122
2028	270,753	63.3	\$7,475,436	120,131	31.0	\$2,175,805	116,848	30.4	\$23,639,126	507,732
2029	301,040	70.3	\$7,686,281	126,029	33.1	\$2,218,797	133,790	35.2	\$23,728,791	560,859
2030	331,700	77.2	\$7,904,910	131,966	35.2	\$2,239,938	150,764	39.9	\$23,827,575	614,430
2031	361,073	83.9	\$8,122,660	137,926	37.3	\$2,254,596	167,740	44.6	\$23,898,008	666,740
2032	389,814	90.0	\$8,347,381	143,838	39.2	\$2,272,623	184,724	49.4	\$23,973,298	718,376
2033	417,168	96.9	\$8,576,490	149,598	41.4	\$2,325,334	201,709	54.3	\$24,045,140	768,475
2034	436,588	101.5	\$8,781,296	128,202	37.4	\$2,353,984	218,749	59.3	\$24,177,554	783,539
2035	455,740	106.1	\$8,998,424	106,805	34.2	\$2,379,717	227,369	62.5	\$24,324,420	789,913
2036	474,756	110.2	\$9,233,941	84,901	33.6	\$2,398,749	235,105	65.6	\$24,440,410	794,762
2037	484,242	112.8	\$9,417,925	87,395	34.8	\$2,424,947	239,650	67.0	\$24,584,958	811,287
2038	491,356	114.6	\$9,606,981	89,509	35.8	\$2,451,845	244,041	68.3	\$24,733,137	824,906
2039	496,296	115.8	\$9,799,907	90,657	36.3	\$2,479,120	247,909	69.1	\$24,881,587	834,861
2040	500,770	113.3	\$9,999,475	91,674	28.2	\$2,507,456	251,748	63.3	\$25,037,084	844,192
2041	505,021	114.8	\$10,204,142	92,555	28.9	\$2,536,441	255,569	64.8	\$25,195,365	853,144
2042	508,926	115.9	\$10,414,046	93,281	29.6	\$2,566,091	256,836	65.9	\$25,356,490	859,042

	Bun	dle 1		Bund	dle 2			Total		
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2043	512,597	117.1	\$10,629,328	93,906	30.6	\$2,596,424	257,871	67.0	\$25,520,522	864,374
2044	516,108	117.6	\$10,850,136	94,400	30.7	\$2,627,458	258,660	67.3	\$25,687,524	869,168
2045	519,456	118.6	\$11,076,619	94,807	30.9	\$2,659,209	259,518	67.5	\$25,857,561	873,780
2046	522,682	119.3	\$11,308,933	95,200	31.1	\$2,691,698	260,447	67.8	\$26,030,701	878,329
2047	525,764	120.0	\$11,547,235	95,567	31.2	\$2,724,943	261,399	68.0	\$26,207,013	882,730
2048	528,698	120.3	\$11,791,691	95,911	31.2	\$2,758,964	262,374	68.3	\$26,386,566	886,983

#### TABLE 10-5 C&I ENERGY EFFICIENCY HIGH CASE BUNDLES

	Bundle 1			Bunc	lle 2					
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Total Cumulative Annual MWH
2019	57,477	13.7	\$7,093,091	14,523	2.9	\$1,954,097	0	0.0	\$0	72,000
2020	121,341	28.9	\$7,881,212	30,659	6.1	\$2,171,219	0	0.0	\$0	152,000
2021	191,591	45.6	\$8,669,334	48,409	9.7	\$2,388,341	0	0.0	\$0	240,000
2022	265,782	63.8	\$9,950,709	69,247	13.9	\$2,980,242	212	0.0	\$122,109	335,241
2023	357,353	84.5	\$11,390,675	92,856	18.7	\$3,410,630	453	0.1	\$144,973	450,661
2024	460,073	107.8	\$12,865,470	115,102	23.0	\$3,845,820	729	0.2	\$169,243	575,905
2025	564,563	131.3	\$13,177,702	136,660	27.3	\$3,905,243	994	0.2	\$179,094	702,217
2026	671,249	155.1	\$13,499,059	158,115	31.5	\$4,009,217	1,318	0.3	\$203,018	830,682
2027	779,140	179.2	\$13,793,494	173,938	34.7	\$4,090,990	1,622	0.4	\$212,157	954,700
2028	884,060	203.2	\$14,097,942	188,205	37.4	\$4,163,030	1,946	0.4	\$223,096	1,074,211
2029	989,259	227.4	\$14,401,040	200,783	40.1	\$4,233,492	2,279	0.5	\$232,156	1,192,320
2030	1,094,671	251.7	\$14,706,383	212,613	42.4	\$4,300,868	2,587	0.6	\$240,430	1,309,871
2031	1,194,389	274.7	\$15,068,804	222,656	44.5	\$4,396,838	2,962	0.7	\$251,147	1,420,007
2032	1,293,369	297.7	\$15,389,107	231,606	46.2	\$4,466,576	3,242	0.7	\$259,428	1,528,217
2033	1,392,801	320.9	\$15,718,609	240,404	48.2	\$4,544,634	3,555	0.8	\$267,986	1,636,760

	Bun	dle 1		Bund	dle 2			Bundle 3		
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Total Cumulative Annual MWH
2034	1,444,869	331.8	\$16,025,361	246,064	49.4	\$4,592,180	3,921	0.9	\$251,784	1,694,855
2035	1,490,627	341.2	\$16,294,263	250,952	50.4	\$4,640,674	4,220	0.9	\$252,194	1,745,799
2036	1,529,542	349.1	\$16,543,019	255,199	51.2	\$4,684,795	4,489	1.0	\$252,630	1,789,230
2037	1,563,317	356.7	\$16,792,470	258,195	52.0	\$4,728,071	4,668	1.0	\$253,040	1,826,180
2038	1,588,929	362.5	\$17,047,370	260,381	52.4	\$4,772,492	4,836	1.0	\$253 <i>,</i> 482	1,854,145
2039	1,604,190	366.1	\$17,218,962	261,821	52.7	\$4,813,803	4,991	1.1	\$254,115	1,871,001
2040	1,617,963	369.5	\$17,397,902	263,077	52.8	\$4,857,023	5,144	1.1	\$254,816	1,886,184
2041	1,630,616	372.5	\$17,580,615	264,137	53.2	\$4,901,147	5,296	1.1	\$255,529	1,900,049
2042	1,641,902	375.2	\$17,767,183	265,058	53.4	\$4,946,195	5,425	1.1	\$256,255	1,912,385
2043	1,651,776	377.6	\$17,957,687	265,907	53.6	\$4,992,187	5,549	1.2	\$256,995	1,923,231
2044	1,660,529	379.7	\$18,152,214	266,668	53.6	\$5,039,143	5,677	1.2	\$257,748	1,932,874
2045	1,668,175	381.6	\$18,350,850	267,358	53.9	\$5,087,084	5,803	1.2	\$258,516	1,941,336
2046	1,674,244	383.2	\$18,553,685	267,980	54.0	\$5,136,031	5,927	1.2	\$259,297	1,948,151
2047	1,679,305	384.5	\$18,760,808	268,542	54.1	\$5,186,006	6,050	1.2	\$260,093	1,953,897
2048	1,683,451	385.6	\$18,972,313	269,039	54.1	\$5,237,031	6,172	1.3	\$260,904	1,958,662

#### TABLE 10-6 COMBINED RESIDENTIAL & C/I ENERGY EFFICIENCY HIGH CASE BUNDLES

	Bun	dle 1		Bund	lle 2					
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Total Cumulative Annual MWH
2019	80,676	20.5	\$10,214,043	41,958	8.4	\$8,317,788	341	0.2	\$332,843	122,975
2020	157,927	35.8	\$11,000,098	85,526	16.8	\$8,535,206	599	0.3	\$332,468	244,051
2021	241,552	53.2	\$11,784,666	130,704	25.4	\$8,750,860	856	0.5	\$332,086	373,111
2022	344,030	74.7	\$15,183,006	155,911	29.3	\$4,506,454	16,589	4.3	\$19,491,700	516,530
2023	465,672	99.3	\$17,368,327	184,441	35.0	\$5,156,959	32,575	9.1	\$21,662,489	682,687
2024	601,261	126.1	\$19,548,658	212,184	39.9	\$5,817,528	49,934	13.5	\$23,599,186	863,380

	Bun	dle 1		Bunc	lle 2			Bundle 3		
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Total Cumulative Annual MWH
2025	737,901	153.2	\$20,058,752	239,357	44.9	\$5,938,172	67,104	17.9	\$23,628,771	1,044,362
2026	876,728	180.4	\$20,567,192	266,536	49.8	\$6,104,360	84,332	22.3	\$23,695,776	1,227,597
2027	1,017,078	207.8	\$21,063,094	288,193	53.9	\$6,246,262	101,551	26.3	\$23,764,299	1,406,822
2028	1,154,813	235.2	\$21,573,377	308,336	58.1	\$6,338,835	118,794	30.8	\$23,862,222	1,581,943
2029	1,290,299	262.7	\$22,087,321	326,812	62.7	\$6,452,289	136,069	35.6	\$23,960,947	1,753,180
2030	1,426,371	290.2	\$22,611,293	344,579	67.0	\$6,540,806	153,351	40.5	\$24,068,004	1,924,301
2031	1,555,462	316.3	\$23,191,464	360,582	71.1	\$6,651,434	170,703	45.2	\$24,149,155	2,086,747
2032	1,683,183	342.2	\$23,736,488	375,445	74.7	\$6,739,198	187,966	50.1	\$24,232,726	2,246,594
2033	1,809,969	368.5	\$24,295,099	390,001	78.8	\$6,869,968	205,264	55.0	\$24,313,126	2,405,235
2034	1,881,457	381.6	\$24,806,657	374,266	78.4	\$6,946,164	222,671	60.1	\$24,429,338	2,478,394
2035	1,946,368	393.2	\$25,292,687	357,756	78.4	\$7,020,391	231,589	63.3	\$24,576,614	2,535,713
2036	2,004,298	402.9	\$25,776,960	340,100	80.0	\$7,083,544	239,594	66.5	\$24,693,040	2,583,992
2037	2,047,559	411.9	\$26,210,395	345,590	82.0	\$7,153,018	244,318	67.9	\$24,837,998	2,637,467
2038	2,080,285	418.6	\$26,654,351	349,889	83.4	\$7,224,337	248,877	69.3	\$24,986,618	2,679,051
2039	2,100,485	422.7	\$27,018,868	352,478	84.1	\$7,292,923	252,900	70.1	\$25,135,702	2,705,862
2040	2,118,734	424.5	\$27,397,378	354,750	75.8	\$7,364,479	256,892	64.3	\$25,291,900	2,730,376
2041	2,135,636	428.2	\$27,784,758	356,692	76.9	\$7,437,588	260,865	65.8	\$25,450,894	2,753,193
2042	2,150,828	431.4	\$28,181,229	358,339	77.9	\$7,512,287	262,261	66.9	\$25,612,746	2,771,428
2043	2,164,373	434.4	\$28,587,016	359,813	79.2	\$7,588,611	263,420	68.1	\$25,777,517	2,787,605
2044	2,176,636	436.7	\$29,002,350	361,068	79.3	\$7,666,601	264,337	68.3	\$25,945,272	2,802,042
2045	2,187,631	439.1	\$29,427,470	362,165	79.7	\$7,746,293	265,320	68.6	\$26,116,077	2,815,116
2046	2,196,926	441.0	\$29,862,617	363,180	80.0	\$7,827,729	266,374	68.9	\$26,289,998	2,826,480
2047	2,205,069	442.6	\$30,308,043	364,109	80.2	\$7,910,949	267,449	69.1	\$26,467,106	2,836,627
2048	2,212,149	443.9	\$30,764,004	364,951	80.2	\$7,995,995	268,546	69.4	\$26,647,470	2,845,645

#### TABLE 10-7 RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY LOW CASE BUNDLES

	Bur	ndle 1		Bunc	lle 2			Bundle 3		Total
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2019	23,198	9.8	\$3,120,952	27,435	6.6	\$6,363,690	341	0.2	\$332,843	50,975
2020	36,586	12.0	\$3,118,886	54,867	13.0	\$6,363,987	599	0.3	\$332,468	92,051
2021	49,961	14.5	\$3,115,332	82,295	19.4	\$6,362,519	856	0.5	\$332,086	133,111
2022	67,057	17.9	\$3,693,386	85,378	20.3	\$1,077,326	11,788	3.1	\$13,672,652	164,223
2023	80,583	21.1	\$3,145,994	87,958	21.8	\$919,105	19,788	5.5	\$11,324,952	188,330
2024	88,398	22.2	\$2,176,229	89,733	22.4	\$642,059	24,991	6.8	\$7,629,732	203,121
2025	98,997	24.3	\$2,259,234	91,562	23.2	\$667,483	30,547	8.2	\$7,699,466	221,105
2026	109,478	26.4	\$2,331,691	93,439	23.9	\$691,181	36,126	9.6	\$7,750,282	239,044
2027	120,124	28.5	\$2,403,991	95,362	24.5	\$712,748	41,722	10.9	\$7,788,791	257,208
2028	130,934	30.6	\$2,465,478	97,300	25.1	\$717,623	47,285	12.3	\$7,796,746	275,520
2029	138,938	32.5	\$2,527,813	99,190	26.1	\$729,723	52,841	13.9	\$7,804,080	290,969
2030	147,010	34.2	\$2,590,119	101,086	27.0	\$733,957	58,385	15.5	\$7,807,645	306,481
2031	153,611	35.7	\$2,666,453	102,993	27.9	\$740,144	63,949	17.0	\$7,845,398	320,554
2032	160,483	37.1	\$2,742,852	104,879	28.6	\$746,777	69,525	18.6	\$7,877,664	334,887
2033	166,671	38.7	\$2,821,829	106,574	29.5	\$765,100	75,114	20.2	\$7,911,632	348,359
2034	166,490	38.7	\$2,865,236	81,175	23.7	\$768,098	80,668	21.9	\$7,889,178	328,333
2035	166,212	38.7	\$2,906,788	55,783	17.9	\$768,747	80,196	22.0	\$7,857,910	302,192
2036	166,551	38.7	\$2,966,019	30,140	11.9	\$770,518	80,750	22.5	\$7,850,783	277,440
2037	162,319	37.8	\$2,979,384	29,764	11.9	\$767,158	81,095	22.7	\$7,777,830	273,178
2038	160,104	37.3	\$2,991,822	29,783	11.9	\$763,578	81,629	22.9	\$7,702,749	271,515
2039	160,690	37.5	\$3,004,621	29,767	11.9	\$760,110	82,239	22.9	\$7,628,932	272,696
2040	160,970	36.4	\$3,015,098	29,754	9.1	\$756,082	82,821	20.8	\$7,549,634	273,545
2041	160,950	36.6	\$3,024,888	29,801	9.3	\$751,915	83,435	21.2	\$7,469,153	274,186
2042	160,638	36.6	\$3,033,945	29,744	9.4	\$747,604	82,200	21.1	\$7,387,462	272,582

	Bur	ndle 1		Bund	dle 2				Total	
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2043	160,104	36.6	\$3,042,221	29,641	9.7	\$743,142	81,219	21.1	\$7,304,533	270,965
2044	159,406	36.3	\$3,049,667	29,473	9.6	\$738,523	80,597	21.0	\$7,220,336	269,477
2045	158,499	36.2	\$3,056,230	29,247	9.5	\$733,740	79,895	20.8	\$7,134,843	267,640
2046	157,355	35.9	\$3,061,858	28,980	9.5	\$728,787	79,110	20.6	\$7,048,023	265,445
2047	155,989	35.6	\$3,066,493	28,677	9.4	\$723,656	78,271	20.4	\$6,959,844	262,938
2048	154,399	35.1	\$3,070,076	28,340	9.2	\$718,340	77,389	20.1	\$6,870,273	260,129

#### TABLE 10-8 C&I ENERGY EFFICIENCY LOW CASE BUNDLES

	Bun	dle 1		Bund	dle 2				Total	
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2019	57,477	13.7	\$7,093,091	14,523	2.9	\$1,954,097	0	0.0	\$0	72,000
2020	121,341	28.9	\$7,881,212	30,659	6.1	\$2,171,219	0	0.0	\$0	152,000
2021	191,591	45.6	\$8,669,334	48,409	9.7	\$2,388,341	0	0.0	\$0	240,000
2022	248,101	59.6	\$7,766,287	64,673	13.0	\$2,326,007	165	0.0	\$95 <i>,</i> 303	312,939
2023	303,986	71.9	\$6,951,556	79,080	15.9	\$2,081,456	311	0.1	\$88,475	383,377
2024	352,724	82.7	\$6,104,372	87,465	17.5	\$1,824,754	441	0.1	\$80,302	440,630
2025	402,775	93.7	\$6,327,688	95,217	19.0	\$1,875,225	563	0.1	\$85,998	498,555
2026	454,614	105.1	\$6,566,999	102,848	20.5	\$1,950,397	718	0.2	\$98,764	558,181
2027	507,441	116.7	\$6,753,080	106,095	21.1	\$2,002,885	867	0.2	\$103,869	614,404
2028	557,928	128.2	\$6,950,520	109,141	21.7	\$2,052,443	1,027	0.2	\$109,990	668,096
2029	609,509	140.1	\$7,154,045	111,853	22.3	\$2,103,084	1,192	0.3	\$115,329	722,554
2030	662,290	152.3	\$7,348,353	115,417	23.0	\$2,149,019	1,346	0.3	\$120,136	779,053
2031	709,505	163.2	\$7,628,546	118,877	23.8	\$2,225,889	1,537	0.3	\$127,143	829,918
2032	756,216	174.1	\$7,850,025	123,116	24.6	\$2,278,412	1,671	0.4	\$132,335	881,003
2033	803,372	185.1	\$8,082,822	127,477	25.5	\$2,336,941	1,829	0.4	\$137,804	932,678

	Bur	ndle 1		Bund	dle 2			Bundle 3		Total
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2034	805,211	184.9	\$8,277,910	129,183	25.9	\$2,372,093	2,021	0.4	\$130,059	936,415
2035	802,716	183.8	\$8,430,729	130,434	26.2	\$2,401,107	2,177	0.5	\$130,486	935,328
2036	795,755	181.6	\$8,575,220	131,349	26.4	\$2,428,405	2,319	0.5	\$130,953	929,423
2037	797,463	182.0	\$8,727,313	132,058	26.6	\$2,457,253	2,391	0.5	\$131,509	931,913
2038	804,949	183.7	\$8,881,218	133,047	26.8	\$2,486,339	2,472	0.5	\$132,057	940,468
2039	816,379	186.3	\$8,962,071	134,291	27.1	\$2,505,473	2,560	0.5	\$132,261	953,230
2040	826,458	188.7	\$9,040,875	135,363	27.2	\$2,523,967	2,646	0.6	\$132,416	964,466
2041	835,266	190.8	\$9,121,319	136,219	27.4	\$2,542,853	2,729	0.6	\$132,576	974,213
2042	843,262	192.7	\$9,203,436	136,908	27.6	\$2,562,139	2,794	0.6	\$132,741	982,964
2043	850,337	194.4	\$9,287,257	137,486	27.7	\$2,581,832	2,859	0.6	\$132,911	990,682
2044	856,650	195.9	\$9,372,817	137,964	27.7	\$2,601,940	2,929	0.6	\$133,087	997,543
2045	861,999	197.2	\$9,460,150	138,346	27.9	\$2,622,471	2,996	0.6	\$133,269	1,003,340
2046	865,845	198.2	\$9,549,289	138,617	27.9	\$2,643,434	3,061	0.6	\$133,456	1,007,523
2047	868,723	198.9	\$9,640,272	138,817	28.0	\$2,664,838	3,125	0.6	\$133,649	1,010,665
2048	870,652	199.4	\$9,733,133	138,944	27.9	\$2,686,690	3,187	0.6	\$133,848	1,012,783

#### TABLE 10-9 COMBINED RESIDENTIAL AND C/I ENERGY EFFICIENCY LOW CASE BUNDLES

	Bun	dle 1		Bun	dle 2				Total	
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2019	80,676	20.5	\$10,214,043	41,958	8.4	\$8,317,788	341	0.2	\$332,843	122,975
2020	157,927	35.8	\$11,000,098	85,526	16.8	\$8,535,206	599	0.3	\$332,468	244,051
2021	241,552	53.2	\$11,784,666	130,704	25.4	\$8,750,860	856	0.5	\$332,086	373,111
2022	315,158	68.9	\$11,459,673	150,051	28.4	\$3,403,332	11,953	3.1	\$13,767,956	477,163
2023	384,569	82.9	\$10,097,550	167,038	32.1	\$3,000,560	20,100	5.6	\$11,413,427	571,707
2024	441,121	94.1	\$8,280,602	177,198	34.0	\$2,466,813	25,432	6.9	\$7,710,034	643,751

	Bur	ndle 1		Bun	dle 2		Bundle 3 Cumulative Cumulative Budget		Total	
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2025	501,772	106.2	\$8,586,922	186,779	36.0	\$2,542,708	31,109	8.3	\$7,785,464	719,659
2026	564,092	118.5	\$8,898,690	196,287	37.9	\$2,641,578	36,845	9.7	\$7,849,046	797,225
2027	627,566	131.2	\$9,157,071	201,457	38.9	\$2,715,633	42,589	11.0	\$7,892,660	871,611
2028	688,862	143.7	\$9,415,998	206,441	40.1	\$2,770,066	48,312	12.5	\$7,906,736	943,616
2029	748,446	156.4	\$9,681,858	211,044	41.6	\$2,832,807	54,033	14.1	\$7,919,409	1,013,523
2030	809,300	169.3	\$9,938,472	216,503	43.2	\$2,882,976	59,732	15.7	\$7,927,780	1,085,535
2031	863,116	180.9	\$10,295,000	221,870	44.8	\$2,966,033	65,486	17.3	\$7,972,541	1,150,472
2032	916,699	192.4	\$10,592,876	227,995	46.3	\$3,025,189	71,196	18.9	\$8,009,999	1,215,891
2033	970,042	204.1	\$10,904,651	234,051	48.2	\$3,102,041	76,944	20.6	\$8,049,436	1,281,037
2034	971,701	203.9	\$11,143,145	210,358	44.8	\$3,140,191	82,689	22.3	\$8,019,237	1,264,747
2035	968,929	202.7	\$11,337,517	186,217	40.8	\$3,169,854	82,374	22.5	\$7,988,396	1,237,519
2036	962,306	200.5	\$11,541,238	161,489	36.1	\$3,198,923	83,069	23.0	\$7,981,736	1,206,863
2037	959,782	200.4	\$11,706,697	161,822	36.3	\$3,224,411	83,486	23.1	\$7,909,339	1,205,090
2038	965,053	201.9	\$11,873,040	162,829	36.5	\$3,249,917	84,101	23.3	\$7,834,806	1,211,983
2039	977,070	204.6	\$11,966,692	164,058	36.7	\$3,265,583	84,799	23.4	\$7,761,193	1,225,926
2040	987,428	206.4	\$12,055,973	165,116	34.2	\$3,280,049	85,467	21.3	\$7,682,050	1,238,011
2041	996,216	208.6	\$12,146,207	166,020	34.6	\$3,294,768	86,164	21.7	\$7,601,729	1,248,399
2042	1,003,900	210.5	\$12,237,380	166,652	34.9	\$3,309,743	84,994	21.6	\$7,520,203	1,255,546
2043	1,010,441	212.1	\$12,329,478	167,127	35.3	\$3,324,974	84,078	21.7	\$7,437,444	1,261,647
2044	1,016,057	213.5	\$12,422,484	167,437	35.2	\$3,340,463	83,526	21.5	\$7,353,424	1,267,019
2045	1,020,498	214.7	\$12,516,380	167,592	35.3	\$3,356,212	82,890	21.3	\$7,268,112	1,270,980
2046	1,023,199	215.6	\$12,611,147	167,597	35.3	\$3,372,222	82,171	21.2	\$7,181,479	1,272,968
2047	1,024,712	216.1	\$12,706,764	167,494	35.2	\$3,388,494	81,396	20.9	\$7,093,493	1,273,603
2048	1,025,051	216.4	\$12,803,209	167,284	35.1	\$3,405,030	80,576	20.7	\$7,004,122	1,272,911
2036	962,306	200.5	\$11,541,238	161,489	36.1	\$3,198,923	83,069	23.0	\$7,981,736	1,206,863

	Bur	ndle 1		Bun	dle 2				Total	
Year	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative MWH	Cumulative MW	Budget	Cumulative Annual MWH
2037	959,782	200.4	\$11,706,697	161,822	36.3	\$3,224,411	83,486	23.1	\$7,909,339	1,205,090
2038	965,053	201.9	\$11,873,040	162,829	36.5	\$3,249,917	84,101	23.3	\$7,834,806	1,211,983
2039	977,070	204.6	\$11,966,692	164,058	36.7	\$3,265,583	84,799	23.4	\$7,761,193	1,225,926
2040	987,428	206.4	\$12,055,973	165,116	34.2	\$3,280,049	85 <i>,</i> 467	21.3	\$7,682,050	1,238,011
2041	996,216	208.6	\$12,146,207	166,020	34.6	\$3,294,768	86,164	21.7	\$7,601,729	1,248,399
2042	1,003,900	210.5	\$12,237,380	166,652	34.9	\$3,309,743	84,994	21.6	\$7,520,203	1,255,546
2043	1,010,441	212.1	\$12,329,478	167,127	35.3	\$3,324,974	84,078	21.7	\$7,437,444	1,261,647
2044	1,016,057	213.5	\$12,422,484	167,437	35.2	\$3,340,463	83,526	21.5	\$7,353,424	1,267,019
2045	1,020,498	214.7	\$12,516,380	167,592	35.3	\$3,356,212	82,890	21.3	\$7,268,112	1,270,980
2046	1,023,199	215.6	\$12,611,147	167,597	35.3	\$3,372,222	82,171	21.2	\$7,181,479	1,272,968
2047	1,024,712	216.1	\$12,706,764	167,494	35.2	\$3,388,494	81,396	20.9	\$7,093,493	1,273,603
2048	1,025,051	216.4	\$12,803,209	167,284	35.1	\$3,405,030	80,576	20.7	\$7,004,122	1,272,911

# 11 Summary

This update incorporates data provided by NIPSCO regarding forecasts for annual kWh sales and system peak load, customers, electric avoided costs and other key planning assumptions. This report also captures insights from NIPSCO's 2016 AEG Potential Study as well as NIPSCO's current and planned program offerings for the 2019 to 2021 period described in NIPSCO's 2019 to 2021 DSM Plan.

