Watershed Report

Eel-Wabash (05120104)

	Total (Ac.)	Crops (Ac.)	% of Total	Forest (Ac.)	% of Total	Water/Wetland (Ac.)	% of Total	Pasture/Hay (Ac.)	% of Total	Urban (Ac.)	% of Total	No Data (Ac.)	% of Total
Allen	36,360	20,366	3.84	3,787	0.71	50	0.01	9,295	1.75	2,213	0.42	360	0.07
Cass	57,204	32,509	6.13	6,937	1.31	616	0.12	13,693	2.58	2,897	0.55	7	0.00
Fulton	9,698	5,543	1.05	833	0.16	92	0.02	2,914	0.55	188	0.04	12	0.00
Huntington	5,998	5,207	0.98	146	0.03	0	0.00	581	0.11	27	0.01	31	0.01
Kosciusko	40,786	23,062	4.35	4,071	0.77	336	0.06	12,117	2.29	745	0.14	36	0.01
Miami	88,615	55,079	10.39	8,110	1.53	542	0.10	22,536	4.25	1,541	0.29	22	0.00
Noble	12,170	4,956	0.94	1,687	0.32	19	0.00	4,856	0.92	323	0.06	73	0.01
Wabash	117,276	82,758	15.62	6,801	1.28	605	0.11	24,250	4.58	2,067	0.39	268	0.05
Whitley	161,860	94,950	17.92	14,130	2.67	749	0.14	42,685	8.05	6,578	1.24	1,399	0.26
Totals	529,968	324,430	61.22	46,501	8.77	3,010	0.57	132,927	25.08	16,579	3.13	2,208	0.42

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Data Source = National Ag Statistics Service, 2006, http://www.nass.usda.gov/research/Cropland/SARS1a.htm

% Crop = Sum of the acres of corn, soybeans, wheat, other small grains, etc. divided by the total acres in the watershed.

% Pasture/Hay = Sum of the acres of pasture, hay, and idle land divided by the total acres in the watershed.

% Forest = Sum of the acres of forest land divided by the total acres in the watershed.

% Urban = Sum of the acres of residential and urban land divided by the total acres in the watershed.

% Water/Wetland = Sum of the acres of streams, lakes, ponds, etc. divided by the total acres in the watershed.

% Data Not Available = Sum of the acres of clouds on arial photographs divided by the total acres in the watershed.

(data are viewable on the corresponding watershed map)

Allen Cass Fulton Huntington <u>Kosciusko</u> Miami Noble Wabash Whitley Totals

Pul	blic Lands		Cropland Types										
			Crop (Ac.)	% of Total	Corn (Ac.)	% of Total	Wheat (Ac.)	% of Total	Soybeans(Ac.)	% of Total	Other (Ac.)	% of Total	
Public Lands (Ac.)	% of Total	Allen	20.366	3.84	8.636	1.63	1.487	0.28	10.051	1.90	184	0.03	
0	0.00	Cass	32,509	6.13	18,030	3.40	739	0.14	11,725	2.21	1,227	0.23	
0	0.00	Fulton	5,543	1.05	2,478	0.47	210	0.04	2,357	0.44	309	0.06	
0	0.00	Huntington	5,207	0.98	1,772	0.33	219	0.04	3,215	0.61	0	0.00	
0	0.00	Kosciusko	23,062	4.35	10,539	1.99	1,062	0.20	9,751	1.84	1,069	0.20	
14	0.00	Miami	55,079	10.39	26,488	5.00	2,642	0.50	22,472	4.24	1,825	0.34	
2	0.00	Noble	4,956	0.94	2,315	0.44	165	0.03	2,406	0.45	69	0.01	
35	0.01	Wabash	82,758	15.62	38,415	7.25	3,777	0.71	38,001	7.17	1,524	0.29	
168	0.03	Whitley	94,950	17.92	39,528	7.46	6,491	1.22	47,228	8.91	1,397	0.26	
218	0.04	Totals	324,430	61.22	148,201	27.96	16,793	3.17	147,206	27.78	7,604	1.43	
Indiana Department of	Natural Resources (State-Managed Lands), 2004:	Data Source	e = National Ag Statist	tics Service, 200)6, http://www.n	ass.usda.gov/res	earch/Cropland/SA	RS1a.htm					

