

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN8: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a bicycle helmet (among students who had ridden a bicycle during the 12 months before the survey)															
						93.8	92.3	93.3	91.3	93.3		88.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN9: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)															
						10.6	8.2	9.2	7.1	8.6		5.9	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN10: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)															
						28.3	24.6	26.4	23.4	21.7		17.9	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN13: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						17.8	19.2	20.9	18.1	17.0		19.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

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	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages										Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †			
	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
Q14: Percentage of students who carried a gun (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)							5.7	5.8	9.1	6.9	4.6		6.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
Q15: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)							6.2	5.8	6.9	5.7	3.7		5.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
Q16: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)							3.8	4.3	5.9	4.1	4.9		6.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
Q17: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)							6.7	8.8	9.6	6.5	6.8		6.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

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Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN18: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						30.6	29.3	29.5	29.1	29.0		18.1	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QN19: Percentage of students who were injured in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey; injuries had to be treated by a doctor or nurse)															
						3.5	3.4	3.8	2.8	3.7		2.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN20: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						10.9	11.2	11.5	9.5	8.9		5.5	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QN21: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)															
								9.4	11.1	9.8		10.0	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN24: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)															
									22.8	25.0		18.7	Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available	Not available

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†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

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Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †						
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015									
QN25: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (including being bullied through e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, websites, or texting during the 12 months before the survey)													18.7	15.7	Decreased, 2011-2015	Not available [§]	Not available				
QN26: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the 12 months before the survey)													25.5	27.3	27.5	28.1	29.1	29.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN27: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)													16.0	18.0	15.8	17.2	18.9	19.8	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN28: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)													12.6	14.8	11.7	13.5	13.6	17.0	Increased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Increased, 2009-2015	Not available

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Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN29: Percentage of students who attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						6.6	9.6	7.2	9.3	11.0		9.9	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN30: Percentage of students who attempted suicide that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)															
						1.6	3.5	2.9	3.6	3.9		3.9	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

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Total Tobacco Use													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN31: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)															
						60.4	56.9	53.3	52.2	49.5		36.9	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN32: Percentage of students who smoked a whole cigarette before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						20.2	16.8	16.0	12.5	11.1		8.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN33: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						25.6	21.9	22.5	23.5	18.1		11.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNFRSIG: Percentage of students who currently frequently smoked cigarettes (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						12.4	10.6	10.8	11.8	8.1		3.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						9.1	7.9	8.3	8.5	6.3		2.8	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available

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Trend Analysis Report

Total Tobacco Use													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN34: Percentage of students who smoked more than 10 cigarettes per day (during the 30 days before the survey among students who currently smoked cigarettes on the days they smoked)															
						13.3	13.2	13.2	10.1	7.7		8.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN36: Percentage of students who tried to quit smoking cigarettes (among students who currently smoked cigarettes during the 12 months before the survey)															
						59.7	61.1	55.8	59.5	56.8		49.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						7.2	8.6	10.7	10.7	8.2		9.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						14.7	15.6	17.7	16.9	14.6		11.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	Increased, 2003-2007 Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available
QNTOB3: Percentage of students who currently used cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						32.8	30.5	31.3	31.1	26.8		21.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

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Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNTOB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						30.9	28.0	28.9	28.4	23.8		17.6	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNNOTOB3: Percentage of students who did not currently use cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						69.6	70.8	70.7	70.7	75.5		80.4	Increased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Increased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNNOTOB2: Percentage of students who did not currently smoke cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						70.7	73.0	72.4	72.7	77.7		83.7	Increased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Increased, 2009-2015	Not available

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2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

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Total													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Alcohol and Other Drug Use															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN41: Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
					77.8	75.0	75.2	69.2	70.4		62.3				
QN42: Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
					23.9	21.8	21.9	19.9	17.6		15.4				
QN43: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
					44.9	41.4	43.9	38.5	33.4		30.5				
QN44: Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
					28.9	24.6	28.2	24.9	19.8		17.4				
QN46: Percentage of students who usually obtained the alcohol they drank by someone giving it to them (among students who currently drank alcohol)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
							41.5	43.3	39.0		38.6				

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Total													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Alcohol and Other Drug Use															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)															
						43.4	38.2	37.8	37.1	37.2		35.1	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						8.8	8.6	9.1	7.6	6.9		6.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)															
						22.1	18.9	18.9	20.9	20.0		16.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)															
						7.9	6.8	8.0	6.6	5.6		4.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)															
						12.9	14.1	15.8	16.0	10.6		7.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available

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Total													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Alcohol and Other Drug Use															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China white," one or more times during their life)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						2.4	2.3	3.6	2.6	2.8		2.4			
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal," "crank," or "ice," one or more times during their life)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						8.2	7.0	6.2	4.1	3.9		2.9			
QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA," one or more times during their life)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
							6.4	6.4	8.2	6.3		5.0			
QN56: Percentage of students who ever took steroids without a doctor's prescription (pills or shots, one or more times during their life)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						5.6	4.8	4.5	3.2	3.4		3.2			

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Total Alcohol and Other Drug Use													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever took prescription drugs without a doctor's prescription (such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during their life)													Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
							1.6	2.1	2.7	2.8	2.1	2.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						28.3	28.9	20.5	25.5	28.3		22.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN59: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)															

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2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Total Sexual Behaviors	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013			
QN60: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse						48.8	44.5	49.1	49.2	51.0		41.7	No linear change	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QN61: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse before age 13 years (for the first time)							5.4	4.5	5.2			3.0	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN62: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons (during their life)							13.3	13.7	16.8			8.7	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QN63: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (sexual intercourse with at least one person during the 3 months before the survey)						38.0	34.6	37.0	36.7	38.5		31.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN64: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)							23.5	21.0	19.9			17.5	No linear change	Not available	Not available

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2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Sexual Behaviors**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN65: Percentage of students who used a condom (during last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)												No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
					55.4	62.6	57.1	58.0	57.8		53.4				
QN66: Percentage of students who used birth control pills (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)												No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available	
						24.1	23.2	26.8		20.2					
QNIUDIMP: Percentage of students who used an IUD (e.g., Mirena or ParaGard) or implant (e.g., Implanon or Nexplanon) (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)												No linear change	Not available	Not available	
								7.4		3.9					
QNOTHHPL: Percentage of students who used birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)												No linear change	Not available	Not available	
								34.2		29.7					

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**Total
Sexual Behaviors**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNDUALBC: Percentage of students who used both a condom during and birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring before last sexual intercourse (to prevent STD and pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
										17.5	9.4		Decreased, 2011-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QNBCNONE: Percentage of students who did not use any method to prevent pregnancy (during last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)															
							9.7	16.7	13.0		15.5		No linear change	Not available	Not available

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Total													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (\geq 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [§])															
						14.1	14.2	15.2	15.7	15.5		17.3	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who were obese (\geq 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [§])															
						11.3	14.9	13.7	12.6	14.7		13.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN69: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight															
						32.2	31.9	31.5	29.3	31.8		31.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN70: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight															
						46.7	46.5	48.7	45.7	49.2		46.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN71: Percentage of students who did not drink fruit juice (100% fruit juices one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)															
						19.4	21.7	22.6	21.6	23.1		27.1	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

