County Jackson Route: East CR 300 South Des. No. 1703020

### FHWA-Indiana Environmental Document CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION / ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FORM GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

Road No./County: Jackson County, East CR 300 South				
Design	nation Number:	1703020		
Projec	et Description/Termini:		ement Project ty Bridge No. 154 (NBI #3600 0.82 mile east of CR 840 E.	099) The project is located
			vements will extend 150 ft. west	
After co	ompleting this form. I conclude		for a total project length of 0.081 ifies for the following type of Categor	
	approve if Level 4 CE):	, and and project quan	inter tot une tene ming type et euroget	
			osed action meets the criteria for uired Signatories: ESM (Environn	
			osed action meets the criteria for juired Signatories: ESM, ES (Envir	
X			osed action meets the criteria for uired Signatories: ESM, ES, FHW.	
			quire a separate FONSI. Additionantion of the separate FONSI. Additional nvironment. Required Signatories:	
	or documents prepared by or for Entro release for public involvement or		Division, it is not necessary for the ESM of	the district in which the project is
iocaica i	so release for public involvement of	i sign for approval.		
Appro	val			
rr ·	ESM Signature	Date	ES Signature	Date
	FHWA Signature	Date		
Releas	e for Public Involvement			
N/A			PD11	11/3/2021
ESM I	nitials	Date	ES Initials	Date
LOW II			ES iniciais	Dute
Ce	en il en il en il			
Certin	ication of Public Involvem	INDOT District 1		
Note: D	Oo not approve until after Section	on 106 public involve	ment and all other environmental requ	irements have been satisfied.
INDO	Γ ES/District Env. Reviewer	r Signature:		Date:
e and Or	ganization of CE/EA Prepa	rer: _ Ela	ayna Stoner, Metric Environmenta	1
	•			
s page 1 o	of 30 Project	t name:	Bridge Project Da	te: October 4, 2021

County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South	<u> </u>	Des. No.	1703020
		D4 I DI				
		some level of public i		r early and continuous op		roughout the
proje	ect development process.	The level of public inv	olvement should be com	mensurate with the propo	osed action.	
Does the 1	project have a historic l	bridge processed und	er the Historic Bridges	ΡΔ*9	Yes X	No
If No, the	n:		or the Historic Bridges		21	
*A p	unity for a Public Hear public hearing is required OT, FHWA, SHPO, and th	d for all historic bridg	es processed under the I	Historic Bridges Program	matic Agreem	nent between
				ty owners and residents (	i.e. notice of	entry), meetings,
special purp Remarks:	notifying them abou	ers were mailed to po t the project and that	otentially affected proposible individuals responsible	erty owners near the pro- for land surveying and list of property owners	field activiti	es might be seen
	and future reuse of included on the Indi were posted at the b May 1, 2020. To day marketing period w	the bridge was publiana Department of Toridge site on November to interested partie and when the pu	tished in the <i>Seymour</i> ransportation (INDOT) ber 19, 2019. An advers have come forward to	oposals for the rehabilita <i>Tribune</i> newspaper and Historic Bridges Marketisement was also place take ownership of Jackperiod ends. The text 4 to D-49.	I the adverti eting Program d in the <i>Indi</i> kson County	sement was also m website. Signs ianapolis Star on Bridge 154. The
	Indiana Division's (30, 2020 offering 800.6(a)(4). The pu	(FHWA's) finding of the public an oppor blic comment period	F"No Historic Properticularity to submit completions of the control of the contro	a legal notice of Feder es Affected" was publis ment pursuant to 36 Con June 29, 2020. No contact are provided in Africa.	shed in <i>The</i> CFR 800.2(d comments or	Tribune on May 1), 800.3(e), and r responses were
	notice will appear in	n a local publication		ric Bridges PA), a publi lease of this document nts are fulfilled.		
	ontroversy on Environ project involve substant		erning community and/o	or natural resource impa	cts?	No X
Remarks:	At this time, there is	no substantial public	controversy concerning	g impacts to the commu	nity or to na	tural resources.
<u>P</u>	art II - General	Project Ident	<u>ification, Descri</u>	ption, and Desig	<u>n Inforn</u>	<u>nation</u>
Sponsor o	of the Project:	Jackson County		INDOT Di	strict:	Seymour
-	me of the Facility:	East CR 300 South	l			Scymour
Funding S	Source (mark all that ap	pply): Feder	ral X State	Local	X	Other*
*If other i	is selected, please ident	rify the funding sourc	e:			
This is pag	e 2 of 30	Project name:	Bridge Project	Date:	Octo	ber 4, 2021

County	Jackson	_	Route:	East CR 300 South		Des. No.	1703020
DUDDO	CE AND N	EED.					
	SE AND N		he project will	address. The solution to the t	raffic problem should	d NOT be discuss	ed in this section.
(Refer to th	ie CE Manua	l, Section IV.B.2. Pi	irpose and Ne				
tons min		project is to resu	ne service to	L CR 5005 OVER RIGER DIE	ien by providing a	structure with a	capacity of 13
The need	d for this pro	oject is based on t	he poor phys	ical condition of the existin	ng bridge. The brid	ge has been clos	sed since March
19, 2019	9. The proje	ct has a specific	structural ne	ed due to deficiencies obs	erved at the lower	r panel points o	n the truss that
	•			ne structure. The plates con loss (up to 85%). At one			1
was clos	sed immedia	ately upon observ	ing the failu	re during the most recent	bridge inspection.	Prior to the br	ridge closing in
		dge was posted at gn Manual (IDM)		limit. The minimum requir	ed load carrying ca	apacity for the b	ridge is 15 tons
PROJEC	CT DESCRI	PTION (PREFE	RRED ALT	ERNATIVE):			
County:	Jackson C	ounty		Municipal	lity: Washingt	ton Township	
Limits of	Proposed	The project lim	its will exter	d approximately 150 ft. we	est and 150 ft. east	along East CR	300 South for a
Work:	-	total project len	gth of 401 ft	(0.081 mile)			
Total Wo	rk Length:	0.081	Mile	Total V	Work Area:	0.5 acre	
						Yes1	No
	-	•	_	Justification Study (IMS/IJS	S) required?	D (	X
		•		oval for this project? EA document must be submitte	ed to the FHWA with	<u>Date:</u> a a request for fine	al approval of the
IMS/IJS.							
	•	_		partial funding from the			
		the preferred alte n County, Indiana		ch involves replacing the ex	disting bridge that	carries East CR	300 South over
		ir Couricy, incium	•				
Project I The proje		on East CR 300	South in sou	heast Jackson County. Spec	cifically, the projec	ct is located app	roximately 0.82
				nship 5 North, Range 6 Ea			
		1 7.5-mmute Omit	ed States Geo	logical Survey (USGS) top	ograpnic quadrang.	ie (Appeliaix в,	page <b>b</b> -2).
Existing East CR 3		a two-lane east/v	vest oravelr	oadway, classified as a Low	y-Volume local rur	al road Low Vo	lume Roads are
generally	classified as	s rural roadways t	hat have less	than 400 vehicles per day.	The existing cross-	section provides	s one 9 ft. travel
				. The approach roadway wirdrails, curbs or sidewalks.			
		the project is 35 r			There is no poster	a speed on Last	CK 500 Bouin.
Land use	in the vicin	nity of the projec	t is a combi	nation of agriculture and v	wooded riparian la	nd adjacent to t	the surrounding
				arian corridor consisting of	various native tree	es and underbrus	sh. East CR 300
	•	sed at the bridge of	crossing.				
Existing  Jackson (		ge 154 (NBI #360	)0099) is a si	ngle-span, Steel Pratt Pony	Truss that is 90 ft	in length with	a wooden deck
The bridg	ge was built	originally built in	1910 and re	nabilitated in 1992 and 2008	8. The out-to-out d	eck width is 16	ft. and the clear
				ingle-lane structure; howeves 15 ft. The substructure co			
concrete	retaining wa	ill. The substruct	ure is in fair	condition with minor secti	on loss. There are	no guardrails o	on the bridge or
				le for the National Register ventory List (Mead and Hu		(NKHP) and is	designated as a
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		

Date:

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Bridge Project

Project name:

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The bridge was determined eligible under Criterion C, as an example of a bridge built during the initial period of development or application of standards for its type in Indiana; thus, represents an important phase in construction. Further, the bridge also displays exceptional main span length for its type, representing an innovative design and/or construction method.

#### **Alternatives Analysis Process**

Per the terms of the "Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" (Historic Bridges Programmatic Agreement (HBPA)), the FHWA will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the Project Development Process (PDP) of the Historic Bridges PA (Stipulation III).

Jackson County Bridge 154, a historic property, has been classified as a Non-Select Bridge by the INDOT Historic Bridge Inventory, and thus, the procedures outlined in Stipulation III.B of the Historic Bridges PA has been followed to determine the preferred alternative that meets the purpose and need of the project. The various alternatives shall be evaluated based on whether the alternative is feasible and prudent. Prudence of projects involving Non-Select bridges on low-volume roads should be assessed based on cost-effectiveness and other criteria as noted in the Indiana Design Manual (IDM 412-5.04(02)). If the bridge rehabilitation cost is > 40% of the replacement cost, then replacement is warranted.

An initial Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020) was developed and approved. After approval of the initial HBAA, modifications were made to the proposed project design including the widening the proposed bridge structure to provide a 24 ft. clear roadway width, providing a larger 50 ft. middle span length to reduce debris collection, adjusting the horizontal alignment of the bridge to correct the angle point located to the east of the bridge and additional channel protection along the Rider Ditch embankments. As a result of these changes, an HBAA Addendum (6/24/2021) was prepared to re-evaluate the alternatives and include scour protection and roadway approach work that are typically included as part of bridge rehabilitation analysis. The HBAA Addendum is provided in Appendix D, pages D-57 to D-177.

#### **Preferred Alternative**

#### Alternative E: Relocation of Existing Bridge and New Bridge on Current Alignment

The preferred alternative will provide a new bridge structure across Rider Ditch on the existing roadway alignment. The new, three-span continuous reinforced concrete slab bridge will be approximately 111 ft.-6 inches in length with an out-to-out deck width of 27 ft. and a clear roadway width of 24 ft. New, 20 ft.-6 inch reinforced, concrete bridge approaches that are 24 ft. in width will be installed at either end of the new bridge. The deck will be constructed with a 2 percent cross slope. The bridge railing will consist of standard, 2 ft.-9 inch concrete bridge rails and new, steel crash rated approach guardrail will be installed along both sides of the east and west approaches. riprap will be added north and south of the structure where bank erosion is present and significant. Along the west embankment, the channel will be cleared to allow a greater waterway opening through the structure during normal flow conditions. Approximately 100 linear feet of permanent impacts to Rider Ditch will result from the construction of the new bridge piers and placement of riprap at the toe of slope for erosion control.

Alternate E is prudent and feasible and provides an opportunity to preserve the bridge. If no organization or private parties come forward to fund the relocation and rehabilitation, Alternative F will become the preferred feasible and prudent alternative. If an organization or private party comes forward to fund the relocation and rehabilitation, this document will be updated to cover the impacts to the site where the bridge will be moved.

The limits of the preferred alternate will extend approximately 150 ft. west and 150 ft. east along East CR 300 South for a total project length of 401 ft. (0.081 mile) including the length of the new bridge. The preferred alternative will meet the purpose and need of the project by restoring service to E CR 300S over Rider Ditch by providing a structure with a capacity of 15 tons minimum. The project termini are logical because they encompass only the area necessary to install the new bridge and tie the improvements into the existing roadway for a smooth transition. Design plans are provided in Appendix B, pages B-7 to B-13.

East CR 300 South, east and west of the bridge has been closed since March 2019 and the community has been using local detours since that time. The official detour during construction will utilize CR 825 East and SR 250. Additional details are discussed in the *Maintenance of Traffic* Section of this CE document. The project letting is scheduled for February 2023 and construction is anticipated to extend into November 2023. The estimated cost of the preferred alternative is approximately \$1,025,000.00 and takes into account the cost of dismantling and relocating the bridge by a private party. If Alternative F (Bridge Replacement) is chosen as the preferred alternative, the cost would be approximately \$1,090,000.00. which includes the cost to construct the new bridge and demolish the existing bridge.

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#### OTHER ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED:

Describe all discarded alternatives, including the Do-Nothing Alternative and an explanation of why each discarded alternative was not selected. Additional details regarding each alternative can be found in the HBAA Addendum located in Appendix D, pages D-57 to D-177.

#### **Alternative A: Do Nothing Alternative**

This alternative means that no federal funds would be expended, and no action would be taken to correct the current deficiencies. The road would remain closed, and the bridge would continue to deteriorate. This alternative would not meet the purpose and need for the project. For this reason, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative B-1: Rehabilitation in Accordance with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards

Alternative B-1 involves rehabilitating the existing bridge to a standard that meets the Secretary of Interior's Standards (SOIS) for Rehabilitation. This alternative would maintain the structure's historic integrity and restore the structure's original design capacity. To achieve this objective, all replacement procedures would maintain and/or restore the historic elements of the structure as closely as possible. The expected service life after rehabilitation would be 25 years but, the bridge would still have a deficient load rating. This alternative does not provide the minimum structural capacity of 15 tons as required by the purpose and need. For this reason, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative B-2: Rehabilitation Not in Accordance with the Secretary of Interior's Standards

This alternative would rehabilitate the existing bridge in a manner not compliant with the SOIS for Rehabilitation. The bridge's historic features would not be considered in the repairs. The primary goal of this alternative would be to correct the existing structural deficiencies and strengthen the bridge to handle a minimum H15 loading rating. The expected service life after rehabilitation would be 25 years but the rehabilitation would significantly modify the original structure by replacing the tension eye-bars, diagonals, and stringers with new steel members of differing size, shape, and type in order to provide the required capacity. Guardrail and end treatments would be installed to prevent vehicular strikes to the pony trusses and errant vehicle entry into Rider Ditch. The estimated cost for this alternate was determined to be 42% higher than the replacement cost of Alternative F. The bridge would continue to have insufficient width and load capacity and would not meet the purpose and need. For these reasons, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative C-1: Rehabilitation in Accordance with the Secretary of Interior's Standards (One-way Pair)

This alternative would rehabilitate the existing bridge in the same fashion as Alternative B-1 except that a new bridge would be built adjacent to the existing for use as a one-way pair. The new bridge would be a continuous three-span, reinforced concrete slab bridge. This alternative would also include building an additional approach roadway. In addition to the rehabilitation costs described in Alternative B-1, this option includes additional costs associated with a new bridge, increased right-of-way purchasing, and road approach modification. This alternate would be constructed on an existing one-lane, two-way road which is not intended to be upgraded from this configuration. As noted previously in the discussion of Alternative B-1, for Alternative C-1 the structure would be rehabilitated to the SOIS and, the expected service life after rehabilitation would be 25 years. As identical to Alternative B-1, the rehabilitated truss would have substandard load capacity. Although Alternative C-1 is feasible, the estimated cost of this alternate is 26% higher than the replacement cost of Alternative F. This alternate would not improve the load carrying capacity of the existing bridge to the minimum of 15 tons. For these reasons, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative C-2: Rehabilitation Not in Accordance with the Secretary of Interior's Standards (One-way Pair)

This alternative would rehabilitate the existing bridge in the same fashion as Alternative B-2 except that a new bridge would be built adjacent to the existing for use as a one-way pair. The new bridge would be a continuous three-span, reinforced concrete slab bridge. This alternative would also include building an additional approach roadway. For additional details related to rehabilitation of the existing structure see the description in Alternative B-2. As with Alternative B-2 the expected service life extension would be 25 years. In addition to the rehabilitation costs as described in Alternative B-2, this alternative includes additional costs associated with a new bridge, increased right-of-way purchasing, and road approach modification. This alternate would be constructed on an existing one-lane two-way road which is not intended to be upgraded from this configuration. Identical to Alternative B-2, the existing truss would be significantly modified to provide enough load capacity. Alternative C-2 would not rehabilitate the structure to the SOIS and would include the introduction of replacement elements. Although Alternative C-2 is feasible, the estimated cost for this alternative is 36% higher than the replacement cost of Alternative F. For these reasons, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative D: Rehabilitation of the Existing Structure with a Two-Way Bypass

Alternative D would rehabilitate the existing bridge for non-vehicular use and build a bypass bridge adjacent to it. This alternative is effectively identical to Alternate C-1. This Alternative would rehabilitate the truss to the SOIS.

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	•			

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The main difference is that following rehabilitation, the existing bridge will be closed to vehicular traffic and the adjacent approach will be graded for parking. Due to the severely deteriorated condition of the existing structure, it would need to be rehabilitated in an equivalent manner to the B-1 Alternative. Once rehabilitated and permanently closed to vehicle traffic, inspection requirements would no longer be applicable. This alternative would require a private party to assume ownership of the bridge and maintain the bridge for perpetuity. To date no interested parties have come forward to take ownership of Jackson County Bridge 154 as required for this alternative D is feasible; however, the estimated cost for this alternative is 26% higher than the replacement cost of Alternative F. For these reasons, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative E: Relocation of Existing Bridge and New Bridge on Current Alignment

Alternative E would relocate the historic bridge and build a new bridge on the current alignment. The existing bridge would not be destroyed; however, a responsible party must come forward and fund the relocation and rehabilitation of the bridge. The existing truss bridge would be replaced by a three-span, haunched concrete slab bridge on the existing alignment and would meet all applicable design criteria. The cost of this alternative is \$1,025,000.00 which is 94% of the demolition and replacement cost of Alternative F. The bridge has been advertised for the minimum six month marketing period but to date, no interested party has come forward. The opportunity to relocate and reuse the bridge will remain viable until the public hearing requirements for this project have concluded. As a result, this alternate is still feasible. Given that this alternate is cost effective and meets the purpose and need, this alternative is also prudent if a responsible party comes forward to take ownership of the bridge.

#### **Alternative F: Bridge Replacement**

Alternative F would demolish the existing truss bridge and a new, three-span bridge would be built on the same alignment. There would be no bridge relocation process included as part of this alternative. The existing truss bridge would be replaced by a threespan, haunched concrete slab bridge on essentially the same alignment and would meet all applicable design criteria. If Alternative F is chosen as the preferred alternative, the cost would be approximately \$1,090,000.00. which includes the cost to construct the new bridge and demolish the existing bridge. Impacts to the bridge would be mitigated through the stipulations outlined within the Historic Bridges Programmatic Agreement (HBPA) process. This alternative is both feasible and prudent and meets the purpose and need of the project by providing a cost effective and structurally sufficient bridge at the project site.

Alternate E is prudent and feasible and provides an opportunity to preserve the bridge. If no organization or private parties come forward to fund the relocation, Alternative F will become the preferred feasible and prudent alternative. The State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) requested that photo documentation of the bridge be conducted consistent with the Historic Bridges PA: Attachment B- Standard Treatment Approach for Historic Bridges. This will apply regardless of whether Alternative E or F is the chosen as the preferred alternative.

The	Do Nothing	Alternative is not fe-	sible prudent	or practicable because	Mark all that	annly).

It would not correct existing capacity deficiencies;

#### It would not correct existing safety hazards; It would not correct the existing roadway geometric deficiencies; It would not correct existing deteriorated conditions and maintenance problems; or X It would result in serious impacts to the motoring public and general welfare of the economy. Other (Describe)

#### **ROADWAY CHARACTER:**

#### East CR 300 South

Functional Classification: Low-Volume Local Rural Road 30 VPD (2013) Current ADT: Design Year ADT: VPD (2033)

N/A\* Design Hour Volume (DHV): Truck Percentage (%) 5

Designed Speed (mph): Legal Speed (mph): 35 (Not Posted)

	Ex	Pı	roposed	
Number of Lanes:		2		2
Type of Lanes:	15 ft bi-directi	tional travel lane 15-24 ft bi-directional travel lane		
Pavement Width:	11-15	11-15 ft.		ft.
Shoulder Width:	N/A	ft.	N/A	ft.
Median Width:	N/A	ft.	N/A	ft.
Sidewalk Width:	N/A	N/A ft.		ft.

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County Jackson		ute: East CR 30	•		1703020
<u>Juckson</u>	Ro	Last CR 30	o Boutin	Des. 110.	1703020
If the proposed action has mu Since East CR 300 South is DHV. This is the best availa	a Low Volume F			ch roadway. eted to determine the Design year	•
Setting: [ Topography:	Urban X Level	Suburban Rolling	X Rural Hilly		
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR	BRIDGES:				
Structure/NBI Number(s):	Jackson County	Bridge No. 154 (NBI	[#3600099)	Sufficiency Rating: 22 Source: March 13, 2019 Bridge Insp	2 out of 100 pection Report
	E	xisting	Pr	oposed	
Bridge Type:	Steel Pra	att Pony Truss	Three-span	continuous concrete	
Number of Spans:	0	1	26	3	
Weight Restrictions: Height Restrictions:	0 N/A	ton ft.	36 N/A	Ton/minimum ft.	
Curb to Curb Width:	15-4	ft./in.	24	ft.	
Outside to Outside Width:	16	ft.	27	ft.	
Shoulder Width:	N/A	ft.	N/A	ft.	
Length of Channel Work:			103	_ ft.	
bridge with a 5 instead of pile protection meas.  The new bridge roadway width installed at either standard, 2 ft9 sides of the east Bent No. 2 and will result from (OHWM) at the OHWM by the corner: 35 ft, so project limits when the desired in the project limits where the project limits where the project limits when the desired in the project limits where the project limits when the desired in the project limits where the project limits when the project limits where the project limits wher	of ft. middle spanbents, and a sligures will be installed will be approximated for and west approared and west approared for approximate lemoutheast corner will extend approximate lemoutheast corner will extend approximate lemoutheast corner will extend approximated for approximate lemoutheast corner will extend approximated for approximate lemoutheast corner will extend approximated properties of the second for approximate lemoutheast corner will extend approximately 0.081 mile).	n and longer end spaceth bridge realignmedled to address the eximately 111 ft6 inches of the first of the constructed will be constructed will be constructed widge rails and new, suches. Riprap will be cour protection. Appropriate the new wall piers erosion control. Changeths (measured perparticular for the new wall piers erosion control. Changeths (measured perparticular for the provided around the provided around the prary enclosures will prary construction acts. These temporary acces.	es in length with ed, concrete bridgisting bank erosions is in length with ed, concrete bridgisting bank a 2 percent teel crash rated a installed along the roximately 100 leand placement of the proposed wall be roughly 14 ft coess paths will ess paths are and	an out-to-out deck width of 27 ft. ge approaches that are 24 ft. in w cross slope. The bridge railing with approach guardrail will be installed the east and west banks of Rider D inear feet of permanent impacts to of riprap below the Ordinary High this will extend beyond the riprap are channel): northeast corner: 19 ft total of 103 ft. of channel clearing t along East CR 300 South for a pier locations via a temporary s t. x 41 ft. (574 sq. ft.) No temporary be installed in the northeast an consist of stone overlaid geotextiticipated to be in place for approx conditions and seeded per INDO	the channel anded scour  and a clear width will be ill consist of d along both witch (around Rider Ditch Water Mark and above the fit, northwest g work. The total project theet pile or any crossings d northwest iles and will cimately 180
Will the structure be rehabil f the proposed action has mu				Yes No X e filled out for each structure.	N/A
This is page 7 of 30	Project na	ne: Bridge	Project	Date: October	4, 2021

Form Version: June 2013

County	Jackson	Route: <u>I</u>	East CR 300 South	<u></u>	Des. No.	1703020
MAINTE	NANCE OF TRAI	FFIC (MOT) DURING O	CONSTRUCTION:			
Is a tempor Will the pr Provision Provision Provision Will the pr	ons will be made for ons will be made for ons will be made to ons will be made to oposed MOT subst		nd so posted.  It businesses.  It pecial events or fest  Inmental consequence	ivals.	Yes  X X	No X X X X X X X X
Remarks:	of the construction 300 S. The detout The road closure services); however There are no adjated MOT sheet for the and west of the best for the sheet for the	th has been closed at the bin process. The preferred of r will result in three miles will pose a temporary incor, no significant delays arcent residential or comme is project since the bridge ridge have been closed siticipated to extend into Notes.	letour route will util of additional travel convenience to trave re anticipated, and a rcial businesses that e and the portions o ince March 2019. T	ling motorists (includin ll inconveniences will o will require special acc f East CR 300 South in	g school buses a cease upon projecess consideration	on E., and E CR and emergency ect completion. ns. There is no cent to the east
<b>ESTIMAT</b>	TED PROJECT C	OST AND SCHEDULE:				
Is the project If yes, Name of Location Date of in The scheet the FY 20 hearing, t	d Start Date of Conct incorporated into ect in an MPO Area MPO of Project in TIP accorporation by refeduled letting date for 220-2024 STIP. On the project description way, if required. An (RFC).	Spring 2023   July 2, 2019	//A ended to February 2 e has been determine STIP, in addition to	023 as opposed to 2022 ed based on the outcome the estimated cost of co	as illustrated in e of the public nstruction and	<u>00.00</u> (2023)
KIGHT O	r war:					
				Amount	(acres)	
		Jse Impacts		Permanent		porary
Residentia				0.00		0.00
Commerci				0.00		0.00
Agricultura	aı			0.21		0.00
Wooded				0.11		0.00
Wetlands	• • • • •	1		0.01		0.00
-	arian Land (souther	ist side)		0.03		0.00
Cha	nnel Shaping		ТОТАІ	0.11		0.12
			TOTAL	0.47		).12

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Form Version: June 2013
Attachment 2

Date:

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Bridge Project

Project name:

County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South		Des. No.	1703020
proposed) she	h Permanent and Tempo ould also be discussed. A					
	Additional permane East CR 300 South of proposed permanent	nt right-of-way wil extends approximat right-of-way limit Permanent right-o	be required to complely 8 ft. north and sout s will extend approxin f-way limits only exte	ete the project. The h of the centerline ( nately 50 ft. north a	e existing right-of-w (edge of the existing and 58 ft. south of the	ay limits along roadway). The ne centerline of
	from the centerline additional permaner adjacent to the stre	at the east end to at right-of-way con am crossing. Appro	approximately 20 ft. sists of 0.21 acre of a oximately 0.01 acre or ian land and 0.11 acre	from the centerling gricultural land and forested wetland	ne at the west end. I 0.11 acre of lightly will be impacted in	The proposed y wooded land the southeast
	The temporary right and a maximum of	of-way limits will 90 ft. in the north	right-of-way will be n extend from a minim east quadrant. Constru crossing. Plan sheets	um of approximate ction access is anti	ly 48 ft. in the soutle cipated to be under	hwest quadrant taken from the
			emporary right-of-way Environmental Section			nental Services
	Part III – Identi		Evaluation of In	npacts of the	Proposed Act	<u>tion</u>
SECTION	A – ECOLOGICAL	RESOURCES				
Strea	ns, Rivers, Watercou	rses & Jurisdiction	al Ditches	<u>Presence</u>	Yes X	No
State I Nation	al Wild and Scenic Rive Natural, Scenic or Recr awide Rivers Inventory anding Rivers List for I	eational Rivers (NRI) listed				
	able Waterways					
Remarks:	aerial photograph (Appendix E, pages There are no Federa for Indiana; navigal Army Corps of Eng.  A Waters of the U.S. Please refer to App	Appendix B, page B E-2 and E-8), there all, Wild and Scenic ble waterways or M neers (USACE) made. Determination / Wendix F for the W	on May 27, 2020 by -3), and the water reso are twenty-five (25) s Rivers; State Natural, Jational Rivers Inventives all final determination of the U.S. Determine terms of the U.S. Determines of the U.S. Det	ources map in the R stream/waterway seg Scenic, and Recre cory waterways pre ations regarding juri eport was prepared termination / Wetla	ted Flag Investigation gments mapped in the ational Rivers; Outselvest in the project addition.  by Metric on Novement Delineation Rep	on (RFI) Report the project area. Standing Rivers area. The U.S. mber 20, 2020.
	is located approxima	ately 175 ft. south, l	beyond the construction	n limits.		
	Section 10 Tradition Water of the U.S. T with a solid blue lin measured at approx The dominant stream	nal Navigable Wate the waterway is app e on the USGS top mately 43. ft. wide n substrate was sil	the Muscatatuck Riverway (TNW). Therefore coximately 168 linear appropriately 5 and approximately 5 and approximately 5 are Rider Ditch was classified to the correct of the Muscata and approximately 5 and approximately 5 are Rider Ditch was classified to the correct of the Muscata and American American American Riversia and American American Riversia and American Riversia	ore, Rider Ditch sho feet within the surveng it is likely a peroft. deep both upstre ssified as average of	ould be considered a ey limits. Rider Ditce ennial waterway. The eam and downstream quality. Vegetation of	a jurisdictional ch is associated ne OHWM was n of the bridge.

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County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South		Des. No.	1703020				
Remarks:	feet of permanent riprap for erosion waterway impacts	impacts to Rider Dita a control at the toe are less than 300 lin	and west banks of Rider Ditch is ch will result from the construc- of slope. Stream mitigation was near feet. Temporary cofferdam andbag cofferdams. These temp	ction of the new b will not likely be ns will be built ar	ridge piers an required as ound the pro	d placement of the permanent posed wall pier				
	the falsework for quadrants of the b impact approxima of Rider Ditch. To construction is con-	No temporary stream crossings are anticipated; however, temporary construction access will be necessary to install the falsework for slab construction. Temporary access paths will be installed in the northeast and northwest quadrants of the bridge crossing. These temporary access paths will consist of stone overlaid geotextiles and will impact approximately 0.096 acre of land. These access paths will not extend into the channel or below the OHWM of Rider Ditch. The temporary access paths are anticipated to be in place for approximately 180 days. Once construction is complete the access paths will be removed, and the banks of Rider Ditch will be graded and restored to preconstruction conditions and seeded per INDOT Standard Specifications.								
	Fish and Wildlife (USFWS) (Appen Roadway Constru (Appendix C, pagminimize impacts minimization of ir	Early coordination letters were sent on May 19, 2020, to the Indiana Department of Natural Resources-Division of Fish and Wildlife (IDNR), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) (Appendix C, pages C-1 to C-2). Metric Environmental also generated the automatic IDEM Proposed Roadway Construction Projects letter, in which IDEM recommended obtaining the appropriate 401/404 permits (Appendix C, pages C-33 to C-39). The IDNR responded on June 18, 2020 with recommendations to avoid or minimize impacts to waterways, including bank stabilization measures, methods for riprap placement, and the minimization of in-channel disturbance (Appendix C, pages C-4 to C-6). All applicable IDNR recommendations are provided in the <i>Environmental Commitments</i> section of this CE document.								
	C-41). The USFV pilings and/or foot channel work and recommended mir whenever possible further coordinate.	VS recommended restings, shaping of the side vegetation clearing imizing the extent of earths project meets on is required at this	20 and did not object to the prestricting below low-water working spill slopes around the bridge and go to the minimum necessary. That darmor (riprap) in bank stathe conditions of the USFWS at time. Should new information to the USACE did not respond to the	k in streams to putments, and place to construct the abilization by using 2013 Interim Polion arise pertaining	placement of cement of rips project. The ag bioenginee icy, dated 5/2 g to project p	culverts, piers, rap, and restrict e USFWS also ring techniques 9/2013, and no				
			Presence	Impacts	ì					
Other Sur	face Waters			Yes	No					
Reservoirs										
Lakes										
Farm Pond										
Detention I Storm Wate Other:	er Management Faci	lities								
Remarks:	photograph of the pages E-2 and E-	Based on a desktop review, a site visit on May 27, 2020 by Metric Environmental, a review of the 2016 aerial photograph of the project area (Appendix B, page B-3), and the water resources map in the RFI report (Appendix E, pages E-2 and E-8), there is one (1) lake located within the 0.5 mile search radius. No surface waters are present within the project area therefore, no impacts are expected.								
	refer to Appendix	A Waters of the U.S. Determination / Wetland Delineation Report was prepared by Metric on July 29, 2020. Please refer to Appendix F for the Waters of the U.S. Determination / Wetland Delineation Report. It was determined that there are no surface waters located within or adjacent to the project area.								
	The early coordination letter was sent to the IDNR, the USFWS and the USACE on May 19, 2020 (Appendix C, pages C-1 to C-2). The IDNR responded on June 18, 2020 but did not reply with recommendations specific to surface waters (Appendix C, pages C-4 to C-6). The USFWS response dated June 10, 2020 had no recommendations related to other surface waters (Appendix C, pages C-40 and C-41). The USACE did not respond to the early coordination letter.									