This report provides the following information, findings and recommendations:

- 1 A detailed plan identifying recommended cost-effective energy efficiency and demand response savings, measures and programs. The report also identifies best practices and programs for implementing successful DSM programs in the NIPSCO service area.
- 2 Consideration of innovative programs and technologies.
- 3 Provides forecasts of program and portfolio budgets for each proposed program.
- 4 Provides a lifetime cost analysis (by providing the levelized cost per lifetime kWh saved for each energy efficiency measure as well as measure cost effectiveness calculations).
- 5 Provides a cost-effectiveness comparison or ranking for all technologies (measures) reviewed.
- 6 Provides UCT test cost-effectiveness results for each proposed program in the main body of the report and results for other cost effectiveness tests in the report's appendices.

**APPENDIX A** Energy Efficiency-Residential Sector Measure Costs, Savings, Useful Lives, Cost of Conserved Energy

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Appendix B

Electricity Savings Data								Cost Data	ge 240				
						Electric	Electric	Electric	Electric				
Measure Number R 101	Name of Energy Efficient or Promotion Measure Freezers	Fuel Type E	<b>Group</b> Residential Appliances	Units Unit	Average Units per customer participant 1	Annual kWh savings per unit (at the meter) 886	Coincident Peak kW savings per unit (at the meter) 0.13	Non Coincident kW savings per unit (at the meter) 0.13	Source of electric deemed savings Incremental cost is actual cost of removal and recycling. Deemed savings for freezer recycling for NIPSCO listed in TRM	Measure life	Incremental cost to Participant to install measure - Year1 \$ 50.00	Source Incremental cost Incremental cost is actual cost of removal and recycling. Deemed savings for freezer recycling for NIPSCO listed in TRM	Incentive per unit - Year1 \$ 50.00
R102	Refrigerators	E	Residential Appliances	Unit	1	761	0.112	0.112	Incremental cost is actual cost of removal and recycling. Deemed savings for refrigerator recycling for NIPSCO listed in TRM	12	\$ 50.00	Incremental cost is actual cost of removal and recycling. Deemed savings for refrigerator recycling for NIPSCO listed in TRM	\$ 50.00
R104	Electronic Report Elec	E	Residential	Home	1	107	0.029	0.029	2015 EM&V Results	1	\$ -	2015 EM&V Results	\$ -
R105	Total Employee Education Kits Electric (Bath aerator, kitchen aerator, HVAC whistle, LED lamps, LED nightlight, showerhead)	E	Residential Cooling	Kit	1	258	0.030	0.030	0	12		0	\$ 25.00
R108	Attic Insulation - Electric Only	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	679	0.000	0.000	2015 EM&V Results and TRM 2.2	25	\$ 500.00	2015 EM&V Results and TRM 2.2	\$ 500.00
R111	Audit Recommendations - Electric Only	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	21	0.012	0.012	2015 EMV ex post savings energy assumptions, 2016 demand assumptions, incremental cost reduced to time required to provide reccommendations	1	\$ 35.44	2015 EMV ex post savings energy assumptions, 2016 demand assumptions, incremental cost reduced to time required to provide	\$ 35.00
R113	Bathroom Aerator 1.0 gpm - Electric	E	Residential Appliances	Aerator	2	42	0.011	0.011	IN TRM 2.2	10	\$ 5.00	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 5.00
R115	HVAC Filter Whistle	E	Residential Cooling	Whistle	1	58	0.023	0.023	PA TRM	14	\$ 5.00	PA TRM	\$ 5.00
R116	Kitchen Aerator 1.5 gpm - Electric	E	Residential Appliances	Aerator	1	182	0.008	0.008	IN TRM 2.2	10	\$ 5.00	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 5.00
R118	LED - 9 W	E	Residential Interior Lighting	Lamp	10	29	0.005	0.005	Averaged between HEA EM&V and TRM 2.2	15	\$ 10.00	Averaged between HEA EM&V and TRM 2.2	\$ 10.00
R119	LED Outdoor Lighting 9W	E	Residential Exterior Lighting	Lamp	5	82	0.000	0.000	Averaged between HEA EM&V kWh savings calc with 60W base and 9 W eff. Assumed 4300 hours	15	\$ 10.00	Averaged between HEA EM&V kWh savings calc with 60W base and 9 W eff. Assumed 4300 hours	\$ 10.00
R120	Low Flow Showerhead 1.5 gpm - Electric	E	Residential Water Heating	Showerhead	2	271	0.013	0.013	IN TRM 2.2	10	\$ 10.00	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 10.00
R122	Pipe Wrap - Electric (per foot)	E	Residential Water Heating	Foot	10	19	0.002	0.002	Average between TRM calcs (22.28 kWh) and 2015 EMV reporting 14.86 kWh	15	\$ 10.00	Average between TRM calcs (22.28 kWh) and 2015 EMV reporting 14.86 kWh	\$ 7.50
R125	Prescriptive Duct Sealing Package Gas & Electric 2014 savings - Electric	E	Residential Heating	Per Home	1	829	0.374	0.374	2015 EM&V report pg 67	20	\$ 200.00	2015 EM&V report pg 67	\$ 200.00
R127	Total Home Life EE Calculator and Kit Electric ( (Bath aerator, kitchen aerator, HVAC whistle, LED lamps, LED nightlight, showerhead)	E	Residential Cooling	Kit	1	258	0.030	0.030	0	12	\$ 20.61	C	\$ 20.61

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#### APPENDIX A

Appendix B

Electricity Savings Data Cost Data Page 241													
						Electric	Electric	Electric	Electric				
Measure Number	Name of Energy Efficient or Promotion Measure	Fuel Type	Group	Units	Average Units per customer participant	Annual kWh savings per unit (at the meter)	Coincident Peak kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Non Coincident kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Source of electric deemed savings	Measure life	Incremental cost to Participant to install measure - Year1	Source Incremental cost	Incentive per unit - Year1
R129	Air Conditioner 15+ SEER	E	Residential Cooling	Unit	1	174	0.325	0.325	The calc is for a energy efficient centrail A/C and the numbers are way under the deemed savings. Central Air Conditioning (Time of Sale) The efficient equipment is a ducted, split central air conditioning unit meeting the minimum ENERGY STAR efficiency level standards of 14.5 SEER and 12 EER. The baseline condition is a new replacement unit meeting the minimum federal efficiency standard of 13 SEER and 11 EER.	18	\$ 535.00	The calc is for a energy efficient centrail A/C and the numbers are way under the deemed savings. Central Air Conditioning (Time of Sale) The efficient equipment is a ducted, split central air conditioning unit meeting the minimum ENERGY STAR efficiency level standards of 14.5 SEER and 12 EER. The baseline condition is a new replacement unit meeting the minimum federal efficiency standard of 13 SEER and	\$ 125.00
R130	Heat Pump with ECM	E	Residential Cooling	Unit	1	1,159	0.250	0.250	Central Air Source Heat Pump (Time of Sale) The efficient equipment is a ducted, split central heat pump unit meeting the minimum ENERGY STAR efficiency level standards of 14.5 SEER, 12 EER, and 8.2 HSPF. The baseline condition is a new replacement unit meeting the minimum federal efficiency standard of 13 SEER, 11 EER, and 7.7 HSPF. Three ton unit. South Bend heating and cooling hours were used for calc. Used South Bend heating and cooling hours for calc. ECMs have a deemed savings of 415 kWh and an incremental cost of \$250. ES ASHP Calculator shos 944 kWh annual savings with incremental cost of \$1000. Used same assumptions with TRM 2.2 calcs and averaged the two	18	\$ 1,250.00	11 FFR Central Air Source Heat Pump (Time of Sale) The efficient equipment is a ducted, split central heat pump unit meeting the minimum ENERGY STAR efficiency level standards of 14.5 SEER, 12 EER, and 8.2 HSPF. The baseline condition is a new replacement unit meeting the minimum federal efficiency standard of 13 SEER, 11 EER, and 7.7 HSPF. Three ton unit. South Bend heating and cooling hours were used for calc. Used South Bend heating and cooling hours were used for calc. Used South Bend heating and cooling hours for calc. ECMs have a deemed savings of 415 kWh and an incremental cost of \$250. ES ASHP Calculator shos 944 kWh annual savings with incremental cost of \$1000. Used same assumptions with TRM 2.2 calcs and averaged the two	\$ 175.00

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#### APPENDIX A

Appendix B

						Electricity Savings Data				Cost Data Page 242			
						Electric	Electric	Electric	Electric				
Measure Number	Name of Energy Efficient or Promotion Measure	Fuel Type	Group	Units	Average Units per customer participant	Annual kWh savings per unit (at the meter)	Coincident Peak kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Non Coincident kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Source of electric deemed savings	Measure life	Incremental cost to Participant to install measure - Year1	Source Incremental cost	Incentive per unit - Year1
R137	Smart WiFi Programmable Thermostat - Heat Pump	E	Residential Cooling	Thermostat	1	718	0.202	0.202	IN TRM 2.2 - BTUH numbers from pg 135 of 2015 EM&V report, plus pg 70 for Elec Heat BTUH, reduced savings by 20% to account for CADMUS consistently low savings	15	\$ 250.00	IN TRM 2.2 - BTUH numbers from pg 135 of 2015 EM&V report, plus pg 70 for Elec Heat BTUH, reduced savings by 20% to account for CADMUS consistently low savings	\$ 45.00
1102	20% Infil. Reduction - Electric Resistance Heated	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	3,116	0.000	0.000	2015 EM&V report pg 67	15	\$ 200.00	2015 EM&V report pg 67	\$ 200.00
1105	Attic Insulation - Electric Resistance Heated (R11-R38)	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	679	0.000	0.000	Weighted average of TRM 2.2 with assumed 29206 btuh cooling and 32587 btuh heating calc (31.62 therms) at 75% and 2015 EMV pg 133 average of 89.62 therms at 25%	25	\$ 500.00	Weighted average of TRM 2.2 with assumed 29206 btuh cooling and 32587 btuh heating calc (31.62 therms) at 75% and 2015 EMV pg 133 average of 89.62 therms at 25%	\$ 500.00
1108	Audit Recommendations - Electric Only	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	21	0.012	0.012	2015 energy assumptions, 2016 demand assumptions, incremental cost reduced to time required to provide reccommendations	1	\$ 35.00	2015 energy assumptions, 2016 demand assumptions, incremental cost reduced to time required to provide reccommendations	\$ 35.00
1110	Bathroom Aerator 1.0 gpm - Electric	E	Residential Appliances	Aerator	2	42	0.011	0.011	IN TRM 2.2	10	\$ 5.00	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 5.00
1113	Duct 20% leakage Reduction - Electric Resistance Heated	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	829	0.136	0.136	TRM 2.2 with assumed 29206 btuh cooling and 32587 btuh heating	20	\$ 200.00	TRM 2.2 with assumed 29206 btuh cooling and 32587 btuh heating	\$ 200.00
1115	Exterior LEDs	E	Residential Exterior Lighting	Lamp	5	82	0.000	0.000	IN TRM 2.2 Assume 9w LED replacing 60w Incandescent. Hours = 902. ISR = 1. WHF for South Bend	15	\$ 10.00	IN TRM 2.2 Assume 9w LED replacing 60w Incandescent. Hours = 902. ISR = 1. WHF for South Bend	\$ 10.00
1116	HVAC Filter Whistle	E	Residential Cooling	Whistle	1	58	0.023	0.023	PA TRM	14	\$ 5.00	PA TRM	\$ 5.00
1117	Interior LEDs	E	Residential Interior Lighting	Lamp	10	29	0.005	0.005	IN TRM 2.2 Assume 9w LED replacing 60w Incandescent. Hours = 902. ISR = 1. WHF for South Bend	15	\$ 10.00	IN TRM 2.2 Assume 9w LED replacing 60w Incandescent. Hours = 902. ISR = 1. WHF for South Bend	\$ 10.00
1118	Kitchen Aerator 1.5 gpm - Electric	E	Residential Appliances	Aerator	1	182	0.008	0.008	IN TRM 2.2	10	\$ 5.00	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 5.00
1120	Low Flow Showerhead 1.5 gpm - Electric	E	Residential Water Heating	Showerhead	2	271	0.013	0.013	IN TRM 2.2	10	\$ 10.00	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 10.00
1122	Pipe Wrap - Electric (per foot)	E	Residential Water Heating	Foot	10	19	0.003	0.003	IN TRM 2.2	15	\$ 10.00	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 7.50
1124	Programmable Thermostat - Electric Resistance Heated	E	Residential Cooling	Thermostat	1	378	0.200	0.200	Reduced HEA savings by 75% Demand from p. F-12 in 2015 EM&V	15	\$ 35.00	Reduced HEA savings by 75% Demand from p. F-12 in 2015 EM&V	\$ 35.00
1126	Refrigerator Replacement	E	Residential Appliances	0	1	169	0.024	0.024	IN TRM 2.2 savings divided by the number of applicable years	9	\$ 600.00	IN TRM 2.2 savings divided by the number of applicable years	\$ 600.00
1127	Wall Insulation - Electric Resistance Heated (R11-R21)	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	973	0.000	0.000	IN TRM 2.2 South Bend table, p. 383	20	\$ 500.00	IN TRM 2.2 South Bend table. p. 383	\$ 500.00
1129	Water Heater Temperature Setback - Elec DHW	E	Residential Water Heating	0	1	86	0.010	0.010	IN TRM 2.2	4	\$ 5.00	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 5.00

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#### APPENDIX A

Appendix B

Electricity Savings Data Cost Data Page								ge 243					
						Electric	Electric	Electric	Electric				
Measure Number	Name of Energy Efficient or Promotion Measure	Fuel Type	Group	Units	Average Units per customer participant	Annual kWh savings per unit (at the meter)	Coincident Peak kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Non Coincident kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Source of electric deemed savings	Measure life	Incremental cost to Participant to install measure - Year1	Source Incremental cost	Incentive per unit - Year1
R138	Bathroom Aerator 1.0 gpm -	E	Residential	Aerator	2	42	0.011	0.011	IN TRM 2.2	10	\$ 7.50	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 7.50
	Electric		Appliances								4		4
R140	Kitchen Aerator 1.5 gpm - Electric	E	Appliances	Aerator	1	182	0.008	0.008	IN TRM 2.2	10	\$ 9.00	IN TRM 2.2	Ş 9.00
R142	LED - 9 W	E	Residential Interior Lighting	Lamp	1	29	0.005	0.005	Averaged between HEA EM&V and TRM 2.2	15	Ş 12.00	Averaged between HEA EM&V and TRM 2.2	\$ 12.00
R143	Low Flow Showerhead 1.5 gpm - Electric	E	Residential Water Heating	Showerhead	2	272	0.013	0.013	IN TRM 2.2	10	\$ 15.00	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 15.00
R145	Pipe Wrap - Electric (per foot)	E	Residential Water Heating	Foot	10	19	0.003	0.003	IN TRM 2.2	15	\$	IN TRM 2.2	\$ 7.50
R148	Smart WiFi Programmable Thermostat -Electric Heat	E	Residential Cooling	Thermostat	1	467	0.131	0.131	IN TRM 2.2 - BTUH numbers from pg 135 of 2015 EM&V report, plus pg 70 for Elec Heat BTUH, reduced savings by 20% to account for CADMUS consistently low savings	15	\$ 250.00	IN TRM 2.2 - BTUH numbers from pg 135 of 2015 EM&V report, plus pg 70 for Elec Heat BTUH, reduced savings by 20% to account for CADMUS consistently low savings	\$ 45.00
R149	New Construction - Gold Electric	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	1,551	1.310	1.310	LM Database	15	\$ 612.25	LM Database	\$ 387.75
R151	New Construction - Platinum	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	1,707	1.350	1.350	LM Database	15	\$ 1,073.25	LM Database	\$ 426.75
R153	New Construction - Silver Electric	E	Residential Cooling	Home	1	1,519	0.900	0.900	LM Database	15	\$ 370.25	LM Database	\$ 379.75
R155	LED General Service (Base = 44.33 W)	E	Residential Interior Lighting	Lamp	10	26	0.004	0.004	TRM 2.2 Table Pg 132 Hours = 902, WHFe = -0.07, WHFd = .038, WHFg = -0.0019	15	\$ 3.37	TRM 2.2 Table Pg 132 Hours = 902, WHFe = - 0.07, WHFd = .038, WHFg = -0.0019	\$ 3.00
R156	LED Fixtures (Base = 88.88 W)	E	Residential Exterior Lighting	Lamp	5	56	0.008	0.008	TRM 2.2 Table Pg 132 Hours = 902, WHFe = -0.07, WHFd = .038, WHFg = -0.0019	15	\$ 3.37	TRM 2.2 Table Pg 132 Hours = 902, WHFe = - 0.07, WHFd = .038, WHFg = -0.0019	\$ 3.00
R157	LED Reflectors (Base = 47.74 W)	E	Residential Interior Lighting	Lamp	5	28	0.004	0.004	TRM 2.2 Table Pg 132 Hours = 902, WHFe = -0.07, WHFd = .038, WHFg = -0.0019	15	\$ 3.37	TRM 2.2 Table Pg 132 Hours = 902, WHFe = - 0.07, WHFd = .038, WHFg = -0.0019	\$ 3.00
R158	LED Specialty (Base = 23.66 W)	E	Residential Miscellaneous	Lamp	5	14	0.002	0.002	TRM 2.2 Table Pg 132 Hours = 902, WHFe = -0.07, WHFd = .038, WHFg = -0.0019	15	\$ 3.37	TRM 2.2 Table Pg 132 Hours = 902, WHFe = - 0.07, WHFd = .038, WHFg = -0.0019	\$ 3.00
R159	Total School Kits Electric (Bath aerator, kitchen aerator, HVAC whistle, LED lamps, LED nightlight, showerhead)	E	Residential Cooling	Kit	1	258	0.030	0.030		12	\$ 20.61	0	\$ 20.61
New Measure	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Appliances_Electri c_Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Behavior Program		1	25.5	0	0.003	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ 1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02
New Measure	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Appliances_Electri c_Clothes Dryer	E	Residential Appliances		1	195.9	0	0.023	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ 15.50	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ -
New Measure	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Appliances_Electri c_Freezer	E	Residential Appliances		1	222.7	0	0.029	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ 11.00	\$ 87.67	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 65.04
New Measure	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Appliances_Electri c_Refrigerator	E	Residential Appliances		1	205.1	0	0.024	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ 17.00	\$ 140.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 103.87
New Measure	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Electronics_Electri c_Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Behavior Program		1	11.5	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ 1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02