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§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

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Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN72: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						15.9	15.7	10.7	15.1	13.0		12.6			
QNFR0: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit or drink 100% fruit juices (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						5.9	6.4	5.9	6.2	6.5		6.5			
QNFR1: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						58.1	53.9	60.3	56.4	55.3		60.5			
QNFR2: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices two or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						30.9	27.0	26.8	27.4	24.6		25.5			
QNFR3: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices three or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						20.1	15.6	16.7	17.7	14.5		13.9			

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Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN73: Percentage of students who did not eat salad (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						35.4	34.7	34.1	45.8	41.1		41.9	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN74: Percentage of students who did not eat potatoes (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						23.0	28.0	27.2	24.9	32.1		32.3	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN75: Percentage of students who did not eat carrots (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						53.9	51.8	54.8	54.0	56.7		52.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat other vegetables (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						15.4	17.7	17.8	17.9	17.3		18.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Total															
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNVEG0: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)													Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						4.6	4.8	5.7	5.3	6.1		7.3			
QNVEG1: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						64.3	60.9	62.4	58.8	58.0		57.5			
QNVEG2: Percentage of students who ate vegetables two or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						28.6	24.1	26.2	23.0	21.8		22.9			
QNVEG3: Percentage of students who ate vegetables three or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						12.9	10.1	12.3	10.7	9.0		9.8			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Total															
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN77: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)															
								17.6	18.4	21.6		24.6	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)															
								35.6	29.7	28.5		20.0	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)															
								26.3	21.0	19.2		13.3	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNSODA3: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop three or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)															
								15.2	11.4	10.7		6.6	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Total Physical Activity													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)													Increased, 2005-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
						32.2	43.7	40.6	43.5			46.5			
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2005-2015	Not available	Not available
						27.6	15.9	19.5	15.9			15.4			
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)													Increased, 2005-2015	Not available	Not available
						16.4	23.5	23.4	24.2			25.3			
QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school day)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						32.9	31.9	28.7	29.0	27.0		22.3			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

**Total
Physical Activity**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN82: Percentage of students who played video or computer games or used a computer 3 or more hours per day (for something that was not school work on an average school day)															
								20.9	23.7	29.0		38.4	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN83: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on 1 or more days (in an average week when they were in school)															
					37.1	38.7	40.2	34.8	34.9		41.2		No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNDLYPE: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on all 5 days (in an average week when they were in school)															
					23.7	28.2	25.2	23.0	19.7		28.0		No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN84: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (run by their school or community groups during the 12 months before the survey)															
					57.1	58.8	57.0	54.5	55.4		60.4		No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Total Other	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013			
QN86: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work during the 12 months before the survey)															
											73.3	74.3	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN87: Percentage of students who had ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma															
						22.2	22.5	23.6	23.7			23.9	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN89: Percentage of students who made mostly A's or B's in school (during the 12 months before the survey)															
											66.0	77.2	Increased, 2011-2015	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013			
QN91: Percentage of students who have been the victim of teasing or name calling because someone thought they were gay, lesbian, or bisexual (during the 12 months before the survey)															
											13.0	12.6	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN96: Percentage of students who saw a doctor or nurse (for a check-up or physical exam when they were not sick or injured during the 12 months before the survey)															
											67.2	67.9	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN97: Percentage of students who went to an emergency room or urgent care center because of their asthma (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who have asthma)															
											15.9	20.5	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN98: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)															
											9.6	8.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN8: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a bicycle helmet (among students who had ridden a bicycle during the 12 months before the survey)															
						92.8	92.9	94.5	90.1	93.9		86.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN9: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)															
						15.0	12.5	12.8	8.5	11.1		7.6	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN10: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)															
						29.4	27.4	27.8	21.1	22.2		17.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN13: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						29.9	31.5	32.6	29.2	28.0		30.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN14: Percentage of students who carried a gun (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						9.8	10.5	15.6	11.7	8.1		10.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN15: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						9.7	8.1	9.4	8.6	5.8		8.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN16: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						3.8	3.8	5.2	2.8	3.7		6.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN17: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						8.4	10.7	11.6	6.7	7.8		8.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN18: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						37.7	36.7	37.9	34.6	37.3		22.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

**Male
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN19: Percentage of students who were injured in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey; injuries had to be treated by a doctor or nurse)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						4.2	4.5	4.4	3.1	4.3		3.1			
QN20: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						15.0	14.4	14.5	10.6	11.0		7.2			
QN21: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								5.3	5.2	5.2		6.4			
QN24: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)													Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available	Not available
									20.3	21.8		14.8			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN25: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (including being bullied through e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, websites, or texting during the 12 months before the survey)															
											12.1	11.0	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN26: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the 12 months before the survey)															
					21.0	21.2	18.7	19.6	23.7		19.8		No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN27: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
					13.3	14.3	12.4	12.2	16.3		13.7		No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN28: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
					11.2	12.6	9.9	9.3	12.8		13.6		No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN29: Percentage of students who attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						5.1	7.9	5.1	6.8	10.5		8.7	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN30: Percentage of students who attempted suicide that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)															
						1.1	3.6	2.0	2.9	4.0		3.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Male
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN31: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)															
						60.8	59.7	56.1	51.9	52.2		39.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN32: Percentage of students who smoked a whole cigarette before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						23.7	18.2	18.0	11.6	11.8		8.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN33: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						25.6	23.2	24.6	24.3	19.9		11.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNFRSIG: Percentage of students who currently frequently smoked cigarettes (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						12.5	11.5	11.0	12.6	9.1		3.3	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						9.6	8.5	8.8	9.1	7.3		2.6	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						13.1	14.8	17.4	17.9	13.9		15.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						21.0	22.7	22.9	21.6	20.4		14.8	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNTOB3: Percentage of students who currently used cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						37.7	37.0	36.8	36.4	32.8		27.1	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNTOB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						34.2	32.5	32.8	31.7	27.5		20.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNNOTOB3: Percentage of students who did not currently use cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						66.0	64.6	65.6	66.3	70.4		75.6	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male Tobacco Use													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNNOTOB2: Percentage of students who did not currently smoke cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						68.4	68.6	68.6	69.9	74.3		81.4	Increased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Increased, 2009-2015	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male															
Alcohol and Other Drug Use															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN41: Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life)															
					77.4	76.1	74.5	66.3	69.4		61.3		Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN42: Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips)															
					27.8	25.9	25.2	19.6	20.1		17.3		Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN43: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
					44.5	41.6	45.6	37.2	33.2		30.4		Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN44: Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
					29.9	27.4	31.1	26.1	21.0		18.4		Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN46: Percentage of students who usually obtained the alcohol they drank by someone giving it to them (among students who currently drank alcohol)															
							35.8	37.1	28.0		36.3		No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Male													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Alcohol and Other Drug Use															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)															
						48.8	41.3	39.5	36.8	41.0		35.6	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						11.6	10.6	11.5	8.6	8.1		6.9	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)															
						25.3	21.0	21.6	22.1	23.4		16.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)															
						8.7	7.8	8.7	7.8	6.4		5.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)															
						14.7	15.4	16.7	14.1	10.8		8.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2007 Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Alcohol and Other Drug Use															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China white," one or more times during their life)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						3.7	3.0	4.2	3.4	3.9		3.2			
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal," "crank," or "ice," one or more times during their life)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						9.4	7.9	6.8	4.8	4.5		4.1			
QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA," one or more times during their life)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
							7.9	6.7	8.8	7.5		6.4			
QN56: Percentage of students who ever took steroids without a doctor's prescription (pills or shots, one or more times during their life)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						6.4	5.3	4.7	3.5	4.2		4.1			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Male													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Alcohol and Other Drug Use															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever took prescription drugs without a doctor's prescription (such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during their life)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
							2.4	2.5	3.1	4.0	2.2	3.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						32.3	33.0	21.9	27.3	31.7		22.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN59: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)															