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County	Jackson	R	Route:	East CR 300 Sout	<u>h</u>	Des. No.	1703020
Wetlands Total wetla		<u>0.122</u> acs			Presence  X  Ind area impacted:  fill in the total wetl	Yes X 0.012 Acre and area impacted abo	No eve.)
Wetlan	d No.	Classification	Tota	l Size (Acres)	Impacted Acres	Comments	
Wetlaı	nd A	PFO1A		0.122	0.01		
Wetlands Wetland D Wetland D USACE Iso Mitigation	etermination elineation olated Wate			Documentation  X  X		N/A N/A	<u>S</u>
result in (I Sub Sub Uni Sub	Mark all than estantial adsestantially is eque engine estantial adses	at apply and explain): verse impacts to adjace ncreased project costs tering, traffic, mainten verse social, economic	ent homes; ance, or sa	, business or other afety problems;	improved properties	uch avoidance would ;	
The	project no	t meeting the identifie	ed needs.				X
Remarks:	Measures to avoid, minimize, and mitigate wetland impacts need to be discussed in the remarks box.  Remarks:  Based on a review of the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) online mapper (https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/Mapper.html), a site visit on May 27, 2019 by Metric Environmental, a review of the USGS topographic map (Appendix B page B-2), and the RFI report (Appendix E, page E-2) there are (11) wetlands within the 0.5 mile search radius.  A Waters of the U.S. Determination / Wetland Delineation Report was prepared by Metric on November 20, 2020. Please refer to Appendix F for the Waters of the U.S. Determination / Wetland Delineation Report. It was determined that one (1) Palustrine, Forested, Broad-Leaved Deciduous, Temporarily Flooded (PFO1A) wetland is present within and adjacent to the project area (Appendix F, page F-14).						ntal, a review of there are (11) ember 20, 2020. was determined
Wetland A (0.122 acre) Wetland A is classified as a PFO1A wetland. This wetland is located in the southeast quadrant of Rider Ditch and East CR 300 South. Approximately 0.122 acre of Wetland A was delineated within the survey limits. The wetland continues south and east beyond the survey limits. The northern boundary of Wetland A was delineated by lack of wetland vegetation and increased elevation. Due to its location within a floodplain, Wetland A likely receives flood waters on a consistent basis during rain events. Based on topography, it can be deduced that water drains south in Rider Ditch, which flows into the Muscatatuck River, which flows into the East Fork White River, a Section 10 TNW. Therefore, Wetland A should be considered a jurisdictional Water of the U.S. The wetland is associated with a Palustrine, Forested, Broad-leaved Deciduous, Temporarily Flooded NWI polygon and was formed within a hydric mapped soil unit. The wetland exhibited decent plant diversity. These factors contribute to the conclusion the wetland can support an average amount of wildlife or aquatic habitat, and therefore should be considered average quality.  The dominant vegetation within Wetland A, located on the eastern bank of Rider Ditch, south of East CR 300 South was bitternut hickory (Carya cordiformis) and American beech (Fagus grandifolia) in the tree stratum, boxelder maple (Acer negundo) and common pawpaw (Asmina triloba) in the sapling/shrub stratum, stinging nettle (Urtica dioica) in the herb stratum, and common greenbrier (Smilax rotundifolia) in the woody vine stratum.							
	There will activities.	ll be approximately 0 Construction access	.01 acre o	f permanent impac ne new bridge piers	ts to Wetland A du	e to bridge and roadw its will take place from the installed along t	m the northwest

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		Indiana I	Department of Tran	sportation			
County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South	_ De	es. No.	1703020	
Remarks:	marked with "Do N work in this area with protect this wetland document. Wetland disturbed area of We Early coordination let to C-2). The IDNR r	ot Disturb" call out thin the established have been included mitigation will no etland A will be see etters were sent on esponded on June	at stamps on the plan sheet construction limits. These das a firm commitment in the likely be required as the ded according to INDOT states. May 19, 2020 to IDNR, the last 2020 and had no recommendation of the last 2020 and had no recommendation.	cessary impacts to this wet ts with instructions to the e additional avoidance and the Environmental Common the permanent impacts are standard specifications. The USFWS and the USACE timendations specific to wet out have any recommendations	contractor minimizat itments se less than E (Append lands (Ap	to maintain all ion measures to ction of this CE 0.10 acre. The lix C, pages C-1 pendix C, pages	
	wetlands (Appendix			of have any recommendation	ons specii	ically related to	
			Drasanaa		<u>Imp</u>	acts	
<b>Terrestria</b> Unique or	<b>l Habitat</b> High Quality Habitat		Presence	Yes X		No	
Remarks:	Based on a desktop	review, a site visi project area (Apper	t on May 27, 2019 by Me	ed (i.e. forested, grassland, far etric Environmental and a redominant land use in the	review of	the 2016 aerial	
Approximately 0.47 acre of terrestrial habitat is anticipated to be impacted to facilitate the preparation of trees and understory brush will be removed in the northwest, southwest quadrants. The northeast quadrant is clear of trees and underbrush and there will be no need to conduct this area. All efforts to minimize terrestrial impacts were considered during the design phase of the construction limits have been reduced to the extent that is practical to build the project while limit disturbance. No terrestrial habitat restoration or mitigation will not likely be necessary.					st and southeast t any clearing in the project. The		
	all bare and disturbed possible upon project erosion and sediment these measures until	ed areas with a mix et completion. The it must be impleme construction is co	cture of grasses (excluding IDNR also recommended nted to prevent sediment f mplete and all disturbed a	o minimize terrestrial impa g all varieties of tall fescue that appropriately designed from leavening the construc- treas are stabilized (Appen- formental Commitments sect	e) and legued measures tion areas dix C, pag	ames as soon as s for controlling and maintaining ges C-4 to C-6).	
	The automatic IDEM Proposed Roadway Construction Projects letter recommended that all solid waste generated by the project or removed from the project site be taken to an approved solid waste disposal facility (Appendix C, pages C-33 to C-39). The USFWS responded on June 10, 2020 and recommended implementing temporary erosion and sediment control methods within areas of disturbed soil. All disturbed soil areas upon project completion will be vegetated following INDOT's standard specifications. The USFWS also recommended avoiding clearing trees or understory vegetation outside the construction zone boundaries (Appendix C, pages C-40 to C-41).  If there are high incidences of animal movements observed in the project area, or if bridges and other areas appear to be						
			onsideration of utilizing wildl		er areas ap	pear to oc	
Are karst	features located withi will the project impact	n or adjacent to the t any of these karst		project?	Yes	No X X X	
Remarks:	Based on a desktop October 13, 1993 M B, page B-2) and th project area. The Inc	review, the project emorandum of Unce e RFI report (Appediana Geological S	et is located outside the d derstanding (MOU). According E, page E-2), there	esignated karst region of I ording to the topo map of the hor karst features identified early coordination efforts C, page C-31 to C-32).	Indiana as he project within or	outlined in the area (Appendix adjacent to the	

Form Version: June 2013 Attachment 2

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		Indiana D	Department of Trans	portation	
County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South	Des. No.	1703020
Remarks:	moderate potentia	al for bedrock resource al resource extraction s	es and a low potential for sa	percent annual chance of flood hand and gravel resources. No doct the search radius. The response frexpected.	umented active or
Within Any cri Federal	tical habitat identification in properties found in properties found in properties.	Fany federal species ied within project area roject area (based upon	n informal consultation) onsultation with IDNR)	Yes X X X	Impacts No X
Is Secti	on 7 formal consult	tation required for this	action? Yes	No X	
Remarks:	2019, the IDNR included in Apper ETR species local (Appendix C, pa Spectaclecase (Vaproject area. The disturbance be minave been included plant or animal system of the project vicinital Project information and an official system of the USFWS 2 should new project The project quality and the pro	Jackson County Endandix E, pages E-10 to ted within the county. Ages C-4 to C-6), the illosa lienosa), a state of IDNR recommended in imized as much as pred as a firm commitmed pecies listed as state of IDNR recommended in imized as much as pred as a firm commitmed pecies listed as state of IDNR recommended in imized as much as pred as a firm commitmed pecies listed as state of IDNR recommitmed pecies listed as state of IDNR recommitmed as a firm commitmed pecies list was general action and IDNR recommended in the Range-wide IDNR recommended in the responses predianal bat and the NLE IDNR recommended in the Environment in the IDNR recommendation on this project as a redangered species at the IDNR recommended in t	angered, Threatened and RE-12. The highlighted special According to the IDNR ear e Natural Heritage Programs species of special concerned that standard erosion consisted to avoid any impact of the Environmental Confederally endangered, threated (Appendix C, pages Cotis sodalis) and the federally endangered within content of the Environmental Cotis sodalis) and the federally endangered within content of the Environmental Cotis sodalis and the federally endangered within content of the Environmental Cotis sodalis and the federally endangered within the Environmental Envir	impleted by Metric Environmental are (ETR) Species List has been care (ETR) Species List has been dies on the list reflect the federal and coordination response letter datum's Database has been checked, has been documented in Rider ontrol measures be implemented at the cast to Little Spectaclecase. These commitments section of this CE doceatened and/or rare have been reported in the project is with really threatened northern long-ease or adjacent to the project area. The nall coordination is required at the reported at the reported determination for the Indiana bat and the etween FHWA, Federal Railroan fect determination key was computed to "May Affect/Not Likely to Ano C-21).  1020 and requested USFWS's revited from USFWS within the 14-dice and Mitigation Measures (AM of this CE document. This precipitation is project plans are changed,	n checked and is and state identified ted June 18, 2020 and the Little Ditch within the l, and in-channel recommendations cument. No other ported to occur in the little of the little of the little occur in the little occur in little occur

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County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 Sour	th		Des. No.	1703020
SECTION	B – OTHER RESOURCE	ES					
Drinking Wellhea Public V Residen Source Sole So If a	Water Resources ad Protection Area Water System(s) atial Well(s) Water Protection Area(s) water Aquifer (SSA) a SSA is present, answer the the Project in the St. Joseph the FHWA/EPA SSA MOU tial Groundwater Assessmentatiled Groundwater Assessmentat	following: Aquifer Syster Applicable? Int Required? Intent Required? It sole source action (MOU) It is are expected. Intent of Envir	y, which is not local quifer in the state of is not applicable to ed.  conmental Manages/wellhead/) was a	f Indiana. The this project. T ement's We accessed on M	No Parea of the St. refore, the FHV Therefore, a detaillhead Proxim May 4, 2020 by	VA/EPA Sole ailed groundy nity Determ Metric Envi	e Source Aquifer water assessment minator website ironmental. This
	project is not located within The Indiana Depart (https://www.in.gov/dnr/wlocated near the project sit Based on a desktop review on May 4, 2020, and the expected. Based on a desk aerial photograph of the primpacts are expected.	ment of ater/3595.htm) e. Therefore, I v of the INDO RFI report this ktop review, a	Protection Area or S  Natural Resour ) was accessed on no impacts are expe  T MS4 website (ht s project is not loca site visit on May	Source Water Ces Water May 4, 202 Exted.  tps://entapps.ited in an Urb 27, 2020 by Market Source Water Wat	Well Re 0 by Metric E  ndot.in.gov/MS an Area Bound Metric Environi	cts are expectord Data Environmenta  (44/) by Metriclary location. mental, a rev	ted.  abase website  l. No wells are  c Environmental  No impacts are iew of the 2016
Transve Project Homes	idinal Encroachment erse Encroachment located within a regulated fl located in floodplain within	1000' up/dow	1 0		Yes X X	No	
Remarks:	Discuss impacts according to a Based on a desktop reviewebsite (http://dnrmaps.dr project is located within a page F-12).  Early coordination letters Administrator (Appendix the formal approval of the (Appendix C, pages C-4 to Jackson County Floodplain	w of The Indi ur.in.gov/appsp a regulatory flow were sent on 1 C, pages C-1 teir agency for to C-6). The pr	ana Department of hp/fdms/) by Metroodplain as determed May 19, 2020 to the Co C-2). The IDNR construction in a froject will require a	Natural Resortic Environment ined from application in the IDNR, the responded or cloodway pursua construction	ources Indiana intal on May 4, proved IDNR flusACE and the June 18, 2020 in a Floodway	Floodway In 2020 and the loodplain ma e Jackson Co that this propod Control A	formation Portal e RFI report; this ps (Appendix F, ounty Floodplain oject will require Act (IC 14-28-1)

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Indiana Department of Transportation						
County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South	Des. No.	1703020	
Remarks:	existing drainage structur included in this project wi located within the base flo barn structure that is locat effective capacity such th will be no substantial adv in flood risks; and there service or emergency evac.  A hydraulic design study	es on essentially ill result in an instance of approximately at backwater surerse impacts on will be no substitution routes; that addresses wher will provide	the same alignment whisubstantial change in their 1,000 ft. upstream or down y 1,600 ft. southwest of the face elevations are not expanded and beneficial flowstantial increase in potential reference, it has been determined as the structure size alternativarious structure size alternati	E Manual, for projects involving ich states the modifications to draw capacity to carry flood water. The instream. The closest structure appears project site. The proposed structure appears to substantially increase. Adoption values; there will be no substantial for interruption or termination mined that this encroachment is not remaitives will be completed duringly and a summary of the resolution.	ainage structures ere are no homes ears to be a large ture will have an As a result, there abstantial change on of emergency t substantial.	
			<u>Presence</u>	<b>Impacts</b>		
Farmland				Yes No		
_	tural Lands		X	X		
Prime F	Farmland (per NRCS)		X	X		
	ints (from Section VII of CI or greater, see CE Manual for		5* <u>150</u>			
Remarks:	project area (Appendix E Protection Policy Act. A Services (NRCS). Coordi pages C-29 to C-30). NR alternatives is 160. Since	B, page B-3), the an early coordination with NRO (CS's threshold set this project scored will result from	e project will convert 0. ation letter was sent on NCS resulted in a score of score for significant impare is less than the threshom this project. No alternation	Environmental, the 2016 aerial p 10 acre of farmland as defined b May 19, 2020 to Natural Resource 150 on the NRCS-AD 1006 For acts to farmland that result in the ld, no significant loss of prime, un actives other than those previously the farmland.	by the Farmland es Conservation im (Appendix C, consideration of hique, statewide,	

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County <u>Jackson</u> Rou	East CR 300 S	South	Des. No. <u>1703020</u>
SECTION C – CULTURAL RESOURCES			
Minor Projects PA Clearance	ory Type	INDOT Approval Date	N/A X
	gible and/or Listed Resource Present  X		
Project Effect No Historic Properties Affected  X	No Adverse Effe	ct Adverse	Effect
<u> </u>	Documentation Documentation		
<b>Documentation</b> (mark all that apply)	<u>Prepared</u>	ES/FHWA Approval Date(s)	SHPO Approval Date(s)
Historic Properties Short Report Historic Property Report Archaeological Records Check/ Review Archaeological Phase Ia Survey Report	X X X	February 25, 2020 February 21, 2020 February 21, 2020	March 30, 2020  March 30, 2020  March 30, 2020
Archaeological Phase Ic Survey Report Archaeological Phase II Investigation Report Archaeological Phase III Data Recovery APE, Eligibility and Effect Determination	X	May 26, 2020	June 8, 2020
800.11 Documentation	X	May 26, 2020 May 26, 2020	June 8, 2020
Memorandum of Agreement (MOA)		MOA Signature Dates	(List all signatories)
Describe all efforts to document cultural resources, remarks box. The completion of the Section 106 publication date, name of paper(s) and the comment later date, such as mitigation or deep trenching.	process requires that a	Legal Notice be published in loca	l newspapers. Please indicate the
Remarks: Per the terms of the "Programs Bridges" (Historic Bridges PA), Section 106 responsibilities invo (PDP) of the Historic Bridges PA	, the Federal Highway lving "Select" and "No	y Administration-Indiana Divis	ion (FHWA) will satisfy its
Jackson County Bridge 154 has be thus, the procedures outlined in Section 106 responsibilities for located within the APE and re responsibilities for other resources	Stipulation III.B of the the bridge. Therefore, not Jackson County I	he Historic Bridges PA will be the finding for this project on	followed to fulfill FHWA's ally applies to other resources
Area of Potential Effect: Qualified professionals working Standards defined an Area of Pot within which an undertaking may if any such properties exist. The may be different for different kind	tential Effect. The Are directly or indirectly or area of potential effect	a of Potential Effects (APE) is cause alterations in the characte s is influenced by the scale and	"the geographic area or areas r or use of historic properties, nature of an undertaking and
This is page 16 of 30 Project na	nme: Bridge Pr	oject Date:	October 4, 2021

County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South	Des. No.	1703020
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Remarks

The APE for aboveground resources was drawn sufficiently large to encompass potential impacts including visual, physical, and traffic-related impacts that may result from the undertaking, whichever alternative is selected. The established APE consists of a 0.25 (1,350 ft.) mile radius around the bridge (Appendix D, page D-8).

#### **Coordination with Consulting Parties:**

Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act requires federal agencies to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties. In accordance with 36 CFR 800.2(c), individuals and groups with a demonstrated interest in the undertaking were invited to participate in efforts to identify historic properties potentially affected by the undertaking, assess its effects, and seek ways to avoid, minimize or mitigate any adverse effects on historic properties.

On November 12, 2019, the following individuals and groups listed in the table below were sent an email on behalf of INDOT requesting them to act as a consulting party for the undertaking. They were also advised that the Early Coordination Letter was available for review at the INDOT's Section 106 Consultation and Outreach Portal Enterprise, known as INSCOPE. The invitees were requested to respond within 30 days indicating whether the agency agreed or did not agree to participate as a consulting party. Also, on November 12, 2019 the INDOT Cultural Resources Office emailed the Native American Tribes listed in the table to invite them to be consulting parties, and to direct them to the documents available for review on INSCOPE. It was noted in the email correspondence that if no response was received, the individual or group would not be considered a consulting party and would not receive further information about the undertaking unless the scope changed.

Invited Organization	Reply Received
Indiana Landmarks (Southern Regional Office)	None Received
Jackson County Historical Center	None Received
Jackson County Historian	None Received
Jackson County Commissioners	None Received
Jackson County Parks and Recreation Board	None Received
Dr. James L. Cooper	None Received
Historicbridges.com	None Received
Historic Spans Taskforce	None Received
Historic Hoosier Bridges	None Received
Historic Bridge Foundation	None Received
Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma	None Received
Miami Tribe of Oklahoma	December 10, 2019
Delaware Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma	None Received
Peoria Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma	None Received
Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians	None Received

The Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Archaeology and Historic Preservation (SHPO) is automatically considered a consulting party for federally funded transportation projects due to its mandated or designated role as specified in 36 C.F.R. § 800.2. The SHPO was also emailed a copy of this early coordination letter and sent a paper copy of the documentation for review and comment on November 12, 2019. On December 16, 2019 SHPO replied that they were not aware of any additional parties who should be invited to participate in the Section 106 consultation (Appendix D, pages D-31 to D-32). An affirmative response to join in consultation was received from the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma on December 10, 2019 (Appendix D, page D-30).

The letter from the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma offered no objection to the project but stated that "if any human remains or Native American cultural items falling under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) or archaeological evidence is discovered during any phase of this project, the Miami Tribe requests immediate consultation with the entity of jurisdiction for the location of discovery." No other responses were received from invited tribes.

In January 2020, a representative of the Jackson County Parks and Recreation made a telephone inquiry to SHPO staff regarding truss bridges in Jackson County that may be proposed for replacement. The inquiry was forwarded to INDOT Cultural Resources Office staff, who responded to the representative via email on January 10, 2020.

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Remarks:

On the same date, SHPO staff also encouraged the representative via email to let INDOT know if she wanted to become a consulting party for the project. No response was received from the representative of the Jackson County Parks and Recreation.

#### Archaeology:

Pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.4(b), a Qualified Professional Archaeologist with Metric conducted an archaeological records check on January 2, 2020 which involved review the State Historical Architectural and Archaeological Research Database (SHAARD), site maps on file with the IDNR-Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology, cultural resource management reports, cemetery records, and historical data. A Phase Ia Archaeological Survey was conducted on January 7, 2020. No archaeological resources were identified in the project area. On January 31, 2019, an Archaeology Short Report (ASR) (Snell 1/31/2019) was prepared and recommended the project proceed as planned. On February 24, 2020 INDOT-Cultural Resources Office (CRO) approved the report and the document was uploaded to INSCOPE on February 24, 2020. On February 24, 2020 INDOT-CRO notified the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma of the approval of the ASR. No reply was received. The SHPO concurred with the ASR in a letter dated March 30, 2020 (Appendix D, pages D-40 to D-41). Excerpts of the ASR are provided in Appendix D, pages D-21 to D-23.

#### **Historic Properties:**

Pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.4(b), personnel with Metric Environmental (Metric), who meet the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards as per 36 CFR Part 61, reviewed the NRHP, the Indiana Historic Sites and Structures Inventory (IHSSI), the Indiana State Historic Architectural and Archaeological Research Database (SHAARD) and the Indiana Historic Buildings, Bridges, and Cemeteries Map, the Indiana Historic Bridge Inventory, the Indiana Historical Bureau's Historical Markers Database, and the 1988 Jackson County Interim Historic Sites and Structures Inventory (IHSSI) for previously-identified properties. Primary and secondary documentary research included numerous published county and local histories, historical and current atlases and maps, and online resources. Additionally, in January 2020 a field survey was conducted by walking all the areas within the APE and taking photographs in an effort to identify and evaluate any historic resources present. A Historic Property Short Report (HPSR) (Becher Gilliam, 2/21/2020) was developed and provided recommendations concerning the historic significance of the properties within the APE. As a result of identification and evaluation efforts for this project, no properties within the project APE were recommended eligible for listing in the NRHP.

The HPSR was submitted to the CRO for review on January 31, 2020, and on February 24, 2020 their office released the document for consulting party review. On February 25, 2020, the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma and the SHPO; consulting parties who had accepted the invitation to participate were sent a letter to notify them that the HPSR and the Archaeology Report were available for review on INSCOPE. The SHPO concurred with the limits of the established APE and with the findings of the HPSR in a letter dated March 30, 2020 (Appendix D, pages D-40 to D-41). No other comments from the consulting parties were received. Excerpts of the HPSR are provided in Appendix D, pages D-18 to D-20.

#### **Documentation, Findings:**

Per the terms of the "Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" (Historic Bridges PA), the Federal Highway Administration-Indiana Division (FHWA) will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the Project Development Process (PDP) of the Historic Bridges PA (Stipulation III). Jackson County Bridge No. 154 (NBI #3600099) is classified as a "Non-Select" bridge by the *Indiana Historic Bridge Inventory* and thus, the procedures outlined in Stipulation III. of the Historic Bridges PA will be followed to fulfill FHWA's Section 106 responsibilities. Photo documentation of the bridge will be conducted consistent with the *Historic Bridges PA: Attachment B- Standard Treatment Approach for Historic Bridges*. This will apply regardless of whether Alternative E or F is the chosen as the preferred alternative.

Per the terms of the Historic Bridge PA, the finding for this project only applies to other resources located within the APE and not Jackson County Bridge No. 154. Regarding other resources in the project area, INDOT, on behalf of the FHWA, has determined a "No Historic Properties Affected" finding is appropriate because no other properties listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register are present within the APE.

On May 26, 2020, the INDOT-CRO, on behalf of the FHWA approved the APE and issued a "No Historic Properties Affected" finding for this project (Appendix D, Page D-1 to D-7). Following this finding, the effect documentation was provided to the Indiana SHPO for a 30-day review and comment period.

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Remarks

On June 8, 2020, the Indiana SHPO responded and concurred with the "No Historic Properties Affected" finding (Appendix D, Page D-50 to D-51). No additional responses were received.

#### **Public Involvement:**

In accordance with 36 CFR 800.2(d), 800.3(e), and 800.6(a)(4), the views of the public were sought regarding the effect of the proposed project. A legal notice was published in the *Seymour Tribune* on May 30, 2020 with a 30-day comment period. The 30-day deadline for comments was June 29, 2020. No comments were received by the 30-day deadline. A copy of the legal notice and the publisher's affidavit are provided in Appendix D, pages D-52 to D-56.

The HBAA Addendum (6/24/2021) was sent out to CPs on July 13, 2021. An e-mail was sent to the tribal consulting parties inviting them to review and comment on the HBAA (Appendix D, page D-178). No responses were received from any of the tribal consulting parties. The SHPO responded with their concurrence of the HBAA on July 26, 2021 (Appendix D, Pages D-179 to D-180).

In accordance with the HBPA, Stipulation III.B.2, on November 15, 2019 a legal notice to interested parties for proposals for the rehabilitation and reuse, or the storage and future reuse of the bridge was published in the *Seymour Tribune* newspaper and the advertisement was also included on the INDOT Historic Bridges Marketing Program website. Signs were posted at the bridge site on November 19, 2019 (Appendix B, page B-6). A secondary advertisement was also placed in the *Indianapolis Star* on May 1, 2020. The bridge must be marketed at for at least six months prior to the required public hearing. The six-month marketing period for the May 1, 2020 publication, ended on October 31, 2020. To date no interested parties have come forward to take ownership of Jackson County Bridge 154. The text of the legal notices and the affidavits of publication are provided in Appendix D, pages D-44 to D-49.

Pursuant to the Historic Bridge Programmatic Agreement (PA), a public hearing for the project is required. A legal notice for the public hearing will appear in a local publication contingent upon the release of this document for public involvement. The Section 106 process will be complete after the public hearing is held and the *Public Involvement* section of this document is updated per the outcome of that public hearing.

SHPO has determined that photo documentation of the bridge is required consistent with the *Historic Bridges PA*: Attachment B- Standard Treatment Approach for Historic Bridges (Appendix D, Pages D-179 to D-180). The documentation shall be produced in keeping with the applicable photographic standards of the *Indiana DNR–Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology Minimum Architectural Documentation*. One CD or DVD of the documentation shall be provided to the Indiana State Archives and one CD or DVD shall be provided to at least one local public or not-for-profit organization that agrees to retain the CD or DVD permanently and make it available to the public.

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East CR 300 South Des. No. 1703020 County Jackson Route: SECTION D - SECTION 4(f) RESOURCES/ SECTION 6(f) RESOURCES **Section 4(f) Involvement** (mark all that apply) **Presence** Parks & Other Recreational Land Publicly owned park Publicly owned recreation area Other (school, state/national forest, bikeway, etc.) **Evaluations** Prepared **FHWA** Programmatic Section 4(f)\* Approval date "De minimis" Impact\* Individual Section 4(f) Presence Use Wildlife & Waterfowl Refuges Yes No National Wildlife Refuge National Natural Landmark State Wildlife Area State Nature Preserve **Evaluations Prepared FHWA** Programmatic Section 4(f)\* Approval date "De minimis" Impact\* Individual Section 4(f) Presence **Historic Properties** Yes No Sites eligible and/or listed on the NRHP **Evaluations** Prepared **FHWA** Programmatic Section 4(f)\* Approval date "De minimis" Impact\* Individual Section 4(f) \*FHWA approval of the environmental document also serves as approval of any Section 4f Programmatic and/or De minimis evaluation(s) discussed below. Discuss Programmatic Section 4(f) and "de minimis" Section 4(f) impacts in the remarks box below. Individual Section 4(f) documentation must be separate Draft and Final documents. For further discussions on Programmatic, "de minimis" and Individual Section 4(f) evaluations please refer to the "Procedural Manual for the Preparation of Environmental Studies". Discuss proposed alternatives that satisfy the requirements of Section 4(f). Remarks: Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966 prohibits the use of certain public and historic lands for federally funded transportation facilities unless there is no feasible and prudent alternative. The law applies to significant publicly owned parks, recreation areas, wildlife / waterfowl refuges, and NRHP eligible or listed historic properties regardless of ownership. Lands subject to this law are considered Section 4(f) resources. Based on a desktop review, a site visit on May 27, 2020 by Metric Environmental, the 2016 aerial photograph of the project area (Appendix B, page B-3), and the RFI report (Appendix E, page E-2) there are no 4(f) resources located within the 0.5 mile search radius other than Jackson County Bridge 154. Jackson County Bridge 154 is afforded protection under Section 4(f) as a historic site that is eligible for listing on the NRHP.

Date:

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Bridge Project

Project name:

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County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South	Des. No.	1703020
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Remarks

The Section 4(f) statute places restrictions on the use of land from historic sites for highway improvements but makes no mention of historic bridges or highways that are already serving as transportation facilities. FHWA therefore, determined that Section 4(f) will only apply when a historic bridge is demolished, or if the historic quality for which the facility was determined eligible for the NRHP is substantially affected by the proposed improvements. This resource is used for transportation purposes. Jackson County Bridge 154 will be evaluated through the *Programmatic Section 4(f) Evaluation and Approval for FHWA Projects that Necessitate the Use of Historic Bridges.* The proposed bridge project qualifies for the programmatic Section 4(f) evaluation and approval for FHWA projects that necessitate the use of a historic bridge when the project meets the following criteria:

- 1. The bridge is to be replaced or rehabilitated with Federal funds.
- 2. The project will require the use of a historic bridge structure which is on or is eligible for listing on the NRHP.
- 3. The bridge is not a National Historic Landmark.
- 4. The FHWA Division Administrator determines that the facts of the project match those set forth by the investigation of the appropriate Alternatives, Findings, and Mitigation.
- 5. Agreement among the FHWA, the SHPO, and the ACHP has been reached through procedures pursuant to Section 106 of the NHPA.