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India de la control d	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	17.6	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	4.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
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Harty Existing instructure for interval state         Norm Accord interval sta	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	19.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	8.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
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sover-starting-lifeting-scape of source starting scape of source starting scale scape of source starting scale scale scale scale scale scale scale	New Measure	Residential Mobile	E	Residential		1	17.2	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ś	5.00	Ś 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ś 0.01	
C Productive Name		 Home_Existing_Electronics_Electri		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study				· · ·		
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and production straining strainin	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	16.2	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$ 1	.0.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
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Home Exating Microlamonds         Image         Im	New Measure	Residential Mobile	E	Residential		1	10.1	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ś	1.00	Ś 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ś 5.02	
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Informacy standing control is control without standing with a standing	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	108.9	0	0.009	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$ 1	2.00	\$ 45.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 33.39	
Instantial Mobile Hore Measure         Estiminal Mobile (Enc., Furnage Faint (Enc., Furnage Faint)         E         Residential Appliances         1         1/1         1/1         0         0.010         August 2016 MPSCD Energy (Enc., Furnage Faint)         5         20.00         5         96.66         2016 NPSCD Pet-Study (Enc., Furnage Faint)         0         0.010         August 2016 NPSCD Energy (Enc., Furnage Faint)         5         20.00         5          2016 NPSCD Pet-Study (Enc., Furnage Faint)		Home_Existing_Wiscellaneous_Ele		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
Inter-Extrange Antonionaur, Inter-Extrange Muchilaneur, Inter-Extrage Muchilaneur, Inter-Extrange Muchilaneur, Inter-Ex	New Measure	Residential Mobile	F	Residential		1	121.1	0	0.010	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ś 3	0.00	\$ 98.65	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ś 73.19	
diff_Funces Pain         image         discription Model holes, Excelling, Model hole		 Home_Existing_Miscellaneous_Ele	_	Appliances		_		_		Efficiency Potential Study	-		,	,	,	
New Measure Residential, Mobile reric, twit Tud 7 gas         E         Residential Appliances         E         Residential Appliances         1         36.4         0         0.037         August 2016 NIPSCO frenzy Etition, Mobile Structure         5         15.00         5         2016 NIPSCO Pet. Study		ctric_Furnace Fan														
Index         Index <th< td=""><td>New Measure</td><td>Residential_Mobile</td><td>E</td><td>Residential</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>396.4</td><td>0</td><td>0.034</td><td>August 2016 NIPSCO Energy</td><td>\$ 3</td><td>5.00</td><td>\$ -</td><td>2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study</td><td>\$ -</td></th<>	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	396.4	0	0.034	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$ 3	5.00	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ -	
New Measure Meddential, Mobile (cric, Pool pump.         E         Readential Appliances         1         434.2         0         0.037         August 2016 NMSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study         5         1.000         5         1.000         2016 NMSCO Pot. Study         5         1.000         2.010 NMSCO Pot. Study         5         1.000         2.016 NMSCO Pot. Study         5         2.020         5		Home_Existing_Wiscellaneous_Ele		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
Home. Existing. Micelaneous. Ele (rev. Vel Pump)         Applances         Image: Control Pump)         Efficiency Potential Study         Image: Control Pump)         Image: Control Pump) <td>New Measure</td> <td>Residential Mobile</td> <td>E</td> <td>Residential</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>434.2</td> <td>0</td> <td>0.037</td> <td>August 2016 NIPSCO Energy</td> <td>\$ :</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>\$ 175.00</td> <td>2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study</td> <td>\$ 129.83</td>	New Measure	Residential Mobile	E	Residential		1	434.2	0	0.037	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$ :	0.00	\$ 175.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 129.83	
chr.e. Pool Pump		Home_Existing_Miscellaneous_Ele		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study	-			,		
New Messure Residential_Mobile (ric, well Pump (ric, well Pump (ric, well Pump (ric, well Pump (ric, well Pump)         E         Reidential (ric, well Pump)         E         Reidential (ric, well Pump)         E         Reidential (ric, well Pump)         Num Nessure (ric, well Pump)         Solution (ric, well Pu		ctric_Pool Pump														
Indite	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	142.8	0	0.012	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$ 2	20.00	\$ 110.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 81.61	
New Measure       Residential_Mobile home_New_Applances_Electric_L program       E       Residential behavior program       1       25.6       0       0.003       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       5       1.00       5       6.77       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       5       5       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       5       5       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       5		ctric Well Pump		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
Indre., New Appliances, Electric, B AppliancesBehavior ProgramIndre.EndeEnd	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	25.6	0	0.003	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02	
ehavioral programs       image: program       image: programs <t< td=""><td></td><td>Home_New_Appliances_Electric_B</td><td></td><td>Behavior</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Efficiency Potential Study</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		Home_New_Appliances_Electric_B		Behavior						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure Inform       Residential Mobile recer       Residential Mobile recer       Residential Mobile recer       1       195.9       0       0.022       Adjust 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       5       1.5.0       5       -       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       5       5       -       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       5		ehavioral Programs	_	Program												
Initial warp print warp print warp print warp print warp warp in the subscript warp warp warp warp warp warp warp warp	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	195.9	0	0.023	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ş :	.5.50	Ş -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ş -	
New Measure Home, New_Appliances_Electric_F       E       Residential Appliances       I       222.7       0       0.029       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       5       11.00       5       87.67       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       5       65.04         New Measure ergerar       Residential Mobile tigrerator       E       Residential Appliances       1       205.1       0       0.024       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       5       140.00       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       5       103.87         New Measure environal Programs       Residential Mobile ehavioral Programs       E       Residential Appliances       1       13.4       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       5       1.00       5       67.77       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       5       5.02         New Measure environal Programs       E       Residential Appliances       1       17.6       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       5       0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       5       0.01         New Measure mome_New_Electronics_Electric_ Momitor       E       Residential Appliances       1       17.6       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       5       0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study		lothes Drver		Appliances						Enciency Potential Study						
Home, New_Appliances_Electric, recer       Image: New Appliances       Appliances       Image: New Appliances       Appliances       Image: New Appliances <td>New Measure</td> <td>Residential_Mobile</td> <td>E</td> <td>Residential</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>222.7</td> <td>0</td> <td>0.029</td> <td>August 2016 NIPSCO Energy</td> <td>\$ :</td> <td>1.00</td> <td>\$ 87.67</td> <td>2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study</td> <td>\$ 65.04</td>	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	222.7	0	0.029	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$ :	1.00	\$ 87.67	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 65.04	
recer         i <td></td> <td>Home_New_Appliances_Electric_F</td> <td></td> <td>Appliances</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Efficiency Potential Study</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		Home_New_Appliances_Electric_F		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure Information       New Measure Information       Residential Mome_New_Electronics_Electric personal Company       East and applances       Residential mail       Information       Information <thinformation< th="">       Information</thinformation<>		reezer Residential Mahile	-	o 11 11 1		-	205.4	2	0.004		<i>c</i>	7.00	<i>ć</i> 140.00		ć 102.07	
Inclusion prime       Inclusion prim       Inclusion prime       I	New Measure	Home New Appliances Electric B	E	Appliances		T	205.1	0	0.024	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ş.,	17.00	Ş 140.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 103.87	
New Measure Home_New_Electronics_Electric_ aptops       E       Residential Behavior Program       1       13.4       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Pentengy Efficiency Potential Study       5       6.77       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$       5.02         New Measure Applances       E       Residential Appliances       1       17.6       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$       0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$       0.01         New Measure And potops       E       Residential Appliances       1       17.6       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$       0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$       0.01         New Measure Home_New_Electronics_Electric_ Monitor       E       Residential Appliances       1       19.1       0       0.002       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$       0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$       0.01         New Measure ersonal Computers       E       Residential Appliances       1       67.7       0       0.006       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$       0.01       \$       0.01       \$       0.01       \$       0.01       \$       0.01       \$       0.01       \$       0.0		efrigerator		Appliances						Enciency Potential Study						
Home_New_Electronics_Electronics_Program       Behavior       Behavior       Behavior       Behavior       Behavior       Benavior       Behavior       Behavior       Benavior       Benavior       Benavior       Behavior       Benavior	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	13.4	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02	
ehavioral programs       program       image and programs       program       image and programs       program       image and programs       image an		Home_New_Electronics_Electric_B		Behavior						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure aptops       Residential_Mobile home_New_Electronics_Electric_ monitor       E       Residential poinces       Image is a bit in the solution of the solution o	N	ehavioral Programs	r.	Program		1	17.0	0	0.001	August 2016 NURSCO Franzis	ć	4.00	ć 0.01	2016 NURSCO Data Studio	ć 0.01	
and note and point       and po	New Measure	Home New Electronics Electric L	E	Appliances		Ŧ	17.6	0	0.001	Efficiency Potential Study	Ş	4.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
New Measure       Residential_Mobile       E       Residential Appliances       I       19.1       0       0.002       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$ 8.00       \$ 0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$ 0.01         New Measure       Residential_Mobile       E       Residential Appliances       I       19.1       0       0.002       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$ 0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$ 0.01         New Measure       Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_P ersonal Computers       E       Residential Appliances       1       67.7       0       0.006       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$ 0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$ 0.01         New Measure       Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_P is an and the poliances       1       17.2       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$ 0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$ 0.01         New Measure       Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_P is an and the poliances       1       17.2       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$ 0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$ 0.01         Prioter/Grav/Gravier       Electronics_Electric_P is an and the poliances       1       17.2       0		aptops		Appliances						Endency Potential Study						
Home_New_Electronics_Electric_       Monitor       Appliances       Image: Monitor       Efficiency Potential Study       Image: Monitor       M	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	19.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	8.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
Monitor		Home_New_Electronics_Electric_		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure resonal Computers       E       Residential Appliances       I       D//       0       0.00b       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$       0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$       0.01         New Measure ristor/ac/Conjutrs       Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_P ristor/ac/Conjutrs       E       Residential Appliances       1       17.2       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$       0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$       0.01	Now Measure	Monitor Residential Mobile	-	Desidential		1	<u> </u>	0	0.000	August 2016 NIDECO France	ć	4.00	ć cot	2016 NURSCO Det St.	ć oot	
ersonal Computers     responded     responded     responded     responded     responded       New Measure home_New_Electronics_Electric     E     Residential     1     17.2     0     0.001     August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study     \$ 0.01     \$ 0.01     \$ 0.01	ivew ivieasure	Home New Electronics Electric P	E	Appliances		1	67.7	U	0.006	Efficiency Potential Study	Ş	4.00	ş 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ş 0.01	
New Measure Home_New_Electronics_Electric_P       E       Residential Appliances       1       17.2       0       0.001       August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study       \$ 5.00       \$ 0.01       2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study       \$ 0.01		ersonal Computers		ppiunces						ensiency rotentiar study						
Home_New_Electronics_Electric_P Appliances Efficiency Potential Study	New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	17.2	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	5.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
		Home_New_Electronics_Electric_P		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						

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	R		TIAL ENERG		NCY MEASU	JRE ANNUAL	KWH AND K	W SAVINGS	COSTS, USEFUL LIVES, DA	ATA S	SOUR	CES (9/13/2018)	Appe	ndix B	
						Ele	ectricity Savings Da	ata					Cost Data Page 245		
		r		1	1	Electric	Electric	Electric	Electric						
Measure Number	Name of Energy Efficient or Promotion Measure	Fuel Type	Group	Units	Average Units per customer participant	Annual kWh savings per unit (at the meter)	Coincident Peak kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Non Coincident kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Source of electric deemed savings	Meas	sure life	Incremental cost to Participant to install measure - Year1	Source Incremental cost	Incentive per unit - Year1	
New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	16.2	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	10.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
	Vs		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	10.0	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02	
	Home_New_Miscellaneous_Electri		Behavior						Efficiency Potential Study						
	c_Behavioral Programs		Program							4					
New Measure	Residential_viobile	E	Residential		1	108.9	0	0.009	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ş	12.00	Ş 45.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 33.39	
	c Dehumidifier		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure	Residential Mobile	E	Residential		1	121.1	0	0.010	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	20.00	\$ 98.65	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 73.19	
	Home_New_Miscellaneous_Electri		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
	c_Furnace Fan														
New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	396.4	0	0.034	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	15.00	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ -	
	Home_New_Miscellaneous_Electri		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
Now Moscuro	c_Hot Tub / Spa Residential Mobile	E	Residential		1	124.2	0	0.027	August 2016 NIRSCO Eporar	ć	10.00	¢ 175.00	2016 NIRSCO Rot Study	ć 120.92	
New Measure	Home New Miscellaneous Electri	L	Appliances		1	434.2	0	0.037	Efficiency Potential Study	Ş	10.00	Ş 175.00	2010 NIFSCO FOL Study	Ş 125.05	
	c Pool Pump		, ippnances						Enterior Potential Stady						
New Measure	Residential_Mobile	E	Residential		1	142.8	0	0.012	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	20.00	\$ 110.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 81.61	
	Home_New_Miscellaneous_Electri		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
	c_Well Pump														
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_A	E	Residential		1	18.3	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ş	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02	
	ppliances_Electric_Benavioral		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure	Residential Multifamily Existing A	F	Residential		1	218.6	0	0.026	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ś	15 50	¢ _	2016 NIPSCO Pot Study	Ś.	
inem medbare	ppliances Electric Clothes Dryer	-	Appliances		-	210.0	Ū	0.020	Efficiency Potential Study	Ŷ	10.00	Ŷ	2010 111 000 1 01 01044	Ŷ	
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_A	E	Residential		1	234.5	0	0.030	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	11.00	\$ 87.67	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 65.04	
	ppliances_Electric_Freezer		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_A	E	Residential		1	216.2	0	0.025	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	17.00	\$ 140.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 103.87	
	ppliances_Electric_Refrigerator	_	Appliances				-		Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_E	E	Residential		1	10.9	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ş	1.00	Ş 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ş 5.02	
	Programs		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure	Residential Multifamily Existing E	E	Residential		1	18.5	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	4.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
	ectronics_Electric_Laptops		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study				· ·		
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_E	E	Residential		1	20.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	8.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
	ectronics_Electric_Monitor	-	Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_E	E	Residential		1	71.3	0	0.007	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ş	4.00	Ş 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ş 0.01	
	Computers		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure	Residential Multifamily Existing El	E	Residential		1	18.2	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ś	5.00	Ś 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ś 0.01	
	ectronics_Electric_Printer/Fax/Cop		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study				,		
	ier														
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_E	E	Residential		1	17.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	10.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01	
	ectronics_Electric_TVs	-	Appliances		-			0.001	Efficiency Potential Study	6	1.00	<i>6 6</i> 77		ć	
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_ Miscellapeous_Electric_Behavioral	E	Residential		1	1.1	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ş	1.00	Ş 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ş 5.02	
	Programs		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study						
New Measure	Residential Multifamily Existing	E	Residential		1	114.6	0	0.010	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ś	12.00	Ś 45.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	Ś 33.39	
	Miscellaneous_Electric_Dehumidifi		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study				,		
	er														
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_	E	Residential		1	70.8	0	0.006	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	20.00	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$-	
	Miscellaneous_Electric_Furnace		Appliances		1				Efficiency Potential Study	1					
New Measure	Fan Residential Multifamily Evicting	E	Residential		1	117 2	0	0.020	August 2016 NIPSCO Enorgy	ċ	15.00	ć	2016 NIPSCO Pot Study	ć	
new weasure	Miscellaneous Electric Hot Tub /	E	Appliances		T	417.5	U	0.058	Efficiency Potential Study	Ş	15.00	- <sup>د</sup>	2010 NIPSCO POL Study	۔ ب	
	Spa		ppiunces						enciency rotential Study						
New Measure		E	Residential		1	457.0	0	0.042	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	10.00	\$ 175.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 129.83	
	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_		Appliances		1				Efficiency Potential Study	1					
1	Miscellaneous Electric Pool Pump	1		1	1			1		1		1		1	

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Appendix B

Electricity Savings Data											Cost Data Page 240						
						Electric	Electric	Electric	Electric								
Measure Number	Name of Energy Efficient or Promotion Measure	Fuel Type	Group	Units	Average Units per customer participant	Annual kWh savings per unit (at the meter)	Coincident Peak kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Non Coincident kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Source of electric deemed savings	Mea	sure life	Incremental cost to Participant to install measure - Year1	Source Incremental cost	Incentive per unit - Year1			
New Measure		E	Residential		1	185.3	0	0.017	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	\$	20.00	\$ 110.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 81.61			
	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_ Miscellaneous_Electric_Well Pump		Appliances						Efficiency Potential Study				,				
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Appl iances_Electric_Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Appliances		1	18.0	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Appl iances_Electric_Clothes Dryer	E	Residential Appliances		1	218.6	0	0.026	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	15.50	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ -			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Appl iances_Electric_Freezer	E	Residential Appliances		1	234.5	0	0.030	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	11.00	\$ 87.67	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 65.04			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Appl iances_Electric_Refrigerator	E	Residential Appliances		1	216.2	0	0.025	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	17.00	\$ 140.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 103.87			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Elec tronics_Electric_Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Appliances		1	11.5	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Elec tronics_Electric_Laptops	E	Residential Behavior Program		1	18.5	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	4.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Elec tronics_Electric_Monitor	E	Residential Appliances		1	20.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	8.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Elec tronics_Electric_Personal Computers	E	Residential Appliances		1	71.3	0	0.007	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	4.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Elec tronics Electric Printer/Fax/Copier	E	Residential Appliances		1	18.2	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	5.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Elec tronics_Electric_TVs	E	Residential Appliances		1	17.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	10.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Misc ellaneous_Electric_Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Behavior Program		1	7.8	0	0.001	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Misc ellaneous Electric Dehumidifier	E	Residential Appliances		1	114.6	0	0.010	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	12.00	\$ 45.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 33.39			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Misc ellaneous Electric Furnace Fan	E	Residential Appliances		1	70.8	0	0.006	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	20.00	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$-			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Misc ellaneous Electric Hot Tub / Spa	E	Water Heating		1	417.3	0	0.038	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	15.00	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ -			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Misc ellaneous_Electric_Pool Pump	E	Residential Appliances		1	457.0	0	0.042	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	10.00	\$ 175.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 129.83			
New Measure	Residential_Multifamily_New_Misc ellaneous_Electric_Well Pump	E	Residential Appliances		1	185.3	0	0.017	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	20.00	\$ 110.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 81.61			
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Appliances_Electri c Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Behavior Program		1	33.0	0	0.004	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02			
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Appliances_Electri c Clothes Dryer	E	Residential Appliances		1	245.8	0	0.029	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	15.50	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$-			
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Appliances_Electri c Freezer	E	Residential Appliances		1	234.9	0	0.030	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	11.00	\$ 87.67	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 65.04			
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Appliances_Electri c_Refrigerator	E	Residential Appliances		1	217.1	0	0.025	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	17.00	\$ 140.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 103.87			
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Electronics_Electri c Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Appliances		1	17.0	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02			
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Electronics_Electri c_Laptops	E	Residential Appliances		1	18.5	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	4.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01			

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						Electricity Savings Data							Cost Data Pa	Cost Data Page 247		
						Electric	Electric	Electric	Electric							
Measure Number	Name of Energy Efficient or Promotion Measure	Fuel Type	Group	Units	Average Units per customer participant	Annual kWh savings per unit (at the meter)	Coincident Peak kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Non Coincident kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Source of electric deemed savings	Measur	e life	Incremental cost to Participant to install measure - Year1	Source Incremental cost	Incentive per unit - Year1		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Electronics_Electri	E	Residential Appliances		1	20.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	8.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Electronics_Electri c Personal Computers	E	Residential Appliances		1	71.3	0	0.008	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	4.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Electronics_Electri c_Printer/Fax/Copier	E	Residential Appliances		1	18.2	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	5.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Electronics_Electri	E	Residential Appliances		1	17.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ :	10.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Ele	E	Residential Behavior		1	17.8	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02		
New Measure	Ctric_Benavioral Programs Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Ele ctric_Dehumidifier	E	Program Residential Appliances		1	114.6	0	0.013	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ :	12.00	\$ 45.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 33.39		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Ele ctric_Furnace Fan	E	Residential Appliances		1	129.5	0	0.015	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ 2	20.00	\$ 98.65	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 73.19		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Ele ctric_Hot Tub / Spa	E	Water Heating		1	417.3	0	0.048	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ :	15.00	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ -		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Ele ctric_Pool Pump	E	Residential Appliances		1	464.7	0	0.054	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ :	10.00	\$ 175.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 129.83		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Ele ctric_Pool Pump - Timer	E	Residential Appliances		1	544.9	0	0.063	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ :	LO.OO	\$ 30.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 22.26		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Ele ctric_Well Pump	E	Residential Appliances		1	187.0	0	0.022	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ 2	20.00	\$ 110.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 81.61		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Appliances_Electric_ Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Behavior Program		1	33.1	0	0.004	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Appliances_Electric_ Clothes Dryer	E	Residential Appliances		1	245.8	0	0.029	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ :	15.50	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ -		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Appliances_Electric_F reezer	E	Residential Appliances		1	234.9	0	0.030	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ :	L1.00	\$ 87.67	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 65.04		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Appliances_Electric_ Refrigerator	E	Residential Appliances		1	217.1	0	0.025	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$ :	17.00	\$ 140.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 103.87		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Electronics_Electric_ Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Appliances		1	19.6	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Electronics_Electric_L aptops	E	Residential Appliances		1	18.5	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	4.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Electronics_Electric_ Monitor	E	Residential Appliances		1	20.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	8.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Electronics_Electric_ Personal Computers	E	Residential Appliances		1	71.3	0	0.008	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	4.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Electronics_Electric_ Printer/Fax/Copier	E	Residential Appliances		1	18.2	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	5.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 0.01		

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RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY MEASURE ANNUAL KWH AND KW SAVINGS, COSTS, USEFUL LIVES, DATA SOURCES (9/13/2018)											Appendix B					
						Electric	ctricity Savings Da	ta	Electric				Cost Data Page 248			
Measure	Name of Energy Efficient or	FuelType	Group	Units	Average Units per customer	Annual kWh savings per unit	Coincident Peak kW savings per unit (at the	Non Coincident kW savings per unit (at the	Source of electric deemed savings	Meas	ure life	Incremental cost to Participant to install	Source Incremental cost	Incentive per unit - Veer1		
New Measure	Residential Single	F	Residential	Units	1	17.1	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy	Ś	10.00	\$ 0.01	2016 NIPSCO Pot Study			
New Weasure	Family_New_Electronics_Electric_ TVs	L	Appliances		Ť	17.1	Ū	0.002	Efficiency Potential Study	Ļ	10.00	Ş 0.01	2010 Nil 300 Fot. Study	Ş 0.01		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Miscellaneous_Electri c. Behavioral Programs	E	Residential Behavior Program		1	17.4	0	0.002	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	1.00	\$ 6.77	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 5.02		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Miscellaneous_Electri c Dehumidifier	E	Residential Appliances		1	114.6	0	0.013	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	12.00	\$ 45.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 33.39		
New Measure		E	Residential Appliances		1	129.5	0	0.015	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	20.00	\$ 98.65	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 73.19		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Miscellaneous_Electri c Hot Tub / Spa	E	Water Heating		1	417.3	0	0.048	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	15.00	\$ -	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ -		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Miscellaneous_Electri c_Pool Pump	E	Residential Appliances		1	457.0	0	0.053	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	10.00	\$ 175.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 129.83		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Miscellaneous_Electri c_Pool Pump - Timer	E	Residential Appliances		1	524.7	0	0.061	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	Ş	10.00	\$ 30.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 22.26		
New Measure	Residential_Single Family_New_Miscellaneous_Electri c_Well Pump	E	Residential Appliances		1	187.0	0	0.022	August 2016 NIPSCO Energy Efficiency Potential Study	\$	20.00	\$ 110.00	2016 NIPSCO Pot. Study	\$ 81.61		
New Measure	Residential Dryer Vent Cleaning (10% of average annual kWh use of 967 kWh)	E			1	96.7	0	0.000	The source of the savings percenatge is a GDS literature search of reports prepared by the U.S. Department of Energy, the U.S. EPA Energy Star Program, the Consumer Product Safety Commission, LBNL and the National Fire Protection Association.	Ş	1.00	\$ 80.00	GDS literature search	\$ 59.35		
New Measure	Residential Refrigerator Coil Cleaning	E			1	20.0	0	0.000		\$	1.00	\$ 4.50		\$ 3.34		
New Measure	Low Income Whole House Energy Efficiency Program	E	HVAC, Building Envelope, Lighting, Appliances		1	2366.0	1.3	1.680	GDS obtained estimates of per participant program costs, kWh and kW savings and measure lives from a January 2018 evaluation of the Ameren Illinois residential income qualfied whole house retrofit program.	\$	15.00	\$ 9,557.00	January 2018 imapct and process evaluation of the Ameren Illinois residential income qualfied whole house retrofit program	\$ 9,557.00		
New Measure	High Efficiency Clothes Washer	E	Residential Appliances		1	162.7	0.021	0.021	Delta watts calculation	\$	14.00	\$ 65.00	GDS literature search	\$ 48.22		
New Measure	R118E HEA LED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for Measure 20 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$	15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37		
New Measure	R119E HEA LED Outdoor Lighting 9W (Replaces original forecast for M 22 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$	15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37		
New Measure	I115E IQW Exterior LEDs (Replaces original forecast for M 63 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$	15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37		
New Measure	I117E IQW Interior LEDs (Replaces original forecast for M 65 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$	15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37		
New Measure	R142E MFDI LED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 84 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$	15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37		

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RESIDENTIAL ENERGY FEFICIENCY MEASURE ANNITAL KWH AND KW SAVINGS, COSTS, LISEFUL LIVES, DATA SOURCES (0/13/2018)												Apper	ndix B
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	Electric Electric Electric Electric												
Measure Number	Name of Energy Efficient or Promotion Measure	Fuel Type	Group	Units	Average Units per customer participant	Annual kWh savings per unit (at the meter)	Coincident Peak kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Non Coincident kW savings per unit (at the meter)	Source of electric deemed savings	Measure life	Incremental cost to Participant to install measure - Year1	Source incremental cost	Incentive per unit - Year1
New Measure	R142E MFDI LED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 98 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$ 15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37
New Measure	R142E MFDI LED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 99 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$ 15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$
New Measure	R142E MFDI LED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 100 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$ 15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37
New Measure	R142E MFDI LED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 101 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$ 15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37
New Measure	R175E HomeEE LED lamps (Replaces original forecast for M 118 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$ 15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37
New Measure	R184E SchE LED lamps (Replaces original forecast for M 127 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$ 15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37
New Measure	R166E EmE LED lamps (Replaces original forecast for M 109 after 2021)	E	Lighting		1	7.0	0.01	0.010	Delta watts calculation	\$ 15.00	\$ 0.50	GDS literature search	\$ 0.37
New Measure	Electric Heat Pump Water Heater	E	Water Heating		1	1913.0	0.218	0.218	GDS literature search	\$ 13.00	\$ 1,100.00	GDS literature search	\$ 816.08
New Measure	Residential Solar Water Heating System	E	Water Heating		1	2059.0	0.6	0.600	GDS literature search	\$ 20.00	\$ 4,500.00	GDS literature search	\$ 3,338.52