Data Source = Indiana Department of Natural Resources (State-Managed Lands), 2004; Hoosier National Forest - U.S. Forest Service, 2004 and Patoka River USFWS, 2003

(Federal-Managed Lands) % Public = Sum of the acres of federal, state, and local government land divided by the

total acres in the watershed.

(data are viewable on the corresponding watershed map)

% Corn = Acres of corn divided by the acres in the watershed.

% **Beans** = Acres of soybeans + double-crop soybeans/wheat divided by the acres in the watershed. % Wheat = Acres of wheat divided by the acres in the watershed.

% Other Row Crop = Difference of the sum of the acres of corn, soybeans, and wheat minus total cropland acres in the watershed divided by the acres in the watershed. (data are viewable on the corresponding watershed map)

All data are the measure of that parameter within the Indiana portion of the watershed.

	B	Beef and Swine Processing												
	Beef Plants	Beef Animals	Swine Plants	Swine Animals										
<u>Allen</u>	1	461	1	622										
<u>Cass</u>	0	0	0	0										
<u>Fulton</u>	0	0	0	0										
<u>Huntington</u>	0	0	0	0										
<u>Kosciusko</u>	0	0	0	0										
<u>Miami</u>	0	0	0	0										
Noble	0	0	0	0										
<u>Wabash</u>	0	0	0	0										
Whitley	1	479	1	767										
Totals	2	940	2	1,389										

Data Source = Indiana Board of Animal Health, 2006 (Slaughter Processing), http://www.in.gov/boah/food_safety/inspection/meat_poulty.html

					Co	nfined Liv	estock 20	06				
	CAFO/CFO*	Da Farms	airy Animals	Be Farms	eef Animals	S Farms	Swine Animals	Po Farms	ultry Animals	She Farms	ep Animals	
Allen	2	1	586	0	0	1	1,612	0	0	0	0	
Cass	9	1	2,980	0	0	8	18,232	0	0	0	0	
Fulton	3	0	0	0	0	3	7,899	0	0	0	0	
<u>Huntington</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Kosciusko	14	2	610	6	3,770	7	18,183	1	103,000	1	10	
Miami	30	2	990	2	1,565	27	75,915	0	0	0	0	
Noble	1	0	0	0	0	1	1,200	0	0	0	0	
Wabash	69	0	0	16	10,982	51	146,745	7	4,759,026	0	0	
Whitley	33	3	709	8	1,624	27	51,118	1	5,000	0	0	
Totals	161	9	5,875	32	17,941	125	320,904	9	4,867,026	1	10	

*Because a CAFO/CFO permit may include multiple types of animals, the total number of permits in the county might be less than the sum of the farms with each animal type. Data Source = Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Office of Land Quality, 2007, http://www.state.in.us/idem/agriculture/livestock/cfo/index.html (data is viewable on the corresponding watershed map)

Confined Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO) = (U. S. Environmental Protection Agency definition) Operations with at least one of the following: 200 dairy cows; 300 veal calves; 300 beef cattle; 750 swine 55 pounds or more; 3000 swine under 55 pounds; 150 horses; 3000 sheep or lambs; 16,500 turkeys; 9000 chickens (liquid manure); 25,000 chickens laying hens (not liquid manure); 37,500 chickens - not laying hens (not liquid manure); 1,500 ducks (liquid manure); or 10,000 ducks (not liquid manure). Confined Feeding Operation (CFO) = (Indiana Department of Environmental Management definition) = Operations with at least one of the following: 300 cattle; 600 swine or sheep; or 30,000 poultry.