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male Sexual Behaviors															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN60: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse															
						50.2	46.0	49.2	45.5	51.4		41.6	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN61: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse before age 13 years (for the first time)															
								6.1	6.3	6.9		3.4	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN62: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons (during their life)															
								14.6	13.5	18.4		9.1	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QN63: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (sexual intercourse with at least one person during the 3 months before the survey)															
						37.6	35.0	34.4	31.9	37.0		30.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN64: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)															
								28.7	27.4	20.1		20.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male Sexual Behaviors													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN65: Percentage of students who used a condom (during last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)															
						61.0	62.6	63.8	65.9	60.8		55.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN66: Percentage of students who used birth control pills (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
							20.1	18.9	25.3		13.8	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available	
QNIUDIMP: Percentage of students who used an IUD (e.g., Mirena or ParaGard) or implant (e.g., Implanon or Nexplanon) (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
										3.8	2.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available	
QNOTHHPL: Percentage of students who used birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
										29.0	21.8	No linear change	Not available	Not available	

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male Sexual Behaviors													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNDUALBC: Percentage of students who used both a condom during and birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring before last sexual intercourse (to prevent STD and pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
										14.1	4.6		Decreased, 2011-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QNBCNONE: Percentage of students who did not use any method to prevent pregnancy (during last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)															
						9.2	14.5	13.3			14.8		No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male																
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors																
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015				
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (\geq 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [§])																
						15.2	13.6	15.8	13.9	12.5		16.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who were obese (\geq 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [§])																
						13.9	20.4	17.7	15.6	17.8		17.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
QN69: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight																
						23.1	26.9	25.5	24.3	26.6		26.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
QN70: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight																
						29.1	30.5	34.0	33.3	35.7		33.2	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	
QN71: Percentage of students who did not drink fruit juice (100% fruit juices one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)																
						18.8	20.5	22.4	19.9	22.7		24.7	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male																
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors																
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015				
QN72: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)																
						20.2	17.0	12.5	16.3	15.1		14.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
QNFR0: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit or drink 100% fruit juices (during the 7 days before the survey)																
						7.5	6.5	7.1	7.1	7.6		7.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
QNFR1: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)																
						58.0	55.1	60.3	59.0	56.8		62.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
QNFR2: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices two or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)																
						31.2	27.8	27.8	29.6	26.6		27.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
QNFR3: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices three or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)																
						21.0	17.9	16.9	19.3	17.3		14.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male															
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN73: Percentage of students who did not eat salad (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						41.1	36.6	39.2	50.0	46.5		46.7	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN74: Percentage of students who did not eat potatoes (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						23.3	26.8	28.2	23.6	29.7		32.5	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN75: Percentage of students who did not eat carrots (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						57.0	51.9	53.3	53.1	56.6		52.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat other vegetables (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						18.2	19.2	19.7	20.0	21.6		21.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male															
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNVEG0: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						6.8	5.2	7.9	6.9	7.9		8.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG1: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						62.4	60.3	62.3	59.0	57.6		56.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG2: Percentage of students who ate vegetables two or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						27.9	23.6	26.4	26.6	22.9		23.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG3: Percentage of students who ate vegetables three or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						11.9	11.4	12.9	12.4	10.2		10.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Male																			
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors																			
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages											Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †						
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015							
QN77: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)													13.2	18.0	20.3	20.9	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)													43.4	32.9	32.9	23.6	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)													32.9	24.2	24.2	16.0	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNSODA3: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop three or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)													19.7	13.7	14.4	8.5	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Male													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Physical Activity															
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)															
							37.2	50.9	52.4	52.7		54.5	Increased, 2005-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)															
							23.4	12.5	12.9	11.8		12.9	Decreased, 2005-2015	Not available	Not available
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)															
							20.0	30.6	32.3	32.3		33.8	Increased, 2005-2015	Not available	Not available
QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school day)															
							35.6	34.2	30.9	27.7	26.9	22.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male Physical Activity													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages															
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN82: Percentage of students who played video or computer games or used a computer 3 or more hours per day (for something that was not school work on an average school day)															
								27.3	28.7	37.3		39.5	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN83: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on 1 or more days (in an average week when they were in school)															
						45.5	44.5	46.9	44.3	44.1		49.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNDLYPE: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on all 5 days (in an average week when they were in school)															
						31.2	31.2	30.1	31.2	22.6		34.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN84: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (run by their school or community groups during the 12 months before the survey)															
						59.6	60.3	60.5	58.0	58.7		62.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Male Other	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013			
QN86: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work during the 12 months before the survey)															
										71.8	73.3	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available	
QN87: Percentage of students who had ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma															
						22.0	20.5	23.4	23.4		22.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available	
QN89: Percentage of students who made mostly A's or B's in school (during the 12 months before the survey)															
										56.1	72.1	Increased, 2011-2015	Not available	Not available	

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Male
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN91: Percentage of students who have been the victim of teasing or name calling because someone thought they were gay, lesbian, or bisexual (during the 12 months before the survey)															
										14.1	11.9		No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN96: Percentage of students who saw a doctor or nurse (for a check-up or physical exam when they were not sick or injured during the 12 months before the survey)															
										67.7	69.4		No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN97: Percentage of students who went to an emergency room or urgent care center because of their asthma (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who have asthma)															
										19.2	20.4		No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN98: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)															
										6.6	5.5		No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN8: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a bicycle helmet (among students who had ridden a bicycle during the 12 months before the survey)															
						94.9	91.7	91.8	92.8	92.4		91.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN9: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)															
						6.1	3.8	5.6	5.7	6.0		4.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN10: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)															
						27.1	21.6	24.2	25.6	21.1		18.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN13: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						5.2	6.5	8.2	6.7	5.4		8.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN14: Percentage of students who carried a gun (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						1.5	0.9	2.0	1.9	1.0		1.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Female Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN15: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						2.7	3.4	3.4	2.7	1.6		2.6			
QN16: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						3.8	4.9	6.1	5.4	6.2		6.8			
QN17: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						4.9	6.8	7.2	6.3	5.7		4.7			
QN18: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
						23.0	21.7	20.5	23.4	20.0		12.9			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN19: Percentage of students who were injured in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey; injuries had to be treated by a doctor or nurse)															
						2.7	2.4	2.9	2.5	3.0		1.1	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN20: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						6.7	8.0	7.6	8.4	6.6		3.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QN21: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)															
								13.2	17.3	14.5		13.4	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN24: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)															
									25.4	28.2		22.5	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN25: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (including being bullied through e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, websites, or texting during the 12 months before the survey)															
										25.5		20.6	Decreased, 2011-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN26: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the 12 months before the survey)															
						30.3	33.6	36.2	37.0	34.5		39.2	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN27: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
						18.9	22.0	19.1	22.4	21.5		26.0	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN28: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
						14.0	17.0	13.1	18.0	14.2		20.6	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN29: Percentage of students who attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						8.1	11.4	8.9	11.7	11.4		10.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN30: Percentage of students who attempted suicide that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)															
						2.2	3.4	3.6	4.3	3.9		4.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