**APPENDIX B** Energy Efficiency-Commercial Sector Measure Costs, Savings, Useful Lives, Cost of Conserved Energy

#### APPENDIX B - COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL (C&I) APPENDIX C&I MEASURE DATA AND SOURCES

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	Brogram	Sartor	Endline	Maxima Maria	linite	Average Units per Customer	Annual kWh Savings (At	Summer CP kW Savings (At	Source of Electric Swiner	Heaful Ha	Source of Heaful Hea	Incremental	Pag	e 251 Source of Incommental Measure Cost
1	Custom	Industrial	Motors	Compressed Air	Project	1	50,000	9.259	Lockheed Martin Measure database	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$7,884.52	\$4,026.00	Lockheed Martin Measure database
2	Custom Custom	Commercial	Cooling Exterior Lighting	HVAC - Chillers Lighting - Exterior - LED	Project Project	1	50,000	9.259	Lockheed Martin Measure database Lockheed Martin Measure database	20	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$7,884.52 \$1,340.00	\$4,026.00 \$805.20	Lockheed Martin Measure database Lockheed Martin Measure database
4	lustom	Industrial	Exterior Lighting	Lighting - Exterior - Other	Project	1	5,000	0.000	Lockheed Martin Measure database	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$670.00	\$402.60	Lockheed Martin Measure database
6	Lustom	Commercial	Exterior Lighting	Lighting - Exterior - 15-18 Lighting - Exterior -CFLs	Project	1	7,500	0.000	Lockneed Martin Measure database	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$1,005.00	\$603.90	Lockheed Martin Measure database
7	Custom	Commercial	Interior Lighting	Lighting - Interior - LED	Project	1	15,000	3.333	Lockheed Martin Measure database	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$2,010.00	\$1,207.80	Lockheed Martin Measure database
8	Lustom	Industrial	Interior Lighting	Lighting - Interior - Other Lighting - Interior - T5-T8	Project	1	10,000	2.222	Lockneed Martin Measure database	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$1,340.00	\$603.90 \$805.20	Lockheed Martin Measure database
10	Custom	Commercial	Office Equipment	Lighting - Interior -CFLs	Project	1	10,000	2.222	Lockheed Martin Measure database	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$1,340.00	\$805.20	Lockheed Martin Measure database
11	Custom	Commercial	Office Equipment	Non-Lightng Other	Project	1	40,000	7.407	Lockneed Martin Measure database	10	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$6,307.61	\$2,818.20	Lockheed Martin Measure database
13	Custom	Commercial	Water Heating	Process-E	Project	1	150,000	27.778	Lockheed Martin Measure database	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$23,653.55	\$12,078.00	Lockheed Martin Measure database
14	Custom	Commercial	Refrigeration	Pumps + Fans Refrigeration	Project	1	20,000	3.704	Lockheed Martin Measure database Lockheed Martin Measure database	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$3,153.81 \$3,153.81	\$1,610.40	Lockheed Martin Measure database Lockheed Martin Measure database
16	New Construction	Commercial	Office Equipment	Elec - Other Systems	Project	1	50,000	9.259	Ameren UE NC Pgm	10	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$4,500.00	\$3,905.00	Ameren UE NC Pgm
17	Vew Construction	Commercial	Cooling	HVAC	Project	1	150,000	27.778	Ameren UE NC Pgm	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$50,000.00	\$11,715.00	Ameren UE NC Pgm
19	New Construction	Commercial	Exterior Lighting	Lighting Upgrades - Exterior	Project	1	100,000	0.000	Ameren UE NC Pgm	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$75,000.00	\$7,810.00	Ameren UE NC Pgm
20	New Construction	Commercial	Cooling	Motors & Drives	Project	1	100,000	18.519	Ameren UE NC Pgm	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$75,000.00	\$7,810.00	Ameren UE NC Pgm
22	New Construction	Commercial	Water Heating	Process-E	Project	1	200,000	10.000	Ameren UE NC Pgm	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$4,095.56	\$15,620.00	Lockheed Martin Historical Measure databse
23	Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	Air Source HP to 5.4 Tons (14+ SEER)	Ton	5	122	0.106	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$5,657.50 \$8.80	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
25	Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	Air Source HP - 11.3 - 20 Tons (11+ SEER)	Ton	15	207	0.097	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$15.40	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
20	rescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	Air Source HP - 20.1 - 65.5 Tons (10.1+ SEER) Air Source HP - 5.4 - 11.3 Tons (11.5+ SEER)	Ton	8	151	0.157	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$19.80	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM V. 2.2
28	Prescriptive	Commercial	Refrigeration	Anti-Sweat Heater Controls - Cooler	Door	4	541	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$250.00	\$40.70	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
30	Prescriptive	Industrial	Motors	Compressed Air - Engineered Nozzle per shift25" nozzle	Nozzle/Shift	4	1,278	0.500	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$14.00	\$101.20	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM V. 2.2
31	Prescriptive	Industrial	Motors	Compressed Air - Engineered Nozzle per shift125" nozzle	Nozzle/Shift	4	430	0.163	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$14.00	\$31.90	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
33	Prescriptive	Commercial	Refrigeration	ECM Freezer Motors	Motor	1	532	0.085	2016 MEMD	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$78.00	\$39.60	2016 MEMD
34	rescriptive	Commercial	Heating	ECM on Furnace	Motor	1	1,348	0.140	2016 MEMD	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$468.13	\$101.20	2016 MEMD
35	Prescriptive	Commercial	Refrigeration	ENERGY STAR Commercial Freezer to 15tt ENERGY STAR Commercial Freezer 50ft+	Unit	2	6,052	0.129	MEMD 2016 MEMD 2016	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$150.00	\$456.50	MEMD 2016 MEMD 2016
37	Prescriptive	Commercial	Food Preparation	ENERGY STAR Commercial Freezer 15-30 ft	Unit	1	1,544	0.176	MEMD 2016	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$166.00	\$115.50	MEMD 2016
38	Prescriptive	Commercial	Office Equipment	ENERGY STAR Commercial Preezer 30-50 ft ENERGY STAR Commercial Refrigerator to 15ft	Unit	2	3,775	0.431	MEMD 2016 MEMD 2016	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$250.00	\$286.00	MEMD 2016 MEMD 2016
40	Prescriptive	Commercial	Office Equipment	ENERGY STAR Commercial Refrigerator 50ft+	Unit	2	1,437	0.164	MEMD 2016	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$900.00	\$110.00	MEMD 2016
41	Prescriptive	Commercial	Office Equipment	ENERGY STAR Commercial Refrigerator 15-30ft ENERGY STAR Commercial Refrigerator 30- 50ft	Unit	2	988	0.085	MEMD 2016 MEMD 2016	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$750.00	\$55.00	MEMD 2016 MEMD 2016
43	Prescriptive	Commercial	Water Heating	ENERGY STAR Dishwasher - Multi-Tank Conv - High Temp -Elec Heat	Dishwasher	1	27,408	4.170	2016 MEMD	20	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$970.00	\$550.00	2016 MEMD
44	rescriptive	Commercial	Water Heating	ENERGY STAR Dishwasher - Multi-Tank Conv - Low Temp -Elec Heat ENERGY STAR Dishwasher - Single Tank Conv - High Temp- Elect Heat	Dishwasher	1	9,212	2.860	2016 MEMD 2016 MEMD	20	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$2,050.00	\$495.00	2016 MEMD
46	rescriptive	Commercial	Food Preparation	ENERGY STAR Fryer Replacing Non-ENERGY STAR model	Fryer	1	983	0.220	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$500.00	\$82.50	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
47	Prescriptive Prescriptive	Commercial	Food Preparation Food Preparation	ENERGY STAR Griddle Replacing Non-ENERGY STAR model ENERGY STAR Holding Cabinet Half Size ENERGY STAR	Cabinet	2	1,788	0.330	Indiana I RM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$2,090.00	\$550.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
49	Prescriptive	Commercial	Food Preparation	ENERGY STAR Ice Machine - 1000+ Ib	Machine	1	958	0.148	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	9	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$1,821.00	\$71.50	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
50	Prescriptive	Commercial	Food Preparation	ENERGY STAR ICe Machine - 500-1000 Ib ENERGY STAR Oven - Combo	Oven	1	18,432	3.530	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$1,485.00	\$50.60	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM V. 2.2
52	Prescriptive	Commercial	Food Preparation	ENERGY STAR Oven - Convection	Oven	1	3,235	0.620	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$1,113.00	\$242.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
54	rescriptive	Commercial	Food Preparation	ENERGY STAR Steamer - 4 Pan	Steamer	1	6,416	1.331	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$3,500.00	\$594.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
55	rescriptive	Commercial	Food Preparation	ENERGY STAR Steamer - 5 Pan	Steamer	1	8,727	2.350	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$3,500.00	\$660.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
55	rescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	Ground Source HP - to 11.25 Tons 14.3+ SEER	Ton	8	236	0.172	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$3,500.00	\$17.60	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM V. 2.2
58	rescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	Ground Source HP - to 11.25 Tons 17.3+ SEER	Ton	8	401	0.300	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$29.70	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
60	rescriptive	Commercial	Office Equipment	LED to 10W Replacing Incandescent to 25W (2019 - 2021)	Lamp	50	3,278	0.960	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$1,110.00	\$2.20	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM V. 2.2
61	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED 12W Replacing Incandescent 25-45W (2019 - 2021)	Lamp	25	65	0.034	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$12.00	\$4.40	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
63	rescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED 17W Replacing Incandescent 40-05W (2019 - 2021) LED 17W Replacing Incandescent 66-90W (2019 - 2021)	Lamp	25	118	0.062	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$20.00	\$8.80	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
64	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED 20W Replacing Incandescent 90+W (2019 - 2021)	Lamp	25	160	0.084	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$24.00	\$11.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
66	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED 2x2 Recessed Fixture Replacing T22 2 tamp 0-tube	Fixture	25	63	0.021	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$75.00	\$4.40	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
67	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED 2x4 Recessed Fixture Replacing T12 4ft 3 Lamp or 4 Lamp	Fixture	25	294	0.098	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$125.00	\$22.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
69	Prescriptive	Commercial	Office Equipment	LED Exit Sign Retrofit-Replacement	Fixture	25	81	0.009	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$125.00	\$5.50	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
70	Prescriptive	Commercial Industrial	Exterior Lighting	LED Exterior Replacing HID to 175W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage	) 2	688	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$209.90	\$49.50	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
72	Prescriptive	Industrial	Exterior Lighting	LED Exterior Replacing HID 251-400W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage	) 10	1,453	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$269.90	\$110.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
73	Prescriptive	Commercial Commercial	Exterior Lighting Refrigeration	LED Exterior Replacing HID176-250W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage Door	) 10	907	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$209.90	\$68.20	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
74	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED Interior Replacing HID to 175W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage	) 25	424	0.160	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$16.00	\$44.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
76	Prescriptive	Industrial	Interior Lighting	LED Interior Replacing HID 1000W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage	) 10	2,730	0.780	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$200.00	\$209.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
78	Prescriptive	Industrial	Interior Lighting	LED Interior Replacing HID176-250W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage	) 25	1,183	0.338	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$30.00	\$55.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
79	Prescriptive	Commercial	Refrigeration	LED Refrigerated Display Case Lighting	Door	4	394	0.021	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$150.00	\$29.70	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
81	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED Tube Relamp Replacing T8	Lamp	25	51	0.022	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$20.00	\$4.95 \$3.85	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
82	Prescriptive	Commercial	Refrigeration	Motion Sensors on LED cases	Door	4	160	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$12.25	\$12.10	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
84	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	Occupancy Sensor 100W 199W Connected Load	Sensor	1	66	0.011	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$42.00	\$4.95	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
85	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	Occupancy Sensor - 200W - 500W Connected Load	Sensor	1	383	0.063	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$66.00	\$28.60	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
86	Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	Programmable Thermostat - Electric Cooling and Heat Programmable Thermostat - Electric Cooling	1000 Sq Ft	4	2/3	0.000	Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$70.34	\$20.35	Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio
88	Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	Programmable Thermostat - Heat Pump	1000 Sq Ft	4	242	0.000	Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$70.34	\$18.15	Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio
89 90	Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	PTAC - to 0.58 TORS 14+ SEER PTAC - 1.25+ TORS 14+ SEER	Ton	0.5	88	0.091	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM V. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$6.60	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
91	Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	PTAC - 0.58 - 1.25 Tons 14+ SEER	Ton	1	88	0.091	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$6.60	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
92 93	rescriptive Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	PTHP - to 0.58 Tons 14+ SEER PTHP - 1.25+ Tons 14+ SEER	Ton	0.5	108	0.091	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$8.25 \$8.25	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
94	Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	PTHP - 0.58 - 1.25 Tons 14 SEER	Ton	1	100	0.091	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$8.25	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
95 96	Prescriptive Prescriptive	Industrial Commercial	Cooling Interior Lighting	RTU AC - 65,000 - 135,000 BTHU 11+ EER T12 4ft Delamping Replacing T12 Fixture	I on Removed	10	119	0.124	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00 \$10.00	\$8.80 \$3.30	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
97	Prescriptive	Industrial	Interior Lighting	T5 4ft 2 Lamp Replacing to 175W	Fixture	25	372	0.093	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$60.00	\$27.50	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
98	Prescriptive	Industrial	Interior Lighting	T5 4ft 3 Lamp Replacing HID 250W	Fixture Fixture (L&R)	25	448	0.112	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$90.00	\$33.00	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
100	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 1 Lamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 1 Lamp	Fixture (L&B)	25	40	0.014	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$20.00	\$2.75	Indiana TRM v. 2.2
101	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 2 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 2 Lamp T8 4ft 2 Lamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 2 Lamp	Fixture (L&B) Fixture (L&B)	25	114	0.038	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$22.50	\$7.70	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
102	Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 3 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 3 Lamp	Fixture (L&B)	25	168	0.056	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$25.00	\$12.10	Indiana TRM v. 2.2

#### APPENDIX B - COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL (C&I) APPENDIX C&I MEASURE DATA AND SOURCES

#### NIPSCO 2018 IRP

C&I MEASURE DATA AND SOURCES												
					Average Units per Customer	Annual kWh Savings (At	Summer CP kW Savings (At				Incremental	Page 252
# Program	Sector	End Use	Measure Name	Units Eisturo (L&R)	Participant	the Meter)	the Meter)	Source of Electric Savings	Useful Life	Source of Useful Life	Measure Cost	Incentive Cost Source of Incremental Measure Cost
105 Prescriptive	Commercial	Exterior Lighting	T8 4ft 3 Lamp Replacing HD to 175W	Fixture (L&B)	25	504	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$125.00	\$38.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
106 Prescriptive	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 4 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 4 Lamp	Fixture (L&B)	25	222	0.074	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$27.50	\$15.40 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
108 Prescriptive	Industrial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 4 Lamp Replacing HID 250W	Fixture	10	708	0.177	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$150.00	\$49.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
109 Prescriptive	Industrial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 6 Lamp Replacing HID 400W	Fixture	10	992	0.248	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$175.00	\$71.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
110 Prescriptive	Industrial	Cooling	Unitary AC Unit - 136,000-240,000 BTUH 11+ EER Unitary AC Unit- 241.000 - 760.000 BTUH 10.1+ EER	Ton	40	119	0.124	Indiana TRM V. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$7.70 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
112 Prescriptive	Industrial	Motors	VFD - Chilled Water Pump 1-20HP	HP	10	1,096	0.073	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$199.00	\$82.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
113 Prescriptive	Industrial	Motors Motors	VFD - Condenser Water Pump 1-20HP VFD - Hot Water Pump 1-20HP	HP	10	5,951	0.566	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$199.00	\$445.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2 \$412.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
115 Prescriptive	Industrial	Motors	VFD - Return Fan 1-20HP	HP	10	1,129	0.186	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$199.00	\$84.70 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
116 Prescriptive	Industrial	Motors	VFD - Supply Fan 1-20HP	HP	10	1,287	0.278	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$199.00	\$96.80 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
11/ Prescriptive 118 Prescriptive	Industrial Commercial	Cooling	VFD - Tower Fan 1-20HP Water Source HP - 1.42 - 5.42 Tons 12.8+ SEER	HP Ton	10	680	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$199.00	\$50.60 Indiana TRM v. 2.2 \$9.90 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
119 Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	Water Source HP - 5.43 - 11.25 Tons 12.8+ SEER	Ton	8	167	0.099	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$12.65 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
120 Prescriptive	Commercial	Cooling	Water Source HP - Under 1.42 Tons 12+ SEER	Ton	1	122	0.106	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$100.00	\$8.80 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
122 RetroCommissioning	Commercial	Ventilation	Custom RCx Project - HVAC	Project	1	30,000	5.556	I&M RCx Program Design	5	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$7,000.00	\$2,640.00 I&M RCx Program Design
123 RetroCommissioning	Commercial	Interior Lighting	Custom RCx Project - Lighting	Project	1	20,000	4.444	I&M RCx Program Design	5	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$6,500.00	\$1,760.00 I&M RCx Program Design
124 RetroCommissioning 125 RetroCommissioning	Industrial Commercial	Office Equipment	Custom RCx Project - Motors & Drives Custom RCx Project - Other-E	Project	1	20,000	3.704	I&M RCx Program Design I&M RCx Program Design	5	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$7,500.00	\$1,760.00 I&M RCx Program Design \$4.400.00 I&M RCx Program Design
126 RetroCommissioning	Industrial	Heating	Custom RCx Project - Process	Project	1	50,000	9.259	I&M RCx Program Design	5	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$7,500.00	\$4,400.00 I&M RCx Program Design
127 RetroCommissioning	Commercial	Refrigeration	Custom RCx Project - Refrigeration	Project	1	30,000	5.556	I&M RCx Program Design	5	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$7,000.00	\$2,640.00 I&M RCx Program Design
129 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Refrigeration	Anti-Sweat Heater Controls - Cooler	Door	4	50,000	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$52.80	\$2.80 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
130 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Refrigeration	Anti-Sweat Heater Controls - Freezer	Door	4	1,278	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	12	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$126.50	\$126.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
131 Small Business Direct Install 132 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Refrigeration	Auto Door Closers - Walk-In cooler Auto Door Closers - Walk-In Freezer	Door	2	943	0.137	Illinois TRM v. 5	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$93.50	\$93.50 Illinois TRM v. 5 \$225.50 Illinois TRM v. 5
133 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Refrigeration	ECM Cooler Motors	Motor	1	357	0.085	2016 MEMD	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$35.20	\$35.20 2016 MEMD
134 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Refrigeration	ECM Freezer Motors	Motor	1	532	0.085	2016 MEMD	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$52.80	\$52.80 2016 MEMD
136 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Refrigeration	Evaporator Fan Controls Installed on Shade Pole or PSC	Controller	1	1,348	0.140	2016 MEMD	5	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$79.20	\$79.20 2016 MEMD
137 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Office Equipment	LED to 10 Replacing Incandescent 25W (2019-2021)	Lamp	25	30	0.016	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$2.75	\$2.75 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
138 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED 12W Replacing Incandescent 25-45W	Lamp	25	65	0.034	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$5.50	\$5.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2 \$8.25 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
140 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED 17W Replacing Incandescent 66-90W	Lamp	25	118	0.062	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$11.00	\$11.00 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
141 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED 20W Replacing Incandescent 90+W	Lamp	25	160	0.084	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$14.30	\$14.30 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
142 Small Business Direct Install 143 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Exterior Lighting	LED Exit Sign Retrofit-Replacement LED Exterior Replacing HID to 175W	Fixture Fixture (Lamp Wattage)	10	688	0.009	Indiana TRM v. 2.2 Indiana TRM v. 2.2	16	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$7.70	\$7.70 Indiana TRM v. 2.2 \$68.20 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
144 Small Business Direct Install	Industrial	Exterior Lighting	LED Exterior Replacing HID 1000W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage)	10	3,345	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$330.00	\$330.00 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
145 Small Business Direct Install	Industrial	Exterior Lighting	LED Exterior Replacing HID 251-400W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage)	10	1,453	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$143.00	\$143.00 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
147 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Refrigeration	LED Freezer Display Case Lighting	Door	4	424	0.036	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$41.80	\$41.80 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
148 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	LED Interior Replacing HID to 175W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage)	25	560	0.160	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$55.00	\$55.00 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
149 Small Business Direct Install 150 Small Business Direct Install	Industrial	Interior Lighting	LED Interior Replacing HID 1000W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage)	10	2,/30	0.780	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$269.50	\$269.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2 \$115.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
151 Small Business Direct Install	Industrial	Interior Lighting	LED Interior Replacing HID176-250W	Fixture (Lamp Wattage)	25	739	0.211	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$71.50	\$71.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
152 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Refrigeration	LED Refrigerated Display Case Lighting	Door	4	394	0.021	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$38.50	\$38.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
153 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	Occupancy Sensor 100W - 199W Connected Load	Sensor	1	61	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$6.05	\$6.05 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
155 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	Occupancy Sensor - 200W - 500W Connected Load	Sensor	1	353	0.063	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$35.20	\$35.20 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
156 Small Business Direct Install 157 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial		Programmable-Wi-Fi - Heat Pump	1000 Sa Ft	4	242	0.117	Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio	8	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$66.00	\$23.10 Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio
158 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Cooling	Programmable-Wi-Fi - Electric Cooling and Heat	1000 Sq Ft	4	273	0.000	Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$27.50	\$27.50 Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio
159 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Cooling	Programmable-Wi-Fi Thermostat - Electric Cooling Strip Curtain - Walk-In Cooler	1000 Sq Ft Cooler	4	154	0.000	Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$15.40	\$15.40 Massachusetts TRM 2013 - 2015 Portfolio \$41.80 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
161 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Refrigeration	Strip Curtain - Walk-In Freezer	Freezer	2	2,974	0.339	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	6	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$291.50	\$291.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
162 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 1 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 1 Lamp	Fixture (L&B)	25	48	0.016	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$4.40	\$4.40 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
164 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 2 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 2 Lamp	Fixture (L&B) Fixture (L&B)	25	42	0.014	Indiana TRM V. 2.2 Indiana TRM V. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$3.85	\$3.85 Indiana TRM v. 2.2 \$11.00 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
165 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 2 lamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 2 Lamp	Fixture (L&B)	25	96	0.032	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$8.80	\$8.80 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
166 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 3 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 3 Lamp T8 4ft 3 lamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 3 Lamp	Fixture (L&B)	25	168	0.056	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$16.50	\$16.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2 \$13.20 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
168 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 4 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 4 Lamp	Fixture (L&B)	25	222	0.074	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$19.80	\$19.80 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
169 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 4 lamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 4 Lamp	Fixture (L&B)	25	195	0.065	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$17.60	\$17.60 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
170 Small Business Direct Install 171 Small Business Direct Install	Industrial	Interior Lighting	T8 4ft 6 Lamp Replacing HID 250W	Fixture	25	708	0.177	Indiana TRM V. 2.2	15	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$66.00	\$66.00 Indiana TRM v. 2.2 \$88.00 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
172 Small Business Direct Install	Commercial	Office Equipment	Vending Machine Occupancy Sensor - Refrigerated Beverage	Sensor	2	1,612	0.000	Indiana TRM v. 2.2	5	NIPSCO 2019 - 2021 Program Plan	\$159.50	\$159.50 Indiana TRM v. 2.2
173 Casell Duringer Direct Jostell	Commercial	Office Faultement	Vending Marking Oppurgers, Second Refrigerated Class Front Cooler	Conner	2	1 200	0.000	Indiana TRM - 2.2		NUDCCO 2010 2021 Deserver Dise	¢121.00	C121 00 Indiana TRM v. 2 2
173 Small Busiless Direct install	Small Commercial	Cooling	Chiller - Maintenance	Facility	1	1,205	0.105	Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy	3	Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy	\$35.20	\$11.16 Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy
175 New Construction	Small Commercial	Cooling	Chiller - Maintenance	Facility	1	153	0.089	Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy	3	Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy	\$35.20	\$11.16 Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy
176 Prescriptive 177 New Construction	Large Commercial	Cooling	Chiller - Maintenance Chiller - Maintenance	Facility	1	65,013 54,572	9.649	Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy	3	Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy	\$35.00	\$11.10 Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy \$11.10 Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy
178 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Office Equipment	Desktop Computer	Facility	1	1,541	0.142	ENERGY STAR	6	ENERGY STAR	\$11.56	\$3.67 ENERGY STAR
179 New Construction	Small Commercial	Office Equipment	Desktop Computer	Facility	1	1,541	0.142	ENERGY STAR	6	ENERGY STAR	\$11.56	\$3.67 ENERGY STAR
180 Prescriptive 181 New Construction	Large Commercial	Office Equipment	Desktop Computer Desktop Computer	Facility	1	187,725	15.061	ENERGY STAR	6	ENERGY STAR ENERGY STAR	\$1,408.56	\$446.56 ENERGY STAR \$446.56 ENERGY STAR
182 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Cooling	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	28	0.064	RTF	18	RTF	\$17.60	\$5.58 RTF
183 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Heating	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	(7)	0.000	RTF	18	RTF	\$17.60	\$5.58 RTF \$5.58 RTF
185 New Construction	Small Commercial	Cooling	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	48 26	0.003	RTF	18	RTF	\$17.60	\$5.58 RTF
186 New Construction	Small Commercial	Heating	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	51	0.000	RTF	18	RTF	\$17.60	\$5.58 RTF
187 New Construction 188 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Ventilation	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	44	0.003	RTF	18	RTF	\$17.60	\$5.58 RTF \$244 12 RTF
189 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Heating	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	(1,789)	0.000	RTF	18	RTF	\$770.00	\$244.12 RTF
190 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Ventilation	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	16,477	1.289	RTF	18	RTF	\$770.00	\$244.12 RTF
191 New Construction 192 New Construction	Large Commercial	Cooling Heating	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	4,642	0.701	RTF	18 18	RTF	\$770.00	\$244.12 RTF \$244.12 RTF
193 New Construction	Large Commercial	Ventilation	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	14,572	0.234	RTF	18	RTF	\$770.00	\$244.12 RTF
194 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Cooling	Insulation - Ceiling	Facility	1	760	1.022	TRM-IN/CA - DEER	20	TRM-IN/CA - DEER	\$11,600.00	\$2,900.00 TRM-IN/CA - DEER
195 Prescriptive 196 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Ventilation	Insulation - Ceiling	Facility	1	1,590	0.000	TRM-IN/CA - DEER TRM-IN/CA - DEER	20	TRM-IN/CA - DEER	\$11,600.00 \$11.600.00	\$2,900.00 TRM-IN/CA - DEER \$2.900.00 TRM-IN/CA - DFFR
197 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Cooling	Insulation - Ceiling	Facility	1	7,834	2.677	TRM-IN/CA - DEER	20	TRM-IN/CA - DEER	\$50,750.00	\$12,687.50 TRM-IN/CA - DEER
198 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Heating	Insulation - Ceiling	Facility	1	25,542	0.000	TRM-IN/CA - DEER	20	TRM-IN/CA - DEER	\$50,750.00	\$16,089.50 TRM-IN/CA - DEER
200 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Cooling	Insulation - Ducting	Facility	1	(5,510)	-0.409	CA - DEER	20	CA - DEER	\$66.40	\$21.05 CA - DEER
201 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Heating	Insulation - Ducting	Facility	1	(12)	0.000	CA - DEER	20	CA - DEER	\$66.40	\$21.05 CA - DEER
202 Prescriptive 203 New Construction	Small Commercial	Ventilation	Insulation - Ducting	Facility	1	3	0.000	CA - DEER	20	CA - DEER CA - DEER	\$66.40	\$16.60 CA - DEER \$21.05 CA - DEER
204 New Construction	Small Commercial	Heating	Insulation - Ducting	Facility	1	(18)	0.000	CA - DEER	20	CA - DEER	\$66.40	\$21.05 CA - DEER
205 New Construction	Small Commercial	Ventilation	Insulation - Ducting	Facility	1 1	61	0.004	CA - DEER	20	CA - DEER	\$66.40	\$21.05 CA - DEER
#### APPENDIX B - COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL (C&I) APPENDIX C&I MEASURE DATA AND SOURCES