Bi	ofuel Pla	nts	Surface and Groundwater Resource Concern Areas										
	Ethanol	Biodiesel		Impaired Streams (Mi.)	Impaired Lakes (Ac.)	Wellhead Protection (Ac.)	Karst (Ac.)	% Karst					
Allen	0	0	Allen	1.58	0	899	0	0.00					
Cass Fuller	0	0	Cass	18.72	0	649	0	0.00					
<u>Fuiton</u> Huntington	0	0	Fulton	0.78	0	0	Ő	0.00					
Kosciusko	0	0	Huntington	0.00	0	0	0	0.00					
Miami	Ő	õ	Kosciusko	9.16	0	1,421	0	0.00					
Noble	0	0	<u>Miami</u>	42.99	0	778	0	0.00					
<u>Wabash</u>	0	0	Noble	0.00	0	5	0	0.00					
<u>Whitley</u>	0	0	Wabash	61.30	0	2,334	0	0.00					
Totals	0	0	Whitley	66.21	0	4,789	0	0.00					
Data Source Transportation	= Indiana Depa n, 2006 (Biofuel	rtment of s	Totals Data Source (200.73 (Impaired Water Bodies	0 :) = 2006 Indiana	10,875 Department of Environr	0 nental Manage	0.00 ment 303(d) List,					
http://www.in	.gov/isda/biofu	els/	http://www.sta	ate.in.us/idem/program	s/water/303d/ind	ex.html (data is viewabl	e on the corres	ponding watershed ma	ap)				

<u>m/programs/water/303d/in</u> ntmi (data is viewabie 303(d)-listed streams = impaired waterbodies that have been identified by IDEM as exceeding threshold limits of specific contaminants

Data Source (Wellhead Protection Areas) = Indiana Department of Environmental Management, 2007, http://www.in.gov/idem/programs/water/swp/whpp/ (data is not available for viewing)

Data Source (Karst) = Karst Data, 2002, Indiana NRCS, data unpublished (data are viewable on the corresponding watershed map)

Soils-Based Resource Concerns and Analyses																		
															Sheet/Rill Erosion		Sheet/Rill	
	Hydric		Leaching		Subsurface		Soil Erosion (Wind) >500		Potential for		Surface S Runoff Class (V		Soil Erosion		Potential Potwoon 1T		Erosion	
	(Ac.)	%	1ndex >= 10 (Ac.)	%	H/VH (Ac.)	%	(Mild) > 500 (Ac.)	, %	Frequent Flooding (Ac.)	%	=H/VH (Ac.)	%	(water) >37 (Ac.)	%	& 2T (Ac.)	%	>=2 (Ac.)	%
Allen	12,547	2.37	3,669	0.69	7,695	1.45	4,112	0.78	178	0.03	7,222	1.36	1.736	0.33	220	0.04	12	0.00
Cass	11,291	2.13	13,369	2.52	20,948	3.95	11,648	2.20	0	0.00	4,687	0.88	6,782	1.28	1,395	0.26	810	0.15
<u>Fulton</u>	1,815	0.34	1,269	0.24	1,313	0.25	1,729	0.33	14	0.00	1,800	0.34	2,158	0.41	1,297	0.24	0	0.00
<u>Huntington</u>	2,654	0.50	7	0.00	4,725	0.89	7	0.00	0	0.00	412	0.08	411	0.08	7	0.00	0	0.00
Kosciusko	8,315	1.57	3,940	0.74	7,537	1.42	4,305	0.81	0	0.00	5,458	1.03	6,407	1.21	208	0.04	96	0.02
<u>Miami</u>	19,918	3.76	14,627	2.76	23,891	4.51	8,470	1.60	916	0.17	29,809	5.62	13,800	2.60	2,481	0.47	2,979	0.56
Noble	2,872	0.54	483	0.09	3,433	0.65	1,129	0.21	68	0.01	6,907	1.30	3,595	0.68	981	0.19	0	0.00
<u>Wabash</u>	35,476	6.69	9,257	1.75	51,899	9.79	4,867	0.92	3,728	0.70	12,796	2.41	20,446	3.86	5,017	0.95	1,951	0.37
Whitley	43,795	8.26	24,337	4.59	83,490	15.75	7,641	1.44	10,539	1.99	60,570	11.43	32,010	6.04	9,838	1.86	1,841	0.35
Totals	138,683	26.17	70,958	13.39	204,931	38.67	43,908	8.29	15,443	2.91	129,661	24.47	87,345	16.48	21,444	4.05	7,689	1.45