**Female
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN31: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)															
						59.9	54.0	50.0	52.4	46.6		34.1	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN32: Percentage of students who smoked a whole cigarette before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						16.5	15.4	13.3	13.3	10.4		7.9	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN33: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						25.7	20.5	19.9	22.6	16.0		10.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNFRSIG: Percentage of students who currently frequently smoked cigarettes (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						12.2	9.7	10.4	10.8	7.0		3.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						8.6	7.2	7.6	7.6	5.3		2.8	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Female
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						1.2	2.1	3.3	3.2	2.3		2.6	No linear change	Increased, 2003-2007 No change, 2007-2015	Not available
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						8.0	8.3	11.7	12.1	8.4		7.7	No linear change	Increased, 2003-2007 Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available
QNTOB3: Percentage of students who currently used cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						27.7	23.8	24.8	25.5	20.4		15.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNTOB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						27.6	23.3	24.1	24.8	19.9		14.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNNOTOB3: Percentage of students who did not currently use cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						73.0	77.2	76.2	75.2	80.9		85.6	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNNOTOB2: Percentage of students who did not currently smoke cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						73.0	77.6	76.6	75.6	81.3		86.4	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Female

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN41: Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life)												Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	
					78.2	73.9	75.8	72.2	71.3		63.2				
QN42: Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips)												Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	
					19.8	17.6	17.9	20.2	15.0		13.3				
QN43: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	
					45.4	41.3	41.9	39.7	33.6		30.4				
QN44: Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	
					27.8	21.7	24.9	23.4	18.4		16.3				
QN46: Percentage of students who usually obtained the alcohol they drank by someone giving it to them (among students who currently drank alcohol)												No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available	
							48.2	49.5	49.8		41.0				

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Female

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)															
						37.7	35.1	36.1	37.1	33.3		34.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						5.9	6.5	6.4	6.7	5.8		5.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)															
						18.9	16.7	16.2	19.4	16.4		15.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)															
						7.1	5.8	6.8	5.4	4.9		2.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)															
						11.0	12.7	14.4	18.0	10.2		6.6	Decreased, 2003-2015	Increased, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Female

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China white," one or more times during their life)															
						1.0	1.5	2.3	1.8	1.7		1.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal," "crank," or "ice," one or more times during their life)															
						7.0	6.1	5.1	3.4	3.4		1.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA," one or more times during their life)															
							4.9	5.4	7.7	5.1		3.3	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN56: Percentage of students who ever took steroids without a doctor's prescription (pills or shots, one or more times during their life)															
						4.6	4.3	3.2	3.0	2.5		1.9	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Female

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever took prescription drugs without a doctor's prescription (such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during their life)															
									24.7	21.5		15.7	Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life)															
						0.8	1.6	1.8	1.6	2.0		0.7	No linear change	No change, 2003-2007 No change, 2007-2015	Not available
QN59: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)															
						23.9	24.7	18.8	23.7	24.8		22.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Female Sexual Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013			
QN60: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse						47.2	43.0	49.1	52.8	50.5		41.7	No linear change	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QN61: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse before age 13 years (for the first time)							4.6	2.8	3.6		2.5	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available	
QN62: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons (during their life)							11.9	13.7	15.2		8.0	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
QN63: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (sexual intercourse with at least one person during the 3 months before the survey)						38.3	34.2	39.2	41.3	39.9		32.7	No linear change	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QN64: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)							19.3	16.3	19.8		14.6	No linear change	Not available	Not available	

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN65: Percentage of students who used a condom (during last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)															
						49.7	62.6	51.2	51.6	55.1		51.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN66: Percentage of students who used birth control pills (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
							27.4	26.7	28.2			26.3	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QNIUDIMP: Percentage of students who used an IUD (e.g., Mirena or ParaGard) or implant (e.g., Implanon or Nexplanon) (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
										10.5		5.0	Decreased, 2011-2015	Not available	Not available
QNOTHHPL: Percentage of students who used birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
										38.7		37.1	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNDUALBC: Percentage of students who used both a condom during and birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring before last sexual intercourse (to prevent STD and pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								20.7			13.9				
QNBCNONE: Percentage of students who did not use any method to prevent pregnancy (during last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
							10.3	18.5	12.8		16.3				

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Female

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (\geq 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [§])															
						12.9	14.8	14.5	17.6	18.5		18.1	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who were obese (\geq 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [§])															
						8.7	9.1	9.7	9.5	11.5		9.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN69: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight															
						41.9	37.2	37.3	34.6	37.3		37.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN70: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight															
						65.0	63.1	63.7	58.5	63.2		61.0	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN71: Percentage of students who did not drink fruit juice (100% fruit juices one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)															
						20.1	22.9	23.0	23.4	23.6		29.6	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Female

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN72: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)												No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
						11.4	14.3	8.6	13.8	10.8		10.5			
QNFR0: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit or drink 100% fruit juices (during the 7 days before the survey)												No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
						4.2	6.3	4.6	5.2	5.4		5.4			
QNFR1: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)												No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
						58.3	52.8	60.3	53.9	53.6		58.2			
QNFR2: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices two or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	
						30.8	26.1	25.6	25.3	22.5		23.6			
QNFR3: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices three or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	
						19.3	13.2	16.1	16.1	11.6		13.4			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Female

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN73: Percentage of students who did not eat salad (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						29.6	32.7	29.2	41.6	35.5		37.1	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN74: Percentage of students who did not eat potatoes (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						22.7	29.2	26.1	26.3	34.6		32.4	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN75: Percentage of students who did not eat carrots (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						50.8	51.7	56.6	54.7	56.7		51.9	No linear change	Increased, 2003-2007 No change, 2007-2015	Not available
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat other vegetables (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						12.6	16.1	16.0	15.7	13.0		16.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Female

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNVEG0: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						2.4	4.4	3.6	3.5	4.3		5.9	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG1: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						66.1	61.5	62.3	58.6	58.6		58.9	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG2: Percentage of students who ate vegetables two or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						29.4	24.7	25.7	19.3	20.7		22.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	Decreased, 2003-2009 No change, 2009-2015	Not available
QNVEG3: Percentage of students who ate vegetables three or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						13.9	8.8	11.3	9.0	7.8		8.8	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Female