#### NIPSCO 2018 IRP

		COLINIE	ASURE DATA AND S	JUNCES				Appendix B				
						Average Units per Customer	Annual kWh Savings (At	Summer CP kW Savings (At			Incremental	Page 253
	# Program	Sector	End Use	Measure Name	Units	Participant	the Meter)	the Meter)	Source of Electric Savings Usefu	Life Source of Useful Life	Measure Cost	Incentive Cost Source of Incremental Measure Cost
2	06 Prescriptive 07 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Cooling Heating	Insulation - Ducting Insulation - Ducting	Facility Facility	1	30,982 (2,146)	4.154	CA - DEER 2 CA - DEER 2	D CA - DEER D CA - DEER	\$2,905.00	\$920.99 CA - DEER \$920.99 CA - DEER
2	08 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Ventilation	Insulation - Ducting	Facility	1	(628)	-0.047	CA - DEER 2	D CA - DEER	\$2,905.00	\$920.99 CA - DEER
2	10 New Construction	Large Commercial	Cooling Heating	Insulation - Ducting Insulation - Ducting	Facility	1	17,515 (976)	5.414	CA - DEER 2 CA - DEER 2	D CA - DEER D CA - DEER	\$2,905.00	\$920.99 CA - DEER \$920.99 CA - DEER
2	11 New Construction	Large Commercial	Ventilation	Insulation - Ducting	Facility	1	9,578	0.712	CA - DEER 2	CA - DEER	\$2,905.00	\$920.99 CA - DEER
2	12 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Heating	Insulation - Wall Cavity Insulation - Wall Cavity	Facility	1	(189)	-0.110	PG&E 2 PG&E 2	D PG&E	\$3,286.40	\$821.60 PG&E
2	14 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Ventilation	Insulation - Wall Cavity	Facility	1	441	0.026	PG&E 2	) PG&E	\$3,286.40	\$821.60 PG&E
2	15 New Construction 16 New Construction	Small Commercial Small Commercial	Cooling Heating	Insulation - Wall Cavity Insulation - Wall Cavity	Facility	1	(12)	0.073	PG&E 2 PG&E 2	D PG&E	\$3,286.40	\$1,041.90 PG&E \$821.60 PG&E
2	17 New Construction	Small Commercial	Ventilation	Insulation - Wall Cavity	Facility	1	70	0.004	PG&E 2	D PG&E	\$3,286.40	\$821.60 PG&E
2	18 Prescriptive 19 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Heating	Insulation - Wall Cavity Insulation - Wall Cavity	Facility	1	40,839	2.437	PG&E 2 PG&E 2	D PG&E	\$68,775.00	\$21,804.05 PG&E \$21,804.05 PG&E
2	20 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Ventilation	Insulation - Wall Cavity	Facility	1	865	0.064	PG&E 2	D PG&E	\$68,775.00	\$17,193.75 PG&E
2	22 New Construction	Large Commercial	Heating	Insulation - Wall Cavity Insulation - Wall Cavity	Facility	1	30,902	0.000	PG&E 2 PG&E 2	D PG&E	\$68,775.00	\$21,804.05 PG&E
2	23 New Construction	Large Commercial	Ventilation	Insulation - Wall Cavity	Facility	1	7,811	0.823	PG&E 2	D PG&E	\$68,775.00	\$17,193.75 PG&E
2	24 Prescriptive 25 New Construction	Small Commercial	Office Equipment	Laptop	Facility	1	234	0.022	ENERGY STAR E	ENERGY STAR ENERGY STAR	\$5.81	\$1.84 ENERGY STAR \$1.84 ENERGY STAR
2	26 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Office Equipment	Laptop	Facility	1	28,548	2.290	ENERGY STAR 6	ENERGY STAR	\$707.60	\$224.33 ENERGY STAR
2	27 New Construction 28 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Office Equipment Office Equipment	Laptop Monitor	Facility	1	28,548	2.290	ENERGY STAR E	ENERGY STAR ENERGY STAR	\$707.60	\$224.33 ENERGY STAR \$3.67 ENERGY STAR
2	29 New Construction	Small Commercial	Office Equipment	Monitor	Facility	1	171	0.016	ENERGY STAR 6	ENERGY STAR	\$11.58	\$3.67 ENERGY STAR
2	30 Prescriptive 31 New Construction	Large Commercial	Office Equipment Office Equipment	Monitor Monitor	Facility	1	20,873	1.675	ENERGY STAR E	ENERGY STAR ENERGY STAR	\$1,411.28	\$447.42 ENERGY STAR \$447.42 ENERGY STAR
2	32 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Miscellaneous	Pool Pump - Timer	Facility	1	117	0.012	Assumed same as Residential	Assumed same as Residential	\$105.00	\$33.29 Assumed same as Residential
2	33 New Construction 34 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Miscellaneous Office Equipment	Pool Pump - Timer POS Terminal	Facility	1	107	0.011	Assumed same as Residential ENERGY STAR	Assumed same as Residential ENERGY STAR	\$105.00	\$33.29 Assumed same as Residential \$0.24 ENERGY STAR
2	35 New Construction	Small Commercial	Office Equipment	POS Terminal	Facility	1	121	0.011	ENERGY STAR 6	ENERGY STAR	\$0.89	\$0.28 ENERGY STAR
2	36 Prescriptive 37 New Construction	Large Commercial Large Commercial	Office Equipment Office Equipment	POS Terminal	Facility Facility	1	2,458	0.197	ENERGY STAR 6	ENERGY STAR ENERGY STAR	\$6.54 \$9.16	\$2.07 ENERGY STAR \$2.90 ENERGY STAR
2	38 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Water Heating	Pre-rinse Spray Valves	Facility	1	225	0.018	IN TRM has no cost data	IN TRM has no cost data	\$100.00	\$31.70 IN TRM has no cost data
2	39 New Construction 40 Prescriptive	Small Commercial Large Commercial	Water Heating Water Heating	Pre-rinse Spray Valves Pre-rinse Spray Valves	Facility Facility	1	171 17.211	0.014	IN TRM has no cost data	IN TRM has no cost data IN TRM has no cost data	\$100.00 \$105.00	\$31.70 IN TRM has no cost data \$33.29 IN TRM has no cost data
2	41 New Construction	Large Commercial	Water Heating	Pre-rinse Spray Valves	Facility	1	14,466	1.307	IN TRM has no cost data	IN TRM has no cost data	\$105.00	\$33.29 IN TRM has no cost data
2	42 Prescriptive 43 New Construction	Small Commercial Small Commercial	Office Equipment Office Equipment	Printer/Copier/Fax Printer/Copier/Fax	Facility Facility	1	323	0.030	ENERGY STAR 6 ENERGY STAR 6	ENERGY STAR ENERGY STAR	\$4.13 \$4.13	\$1.31 ENERGY STAR \$1.31 ENERGY STAR
2	44 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Office Equipment	Printer/Copier/Fax	Facility	1	26,244	2.106	ENERGY STAR 6	ENERGY STAR	\$335.54	\$106.38 ENERGY STAR
2	45 New Construction 46 Prescriptive	Large Commercial Small Commercial	Office Equipment Refrigeration	Printer/Copier/Fax Refrigerator - High Efficiency Compressor	Facility	1	26,244	2.106	AEO 2013 1	AEO 2013	\$335.54	\$106.38 ENERGY STAR \$14.20 AEO 2013
2	47 New Construction	Small Commercial	Refrigeration	Refrigerator - High Efficiency Compressor	Facility	1	527	0.043	AEO 2013 1	5 AEO 2013	\$15.20	\$4.82 AEO 2013
2	48 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Refrigeration Refrigeration	Refrigerator - High Efficiency Compressor Refrigerator - Variable Speed Compressor	Facility	1	46,043	3.714	AEO 2013 1	5 AEO 2013	\$35.00	\$11.10 AEO 2013 \$876 60 II TRM
2	50 New Construction	Large Commercial	Refrigeration	Refrigerator - Variable Speed Compressor	Facility	1	54,943	4.432	IL TRM 1	D IL TRM	\$2,765.00	\$876.60 IL TRM
2	51 Prescriptive 52 New Construction	Small Commercial	Cooling	Room AC Room AC	Facility	1	4,582	2.658	AEO 13 1 AEO 13 1	5 BEST Simulation 5 BEST Simulation	\$5,200.34	\$1,648.69 AEO 13 \$1 657 37 AEO 13
2	53 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Cooling	Room AC	Facility	1	35,562	6.288	AEO 13 1	5 BEST Simulation	\$1,044.99	\$331.30 AEO 13
2	54 New Construction 55 New Construction	Large Commercial Small Commercial	Cooling	Room AC RTU - Maintenance	Facility Facility	1	33,956	6.004	AEO 13 1 TRM-IL 3	5 BEST Simulation TRM-IL	\$1,143.03 \$35.20	\$362.38 AEO 13 \$11.16 TRM-IL
2	56 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Cooling	RTU - Maintenance	Facility	1	76,599	13.543	TRM-IL	TRM-IL	\$35.00	\$11.10 TRM-IL
2	57 New Construction 58 Prescriptive	Large Commercial Small Commercial	Cooling Office Equipment	RTU - Maintenance Server	Facility Facility	1	51,889 453	9.175	TRM-IL ENERGY STAR	TRM-IL ENERGY STAR	\$35.00 \$3.40	\$11.10 TRM-IL \$1.08 ENERGY STAR
2	59 New Construction	Small Commercial	Office Equipment	Server	Facility	1	453	0.042	ENERGY STAR 6	ENERGY STAR	\$3.40	\$1.08 ENERGY STAR
2	60 Prescriptive 61 New Construction	Large Commercial	Office Equipment Office Equipment	Server Server	Facility Facility	1	18,404	1.477	ENERGY STAR 6 ENERGY STAR 6	ENERGY STAR ENERGY STAR	\$138.09 \$138.09	\$43.78 ENERGY STAR \$43.78 ENERGY STAR
2	62 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Water Heating	Water Heater - Desuperheater	Facility	1	1,067	0.086	RTF 2	D RTF	\$1,123.20	\$356.09 RTF
2	63 New Construction 64 Prescriptive	Small Commercial	Water Heating Water Heating	Water Heater - Desuperheater Water Heater - Desuperheater	Facility	1	811 81,453	0.065	RTF 2 RTF 2	D RTF	\$1,123.20	\$355.08 RTF
2	65 New Construction	Large Commercial	Water Heating	Water Heater - Desuperheater	Facility	1	68,576	6.195	RTF 2	D RTF	\$1,120.00	\$355.08 RTF
2	67 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Water Heating Water Heating	Water Heater - Drainwater Heat Recovery Water Heater - Drainwater Heat Recovery	Facility	1	172	1.553	TRM-OPA 4 TRM-OPA 4	D TRM-OPA	\$841.60	\$266.31 TRM-OPA
2	68 New Construction	Large Commercial	Water Heating	Water Heater - Drainwater Heat Recovery	Facility	1	14,489	1.309	TRM-OPA 4	D TRM-OPA	\$840.00	\$266.31 TRM-OPA
2	69 Prescriptive 70 New Construction	Small Commercial Small Commercial	Water Heating Water Heating	Water Heater - Faucet Aerators/Low Flow Nozzles Water Heater - Faucet Aerators/Low Flow Nozzles	Facility	1	490 373	0.039	TRM-IL S	TRM-IL TRM-IL	\$20.00	\$6.34 TRM-IL \$6.34 TRM-IL
2	71 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Water Heating	Water Heater - Faucet Aerators/Low Flow Nozzles	Facility	1	37,439	3.382	TRM-IL S	TRM-IL	\$70.00	\$22.19 TRM-IL
2	72 New Construction 73 Prescriptive	Large Commercial	Water Heating Water Heating	Water Heater - Faucet Aerators/Low Flow Nozzles Water Heater - Pipe Insulation	Facility	1	31,520	2.848	TRM-IL S TRM-IL 1	TRM-IL 5 TRM-IL	\$70.00	\$22.19 TRM-IL \$2,618.70 TRM-IL
2	74 New Construction	Large Commercial	Water Heating	Water Heater - Pipe Insulation	Facility	1	8,156	0.739	TRM-IL 1	5 TRM-IL	\$8,260.00	\$2,618.70 TRM-IL
2	76 New Construction	Large Commercial	water Heating Water Heating	Water neater - Solar System Water Heater - Solar System	Facility	1	137,537	3.106	AEO 2013 2 AEO 2013 2	AEO 2013 D AEO 2013	\$12,495.00 \$12,495.00	\$3,961.35 AEO 2013 \$3,961.35 AEO 2013
2	77 New Construction	Small Industrial	Cooling	Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	Facility	1	551	0.140	Indiana TRM 1	D Indiana TRM	\$717.10	\$227.35 Indiana TRM
2	78 Prescriptive 79 New Construction	small Industrial Large Industrial	Cooling	Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	Facility	1	610 19,993	0.109	Indiana IKM 1 Indiana TRM 1	D Indiana IRM D Indiana TRM	\$717.10 \$717.00	\$227.35 Indiana TRM \$227.31 Indiana TRM
2	80 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Cooling	Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	Facility	1	22,746	4.052	Indiana TRM 1	D Indiana TRM	\$717.00	\$227.31 Indiana TRM
2	81 New Construction 82 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Cooling	Chiller - Maintenance	Facility	1	8,861 10.663	4.235	Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy	Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy	\$6,374.00 \$7,951.00	\$2,020.78 Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy \$2,520.74 Used RTU Maintenance as Proxy
2	83 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Motors	Compressed Air - System Maintenance	Facility	1	19,129	1.442	AEG	AEG	\$3,191.00	\$1,011.66 AEG
2	84 New Construction 85 New Construction	Large Industrial	Motors	Lompressed Air - System Maintenance Fan System - Maintenance	Facility	1	19,610 226.871	1.470	AEG	AEG	\$3,191.00 \$516.00	\$1,011.66 AEG \$163.59 AEG
2	86 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Motors	Fan System - Maintenance	Facility	1	226,896	16.888	AEG	AEG	\$516.00	\$163.59 AEG
2	8/ New Construction 88 Prescriptive	Small Industrial Small Industrial	Motors	Fan System - Optimization Fan System - Optimization	Facility	1	11,474	0.854	AEG 1 AEG 1	AEG AEG	\$1,064.00	\$337.32 AEG \$337.32 AEG
2	89 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Motors	Fan System - Optimization	Facility	1	681,220	50.695	AEG 1	5 AEG	\$1,064.00	\$337.32 AEG
2	90 New Construction 91 New Construction	Large Industrial Small Industrial	Motors Heating	Fan System - Optimization Geothermal Heat Pump	Facility Facility	1	681,220 1,962	50.695	AEG 1 EIA 12 2	5 AEG BEST Simulation	\$1,064.00	\$337.32 AEG \$1,036.59 EIA 12
2	92 Prescriptive	Small Industrial	Heating	Geothermal Heat Pump	Facility	1	3,064	0.000	EIA 12 2	BEST Simulation	\$5,672.59	\$1,798.41 EIA 12
2	93 New Construction 94 Prescriptive	Small Industrial Small Industrial	Cooling	Geothermal Heat Pump Geothermal Heat Pump	Facility Facility	1	12,395	5.921	EIA 12 2 EIA 12 2	BEST Simulation BEST Simulation	\$12,236.95 \$16 502 73	\$3,879.54 EIA 12 \$5,231.93 EIA 12
2	95 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Heating	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	Facility	1	(130)	0.000	RTF 1	3 RTF	\$209.00	\$66.26 RTF
2	96 Prescriptive 97 New Construction	Large Industrial	Cooling	HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing HVAC - Economizer	Facility Facility	1	453	0.519	RTF 1 DEER 1	B RTF D DEER	\$209.00	\$66.26 RTF \$15.807.97 DEER
2	98 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Cooling	HVAC - Economizer	Facility	1	52,433	25.054	DEER 1	D DEER	\$57,861.50	\$18,344.09 DEER
2	99 Prescriptive 00 Prescriptive	Small Industrial Small Industrial	Cooling Heating	Insulation - Ceiling Insulation - Ceiling	Facility Facility	1	1,813 2,392	2.253	TRM-IN/CA - DEER 2 TRM-IN/CA - DEER 2	D TRM-IN/CA - DEER D TRM-IN/CA - DEER	\$14,500.00 \$14.500.00	\$4,597.00 TRM-IN/CA - DEER \$3,625.00 TRM-IN/CA - DEER
3	01 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Heating	Insulation - Ceiling	Facility	1	10,882	0.000	TRM-IN/CA - DEER 2	D TRM-IN/CA - DEER	\$72,500.00	\$18,125.00 TRM-IN/CA - DEER
3	02 Prescriptive 03 New Construction	Large Industrial	Cooling	Insulation - Ceiling Motors - Efficient Rewind	Facility	1	13,292	16.524	TRM-IN/CA - DEER 2 RTF	D TRM-IN/CA - DEER	\$72,500.00	\$22,985.00 TRM-IN/CA - DEER \$259.97 RTE
3	D4 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Motors	Motors - Efficient Rewind	Facility	1	29,576	2.936	RTF 8	RTF	\$820.00	\$259.97 RTF
3	05 New Construction	Large Industrial	Motors	Motors - Variable Frequency Drive (Compressed Air)	Facility	1	104,220	4.680	TRM-IL 1 TRM-II 1	D TRM-IL D TRM-II	\$27,160.00	\$8,610.66 TRM-IL \$8,610.66 TRM-II
3	07 New Construction	Large Industrial	Motors	Pumping System - Maintenance	Facility	1	226,613	4.000 16.874	AEG	AEG	\$3,191.00	\$1,011.66 AEG
3	08 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Motors	Pumping System - Maintenance	Facility	1	226,614	16.874	AEG	AEG	\$3.191.00	\$1.011.66 AEG

#### APPENDIX B - COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL (C&I) APPENDIX

#### NIPSCO 2018 IRP

C&I MEASURE DATA AND SOURCES												Annend	liv B	
						Average Units							Page	e 254
	# Program	Sector	End Use	Measure Name	Units	per Customer Participant	Annual kWh Savings (At the Meter)	Summer CP kW Savings (At the Meter)	Source of Electric Savings	Useful Life	Source of Useful Life	Incremental Measure Cost	Incentive Cost	Source of Incremental Measure Cost
3	09 New Construction	Small Industrial	Motors	Pumping System - Optimization	Facility	1	11,960	0.893	TRM-OH	10	TRM-OH	\$486.40	\$154.21	TRM-OH
3	10 Prescriptive	Small Industrial	Motors	Pumping System - Optimization	Facility	1	11,960	0.893	TRM-OH	10	TRM-OH	\$486.40	\$154.21	TRM-OH
3	11 New Construction	Large Industrial	Motors	Pumping System - Optimization	Facility	1	708,749	52.903	TRM-OH	10	TRM-OH	\$11,098.50	\$3,518.61	TRM-OH
3	12 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Motors	Pumping System - Optimization	Facility	1	708,750	52.903	TRM-OH	10	TRM-OH	\$11,098.50	\$3,518.61	TRM-OH
3	13 New Construction	Small Industrial	Cooling	Room AC	Facility	1	8,743	4.177	AEO 13	15	BEST Simulation	\$8,897.08	\$2,820.68	AEO 13
3	14 Prescriptive	Small Industrial	Cooling	Room AC	Facility	1	9,846	4.703	AEO 13	15	BEST Simulation	\$10,564.26	\$3,349.23	AEO 13
3	15 New Construction	Large Industrial	Cooling	RTU - Maintenance	Facility	1	8,443	4.033	TRM-IL	3	TRM-IL	\$6,374.00	\$2,020.78	TRM-IL
3	16 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Cooling	RTU - Maintenance	Facility	1	12,532	5.986	TRM-IL	3	TRM-IL	\$7,951.00	\$2,520.74	TRM-IL
3	17 New Construction	Small Industrial	Exterior Lighting	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	31	0.000	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$166.40	\$41.60	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	18 New Construction	Small Industrial	Heating	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	39	0.000	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$166.40	\$41.60	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	19 New Construction	Small Industrial	Cooling	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	110	0.053	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$166.40	\$52.75	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	20 Prescriptive	Small Industrial	Exterior Lighting	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	121	0.001	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$810.30	\$202.58	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	21 New Construction	Small Industrial	Interior Lighting	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	140	0.014	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$166.40	\$52.75	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	22 Prescriptive	Small Industrial	Heating	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	144	0.000	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$810.30	\$202.58	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	23 New Construction	Small Industrial	Process	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	194	0.019	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$166.40	\$41.60	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	24 New Construction	Small Industrial	Motors	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	392	0.039	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$166.40	\$52.75	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	25 Prescriptive	Small Industrial	Interior Lighting	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	552	0.057	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$810.30	\$256.89	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	26 Prescriptive	Small Industrial	Cooling	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	559	0.267	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$810.30	\$256.89	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	27 Prescriptive	Small Industrial	Process	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	711	0.071	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$810.30	\$256.89	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	28 Prescriptive	Small Industrial	Motors	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	1,435	0.142	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$810.30	\$256.89	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	29 New Construction	Large Industrial	Heating	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	177	0.000	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$970.50	\$307.68	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	30 New Construction	Large Industrial	Exterior Lighting	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	358	0.003	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$970.50	\$307.68	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	31 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Heating	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	653	0.000	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$3,850.00	\$962.50	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	32 New Construction	Large Industrial	Cooling	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	900	0.430	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$970.50	\$307.68	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	33 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Exterior Lighting	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	1,398	0.013	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$3,850.00	\$1,220.58	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	34 New Construction	Large Industrial	Interior Lighting	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	1,626	0.167	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$970.50	\$307.68	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	35 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Cooling	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	4,103	1.961	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$3,850.00	\$1,220.58	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	36 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Interior Lighting	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	6,406	0.657	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$3,850.00	\$1,220.58	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	37 New Construction	Large Industrial	Process	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	22,495	2.232	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$970.50	\$307.68	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	38 New Construction	Large Industrial	Motors	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	23,257	2.308	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$970.50	\$307.68	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	39 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Process	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	82,029	8.139	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$3,850.00	\$1,220.58	NWPCC 6th Plan
3	40 Prescriptive	Large Industrial	Motors	Transformer - High Efficiency	Facility	1	85.088	8 444	NWPCC 6th Plan	32	NWPCC 6th Plan	\$3,850,00	\$1 220 58	NWPCC 6th Plan