Data Source (Hydric Soils) = NRCS Soil Data Mart (2007) - http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/. A soil mapunit was considered hydric if a majority of its component soils is hydric.

Data Source (Sheet/Rill Erosion Potential) = NRCS Soil Data Mart, 2007, http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/ and the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation, Version 2 (RUSLE2). Erosion potential is based on the RUSLE2 calculation for the soil with a "C" Factor equal to that of a typical cropland management system used in Indiana (no-till soybeans, followed by chisel-plowed corn with an injected anhydrous application). Soils (if used to produce annual crops) under this management system greater than 2 times of tolerable limits are eroding above sustainable levels; soils (if used to produce annual crops) under this management system greater than 2 times of tolerable limits may be ineligible for certain USDA benefits. Management systems that leave more residue on the surface, those with less oil disturbance, crop rotations with higher-residue crops, etc. will decrease soil erosion compared to those under the typical cropland system. Management systems that leave less residue, disturb the soil more, and those with crop rotations with lower-residue crops and increase soil erosion above stem.

Data Source (Leach Index, Wind Erosion, Water Erosion, Flood Potential, and Surface and Subsurface Drainage) = NRCS Soil Data Mart, 2007, <u>http://soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov/</u> and the NRCS Indiana Offsite Risk Index (ORI) (Section II of the Indiana Field Office Technical Guide (FOTG)). <u>http://efotg.nrcs.usda.gov/efotg_locator.aspx?map=IN</u>. NOTE: Because climatic and other data elements may be county-based, threshold values may differ among adjacent counties and result in abrupt data thresholds.

Hydric soils = Characterized by, relating to, or requiring an abundance of water. Hydric soils may be indicators of wetlands, which represent unique management considerations including groundwater impacts, crop production limitations, wildlife considerations, etc. A soil mapunit was considered hydric if a majority of its component soils is hydric.

Leach Index = soils with a relatively high risk of water percolating below the crop root zone; developed using annual precipitation, rainfall distribution data and hydrologic soil groups.

Subsurface Drainage = soils with a relatively high risk of having subsurface drainage; determined from a matrix based on soil drainage class and depth to seasonal high water, and the presence of artificial subsurface drainage and surface tile inlets. Soil Erosion (Wind) = soils with a relatively high risk of eroding by wind; determined from a location's C (Climate) Factor and a soil's Soil Erodibility Index (I).

Flooding Potential = soils with a relatively frequent risk of being covered by flowing water from any source; determined from the NRCS soil survey.

Surface Runoff Class = soils with a relatively high risk of soil solution movement from the surface of a management unit; determined using soil permeability and percent slope.

Soil Erosion (Water) = soils with a relatively high risk of eroding by water; determined from a location's R (Rainfall-Runoff Erosivity) Factor, and a soil's K (Soil Erodibility) and LS (Length-Slope) factors.