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN77: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available	
								22.0	18.9	23.0		28.5			
QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
								27.6	26.4	23.7		15.7			
QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
								19.5	17.8	13.9		10.2			
QNSODA3: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop three or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
								10.4	9.1	6.7		4.5			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

**Female
Physical Activity**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)													Increased, 2005-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
						27.1	36.6	28.5	34.1			38.5			
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2005-2015	Not available	Not available
						31.8	19.6	26.5	20.0			17.8			
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						12.7	16.4	14.3	15.8			16.5			
QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school day)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						29.9	29.6	26.1	30.3	27.1		22.2			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN82: Percentage of students who played video or computer games or used a computer 3 or more hours per day (for something that was not school work on an average school day)															
								14.0	18.6	20.3		37.4	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN83: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on 1 or more days (in an average week when they were in school)															
						28.6	32.7	32.7	25.1	25.3		32.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNDLYPE: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on all 5 days (in an average week when they were in school)															
						16.0	25.1	20.4	14.7	16.6		21.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN84: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (run by their school or community groups during the 12 months before the survey)															
						54.7	57.2	53.3	50.8	52.1		58.6	No linear change	No change, 2003-2009 Increased, 2009-2015	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Female
Other

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN86: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
										74.9	75.3				
QN87: Percentage of students who had ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						22.3	24.7	23.9	24.1		25.7				
QN89: Percentage of students who made mostly A's or B's in school (during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
										76.5	82.8				

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

**Female
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015				
QN91: Percentage of students who have been the victim of teasing or name calling because someone thought they were gay, lesbian, or bisexual (during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available	
													11.9	13.3		
QN96: Percentage of students who saw a doctor or nurse (for a check-up or physical exam when they were not sick or injured during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available	
													66.6	66.5		
QN97: Percentage of students who went to an emergency room or urgent care center because of their asthma (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who have asthma)													No linear change	Not available	Not available	
													12.4	20.4		
QN98: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)													No linear change	Not available	Not available	
													12.8	11.5		

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN8: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a bicycle helmet (among students who had ridden a bicycle during the 12 months before the survey)															
						93.4	91.6	92.9	91.2	92.4		87.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN9: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)															
						10.5	8.2	8.9	6.5	7.9		5.1	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN10: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)															
						27.8	24.5	24.5	22.9	21.0		17.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN13: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						17.8	19.2	19.8	19.3	16.9		21.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN14: Percentage of students who carried a gun (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						5.3	5.2	7.8	7.1	3.9		6.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN15: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						6.1	5.4	5.9	5.7	3.5		6.0			
QN16: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						3.1	3.7	4.4	2.8	4.4		5.9			
QN17: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						6.0	8.7	9.0	5.2	6.2		5.9			
QN18: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
						28.4	28.1	27.0	27.3	26.7		16.9			

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN19: Percentage of students who were injured in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey; injuries had to be treated by a doctor or nurse)															
						3.3	2.9	2.7	2.3	3.7		1.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN20: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						9.6	10.6	9.6	8.7	7.6		4.5	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QN21: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)															
								8.5	10.5	9.5		9.1	No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
QN24: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)															
									23.4	26.9		18.7	Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN25: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (including being bullied through e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, websites, or texting during the 12 months before the survey)															
											19.2	16.1	No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
QN26: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the 12 months before the survey)															
					23.5	27.4	26.1	27.8	28.4		28.4		No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN27: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
					15.4	18.7	15.8	16.7	18.3		18.9		No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN28: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
					12.1	15.2	11.3	12.7	12.8		15.8		No linear change	No change, 2003-2009 Increased, 2009-2015	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN29: Percentage of students who attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						5.7	9.9	5.9	8.5	9.8		8.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN30: Percentage of students who attempted suicide that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)															
						1.4	3.6	2.5	2.9	3.1		2.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

White*
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN31: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)															
						59.1	58.1	51.8	51.0	49.2		37.8	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN32: Percentage of students who smoked a whole cigarette before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						19.9	17.2	15.1	11.6	10.7		8.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN33: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						27.1	23.4	23.1	25.3	19.8		12.1	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNFRSIG: Percentage of students who currently frequently smoked cigarettes (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						13.7	11.5	11.4	13.2	9.0		3.9	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						10.1	8.4	8.9	9.3	6.9		3.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

White*
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN34: Percentage of students who smoked more than 10 cigarettes per day (during the 30 days before the survey among students who currently smoked cigarettes on the days they smoked)															
						13.5	14.4	13.9	9.0	7.1		8.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN36: Percentage of students who tried to quit smoking cigarettes (among students who currently smoked cigarettes during the 12 months before the survey)															
						59.8	61.3	55.6	60.2	57.4		48.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						7.8	9.2	11.1	12.1	10.0		10.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						14.5	16.2	16.7	17.5	14.9		11.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
QNTOB3: Percentage of students who currently used cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						34.2	32.2	31.0	33.0	28.7		22.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

White*
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNTOB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						32.0	29.4	28.5	30.1	25.2		18.6	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNNOTOB3: Percentage of students who did not currently use cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						68.1	68.9	70.2	68.8	73.0		78.7	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNNOTOB2: Percentage of students who did not currently smoke cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						69.4	71.3	72.1	70.9	75.8		82.6	Increased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2009 Increased, 2009-2015	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

White*

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN41: Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life)															
						77.7	76.0	76.0	70.8	70.5		63.6	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN42: Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips)															
						22.8	20.8	20.8	18.9	16.4		13.1	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN43: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						46.1	42.7	44.9	40.2	34.8		31.3	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN44: Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						30.3	26.2	30.0	27.5	21.8		18.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN46: Percentage of students who usually obtained the alcohol they drank by someone giving it to them (among students who currently drank alcohol)															
								42.3	42.0	38.7		38.2	No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

White*

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)															
						41.0	38.2	34.7	35.4	33.9		32.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						7.5	8.7	7.6	6.6	5.8		5.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)															
						21.1	18.8	17.0	20.9	17.7		14.9	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)															
						8.1	7.3	8.0	6.8	5.5		3.6	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)															
						13.7	14.7	16.6	14.4	11.0		6.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No change, 2003-2007 Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China white," one or more times during their life)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						2.4	2.3	2.8	2.5	2.7		1.7			
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal," "crank," or "ice," one or more times during their life)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						8.6	7.7	5.9	4.4	3.8		2.4			
QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA," one or more times during their life)													No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
							6.7	5.2	8.7	6.1		4.8			
QN56: Percentage of students who ever took steroids without a doctor's prescription (pills or shots, one or more times during their life)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						5.4	5.3	3.3	3.2	3.0		2.9			

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

White*

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever took prescription drugs without a doctor's prescription (such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during their life)															
									24.2	21.7		16.7	Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available [¶]	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life)															
					1.4	1.8	2.2	2.3	1.6		1.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
QN59: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)															
					26.1	28.4	18.8	25.1	26.9		20.2	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