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**APPENDIX C** Demand Response Program Costs and Input Assumptions

### **APPENDIX C - NIPSCO 2018 DSM SAVINGS UPDATE REPORT**

### SUMMARY OF DEMAND RESPONSE MEASURE INPUT ASSUMPTIONS

	Program Name	Coincident Peak kW Savings per Participant	Cost per kW-Yr	Useful Lives of Equipment (Years)
	Direct Load Control (DLC) AC	0.97	\$210.94	10
Residential	DLC Electric Water Heater Summer	0.90	\$69.94	10
	DLC Electric Water Heater Winter	0.90	\$60.23	10
	DLC AC	3.10	\$40.42	10
	DLC Electric Water Heater Summer	2.70	\$45.83	10
C&I	DLC Electric Water Heater Winter	2.70	\$42.56	10
	Interruptible Tariff	7.21	\$121.39	3
	Third Party Aggregator	7.21	\$69.21	10

**APPENDIX D** Cost Effectiveness Ranking of Energy Efficiency Measures – Residential Sector

## APPENDIX D

NIPSCO 2018 IRP

		Appendix B					
							Page 258
NIPSCO Program Name	Residential Sector Energy Efficiency Measure Name	TRC Test	Utility Cost Test (Excludes Program Admin Costs)	Utility Cost Test (Includes Program Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	RIM Test	Measure Incentive Cost Per Lifetime kWh Saved
Home Energy Report	R104E BE Electronic Report Elec	NA	NA	0.60	NA	0.83	\$0.0000
Employee Education	R161E EmE Bath Aerator Electric	NA	NA	3.33	NA	0.56	\$0.0000
Employee Education	R163E EME HVAC WRISTIE R164E FmE Kitchen Aerator Electric	NA	NA	2.26	NA	0.38	\$0.0000
Employee Education	R166E EmE LED lamps	NA	NA	3.13	NA	0.49	\$0.0000
Employee Education	R167E EmE LED nightlight	NA	NA	3.10	NA	0.34	\$0.0000
Employee Education	R168E EmE Showerhead Electric	NA	NA	2.28	NA	0.38	\$0.0000
HomeLife EE Calculator	R1/UE HOMEEE Bath Aerator Electric	NA	NA NA	3.85	NA NA	0.56	\$0.0000
HomeLife EE Calculator	R173E HomeEE Kitchen Aerator Electric	NA	NA	2.62	NA	0.38	\$0.0000
HomeLife EE Calculator	R175E HomeEE LED lamps	NA	NA	4.56	NA	0.49	\$0.0000
HomeLife EE Calculator	R176E HomeEE LED nightlight	NA	NA	3.30	NA	0.34	\$0.0000
School Education	R17/E HomeEE Snowernead Electric	NA	NA NA	2.64	NA NA	0.38	\$0.0000
School Education	R181E SchE HVAC Whistle	NA	NA	4.78	NA	0.67	\$0.0000
School Education	R182E SchE Kitchen Aerator Electric	NA	NA	2.13	NA	0.38	\$0.0000
School Education	R184E SchE LED lamps	NA	NA	3.70	NA	0.49	\$0.0000
School Education	R185E SchE LED nightlight	NA	NA	2.69	NA	0.34	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential Mobile Home Existing Appliances Electric Clothes Drver	NA	NA	7.51	NA	0.44	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Hot Tub / Spa	NA	NA	6.72	NA	0.41	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Appliances_Electric_Clothes Dryer	NA	NA	7.69	NA	0.44	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Hot Tub / Spa	NA	NA	6.85	NA	0.41	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Appliances_Electric_Clothes Dryer Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Euroace.Fan	NA	NA NA	7.24 NA	NA NA	0.44 NA	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Hot Tub / Spa	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Appliances_Electric_Clothes Dryer	NA	NA	7.50	NA	0.44	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Furnace Fan	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Hot Tub / Spa	NA	NA	NA 6.02	NA	NA 0.44	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential Single Family Existing Miscellaneous Electric Hot Tub / Spa	NA	NA	6.91	NA	0.44	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_New_Appliances_Electric_Clothes Dryer	NA	NA	7.18	NA	0.44	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Hot Tub / Spa	NA	NA	7.07	NA	0.44	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Personal Computers	>10	>10	2.28	>10	0.42	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential Single Family Existing Electronics Electric Personal Computers	>10	>10	2.37	>10	0.42	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_New_Electronics_Electric_Personal Computers	>10	>10	2.48	>10	0.44	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Personal Computers	>10	>10	2.24	>10	0.41	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_Personal Computers	>10	>10	2.34	>10	0.41	\$0.0000
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Monitor Residential_Single Family_New_Electronics_Electric_Monitor	>10	>10	4.26	>10	0.44	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Monitor	>10	>10	4.07	>10	0.42	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Electronics_Electric_Monitor	>10	>10	4.23	>10	0.42	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Electronics_Electric_TVs	>10	>10	4.97	>10	0.42	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Electronics_Electric_TVs Residential_Single_Family_Existing_Electronics_Electric_TVs	>10	>10	5.08	>10	0.42	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential Single Family New Electronics Electric TVs	>10	>10	5.33	>10	0.44	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Monitor	>10	>10	4.02	>10	0.41	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_Monitor	>10	>10	4.18	>10	0.41	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Electronics_Electric_LVs Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_TVs	>10	>10	4.89	>10	0.41	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential Multifamily Existing Electronics Electric Printer/Fax/Copier	>10	>10	2.73	>10	0.42	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Electronics_Electric_Printer/Fax/Copier	>10	>10	2.83	>10	0.42	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Printer/Fax/Copier	>10	>10	2.86	>10	0.44	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_New_Electronics_Electric_Printer/Fax/Copier Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Printer/Fax/Copier	>10	>10	2.96	>10	0.44	\$0.0001 \$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_Printer/Fax/Copier	>10	>10	2.79	>10	0.41	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Laptops	>10	>10	2.38	>10	0.44	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_New_Electronics_Electric_Laptops	>10	>10	2.48	>10	0.44	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Laptops Residential_Multifamily_New_Electronics_Electric_Laptops	>10	>10	2.27	>10	0.42	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Laptops	>10	>10	2.24	>10	0.41	\$0.0001
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_Laptops	>10	>10	2.33	>10	0.41	\$0.0001
HVAC Energy Efficient Rebates	R135E HVAC Smart WiFi Programmable Thermostat - AC and Gas Heat	>10	>10	9.40	>10	1.38	\$0.0012
IQW Home Energy Assessment	1118E IQW Kitchen Aerator 1.5 gpm - Electric	>10	>10	2.65	>10	0.37	\$0.0040
Home Energy Assessment	R125E HEA Prescriptive Duct Sealing Package Gas & Electric 2014 savings - Electric	>10	>10	4.07	>10	0.69	\$0.0047
HVAC Energy Efficient Rebates	R134E HVAC Natural Gas Furnace - 95% AFUE with ECM	3.48	6.75	1.82	>10	0.32	\$0.0052
IQW	1120E IQW Low Flow Showerhead 1.5 gpm - Electric	>10	>10	2.52	>10	0.37	\$0.0054
Home Energy Assessment	R120E HEA Low Flow Showerhead 1.5 gpm - Electric	8.63	8.63	1.43	>10	0.36	\$0.0054
Home Energy Assessment	R124E HEA Prescriptive Duct Sealing Package Gas & Electric 2014 savings - Dual Fuel	>10	>10	3.89	>10	0.68	\$0.0057
IQW	1112E IQW Duct 20% leakage Reduction - Dual Fuel	>10	>10	4.47	>10	0.46	\$0.0057
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Pool Pump - Timer	8.88	>10	3.56	21.09	0.42	\$0.0060
New Measures	K118E HEA LED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for Measure 20 after 2021) R119E HEA LED Outdoor Lighting 9W (Replaces original forecast for M 22 after 2021)	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.61	\$0.0060
New Measures	115E IQW Exterior LEDs (Replaces original forecast for M 63 after 2021)	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.61	\$0.0060
New Measures	117E IQW Interior LEDs (Replaces original forecast for M 65 after 2021)	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.61	\$0.0060
New Measures	R142E MFDI LED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 84 after 2021)	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.61	\$0.0060
New Measures	R142E MFDLLED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 98 after 2021)	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.61	\$0.0060
New Measures	R142E MFDLLED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 99 after 2021) R142E MFDLLED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 100 after 2021)	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.61	\$0.0060
New Measures	R142E MFDI LED - 9 W (Replaces original forecast for M 101 after 2021)	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.61	\$0.0060
New Measures	R175E HomeEE LED lamps (Replaces original forecast for M 118 after 2021)	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.61	\$0.0060
New Measures	R184E SchE LED lamps (Replaces original forecast for M 127 after 2021)	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.61	\$0.0060
Residential Lighting	R156E RLT LED Fixtures	8.70	9.77	4.09	>10	0.43	\$0.0060

#### APPENDIX D RESIDENTIAL MEASURE BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048

NIPSCO 2018 IRP

		Appendix B					
NIPSCO Program Name	Residential Sector Energy Efficiency Measure Name	TRC Test	Utility Cost Test (Excludes Program Admin Costs)	Utility Cost Test (Includes Program Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	RIM Test	Page 259 Measure Incentive Cost Per Lifetime kWh Saved
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Pool Pump - Timer	9.06	>10	3.73	>10	0.42	\$0.0062
HVAC Energy Efficient Rebates	R137E HVAC Smart WiFi Programmable Thermostat - Heat Pump	2.14	8.20	2.77	4.34	0.54	\$0.0071
IQW	I102E IQW 20% Infil. Reduction - Electric Resistance Heated	7.70	7.70	2.58	>10	0.33	\$0.0072
Appliance Recycling	R101E AR Freezers	5.87	5.87	1.30	>10	0.43	\$0.0073
Multifamily Direct Install	R143E MFDI Low Flow Showerhead 1.5 gpm - Electric	7.47	7.47	1.75	>10	0.36	\$0.0081
Appliance Recycling Home Energy Assessment	RIDZE AR Refrigerators	8.22	5.04	2.61	>10	0.42	\$0.0085
IQW	I116E IQW HVAC Filter Whistle	>10	>10	4.31	>10	0.63	\$0.0102
IQW	1124E IQW Programmable Thermostat - Electric Resistance Heated	>10	>10	5.11	>10	0.73	\$0.0106
Multifamily Direct Install	R148E MFDI Smart WiFi Programmable Thermostat -Electric Heat	1.55	8.59	2.99	2.88	0.54	\$0.0110
Residential Lighting	R15/E RLT LED Reflectors	4.39	4.93	2.90	>10	0.41	\$0.0121
Home Energy Assessment	R119E HEA LED Outdoor Lighting 9W	2.48	2.48	0.97	>10	0.30	\$0.0139
IQW	1115E IQW Exterior LEDs	3.23	3.23	1.58	>10	0.31	\$0.0139
HVAC Energy Efficient Rebates	R130E HVAC Heat Pump with ECM	0.72	3.47	1.91	1.65	0.45	\$0.0157
IQW	1110E IQW Bathroom Aerator 1.0 gpm - Electric	5.01	5.01	2.44	>10	0.50	\$0.0175
Home Energy Assessment	R113E HEA Bathroom Aerator 1.0 gpm - Electric	3.86	3.86	1.52	>10	0.49	\$0.0176
IQW	1113E IQW Duct 20% leakage Reduction - Electric Resistance Heated	3.42	3.42	2.24	8.18	0.42	\$0.0239
Residential Lighting Multifamily Direct Install	R158E RLI LED Speciality R138E MEDI Rathroom Aerator 1.0 gpm - Electric	2.1/	2.44	1.81	5./2	0.38	\$0.0244
IQW	I104E IQW Attic Insulation - Dual Fuel (R11-R38)	2.27	2.27	1.58	7.63	0.30	\$0.0266
Home Energy Assessment	R107E HEA Attic Insulation - Dual Fuel	1.01	3.50	2.14	1.82	0.57	\$0.0266
Residential New Construction	R151E NCR New Construction - Platinum Electric	2.30	5.79	3.96	2.72	0.85	\$0.0285
Residential New Construction	R149E NUR NEW CONSTRUCTION - GOID Electric R153F NCR New Construction - Silver Electric	3.83	6.05	4.14	4.33	0.88	\$0.0285
New Measures	High Efficiency Clothes Washer	2.07	2.24	1.69	4.75	0.38	\$0.0351
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Dehumidifier	1.40	1.89	1.42	4.11	0.34	\$0.0379
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Dehumidifier	1.44	1.93	1.45	4.18	0.34	\$0.0379
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Denumidifier	1.47	2.03	1.49	4.11	0.36	\$0.0379
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Appliances_Electric_Freezer	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0381
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_New_Appliances_Electric_Freezer	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0381
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Appliances_Electric_Freezer	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0381
Home Energy Assessment	R118E HEA LED - 9 W	1.26	1.26	0.82	4.37	0.35	\$0.0393
IQW	1117E IQW Interior LEDs	1.64	1.64	1.20	4.37	0.38	\$0.0393
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Dehumidifier	1.32	1.77	1.35	3.94	0.33	\$0.0399
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Dehumidifier	1.35	1.81	1.38	4.01	0.34	\$0.0399
New Measures	Residential Mobile Home_Costing_Appliances_Electric_reezer	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0401
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Pool Pump	1.32	1.78	1.32	3.76	0.35	\$0.0409
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Pool Pump	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0416
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Pool Pump	NA 1.24	NA 1 91	NA 1.25	NA 2.91	NA 0.25	\$0.0416
New Measures	Residential Single Family Existing Miscellaneous Electric Pool Pump	1.34	1.81	1.55	3.81	0.35	\$0.0432
New Measures	Residential Single Family New Miscellaneous Electric Well Pump	1.37	1.85	1.52	3.88	0.35	\$0.0432
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Well Pump	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0436
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Well Pump Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Pool Pump	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	\$0.0436
New Measures	Residential Mobile Home New Miscellaneous Electric Pool Pump	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0438
Home Energy Assessment	R122E HEA Pipe Wrap - Electric (per foot)	1.14	1.14	0.78	4.59	0.30	\$0.0461
IQW	1122E IQW Pipe Wrap - Electric (per foot)	1.63	1.63	1.24	4.59	0.36	\$0.0461
Multifamily Direct Install Multifamily Direct Install	R145E MEDLED - 9 W	1.63	1.63	1.13	4.59	0.36	\$0.0461
IQW	I127E IQW Wall Insulation - Electric Resistance Heated (R11-R21)	1.15	1.15	0.92	4.37	0.26	\$0.0508
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Appliances_Electric_Refrigerator	1.10	1.49	1.24	3.27	0.34	\$0.0511
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_New_Appliances_Electric_Refrigerator	1.14	1.53	1.28	3.35	0.34	\$0.0511
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Appliances_Electric_Refrigerator	1.10	1.48	1.24	3.34	0.34	\$0.0513
New Measures	Electric Heat Pump Water Heater	1.06	1.43	1.17	3.12	0.34	\$0.0528
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Appliances_Electric_Refrigerator	1.04	1.41	1.18	3.13	0.33	\$0.0541
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Appliances_Electric_Refrigerator  Residential_Single_Eamily_Existing_Missellangeus_Electric_Europee_Eam	1.08	1.45	1.22	3.20	0.34	\$0.0541
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Furnace Fan	1.26	1.69	1.45	3.60	0.35	\$0.0559
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Well Pump	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0565
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Well Pump	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$0.0565
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Furnace Fan	NA 0.00	NA 0.00	NA 0.00	NA 0.20	NA 1.45	\$0.0598
Home Energy Assessment	R108E HEA Attic Insulation - Electric Only	0.20	0.70	0.56	0.87	0.23	\$0.0667
IQW	1105E IQW Attic Insulation - Electric Resistance Heated (R11-R38)	0.90	0.90	0.77	3.65	0.25	\$0.0667
HVAC Energy Efficient Rebates	R129E HVAC Air Conditioner 15+ SEER	0.87	2.64	2.25	0.76	1.10	\$0.0744
New Measures	Residential Solar Water Heating System Residential Single Family, New Appliances, Electric, Behavioral Programs	0.51	0.68	0.64	1.5/	0.32	\$0.1635
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Appliances_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.30	0.41	0.25	1.42	0.21	\$0.1637
New Measures	Residential Refrigerator Coil Cleaning	0.21	0.29	0.18	1.36	0.16	\$0.1796
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Appliances_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.24	0.33	0.22	1.29	0.19	\$0.2112
New Measures	Residential Single Family New Electronics Electric Behavioral Programs	0.23	0.31	0.24	1.2/	0.18	\$0,2763
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Appliances_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.17	0.23	0.17	1.12	0.15	\$0.2952
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Appliances_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.17	0.23	0.17	1.12	0.15	\$0.2998
New Measures	Residential_Single Family_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.16	0.22	0.17	1.12	0.15	\$0.3031
New Measures	Residential Single Family Existing Electronics Electric Behavioral Programs	0.16	0.22	0.17	1.12	0.15	\$0.3099
IQW	1107E IQW Audit Recommendations - Dual Fuel	0.31	0.31	0.23	1.39	0.22	\$0.3708
Home Energy Assessment	R110E HEA Audit Recommendations	0.24	0.24	0.16	1.39	0.18	\$0.3752

#### APPENDIX D ITIAL MEASURE RENEELT COST RATIOS FOR 2010 TO 2049

NIPSCO 2018 IRP

RESIDENTIAL MEASURE BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048 Apper												
NIPSCO Program Name	Residential Sector Energy Efficiency Measure Name	TRC Test	Utility Cost Test (Excludes Program Admin Costs)	Utility Cost Test (Includes Program Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	RIM Test	Page 260 Measure Incentive Cost Per Lifetime kWh Saved					
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Electronics_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.12	0.16	0.13	1.03	0.11	\$0.4045					
New Measures	Low Income Whole House Energy Efficiency Program	0.37	0.37	0.37	1.37	0.27	\$0.4607					
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Electronics_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.10	0.14	0.11	0.99	0.10	\$0.4680					
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.10	0.13	0.11	0.98	0.10	\$0.4705					
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Electronics_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.10	0.13	0.11	0.97	0.10	\$0.4967					
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.09	0.12	0.10	0.96	0.09	\$0.5370					
New Measures	Residential_Mobile Home_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.09	0.12	0.10	0.96	0.09	\$0.5389					
IQW	1126E IQW Refrigerator Replacement	0.13	0.13	0.12	1.28	0.10	\$0.5608					
New Measures	Residential Dryer Vent Cleaning (10% of average annual kWh use of 967 kWh)	0.06	0.08	0.07	0.91	0.06	\$0.6605					
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_New_Miscellaneous_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.07	0.09	0.08	0.91	0.08	\$0.6963					
New Measures	Residential_Multifamily_Existing_Miscellaneous_Electric_Behavioral Programs	0.07	0.09	0.08	0.90	0.07	\$0.7054					
IQW	1108E IQW Audit Recommendations - Electric Only	0.07	0.07	0.06	1.08	0.06	\$1.7682					
Home Energy Assessment	R111E HEA Audit Recommendations - Electric Only	0.05	0.05	0.05	1.08	0.05	\$1.7699					
Employee Education	R105E EmE Total Employee Education Kits Electric	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
HomeLife EE Calculator	R127E HomeEE Total Home Life EE Calculator and Kit Electric	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
School Education	R159E SchE Total School Kits Electric	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					

**APPENDIX E** Cost Effectiveness Ranking of Energy Efficiency Measures – C&I Sector

#### APPENDIX E COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048

ATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048 Utility/PAC Test Per Lifetime kWh With Admin Costs) Participant Cost Test RIM Test Saved >10 >10 0.3 \$0.0000

Measure Name	TRC Test	Societal Test	Utility/PAC Test	(With Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	RIM Test	Saved
Large Commercial, Refrigeration, Existing, Refrigerator - High Efficiency							
Compressor	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.3	\$0.0000
Large Commercial, Cooling, Existing, RTU - Maintenance	>10	>10	>10	4.6	>10	0.5	\$0.0001
Large Industrial, Motors, New, Fan System - Optimization	>10	>10	>10	9.2	>10	0.3	\$0.0001
Large Industrial, Motors, Existing, Fan System - Optimization	>10	>10	>10	9.2	>10	0.3	\$0.0001
Large Commercial, Cooling, Existing, Chiller - Maintenance	>10	>10	>10	4.7	>10	0.5	\$0.0001
Large Commercial, Cooling,New,Chiller - Maintenance	>10	>10	>10	3.3	>10	0.4	\$0.0001
Large Commercial, Cooling, New, RTU - Maintenance	>10	>10	>10	3.2	>10	0.4	\$0.0001
Large Commercial, Water Heating, Existing, Water Heater - Faucet							
Aerators/Low Flow Nozzles	>10	>10	>10	9.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0001
Large Commercial, Water Heating, New, Water Heater - Faucet							
Aerators/Low Flow Nozzles	>10	>10	>10	6.9	>10	0.3	\$0.0001
Large Commercial, Office Equipment, Existing, POS Terminal	>10	>10	>10	6.1	>10	0.3	\$0.0002
Large Commercial, Office Equipment, New, POS Terminal	>10	>10	>10	5.2	>10	0.3	\$0.0003
Large Industrial, Motors, Existing, Fan System - Maintenance	>10	>10	>10	3.2	>10	0.3	\$0.0003
Large Industrial, Motors, New, Fan System - Maintenance	>10	>10	>10	2.7	>10	0.3	\$0.0003
Small Commercial, Office Equipment, Existing, POS Terminal	>10	>10	>10	6.2	>10	0.4	\$0.0004
Large Commercial, Water Heating, Existing, Water Heater -							· · ·
Desuperheater	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0004
Large Commercial, Water Heating, Existing, Pre-rinse Spray Valves	>10	>10	>10	5.7	>10	0.4	\$0.0005
Small Commercial, Office Equipment, New, POS Terminal	>10	>10	>10	5.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0005
Large Commercial, Office Equipment, Existing, Server	>10	>10	>10	5.9	>10	0.3	\$0.0005
Large Commercial. Office Equipment.New.Server	>10	>10	>10	5.1	>10	0.3	\$0.0005
Small Commercial. Office Equipment.Existing.Server	>10	>10	>10	6.2	>10	0.4	\$0.0005
Small Commercial, Office Equipment, New, Server	>10	>10	>10	5.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0005
Small Commercial, Office Equipment, Existing, Desktop Computer	>10	>10	>10	6.2	>10	0.4	\$0.0005
Small Commercial, Office Equipment, New, Desktop Computer	>10	>10	>10	5.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0005
Large Commercial, Office Equipment, Existing, Desktop Computer	>10	>10	>10	5.9	>10	0.3	\$0.0005
Large Commercial. Office Equipment.New.Desktop Computer	>10	>10	>10	5.1	>10	0.3	\$0.0005
Large Commercial. Water Heating.New.Water Heater - Desuperheater	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.3	\$0.0005
Large Commercial. Water Heating.New.Pre-rinse Spray Valves	>10	>10	>10	4.2	>10	0.3	\$0.0006
Large Industrial. Motors. Existing. Pumping System - Optimization	>10	>10	>10	6.4	>10	0.3	\$0.0007
Large Industrial, Motors, New, Pumping System - Optimization	>10	>10	>10	6.5	>10	0.3	\$0.0007
Large Commercial. Office Equipment.Existing.Printer/Copier/Fax	>10	>10	>10	5.8	>10	0.3	\$0.0009
Large Commercial. Office Equipment.New.Printer/Copier/Fax	>10	>10	>10	5.0	>10	0.3	\$0.0009
Small Commercial. Office Equipment.Existing.Printer/Copier/Fax	>10	>10	>10	6.0	>10	0.4	\$0.0009
Small Commercial, Office Equipment, New, Printer/Copier/Fax	>10	>10	>10	5.2	>10	0.4	\$0.0009
Small Commercial, Refrigeration, New, Refrigerator - High Efficiency	-						,
Compressor	>10	>10	>10	8.9	>10	0.3	\$0.0010
Large Commercial, Cooling, Existing, Room AC	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.5	\$0.0011
Large Industrial, Motors, New, Transformer - High Efficiency	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0011
Large Industrial Process New Transformer - High Efficiency	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0012
Large Industrial, Motors, Existing, Transformer - High Efficiency	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0012
Large Commercial. Cooling New Boom AC	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.5	\$0.0012
Large Commercial, Water Heating, Existing Water Heater - Drainwater	_0						+
Heat Recovery	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0012
Large Industrial, Process, Existing, Transformer - High Efficiency	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0013
Large Industrial, Cooling, Existing, Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.5	\$0.0015
	-	-					