The Jackson County Bridge 154 bridge project meets these criteria. To apply the Historic Bridge Programmatic Section 4(f) Evaluation, three alternatives that avoid any use of the historic bridge must be examined: do nothing, build a new structure at a different location without affecting the historic integrity of the historic bridge, and rehabilitate the historic bridge without affecting the historic integrity of the structure. The Indiana Historic Bridges PA requires a more extensive alternatives analysis evaluating additional alternatives. Per the terms Historic Bridges PA, FHWA will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the PDP of the Historic Bridges PA (Stipulation III).

Jackson County Bridge 154 has been classified as a Non-Select Bridge by the INDOT Historic Bridge Inventory, and thus, the procedures outlined in Stipulation III.B of the Historic Bridges PA will be followed to fulfill FHWA's Section 106 responsibilities for the bridge. The alternatives described in this document are based on the guidance for writing a historic bridge Section 4(f) alternatives analysis, produced by Janssen & Spaans Engineering Inc. Per the guidance, alternatives A, B1, B2, C1, C2, D1, D2, E, and F must be analyzed in consecutive order until a feasible and prudent alternative has been determined which also results in the least amount of harm to the protected resource. A feasible alternative is one that is possible to engineer, design, and build, and a prudent alternative is one that does not present significantly unique or unusual factors (e.g. cost; social, economic, or environmental impacts; community disruption). Once a feasible and prudent alternative has been determined, the remaining alternatives do not need to be analyzed.

As previously explained, an initial HBAA was developed and approved in May 2020. After approval of the initial HBAA, modifications were made to the proposed project design and a HBAA Addendum was prepared to re-evaluate the alternatives. The HBAA Addendum is provided in Appendix D, pages D-57 to D-177.

#### **Alternative A: Do Nothing Alternative**

This alternative means that no federal funds would be expended, and no action would be taken to correct the current deficiencies. The road would remain closed, and the bridge would continue to deteriorate. This alternative would not meet the purpose and need for the project. For this reason, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative B-1: Rehabilitation in Accordance with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards

Alternative B-1 involves rehabilitating the existing bridge to a standard that meets the Secretary of Interior's Standards (SOIS) for Rehabilitation. This alternative would maintain the structure's historic integrity and restore the structure's original design capacity. To achieve this objective, all replacement procedures would maintain and/or restore the historic elements of the structure as closely as possible. The expected service life after rehabilitation would be 25 years but, the bridge would still have a deficient load rating. This alternative does not provide the minimum structural capacity of 15 tons as required by the purpose and need. For this reason, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative B-2: Rehabilitation Not in Accordance with the Secretary of Interior's Standards

This alternative would rehabilitate the existing bridge in a manner not compliant with the SOIS for Rehabilitation. The bridge's historic features would not be considered in the repairs.

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Remarks:

The primary goal of this alternative would be to correct the existing structural deficiencies and strengthen the bridge to handle a minimum H15 loading rating. The expected service life after rehabilitation would be 25 years but the rehabilitation would significantly modify the original structure by replacing the tension eye-bars, diagonals, and stringers with new steel members of differing size, shape, and type in order to provide the required capacity. Guardrail and end treatments would be installed to prevent vehicular strikes to the pony trusses and errant vehicle entry into Rider Ditch. The estimated cost for this alternate was determined to be 42% higher than the replacement cost of Alternative F. The bridge would continue to have insufficient width and load capacity and would not meet the purpose and need. For these reasons, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative C-1: Rehabilitation in Accordance with the Secretary of Interior's Standards (One-way Pair)

This alternative would rehabilitate the existing bridge in the same fashion as Alternative B-1 except that a new bridge would be built adjacent to the existing for use as a one-way pair. The new bridge would be a continuous three-span, reinforced concrete slab bridge. This alternative would also include building an additional approach roadway. In addition to the rehabilitation costs described in Alternative B-1, this option includes additional costs associated with a new bridge, increased right-of-way purchasing, and road approach modification. This alternate would be constructed on an existing one-lane, two-way road which is not intended to be upgraded from this configuration. As noted previously in the discussion of Alternative B-1, for Alternative C-1 the structure would be rehabilitated to the SOIS and, the expected service life after rehabilitation would be 25 years. As identical to Alternative B-1, the rehabilitated truss would have substandard load capacity. Although Alternative C-1 is feasible, the estimated cost of this alternate is 26% higher than the replacement cost of Alternative F. This alternate would not improve the load carrying capacity of the existing bridge to the minimum of 15 tons. For these reasons, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative C-2: Rehabilitation Not in Accordance with the Secretary of Interior's Standards (One-way Pair)

This alternative would rehabilitate the existing bridge in the same fashion as Alternative B-2 except that a new bridge would be built adjacent to the existing for use as a one-way pair. The new bridge would be a continuous three-span, reinforced concrete slab bridge. This alternative would also include building an additional approach roadway. For additional details related to rehabilitation of the existing structure see the description in Alternative B-2. As with Alternative B-2 the expected service life extension would be 25 years. In addition to the rehabilitation costs as described in Alternative B-2, this alternative includes additional costs associated with a new bridge, increased right-of-way purchasing, and road approach modification. This alternate would be constructed on an existing one-lane two-way road which is not intended to be upgraded from this configuration. Identical to Alternative B-2, the existing truss would be significantly modified to provide enough load capacity. Alternative C-2 would not rehabilitate the structure to the SOIS and would include the introduction of replacement elements. Although Alternative C-2 is feasible, the estimated cost for this alternative is 36% higher than the replacement cost of Alternative F. For these reasons, this alternative was discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative D: Rehabilitation of the Existing Structure with a Two-Way Bypass

Alternative D would rehabilitate the existing bridge for non-vehicular use and build a bypass bridge adjacent to it. This alternative is effectively identical to Alternate C-1. This Alternative would rehabilitate the truss to the SOIS standards. The main difference is that following rehabilitation, the existing bridge will be closed to vehicular traffic and the adjacent approach will be graded for parking. Due to the severely deteriorated condition of the existing structure, it would need to be rehabilitated in an equivalent manner to the B-1 Alternative. Once rehabilitated and permanently closed to vehicle traffic, inspection requirements would no longer be applicable. This alternative would require a private party to assume ownership of the bridge and maintain the bridge for perpetuity. To date no interested parties have come forward to take ownership of Jackson County Bridge 154 as required for this alternate. Alternative D is feasible; however, the estimated cost for this alternative is 26% higher than the replacement cost of Alternative F. For these reasons, this alternative will likely be discarded from further consideration.

#### Alternative E: Relocation of Existing Bridge and New Bridge on Current Alignment

Alternative E would relocate the historic bridge and build a new bridge on the current alignment. The existing bridge would not be destroyed; however, a responsible party must come forward and fund the relocation and rehabilitation of the bridge. The existing truss bridge would be replaced by a three-span, haunched concrete slab bridge on the existing alignment and would meet all applicable design criteria. The cost of this alternative is \$1,025,000.00 which is 94% of the demolition and replacement Alternative F. This cost takes into account that a private party would fund the dismantling and removal of the existing bridge. The bridge has been advertised for the minimum six month marketing period but to date, no interested party has come forward.

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Remarks

The opportunity to relocate and reuse the bridge will remain viable until the public hearing requirements for this project have concluded. As a result, this alternate is still feasible. Given that this alternate is cost effective and meets the purpose and need, this alternative is also prudent if a responsible party comes forward to take ownership of the bridge.

#### **Alternative F: Bridge Replacement**

Alternative F would demolish the existing truss bridge and a new, three-span bridge would be built on the same alignment. There would be no bridge relocation process included as part of this alternative. The existing truss bridge would be replaced by a three-span, haunched concrete slab bridge on essentially the same alignment and would meet all applicable design criteria. If Alternative F is chosen as the preferred alternative, the cost would be approximately \$1,090,000.00. which includes the cost to construct the new bridge and demolish the existing bridge. Impacts to the bridge would be mitigated through the stipulations outlined within the Historic Bridges Programmatic Agreement (HBPA) process. This alternative is both feasible and prudent and meets the purpose and need of the project by providing a cost effective and structurally sufficient bridge at the project site.

The programmatic Section 4(f) evaluation and approval may be used only for projects where the FHWA Division Administrator, in accordance with this evaluation, ensures that the proposed action includes all possible planning to minimize harm. The project has considered all appropriate measures to minimize harm and mitigate for adverse impacts or effects on Jackson County Bridge 154, including development of the initial alternative analysis.

Alternative E would meet the project purpose and need; however, if a responsible party does not come forward to relocate the bridge, then Alternative F will become the preferred alternative. Alternative F would result in demolition of Jackson County Bridge 154; therefore, the required photo documentation as described below, will mitigate for the adverse effect to the bridge. If an interested party comes forward to acquire the bridge, it would be dismantled and relocated to a different site.

The HBAA Addendum was sent out to CPs on July 13, 2021. An e-mail was sent to the tribal consulting parties inviting them to review and comment on the HBAA (Appendix D, page D-178). No responses were received from any of the tribal consulting parties. The SHPO responded with their concurrence of the HBAA on July 26, 2021 (Appendix D, Pages D-179 to D-180). The SHPO letter stated "If no responsible party steps forward to fund the relocation of this bridge, we understand that demolition of the bridge will occur. As a result, pursuant to the Indiana Historic Bridges PA, we request that this bridge be photographically documented prior to commencement of the project by a qualified professional historian, architectural historian, or architect. Please provide overall views of the bridge and representative photographs of its deck, abutments, piers, along with any additional character defining features".

The documentation shall be produced in keeping with the applicable photographic standards of the *Indiana DNR–Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology Minimum Architectural Documentation*. One CD or DVD of the documentation shall be provided to the Indiana State Archives and one CD or DVD shall be provided to at least one local public or not-for-profit organization that agrees to retain the CD or DVD permanently and make it available to the public. These are firm commitments and are discussed in the *Environmental Commitments* section of this document. No other consulting parties have commented on the HBAA. Pursuant to the Programmatic Section 4(f) Evaluation and Approval for FHWA projects that necessitate the use of historic bridges, the preferred alternative, Alternative F, will result in a use of the historic bridge. The FHWA signature of this Level 4 Categorical Exclusion will act as FHWA concurrence of this Programmatic Section 4(f) evaluation for Jackson County Bridge 154.

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County _	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South		Des. No.	1703020
Section 6(f)	Involvement		<u>Presence</u>	<u>Use</u>		
Section 6(f	Property			Yes No	]	
Remarks:	Discuss proposed alternatives that The U.S. Land and Water (LWCF), which was created of this Act prohibits convergence obtained from the website ( <a href="https://www.in.gov/1">https://www.in.gov/1</a> ). None of these sites are lo	Conservation to preserve, dersion of lands EIDNR-Divisindot/2523.htm	Fund Act of 1965 establication, and assure accessible purchased with LWCF ration of Outdoor Recreation prevealed a total of six pro-	ished the Land an lity to outdoor recr nonies to a non-re via the INDOT loperties in Jackson	d Water Conseation resource creation use. Environmental County (Appe	es. Section 6(f) A list of 6(f) Policy Office
SECTION	E – Air Quality					
<u>Air (</u>	<u>Quality</u>					
Is to	he project in an air quality nor YES, then:  Is the project in the most curr Is the project exempt from color If the project is NOT exempt Is the project in the Trans Is a hot spot analysis required of MSAT Analysis required Is In Italian Is a Level Ib  This project is included in the (Appendix H, page H-1). Malternative that is selected in Jacobs.	n-attainment of tent MPO TIP on formity? from conform portation Plan sired (CO/PM) d?  Level  ne Fiscal Year Modifications the public here.	ity, then: (TP)? ?  Level 3  (FY) 2020-2024 Statewid o the STIP may be necessalearing. Jackson County is referred.	ary depending on a not located within a	the outcome of recognized M	Program (STIP) of the preferred IPO region.
	Nonattainment List located a Ozone 8-hour standard, which 2018, South Coast Air Quaproject's design concept and conformity requirements of 4 This project is of a type qualification of the Air Act conformity required.	at <a href="http://www.ch">http://www.ch</a> was revoked lity Managem at scope are at 0 CFR 93 have a cate	in.gov/idem/airquality/files. ed in 2015 but is being eva- ent District V. Environme curately reflected in the S e been met. egorical exclusion (Group 1	/nonattainment_con aluated for conformatal Protection Agatate Implementation ) under 23 CFR 77	unty_list.pdf. on the gency, Et. Al. on Plan (SIP).	under the 1999 e February 16, Decision. The Therefore, the empt under the
This is page	24 of 30 Proje	ect name:	Bridge Project	Date:	Octobe	er 4, 2021

Form Version: June 2013 Attachment 2

County	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South		Des. No.	1703020
SECTION	N F – NOISE					
BECTION	( P - NOISE					
<b>Noise</b> Is a noise a	analysis required in accordance	ce with FHW	A regulations and INDOT's traffic	c noise policy?	Yes	No X
		No Yes	s/ Date			
ES Review	of Noise Analysis	110 10	n Dutc			
Remarks:			n accordance with 23 CFR 772 rocedure, this action does not requ			Department of
SECTION	N G – COMMUNITY IMPA	CTS				
BECTIO	V G COMMICIALLY MAIN	1015				
Will the price will the price will the price will const. Does the conference of the No.	roposed action result in substate roposed action result in substate roposed action result in substate recommendates are steps being made to advantage of the comply with the transition of May 19, 2020, Metric Cappendix C, pages C-1 to community cohesion, the lewill be no impact to local project.  On May 4, 2020, Metric comply with the result of the community cohesion, the lewill be no impact to local project.  On May 4, 2020, Metric comply are were no events schedule.  The Americans with Disabincludes how the government installing curb ramps at in meetings are fully accessible.	ne local/regionantial impacts antial impacts munity events transition plance the commetion plan? (exact sent an existing commeto C-2). HUD ocal tax base mobility, acconducted an accidentified when the sections, and the sections and the sections are sections.	to local tax base or property valus (festivals, fairs, etc.)? n? unity's transition plan?	U.S. Departnonmental effects ordination lettrom the proposety or emergence stivals website would be important and startime for person with ed issues. Jack	ts associated ver. No perma ed project. Furcy services as (http://www.ibacted during edite government ons with disal a low vision, ason County h	with this project nent impacts to rethermore, there a result of the andianafestivals. The construction ats. Such a plan bilities, such as ensuring public has an approved
Will the pr	nd Cumulative Impacts				Yes	No X
Remarks:	still reasonably foreseeable changes in the pattern of the which result from the increfuture actions regardless of this project will not result residential area and will no	Indirect effland use, population what agency at in indirect t change the s	used by the action and are later in fects may include growth inducing pulation density, or growth rate. It of the action when added to other or person undertakes such actions or cumulative impacts as it will general development patterns, pop- rovement for the area and will no	g effects and of Cumulative im- ner past, presens. I improve an epulation density	ther effects re npacts affect to nt, and reasonate existing intersal, or growth ra	lated to induced he environment ably foreseeable ection within a te of the project
This is pag		oject name:	Bridge Project	Date:	Octob	er 4, 2021

County _	Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South		Des. No.	1703020
Will the pro	ilities & Services  posed action result in substar utilities, emergency services, and bicycle facilities?				Yes	No X
Remarks:	Discuss how the maintenance Based on a desktop review, project area (Appendix B, I the 0.5 mile search radius. has been conducted and be utility conflicts. Access to a There will be no substanti services, religious institut coordination letter was sent There are no public or prischool corporations and en access.	a site visit of page B-3) and There are no cause there all properties all impacts of ions, airport to the INDO vate airports.	on May 27, 2020 by Metrid the RFI report (Append o public facilities within care no public or private u will be maintained during on health and educational ts, public transportation of Office of Aviation on Min the project area. It is	c Environmental, the ix E, page E-7) there or adjacent to the protilities in the project construction. There facilities, public an or pedestrian and May 19, 2020, and no the responsibility of	are no public oject area. Utili area, there are fore, no impact d private utilit bicycle facilit response was i the project sp	facilities within ty coordination e no anticipated s are expected. ties, emergency ties. The early received. toonsor to notify
During the or Does the pro If YES, then Are an	ental Justice (EJ) (Presidential development of the project we oject require an EJ analysis? In:  ny EJ populations located with the project result in adversely	ere EJ issues	identified?	populations?	Yes	No X X
Remarks:	Under FHWA Order 6640.2 to ensure that their programminority or low-income p Justice (EJ) Analysis is repermanent right-of-way. The permanent right-of-way; the	ms, policies, opulations. I quired for an his project v	and activities do not have Per the current INDOT on any project that has two of will have no relocations a	ve a disproportionate Categorical Exclusion or more relocations of	ly high and ad on Manual, an or 0.5 acre of	lverse effect on Environmental new, additional
Relocation	of People, Businesses or Far	rms			Yes	No
Will the pro Is a Busines Is a Concep	oposed action result in the reloss Information Survey (BIS) retual Stage Relocation Study (relocation coordination been i	ocation of pe equired? (CSRS) requi	red?			X X X X
Number of	relocations: Residences:	0	Businesses: 0 F	arms: 0 Ot	her: 0	
	If a BIS or CSRS is required, a No relocations or displacem project. Therefore, a Busines will be no utility relocation a	nents of peops ss Information	ple, businesses, farms or on Survey and Conceptual	Stage Relocation Stu	ıdy will not be	required. There
SECTION	H – HAZARDOUS MATEI	RIALS & R	EGULATED SUBSTAN	CES		
Red Flag In Phase I Env Phase II Env	Materials & Regulated Subsvestigation vironmental Site Assessment (vironmental Site Assessment cifications for Remediation re	Phase I ESA (Phase II ES	)	Documentation  X		

Bridge Project

Project name:

October 4, 2021

Date:

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No   Yes   Date	
Remarks:   Yes / June 30, 2020	
Remarks: Based on a review of GIS and available public records, and a Red Flag Investigation (RFI) comp June 30, 2020 (Appendix E, pages E-1 to E-12), no sites with hazardous material concerns (haz involved with regulated substances were identified in or within 0.5 mile of her project area. Further hazardous material concerns or regulated substances is not required at this time.  SECTION I – PERMITS CHECKLIST  Permits (mark all that apply)  Army Corps of Engineers (404/Section10 Permit) Individual Permit (IP) Nationwide Permit (RWP) Regional General Permit (RGP) Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) Other Wetland Mitigation required Stream Mitigation required Stream Mitigation required IDEM  Section 401 WQC Isolated Wetlands determination Rule 5 Other Wetland Mitigation required Stream Mitigation Required Mitigation Required Mitigation Required The project will not require a Rule 5 permit as less than 1.0 acre of land will be disturbed. An Water Quality Certification Regional General Permit and an USACE 404 Nationwide waterway be necessary due to the permanent impacts to Rider Ditch and to Wetland A. In addition,	
Remarks: Based on a review of GIS and available public records, and a Red Flag Investigation (RFI) comp June 30, 2020 (Appendix E, pages E-1 to E-12), no sites with hazardous material concerns (haz involved with regulated substances were identified in or within 0.5 mile of her project area. Further hazardous material concerns or regulated substances is not required at this time.  SECTION I – PERMITS CHECKLIST  Permits (mark all that apply)  Army Corps of Engineers (404/Section10 Permit) Individual Permit (IP) Nationwide Permit (RWP) Regional General Permit (RGP) Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) Other Wetland Mitigation required Stream Mitigation required Stream Mitigation required IDEM  Section 401 WQC Isolated Wetlands determination Rule 5 Other Wetland Mitigation required Stream Mitigation Required Mitigation Required Mitigation Required The project will not require a Rule 5 permit as less than 1.0 acre of land will be disturbed. An Water Quality Certification Regional General Permit and an USACE 404 Nationwide waterway be necessary due to the permanent impacts to Rider Ditch and to Wetland A. In addition,	
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Army Corps of Engineers (404/Section10 Permit)  Individual Permit (IP) Nationwide Permit (NWP) Regional General Permit (RGP) Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) Other Wetland Mitigation required Stream Mitigation required Stream Mitigation required  IDEM Section 401 WQC Isolated Wetlands determination Rule 5 Other Wetland Mitigation required Stream Mitigation required Stream Mitigation required  IDNR Construction in a Floodway Navigable Waterway Permit Lake Preservation Permit Other Mitigation Required US Coast Guard Section 9 Bridge Permit Others (Please discuss in the remarks box below)  The project will not require a Rule 5 permit as less than 1.0 acre of land will be disturbed. An Water Quality Certification Regional General Permit and an USACE 404 Nationwide waterway be necessary due to the permanent impacts to Rider Ditch and to Wetland A. In addition,	
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Water Quality Certification Regional General Permit and an USACE 404 Nationwide waterway per necessary due to the permanent impacts to Rider Ditch and to Wetland A. In addition,	
	permit will
Applicable recommendations provided by the Indiana Department of Natural Resources are inclued Environmental Commitments section of this CE document. If permits are found to be necessary conditions of the permit will be requirements of the project and will supersede these recommendations the responsibility of the project sponsor to identify and obtain all required permits.	essary, the
This is page 27 of 30 Project name: Bridge Project Date: Oc	ober 4, 2021

County Jackson Route: East CR 300 South Des. No. 1703020

#### SECTION J- ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

The following information should be provided below: List all commitments, name of agency/organization requesting the commitment(s), and indicating which are firm and which are for further consideration. The commitments should be numbered.

Remarks:

#### Firm:

- 1. If the scope of work or permanent or temporary right-of-way amounts change, the INDOT Environmental Services Division (ESD) and the INDOT District Environmental Section will be contacted immediately. (INDOT ESD)
- 2. It is the responsibility of the project sponsor to notify school corporations and emergency services at least two weeks prior to any construction that would block or limit access. (INDOT ESD)
- 3. General AMM 1: Ensure all operators, employees, and contractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of all FHWA/FRA/FTA (Transportation Agencies) environmental commitments, including all applicable AMMs. (USFWS)
- 4. Lighting AMM 1: Direct temporary lighting away from suitable habitat during the active season. (USFWS)
- 5. Tree Removal AMM 1: Modify all phases/aspects of the project (e.g., temporary work areas, alignments) to the extent practicable to avoid tree removal in excess of what is required to implement the project safely. (USFWS)
- 6. Tree Removal AMM 2: Apply time of year restrictions (April 1 through September 30) for tree removal when bats are not likely to be present, or limit tree removal to 10 or fewer trees per project at any time of year within 100 feet of existing road/ rail surface and outside of documented roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors; visual emergence survey must be conducted with no bats observed. (USFWS and IDNR-DFW)
- 7. Tree Removal AMM 3: Ensure tree removal is limited to that specified in project plans. Install bright colored flagging/fencing prior to any tree clearing to ensure contractors stay within clearing limits. Ensure that contractors understand clearing limits and how they are marked in the field. (USFWS)
- 8. Tree Removal AMM 4: Do not remove **documented** Indiana Bat or NLEB roosts (that are still suitable for roosting) or trees within 0.25 mile of roosts or **documented** foraging habitat at any time of the year. (USFWS)
- 9. Pursuant to the Indiana Historic Bridges PA, this bridge must be photographically documented prior to commencement of the project by a qualified professional historian, architectural historian, or architect. Provide overall views of the bridge and representative photographs of its deck, abutments, piers, along with any additional character defining features. The documentation shall be produced in keeping with the applicable photographic standards of the *Indiana DNR–Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology Minimum Architectural Documentation*. One CD or DVD of the documentation shall be provided to the Indiana State Archives and one CD or DVD shall be provided to at least one local public or not-for-profit organization that agrees to retain the CD or DVD permanently and make it available to the public. (IDNR-SHPO)
- 10. The Little Spectaclecase (Villosa lienosa), a state mussel species of special concern, has been documented in Rider Ditch within the project area. The IDNR recommends standard erosion control measures be implemented, and in-channel disturbance minimized as much as possible. (IDNR-DFW)
- 11. Additional fencing and "Do Not Disturb" signs will be installed along the construction limits in the southeast quadrant to avoid unnecessary or additional impacts to Wetland A. This wetland area will also be marked as "Do not Disturb" on the plan sheets with instructions to the contractor to adhere to the established construction limits and avoid any activities beyond those limits. (INDOT ESD)

This is page 28 of 30	Project name:	Bridge Project	Date:	October 4, 2021
			_	

County Jackson Route: East CR 300 South Des. No. 1703020

#### Remarks:

#### For Further Consideration:

- 12. Do not work in the waterway from April 1 through June 30 without the prior written approval of the Division of Fish and Wildlife. (IDNR)
- 13. Do not excavate in the low flow area except for the placement of piers, foundations, and riprap, or removal of the old structure. (IDNR)
- 14. Do not construct any temporary runarounds, access bridges, causeways, cofferdams, diversions, or pump-arounds. (IDNR-DFW)
- 15. Use minimum average 6 inch graded riprap stone extended below the normal water level to provide habitat for aquatic organisms in the voids. (IDNR)
- 16. Impacts to non-wetland forest of one (1) acre or more should be mitigated at a minimum 2:1 ratio. If less than one acre of non-wetland forest is removed in a rural setting, replacement should be at a 1:1 ratio based on area. Impacts to non- wetland forest under one (1) acre in an urban setting should be mitigated by planting five trees, at least 2 inches in diameter-at-breast height (dbh), for each tree which is removed that is 10 inches dbh or greater (5:1 mitigation based on the number of large trees). (IDNR)
- 17. Riprap or other hard bank stabilization materials should only be used at the toe of slopeslopes up to the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) with the exception of areas directly under bridges. The banks above the OHWM must be restored, stabilized, and revegetated using geotextiles and a mixture of grasses, sedges, wildflowers, shrubs, and trees native to Central Indiana and specifically for stream bank/floodway stabilization purposes as soon as possible upon completion. (IDNR)
- 18. The new, replacement, or rehabbed structure should not create conditions that are less favorable for wildlife passage under the structure compared to the current conditions. (IDNR)
- 19. Do not clear trees or understory vegetation outside the construction zone boundaries. (This restriction is not related to the "tree clearing" restriction for potential Indiana Bat habitat.) (USFWS)
- 20. Restrict below low-water work in streams to placement of culverts, piers, pilings and/or footings, shaping of the spill slopes around the bridge abutments, and placement of riprap. (USFWS)
- 21. Restrict channel work and vegetation clearing to the minimum necessary for installation of the stream crossing structure. (USFWS)
- 22. Minimize the extent of hard armor (riprap) in bank stabilization by using bioengineering techniques whenever possible. If riprap is utilized for bank stabilization, extend it below low-water elevation to provide aquatic habitat. (USFWS)
- 23. Avoid all work within the inundated part of the stream channel (in perennial streams and larger intermittent streams) during the fish spawning season (April 1 through June 30), except for work within sealed structures such as caissons or cofferdams that were installed prior to the spawning season. No equipment shall be operated below Ordinary High Water Mark during this time unless the machinery is within the caissons or on the cofferdams. (USFWS)
- 24. Evaluate wildlife crossings under bridge/culverts projects in appropriate situations. Suitable crossings include flat areas below bridge abutments with suitable ground cover, high water shelves in culverts, amphibian tunnels and diversion fencing. (USFWS)

This is page 29 of 30	Project name:	Bridge Project	Date:	October 4, 2021
			<del>-</del>	

County	/ Jackson	Route:	East CR 300 South	Des. No.	1703020

#### SECTION K- EARLY COORDINATION

Please list the date coordination was sent and all agencies that were contacted as a part of the development of this Environmental Study. Also, include the date of their response or indicate that no response was received. INDOT and FHWA are automatically considered early coordination participants and should only be listed if a response is received.

Remarks:

Resource Agencies	Date Sent	Date Response
National Park Service	May 19, 2020	None Received
Federal Highway Administration	May 19, 2020	None Received
INDOT Office of Public Hearings	May 19, 2020	None Received
INDOT Seymour District Office	May 19, 2020	None Received
USFWS IPaC Coordination	May 19, 2020	July 6, 2020
USFWS Bloomington Field Office	May 19, 2020	June 10, 2020
NRCS	May 19, 2020	June 4, 2020
USACE, Louisville District	May 19, 2020	None Received
IGS	May 19, 2020	May 19, 2020
IDEM, Proposed Roadway Construction Projects	May 19, 2020	Automatic
IDNR, DFW	May 19, 2020	June 18, 2020
INDOT, Office of Aviation	May 19, 2020	None Received
U.S. Dpt. of Housing and Urban Development	May 19, 2020	None Received
Jackson County Commissioners	May 19, 2020	None Received
Jackson County Floodway Administrator	May 19, 2020	None Received
Jackson County Emergency Management	May 19, 2020	None Received
Jackson County Highway Department	May 19, 2020	None Received
Jackson County Surveyor	May 19, 2020	None Received
Hoosier National Forest	May 19, 2020	May 19, 2020

This is page 30 of 30 Project name: Bridge Project Date: October 4, 2021

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## APPENDIX A INDOT Supporting Documentation

#### **Categorical Exclusion Level Thresholds**

	PCE	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4 <sup>1</sup>
Section 106	Falls within guidelines of Minor Projects PA	"No Historic Properties Affected"	"No Adverse Effect"	-	"Adverse Effect" Or Historic Bridge involvement <sup>2</sup>
Stream Impacts	No construction in waterways or water bodies	< 300 linear feet of stream impacts	≥ 300 linear feet of stream impacts	-	Individual 404 Permit
Wetland Impacts	No adverse impacts to wetlands	< 0.1 acre	-	< 1 acre	≥ 1 acre
Right-of-way <sup>3</sup>	Property acquisition for preservation only or none	< 0.5 acre	≥ 0.5 acre	-	-
Relocations	None	-	-	< 5	≥ 5
Threatened/Endangered Species (Species Specific Programmatic for Indiana bat & northern long eared bat)	"No Effect", "Not likely to Adversely Affect" (Without AMMs <sup>4</sup> or with AMMs required for all projects <sup>5</sup> )	"Not likely to Adversely Affect" (With any other AMMs)	-	"Likely to Adversely Affect"	Project does not fall under Species Specific Programmatic
Threatened/Endangered Species (Any other species)	Falls within guidelines of USFWS 2013 Interim Policy	"No Effect", ""Not likely to Adversely Affect"	-	-	"Likely to Adversely Affect"
Environmental Justice	No disproportionately high and adverse impacts	-	-	-	Potential <sup>6</sup>
Sole Source Aquifer	Detailed Assessment Not Required	-	-	-	Detailed Assessment
Floodplain	No Substantial Impacts	-	-	-	Substantial Impacts
Coastal Zone Consistency	Consistent	-	-	-	Not Consistent
National Wild and Scenic River	Not Present	-	-	-	Present
New Alignment	None	-	-	-	Any
Section 4(f) Impacts	None	-	-	-	Any
Section 6(f) Impacts	None None	-	-	-	Any
Added Through Lane	None None	-	-	-	Any
Permanent Traffic Alteration	None	-	-	-	Any
Coast Guard Permit	None	-	-	-	Any
Noise Analysis Required	No	-	-	-	Yes
Air Quality Analysis Required Approval Level	No Concurrence by INDOT District	<del>-</del>	-	-	Yes <sup>7</sup>
<ul><li>District Env. Supervisor</li><li>Env. Services Division</li><li>FHWA</li></ul>	Environmental or Environmental Services	Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Coordinate with INDOT Environmental Services. INDOT will then coordinate with the appropriate FHWA Environmental Specialist.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Any involvement with a bridge processed under the Historic Bridge Programmatic Agreement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Permanent and/or temporary right-of-way.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>AMMs = Avoidance and Mitigation Measures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>AMMs determined by the IPAC decision key to be needed that are listed in the USFWS *User's Guide for the Range-wide Programmatic Consultation* 

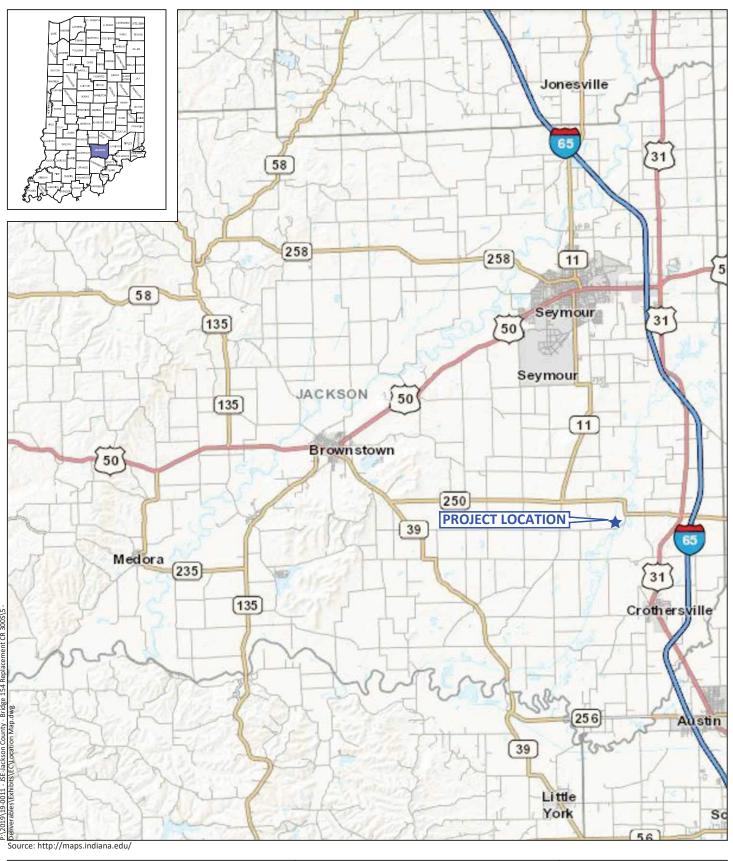
for Indiana bat and Northern long-eared bat as "required for all projects".