White*
Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN60: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse													No linear change	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
						45.6	42.3	46.3	48.1	48.8		41.7			
QN61: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse before age 13 years (for the first time)													No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
							3.8	2.7	3.7			2.6			
QN62: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons (during their life)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
							9.8	12.0	14.6			8.0			
QN63: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (sexual intercourse with at least one person during the 3 months before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						35.9	33.2	35.1	36.4	37.7		31.6			
QN64: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
							22.9	21.6	18.5			17.5			

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN65: Percentage of students who used a condom (during last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)															
						55.5	61.8	57.8	58.9	56.0		55.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN66: Percentage of students who used birth control pills (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
								26.1	26.7	29.2		23.0	No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
QNIUDIMP: Percentage of students who used an IUD (e.g., Mirena or ParaGard) or implant (e.g., Implanon or Nexplanon) (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
										5.8		4.0	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QNOTHHPL: Percentage of students who used birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)															
										35.0		32.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNDUALBC: Percentage of students who used both a condom during and birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring before last sexual intercourse (to prevent STD and pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)													No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
								17.2			10.4				
QNBCNONE: Percentage of students who did not use any method to prevent pregnancy (during last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
							7.6	14.4	13.1		12.6				

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

White*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (\geq 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [†])															
						13.4	13.8	14.2	14.7	15.2		17.1	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who were obese (\geq 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [†])															
						10.2	14.3	13.3	11.2	13.4		12.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN69: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight															
						32.4	32.2	31.9	29.0	32.4		31.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN70: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight															
						47.5	46.4	49.5	46.3	51.4		46.0	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN71: Percentage of students who did not drink fruit juice (100% fruit juices one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)															
						19.8	22.7	23.7	23.1	25.0		28.2	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[†]Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

White*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN72: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						14.7	14.3	10.2	14.0	12.8		12.1			
QNFR0: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit or drink 100% fruit juices (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						5.8	6.4	5.7	6.1	7.0		6.3			
QNFR1: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						58.4	54.0	59.8	55.6	53.5		60.9			
QNFR2: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices two or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						30.1	26.0	25.0	25.8	22.6		25.7			
QNFR3: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices three or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						19.5	14.7	14.4	15.6	12.8		12.5			

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

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Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

White*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN73: Percentage of students who did not eat salad (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						33.2	33.0	31.8	43.8	40.0		41.1	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN74: Percentage of students who did not eat potatoes (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						20.7	26.3	25.4	21.9	29.7		30.7	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN75: Percentage of students who did not eat carrots (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						51.4	50.0	53.6	51.9	53.4		49.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat other vegetables (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						14.0	15.7	16.1	15.6	16.4		18.1	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

White*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNVEG0: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						3.6	3.8	4.7	4.9	5.5		6.5	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG1: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						66.3	62.3	63.7	61.3	59.6		58.8	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG2: Percentage of students who ate vegetables two or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						29.3	23.7	25.1	23.4	22.9		22.3	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG3: Percentage of students who ate vegetables three or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						12.3	9.1	11.4	10.1	9.1		9.4	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

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White*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN77: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [¶]	Not available	
								17.9	17.1	20.8		24.8			
QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
								35.2	32.4	29.6		20.9			
QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
								25.7	23.3	19.4		13.3			
QNSODA3: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop three or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
								14.3	12.2	10.9		6.0			

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*

Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)															
						32.4	44.6	42.0	45.0		49.6		Increased, 2005-2015	Not available [¶]	Not available
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)															
						26.4	14.7	17.2	14.9		13.8		Decreased, 2005-2015	Not available	Not available
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						16.9	23.4	23.7	25.6		27.4		Increased, 2005-2015	Not available	Not available
QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school day)															
						28.3	28.0	24.3	25.6	23.0	20.1		Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*

Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN82: Percentage of students who played video or computer games or used a computer 3 or more hours per day (for something that was not school work on an average school day)															
								19.4	22.7	26.3		37.6	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [¶]	Not available
QN83: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on 1 or more days (in an average week when they were in school)															
						34.2	38.1	38.5	33.9	34.1		40.0	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNDLYPE: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on all 5 days (in an average week when they were in school)															
						20.8	26.9	24.4	23.1	19.2		29.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN84: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (run by their school or community groups during the 12 months before the survey)															
						59.5	59.6	57.4	56.5	57.0		61.0	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

White*
Other

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN86: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
										77.9	77.6				
QN87: Percentage of students who had ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						21.7	22.3	24.1	24.0		23.4				
QN89: Percentage of students who made mostly A's or B's in school (during the 12 months before the survey)													Increased, 2011-2015	Not available	Not available
										71.1	78.2				

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

**White*
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN91: Percentage of students who have been the victim of teasing or name calling because someone thought they were gay, lesbian, or bisexual (during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
						12.0					12.3				
QN96: Percentage of students who saw a doctor or nurse (for a check-up or physical exam when they were not sick or injured during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						70.2					69.2				
QN97: Percentage of students who went to an emergency room or urgent care center because of their asthma (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who have asthma)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						14.4					17.5				
QN98: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						10.3					9.1				

*Non-Hispanic.

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN8: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a bicycle helmet (among students who had ridden a bicycle during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
						98.7	95.7								
QN9: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
					9.9	6.2	6.3	8.9	11.8		7.0				
QN10: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
					30.3	23.8	28.4	25.4	22.7		21.6				
QN13: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
					16.5	19.5	23.5	10.4	12.5		9.5				
QN14: Percentage of students who carried a gun (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
					8.9	7.7	13.6	3.6	3.9		4.4				

*Non-Hispanic.

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

**Black*
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN15: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						5.5	8.6	9.0	5.1	3.4		2.1	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN16: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						7.7	8.1	9.4	9.6	6.5		10.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN17: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						10.9	8.6	8.6	12.0	9.2		8.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN18: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						44.1	35.0	37.3	36.6	37.0		24.3	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN19: Percentage of students who were injured in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey; injuries had to be treated by a doctor or nurse)															
						4.6	6.5	6.2	3.2	3.6		2.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN20: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)															
						19.1	14.4	17.6	12.8	14.2		9.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN21: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)															
								11.8	11.8	10.0		10.5	No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
QN24: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)															
									18.3	12.4		14.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN25: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (including being bullied through e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, websites, or texting during the 12 months before the survey)															
											16.7	8.9	Decreased, 2011-2015	Not available [¶]	Not available
QN26: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the 12 months before the survey)															
						31.4	25.2	31.1	28.0	31.4		31.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN27: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
						15.1	14.5	11.8	20.2	21.3		22.2	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN28: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
						12.6	9.3	9.6	19.7	13.5		19.1	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN29: Percentage of students who attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
										17.6	14.5				
QN30: Percentage of students who attempted suicide that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
										7.6	9.2				

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

**Black*
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015				
QN31: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)													Decreased, 2011-2015	Not available [¶]	Not available	
						48.1				28.3						
QN32: Percentage of students who smoked a whole cigarette before age 13 years (for the first time)													No linear change	Not available	Not available	
						8.7				8.8						
QN33: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available	
					11.9	9.4	15.6	11.3	6.6		7.1					
QNFRSIG: Percentage of students who currently frequently smoked cigarettes (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	Increased, 2003-2009 No change, 2009-2015	Not available	
						1.6	3.6	5.7	5.4	2.9		1.3				
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
						1.6	3.0	4.2	5.4	2.5		1.3				

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						4.1	3.8	4.8	2.8	1.9		4.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						13.6	10.0	20.2	12.9	13.3		12.0	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNTOB3: Percentage of students who currently used cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						21.1	17.1	27.7	19.3	17.9		16.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNTOB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						20.9	15.6	26.3	17.7	16.9		14.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNNOTOB3: Percentage of students who did not currently use cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						81.0	85.6	75.4	83.9	86.8		86.5	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNNOTOB2: Percentage of students who did not currently smoke cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						81.0	86.7	75.3	83.9	87.8		86.6	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN41: Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
					75.7	67.6	68.5	55.4	72.0		54.6				
QN42: Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
					27.2	25.1	21.9	18.0	18.7		18.7				
QN43: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
					33.5	31.3	29.3	29.6	27.4		23.3				
QN44: Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
					15.9	11.3	10.7	13.5	7.6		9.9				
QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
					55.4	41.0	55.2	44.2	54.5		43.3				

*Non-Hispanic.