#### APPENDIX E COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048

Page 263 Measure Utilit Per Lifetime

				Utility/DAC Test			Der Lifetime k\A/h
Massura Nama	TPC Test	Societal Test	Utility/DAC Tost	(With Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Tost	<b>BIM</b> Test	Saved
Intersure Name	TRC Test	Societal Test	Otinty/PAC Test	(with Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	KIIVI TESL	Saveu
Heat Recovery	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	03	\$0.0015
Large Industrial Motors Existing Motors - Efficient Rewind	>10	>10	>10	7.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0015
Large Industrial, Motors, New Motors - Efficient Rewind	>10	>10	>10	6.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0015
Large Commercial Ventilation Existing HVAC - Duct Renair and	10	/10	/10	0.4	/10	0.4	\$0.0015
Sealing	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0015
Large Industrial, Cooling, New, Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.6	\$0.0017
Small Commercial Office Equipment Existing Lanton	>10	>10	>10	5.7	>10	0.4	\$0.0017
Small Commercial, Office Equipment New Lapton	>10	>10	>10	5.0	>10	0.4	\$0.0017
Large Commercial, Office Equipment Existing Lanton	>10	>10	>10	5.5	>10	0.3	\$0.0017
Large Commercial, Office Equipment New Lapton	>10	>10	>10	4.8	>10	0.3	\$0.0017
Large Industrial Motors Existing Pumping System - Maintenance	>10	>10	>10	3.0	>10	0.3	\$0.0017
Large Industrial Motors, New Pumping System - Maintenance	>10	>10	>10	2.6	>10	0.3	\$0.0017
Large Commercial, Ventilation New HVAC - Duct Renair and Sealing	>10	>10	>10	9.1	>10	0.2	\$0.0017
Small Industrial, Motors, Existing, Pumping System - Optimization	>10	>10	>10	5.8	>10	0.3	\$0.0019
Small Industrial, Motors, New, Pumping System - Optimization	>10	>10	>10	5.9	>10	0.3	\$0.0019
B169 E PRE ENERGY STAR Dishwasher - Multi-Tank Conv - High Temp	. 10	. 10	. 20	0.0	. 20	0.0	φ010013
-Elec Heat	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0020
Small Commercial. Water Heating.Existing.Water Heater - Faucet							7
Aerators/Low Flow Nozzles	>10	>10	>10	7.7	>10	0.4	\$0.0020
Small Commercial. Cooling.New.RTU - Maintenance	>10	>10	>10	5.6	>10	0.7	\$0.0023
Large Commercial, Refrigeration, New, Refrigerator - Variable Speed							
Compressor	>10	>10	>10	6.4	>10	0.3	\$0.0023
B171 E PRE ENERGY STAR Dishwasher - Multi-Tank Conv - Low Temp -							·
Elec Heat	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0026
Small Commercial, Water Heating, New, Water Heater - Faucet							
Aerators/Low Flow Nozzles	>10	>10	>10	5.8	>10	0.3	\$0.0027
Large Commercial, Refrigeration, Existing, Refrigerator - Variable Speed							
Compressor	>10	>10	>10	7.4	>10	0.3	\$0.0028
Large Commercial, Water Heating, Existing, Water Heater - Solar							
System	7.1	7.1	>10	7.4	>10	0.3	\$0.0028
Large Commercial, Cooling, Existing, Insulation - Ducting	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.4	\$0.0029
B234 E PRE T12 4ft Delamping Replacing T12 Fixture	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.6	\$0.0032
Small Industrial, Motors, Existing, Fan System - Optimization	9.3	9.3	>10	6.6	>10	0.3	\$0.0034
Small Industrial, Motors, New, Fan System - Optimization	9.4	9.4	>10	6.7	>10	0.3	\$0.0034
Large Commercial, Water Heating, New, Water Heater - Solar System	9.2	9.2	>10	6.8	>10	0.3	\$0.0034
Small Commercial, Refrigeration, Existing, Refrigerator - High Efficiency							
Compressor	8.0	8.0	>10	8.6	>10	0.4	\$0.0036
Small Commercial, Office Equipment, Existing, Monitor	6.8	6.8	>10	4.9	>10	0.4	\$0.0046
Small Commercial, Office Equipment, New, Monitor	7.1	7.1	>10	4.3	>10	0.4	\$0.0046
Large Commercial, Office Equipment, Existing, Monitor	6.7	6.7	>10	4.7	>10	0.3	\$0.0046
Large Commercial, Office Equipment, New, Monitor	6.6	6.6	>10	4.1	>10	0.3	\$0.0046
Large Commercial, Cooling, New, Insulation - Ducting	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.5	\$0.0052
Livestock Waterer/Livestock Waterer - Energy Free	1.5	1.5	>10	6.6	5.3	0.3	\$0.0055
Large Commercial, Cooling, New, HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.3	\$0.0055
B173 E PRE ENERGY STAR Dishwasher - Single Tank Conv - High Temp							
Elect Heat	5.5	5.5	>10	8.8	>10	0.4	\$0.0071
B238 E PRE T8 4ft 1 Lamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 1 Lamp	3.4	3.4	>10	>10	5.3	0.6	\$0.0075
B203 E PRE LED Exit Sign Retrofit-Replacement	1.0	1.0	>10	7.0	2.6	0.4	\$0.0075

#### APPENDIX E COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048

Page 264 Measure Utility Cost Per Lifetime kWh

				Utility/PAC Test			Per Lifetime kWh
Measure Name	TRC Test	Societal Test	Utility/PAC Test	(With Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	RIM Test	Saved
Small Commercial. Cooling.Existing.Insulation - Ducting	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	1.3	\$0.0075
B239 E PRE T8 4ft 2 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 2 Lamp	8.1	8.1	>10	>10	>10	0.6	\$0.0077
B245 E PRE T8 4ft 4 Lamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 4 Lamp	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.6	\$0.0077
B127 E NC NC - Envelope	1.4	1.4	>10	7.9	3.0	0.5	\$0.0077
							· ·
B195 E PRE LED 12W Replacing Incandescent 25-45W (2019 - 2021)	7.8	7.8	>10	>10	9.2	0.9	\$0.0078
B237 E PRE T8 4ft 1 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 1 Lamp	3.9	3.9	>10	>10	6.0	0.6	\$0.0078
B240 E PRE T8 4ft 2 Lamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 2 Lamp	6.8	6.8	>10	>10	>10	0.6	\$0.0078
B242 E PRE T8 4ft 3 Lamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 3 Lamp	9.2	9.2	>10	>10	>10	0.6	\$0.0078
B198 E PRE LED 20W Replacing Incandescent 90+W (2019 - 2021)	9.6	9.6	>10	>10	>10	0.9	\$0.0079
B244 E PRE T8 4ft 4 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 4 Lamp	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.6	\$0.0079
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B196 E PRE LED 15W Replacing Incandescent 46-65W (2019 - 2021)	8.6	8.6	>10	>10	>10	0.9	\$0.0079
B106 E Cust HVAC - Chillers	7.3	7.3	>10	6.9	>10	0.5	\$0.0080
B200 E PRE LED 2x2 Recessed Fixture Replacing T8 2 lamp U-Tube	1.4	1.4	>10	>10	2.1	0.6	\$0.0080
B246 E PRE T8 4ft 4 Lamp Replacing HID 250W	6.3	6.3	>10	9.6	>10	0.5	\$0.0080
Engine block heater Timer for agricultural Equipment	7.2	7.2	7.2	2.9	>10	0.2	\$0.0081
B204 E PRE LED Exterior Replacing HID to 175W	1.9	1.9	7.7	4.1	8.3	0.2	\$0.0082
B142 E PRE Air Source HP to 5.4 Tons (14+ SEER)	4.0	4.0	>10	>10	3.0	1.3	\$0.0082
B259 E PRE Water Source HP - Under 1.42 Tons 12+ SEER	4.0	4.0	>10	>10	3.0	1.3	\$0.0082
B241 E PRE T8 4ft 3 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 3 Lamp	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.6	\$0.0082
B247 E PRE T8 4ft 6 Lamp Replacing HID 400W	7.5	7.5	>10	9.4	>10	0.5	\$0.0082
B194 E PRE LED to 10W Replacing Incandescent to 25W (2019 -							
2021)	5.7	5.7	>10	>10	6.5	0.9	\$0.0083
B145 E PRE Air Source HP - 5.4 - 11.3 Tons (11.5+ SEER)	3.4	3.4	>10	>10	3.7	0.9	\$0.0083
B236 E PRE T5 4ft 3 Lamp Replacing HID 250W	6.6	6.6	>10	9.3	12.6	0.5	\$0.0084
B230 E PRE RTU AC - 65,000 - 135,000 BTHU 11+ EER	4.5	4.5	>10	>10	3.0	1.5	\$0.0084
B248 E PRE Unitary AC Unit - 136,000-240,000 BTUH 11+ EER	4.5	4.5	>10	>10	3.0	1.5	\$0.0084
B235 E PRE T5 4ft 2 Lamp Replacing to 175W	8.2	8.2	>10	9.3	>10	0.5	\$0.0084
B205 E PRE LED Exterior Replacing HID 1000W	5.4	5.4	7.4	4.0	>10	0.2	\$0.0084
B189 E PRE Ground Source HP - to 11.25 Tons 17.3+ SEER	>10	>10	>10	>10	10.0	1.2	\$0.0084
B156 E PRE Compressed Air - Engineered Nozzle per shift125"							
nozzle	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.7	\$0.0085
B211 E PRE LED Interior Replacing HID 251-400W	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.6	\$0.0085
B255 E PRE VFD - Tower Fan 1-20HP	1.9	1.9	7.2	3.9	8.5	0.2	\$0.0085
B212 E PRE LED Interior Replacing HID176-250W	>10	>10	>10	10.0	>10	0.6	\$0.0085
B159 E PRE ECM Freezer Motors	7.1	7.1	>10	7.3	>10	0.4	\$0.0085
B188 E PRE Ground Source HP - to 11.25 Tons 14.3+ SEER	6.6	6.6	>10	>10	5.9	1.1	\$0.0085
B220 E PRE Programmable Thermostat - Electric Cooling and Heat	2.2	2.2	7.2	3.9	9.5	0.2	\$0.0085
B143 E PRE Air Source HP - 11.3 - 20 Tons (11+ SEER)	4.2	4.2	>10	>10	5.1	0.8	\$0.0085
B197 E PRE LED 17W Replacing Incandescent 66-90W (2019 - 2021)	8.5	8.5	>10	>10	>10	0.9	\$0.0085
B201 E PRE LED 2x4 Recessed Fixture Replacing T12 4ft 3 Lamp or 4							
Lamp	3.8	3.8	>10	>10	5.9	0.6	\$0.0085
B251 E PRE VFD - Condenser Water Pump 1-20HP	>10	>10	>10	5.9	>10	0.3	\$0.0085
B249 E PRE Unitary AC Unit- 241,000 - 760,000 BTUH 10.1+ EER	3.9	3.9	>10	>10	2.6	1.5	\$0.0085
B144 E PRE Air Source HP - 20.1 - 63.3 Tons (10.1+ SEER)	6.3	6.3	>10	>10	6.6	1.0	\$0.0085
B221 E PRE Programmable Thermostat - Electric Cooling	1.2	1.2	7.2	3.9	5.4	0.2	\$0.0086
B214 E PRE LED Tube Relamp Replacing T12	5.3	5.3	>10	>10	8.3	0.6	\$0.0086
B222 E PRE Programmable Thermostat - Heat Pump	1.9	1.9	7.2	3.9	8.4	0.2	\$0.0086

#### APPENDIX E COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048

Page 265 Measure Utility Cost

				Utility/PAC Test			Per Lifetime kWh
Measure Name	TRC Test	Societal Test	Utility/PAC Test	(With Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	RIM Test	Saved
B253 E PRE VFD - Return Fan 1-20HP	6.0	6.0	>10	7.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0086
B155 E PRE Compressed Air - Engineered Nozzle per shift25"							
nozzle	>10	>10	>10	>10	>10	0.7	\$0.0086
B160 E PRE ECM on Furnace	2.6	2.6	11.3	6.1	7.2	0.4	\$0.0086
B252 E PRE VFD - Hot Water Pump 1-20HP	>10	>10	>10	6.9	>10	0.4	\$0.0086
B207 E PRE LED Exterior Replacing HID176-250W	2.5	2.5	7.4	4.0	10.9	0.2	\$0.0086
B254 E PRE VFD - Supply Fan 1-20HP	7.8	7.8	>10	8.4	>10	0.5	\$0.0086
B250 E PRE VFD - Chilled Water Pump 1-20HP	4.2	4.2	9.7	5.3	>10	0.3	\$0.0086
B224 E PRE PTAC - to 0.58 Tons 14+ SEER	3.3	3.3	>10	>10	2.2	1.5	\$0.0086
B225 E PRE PTAC - 1.25+ Tons 14+ SEER	3.3	3.3	>10	>10	2.2	1.5	\$0.0086
B226 E PRE PTAC - 0.58 - 1.25 Tons 14+ SEER	3.3	3.3	>10	>10	2.2	1.5	\$0.0086
B215 E PRE LED Tube Relamp Replacing T8	4.1	4.1	>10	>10	6.4	0.6	\$0.0086
B206 E PRE LED Exterior Replacing HID 251-400W	3.1	3.1	7.3	3.9	>10	0.2	\$0.0086
B258 E PRE Water Source HP - 5.43 - 11.25 Tons 12.8+ SEER	4.0	4.0	>10	>10	4.1	1.0	\$0.0087
B227 E PRE PTHP - to 0.58 Tons 14+ SEER	3.4	3.4	>10	>10	2.7	1.3	\$0.0087
B228 E PRE PTHP - 1.25+ Tons 14+ SEER	3.4	3.4	>10	>10	2.7	1.3	\$0.0087
B229 E PRE PTHP - 0.58 - 1.25 Tons 14 SEER	3.4	3.4	>10	>10	2.7	1.3	\$0.0087
B257 E PRE Water Source HP - 1.42 - 5.42 Tons 12.8+ SEER	4.2	4.2	>10	>10	3.2	1.3	\$0.0087
B243 E PRE T8 4ft 3 Lamp Replacing HID to 175W	2.3	2.3	7.3	4.0	10.2	0.2	\$0.0087
B210 E PRE LED Interior Replacing HID 1000W	>10	>10	>10	9.9	>10	0.6	\$0.0087
B158 E PRE ECM Cooler Motors	5.9	5.9	>10	8.8	>10	0.5	\$0.0088
B130 E NC NC - Lighting Upgrades - Exterior	0.8	0.8	6.1	3.3	3.3	0.2	\$0.0089
B131 E NC NC - Lighting Upgrades - Interior	1.7	1.7	13.2	7.2	3.3	0.5	\$0.0089
B132 E NC NC - Motors & Drives	1.5	1.5	12.0	6.6	3.3	0.5	\$0.0089
B209 E PRE LED Interior Replacing HID to 175W	>10	>10	>10	9.8	>10	0.6	\$0.0090
B202 E PRE LED 2x4 Recessed Fixture Replacing T8 4ft 3 Lamp or 4							
Lamp	2.2	2.2	>10	>10	3.4	0.6	\$0.0090
B199 E PRE LED 2x2 Recessed Fixture Replacing T12 2 Lamp U-Tube	2.4	2.4	>10	>10	3.7	0.6	\$0.0090
B102 E Cust Compressed Air	6.1	6.1	>10	5.8	>10	0.5	\$0.0092
B108 E Cust Lighting - Exterior - LED	3.5	3.5	5.2	2.9	>10	0.2	\$0.0092
B109 E Cust Lighting - Exterior - Other	3.5	3.5	5.2	2.9	>10	0.2	\$0.0092
B110 E Cust Lighting - Exterior - T5-T8	3.5	3.5	5.2	2.9	>10	0.2	\$0.0092
B112 E Cust Lighting - Interior - LED	7.9	7.9	>10	6.4	>10	0.5	\$0.0092
B113 E Cust Lighting - Interior - Other	7.8	7.8	>10	6.4	>10	0.5	\$0.0092
B114 E Cust Lighting - Interior - T5-T8	7.8	7.8	>10	6.4	>10	0.5	\$0.0092
B116 E Cust Motors & Drives	6.1	6.1	>10	5.8	>10	0.5	\$0.0092
B121 E Cust Pumps + Fans	6.1	6.1	>10	5.8	>10	0.5	\$0.0092
HE Exhaust Fans 24"-72" Diameter	1.0	1.0	>10	>10	1.6	0.6	\$0.0094
B168 E PRE ENERGY STAR Commercial Refrigerator 30- 50ft	1.0	1.0	>10	5.5	2.8	0.4	\$0.0094
B191 E PRE Holding Cabinets - Insulated - FA2 Full Size -ENERGY STAR	4.5	4.5	>10	6.8	>10	0.5	\$0.0095
Large Commercial, Ventilation, New, Insulation - Ducting	4.7	4.7	>10	6.0	>10	0.3	\$0.0095
B161 E PRE ENERGY STAR Commercial Freezer to 15ft	5.8	5.8	>10	5.5	>10	0.4	\$0.0095
B185 E PRE ENERGY STAR Steamer - 6 Pan	3.5	3.5	>10	8.3	6.3	0.6	\$0.0097
B167 E PRE ENERGY STAR Commercial Refrigerator 15-30ft	1.2	1.2	>10	5.5	3.2	0.4	\$0.0097
Small Commercial, Cooling, New, Insulation - Ducting	18.6	18.6	>10	>10	>10	0.9	\$0.0097
B180 E PRE ENERGY STAR Oven - Combo	8.3	8.3	>10	6.8	>10	0.5	\$0.0097
B292 E SBDI LED 12W Replacing Incandescent 25-45W	>10	>10	>10	10.0	>10	0.9	\$0.0097
B181 E PRE ENERGY STAR Oven - Convection	2.9	2.9	>10	6.8	6.2	0.5	\$0.0097

#### APPENDIX E COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048

Page 266 Measure Utility Cost

				Utility/DAC Tost			Bor Lifetime kWb
Manager Nama	TDC Test	Conintal Test		(With Admin Costs)	Doutisiu out Cost Tost		Fer Litetime KWI
DIG2 E DRE ENERCY STAR Commercial Freezer 15, 20 ft			10.0				saveu
B103 E PRE ENERGY STAR Commercial Prezzer 15-50 ft	7.1	2.5	6.2	3.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0097
P146 E DRE Anti-Sweat Heater Controls - Treezer	1.1	1.1	6.2	2.4	16	0.2	\$0.0097
B140 E FRE Anti-Sweat heater controls - Cooler B177 E DRE ENERGY STAR Holding Cabinet Half Size ENERGY	1.1	1.1	0.2	5.4	4.0	0.2	\$0.0058
STAR	16	16	>10	67	3.4	0.5	\$0,0098
B162 E DRE ENERGY STAR Commercial Ereazer 50ft+	6.6	5.6	>10	5.4	5.4 \\10	0.5	\$0.0098
B184 E DRE ENERGY STAR Commercial Treezer Soft	3.0	3.0	>10	9.4 9.2	5.2	0.4	\$0.0098
B164 E PRE ENERGY STAR Commercial Ereazer 30-50 ft	5.0	5.0	00	5.4	>10	0.0	\$0.0099
B293 E SBDI LED 15W Benlacing Incandescent 46-65W	>10	5.5 >10	>10	9.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0099
B166 E_DRE_ENERGY STAR Commercial Refrigerator 50ft+	13	13	9.8	5.5	3.4	0.5	\$0.0000
B182 E DRE ENERGY STAR Steamer - 3 Dan	1.5	1.5	>10	8.1	3.4	0.4	\$0.0100
B176 E_DRE_ENERGY STAR Griddle Replacing Non-ENERGY STAR	1.7	1.,	210	0.1	5.1	0.0	90.0100
model	4.1	<i>A</i> 1	14.8	8 1	73	0.6	\$0.0100
B329 E SBDI T8 4ft 6 Lamp Benlacing HID 400W	>10	>10	>10	7.8	>10	0.5	\$0.0100
B129 E NC NC - HVAC	2.8	2.8	10.3	5.6	65	0.5	\$0.0101
B136 F. NC NC - Refrigeration	1.4	1.4	10.3	5.6	3.2	0.5	\$0.0102
B326 F_SBDI T8 4ft 4 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 4 Lamp	>10	>10	>10	93	>10	0.5	\$0.0102
B295 E SBDI I ED 20W Replacing Incandescent 90+W	>10	>10	>10	9.7	>10	0.9	\$0.0102
B327 F SBDI T8 4ft 4 Jamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 4 Jamp	>10	>10	>10	9.7	>10	0.5	\$0.0102
B291 E SBDI I ED to 10 Replacing Incandescent 25W (2019-2021)	>10	>10	>10	9.8	>10	0.9	\$0.0103
B320 F SBDI T8 4ft 1 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 1 Lamp	>10	>10	>10	9.1	>10	0.5	\$0.0105
B323 F SBDI T8 4ft 2 Jamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 2 Jamp	>10	>10	>10	9.1	>10	0.6	\$0.0105
B321 E_SBDI T8 4ft 1 Jamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 1 Jamp	>10	>10	>10	9.1	>10	0.6	\$0.0105
B325 F_SBDI T8 4ft 3 Jamp - 28W Replacing T12 4ft 3 Jamp	>10	>10	>10	9,1	>10	0.6	\$0.0105
B115 E Cust Lighting - Interior -CELs	3.7	3.7	5.5	4.9	1.1	3.5	\$0.0105
B122 E Cust Refrigeration	5.2	5.2	8.9	5.0	13.5	0.5	\$0.0105
B111 E Cust Lighting - Exterior -CFLs	3.0	3.0	4.5	2.5	15.9	0.2	\$0.0105
B328 E_SBDI T8 4ft 4 Lamp Replacing HID 250W	>10	>10	>10	7.6	>10	0.5	\$0.0106
B294 E SBDI LED 17W Replacing Incandescent 66-90W	>10	>10	>10	9.4	>10	0.9	\$0.0107
B296 E SBDI LED Exit Sign Retrofit-Replacement	8.9	8.9	8.9	5.3	>10	0.4	\$0.0108
HVLS Fans (20' - 24')	2.4	2.4	>10	>10	3.5	0.7	\$0.0108
B311 E SBDI Programmable-Wi-Fi - Heat Pump	5.4	5.4	5.4	3.2	>10	0.2	\$0.0109
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B175 E PRE ENERGY STAR Fryer Replacing Non-ENERGY STAR model	2.1	2.1	>10	7.0	4.2	0.5	\$0.0109
B322 E SBDI T8 4ft 2 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 2 Lamp	>10	>10	>10	8.9	>10	0.6	\$0.0110
B305 E SBDI LED Interior Replacing HID176-250W	>10	>10	>10	8.0	>10	0.6	\$0.0110
B304 E SBDI LED Interior Replacing HID 251-400W	>10	>10	>10	8.0	>10	0.6	\$0.0111
B324 E SBDI T8 4ft 3 Lamp - 25W Replacing T12 4ft 3 Lamp	>10	>10	>10	8.8	>10	0.6	\$0.0112
B302 E SBDI LED Interior Replacing HID to 175W	>10	>10	>10	8.0	>10	0.6	\$0.0112
B299 E SBDI LED Exterior Replacing HID 251-400W	5.3	5.3	5.3	3.1	>10	0.2	\$0.0112
B285 E SBDI ECM Cooler Motors	>10	>10	>10	7.1	>10	0.5	\$0.0112
B298 E SBDI LED Exterior Replacing HID 1000W	5.3	5.3	5.3	3.1	>10	0.2	\$0.0113
B303 E SBDI LED Interior Replacing HID 1000W	>10	>10	>10	7.9	>10	0.6	\$0.0113
B297 E SBDI LED Exterior Replacing HID to 175W	5.3	5.3	5.3	3.2	>10	0.2	\$0.0113
Small Industrial, Cooling, Existing, Transformer - High Efficiency	3.5	3.5	>10	6.9	10.0	0.4	\$0.0113
B286 E SBDI ECM Freezer Motors	9.6	9.6	9.6	5.8	>10	0.4	\$0.0113
B300 E SBDI LED Exterior Replacing HID176-250W	5.3	5.3	5.3	3.2	>10	0.2	\$0.0113
B314 E SBDI Programmable-Wi-Fi Thermostat - Electric Cooling	5.1	5.1	5.1	3.1	>10	0.2	\$0.0114
B126 E NC NC - Elec - Other Systems	8.0	8.0	8.9	4.9	>10	0.5	\$0.0114
Small Commercial, Heating, New, HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	3.3	3.3	9.1	4.4	>10	0.2	\$0.0114