Potential for causing a disproportionately high and adverse impact.

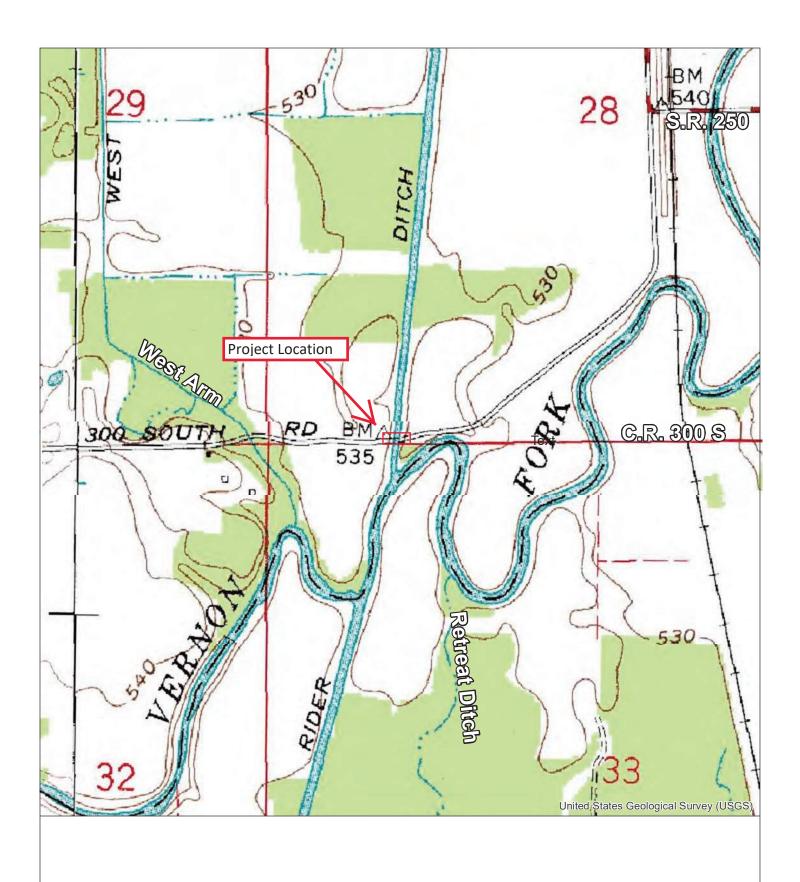
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Hot Spot Analysis and/or MSAT Quantitative Emission Analysis.

<sup>\*</sup>Substantial public or agency controversy may require a higher-level NEPA document.

## **APPENDIX B Project Maps and Graphics**



# Project Location Map All locations approximate N Bridge Project Des. No. 1703020 East CR 300 South over Rider Ditch Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana Not to Scale



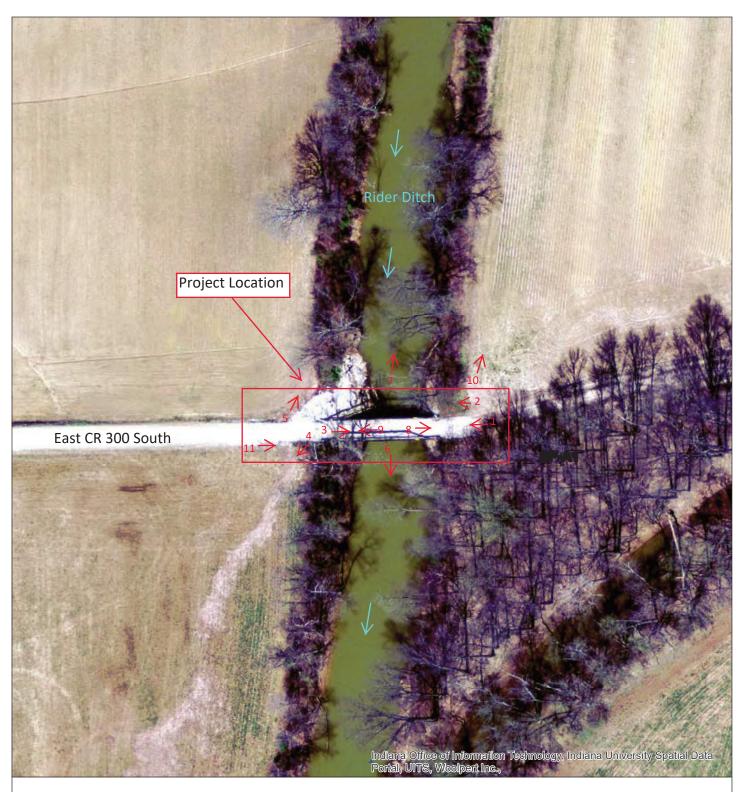
#### **USGS Topographic Map**

Bridge Project
Des. No. 1703020
East CR 300 South Over Rider Ditch
Washington Township, Jackson County, IN

All locations approximate
Source: Indiana Spatial Data Portal (1996)







**Photo Orientation Direction** 



#### 2016 Aerial Photograph

Bridge Project Des. No.1703020 East CR 300 South over Rider Ditch Washington Township, Jackson County, IN All locations approximate

Source: Indiana Spatial Data Portal (2016)









1. View looking west at Jackson County Bridge No. 154



3. View looking east at Jackson County Bridge No. 154



2. View of the northeast quadrant of the Jackson County Bridge No. 154 crossing



4. View looking south at the southwest quadrant of the Jackson County Bridge No. 154 crossing



Bridge Project
Des. No. 1703020
CR 300 South over Rider Ditch
Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana





5. View of the northwest quadrant of the Jackson County Bridge No. 154 crossing



6. View of Rider Ditch looking south (downstream)



7. View of Rider Ditch looking north (upstream)



8. View of east embankment of Jackson County Bridge No. 154

#### SITE PHOTOGRAPHS 5/27/2020

Bridge Project
Des. No. 1703020
CR 300 South over Rider Ditch
Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana





9. View of west embankment of Jackson County Bridge No. 154



10. View looking northeast at farm field located beyond the stream corridor



11. INDOT Public Notice for Historic Bridge Marketing

#### SITE PHOTOGRAPHS 5/27/2020

Bridge Project
Des. No. 1703020
CR 300 South over Rider Ditch
Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana



PROJECT	DESIGNATION
1703020	1703020
CONTRACT	BRIDGE FILE
B-40895	_

STRUCTURE	DESIGNATION	TYPE	SPAN AND SKEW	OVER	STATION
Jackson County Bridge 154	1703020	Continuous Haunched Reinforced Concrete Slab Bridge	3 Spans, 30'-0", 50'-0" & 30'-0" 5° Skew	Rider Ditch	7+60.7Line "PR-A"

# INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



# BRIDGE PLANS

FOR SPANS OVER 20 FEET

E COUNTY ROAD 300 S ROUTE:

Bridge Replacement of Structure No. 154 over Rider Ditch, located along County Road 300S

PROJECT NO. 1703020 P.E.

1703020 R/W

1703020 CONST.



APPROVED:

JACKSON COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

MATT REEDY PRESIDENT

DREW MARKET MEMBER

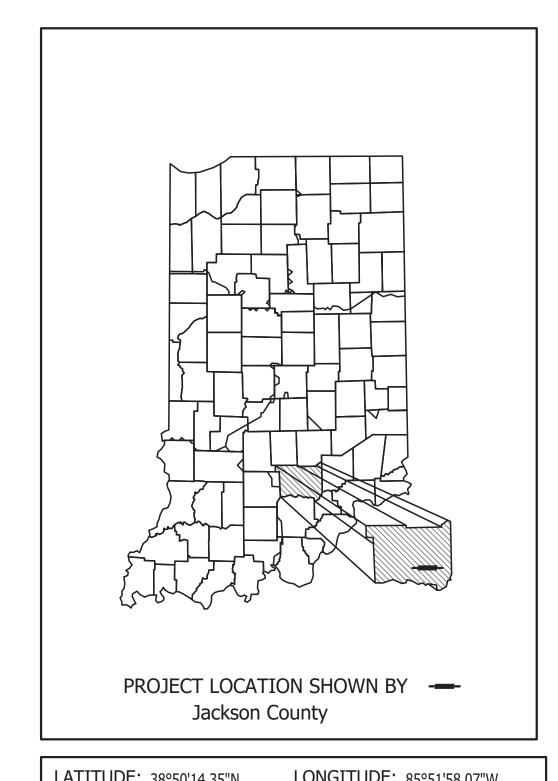
BOB GILLASPY MEMBER

KATHY HOENSTREITER JACKSON COUNTY AUDITOR



JACKSON COUNTY

TRAFFI	C DATA	E CR300 S
A.A.D.T.	(2020)	30 V.P.D.
A.A.D.T.	(2040)	40 V.P.D.
D.H.V.	( )	V.P.H.
DIRECTIONAL DISTRIE	BUTION	50 % - 50 %
TRUCKS		5.00 % A.A.D.1
DESIGN	DATA	
DESIGN SPEED		30 M.P.I
PROJECT DESIGN CRIT	TERIA	(3R) NON-FREEWA
FUNCTIONAL CLASSIF	ICATION	LOCAL RURA
RURAL/URBAN		RURA
TERRAIN		LEVI
ACCESS CONTROL		NON

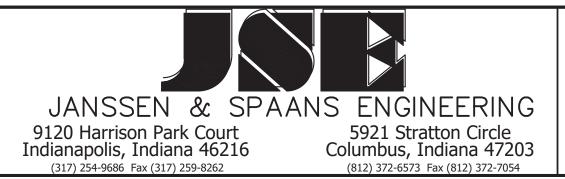


l	E (111002: 30 3014.33 N	2014011002: 05 51 50.07 W
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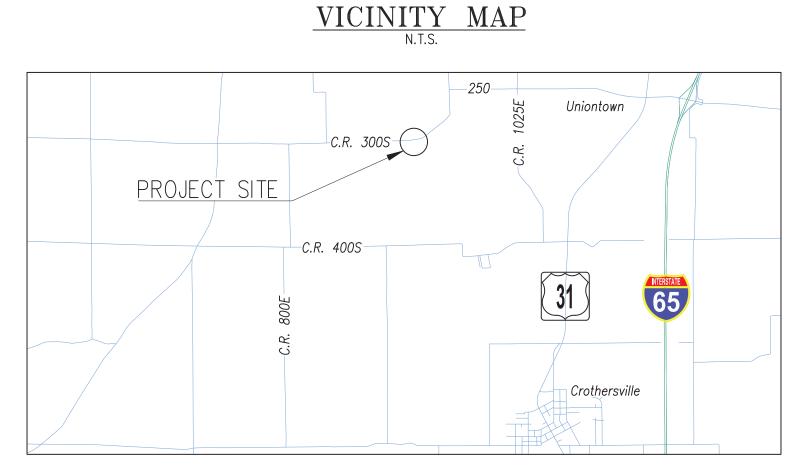
0.021 BRIDGE LENGTH: 0.060 **ROADWAY LENGTH:** MI. TOTAL LENGTH: MI. MAX. GRADE: 3.87

Jackson Bridge 154 current plans 08-10-2021

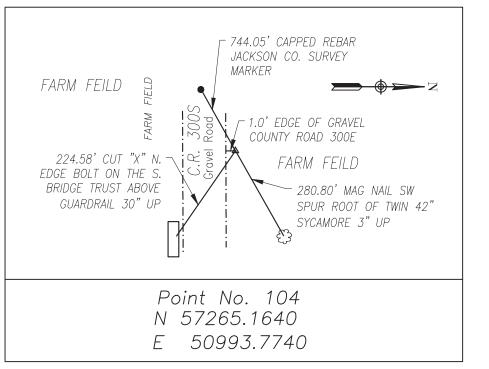
INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS DATED 2020 TO BE USED WITH THESE PLANS

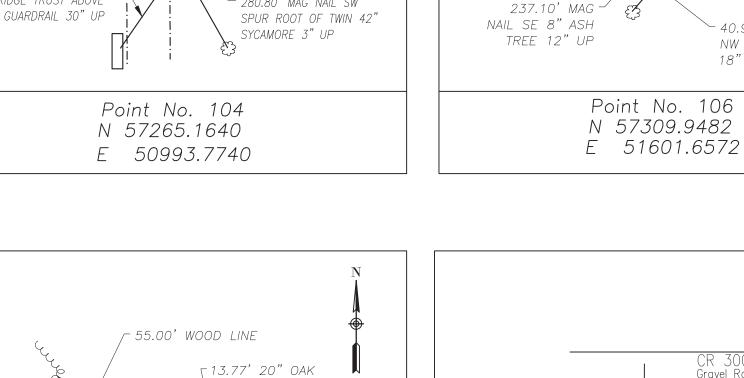


_				
	PLANS PREPARED BY:	JANSSEN & SPAANS ENGINEERING, INC.	(317) 254-9686 PHONE NUMBER	
	CERTIFIED BY:		DATE	
	APPROVED FOR LETTING:		27.1.2	
		INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	DATE	



Point Number	Northing	Easting	Monument Description	Found/Set/Calculated
500	57255.9097	51007.8335	No monument fnd or set	Calculated
501	57264.5433	51320.6063	No monument fnd or set	Calculated
502	57307.8155	51501.5797	No monument fnd or set	Calculated
503	57313.5976	51537.3002	No monument fnd or set	Calculated
102	57266.6057	55577.6153	5/8" Rebar w/ Aluminum Cap Stamped "Jackson Co Survey Marker"	Found
104	57265.1640	50993.7740	5/8" Rebar w/ Cap Stamped Ryan D Perry LS 21500015"	Set
105	57264.0349	51265.4925	5/8" Rebar w/ Cap Stamped Ryan D Perry LS 21500015"	Set
107	57242.4008	50250.0316	5/8" Rebar w/ Aluminum Cap Stamped "Jackson Co Survey Marker"	Found





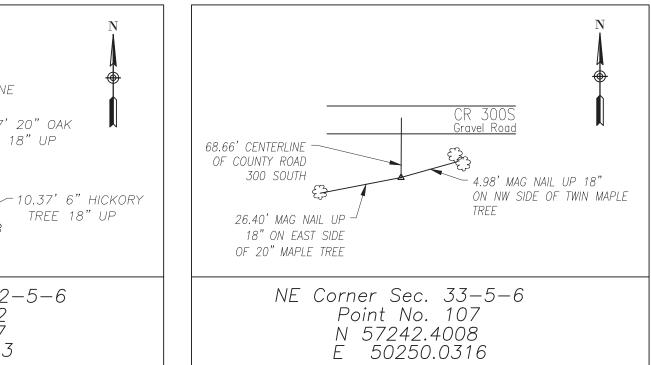
TREE 18" UP

TREE 18" UP

NE Corner Sec. 32-5-6 Point No. 102

N 57266.6057 E 55577.6153

TREE 18" UP



13.55' CUT "X" —

S—END METAL CULVERT

/ 21.18' CUT "X" N-END METAL

NORTH EDGE

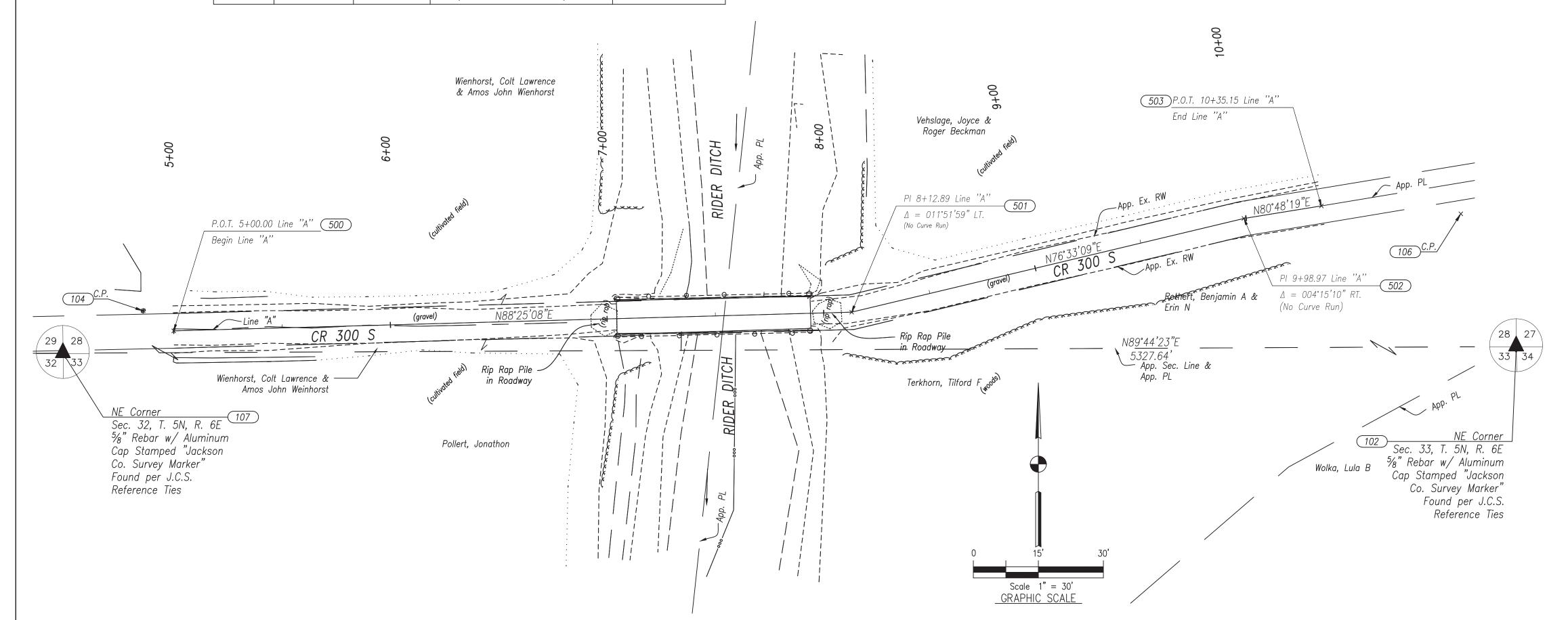
-40.90' MAG NAIL

18" UP

NW 8" HACKBERRY

OF GRAVEL RD

CULVERT



# LEGEND

SECTION CORNER MONUMENT (Type as Noted) © CAPPED REBAR SET

### Route Survey

Project: County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch, Jackson County Date: May 6, 2020

#### General:

- All monument and reference ties are shown on the route survey plat.
- Should additional USPLS corners be needed where none were found, they should be re-established and tied to this survey.
- Point numbers shown are actual field survey point numbers used for control and
- The bearing system for this survey is based on Grid North per the Indiana State Plan
- The coordinates for this survey are on a local (ground) coordinate system derived from GPS observations utilizing the INCORS Network (see coordinate system below for additional information).
- All dimensions shown on this Location Control Route Survey are in U.S. Survey Feet, unless otherwise noted.

A Location Control Route Survey for the Jackson County Board of Commissioners for the design of a bridge rehabilitation project for County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch. The project is located on County Road 300 South from approximately 300 feet east to 300 feet west of Rider Ditch in Jackson County, Indiana. The project lies within Sections 28 and 33 all in Township 5 North, Range 6 East in Jackson County, Indiana.

This data collection survey is for the purpose of designing a roadway improvement project. It is not a property retracement survey, where apparent property lines, corners, subdivision or section corner information is shown, it is based on physical evidence or testimony and minimal deed analysis was done. All right of way shown is apparent existing right of way and is shown based on plat information. The location of the right of way lines shown are subject to change if additional information is uncovered in the right of way engineering process.

A search was made for plans in the area of the project; however, none were found. Therefore, Line "A" was established as a best fit of the existing gravel roadway and stationing for Line "A" was assumed.

# Coordinate System

The coordinate system for this project is based on a local coordinate system derived from the Indiana State Plane Coordinate System East Zone. The local coordinate system was derived by applying a scale factor of 0.999950327505 at point 104 (N = 1307265.2157, E = 270993.8950) and then subtracting 1250000.0000 from the northing and subtracting 220000.0000 from the Easting and processed with Leica Infinity using Geoid 12B and the NAD 1983 datum.

# **USPLS Corners and Monuments Found**

The corners listed below have been accepted as prima facie evidence. If new evidence is discovered or monuments are found where none were found previously the location and uncertainties of the corners listed below would be subject to change. Any section corners not referenced by the Jackson County Surveyor are considered apparent section corners.

- 102 Northeast Corner of Section 33, Township 5 North, Range 6 East; 5/8" Rebar with aluminum cap stamped "Jackson Co Survey Marker" found 2" above grade per reference ties obtained from the Office of the Jackson County Surveyor. No uncertainty is estimated for this monument.
- 107 Northeast Corner of Section 32, Township 5 North, Range 6 East; 5/8" Rebar with aluminum cap stamped "Jackson Co Survey Marker" found 2" below grade per reference ties obtained from the Office of the Jackson County Surveyor. No uncertainty is estimated for this monument.

# Survey Control Monuments

- 104 5/8" Rebar with cap stamped "Ryan D. Perry LS21500015" set flush. This is an original monument set this survey; therefore, there is no uncertainty associated with
- 106 5/8" Rebar with cap stamped "Ryan D. Perry LS 21500015" set flush. This is an original monument set this survey; therefore, there is no uncertainty associated with this point.

SURVEY STARTED
04/13/2020
SURVEY COMPLETED
04/14/2020
LOCATION CONTROL SURVEY SHEETS

1 | of | 1

DRAWN BY: JAM/MAH 10/9/2020

CHECKED: RDP 10/9/2020

PREPARED BY: Ryan D. Perry

NOTE: ALL PROPERTY LINES ARE APPARENT PROPERTY LINES AND WERE DRAWN ACCORDING TO THE RECORD PROPERTY

NOTE: ALL R/W SHOWN IS APPARENT EXISTING R/W AND IS DRAWN BASED ON PLANS FOR PREVIOUS PROJECTS AND/OR

DESCRIPTIONS WITH MINIMAL DEED ANALYSIS.

PHYSICAL EVIDENCE FOUND IN THE FIELD.

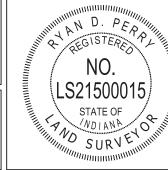


www.resogrp.com

I affirm, under penalties for perjury, that I have taken reasonable care to redact each Social Security number in this document, unless required by law. Ryan D. Perry

FIELD SURVEYOR STATEMENT THIS SURVEY, TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, IS EXECUTED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF 865 I.A.C. 1-12-25 REGARDING ROUTE SURVEYS, EXCEPT THAT ANY DATA SHOWN REGARDING THE LOCATION OR DESCRIPTION OF ANY NEW PARCELS TO BE ACQUIRED OR THE EXISTING PARCELS IS NOT A PART OF THIS

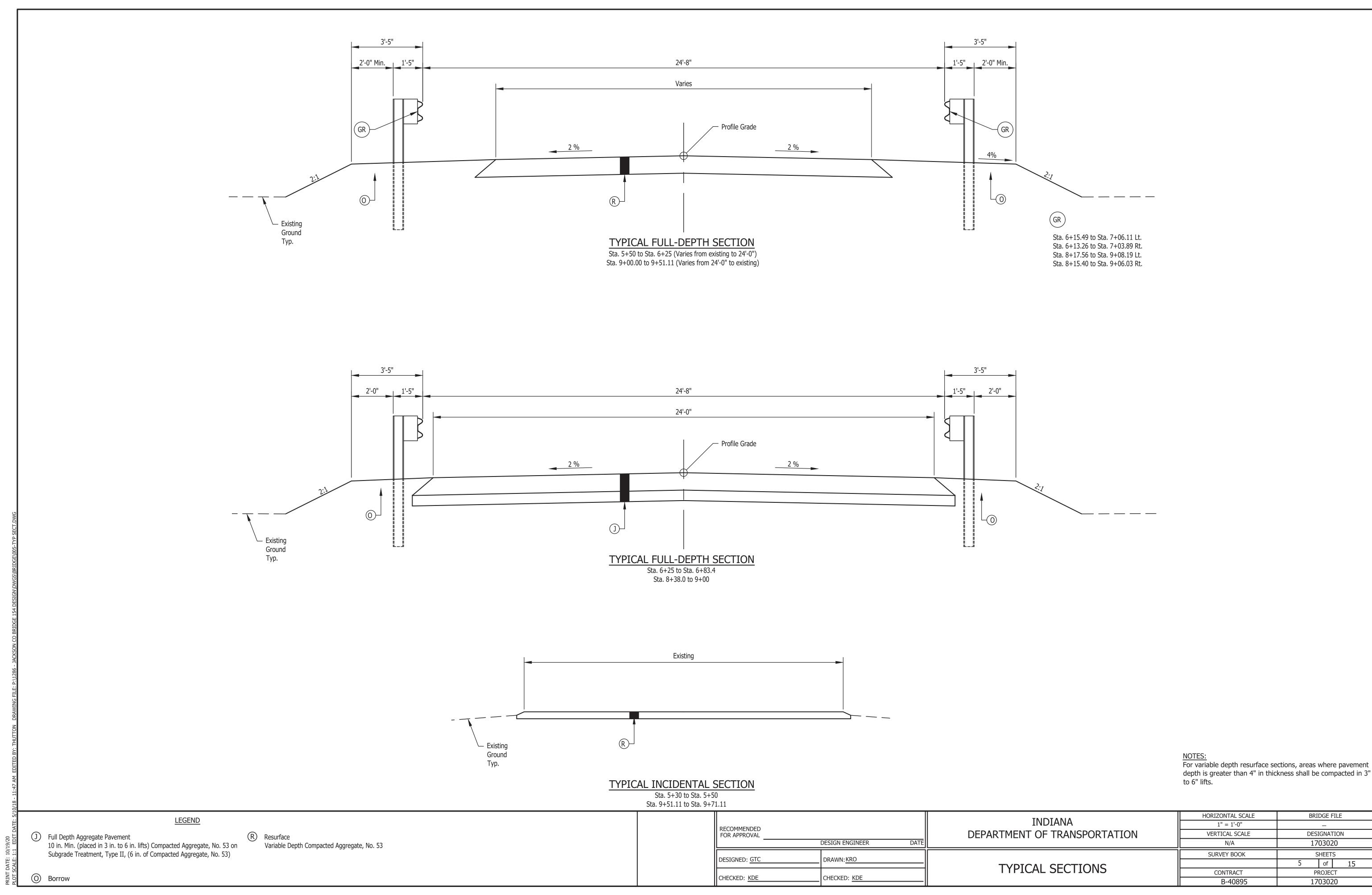
RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL October 15, 2020 REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR, FIELD