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[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						14.4	7.2	14.6	12.1	10.7		6.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)															
						28.4	19.9	31.2	21.4	32.1		23.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)															
						4.1	2.6	2.4	3.3	6.2		3.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)															
						3.4	11.0	7.1	25.5	8.6		12.1	No linear change	Increased, 2003-2009 No change, 2009-2015	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China white," one or more times during their life)															
						2.0	0.8	2.8	3.2	3.1		2.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal," "crank," or "ice," one or more times during their life)															
						2.7	3.7	3.4	2.4	3.9		3.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA," one or more times during their life)															
							4.7	7.3	5.9	6.7		4.9	No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
QN56: Percentage of students who ever took steroids without a doctor's prescription (pills or shots, one or more times during their life)															
						4.1	2.8	2.1	3.4	5.1		3.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever took prescription drugs without a doctor's prescription (such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during their life)												No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available	
						2.7	3.8	2.1	4.4	4.5		3.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN58: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life)												No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	
						38.1	31.7	24.4	29.0	31.2		31.1	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN59: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)												No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available	

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN60: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse															
										63.7	47.2		Decreased, 2011-2015	Not available [¶]	Not available
QN61: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse before age 13 years (for the first time)															
										12.1	4.5		Decreased, 2011-2015	Not available	Not available
QN62: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons (during their life)															
								33.7	24.1	30.5		12.2	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QN63: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (sexual intercourse with at least one person during the 3 months before the survey)															
						53.6	45.1	47.8	33.7	44.6		31.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (\geq 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [†])															
						19.3	18.3	18.7	21.0	15.7		21.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who were obese (\geq 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [†])															
						17.5	22.5	16.0	16.6	21.5		12.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN69: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight															
						26.8	31.7	26.3	32.9	29.4		27.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN70: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight															
						36.2	49.6	39.7	43.5	38.4		43.7	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN71: Percentage of students who did not drink fruit juice (100% fruit juices one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)															
						17.8	17.3	15.8	16.1	13.3		20.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[†]Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN72: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						25.5	27.5	11.7	22.6	15.2		18.2			
QNFR0: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit or drink 100% fruit juices (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						6.9	8.1	5.9	6.2	4.8		7.2			
QNFR1: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
						54.1	50.3	63.3	60.0	60.8		57.6			
QNFR2: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices two or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						35.8	31.0	36.5	32.9	32.1		20.7			
QNFR3: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices three or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	No change, 2003-2009 Decreased, 2009-2015	Not available
						24.5	19.2	26.5	27.5	21.4		15.3			

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN73: Percentage of students who did not eat salad (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						52.3	48.5	51.1	58.2	43.6		52.2	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN74: Percentage of students who did not eat potatoes (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						35.2	38.2	37.1	44.6	39.7		40.0	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN75: Percentage of students who did not eat carrots (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						75.2	67.5	65.9	67.7	72.3		68.8	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat other vegetables (during the 7 days before the survey)															
						25.5	34.3	26.2	28.1	20.2		21.7	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNVEG0: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						11.3	12.2	11.8	7.2	6.4		10.4	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG1: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						49.8	46.3	51.2	43.7	54.2		49.3	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG2: Percentage of students who ate vegetables two or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						21.5	22.4	27.6	19.1	19.5		20.9	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNVEG3: Percentage of students who ate vegetables three or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)															
						14.3	12.9	13.7	11.4	8.5		7.0	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN77: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available	
								14.7	25.0	23.8		16.1			
QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
								36.9	19.8	23.1		20.4			
QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
								32.8	14.6	18.1		16.6			
QNSODA3: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop three or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available	
								21.7	10.5	11.7		8.1			

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
						31.3	41.3	29.8	34.9		30.1				
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2005-2015	Not available	Not available
						32.9	20.8	34.2	21.8		20.5				
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						14.5	26.3	20.8	16.4		14.9				
QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school day)													Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
						68.8	62.1	58.5	45.1	45.2	38.2				

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*

Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN82: Percentage of students who played video or computer games or used a computer 3 or more hours per day (for something that was not school work on an average school day)															
								28.3	31.8	40.6		43.2	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [¶]	Not available
QN83: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on 1 or more days (in an average week when they were in school)															
					57.2	41.8	48.6	36.7	38.5			43.0	No linear change	No quadratic change	Not available
QNDLYPE: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on all 5 days (in an average week when they were in school)															
					46.1	36.1	31.5	19.0	22.4			20.3	Decreased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available
QN84: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (run by their school or community groups during the 12 months before the survey)															
					42.0	54.3	58.3	41.3	51.5			63.3	Increased, 2003-2015	No quadratic change	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black* Other	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013			
	QN86: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work during the 12 months before the survey)														
											59.2	63.9	No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
	QN87: Percentage of students who had ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma														
							26.3	22.2	24.3	25.5		30.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available
	QN89: Percentage of students who made mostly A's or B's in school (during the 12 months before the survey)														
											47.0	76.1	Increased, 2011-2015	Not available	Not available

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Black*
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change [†]	Quadratic Change [†]	Change from 2013-2015 [§]
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN91: Percentage of students who have been the victim of teasing or name calling because someone thought they were gay, lesbian, or bisexual (during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
										15.6	14.4				
QN96: Percentage of students who saw a doctor or nurse (for a check-up or physical exam when they were not sick or injured during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
										57.8	67.4				
QN98: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
										4.4	6.2				

*Non-Hispanic.