#### APPENDIX E COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048

048 Page 267 Measure Utility Cost Per Lifetime kWh Saved

				Utility/PAC Test			Per Lifetime kWh
Measure Name	TRC Test	Societal Test	Utility/PAC Test	(With Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	RIM Test	Saved
B313 E SBDI Programmable-Wi-Fi - Electric Cooling and Heat	5.1	5.1	5.1	3.1	>10	0.2	\$0.0115
B165 E PRE ENERGY STAR Commercial Refrigerator to 15ft	2.1	2.1	8.4	4.9	5.8	0.4	\$0.0116
B178 E PRE ENERGY STAR Ice Machine - 1000+ lb	0.4	0.4	9.2	5.0	0.9	0.4	\$0.0118
B179 E PRE ENERGY STAR Ice Machine - 500-1000 lb	0.3	0.3	9.1	5.0	0.8	0.4	\$0.0118
B117 E Cust Non-Lightng Other	4.6	4.6	7.8	4.3	>10	0.5	\$0.0118
B183 E PRE ENERGY STAR Steamer - 4 Pan	2.2	2.2	>10	7.3	4.0	0.6	\$0.0120
Large Industrial, Motors, Existing, Motors - Variable Frequency Drive							
(Compressed Air)	2.3	2.3	6.8	3.7	8.1	0.3	\$0.0121
Large Industrial, Motors, New, Motors - Variable Frequency Drive							
(Compressed Air)	2.3	2.3	6.4	3.3	8.8	0.3	\$0.0121
Small Commercial, Ventilation, Existing, HVAC - Duct Repair and							
Sealing	2.1	2.1	6.3	4.3	6.3	0.3	\$0.0121
B276 E SBDI Anti-Sweat Heater Controls - Cooler	4.5	4.5	4.5	2.7	>10	0.2	\$0.0127
B217 E PRE Occupancy Sensor - 500+ W Connected Load	6.9	6.9	8.5	4.6	>10	0.4	\$0.0127
B219 E PRE Occupancy Sensor - 200W - 500W Connected Load	3.8	3.8	8.5	4.6	9.1	0.4	\$0.0128
B277 E SBDI Anti-Sweat Heater Controls - Freezer	4.5	4.5	4.5	2.7	>10	0.2	\$0.0129
B208 E PRE LED Freezer Display Case Lighting	1.5	1.5	6.5	3.6	4.4	0.3	\$0.0129
B218 E PRE Occupancy Sensor 100W - 199W Connected Load	1.0	1.0	8.4	4.6	2.5	0.4	\$0.0129
B213 E PRE LED Refrigerated Display Case Lighting	1.2	1.2	5.8	3.1	4.1	0.3	\$0.0129
B216 E PRE Motion Sensors on LED cases	4.4	4.4	4.5	2.5	>10	0.2	\$0.0130
Small Commercial, Ventilation, New, HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	3.4	3.4	9.2	4.9	>10	0.3	\$0.0132
B134 E NC NC - Process-E	>10	>10	4.7	2.6	>10	0.3	\$0.0134
B119 E Cust Process-E	3.8	3.8	6.5	3.6	10.0	0.4	\$0.0138
B287 E SBDI ECM on Furnace	6.1	6.1	6.1	3.6	>10	0.3	\$0.0143
Large Industrial. Exterior Lighting, Existing, Transformer - High							
Efficiency	2.4	2.4	7.1	5.2	6.9	0.3	\$0.0151
Large Industrial, Cooling, Existing, HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	>10	>10	>10	>10	7.6	1.6	\$0.0152
Large Industrial. Interior Lighting, New, Transformer - High Efficiency	2.4	2.4	6.5	4.7	7.2	0.4	\$0.0159
Large Industrial. Interior Lighting, Existing, Transformer - High							
Efficiency	2.2	2.2	6.8	5.1	6.5	0.4	\$0.0160
B279 E SBDI Auto Door Closers - Walk-In Freezer	5.6	5.6	5.6	3.4	>10	0.4	\$0.0168
B306 E_SBDI LED Refrigerated Display Case Lighting	4.2	4.2	4.2	2.5	>10	0.3	\$0.0168
B301 E SBDI LED Freezer Display Case Lighting	4.7	4.7	4.7	2.8	>10	0.3	\$0.0169
B278 E SBDI Auto Door Closers - Walk-In cooler	5.8	5.8	5.8	3.5	>10	0.4	\$0.0170
B309 E_SBDI Occupancy Sensor - 200W - 500W Connected Load	6.3	6.3	6.3	3.8	>10	0.4	\$0.0171
B307 E SBDI Motion Sensors on LED cases	3.2	3.2	3.2	1.9	>10	0.2	\$0.0171
B308 E SBDI Occupancy Sensor 100W - 199W Connected Load	6.2	6.2	6.2	3.8	>10	0.4	\$0.0171
B310 E SBDI Occupancy Sensor 500+W Connected Load	6.2	6.2	6.2	3.7	>10	0.4	\$0.0172
Large Commercial, Cooling Existing HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	2.9	2.9	8.7	6.1	6.2	0.5	\$0.0180
6W A-line LED Jamps replacing 9W CEL A-line Jamps (2022+)	2.5	2.5	7.6	5.3	5.7	0.4	\$0.0181
13W A-line LED lamps replacing 20W CEL A-line lamps (2022+)	2.3	2.3	7.1	5.0	5 3	0.4	\$0.0193
	2.0	2.0		510	0.0	0.1	çolozoo
Large Industrial, Motors, New, Compressed Air - System Maintenance	1.6	1.6	4.4	1.7	5.5	0.3	\$0.0199
Large Industrial, Motors, Existing, Compressed Air - System							
Maintenance	1.7	1.7	5.0	2.0	5.3	0.3	\$0.0204
Small Commercial, Cooling, Existing, HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	>10	>10	>10	>10	4.5	3.7	\$0.0204
B319 E SBDI Strip Curtain - Walk-In Freezer	4.2	4.2	4.2	2.5	>10	0.4	\$0.0210
B318 E SBDI Strip Curtain - Walk-In Cooler	4.1	4.1	4.1	2.5	>10	0.4	\$0.0212
B261 E RCx Custom RCx Project - EMS-E	2.3	2.3	3.8	2.1	6.6	0.4	\$0.0218

#### **APPENDIX E** COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048

							Measure Utility Cost
				Utility/PAC Test			Per Lifetime kWh
Measure Name	TRC Test	Societal Test	Utility/PAC Test	(With Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	<b>RIM Test</b>	Saved
B263 E RCx Custom RCx Project - HVAC	1.8	1.8	3.8	2.1	4.7	0.4	\$0.0218
B267 E RCx Custom RCx Project - Other-E	2.5	2.5	3.8	2.1	7.3	0.4	\$0.0218
B268 E RCx Custom RCx Project - Process	2.5	2.5	3.8	2.1	7.3	0.4	\$0.0218
B269 E RCx Custom RCx Project - Refrigeration	1.8	1.8	3.8	2.1	4.7	0.4	\$0.0218
B271 E RCx Custom RCx Project -Comp Air	1.7	1.7	3.8	2.1	4.4	0.4	\$0.0218
B264 E RCx Custom RCx Project - Lighting	1.5	1.5	4.1	2.3	3.4	0.5	\$0.0218
B265 E RCx Custom RCx Project - Motors & Drives	1.2	1.2	3.8	2.1	2.9	0.4	\$0.0218
Small Commercial, Cooling, New, HVAC - Duct Repair and Sealing	>10	>10	>10	>10	9.7	2.1	\$0.0224
Small Industrial, Motors, New, Transformer - High Efficiency	1.6	1.6	4.5	3.5	5.1	0.3	\$0.0228
Small Commercial, Cooling, Existing, Chiller - Maintenance	3.9	3.9	>10	5.0	4.8	0.8	\$0.0238
20W A-line LED lamps replacing 30W CFL A-line lamps (2022+)	1.9	1.9	5.6	4.2	4.3	0.4	\$0.0244
B330 E SBDI Vending Machine Occupancy Sensor - Refrigerated							
Beverage	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.3	>10	0.2	\$0.0245
B289 E SBDI Evaporator Fan Controls Installed on Shade Pole or PSC	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.1	>10	0.3	\$0.0247
B331 E SBDI Vending Machine Occupancy Sensor - Refrigerated Glass							
Front Cooler	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.3	>10	0.2	\$0.0248
Large Industrial, Cooling, Existing, Transformer - High Efficiency	3.3	3.3	10.0	8.2	4.3	0.8	\$0.0250
17W A-line LED lamps replacing 26.5W CFL A-line lamps (2022+)	1.7	1.7	5.0	3.9	3.9	0.4	\$0.0271
9W A-line LED lamps replacing 14.5W CFL A-line lamps (2022+)	1.7	1.7	5.0	3.9	3.9	0.4	\$0.0272
Small Commercial, Cooling, New, Chiller - Maintenance	4.4	4.4	>10	3.4	8.7	0.5	\$0.0282
Large Industrial, Heating, Existing, Transformer - High Efficiency	3.2	3.2	9.6	7.9	4.1	0.8	\$0.0288
Small Industrial, Cooling, New, Geothermal Heat Pump	2.8	2.8	7.7	6.3	3.9	0.8	\$0.0292
Large Industrial, Exterior Lighting, New, Transformer - High Efficiency	1.1	1.1	3.1	2.6	3.6	0.3	\$0.0304
Large Commercial Water Heating Existing Water Heater - Pine							
Insulation	1.0	10	29	24	27	04	\$0.0308
Small Industrial Cooling Existing Geothermal Heat Pump	2.6	2.6	8.0	6.7	2.7	0.4	\$0.0308
Smail mustrial, cooling, Existing, Geothermai neat Fump	2.0	2.0	8.0	0.7	5.5	0.8	J0.0308
Small Industrial Interior Lighting New Transformer - High Efficiency	12	1 2	3 3	27	3.8	03	\$0.0318
Small Commercial Water Heating Existing Water Heater -			0.0		010	0.0	<i>\$010010</i>
Desuperheater	0.7	0.7	2.0	18	19	0.3	\$0.0330
Small Commercial Ventilation New Insulation - Ducting	1.3	1.2	2.0	2.6	5.0	0.3	\$0.0344
Small Commercial, Water Heating Existing Pre-rinse Spray Valves	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.9	0.3	\$0.0349
Smar commercial, water neating, Existing, Fre-mise Spray valves	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	0.5	J0.0343
Large Commercial Water Heating New Water Heater - Pine Insulation	1.1	1.1	2.9	2.3	3.6	0.3	\$0,0366
Small Industrial. Cooling. New. Room AC	2.2	2.2	5.9	4.9	3.1	0.7	\$0.0368
Small Industrial Motors Existing Transformer - High Efficiency	2.1	2.1	6.5	5.7	2.9	0.8	\$0,0387
Small Industrial, Cooling, Existing, Room AC	1.9	1.9	5.7	4.8	2.6	0.7	\$0,0388
Small Industrial Process Existing Transformer - High Efficiency	0.9	0.9	2.8	2.4	2.8	0.3	\$0,0392
6W A-line LED Jamps replacing QW (CEL A-line Jamps (2022+)	3.7	3.7	2.0	2.4	7.8	0.5	\$0.0392
Small Industrial Cooling New Transformer - High Efficiency	2.1	2.1	5.0	5.1	3.0	0.5	\$0.0392
Small Commercial, Cooling, New, Haristoffiel - High Efficiency	2.1	2.1	5.5	5.1	3.0	0.7	\$0.0403
Small Commercial, Cooling, Existing, Room AC	2.2	2.2	0.0	5.0	2.0	0.9	\$0.0410
Small Commercial Water Heating New Water Heater - Desuperheater	1.0	1.0	2.6	21	3.6	03	\$0.0434
Small Commercial Cooling New Room AC	2.0	2.0	6.0	5.0	2.7	0.8	\$0.0437
Small Commercial, Water Heating New Pre-rince Spray Values	2.2	2.2	2.4	1.5	2.7	0.0	\$0.0450
OW A line LED lamps replacing 14 EW/CELA line lamps (2022.)	0.5	0.5	2.4	1.5	5.5	0.5	\$0.0433
Small industrial Heating New Coethormal Heat Dump	5.1	5.1	2.7	2.5	0.0	0.5	ο.0472
12W A line LED lemme replacing 20W CEL A line lemme (2022 :)	0.5	0.5	1.2	1.0	2.4	0.2	\$U.U493
13 W A-IIIIE LED lamps replacing 20 W CFL A-IIIne lamps (2022+)	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.2	b.1	0.5	ŞU.U5U3

APPENDIX E COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SECTOR BENEFIT-COST RATIOS FOR 2019 TO 2048 NIPSCO 2018 IRP Appendix B Page 269

							Measure Utility Cost
				Utility/PAC Test			Per Lifetime kWh
Measure Name	TRC Test	Societal Test	Utility/PAC Test	(With Admin Costs)	Participant Cost Test	RIM Test	Saved
Large Industrial, Cooling, Existing, HVAC - Economizer	1.5	1.5	4.6	3.8	2.1	0.7	\$0.0512
17W A-line LED lamps replacing 26.5W CFL A-line lamps (2022+)	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.1	5.8	0.5	\$0.0523
Large Commercial, Heating, Existing, Insulation - Wall Cavity	0.4	0.4	1.3	1.1	2.1	0.2	\$0.0528
Small Industrial, Cooling, Existing, Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	0.8	0.8	2.3	2.0	2.0	0.4	\$0.0546
Small Industrial, Heating, Existing, Geothermal Heat Pump	0.4	0.4	1.3	1.1	2.1	0.2	\$0.0548
Small Industrial, Cooling, New, Chiller - Chilled Water Reset	0.9	0.9	2.4	2.1	2.0	0.5	\$0.0604
20W A-line LED lamps replacing 30W CFL A-line lamps (2022+)	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.9	5.0	0.5	\$0.0611
Large Commercial, Heating, Existing, Insulation - Ceiling	0.4	0.4	1.1	1.0	1.8	0.2	\$0.0623
Large Commercial, Heating, New, Insulation - Wall Cavity	0.5	0.5	1.3	1.1	2.4	0.2	\$0.0698
Large Commercial, Miscellaneous, Existing, Pool Pump - Timer	0.4	0.4	1.3	1.1	1.3	0.3	\$0.0706
Small Industrial, Interior Lighting, Existing, Transformer - High							
Efficiency	0.4	0.4	1.1	1.0	1.8	0.2	\$0.0723
Large Industrial, Cooling, New, Transformer - High Efficiency	0.3	0.3	0.9	0.8	1.7	0.2	\$0.0734
Large Industrial, Cooling, New, HVAC - Economizer	1.1	1.1	2.9	2.6	1.7	0.7	\$0.0757
Large Commercial, Miscellaneous, New, Pool Pump - Timer	0.5	0.5	1.4	1.1	1.9	0.3	\$0.0771
Large Industrial, Cooling, Existing, RTU - Maintenance	1.0	1.0	3.1	2.2	1.5	0.7	\$0.0775
Large Industrial, Cooling, New, Chiller - Maintenance	0.9	0.9	2.5	1.8	1.5	0.6	\$0.0879
Small Industrial, Heating, New, Transformer - High Efficiency	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.7	1.2	0.2	\$0.0908
Large Industrial, Cooling, Existing, Chiller - Maintenance	0.9	0.9	2.6	2.0	1.4	0.6	\$0.0911
Large Industrial, Cooling, New, RTU - Maintenance	0.9	0.9	2.4	1.8	1.4	0.6	\$0.0922
Small Commercial, Water Heating, New, Water Heater - Drainwater							
Heat Recovery	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.9	1.6	0.2	\$0.1249
Dairy Refrigeration Tune Up	0.7	0.7	2.5	1.7	0.7	1.0	\$0.1561
Large Industrial, Cooling, Existing, Insulation - Ceiling	1.0	1.0	3.1	3.0	0.9	1.1	\$0.1711
Small Industrial, Cooling, Existing, Insulation - Ceiling	0.7	0.7	2.1	2.1	0.7	1.0	\$0.2508

# **APPENDIX F** Residential Low-Income Whole-House Program

Appendix F

# PROGRAM PLAN FOR INCOME QUALIFIED WHOLE HOUSE RETROFIT PROGRAM



September 2018

#### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

This document provides program concepts for a new whole-house retrofit program for income-qualified residential customers of NIPSCO. The design of this program is based on a similar program that has been offered for the past several years by Ameren Illinois, an electric utility that serves approximately three-quarters of the geographic area of Illinois. The target market for the program will be NIPSCO residential customers with homes heated by a fuel source (electricity or natural gas) provided by NIPSCO and with a household income below 300% of federal poverty guidelines for household size.

If this new program is approved, income-qualified single-family homes and multi-family housing units and properties will be able to receive a comprehensive home assessment, including a health and safety evaluation, to identify the energy efficiency services to be provided. Low-cost energy saving devices (e.g., LED light bulbs, faucet aerators, low flow showerheads, etc.) will be installed in conjunction with an energy assessment at no cost. Comprehensive energy efficiency measures will also be installed at no cost to the income-qualified customer including: insulation, air sealing, duct sealing, furnace, boiler, air source heat pump, central air conditioner, high efficiency water heating equipment and ECM blower replacement.

If this program is approved, NIPSCO will retain a contractor to implement the program. The initial program design will allow participants to join the program in one of two ways: by applying directly for a home audit through the program or by applying to the program through a program ally.

#### 2.0 PROGRAM CONCEPTS

This section of the program plan provides a description of the key elements of the program design, including:

- Eligible Participants
- Eligible Measures
- Program Enrollment

- Program Marketing
- Data Tracking And Reporting
- Evaluation Plan

#### 2.1 Eligible Participants

All NIPSCO income qualified single-family and multi-family residential customers are eligible for this program.

#### 2.2 Eligible Measures

Based on the experience and lessons learned from the Ameren Illinois income-qualified whole house retrofit program, GDS recommends that the following energy efficiency measures be considered for eligibility in this program:

Energy End Use	Eligible Energy Efficiency Measures
Lighting	LED light bulbs (A-line, reflector, specialty)
Water heating	High efficiency electric and natural gas water heaters
	Heat pump water heater
	Low flow showerheads
	Tankless water heater
	Faucet aerators
	Hot water pipe insulation
HVAC	High efficiency natural gas furnaces and boilers
	High efficiency air source heat pump
	High efficiency central air conditioning equipment
	Duct sealing

Energy End Use	Eligible Energy Efficiency Measures				
	ECM (Electronically Commutated Motor)				
	Duct insulation				
Controls	Smart Thermostat				
Building Envelope	Attic insulation				
	Wall insulation				
	Rim Joist insulation				
	Crawl space insulation				
	Basement wall insulation				

Consistent with the Indiana Weatherization Assistance Program, minor repairs and health and safety measures will be provided at no cost if necessary to install energy savings measures.

#### 2.3 Program Enrollment

This new initiative will partner with local community action agencies in the NIPSCO service area to recruit participants and provide them with assessment and installation of energy efficiency services. The Initiative will provide installation and customer service best practices that are consistent with the Indiana Home Weatherization Assistance program. As needed to augment community action agency capacity, the Initiative will mount community-based recruitment campaigns in cooperation with community leaders and nonprofit organizations, and seek to employ diverse, local assessment and weatherization providers to maximize economic development value.

#### 2.4 Program Delivery

An implementation contractor will be responsible for: coordination with community action agencies, managing development of community-based recruitment campaigns, recruitment, training and management of a network of diverse assessment and installation contractors as needed to augment community action agency capacity, and developing partnership with public housing authorities. Quality assurance and control procedures will include sampling to verify data integrity, training installation contractors on assessment, measure installation, NIPSCO's customer service and safety guidelines, onsite inspection of weatherization projects by an independent M&V firm to ensure adherence to program guidelines, and providing coaching and mentoring to improve contractor proficiency.

#### 2.5 Program Marketing

Program marketing channels will include direct mail (i.e., bill inserts), e-mail, a webpage, digital media advertising, and community outreach and events. This program will also provide marketing support to Program Allies, including co-branded flyers and training on marketing strategies tailored to the income-qualified customer base. This program will have its own web page with the goal of streamlining the qualification and application process. Program staff will follow-up in those instances where a customer starts the application process but does not complete it or where a customer does not submit full documentation. The program will also strive to develop relationships with community groups and associations serving target customers. Outreach to community groups will include frequent phone and e-mail communication, hosting "Lunch and Learns", sponsoring community group events, advertising in community group publications, and marketing on community group websites and blogs.

As needed to supplement community action agency recruitment efforts, the Initiative will employ a communitybased marketing strategy that will leverage partnerships with community leaders and community organizations to gain customer trust and interest. Activities may include, but are not limited to, press releases and advertising, the placement of kiosks at relevant locations, recruitment drives in cooperation with community organizations such as churches and senior centers, and distribution of information through non-traditional channels such as Meals on Wheels. Community-based outreach will be coordinated across the single-family and multi-family market segments to capitalize on synergies that enhance the overall effort and enable community leaders to seamlessly promote participation across all residential customers. Assessment providers will also identify appliance recycling opportunities and coordinate pickup of secondary refrigerators and freezers. Collateral materials provided to participants will outline the other Initiatives within NIPSCO's portfolio of residential energy efficiency programs.

#### 2.6 Data Tracking and Reporting

The program implementation contractor will track all data submitted on the program applications submitted by customers, results of completed energy assessments, measures installed in each home, and data on program expenditures by category (labor, equipment, travel, etc.). The implementation contactor will provide NIPSCO with monthly reports in the same format as provided for NIPSCO's existing residential energy efficiency programs.

#### 2.7 Program Impacts

The program impacts are based upon the impact evaluation findings reported in the January 2018 program evaluation report for the Ameren Illinois Home Efficiency Income-Qualified Program. This report stated that the Ameren Illinois whole house program saved 3,414,000 kWh and 1.18 MW during the most recent completed program year and had 1,443 participants. The program also saved 446,506 therms of natural gas. The savings per participant were 2,366 kWh per year. The evaluation used a net-to-gross ratio of 1.00. The utility cost per participant was \$9,557, based on a total budget of \$13,792,150 and 1,443 participants. GDS used the program costs and savings from the impact evaluation of the Ameren Illinois program as the basis for the costs and savings of the income-qualified whole-house retrofit program proposed for NIPSCO.

#### 2.8 Evaluation Plan

The impact evaluation for this program will follow the methodology for evaluation of whole-house retrofit programs described in the July 2018 U.S. Department of Energy report titled "The Uniform Methods Project Methods for Determining Energy Efficiency Savings for Specific Measures". This report finds that the estimation of the total savings from a multi-measure project "requires a comprehensive method for capturing the combined effect of the installed measures. The general method recommended for this type of program is the analysis of consumption data from utility billing records. This method has traditionally been referred to as a billing analysis and is referred to in this chapter as consumption data analysis." GDS recommends that the evaluation approach for this whole-house program follow the approach recommended by the UMP Project.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See "The Uniform Methods Project: Methods for Determining Energy Efficiency Savings for Specific Measures, January 2012 — September 2016", by Michael Li, U.S. Department of Energy Washington, D.C.; Hossein Haeri and Arlis Reynolds, The Cadmus Group Portland, Oregon; and NREL Technical Monitor: Chuck Kurnik

# **NIPSCO** DSM Savings Update Report

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