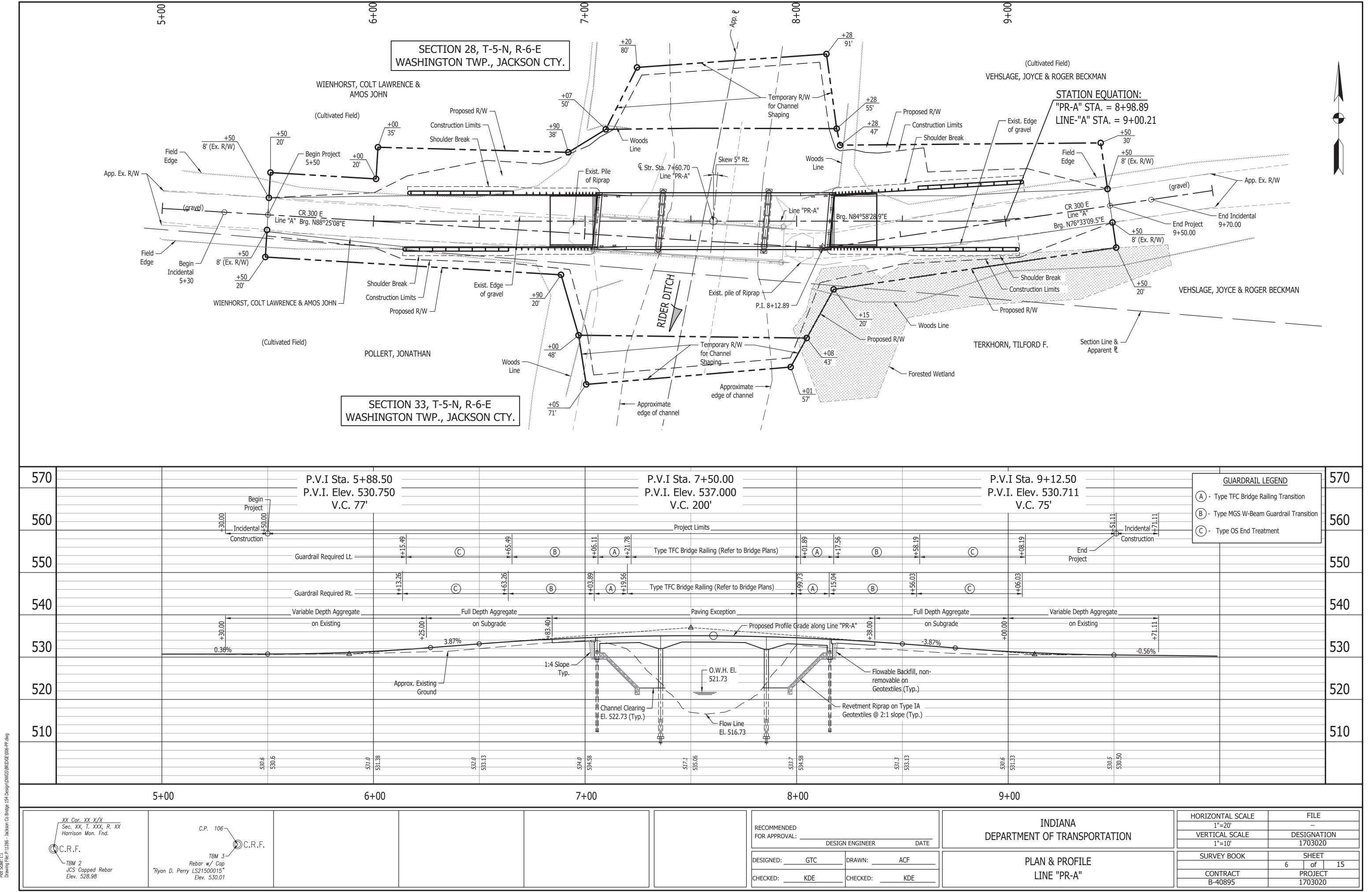


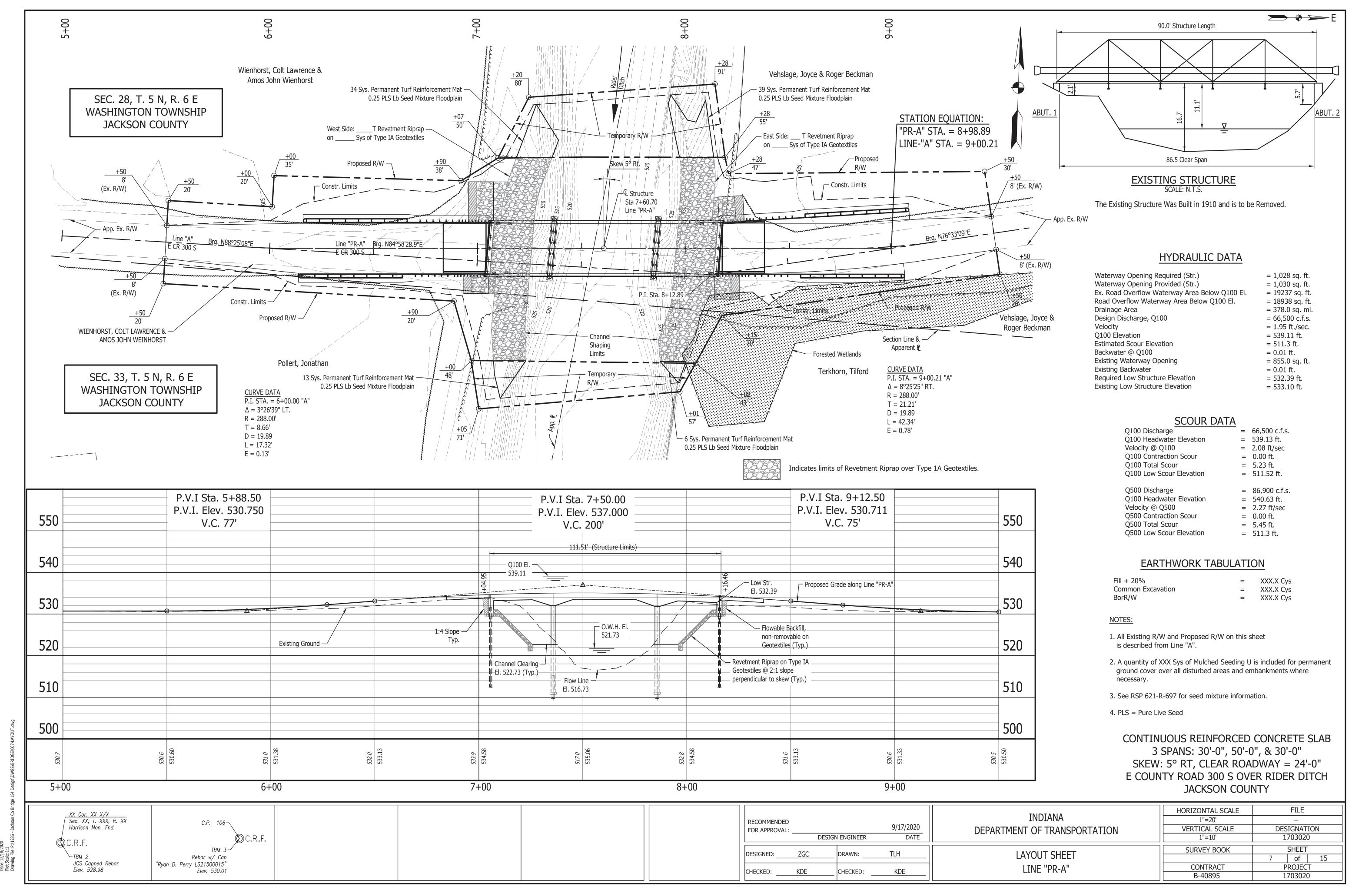
	HORIZONTAL SCALE
INDIANA DEPARTMENT	1" = 30'
OF TRANSPORTATION	ROUTE
OF TRANSFORTATION	CR 300E
ounty Road 300S over Rider Ditch	SURVEY BOOK
difference of the state of the	EL EOTO OLUG

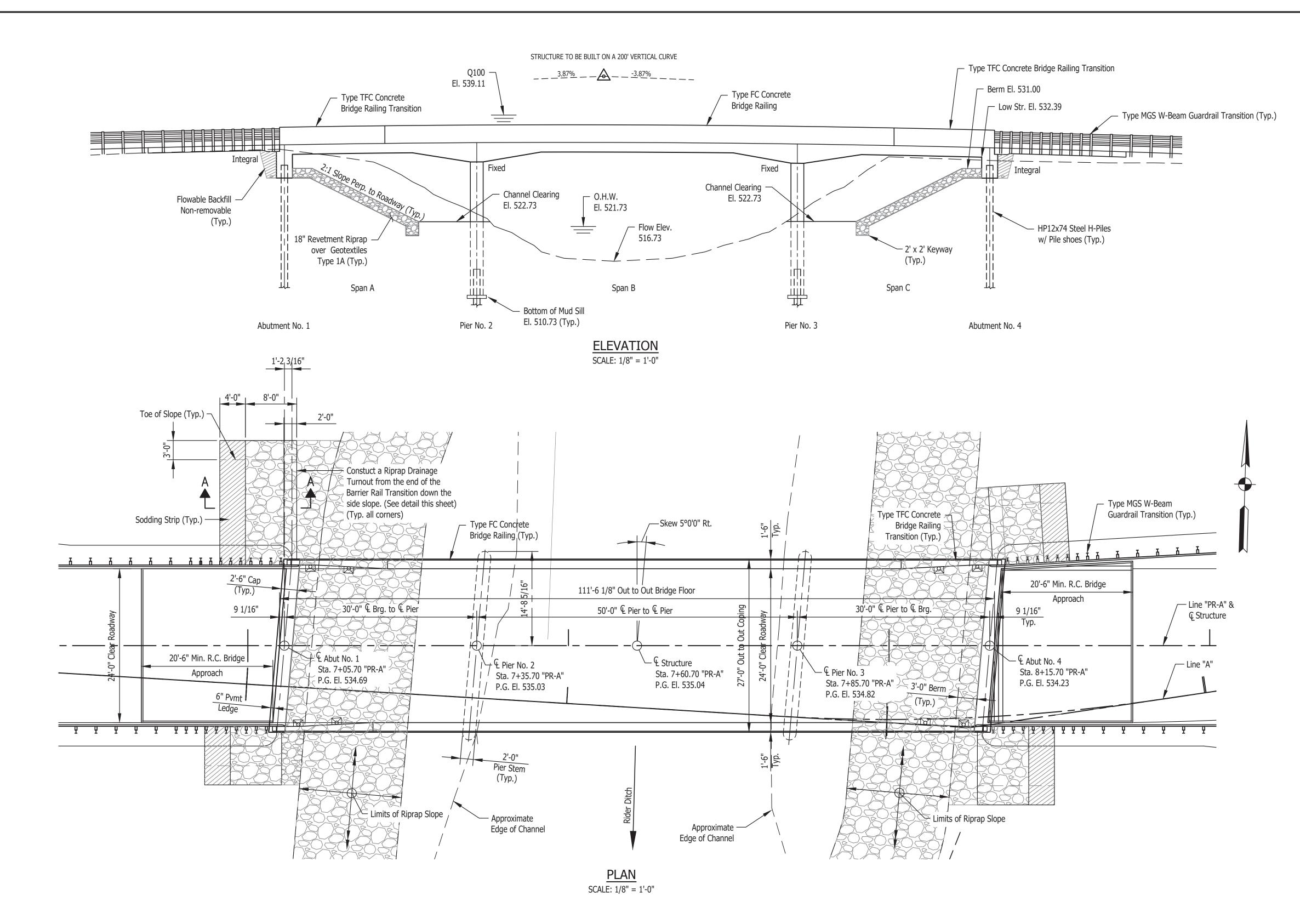
OF TRANSPORTATION	ROUTE	DESIGNATION
OF TRANSPORTATION  ounty Road 300S over Rider Ditch LOCATION CONTROL ROUTE SURVEY  JACKSON COUNTY, INDIANA	CR 300E	1703020
ounty Road 300S over Rider Ditch	SURVEY BOOK	PLAN SHEETS
	ELECTRONIC	1 of 1
	PROJ. NO.	COUNTY
JACKSON COUNTY, INDIANA		JACKSON

BRIDGE FILE









# **GENERAL NOTES**

There are no plans for the current existing structure.

Reinforcing steel covering shall be  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches in top and 1" minimum in bottom of floor slab, and 2" in all other parts, unless noted.

# **DESIGN STRESSES**

**CONCRETE** 

Class C  $f'_{c} = 4000 \text{ psi}$ 

Class A  $f'_{c} = 3500 \text{ psi}$ 

REINFORCING STEEL

Grade 60  $f'_{v} = 60,000 \text{ psi}$ 

STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR PILES

ASTM A272, Grade 50  $f'_v = 50 \text{ ksi}$ 

# **DESIGN DATA**

Designed for HL-93 loading, in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, Eight Edition, 2017 & all subsequent interims.

DEAD LOAD

Actual weight plus 35lb/ft² for future wearing surface.

Designed with a 17 1/2" structural depth plus 1/2" sacrificial wearing surface, with an 18"deep haunch.

SEISMIC DESIGN DATA

Seismic Performance Zone Zone X X.XXX Acceleration Coefficient, SD1 Seismic Soil Profile Type Class X

> Geotextile − 18" Revetment

> > SECTION A-A SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

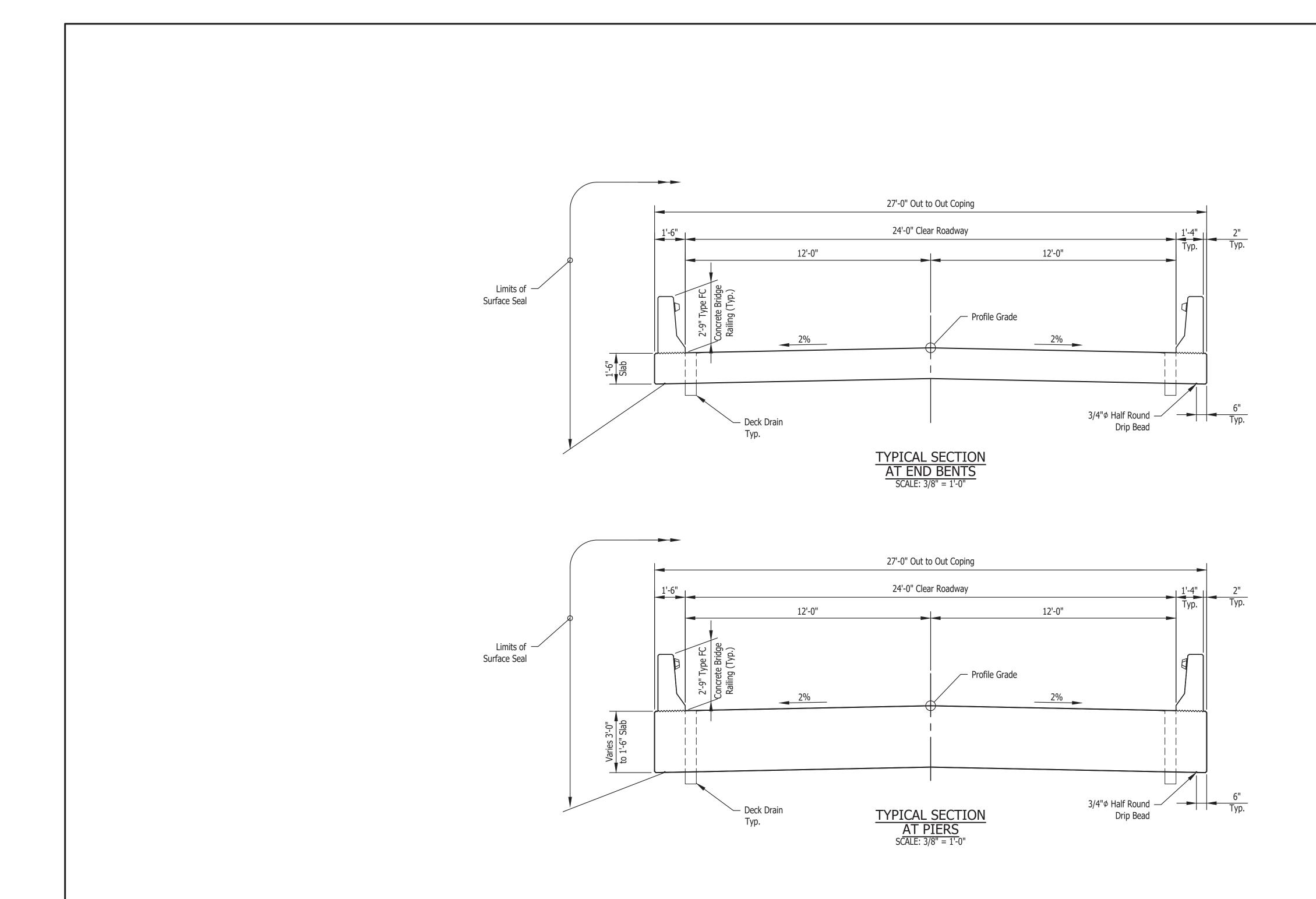
Riprap

Type 1A

NOTE TO REVIEWER: Deck drain locations as shown are preliminary. Final deck drain design to be completed at future submittal.

CONTINUOUS REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB 3 SPANS: 30'-0", 50'-0", & 30'-0" SKEW: 5° RT, CLEAR ROADWAY = 24'-0" E COUNTY ROAD 300 S OVER RIDER DITCH JACKSON COUNTY

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL:	DESIG	N ENGINEER	9/17/2020 DATE	INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	HORIZONTAL SCALE 1"=20' VERTICAL SCALE 1"=10'	FILE  - DESIGNATION 1703020
DESIGNED:	ZDE	DRAWN:	TLH	GENERAL PLAN	SURVEY BOOK	SHEET 8 of 15
CHECKED:	KDE	CHECKED: _	KDE	SHEET 1 OF 2	CONTRACT B-40895	PROJECT 1703020



CONTINUOUS REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB
3 SPANS: 30'-0", 50'-0", & 30'-0"
SKEW: 5° RT, CLEAR ROADWAY = 24'-0"
E COUNTY ROAD 300 S OVER RIDER DITCH
JACKSON COUNTY

	Γ	]	ETI E
	INDIANA	HORIZONTAL SCALE	FILE
RECOMMENDED 9/17/2020		1 = ZU	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
FOR APPROVAL: 9/17/2020 DESIGN ENGINEER DATE	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	VERTICAL SCALE	DESIGNATION 1703020
DESIGN ENGINEER DATE		1 =10	
DESIGNED: ZDE DRAWN: TLH	GENERAL PLAN	SURVEY BOOK	SHEET
DESIGNED. ZDE DIGWIN. TEIT			9 of 15
CHECKED: KDE CHECKED: KDE	SHEET 2 OF 2	CONTRACT	PROJECT
CHECKED. KDE		B-40895	1703020

# **APPENDIX C Early Coordination**



#### Sample Early Coordination Letter

May 19, 2020

{See recipient list attached.}

Re: Early Coordination

Designation Number (Des. No.) 1703020 Bridge Project Bridge No. 36-00154 East County Road (CR) 300 South over Rider Ditch, 0.82 mile East of CR 840 East

Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana

#### Dear Agency:

Jackson County and Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) intends to proceed with a project involving the aforementioned bridge project in Jackson County, Indiana. This letter is part of the early coordination phase of the environmental review process. We are requesting comments from your area of expertise regarding possible environmental effects associated with this project. Please use the above designation number and description in your reply. We will incorporate your comments into the environmental report for this project in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act. Your cooperation in this endeavor is appreciated.

The project is located on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch, approximately 0.82 mile east of CR 840 E in Jackson County. Specifically, the project is located in Sections 28 and 33, Township 5 North, Range 6 East of the Crothersville, Indiana 7.5-minute United States Geological Survey (USGS) topographic quadrangle. The existing structure is a single span, 90 feet long steel bridge with a wooden deck, which was constructed in 1910, repaired in 1987 and 2011, and rehabilitated in 1992 and 2008. The bridge is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places. CR 300 S is classified as a Local Rural road. A typical cross section of CR 300 S consists of one 9 feet wide through-lane adjoined by an approximately 2-3 feet wide asphalt shoulders in each direction. No guardrails, curbs or sidewalks are provided. Land use in the vicinity of the project is primarily a mix of forested and agriculture with some residential homes west of the project area.

The need for this project is evident by the deteriorating condition of the existing structure. In the most recent Bridge Inspection Report, dated March 19, 2019 the bridge deck exhibited heavy wear from gravel, an isolated hole with patch, and minor splits. The superstructure exhibited heavy rusting and section loss of the lower connection plates. The substructure showed signs of heavy honeycombing and scaling in the concrete portion of the abutments. The structure was rated 2 out of 9 possible points, indicating critical condition.

The current proposed project would be to replace the existing bridge #36-00154. The existing truss bridge would be removed and relocated if a party comes forward to finance the bridge relocation or will be demolished in place. The new bridge would be a continuous three-span reinforced concrete slab bridge on the same alignment. It is anticipated that less than 0.5 acre of additional right-of-way will be required for this project. The amount of right-of-way will be defined as the design process advances.

Metric Environmental, LLC will perform waters and wetlands determinations and a biological assessment to identify any ecological resources that may be present. This project qualifies for the application of the USFWS range-wide programmatic informal consultation for the Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat and project information will be submitted through USFW's Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) separately.

This project will require full Section 106 with Section 4(f) analysis and Bridge Marketing. Metric will prepare the required Consulting Parties Early Coordination Letter, Phase Ia Archaeology, Historic Property Report, Section 4(f) Evaluation and Alternatives Analysis, and Finding of Effect as required and submit documentation to the Indiana Department of Transportation Cultural Resources Office and the Indiana Department of Natural Resources (IDNR) Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology (DHPA) State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) for review and concurrence.

Should we not receive your response within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of this letter, it will be assumed that your agency feels that there will be no adverse effects incurred as a result of the proposed project. However, should you find that an extension to the response time is necessary, a reasonable amount may be granted upon request. If you have any questions, please contact Susan Castle, Senior Consultant, Metric Environmental, at 317.608.2730, Susanc@MetricEnv.com, or 6971 Hillsdale Court, Indianapolis, Indiana 46250 or Jerry Ault, Highway Supervisor, Jackson County, at jault@jacksoncounty.in.gov or 812.358.2226. Thank you in advance for your input.

Sincerely,

Metric Environmental, LLC

Susan K. Castle

Susan K. Castle Senior Consultant

cc: File No. 19-0011

Jeff Matern, PE, JMatern@jsengr.com, JSE, Inc.

Jerry Ault, Highway Supervisor, jault@jacksoncounty.in.govJackson county

Attachments: Early Coordination Recipients, Location Map, United States Geological Service Topographic Map, 2016 Aerial Photograph, Natural Resources Conservation Service Soils Map, Soils Map Legend, National Wetland Inventory Map, and Federal Emergency Management Association Flood Insurance Rate Map

Maps and Graphics Provided with this Letter are located in Appendix B of this document

# INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



100 North Senate Avenue Room N642 Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 Eric J. Holcomb, Governor Joe McGuinness, Commissioner

#### The following agencies received Early Coordination Letters:

Federal Highway Administration Seymour District {Michelle.Allen@dot.gov} {Erica.Tait@dot.gov}

Indiana Geological Survey {https://igs.indiana.edu/eAssessment/}

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Wellhead Protection Proximity {https://www.in.gov/idem/cleanwater/2456.htm}

Indiana Department of Natural Resources Division of Fish and Wildlife {environmentalreview@dnr.in.gov}

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Proposed Roadway Construction Projects {https://www.in.gov/idem/5284.htm}

INDOT Office of Public Involvement {rclark@indot.in.gov}

United States Department of Housing and Urban Development {Paul.J.Lehmann@hud.gov}

National Parks Service Midwest Regional Office {Hector\_Santiago@nps.gov}

INDOT Seymour District {DDye@indot.in.gov}

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Bloomington Indiana Field Office {robin\_mcwilliams@fws.gov}

Forest Supervisor Hoosier National Forest {kamick@fs.fed.us}

Natural Resources Conservation Service {Rick.Neilson@in.usda.gov}

United States Army Corps of Engineers {CELRL.Door.To.The.Corps@usace.army.mil}

Jackson County Surveyor Daniel Blann, Surveyor {dblann@jacksoncounty.in.gov}

Jackson County Highway Department Jerry Ault, Highway Superintendent {jault@jacksoncounty.in.gov}

Jackson County – Emergency Management Duane Davis - Director {ema@jackson.in.gov}

Jackson County Commissioners Drew Markel {drew@drewmarkel.com} Bob Gillaspy {auditor@jacksoncounty.in.gov} Matt Reedy {auditor@jacksoncounty.in.gov}

Jackson County FloodplainAdministrator Conner Barnette Building Commissioner cbarnette@jacksoncounty.in.gov



# State of Indiana DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Division of Fish and Wildlife

Early Coordination/Environmental Assessment

DNR #: ER-22575 Request Received: May 19, 2020

Requestor: Metric Environmental

Susan Castle 6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, IN 46250

Project: CR 300 South bridge (#36-00154) replacement over Rider Ditch, about 0.82 mile east

of CR 840 East; Des #1703020

County/Site info: Jackson

The Indiana Department of Natural Resources has reviewed the above referenced project per your request. Our agency offers the following comments for your information and in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

If our agency has regulatory jurisdiction over the project, the recommendations contained in this letter may become requirements of any permit issued. If we do not

have permitting authority, all recommendations are voluntary.

**Regulatory Assessment:** This proposal will require the formal approval for construction in a floodway under the

Flood Control Act, IC 14-28-1. Please submit a copy of this letter with the permit

application.

Natural Heritage Database: The Natural Heritage Program's data have been checked.

Little Spectaclecase (Villosa lienosa), a state species of special concern, has been

documented in Rider Ditch within the project area.

Fish & Wildlife Comments: As long as standard erosion control measures are implemented, and in-channel

disturbance is minimized as much as possible, we do not foresee any impacts to Little

Spectaclecase as a result of this project.

Avoid and minimize impacts to fish, wildlife, and botanical resources to the greatest extent possible, and compensate for impacts. The following are recommendations that address potential impacts identified in the proposed project area:

1) Bank Stabilization & Wildlife Passage:

The banks under the bridge currently appear to facilitate the unimpaired movement of wildlife along the creek banks under the road. The new, replacement, or rehabbed structure, and any bank stabilization under the structure, should not create conditions that are less favorable for wildlife passage under the structure compared to current conditions. A level area of natural ground under the structure is ideal for wildlife passage. If channel clearing will result in a flat bench area above the normal water level under the structure, this area should allow wildlife passage and should remain free of riprap and other similar materials that can impair wildlife passage.

Minimize the use of riprap and use alternative erosion protection materials whenever possible. Riprap must not be placed in the active thalweg channel or placed in the streambed in a manner that precludes fish or aquatic organism passage (riprap must not be placed above the existing streambed elevation). Where riprap must be used, we recommend placing only enough riprap to provide stream bank toe protection, such as from the toe of the bank up to the ordinary high water mark (OHWM). The banks above the OHWM should be restored, stabilized, and revegetated using geotextiles and a mixture of grasses, sedges, wildflowers, shrubs, and trees native to the area and specifically for stream bank/floodway stabilization purposes as soon as possible upon

# State of Indiana DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Division of Fish and Wildlife

#### Early Coordination/Environmental Assessment

completion.

While hard armoring alone (e.g. riprap or glacial stone) may be needed in certain instances, soft armoring and bioengineering techniques should be considered first. In many instances, one or more methods are necessary to increase the likelihood of vegetation establishment. Combining vegetation with most bank stabilization methods can provide additional bank protection and help reduce impacts upon fish and wildlife. If hard armoring is needed, wildlife passage can be facilitated by using a smooth-surfaced armoring material instead of riprap, such as articulated concrete block mats, fabric-formed concrete mats, or other similar smooth-surfaced material.

Information about bioengineering techniques can be found at http://www.in.gov/legislative/iac/20120404-IR-312120154NRA.xml.pdf. Also, the following is a USDA/NRCS document that outlines many different bioengineering techniques for streambank stabilization: http://directives.sc.egov.usda.gov/17553.wba.

#### 2) Riparian Habitat:

We recommend a mitigation plan be developed (and submitted with the permit application, if required) for any unavoidable habitat impacts that will occur. The DNR's Habitat Mitigation guidelines (and plant lists) can be found online at: http://iac.iga.in.gov/iac/20200527-IR-312200284NRA.xml.pdf.

Impacts to non-wetland forest of one (1) acre or more should be mitigated at a minimum 2:1 ratio. If less than one acre of non-wetland forest is removed in a rural setting, replacement should be at a 1:1 ratio based on area. Impacts to wetland habitat should be mitigated at the appropriate ratio according to the 1991 INDOT/IDNR/USFWS Memorandum of Understanding.

The mitigation site should be located in the floodway, downstream of the one (1) square mile drainage area of that stream (or another stream within the 8-digit HUC, preferably as close to the impact site as possible) and adjacent to existing forested riparian habitat.

The additional measures listed below should be implemented to avoid, minimize, or compensate for impacts to fish, wildlife, and botanical resources:

- 1. Revegetate all bare and disturbed areas with a mixture of native grasses, sedges, wildflowers, and also native hardwood trees and shrubs if any woody plants are disturbed during construction as soon as possible upon completion. Do not use any varieties of Tall Fescue or other non-native plants, including prohibited invasive species (see 312 IAC 18-3-25).
- 2. Minimize and contain within the project limits inchannel disturbance and the clearing of trees and brush.
- 3. Do not work in the waterway from April 1 through June 30 without the prior written approval of the Division of Fish and Wildlife.
- 4. Do not cut any trees suitable for Indiana bat or Northern Long-eared bat roosting (greater than 5 inches dbh, living or dead, with loose hanging bark, or with cracks, crevices, or cavities) from April 1 through September 30,
- 5. Do not excavate in the low flow area except for the placement of piers, foundations, and riprap, or removal of the old structure.
- 6. Do not construct any temporary runarounds, access bridges, causeways, cofferdams, diversions, or pumparounds.
- 7. Use minimum average 6 inch graded riprap stone extended below the normal water level to provide habitat for aquatic organisms in the voids.
- 8. Appropriately designed measures for controlling erosion and sediment must be implemented to prevent sediment from entering the stream or leaving the construction site; maintain these measures until construction is complete and all disturbed areas are

# State of Indiana DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Division of Fish and Wildlife

#### Early Coordination/Environmental Assessment

stabilized.

9. Seed and protect all disturbed streambanks and slopes not protected by other methods that are 3:1 or steeper with erosion control blankets that are heavy-duty, biodegradable, and net free or that use loose-woven / Leno-woven netting to minimize the entrapment and snaring of small-bodied wildlife such as snakes and turtles (follow manufacturer's recommendations for selection and installation); seed and apply mulch on all other disturbed areas.

**Contact Staff:** 

Christie L. Stanifer, Environ. Coordinator, Fish & Wildlife
Our agency appreciates this opportunity to be of service. Please contact the above staff member at (317) 232-4080 if we can be of further assistance.

Christie L. Stanifer Date: June 18, 2020

Christie L. Stanifer Environ. Coordinator Division of Fish and Wildlife



## United States Department of the Interior

#### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Indiana Ecological Services Field Office 620 South Walker Street Bloomington, IN 47403-2121

Phone: (812) 334-4261 Fax: (812) 334-4273

http://www.fws.gov/midwest/Endangered/section7/s7process/step1.html



In Reply Refer To: July 06, 2020

Consultation Code: 03E12000-2020-I-2117 Event Code: 03E12000-2020-E-08439

Project Name: Bridge Project (Des. No. 1703020) East County Road 300 South over Rider

Ditch, Jackson County

Subject: Concurrence verification letter for the 'Bridge Project (Des. No. 1703020) East

County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch, Jackson County' project under the revised

February 5, 2018, FHWA, FRA, FTA Programmatic Biological Opinion for

Transportation Projects within the Range of the Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared

Bat.

#### To whom it may concern:

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has received your request to verify that the **Bridge Project (Des. No. 1703020) East County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch, Jackson County** (Proposed Action) may rely on the concurrence provided in the February 5, 2018, FHWA, FRA, FTA Programmatic Biological Opinion for Transportation Projects within the Range of the Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat (PBO) to satisfy requirements under Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C 1531 *et seq.*).

Based on the information you provided (Project Description shown below), you have determined that the Proposed Action is within the scope and adheres to the criteria of the PBO, including the adoption of applicable avoidance and minimization measures, and may affect, but is <u>not likely to adversely affect</u> (NLAA) the endangered Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) and/or the threatened Northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*).