[†]Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

[§]Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

[¶]Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN8: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a bicycle helmet (among students who had ridden a bicycle during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								97.5	93.4						
QN9: Percentage of students who rarely or never wore a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						19.7	8.0	7.3		9.6					
QN10: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						37.8	18.9	31.7		22.4					
QN13: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						24.2	12.2	16.4		13.6					
QN14: Percentage of students who carried a gun (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						14.1	7.0	8.2		5.4					

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN15: Percentage of students who carried a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								10.4	5.6	6.4		5.0			
QN16: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								12.5	7.0	7.8		8.5			
QN17: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								14.1	5.4	7.4		5.7			
QN18: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
								43.2	34.4	35.3		16.2			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN19: Percentage of students who were injured in a physical fight (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey; injuries had to be treated by a doctor or nurse)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								10.9	5.8	4.0		3.3			
QN20: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
								15.2	11.2	10.1		6.5			
QN21: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								14.9	9.3	11.4		15.0			
QN24: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								20.2	25.4			19.2			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN25: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (including being bullied through e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, websites, or texting during the 12 months before the survey)															
											15.5	14.0	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN26: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the 12 months before the survey)															
							34.4	28.5	31.5		36.8		No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN27: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
							19.0	13.7	21.6		23.8		No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN28: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)															
							15.7	9.6	19.7		20.9		No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN29: Percentage of students who attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								17.9	9.5	11.6		15.5			
QN30: Percentage of students who attempted suicide that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								8.6	2.8	3.5		6.7			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN31: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)															
						61.3	64.6	57.1			43.6		Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN32: Percentage of students who smoked a whole cigarette before age 13 years (for the first time)															
						24.7	14.6	15.1			8.5		Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QN33: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						24.0	23.2	18.5			8.6		Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNFRSIG: Percentage of students who currently frequently smoked cigarettes (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						12.0	5.7	6.6			1.0		Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)															
						6.9	5.0	5.6			0.9		Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
								9.9	5.6	3.9		8.1	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
								20.6	15.3	13.5		12.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QNTOB3: Percentage of students who currently used cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
								33.0	28.1	22.2		20.3	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNTOB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
								30.7	25.9	21.9		16.3	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNNOTOB3: Percentage of students who did not currently use cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
								70.6	72.7	81.8		83.7	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNNOTOB2: Percentage of students who did not currently smoke cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)															
						71.4	74.9	79.8		86.9			Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †		
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015				
QN41: Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life)												Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available		
						78.6	68.4	74.2			62.4					
QN42: Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips)												No linear change	Not available	Not available		
						31.4	25.9	24.0			25.2					
QN43: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)												No linear change	Not available	Not available		
						49.4	33.1	39.3			33.8					
QN44: Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)												No linear change	Not available	Not available		
						34.9	16.1	27.3			19.2					
QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)												No linear change	Not available	Not available		
						45.7	39.5	42.1			45.8					

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								15.6	8.5	11.1		10.1			
QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								21.9	16.1	21.5		18.1			
QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								12.4	7.0	5.7		7.8			
QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)													Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
								15.9	14.4	11.4		6.7			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China white," one or more times during their life)															
								6.4	1.7	2.6		6.6	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal," "crank," or "ice," one or more times during their life)															
								9.5	1.9	4.8		3.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN54: Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA," one or more times during their life)															
								11.0	5.5	8.7		8.4	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN56: Percentage of students who ever took steroids without a doctor's prescription (pills or shots, one or more times during their life)															
								11.7	2.7	4.8		4.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN57: Percentage of students who ever took prescription drugs without a doctor's prescription (such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during their life)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								13.7	19.9		22.0				
QN58: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						8.0	1.6	1.5		2.5					
QN59: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						31.4	26.0	40.2		28.2					

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Sexual Behaviors

	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013			
QN60: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse								55.1	51.2	53.0		42.9	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN61: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse before age 13 years (for the first time)								11.3	8.1	4.6		2.8	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QN62: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons (during their life)								17.6	13.2	15.9		10.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN63: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (sexual intercourse with at least one person during the 3 months before the survey)								37.9	38.3	42.4		34.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight (\geq 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [§])															
								22.4	17.9	16.4		18.0	No linear change	Not available [¶]	Not available
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who were obese (\geq 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth chart [§])															
								18.0	19.0	18.3		20.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN69: Percentage of students who described themselves as slightly or very overweight															
								37.6	29.1	32.3		40.7	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QN70: Percentage of students who were trying to lose weight															
								58.4	42.3	55.0		58.3	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QN71: Percentage of students who did not drink fruit juice (100% fruit juices one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)															
								23.3	10.4	23.4		24.9	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $p < 0.05$.

†Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.

§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

¶Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN72: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QNFR0: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit or drink 100% fruit juices (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
QNFR1: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
QNFR2: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices two or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNFR3: Percentage of students who ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices three or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)													Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN73: Percentage of students who did not eat salad (during the 7 days before the survey)															
								36.8	45.2	36.8		44.4	No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN74: Percentage of students who did not eat potatoes (during the 7 days before the survey)															
								38.5	27.3	43.4		39.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN75: Percentage of students who did not eat carrots (during the 7 days before the survey)															
								52.9	51.7	57.1		56.7	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat other vegetables (during the 7 days before the survey)															
								23.9	27.4	19.5		24.5	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QNVEG0: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								7.5	5.4	10.8		10.7			
QNVEG1: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								61.1	54.2	51.9		50.8			
QNVEG2: Percentage of students who ate vegetables two or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								30.6	21.7	16.2		21.1			
QNVEG3: Percentage of students who ate vegetables three or more times per day (green salad, potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								14.3	12.6	10.0		9.7			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages												Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †	
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN77: Percentage of students who did not drink a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)															
								16.7	18.8	26.2		30.7	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QNSODA1: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop one or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)															
								34.4	16.6	19.6		14.8	Decreased, 2007-2015	Not available	Not available
QNSODA2: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop two or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)															
								21.1	6.7	15.9		10.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QNSODA3: Percentage of students who drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop three or more times per day (not including diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey)															
								12.5	4.6	5.7		7.3	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
								36.1	43.1	43.6		38.2			
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								19.1	22.3	13.0		21.2			
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								21.6	24.6	25.0		19.4			
QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school day)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
								29.1	30.8	35.5		20.7			

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN82: Percentage of students who played video or computer games or used a computer 3 or more hours per day (for something that was not school work on an average school day)															
								22.5	16.3	30.9		40.7	Increased, 2007-2015	Not available [§]	Not available
QN83: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on 1 or more days (in an average week when they were in school)															
								41.8	38.9	35.1		43.1	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QNDLYPE: Percentage of students who attended physical education classes on all 5 days (in an average week when they were in school)															
								24.5	30.1	19.6		26.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN84: Percentage of students who played on at least one sports team (run by their school or community groups during the 12 months before the survey)															
								47.6	59.2	52.9		47.2	No linear change	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey
Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Other

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN86: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work during the 12 months before the survey)															
						62.3				62.9			No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
QN87: Percentage of students who had ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma															
							15.5	15.4	20.1		23.7		No linear change	Not available	Not available
QN89: Percentage of students who made mostly A's or B's in school (during the 12 months before the survey)															
										59.2		71.1	Increased, 2011-2015	Not available	Not available

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Indiana High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic/Latino
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2013-2015 †
1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015			
QN91: Percentage of students who have been the victim of teasing or name calling because someone thought they were gay, lesbian, or bisexual (during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available [§]	Not available
						11.2					14.4				
QN96: Percentage of students who saw a doctor or nurse (for a check-up or physical exam when they were not sick or injured during the 12 months before the survey)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						63.1					54.1				
QN98: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)													No linear change	Not available	Not available
						10.6					6.7				

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.