(All data are viewable on the corresponding watershed map)

>: Greater Than

Water Resources												
	Standing Water (Ac.)	Streams (Mi.)	1st Order (Mi.)	2nd Order (Mi.)	3rd Order	4th Order (Mi.)	5th Order	6th+ Order (Mi.)	Stream Order Unavailable (Mi.)			
Allen	70	52.43	39.49	8.77	2.72	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00			
<u>Cass</u>	53	94.68	46.77	23.49	9.56	14.56	0.10	0.00	0.20			
<u>Fulton</u>	34	4.67	4.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40			
Huntington	0	5.27	5.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
<u>Kosciusko</u>	146	57.58	39.17	13.71	0.00	3.93	0.00	0.00	0.78			
<u>Miami</u>	154	137.43	88.54	24.23	2.69	21.98	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Noble	27	15.09	14.68	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Wabash	594	129.83	73.05	30.65	4.94	21.18	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Whitley	808	266.27	149.37	73.05	18.85	24.94	0.00	0.00	0.07			
Totals	1,886	763.26	460.59	174.32	38.76	88.04	0.10	0.00	1.44			

Data Source = National Hydrography Data - U.S. Geological Survey, 2006, http://www.horizon-systems.com/nhdplus/

Stream Order = A hierarchal stream classification system. The confluence of two first order streams forms a second order stream; the confluence of two second order streams forms a third order stream; etc. Generally, larger order streams (such as the Ohio or Mississippi Rivers) have more volume, depth and channel width. They also are located in the lower reaches of watersheds. First order streams (unforked or unbranched streams) are in the upper reaches of watersheds. (data are viewable on the corresponding watershed map)

Ac.: Acres	#: Number

Ft.: Feet %: Percent Mi.: Miles <: Less Than All data are the measure of that parameter within the Indiana portion of the watershed.

Air Reso	urce Concern Areas
	% of
	Watershed
<u>Allen</u>	6.86
<u>Cass</u>	0.00
Fulton	0.00
Huntington	0.00
<u>Kosciusko</u>	0.00
Miami	0.00
Noble	0.00
Wabash	0.00
Whitley	0.00
Totals	6.86
Data Source = Envi	ronmental Protection Agency, 2006,

(data are viewable on the corresponding watershed map)

Unique Habitat Areas

Ac. Within Range of Known T & E Species	% of Watershed Within Range of Known T & E Species	Natural Communities (Ac.)	Permanent Easement (Ac.)	% of Watershee in Permanent Easement
37,376.02	7.05	459.30	293.50	0.06

Data Source (Threatened & Endangered (T & E) Species and Natural Communities) = Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Nature Preserves; Analysis by NRCS, 2007, data source is not public. Habitat ranges indicate the likely life-history range surrounding known locations of threatened & endangered species (state and federal listed) that have the potential to be used by the species (ranges for plants = point - 0 miles; amphibians/reptiles/insects/aquatic species = 1/4 - 1/2 mile; mammals/birds = 1 mile).

Data Source (Natural Communities) = Areas identified and classified by the IDNR as unique/rare (data include the Natural Community acreage + 1/4 mile buffer), data not published.

Data Source (Permanent Easements) = Indiana NRCS (Wetlands Reserve Program), 2008 data not published

				Farm	Census D	Data				
	Farms	Farms <10 Ac.	Farms <50 Ac.	Farms <180 Ac.	Farms <500 Ac.	Farms <1000 Ac.	Farms >1000 Ac.	Minority Farmers	Full Time Farmers	Part Time Farmers
Allen	121	13	44	38	16	5	6	3	24	56
Cass	149	20	35	41	25	16	12	2	17	73
Fulton	18	1	5	5	3	2	1	0	3	8
Huntington	17	1	5	4	3	2	1	0	2	8
Kosciusko	142	16	44	46	20	10	6	0	22	70
Miami	243	15	73	65	48	26	15	7	36	110
Noble	47	3	16	18	6	3	1	0	6	26
Wabash	354	34	91	113	64	30	23	3	44	167
Whitley	630	42	216	211	95	33	33	4	108	304
Totals	1,721	145	529	541	280	127	98	19	262	822

Data Source = National Ag Statistics Service 2002 Census of Agriculture (http://www.nass.usda.gov/census/2volume1/in/index2.htm). Estimates for each watershed were derived from county values based on the percentage of each county in the watershed.