The Service has 14 calendar days to notify the lead Federal action agency or designated non-federal representative if we determine that the Proposed Action does not meet the criteria for a NLAA determination under the PBO. If we do <u>not</u> notify the lead Federal action agency or designated non-federal representative within that timeframe, you may proceed with the Proposed Action under the terms of the NLAA concurrence provided in the PBO. This verification period allows Service Field Offices to apply local knowledge to implementation of the PBO, as we may identify a small subset of actions having impacts that were unanticipated. In such instances,

Service Field Offices may request additional information that is necessary to verify inclusion of the proposed action under the PBO.

**For Proposed Actions that include bridge/structure removal, replacement, and/or maintenance activities:** If your initial bridge/structure assessments failed to detect Indiana bats, but you later detect bats during construction, please submit the Post Assessment Discovery of Bats at Bridge/Structure Form (User Guide Appendix E) to this Service Office. In these instances, potential incidental take of Indiana bats may be exempted provided that the take is reported to the Service.

If the Proposed Action is modified, or new information reveals that it may affect the Indiana bat and/or Northern long-eared bat in a manner or to an extent not considered in the PBO, further review to conclude the requirements of ESA Section 7(a)(2) may be required. If the Proposed Action may affect any other federally-listed or proposed species, and/or any designated critical habitat, additional consultation between the lead Federal action agency and this Service Office is required. If the proposed action has the potential to take bald or golden eagles, additional coordination with the Service under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act may also be required. In either of these circumstances, please contact this Service Office.

# **Project Description**

The following project name and description was collected in IPaC as part of the endangered species review process.

#### Name

Bridge Project (Des. No. 1703020) East County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch, Jackson County

#### **Description**

The Jackson County Commissioners with oversight from the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT), and partial funding from Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), intend to proceed with a bridge project on East CR 300 South over Rider Ditch, in Washington Township, Jackson County.

The project is located on East CR 300 South over Rider Ditch, approximately 0.82 mile east of CR 840 E in southeast Jackson County. Specifically, the project is located in Sections 28 and 33, Township 5 North, Range 6 East as illustrated on the Crothersville, Indiana 7.5-minute United States Geological Survey (USGS) topographic quadrangle.

The project is located in a rural agricultural area, and suitable summer habitat does exist within and adjacent to the project area. The scope of work currently proposes the replacement of the existing single-span, steel pony truss bridge with a new, three-span, concrete slab bridge on the same alignment. The existing bridge is 90 feet in length with a wood plank deck.

Approximately 0.03 acre of trees and brush will be removed from the northwest, southwest and southeast quadrants of the bridge crossing to make room for the installation of the new bridge structure. The northeast quadrant has been cleared of trees and consists of mainly low ground covers such as red fescue and red clover and poison ivy. The dominant vegetation observed in the project area consisted of bitternut hickory in the tree stratum, pawpaw and silver maple in the sapling and shrub stratum, yellow wingstem and creeping jenny in the herb stratum.

At this time, it is estimated that less than 0.5 acre of new, additional permanent right-of-way will be required to complete the project. There is no existing, permanent lighting present at the project site, and no new permanent lighting is proposed as part of the bridge replacement project. Temporary lighting could be used during construction at the contractor's discretion; however, due to the rural location of the project it is unlikely that night-time work would be conducted. The project is scheduled to let in October 2021, and tree clearing activities are anticipated to begin in early 2022, during the inactive season for bats.

On May 20, 2020, the INDOT Seymour District reviewed the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service database and it was revealed that no endangered bat species have been documented in or within 0.5 mile of the project area. On May 27, 2020 qualified individuals with Metric Environmental inspected Jackson County Bridge No. 154 for bats. No bats were seen or heard in/or under the bridge and no evidence such as guano or urine staining was observed.

# **Determination Key Result**

Based on your answers provided, this project(s) may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the endangered Indiana bat and/or the threatened Northern long-eared bat, therefore, consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service pursuant to Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (87 Stat. 884, as amended 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) is required. However, also based on your answers provided, this project may rely on the concurrence provided in the revised February 5, 2018, FHWA, FRA, FTA Programmatic Biological Opinion for Transportation Projects within the Range of the Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat.

### **Qualification Interview**

- 1. Is the project within the range of the Indiana bat<sup>[1]</sup>?
  - [1] See Indiana bat species profile

Automatically answered

Yes

- 2. Is the project within the range of the Northern long-eared bat<sup>[1]</sup>?
  - [1] See Northern long-eared bat species profile

Automatically answered

Yes

- 3. Which Federal Agency is the lead for the action?
  - A) Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)
- 4. Are *all* project activities limited to non-construction<sup>[1]</sup> activities only? (examples of non-construction activities include: bridge/abandoned structure assessments, surveys, planning and technical studies, property inspections, and property sales)
  - [1] Construction refers to activities involving ground disturbance, percussive noise, and/or lighting. No
- 5. Does the project include *any* activities that are **greater than** 300 feet from existing road/rail surfaces<sup>[1]</sup>?
  - [1] Road surface is defined as the actively used [e.g. motorized vehicles] driving surface and shoulders [may be pavement, gravel, etc.] and rail surface is defined as the edge of the actively used rail ballast.

No

- 6. Does the project include *any* activities **within** 0.5 miles of a known Indiana bat and/or NLEB hibernaculum<sup>[1]</sup>?
  - [1] For the purpose of this consultation, a hibernaculum is a site, most often a cave or mine, where bats hibernate during the winter (see suitable habitat), but could also include bridges and structures if bats are found to be hibernating there during the winter.

No

7. Is the project located **within** a karst area?

No

- 8. Is there *any* suitable<sup>[1]</sup> summer habitat for Indiana Bat or NLEB **within** the project action area<sup>[2]</sup>? (includes any trees suitable for maternity, roosting, foraging, or travelling habitat)
  - [1] See the Service's summer survey guidance for our current definitions of suitable habitat.
  - [2] The action area is defined as all areas to be affected directly or indirectly by the Federal action and not merely the immediate area involved in the action (50 CFR Section 402.02). Further clarification is provided by the national consultation FAQs.

Yes

- 9. Will the project remove *any* suitable summer habitat<sup>[1]</sup> and/or remove/trim any existing trees **within** suitable summer habitat?
  - [1] See the Service's <u>summer survey guidance</u> for our current definitions of suitable habitat. *Yes*
- 10. Will the project clear more than 20 acres of suitable habitat per 5-mile section of road/rail? *No*

- 11. Have presence/probable absence (P/A) summer surveys<sup>[1][2]</sup> been conducted<sup>[3][4]</sup> **within** the suitable habitat located within your project action area?
  - [1] See the Service's <u>summer survey guidance</u> for our current definitions of suitable habitat.
  - [2] Presence/probable absence summer surveys conducted within the fall swarming/spring emergence home range of a documented Indiana bat hibernaculum (contact local Service Field Office for appropriate distance from hibernacula) that result in a negative finding requires additional consultation with the local Service Field Office to determine if clearing of forested habitat is appropriate and/or if seasonal clearing restrictions are needed to avoid and minimize potential adverse effects on fall swarming and spring emerging Indiana bats.
  - [3] For projects within the range of either the Indiana bat or NLEB in which suitable habitat is present, and no bat surveys have been conducted, the transportation agency will assume presence of the appropriate species. This assumption of presence should be based upon the presence of suitable habitat and the capability of bats to occupy it because of their mobility.
  - [4] Negative presence/probable absence survey results obtained using the <u>summer survey guidance</u> are valid for a minimum of two years from the completion of the survey unless new information (e.g., other nearby surveys) suggest otherwise.

No

- 12. Does the project include activities **within documented Indiana bat habitat**<sup>[1][2]</sup>?
  - [1] Documented roosting or foraging habitat for the purposes of this consultation, we are considering documented habitat as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked using (1) radio telemetry to roosts; (2) radio telemetry biangulation/triangulation to estimate foraging areas; or (3) foraging areas with repeated use documented using acoustics. Documented roosting habitat is also considered as suitable summer habitat within 0.25 miles of documented roosts.)
  - [2] For the purposes of this key, we are considering documented corridors as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked to using (1) radio telemetry; or (2) treed corridors located directly between documented roosting and foraging habitat.

No

13. Will the removal or trimming of habitat or trees occur within suitable but undocumented Indiana bat roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors?
Yes

C-13

- 14. What time of year will the removal or trimming of habitat or trees **within** suitable but **undocumented Indiana bat** roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors occur<sup>[1]</sup>?
  - [1] Coordinate with the local Service Field Office for appropriate dates.
  - B) During the inactive season
- 15. Does the project include activities within documented NLEB habitat<sup>[1][2]</sup>?
  - [1] Documented roosting or foraging habitat for the purposes of this consultation, we are considering documented habitat as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked using (1) radio telemetry to roosts; (2) radio telemetry biangulation/triangulation to estimate foraging areas; or (3) foraging areas with repeated use documented using acoustics. Documented roosting habitat is also considered as suitable summer habitat within 0.25 miles of documented roosts.)
  - [2] For the purposes of this key, we are considering documented corridors as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked to using (1) radio telemetry; or (2) treed corridors located directly between documented roosting and foraging habitat.

No

16. Will the removal or trimming of habitat or trees occur within suitable but undocumented NLEB roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors?
Yes

17. What time of year will the removal or trimming of habitat or trees **within** suitable but **undocumented NLEB** roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors occur?

- B) During the inactive season
- 18. Will *any* tree trimming or removal occur **within** 100 feet of existing road/rail surfaces? *Yes*
- 19. Will *any* tree trimming or removal occur **between** 100-300 feet of existing road/rail surfaces?

No

20. Are *all* trees that are being removed clearly demarcated? *Yes* 

21. Will the removal of habitat or the removal/trimming of trees include installing new or replacing existing **permanent** lighting?

No

22. Does the project include wetland or stream protection activities associated with compensatory wetland mitigation?

No

23. Does the project include slash pile burning?

No

- 24. Does the project include *any* bridge removal, replacement, and/or maintenance activities (e.g., any bridge repair, retrofit, maintenance, and/or rehabilitation work)? *Yes*
- 25. Is there *any* suitable habitat<sup>[1]</sup> for Indiana bat or NLEB **within** 1,000 feet of the bridge? (includes any trees suitable for maternity, roosting, foraging, or travelling habitat)
  - [1] See the Service's current <u>summer survey guidance</u> for our current definitions of suitable habitat. *Yes*
- 26. Has a bridge assessment<sup>[1]</sup> been conducted **within** the last 24 months<sup>[2]</sup> to determine if the bridge is being used by bats?
  - [1] See <u>User Guide Appendix D</u> for bridge/structure assessment guidance
  - [2] Assessments must be completed no more than 2 years prior to conducting any work below the deck surface on all bridges that meet the physical characteristics described in the Programmatic Consultation, regardless of whether assessments have been conducted in the past. Due to the transitory nature of bat use, a negative result in one year does not guarantee that bats will not use that bridge/structure in subsequent years.

Yes

#### SUBMITTED DOCUMENTS

USFWS Bat Datasheet.pdf <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/project/EBM304E6JNASZEVKA2WZBYUD4U/">https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/project/EBM304E6JNASZEVKA2WZBYUD4U/</a>
 projectDocuments/22430543

27. Did the bridge assessment detect *any* signs of Indiana bats and/or NLEBs roosting in/under the bridge (bats, guano, etc.)<sup>[1]</sup>?

[1] If bridge assessment detects signs of *any* species of bats, coordination with the local FWS office is needed to identify potential threatened or endangered bat species. Additional studies may be undertaken to try to identify which bat species may be utilizing the bridge prior to allowing *any* work to proceed.

Note: There is a small chance bridge assessments for bat occupancy do not detect bats. Should a small number of bats be observed roosting on a bridge just prior to or during construction, such that take is likely to occur or does occur in the form of harassment, injury or death, the PBO requires the action agency to report the take. Report all unanticipated take within 2 working days of the incident to the USFWS. Construction activities may continue without delay provided the take is reported to the USFWS and is limited to 5 bats per project.

No

28. Will the bridge removal, replacement, and/or maintenance activities include installing new or replacing existing **permanent** lighting?

No

29. Does the project include the removal, replacement, and/or maintenance of *any* structure other than a bridge? (e.g., rest areas, offices, sheds, outbuildings, barns, parking garages, etc.)

No

30. Will the project involve the use of **temporary** lighting *during* the active season? *Yes* 

31. Is there *any* suitable habitat **within** 1,000 feet of the location(s) where **temporary** lighting will be used?

Yes

32. Will the project install new or replace existing **permanent** lighting? *No* 

33. Does the project include percussives or other activities (**not including tree removal/ trimming or bridge/structure work**) that will increase noise levels above existing traffic/background levels?

No

34. Are *all* project activities that are **not associated with** habitat removal, tree removal/ trimming, bridge and/or structure activities, temporary or permanent lighting, or use of percussives, limited to actions that DO NOT cause any additional stressors to the bat species?

Examples: lining roadways, unlighted signage, rail road crossing signals, signal lighting, and minor road repair such as asphalt fill of potholes, etc.

Yes

35. Will the project raise the road profile **above the tree canopy**? *No* 

36. Are the project activities that are not associated with habitat removal, tree removal/ trimming, bridge and/or structure activities, temporary or permanent lighting, or use of percussives consistent with a No Effect determination in this key?

#### Automatically answered

Yes, other project activities are limited to actions that DO NOT cause any additional stressors to the bat species as described in the BA/BO

37. Is the habitat removal portion of this project consistent with a Not Likely to Adversely Affect determination in this key?

#### Automatically answered

Yes, because the tree removal/trimming that occurs outside of the Indiana bat's active season occurs greater than 0.5 miles from the nearest hibernaculum, is less than 100 feet from the existing road/rail surface, includes clear demarcation of the trees that are to be removed, and does not alter documented roosts and/or surrounding summer habitat within 0.25 miles of a documented roost.

38. Is the habitat removal portion of this project consistent with a Not Likely to Adversely Affect determination in this key?

#### Automatically answered

Yes, because the tree removal/trimming that occurs outside of the NLEB's active season occurs greater than 0.5 miles from the nearest hibernaculum, is less than 100 feet from the existing road/rail surface, includes clear demarcation of the trees that are to be removed, and does not alter documented roosts and/or surrounding summer habitat within 0.25 miles of a documented roost.

39. Is the bridge removal, replacement, or maintenance activities portion of this project consistent with a No Effect determination in this key?

#### Automatically answered

Yes, because the bridge has been assessed using the criteria documented in the BA and no signs of bats were detected

#### 40. General AMM 1

Will the project ensure *all* operators, employees, and contractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of *all* FHWA/FRA/FTA (Transportation Agencies) environmental commitments, including all applicable Avoidance and Minimization Measures?

Yes

#### 41. Tree Removal AMM 1

Can *all* phases/aspects of the project (e.g., temporary work areas, alignments) be modified, to the extent practicable, to avoid tree removal<sup>[1]</sup> in excess of what is required to implement the project safely?

Note: Tree Removal AMM 1 is a minimization measure, the full implementation of which may not always be practicable. Projects may still be NLAA as long as Tree Removal AMMs 2, 3, and 4 are implemented and LAA as long as Tree Removal AMMs 3, 5, 6, and 7 are implemented.

[1] The word "trees" as used in the AMMs refers to trees that are suitable habitat for each species within their range. See the USFWS' current summer survey guidance for our latest definitions of suitable habitat.

Yes

#### 42. Tree Removal AMM 3

Can tree removal be limited to that specified in project plans and ensure that contractors understand clearing limits and how they are marked in the field (e.g., install bright colored flagging/fencing prior to any tree clearing to ensure contractors stay within clearing limits)?

Yes

#### 43. Tree Removal AMM 4

Can the project avoid cutting down/removal of *all* (1) **documented**<sup>[1]</sup> Indiana bat or NLEB roosts<sup>[2]</sup> (that are still suitable for roosting), (2) trees **within** 0.25 miles of roosts, and (3) documented foraging habitat any time of year?

- [1] The word documented means habitat where bats have actually been captured and/or tracked.
- [2] Documented roosting or foraging habitat for the purposes of this consultation, we are considering documented habitat as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked using (1) radio telemetry to roosts; (2) radio telemetry biangulation/triangulation to estimate foraging areas; or (3) foraging areas with repeated use documented using acoustics. Documented roosting habitat is also considered as suitable summer habitat within 0.25 miles of documented roosts.)

Yes

44. Lighting AMM 1

Will *all* **temporary** lighting be directed away from suitable habitat during the active season?

Yes

#### **Project Questionnaire**

1. Have you made a No Effect determination for *all* other species indicated on the FWS IPaC generated species list?

N/A

2. Have you made a May Affect determination for *any* other species on the FWS IPaC generated species list?

N/A

3. How many acres<sup>[1]</sup> of trees are proposed for removal between 0-100 feet of the existing road/rail surface?

[1] If described as number of trees, multiply by 0.09 to convert to acreage and enter that number. 0.03

4. Please describe the proposed bridge work:

The scope of work currently proposes the replacement of the existing single-span, steel pony truss bridge with a new, three-span, concrete slab bridge on the same alignment.

5. Please state the timing of all proposed bridge work:

The project is scheduled to let in October 2021, and tree clearing activities are anticipated to begin in early 2022, prior to the start of bridge construction and during the inactive season for bats.

6. Please enter the date of the bridge assessment:

On May 27, 2020

### **Avoidance And Minimization Measures (AMMs)**

This determination key result includes the committment to implement the following Avoidance and Minimization Measures (AMMs):

#### **GENERAL AMM 1**

Ensure all operators, employees, and contractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of all FHWA/FRA/FTA (Transportation Agencies) environmental commitments, including all applicable AMMs.

#### **LIGHTING AMM 1**

Direct temporary lighting away from suitable habitat during the active season.

#### TREE REMOVAL AMM 1

Modify all phases/aspects of the project (e.g., temporary work areas, alignments) to avoid tree removal.

#### TREE REMOVAL AMM 2

Apply time of year restrictions for tree removal when bats are not likely to be present, or limit tree removal to 10 or fewer trees per project at any time of year within 100 feet of existing road/rail surface and **outside of documented** roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors; visual emergence survey must be conducted with <u>no bats observed</u>.

#### TREE REMOVAL AMM 3

Ensure tree removal is limited to that specified in project plans and ensure that contractors understand clearing limits and how they are marked in the field (e.g., install bright colored flagging/fencing prior to any tree clearing to ensure contractors stay within clearing limits).

#### TREE REMOVAL AMM 4

Do not remove **documented** Indiana bat or NLEB roosts that are still suitable for roosting, or trees within 0.25 miles of roosts, or

**documented** foraging habitat any time of year.

# Determination Key Description: FHWA, FRA, FTA Programmatic Consultation For Transportation Projects Affecting NLEB Or Indiana Bat

This key was last updated in IPaC on December 02, 2019. Keys are subject to periodic revision.

This decision key is intended for projects/activities funded or authorized by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), and/or Federal Transit Administration (FTA), which may require consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) for the endangered **Indiana bat** (*Myotis sodalis*) and the threatened **Northern long-eared bat** (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*).

This decision key should <u>only</u> be used to verify project applicability with the Service's <u>February 5, 2018, FHWA, FRA, FTA Programmatic Biological Opinion for Transportation Projects</u>. The programmatic biological opinion covers limited transportation activities that may affect either bat species, and addresses situations that are both likely and not likely to adversely affect either bat species. This decision key will assist in identifying the effect of a specific project/activity and applicability of the programmatic consultation. The programmatic biological opinion is <u>not</u> intended to cover all types of transportation actions. Activities outside the scope of the programmatic biological opinion, or that may affect ESA-listed species other than the Indiana bat or NLEB, or any designated critical habitat, may require additional ESA Section 7 consultation.



## United States Department of the Interior

#### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Indiana Ecological Services Field Office 620 South Walker Street Bloomington, IN 47403-2121

Phone: (812) 334-4261 Fax: (812) 334-4273

http://www.fws.gov/midwest/Endangered/section7/s7process/step1.html



In Reply Refer To: July 06, 2020

Consultation Code: 03E12000-2020-SLI-2117

Event Code: 03E12000-2020-E-08431

Project Name: Bridge Project (Des. No. 1703020) East County Road 300 South over Rider

Ditch, Jackson County

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

#### To Whom It May Concern:

The attached species list identifies any federally threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project or may be affected by your proposed project. The list also includes designated critical habitat if present within your proposed project area or affected by your project. This list is provided to you as the initial step of the consultation process required under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act, also referred to as Section 7 Consultation.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 requires that actions authorized, funded, or carried out by Federal agencies not jeopardize federally threatened or endangered species or adversely modify designated critical habitat. To fulfill this mandate, Federal agencies (or their designated non-federal representative) must consult with the Service if they determine their project "may affect" listed species or critical habitat.

Under 50 CFR 402.12(e) (the regulations that implement Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act) the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally. You may verify the list by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website <a href="http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/">http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/</a> at regular intervals during project planning and implementation and completing the same process you used to receive the attached list. As an alternative, you may contact this Ecological Services Field Office for updates.

Please use the species list provided and visit the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's Region 3 Section 7 Technical Assistance website at - <a href="http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/section7/s7process/index.html">http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/section7/s7process/index.html</a>. This website contains step-by-step instructions which will help you

determine if your project will have an adverse effect on listed species and will help lead you through the Section 7 process.

For all wind energy projects and projects that include installing towers that use guy wires or are over 200 feet in height, please contact this field office directly for assistance, even if no federally listed plants, animals or critical habitat are present within your proposed project or may be affected by your proposed project.

Although no longer protected under the Endangered Species Act, be aware that bald eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 *et seq.*) and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 U.S.C. 703 *et seq*), as are golden eagles. Projects affecting these species may require measures to avoid harming eagles or may require a permit. If your project is near an eagle nest or winter roost area, see our Eagle Permits website at <a href="http://www.fws.gov/midwest/midwestbird/EaglePermits/index.html">http://www.fws.gov/midwest/midwestbird/EaglePermits/index.html</a> to help you determine if you can avoid impacting eagles or if a permit may be necessary.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

#### Attachment(s):

Official Species List

# **Official Species List**

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

**Indiana Ecological Services Field Office** 620 South Walker Street Bloomington, IN 47403-2121 (812) 334-4261

# **Project Summary**

Consultation Code: 03E12000-2020-SLI-2117

Event Code: 03E12000-2020-E-08431

Project Name: Bridge Project (Des. No. 1703020) East County Road 300 South over

Rider Ditch, Jackson County

Project Type: TRANSPORTATION

Project Description: The Jackson County Commissioners with oversight from the Indiana

Department of Transportation (INDOT), and partial funding from Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), intend to proceed with a bridge project on East CR 300 South over Rider Ditch, in Washington Township,

Jackson County.

The project is located on East CR 300 South over Rider Ditch, approximately 0.82 mile east of CR 840 E in southeast Jackson County. Specifically, the project is located in Sections 28 and 33, Township 5 North, Range 6 East as illustrated on the Crothersville, Indiana 7.5-minute United States Geological Survey (USGS) topographic quadrangle.

The project is located in a rural agricultural area, and suitable summer habitat does exist within and adjacent to the project area. The scope of work currently proposes the replacement of the existing single-span, steel pony truss bridge with a new, three-span, concrete slab bridge on the same alignment. The existing bridge is 90 feet in length with a wood plank deck.

Approximately 0.03 acre of trees and brush will be removed from the northwest, southwest and southeast quadrants of the bridge crossing to make room for the installation of the new bridge structure. The northeast quadrant has been cleared of trees and consists of mainly low ground covers such as red fescue and red clover and poison ivy. The dominant vegetation observed in the project area consisted of bitternut hickory in the tree stratum, pawpaw and silver maple in the sapling and shrub stratum, yellow wingstem and creeping jenny in the herb stratum.

At this time, it is estimated that less than 0.5 acre of new, additional permanent right-of-way will be required to complete the project. There is no existing, permanent lighting present at the project site, and no new permanent lighting is proposed as part of the bridge replacement project. Temporary lighting could be used during construction at the contractor's discretion; however, due to the rural location of the project it is unlikely

that night-time work would be conducted. The project is scheduled to let in October 2021, and tree clearing activities are anticipated to begin in early 2022, during the inactive season for bats.

On May 20, 2020, the INDOT Seymour District reviewed the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service database and it was revealed that no endangered bat species have been documented in or within 0.5 mile of the project area. On May 27, 2020 qualified individuals with Metric Environmental inspected Jackson County Bridge No. 154 for bats. No bats were seen or heard in/or under the bridge and no evidence such as guano or urine staining was observed.

#### **Project Location:**

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <a href="https://www.google.com/maps/place/38.83730710286185N85.86614660724364W">https://www.google.com/maps/place/38.83730710286185N85.86614660724364W</a>



Counties: Jackson, IN

# **Endangered Species Act Species**

There is a total of 2 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. Note that 1 of these species should be considered only under certain conditions.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries<sup>1</sup>, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

#### **Mammals**

NAME STATUS

#### Indiana Bat *Myotis sodalis*

Endangered

There is **final** critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5949

Species survey guidelines:

https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/guideline/survey/population/1/office/31440.pdf

#### Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis

Threatened

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

This species only needs to be considered under the following conditions:

 Incidental take of the NLEB is not prohibited here. Federal agencies may consult using the 4(d) rule streamlined process. Transportation projects may consult using the programmatic process. See www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/index.html

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045

#### **Critical habitats**

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

From: <u>Dye, David</u>
To: <u>Elayna Stoner</u>

**Subject:** RE: Des 1703020 \_ Jackson County Bridge #154 \_ NLAA Determination Review Request

**Date:** Monday, July 6, 2020 4:39:37 PM

Attachments: image001.png

image002.png image003.png image004.png image005.png image006.png

Hi Elayna,

I have reviewed and submitted this determination to USFWS for their 14-day review period.

Let me know if you have any additional questions.

#### **David Dye**

#### **Environmental Section Manager**

185 Agrico Lane Seymour, IN 47274 Office: (812) 524-3723 Email: ddye@indot.in.gov



From: Elayna Stoner <elaynas@metricenv.com>

**Sent:** Monday, July 06, 2020 3:57 PM **To:** Dye, David <DDYE@indot.IN.gov>

**Subject:** Des 1703020 \_ Jackson County Bridge #154 \_ NLAA Determination Review Request

\*\*\*\* This is an EXTERNAL email. Exercise caution. DO NOT open attachments or click links from unknown senders or unexpected email. \*\*\*\*

David

RE: Jackson County Bridge No. 154

Des 1703020

East CR 300 South over Rider Ditch

0.82 mile east of CR 840 E

Jackson County, IN

Hi there, hope all is well. I've generated a NLAA determination for the Jackson County Bridge 154 project over Rider Ditch. Jackson County Bridge 154 is a Non-Select historic bridge. The preferred alternative at this time is replacement; however, the NEPA process is still ongoing.

The IPaC Record Locator No: 424-22430551 and I've attached the Consistency letter for your



June 4, 2020

Susan Castle Metric Environmental 6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, Indiana 46250

Dear Ms. Castle:

The proposed project to address the deteriorating condition of the bridge that carries East County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch in Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (Des No 1703020), as referred to in your letter received May 19, 2020 will cause a conversion of prime farmland.

The attached packet of information is for your use completing Parts VI and VII of the AD-1106. After Completion, the federal funding agency needs to forward one copy to NRCS for our records.

If you need additional information, please contact John Allen at 317-295-5859.

Sincerely,

RICK NEILSON State Soil Scientist

**Enclosures** 







U.S. Department of Agriculture  FARMLAND CONVERSION IMPACT RATING								
PART I (To be completed by Federal Agency)		Date Of Land Evaluation Request 5/19/2020						
Name of Project DES1703020 CR 300 South Bridge Repl								
Proposed Land Use			County and State Jackson County, Indiana					
PART II (To be completed by NRCS)			Date Reguest Received By NRCS 5/19/2020 Person Completing Form: JRA					
Does the site contain Prime, Unique, Statewide or Local Important Farmland?			YES NO Acres Irrigated Average Farm Siz					
(If no, the FPPA does not apply - do not complete additional parts of this form			$\checkmark$	303 ac				
Major Crop(s)		Farmable Land In Govt. Jurisdiction			Amount of Farmland As Defined in FPPA			
Corn	Acres: 259626 % 79	Acres: 259626 % 79			Acres: 19054. 58			
Name of Land Evaluation System Used	Name of State or Local S	Name of State or Local Site Assessment System			Date Land Evaluation Returned by NRCS			
LESA	6/4/2020							
PART III (To be completed by Federal Agency)				Site A	Alternative Site B	Site Rating Site C	Site D	
A. Total Acres To Be Converted Directly				0.10				
B. Total Acres To Be Converted Indirectly								
C. Total Acres In Site								
PART IV (To be completed by NRCS) Land E	valuation Information							
A. Total Acres Prime And Unique Farmland				0.10				
B. Total Acres Statewide Important or Local Im	portant Farmland			0.00				
C. Percentage Of Farmland in County Or Local Govt. Unit To Be Converted				<0.001				
D. Percentage Of Farmland in Govt. Jurisdiction With Same Or Higher Relative Value				46				
PART V (To be completed by NRCS) Land Evaluation Criterion Relative Value of Farmland To Be Converted (Scale of 0 to 100 Points)								
PART VI (To be completed by Federal Agency) Site Assessment Criteria			Maximum Points	Site A	Site B	Site C	Site D	
(Criteria are explained in 7 CFR 658.5 b. For Corridor project use form NRCS-CPA-106			(15)	15				
Perimeter In Non-urban Use			(10)	10				
Percent Of Site Being Farmed			(20)	15				
Protection Provided By State and Local Government			(20)	0				
Distance From Urban Built-up Area			(15)	10				
6. Distance To Urban Support Services			(15)	10				
7. Size Of Present Farm Unit Compared To Av	verage		(10)	10				
8. Creation Of Non-farmable Farmland			(10)	0				
9. Availability Of Farm Support Services			(5)	3				
10. On-Farm Investments			(20)	0				
11. Effects Of Conversion On Farm Support Services			(10)	0				
12. Compatibility With Existing Agricultural Use	1		(10)	0				
TOTAL SITE ASSESSMENT POINTS			160	73	0	0	0	
PART VII (To be completed by Federal Agency)								
Relative Value Of Farmland (From Part V)			100	77	0	0	0	
Total Site Assessment (From Part VI above or local site assessment)			160	73	0	0	0	
TOTAL POINTS (Total of above 2 lines)			260	150	0	0	0	
Site Selected: A	ate Of Selection			Was A Loca		sment Used?	,	
Reason For Selection:				1				
Bridge replacement due to the b	ridge deck exhibited	l heav	y wear from	gravel, a	n isolate	ed hole w	rith	

Bridge replacement due to the bridge deck exhibited heavy wear from gravel, an isolated hole with patch, and minor splits. The superstructure exhibited heavy rusting and section loss of the lower connection plates. The substructure showed signs of heavy honeycombing and scaling in the concrete Name of Federal agency representative completing this form: Susan Castle, Metric Environmental, LLC Date: June 11, 2020

(See Instructions on reverse side)

Form AD-1006 (03-02)





# **Organization and Project Information**

**Project ID:** 19-0011 Des. ID: 1703020

**Project Title:** Bridge Project Bridge No. 36-00154

Name of Organization: Metric Environmental, LLC

Susan Castle Requested by:

# **Environmental Assessment Report**

#### 1. Geological Hazards:

- High liquefaction potential
- 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard

#### 2. Mineral Resources:

 Bedrock Resource: Moderate Potential Sand and Gravel Resource: Low Potential

#### 3. Active or abandoned mineral resources extraction sites:

· None documented in the area

\*All map layers from Indiana Map (maps.indiana.edu)

#### **DISCLAIMER:**

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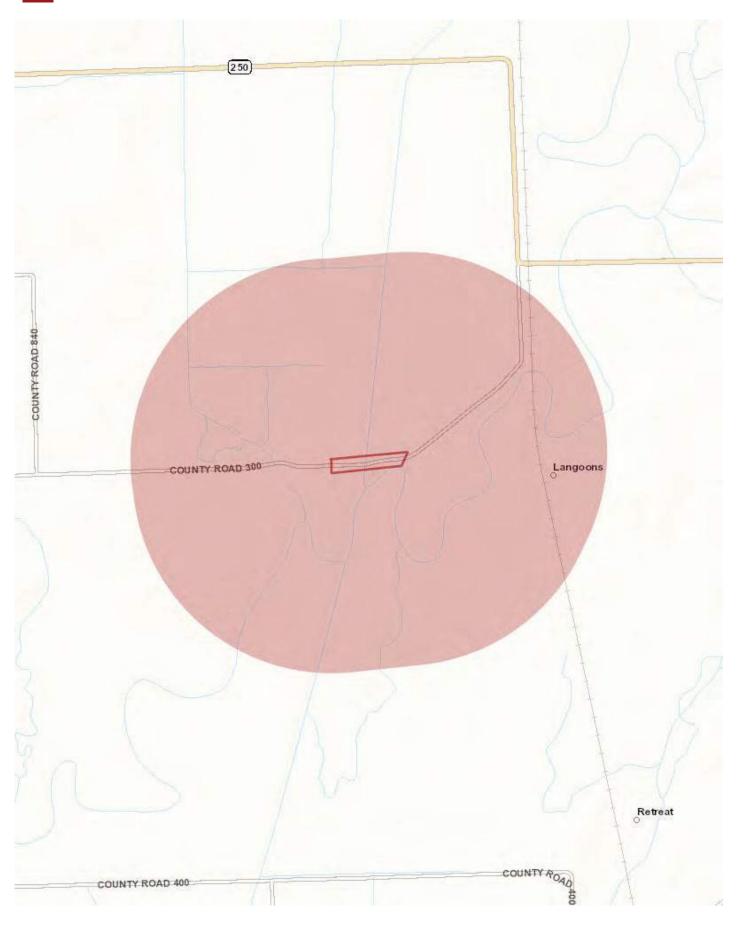
This information was furnished by Indiana Geological Survey

Address: 420 N. Walnut St., Bloomington, IN 47404

Email: IGSEnvir@indiana.edu

Date: May 19, 2020 Phone: 812 855-7428







# Indiana Department of Environmental Management

We Protect Hoosiers and Our Environment.

100 North Senate Avenue - Indianapolis, IN 46204 (800) 451-6027 - (317) 232-8603 - www.idem.IN.gov

Jacks n C unty Highway Department Jerry Ault 360 South CR 25 East Brownstown , IN 47220 Date May 19, 2020

Metric Environmental, LLC Susan Castle 6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis , IN 46250

To Engineers and Consultants Proposing Roadway Construction Projects:

RE: Des. No. 1703020, Bridge Project, Bridge No. 36-00154, East County Road (CR) 300 South over Rider Ditch, 0.82 mile East of CR 840 East, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana. The current proposed project would be to replace the existing bridge #36-00154. The existing truss bridge would be removed and relocated if a party comes forward to finance the bridge relocation or will be demolished in place. The new bridge would be a continuous three-span reinforced concrete slab bridge on the same alignment. It is anticipated that less than 0.5 acre of additional right-of-way will be required for this project. The amount of right-of-way will be defined as the design process advances.

This letter from the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) serves as a standardized response to enquiries inviting IDEM comments on roadway construction, reconstruction, or other improvement projects within existing roadway corridors when the proposed scope of the project is beneath the threshold requiring a formal National Environmental Policy Act-mandated Environmental Assessment or Environmental Impact Statement. As the letter attempts to address all roadway-related environmental topics of potential concern, it is possible that not every topic addressed in the letter will be applicable to your particular roadway project.

For additional information on specific roadway-related topics of interest, please visit the appropriate Web pages cited below, many of which provide contact information for persons within the various program areas who can answer questions not fully addressed in this letter. Also please be mindful that some environmental requirements may be subject to change and so each person intending to include a copy of this letter in their project documentation packet is advised to download the most recently revised version of the letter; found at: http://www.in.gov/idem/5283.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/5283.htm).

To ensure that all environmentally-related issues are adequately addressed, IDEM recommends that you read this letter in its entirety, and consider each of the following issues as you move forward with the planning of your proposed roadway construction, reconstruction, or improvement project:

### WATER AND BIOTIC QUALITY

1. Section 404 of the Clean Water Act requires that you obtain a permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) before discharging dredged or fill materials into any wetlands or other waters, such as rivers, lakes, streams, and ditches. Other activities regulated include the relocation, channelization, widening, or other such alteration of a stream, and the mechanical clearing (use of heavy construction equipment) of wetlands. Thus, as a project owner or sponsor, it is your responsibility to ensure that no wetlands are

disturbed without the proper permit. Although you may initially refer to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetland Inventory maps as a means of identifying potential areas of concern, please be mindful that those maps do not depict jurisdictional wetlands regulated by the USACE or the Department of Environmental Management. A valid jurisdictional wetlands determination can only be made by the USACE, using the 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual.

USACE recommends that you have a consultant check to determine whether your project will abut, or lie within, a wetland area. To view a list of consultants that have requested to be included on a list posted by the USACE on their Web site, see USACE Permits and Public Notices (http://www.lrl.usace.army.mil/orf/default.asp) (http://www.lrl.usace.army.mil/orf/default.asp) (http://www.lrl.usace.army.mil/orf/default.asp)) and then click on "Information" from the menu on the right-hand side of that page. Their "Consultant List" is the fourth entry down on the "Information" page. Please note that the USACE posts all consultants that request to appear on the list, and that inclusion of any particular consultant on the list does not represent an endorsement of that consultant by the USACE, or by IDEM.

Much of northern Indiana (Newton, Lake, Porter, LaPorte, St. Joseph, Elkhart, LaGrange, Steuben, and Dekalb counties; large portions of Jasper, Starke, Marshall, Noble, Allen, and Adams counties; and lesser portions of Benton, White, Pulaski, Kosciusko, and Wells counties) is served by the USACE District Office in Detroit (313-226-6812). The central and southern portions of the state (large portions of Benton, White, Pulaski, Kosciosko, and Wells counties; smaller portions of Jasper, Starke, Marshall, Noble, Allen, and Adams counties; and all other Indiana counties located in north-central, central, and southern Indiana) are served by the USACE Louisville District Office (502-315-6733).

Additional information on contacting these U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) District Offices, government agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands, and other water quality issues, can be found at http://www.in.gov/idem/4396.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4396.htm). IDEM recommends that impacts to wetlands and other water resources be avoided to the fullest extent.

- 2. In the event a Section 404 wetlands permit is required from the USACE, you also must obtain a Section 401 Water Quality Certification from the IDEM Office of Water Quality Wetlands Program. To learn more about the Wetlands Program, visit: http://www.in.gov/idem/4384.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4384.htm).
- 3. If the USACE determines that a wetland or other water body is isolated and not subject to Clean Water Act regulation, it is still regulated by the state of Indiana. A State Isolated Wetland permit from IDEM's Office of Water Quality (OWQ) is required for any activity that results in the discharge of dredged or fill materials into isolated wetlands. To learn more about isolated wetlands, contact the OWQ Wetlands Program at 317-233-8488.
- 4. If your project will involve over a 0.5 acre of wetland impact, stream relocation, or other large-scale alterations to water bodies such as the creation of a dam or a water diversion, you should seek additional input from the OWQ Wetlands Program staff. Consult the Web at: http://www.in.gov/idem/4384.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4384.htm) for the appropriate staff contact to further discuss your project.
- 5. Work within the one-hundred year floodway of a given water body is regulated by the Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water. The Division issues permits for activities regulated under the follow statutes:
  - IC 14-26-2 Lakes Preservation Act 312 IAC 11
  - IC 14-26-5 Lowering of Ten Acre Lakes Act No related code
  - IC 14-28-1 Flood Control Act 310 IAC 6-1
  - IC 14-29-1 Navigable Waterways Act 312 IAC 6
  - IC 14-29-3 Sand and Gravel Permits Act 312 IAC 6

IC 14-29-4 Construction of Channels Act No related code

For information on these Indiana (statutory) Code and Indiana Administrative Code citations, see the DNR Web site at: http://www.in.gov/dnr/water/9451.htm (http://www.in.gov/dnr/water/9451.htm) . Contact the DNR Division of Water at 317-232-4160 for further information.

The physical disturbance of the stream and riparian vegetation, especially large trees overhanging any affected water bodies should be limited to only that which is absolutely necessary to complete the project. The shade provided by the large overhanging trees helps maintain proper stream temperatures and dissolved oxygen for aquatic life.

- 6. For projects involving construction activity (which includes clearing, grading, excavation and other land disturbing activities) that result in the disturbance of one (1), or more, acres of total land area, contact the Office of Water Quality Watershed Planning Branch (317/233-1864) regarding the need for of a Rule 5 Storm Water Runoff Permit. Visit the following Web page
  - http://www.in.gov/idem/4902.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4902.htm)

To obtain, and operate under, a Rule 5 permit you will first need to develop a Construction Plan (http://www.in.gov/idem/4917.htm#constreq (http://www.in.gov/idem/4917.htm#constreq)), and as described in 327 IAC 15-5-6.5 (http://www.in.gov/legislative/iac/T03270/A00150 [PDF] (http://www.in.gov/legislative/iac/T03270/A00150.PDF), pages 16 through 19). Before you may apply for a Rule 5 Permit, or begin construction, you must submit your Construction Plan to your county Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) (http://www.in.gov/isda/soil/contacts/map.html (http://www.in.gov/isda/soil/contacts/map.html)).

Upon receipt of the construction plan, personnel of the SWCD or the Indiana Department of Environmental Management will review the plan to determine if it meets the requirements of 327 IAC 15-5. Plans that are deemed deficient will require re-submittal. If the plan is sufficient you will be notified and instructed to submit the verification to IDEM as part of the Rule 5 Notice of Intent (NOI) submittal. Once construction begins, staff of the SWCD or Indiana Department of Environmental Management will perform inspections of activities at the site for compliance with the regulation.

Please be mindful that approximately 149 Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) areas are now being established by various local governmental entities throughout the state as part of the implementation of Phase II federal storm water requirements. All of these MS4 areas will eventually take responsibility for Construction Plan review, inspection, and enforcement. As these MS4 areas obtain program approval from IDEM, they will be added to a list of MS4 areas posted on the IDEM Website at: http://www.in.gov/idem/4900.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4900.htm).

If your project is located in an IDEM-approved MS4 area, please contact the local MS4 program about meeting their storm water requirements. Once the MS4 approves the plan, the NOI can be submitted to IDEM.

Regardless of the size of your project, or which agency you work with to meet storm water requirements, IDEM recommends that appropriate structures and techniques be utilized both during the construction phase, and after completion of the project, to minimize the impacts associated with storm water runoff. The use of appropriate planning and site development and appropriate storm water quality measures are recommended to prevent soil from leaving the construction site during active land disturbance and for post construction water quality concerns. Information and assistance regarding storm water related to construction activities are available from the Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) offices in each county or from IDEM.

- 7. For projects involving impacts to fish and botanical resources, contact the Department of Natural Resources Division of Fish and Wildlife (317/232-4080) for addition project input.
- 8. For projects involving water main construction, water main extensions, and new public water supplies, contact the Office of Water Quality Drinking Water Branch (317-308-3299) regarding the need for permits.
- 9. For projects involving effluent discharges to waters of the State of Indiana, contact the Office of Water Quality Permits Branch (317-233-0468) regarding the need for a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit.
- 10. For projects involving the construction of wastewater facilities and sewer lines, contact the Office of Water Quality Permits Branch (317-232-8675) regarding the need for permits.

### **AIR QUALITY**

The above-noted project should be designed to minimize any impact on ambient air quality in, or near, the project area. The project must comply with all federal and state air pollution regulations. Consideration should be given to the following:

1. Regarding open burning, and disposing of organic debris generated by land clearing activities; some types of open burning are allowed (http://www.in.gov/idem/4148.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4148.htm)) under specific conditions. You also can seek an open burning variance from IDEM.

However, IDEM generally recommends that you take vegetative wastes to a registered yard waste composting facility or that the waste be chipped or shredded with composting on site (you must register with IDEM if more than 2,000 pounds is to be composted; contact 317/232-0066). The finished compost can then be used as a mulch or soil amendment. You also may bury any vegetative wastes (such as leaves, twigs, branches, limbs, tree trunks and stumps) onsite, although burying large quantities of such material can lead to subsidence problems, later on.

Reasonable precautions must be taken to minimize fugitive dust emissions from construction and demolition activities. For example, wetting the area with water, constructing wind barriers, or treating dusty areas with chemical stabilizers (such as calcium chloride or several other commercial products). Dirt tracked onto paved roads from unpaved areas should be minimized.

Additionally, if construction or demolition is conducted in a wooded area where blackbirds have roosted or abandoned buildings or building sections in which pigeons or bats have roosted for 3-5 years precautionary measures should be taken to avoid an outbreak of histoplasmosis. This disease is caused by the fungus Histoplasma capsulatum, which stems from bird or bat droppings that have accumulated in one area for 3-5 years. The spores from this fungus become airborne when the area is disturbed and can cause infections over an entire community downwind of the site. The area should be wetted down prior to cleanup or demolition of the project site. For more detailed information on histoplasmosis prevention and control, please contact the Acute Disease Control Division of the Indiana State Department of Health at (317) 233-7272.

2. The U.S. EPA and the Surgeon General recommend that people not have long-term exposure to radon at levels above 4 pCi/L. (For a county-by-county map of predicted radon levels in Indiana, visit: http://www.in.gov/idem/4145.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4145.htm).)

The U.S. EPA further recommends that all homes (and apartments within three stories of ground level) be tested for radon. If in-home radon levels are determined to be 4 pCi/L, or higher, EPA recommends a follow-up test. If the second test confirms that radon levels are 4 pCi/L, or higher, EPA recommends the installation

of radon-reduction measures. (For a list of qualified radon testers and radon mitigation (or reduction) specialists visit: http://www.in.gov/isdh/regsvcs/radhealth/pdfs/radon\_testers\_mitigators\_list.pdf (http://www.in.gov/isdh/regsvcs/radhealth/pdfs/radon\_testers\_mitigators\_list.pdf).) It also is recommended that radon reduction measures be built into all new homes, particularly in areas like Indiana that have moderate to high predicted radon levels.

To learn more about radon, radon risks, and ways to reduce exposure visit: http://www.in.gov/isdh/regsvcs/radhealth/radon.htm (http://www.in.gov/isdh/regsvcs/radhealth/radon.htm), http://www.in.gov/idem/4145.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4145.htm), or http://www.epa.gov/radon/index.html (http://www.epa.gov/radon/index.html).

3. With respect to asbestos removal: all facilities slated for renovation or demolition (except residential buildings that have (4) four or fewer dwelling units and which will not be used for commercial purposes) must be inspected by an Indiana-licensed asbestos inspector prior to the commencement of any renovation or demolition activities. If regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM) that may become airborne is found, any subsequent demolition, renovation, or asbestos removal activities must be performed in accordance with the proper notification and emission control requirements.

If no asbestos is found where a renovation activity will occur, or if the renovation involves removal of less than 260 linear feet of RACM off of pipes, less than 160 square feet of RACM off of other facility components, or less than 35 cubic feet of RACM off of all facility components, the owner or operator of the project does not need to notify IDEM before beginning the renovation activity.

For questions on asbestos demolition and renovation activities, you can also call IDEM's Lead/Asbestos section at 1-888-574-8150.

However, in all cases where a demolition activity will occur (even if no asbestos is found), the owner or operator must still notify IDEM 10 working days prior to the demolition, using the form found at http://www.in.gov/icpr/webfile/formsdiv/44593.pdf (http://www.in.gov/icpr/webfile/formsdiv/44593.pdf).

Anyone submitting a renovation/demolition notification form will be billed a notification fee based upon the amount of friable asbestos containing material to be removed or demolished. Projects that involve the removal of more than 2,600 linear feet of friable asbestos containing materials on pipes, or 1,600 square feet or 400 cubic feet of friable asbestos containing material on other facility components, will be billed a fee of \$150 per project; projects below these amounts will be billed a fee of \$50 per project. All notification remitters will be billed on a quarterly basis.

For more information about IDEM policy regarding asbestos removal and disposal, visit: http://www.in.gov/idem/4983.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4983.htm).

- 4. With respect to lead-based paint removal: IDEM encourages all efforts to minimize human exposure to lead-based paint chips and dust. IDEM is particularly concerned that young children exposed to lead can suffer from learning disabilities. Although lead-based paint abatement efforts are not mandatory, any abatement that is conducted within housing built before January 1, 1978, or a child-occupied facility is required to comply with all lead-based paint work practice standards, licensing and notification requirements. For more information about lead-based paint removal visit: http://www.in.gov/isdh/19131.htm (http://www.in.gov/isdh/19131.htm).
- 5. Ensure that asphalt paving plants are permitted and operate properly. The use of cutback asphalt, or asphalt emulsion containing more than seven percent (7%) oil distillate, is prohibited during the months April through October. See 326 IAC 8-5-2, Asphalt Paving Rule

(http://www.ai.org/legislative/iac/T03260/A00080.PDF (http://www.ai.org/legislative/iac/T03260/A00080.PDF)).

- 6. If your project involves the construction of a new source of air emissions or the modification of an existing source of air emissions or air pollution control equipment, it will need to be reviewed by the IDEM Office of Air Quality (OAQ). A registration or permit may be required under 326 IAC 2 (View at: www.ai.org/legislative/iac/t03260/a00020.pdf (http://www.ai.org/legislative/iac/t03260/a00020.pdf).) New sources that use or emit hazardous air pollutants may be subject to Section 112 of the Clean Air Act and corresponding state air regulations governing hazardous air pollutants.
- 7. For more information on air permits visit: http://www.in.gov/idem/4223.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4223.htm), or to initiate the IDEM air permitting process, please contact the Office of Air Quality Permit Reviewer of the Day at (317) 233-0178 or OAMPROD atdem.state.in.us.

## LAND QUALITY

In order to maintain compliance with all applicable laws regarding contamination and/or proper waste disposal, IDEM recommends that:

- 1. If the site is found to contain any areas used to dispose of solid or hazardous waste, you need to contact the Office of Land Quality (OLQ)at 317-308-3103.
- 2. All solid wastes generated by the project, or removed from the project site, need to be taken to a properly permitted solid waste processing or disposal facility. For more information, visit <a href="http://www.in.gov/idem/4998.htm">http://www.in.gov/idem/4998.htm</a> (http://www.in.gov/idem/4998.htm).
- 3. If any contaminated soils are discovered during this project, they may be subject to disposal as hazardous waste. Please contact the OLQ at 317-308-3103 to obtain information on proper disposal procedures.
- 4. If PCBs are found at this site, please contact the Industrial Waste Section of OLQ at 317-308-3103 for information regarding management of any PCB wastes from this site.
- 5. If there are any asbestos disposal issues related to this site, please contact the Industrial Waste Section of OLQ at 317-308-3103 for information regarding the management of asbestos wastes (Asbestos removal is addressed above, under Air Quality).
- 6. If the project involves the installation or removal of an underground storage tank, or involves contamination from an underground storage tank, you must contact the IDEM Underground Storage Tank program at 317/308-3039. See: http://www.in.gov/idem/4999.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/4999.htm).

# FINAL REMARKS

Should you need to obtain any environmental permits in association with this proposed project, please be mindful that IC 13-15-8 requires that you notify all adjoining property owners and/or occupants within ten days your submittal of each permit application. However, if you are seeking multiple permits, you can still meet the notification requirement with a single notice if all required permit applications are submitted with the same ten day period.

Should the scope of the proposed project be expanded to the extent that a National Environmental Policy Act Environmental Assessment (EA) or Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is required, IDEM will actively participate in any early interagency coordination review of the project.

Meanwhile, please note that this letter does not constitute a permit, license, endorsement or any other form of approval on the part of the Indiana Department of Environmental Management regarding any project for which a copy of this letter is used. Also note that is it the responsibility of the project engineer or consultant using this letter to ensure that the most current draft of this document, which is located at http://www.in.gov/idem/5284.htm (http://www.in.gov/idem/5284.htm), is used.

# Signature(s) of the Applicant

I acknowledge that the following proposed roadway project will be financed in part, or in whole, by public monies.

# **Project Description**

Des. No. 1703020, Bridge Project, Bridge No. 36-00154, East County Road (CR) 300 South over Rider Ditch, 0.82 mile East of CR 840 East, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana. The current proposed project would be to replace the existing bridge #36-00154. The existing truss bridge would be removed and relocated if a party comes forward to finance the bridge relocation or will be demolished in place. The new bridge would be a continuous three-span reinforced concrete slab bridge on the same alignment. It is anticipated that less than 0.5 acre of additional right-of-way will be required for this project. The amount of right-of-way will be defined as the design process advances.

With my signature, I do hereby affirm that I have read the letter from the Indiana Department of Environment that appears directly above. In addition, I understand that in order to complete that project in which I am interested, with a minimum of impact to the environment, I must consider all the issues addressed in the aforementioned letter, and further, that I must obtain any required permits.

Date: 2	-28-2020		
	of the INDOT ngineer or Other Responsi	1/ X	
Date:	7-27-2020	Jerry Ault	
Signature			
For Hire C	Consultant	Susan Castle	
		Susan Castle	

#### **Susan Castle**

#### Subject:

FW: [CAUTION: Suspicious Link]Agency Early Coordination Letter, Des. No. 1703020, Bridge Project E CR 300 South over Rider Ditch, 0.82 mile east of CR 840 E, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana

From: Amick, Kevin R -FS <kevin.amick@usda.gov>

**Sent:** Tuesday, May 19, 2020 5:54 PM **To:** Susan Castle <susanc@metricenv.com>

Subject: RE: [CAUTION: Suspicious Link] Agency Early Coordination Letter, Des. No. 1703020, Bridge Project E CR 300

South over Rider Ditch, 0.82 mile east of CR 840 E, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana

Susan,

This project isn't near the Hoosier National Forest; thus, we have no issues or comments. Thanks.



Kevin Amick Environmental Coordinator Forest Service Hoosier National Forest p: 812-276-4746

f: 812-279-3423 kevin.amick@usda.gov 811 Constitution Ave. Bedford, IN 47421

www.fs.fed.us

Caring for the land and serving people

#### **Susan Castle**

Subject:

FW: [EXTERNAL] Agency Early Coordination Letter, Des. No. 1703020, Bridge Project E CR 300 South over Rider Ditch, 0.82 mile east of CR 840 E, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana

From: McWilliams, Robin < robin mcwilliams@fws.gov>

**Sent:** Wednesday, June 10, 2020 11:46 AM **To:** Susan Castle <susanc@metricenv.com>

Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Agency Early Coordination Letter, Des. No. 1703020, Bridge Project E CR 300 South over Rider

Ditch, 0.82 mile east of CR 840 E, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana

Dear Susan,

This responds to your recent letter requesting our comments on the aforementioned project.

These comments have been prepared under the authority of the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (16 U.S.C. 661 et. seq.) and are consistent with the intent of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, the Endangered Species Act of 1973, and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's Mitigation Policy.

The project is within the range of the Indiana bat (Myotis sodalis) and northern long-eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis) and should follow the new Indiana bat/northern long-eared bat programmatic consultation process, if applicable (i.e. a federal transportation nexus is established). The Service has 14 days after a "Not Likely to Adversely Affect" determination letter is generated to review the project and provide additional comments or request additional information; if you do not receive a response from us within 14 days, we have no additional comments.

Based on a review of the information you provided, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has no other comments on the project as currently proposed. However, should new information arise pertaining to project plans or a revised species list be published, it will be necessary for the Federal agency to reinitiate consultation. Standard recommendations are provided below.

We appreciate the opportunity to comment at this early stage of project planning. If you have any questions about our recommendations, please call (812) 334-4261 x. 207.

Sincerely, Robin McWilliams Munson

#### **Standard Recommendations:**

- 1. Do not clear trees or understory vegetation outside the construction zone boundaries. (This restriction is not related to the "tree clearing" restriction for potential Indiana Bat habitat.)
- 2. Restrict below low-water work in streams to placement of culverts, piers, pilings and/or footings, shaping of the spill slopes around the bridge abutments, and placement of riprap.

Culverts should span the active stream channel, should be either embedded or a 3-sided or open-arch culvert, and be installed where practicable on an essentially flat slope. When an open-bottom culvert or arch is used in a stream, which has a good natural bottom substrate, such as gravel, cobbles and boulders, the existing substrate should be left undisturbed beneath the culvert to provide natural habitat for the aquatic community.

- 3. Restrict channel work and vegetation clearing to the minimum necessary for installation of the stream crossing structure.
- 4. Minimize the extent of hard armor (riprap) in bank stabilization by using bioengineering techniques whenever possible. If riprap is utilized for bank stabilization, extend it below low-water elevation to provide aquatic habitat.
- 5. Implement temporary erosion and sediment control methods within areas of disturbed soil. All disturbed soil areas upon project completion will be vegetated following INDOT's standard specifications.
- 6. Avoid all work within the inundated part of the stream channel (in perennial streams and larger intermittent streams) during the fish spawning season (April 1 through June 30), except for work within sealed structures such as caissons or cofferdams that were installed prior to the spawning season. No equipment shall be operated below Ordinary High Water Mark during this time unless the machinery is within the caissons or on the cofferdams.
- 7. Evaluate wildlife crossings under bridge/culverts projects in appropriate situations. Suitable crossings include flat areas below bridge abutments with suitable ground cover, high water shelves in culverts, amphibian tunnels and diversion fencing

Robin McWilliams Munson Fish and Wildlife Biologist U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 620 South Walker Street Bloomington, IN 46142 812-334-4261

Mon-Tues 8-3:30p Wed-Thurs 8:30-3p Telework

**From:** Susan Castle < <u>susanc@metricenv.com</u>>

**Sent:** Tuesday, May 19, 2020 4:02 PM

To: 'michelle.allen@dot.gov' <michelle.allen@dot.gov>; 'erica.tait@dot.gov' <erica.tait@dot.gov>;
environmentalreview@dnr.in.gov <environmentalreview@dnr.in.gov>; Clark, Rickie <RCLARK@indot.IN.gov>;
'paul.j.lehmann@hud.gov' <paul.j.lehmann@hud.gov>; Santiago, Hector R <Hector Santiago@nps.gov>; David Dye
(ddye@indot.in.gov) <ddye@indot.in.gov>; McWilliams, Robin <robin mcwilliams@fws.gov>; 'kamick@fs.fed.us'
<kamick@fs.fed.us>; 'rick.neilson@in.usda.gov' <rick.neilson@in.usda.gov>; CELRL.Door.To.The.Corps@USACE.army.mil
<CELRL.Door.To.The.Corps@USACE.army.mil>; 'dblann@jacksoncounty.in.gov' <dblann@jacksoncounty.in.gov>;
'jault@jacksoncounty.in.gov' <jault@jacksoncounty.in.gov>; ema@jacksoncounty.in.gov <ema@jacksoncounty.in.gov>;
'drew@drewmarkel.com' <drew@drewmarkel.com>; 'auditor@jacksoncounty.in.gov' <auditor@jacksoncounty.in.gov>
Cc: Matern, Jeff <JMatern@jsengr.com>

**Subject:** [EXTERNAL] Agency Early Coordination Letter, Des. No. 1703020, Bridge Project E CR 300 South over Rider Ditch, 0.82 mile east of CR 840 E, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana

Dear Interested Agency,

Metric Environmental is preparing the Categorical Exclusion document for the above referenced project.

The attached letter is part of the early coordination phase of the environmental review process. We are requesting comments from your area of expertise regarding any possible environmental effects associated with this project. Should we not receive your response within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of this letter, it will be assumed that your agency believes that there will be no adverse effects incurred as a result of the proposed project.

Thank you very much

# APPENDIX D Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act

#### FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION'S

# SECTION 4(F) COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS (for historic properties) AND SECTION 106 FINDINGS AND DETERMINATIONS AREA OF POTENTIAL EFFECT

#### ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS EFFECT FINDING

JACKSON COUNTY BRIDGE 154 CARRYING CR 300S OVER RIDER DITCH WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP, JACKSON COUNTY, INDIANA DES NO.: 1703020

#### AREA OF POTENTIAL EFFECT

(Pursuant to 36 CFR 800.4(a)(1))

The Area of Potential Effects (APE) is the area in which an undertaking may cause direct or indirect changes in the character or use of an historic property. The APE was developed with regard to the potential scope of the project, which concerns Jackson County Bridge 154 (Indiana Historic Bridge #0742/NBI #3600099). The established APE consists of a 0.25 (1,350 feet) mile radius around the bridge. Please see Appendix B for a map of the APE.

#### **ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS**

(Pursuant to 36 CFR 800.4(c)(2))

There are no historic properties listed in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) within the APE. The APE contains one NRHP-eligible property:

#### **Jackson County Bridge 154** (Indiana Historic Bridge #0742/NBI #3600099):

This single-span steel Pratt pony truss bridge is 90 feet long with a roadway width of 15.4 feet. It was built in 1910 with repairs made to it in 1987, and it was rehabilitated in 1992 and 2008. The bridge was determined eligible for inclusion in the NRHP by the Indiana Department of Transportation's (INDOT) *Indiana Historic Bridge Inventory* (IHBI) under Criterion C as an early or distinctive phase in bridge construction, design, or engineering. Based upon the methodology used by the IHBI, however, the bridge was determined not to be an excellent example of its type and/or suitable for preservation, and therefore it was listed as a "Non-Select" bridge in the IHBI.

No other resources within the APE are recommended NRHP eligible.

#### **EFFECT FINDING**

Per the terms of the "Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" (Historic Bridges PA), the Federal Highway Administration—Indiana Division (FHWA) will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the Project Development Process (PDP) of the Historic Bridges PA (Stipulation III). Jackson County Bridge 154 has been classified as a Non-Select Bridge by the INDOT Historic Bridge Inventory, and thus, the procedures outlined in Stipulation III.B of the Historic Bridges PA will be followed to fulfill FHWA's Section 106 responsibilities for the bridge.