	NRCS Practices															
Year:	Vegetative Agronomic Practices (Ac.)	No Till (Ac.)	Mulch Till (Ac.)	Upland Buffers (Ft.)	Aquatic Buffers (Ac.)	Grazing Practices (Ac.)	Nutrient Mgt. (Ac.)	Pest Mgt. (Ac.)	Irrigation (Ac.)	CNMPs (#)	Gully Control Grassed Waterway (Ac.)	Gully Control Other (#)	Wildlife Habitat (Ac.)	Forestry Practices (Ac.)	Confined Livestock Waste Storage (#)	Wetland Practices (Ac.)
2007	515	2,504	4,277	7,615	131	1,326	4,641	3,131	0	0	30	14	1,199	328	4	49
2006	49	302	1,273	32,184	93	878	1,321	834	0	3	20	6	1,679	79	1	169
2005	128	2,462	4,244	15,646	86	1,292	1,983	860	0	8	46	2	357	109	0	87
2004	460	1,395	2,403	10,726	46	1,290	804	0	0	n/a	57	9	91	163	0	76
2003	n/a	308	1,158	43,372	171	245	4,326	195	0	1	n/a	n/a	1,257	107	2	87
2002	n/a	1,505	802	112,818	434	117	3,351	3,147	0	0	n/a	n/a	1,642	326	0	66
Totals (2002-2007):	1,152	8,476	14,157	222,361	961	5,148	16,426	8,167	0	12	153	79	6,225	1,112	7	534

Data Source = NRCS Performance Results System Reports, 2007, http://ias.sc.egov.usda.gov/prshome/index.aspx.

Vegetative Agronomic Practices = Acres of Conservation Cover (327) + 342 (Critical Area Planting) + 340 (Cover Crops) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Mo-Till = Acres of Residue & Tillage Management, No-Till/Strip Till/Direct Seed (329) + Residue Management, No-Till/Strip Till/Strip Till/Direct Seed (329) + Residue Management, No-Till/Strip Till/329A) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Upland Buffers = Feet of Field Border (386) + Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment (380) + Hedgerow Planting (422) + Windbreak/Shelterbelt Renovation (650) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Aquatic Buffers = Acres of Filter Strips (393) + Riparian Forest Buffers (391) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Grazing Practices = Acres of Prescribed Grazing (528 and 528A) + Pasture and Hayland Planting (512) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Nutrient Mgmt = Acres of Nutrient Management (590) + Waste Utilization (633) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Pest Mgmt = Acres of Pest Management (595) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Irrigation = Acres of Irrigation System, Microirrigation (441) + Irrigation System, Sprinkler (442) + Irrigation System, Surface and Subsurface (443) + Irrigation Water Management (449) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

CNMPs = Number of Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plans written in the given fiscal year.

Gully Control - grassed waterways = Acres of Grassed Waterway (412) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Gully Control - other = Acres of Grade Stabilization Structure (410) + Water and Sediment Control Basin (638) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Wildlife habitat = Acres of Upland Wildlife Habitat Management (645) + Wetland Wildlife Habitat Management (644) + Restoration and Management of Rare and Declining Habitats (653) + Early Successional Habitat Development/Management (647) Wildlife nabitat = Actes of optimite installed in the given fiscal year. Forestry Practices installed in the given fiscal year. Forestry Practices = Acres of Tree/Shrub Establishment (612) + Forest Stand Improvement (666) practices installed in the given fiscal year. Confined Livestock Waste Storage Facilities = Number of Waste Storage Facility (313) + Compositing Facility (317) + Waste Treatment Lagoon (359) practices installed in the given fiscal year.

Wetland Practices = Acres of Wetland Restoration (657) + Wetland Creation (658) + Wetland Enhancement (659) practices installed in the given fiscal year.