Therefore, the finding for this project only applies to other resources located within the APE and not Jackson County Bridge 154. This document will satisfy the Section 106 responsibilities for other resources located in the APE.

Regarding other resources located in the project area, INDOT, acting on FHWA's behalf, has determined a "No Historic Properties Affected" finding is appropriate for this undertaking. INDOT respectfully requests the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer (IN SHPO) provide written concurrence with the Section 106 determination of effect.

#### **SECTION 4(f) COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS (for historic properties)**

Jackson County Bridge 154 - This resource is used for transportation purposes. Jackson County Bridge 154 will be evaluated through the *Programmatic Section 4(f) Evaluation and Approval for FHWA Projects that Necessitate the Use of Historic Bridges*.

Anuradha V. Kumar

Anuradha V. Kumar, for FHWA Manager INDOT Cultural Resources Office

05/26/2020

Approved Date

# FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION'S DOCUMENTATION OF SECTION 106 FINDINGS OF NO HISTORIC PROPERTIES AFFECTED SUBMITTED TO THE STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER PURSUANT TO 36 CFR 800.4(d)(1) JACKSON COUNTY BRIDGE 154 CARRYING CR 300S OVER RIDER DITCH WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP, JACKSON COUNTY, INDIANA

**DES NO.: 1703020** 

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE UNDERTAKING

Jackson County Commissioners, with funding from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and administration from the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT) are proposing to utilize federal funding for a project for Jackson County Bridge 154 (Indiana Historic Bridge #0742/NBI #3600099). The project is located in Jackson County near the town of Crothersville in Washington Township on County Road (CR) 300 South (S) over Rider Ditch. It can be found on the *Crothersville, Indiana* USGS Topographic Quadrangle maps in Township 5 North, Range 6 East, in Sections 28 and 29.

The need for this project is due to advanced deterioration and vandalization of Jackson County Bridge #154. The latest bridge inspection report (March 2019) rated the bridge as structurally deficient and therefore unsafe. Per the bridge inspection report, the bridge has suffered severe corrosion and up to 85% section loss on the plates connecting the intermediate vertical posts and floor beams, including one location where the plate is completely corroded through. On the bridge's west approach vandals have removed the bottom chord I-bar along one panel. Temporary repairs were made at that time to the bridge. Due to the advanced section loss, the bridge was closed in March 2019.

The primary purpose of this project is to restore service to East County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch.

Multiple alternatives are under consideration, including a no build alternative; two rehabilitation options to the bridge for continued vehicular use; two rehabilitation options that would rehabilitate the bridge for non-vehicular use and build a bypass adjacent to it; a relocation alternative, which would require a third party to adopt the bridge and move it at their cost; and replacement of the bridge and construction of a new one on the same alignment.

The project terminus points would be 408 feet west of the bridge and 616 east of the bridge. Acquisition of land for permanent right-of-way is anticipated to be 0.5 acre or less throughout the project limits. County Road 300S, which has been closed to traffic in the project area since March 2019, will continue to be closed to traffic during construction.

Area of Potential Effects (APE): This is a federally funded project that requires coordination with the FHWA as required by the Section 106 process. Per 36 CFR 800.9(a), the APE is defined as the "geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause alterations in the character or use of historic properties, if any such properties exist." The APE boundary is a

circle centered upon the subject bridge from which the radii extend no less than 0.25 mile (1350 feet) in every direction. A map illustrating the APE limits as described is provided in Appendix B.

#### 2. EFFORTS TO IDENTIFY HISTORIC PROPERTIES

#### A) Historic Properties Report

Pursuant to 36 CFR 800.4(b), Sue Becher Gilliam from Metric Environmental, LLC initiated identification efforts in January 2020 by reviewing the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), the Indiana Historic Sites and Structures Inventory (IHSSI), the Indiana State Historic Architectural and Archaeological Research Database (SHAARD) and the Indiana Historic Buildings, Bridges, and Cemeteries Map, the Indiana Historic Bridge Inventory, the Indiana Historical Bureau's Historical Markers Database, and the 1988 Jackson County Interim Historic Sites and Structures Inventory (IHSSI) for previously-identified properties. Primary and secondary documentary research included numerous published county and local histories, historical and current atlases and maps, and online resources. Additionally in January 2020 Ms. Becher Gilliam conducted a field survey by walking all the areas within the APE and taking photographs in an effort to identify and evaluate any historic resources present. Ms. Becher Gilliam then completed a Historic Property Short Report (Becher Gilliam, 2/21/2020) and provided recommendations concerning the historic significance of the properties within the APE. As a result of identification and evaluation efforts for this project, no properties within the project APE were recommended eligible for listing in the NRHP. The HPSR was submitted to the CRO for review on January 31, 2010, and on February 24, 2020 their office released the document for consulting party review. Please refer to Appendix A: Project Site Photographs and Appendix C: Report Summaries.

#### B) Archaeological Survey

Archaeologist Samuel Snell from Metric Environmental, LLC conducted a Phase IA archaeological reconnaissance in January 2020. Their survey area encompassed 2.4 acres, and included shovel probes, a pedestrian walkover survey and visual inspections. No artifacts were recorded in the shovel probes excavated. The archaeologists also conducted a literature review at the Department of Historic Preservation and Archaeology (DHPA) to review previously recorded sites. No such sites were recorded adjacent to the project area. The archaeologist prepared a Phase Ia Archaeological Records and Reconnaissance Survey report (Snell, 1/31/2020) that noted no archaeological resources are in the project area, and recommended the project proceed as planned. The archaeology report was submitted to the CRO for review on January 31, 2010, and on February 24, 2020 their office released the document for consulting party review. Please refer to Appendix C: Report Summaries.

#### C) Consultation

Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act requires federal agencies to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties. In accordance with 36 CFR 800.2(c), individuals and groups with a demonstrated interest in the undertaking were invited to participate in efforts to identify historic properties potentially affected by the undertaking, assess its effects, and seek ways to avoid, minimize or mitigate any adverse effects on historic properties.

On November 7, 2019 the following individuals and groups listed in the table below were sent an email on behalf of INDOT requesting them to act as a consulting party for the undertaking. They were also advised that the Early Coordination Letter was available for review at the INDOT's Section 106 Consultation and Outreach Portal Enterprise, known as INSCOPE. The invitees were requested to respond within 30 days indicating whether the agency agreed or did not agree to participate as a consulting party. Also on November 7, 2019 the INDOT Cultural Resources Office emailed the Native American Tribes listed in the table to invite them to be consulting parties, and to direct them to the documents available for review on INSCOPE.

It was noted in the email correspondence that if no response was provided, the individual or group would not be considered a consulting party and would not receive further information about the undertaking unless the scope changed.

Invited Section 106 Consulting Parties	Status		
Indiana Landmarks, Southern Regional Office	No Response - Declined		
Jackson County Historical Center	No Response - Declined		
Bob Gillaspy, Jackson County Commissioner	No Response - Declined		
Drew Markel, Jackson County Commissioner	No Response - Declined		
Matt Reedy, Jackson County Commissioner	No Response - Declined		
Bill Day, Jackson County Historian	No Response - Declined		
Paul Brandenburg, Historic Spans Task Force	No Response - Declined		
Dr. James Cooper	No Response - Declined		
Tony Dillon, Historic Hoosier Bridges	No Response - Declined		
Nathan Holth, Historicbridges.org	No Response - Declined		
Kitty Henderson, Historic Bridge Foundation	No Response - Declined		
Fleeta Arthur, Jackson County Parks and Recreation	No Response - Declined		
Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma	No Response - Declined		
Miami Tribe of Oklahoma	Accepted – December 10, 2019		
Peoria Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma	No Response - Declined		
Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians	No Response - Declined		
Delaware Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma	No Response - Declined		

The Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Archaeology and Historic Preservation (SHPO) is automatically considered a consulting party for federally funded transportation projects due to its mandatory or designated role as specified in 36 C.F.R. § 800.2. The SHPO was sent a hard copy of all materials on November 12, 2019.

In an email dated December 10, 2019 the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma accepted the consulting party invitation. They also stated they were not aware of existing documentation directly linking Miami culture or historic sites to the project site, but if any human remains or Native American cultural items falling under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) or archaeological evidence was discovered during any phase of the project, they asked to be immediately consulted.

In a letter dated December 16, 2019 the SHPO commented upon the submitted materials by stating they were not aware of any other parties who should be invited to participate in this Section 106 consultation.

In January 2020, Fleeta Arthur of Jackson County Parks and Recreation made a phone inquiry to SHPO staff regarding truss bridges in Jackson County that may be proposed for replacement. The inquiry was forwarded to INDOT Cultural Resources Office staff, who responded to Ms. Arthur via email on January 10, 2020. On the same date, SHPO staff also encouraged Ms. Arthur via email to let INDOT know if she wanted to become a consulting party for the Des. No. 1703020 project. No response was received from Ms. Arthur.

On February 25, 2020 the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma and the SHPO -- consulting parties who had accepted the invitation to participate – were sent a letter to notify them that the Historic Property Short Report and the Archaeology Report were available for review on INSCOPE. They were asked to reply with comments within 30 days.

On March 30, 2020 the SHPO agreed with the size of the APE for the project, and stated they agreed with the recommendations of the Historic Property Short Report that Jackson County Bridge 154 (NBI #3600099) is the only above ground NRHP eligible property, but that it is listed as a "Non-Select" bridge. The SHPO also agreed with the archaeologist's recommendation that no further archaeological investigations appear to be necessary. Consulting party correspondence is presented in Appendix D.

Per the terms of the "Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" (Historic Bridges PA), the FHWA will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the Project Development Process (PDP) of the Historic Bridges PA (Stipulation III). Jackson County Bridge 154 has been classified as a "Non-Select" bridge in the Indiana Historic Bridge Inventory and, thus, the procedures outlined in Stipulation III.B of the Historic Bridges PA will be followed to fulfill FHWA's Section 106 responsibilities for the bridge. The standard treatment approach described in Attachment B of the Historic Bridges PA (Standard Treatment Approach for Historic Bridges) will be followed.

As per the Historic Bridges PA, a Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA) will be completed and submitted to INDOT-CRO. Once INDOT-CRO approves the HBAA to be released for review it will be distributed to the consulting parties.

The bridge is being marketed for rehabilitation and reuse, or for the salvage of elements of the bridge by an interested party, in accordance with the Historic Bridges PA. An advertisement was placed in the *Seymour Tribune* newspaper and on the INDOT Historic Bridges Marketing Program website on November 15, 2019. The bridge advertisement notification signs were posted on November 19, 2019. An advertisement was placed in the *Indianapolis Star* newspaper on May 1, 2020. To date no interested parties have come forward to take ownership of Jackson County Bridge 154. The marketing period will end when the public hearing comment period ends (see Appendix E for marketing documentation). Depending on the preferred scope of the project from the HBAA, Jackson County will coordinate with the SHPO as appropriate to determine if any photo

documentation of the bridge will be required per the Historic Bridges PA.

Per Stipulation III of the Historic Bridges PA, the project sponsor will hold a public hearing for the project prior to completion of National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) studies and all consulting parties will be notified of the public hearing.

#### 3. BASIS FOR FINDING

The APE contains one property previously determined eligible for the NRHP: Jackson County Bridge 154 carrying CR 300S over Rider Ditch. However, as mentioned above, the FHWA will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges by following the PDP of the Historic Bridges PA (Stipulation III). The finding for this project only applies to other resources located within the APE and not Jackson County Bridge 154.

Because no historic properties were identified within the project's APE, a Finding of "No Historic Properties Affected" has been made for this undertaking.

#### A) Continued Consultation

INDOT's Findings, made on behalf of FHWA, and supporting Section 800.11(d) documentation are hereby provided to the SHPO and consulting parties for a final 30-day consultation/comment period. Views of the public are concurrently being sought through publication of the findings in a locally available widely circulated newspaper.

#### **APPENDICES**

Appendix A: Key Map and Project Site Photographs

Appendix B: Project Location Maps and APE

Appendix C: Report Summaries

Appendix D: Consulting Parties' Correspondence

Appendix E: Bridge Marketing Documentation

Appendix A: Key Map and Project Site Photographs





Photo 1. CR 300 South, camera facing west towards Jackson County Bridge 154.



Photo 2. Jackson County Bridge 154, camera facing northwest.



Photo 3. Jackson County Bridge 154, camera facing northeast.



Photo 4. Jackson County Bridge 154, camera facing east.



Photo 5. Jackson County Bridge 154, camera facing west.



Photo 6. Jackson County Bridge 154, camera facing southwest.



Photo 7. Detail of Jackson County Bridge 154.



Photo 8. Detail of Jackson County Bridge 154.

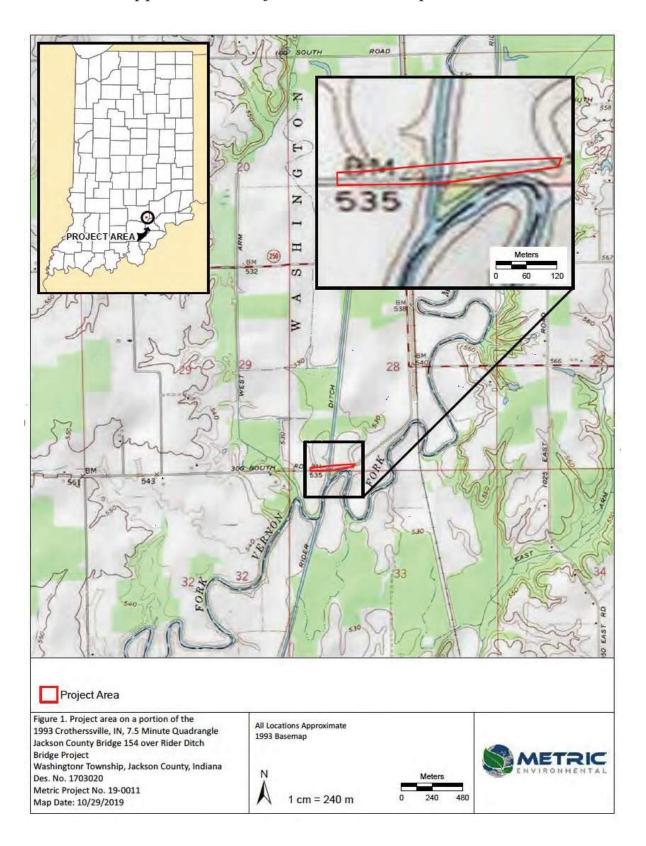


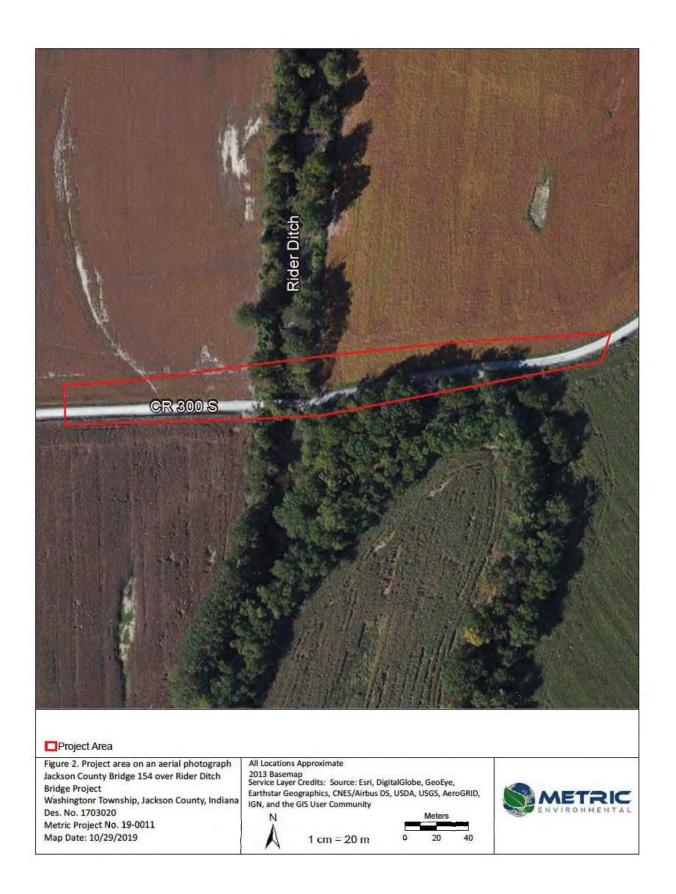
Photo 9. CR 300 South, camera facing west.

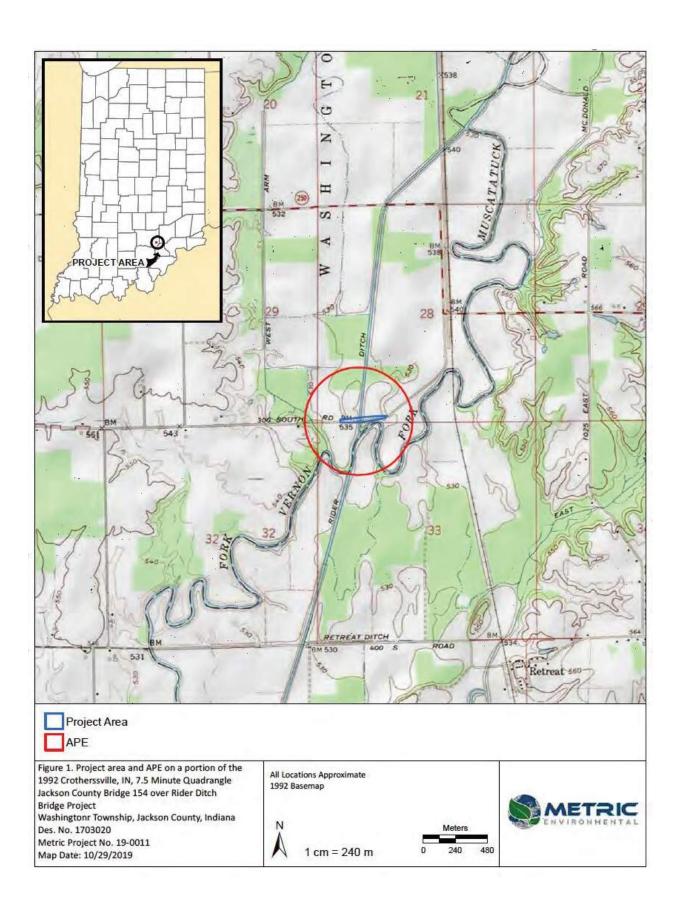


Photo 10. CR 300 South, camera facing east toward Jackson County Bridge 154.

Appendix B: Project Locations Maps and APE







# Appendix C: Report Summaries

\*Please note: the entire HPSR can be downloaded from INSCOPE

## HISTORIC PROPERTY SHORT REPORT

JACKSON COUNTY BRIDGE 154 (NBI# 3600099) CARRYING CR 300 SOUTH OVER RIDER DITCH BRIDGE PROJECT DES: 1703020 WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP, JACKSON COUNTY, INDIANA

PREPARED FOR:

JANSSEN & SPAANS ENGINEERING, INC.

**LEAD AGENCY:** 

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINSTRATION

#### Prepared by:



## Complex Environment. Creative Solutions.

6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, IN 46256 Telephone: 317.400.1633 www.metricenv.com

Sue Becher Gilliam, M.S.H.P. susang@metricenv.com

February 21, 2020

19-0011

#### MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

This report documents the identification and evaluation efforts for properties included in the Area of Potential Effects (APE) for the proposed Jackson County Bridge 154 (NBI# 3600099) carrying CR 300 South over Rider Ditch bridge project in Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana. Aboveground resources located within the project APE were identified and evaluated in accordance with Section 106, National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) of 1966, as amended, and the regulations implementing Section 106 (36 CFR Part 800).

As a result of the NHPA, as amended, and CFR Part 800, federal agencies are required to take into account the impact of federal undertakings upon historic properties in the area of the undertaking. Historic properties include buildings, structures, sites, objects, and/or districts that are eligible for or listed in the National Register of Historic Places (National Register). As this project is receiving funding from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), it is subject to a Section 106 review.

The APE contains no properties listed in the National Register. One National Register -eligible resource is situated within the project APE, Jackson County Bridge 154 (NBI# 3600099), which was determined eligible for the NRHP per the *Indiana Historic Bridge Inventory*. As stated in the *Indiana Historic Bridge Inventory* this bridge is eligible under Criterion C because it represents an early or distinctive phase in bridge construction, design, or engineering, and it retains historic integrity necessary to convey its engineering significance. Per the terms of the "Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" (Historic Bridges PA), the FHWA will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the Project Development Process (PDP) of the Historic Bridges PA (Stipulation III). Because Jackson County Bridge 154 is a "Non-Select" bridge, the procedures outlined in Stipulation III.B of the Historic Bridges PA will be followed. Per Stipulation III.B. a Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis will be prepared for the project. There are no other resources listed on, or eligible for listing on, the National Register or the Indiana Register of Historic Sites and Structures (State Register) within the APE of this project. Furthermore, the APE contains no properties that are recommended eligible for inclusion in the National Register.



Metric Project No: 19-0011

## Metric Project No: 19-0011

#### 5.0 CONCLUSIONS

The APE contains no properties listed in the NRHP.

As a result of identification and evaluation efforts for this project, Jackson County Bridge 154 has been determined eligible for inclusion in the NRHP and classified as a Non-Select bridge.

## ARCHAEOLOGICAL SHORT REPORT

# PHASE IA ARCHEAOLOGICAL SURVEY FOR THE JACKSON COUNTY BRIDGE 154 OVER RIDER DITCH BRIDGE PROJECT, DES. NO. 1703020, WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP, JACKSON COUNTY, INDIANA

PREPARED FOR:

## JANSSEN & SPAANS ENGINEERING, INC.

**LEAD AGENCY:** 

JACKSON COUNTY

JANUARY 31, 2020

#### Prepared by:



#### Complex Environment. Creative Solutions.

6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, IN 46256 Telephone: 317.400.1633 www.metricenv.com

Samuel P. Snell, MS, RPA Archaeological Principal Investigator sams@metricenv.com

January 31, 2020

19-0011



#### INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF HISTORIC PRESERVATION AND ARCHAEOLOGY 402 West Washington Street, Room W274

402 West Washington Street, Room W27. Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2739 Telephone Number. (317) 232-1646 Fax Number. (317) 232-0693 E-mail: dhpa@dnr.IN.gov

Where applicable, the use of this form is recommended but not required by the Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology.

Author: Samuel F	P. Snell, MS, RPA						
	Date (month,	day, year): Janua	ry 31, 202	20			
Project Little: 1	e Ia Archaeology Survey for th No. 1703020, Washington Tov	STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P			ch Bridge Project,		
	PRO	JECT OVERV	/IEW				
Project Description	Jackson County proposes to bridge project in Washingto project is in Section 28, To Indiana, United States Geol.  The current bridge is a stee South across Rider Ditch. J the National Register of Hi bridge is structurally deficinate have removed the bottom cowas completed (date unknostructure. Due to advanced alternative is to replace the will be realigned to the north the survey area is roughly (1,115.5 ft) and a maximum ac).	on Township, Jack wnship 5 North, F logical Survey (Un I Pratt pony truss of fackson County Bristoric Places by the ent. On the south shord I-bar along of the product of the south bridge; however, th of the existing by rectangular in sha	son Courtange 6 E SGS) tope which carridge 154 e Indiana side of the me panel wire rope oridge was if the bricoridge and pe with a pe with a	nty, Indiana (Des. ast on the 7.5-min ographic map. cries East County has been determined Historic Bridges are structure, at the (date unknown) and tumbuckles is closed in March de remains in plad new right-of-wallength of approx	No. 17003020). The nute Crothresville,  Road (CR) 300 ned as eligible for Inventory. The west end, vandals A temporary repair used to stabilize the n 2019. The preferred ace, then CR 300 S by will be required.		
INDOT Designation	on Number/ Contract Number:	1703020		Project Number:			
DHPA Number:	nber: 24684		Approved DHPA Plan Number:				
Prepared For: Jar	ssens & Spaans Engineering, I	nc.					
Contact Person:	Brad Isaacs						
Address: 5921 S	tratton Circle						
City: Columbus		State:	IN	ZIP Code:	47203		
Telephone Numbe	Felephone Number: 812.372.6573		Address:	BIsaacs@jsengr	.com		
Principal Investiga	stor: Samuel P. Snell, MS, RPA	1					
Signature:							
Company/Instituti	on: Metric Environmental						

# Recommendation The archaeological records check has determined that the project area has the potential to contain archaeological resources and a Phase Ia archaeological reconnaissance is recommended. The archaeological records check has determined that the project area does not have the potential to contain archaeological resources and no further work is recommended before the project is allowed to proceed. The Phase Ia archaeological reconnaissance has located no archaeological sites within the project area and it is recommended that the project be allowed to proceed as planned. The Phase Ia archaeological reconnaissance has determined that the project area includes landforms which have the potential to contain buried archaeological deposits. It is recommended that Phase Ic archaeological subsurface reconnaissance be conducted before the project is allowed to proceed.

# Appendix D: Consulting Parties' Correspondence

Consulting Parties List Bridge 154 Over Rider Ditch Des. No. 1703020

Organization	Contact/Title	Address	City	State	ZIP	Phone	Email address	Accept CP Status (Y/N)
State Historic Preservation Office	Chad Slider	402 West Washington Street, W274	Indianapolis	IN	46204	317.232.3492	cslider@dnr.in.gov	Y
Indiana Landmarks, Southern Regional Office	Greg Sekula, Director	911 State Street	New Albany	IN	47150	812.284.4534	gsekula@indianalandmarks.org	N
Jackson County Historical Center	Richard Rumph, President	105 N. Sugar Street	Brownstown	IN	47220	N/A	jchc@frontier.com	N
Jackson County Commissioner	Bob Gillaspy	8955 Elizabeth Way	Seymour	IN	47274	812.525.8159	bgillaspy@tcjobsite.com	N
Jackson County Commissioner	Drew Markel	5269 East County Road 400 S	Seymour	IN	47274	812.569.1110	drew@drewmarkel.com	N
Jackson County Commissioner	Matt Reedy	6384 N. County Road 450 W	Freetown	IN	47235	812.525.8963	Mreedy@jereedyinc.com	N
Jackson County Historian	Bill Day	808 W. Spring Street	Brownstown	IN	47220	812.358.5170	Bdday2@frontier.com	N
Historic Spans Taskforce	Paul Brandenburg, Chair	5868 Croton Circle	Indianapolis	IN	46256		indianabridges@sbcglobal.com	N
	Dr. James L. Cooper, Professor	629 East Seminary Street	Indianapolis	IN	46135		ljcooper@ccrtc.com	N
Historic Hoosier Bridges	Tony Dillon	208 N 17th St.	New Castle	IN	47362	765.624.6558	spansaver@hotmail.com	N
Historicbridges.org	Nathan Holth	2767 Eastway Drive	Okemos	MI	48864	269.290.2593	nathan@historicbridges.org	N
Historic Bridge Foundation	Kitty Henderson, Executive Director	P.O. Box 66245	Austin	TX	78766	512.407.8898	Kitty@historicbridgefoundation.com	N
Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma								N
Miami Tribe of Oklahoma								Y
Peoria Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma								N
Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians								N
Delaware Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma								N
Jackson Co Parks & Rec	Fleeta Arthur	220 E Walnut St	Brownstown	IN	47220		yakfleet@gmail.com	Y



FHWA Project: Des. No. 1703020; Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch Bridge Project, Washington Township, Jackson Co... Details To: gsekula@indianalandmarks.org, [chc@frontier.com, bgillaspy@tcjobsite.com, drew@drewmarkel.com & 9 more



Des. No.: 1703020

Project Description: Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch Bridge Project

Location: Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana

Jackson County, with funding from the Federal Highway Administration and administrative oversight from the Indiana Department of Transportation, proposes to proceed with the Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch Bridge Project, Des. No. 1703020.

Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act requires federal agencies to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties. The following agencies/individuals are being invited to become consulting parties:

State Historic Preservation Office Jackson County Historical Center **Jackson County Commissioners** Dr. James L. Cooper Historicbridges.com Jackson County Parks and Recreation Board

Miami Tribe of Oklahoma

Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians

Indiana Landmarks, Southern Regional Office Jackson County Historian Historic Spans Taskforce Historic Hoosier Bridges

Historic Bridge Foundation Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma Peoria Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma Delaware Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma

This letter is part of the early coordination phase of the environmental review process requesting comments associated with this project. We are requesting comments from your area of expertise regarding any possible environmental effects associated with this project. Please use the above Des. Number and project description in your reply and your comments will be incorporated into the formal environmental study.

Please review the attached letter, which is also located in IN SCOPE at <a href="http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/">http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/</a> (the Des. No. is the most efficient search term, once in IN SCOPE), and respond with your comments on any historic resource impacts incurred as a result of this project so that an environmental report can be completed. We also welcome your related opinions and other input to be considered in the preparation of the environmental document. If a hard copy of the materials is needed, please respond to this email with your request within seven (7) days.

Consulting parties have thirty (30) calendar days from receipt of this information to review and provide comments. If we do not receive a response from an invited consulting party within the time allotted, the project will proceed consistent with the proposed design. Therefore, if we do not receive a response within thirty (30) days, your agency or organization will not receive any further information on the project unless the scope of work changes.

Tribal contacts may contact Shaun Miller at smiller@indot.in.gov or 317-233-6795 or Michelle Allen at FHWA at michelle.allen@dot.gov or 317-226-7344. Thank you in advance for your input,

Samuel P. Snell, MS, RPA Archaeological Principal Investigator



Phone: 317.912.3499 Email: sams@metricenv.com 6971 Hillsdale Court, Indianapolis, IN 46250

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Certified DBE/MBE/SBE INDIANAPOLIS INDIANAPOLIS I GARY I CINCINNATI

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From: Kennedy, Mary

Cc:

To: "thpo@estoo.net"; "Diane Hunter"; "Ipappenfort@peoriatribe.com"; Matthew.Bussler@pokagonband-nsn.gov; lheady@delawaretribe.org

Miller, Shaun (INDOT); "Allen, Michelle (FHWA)"; Sam Snell; Dhpacommentsfromcro, Dnr

Subject: FHWA Project: Des. No. 1703020; Jackson County Bridge 154 Project, Washington Township, Jackson County, Ind.

Date: Tuesday, November 12, 2019 3:46:03 PM

Attachments: image006.png

image007.png image008.png image010.png

External Message: This message originated outside of Metric Environmental.

Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Des. No.: 1703020

Project Description: Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch Bridge Project

Location: Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana

Jackson County, with funding from the Federal Highway Administration and administrative oversight from the Indiana Department of Transportation, proposes to proceed with the Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch Bridge Project, Des. No. 1703020.

Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act requires federal agencies to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties. The following agencies/individuals are being invited to become consulting parties:

State Historic Preservation Office Indiana Landmarks, Southern Regional Office

Jackson County Historical Center Jacks
Jackson County Commissioners Histor
Dr. James L. Cooper Hist
Historicbridges.com Hist
Jackson County Parks and Recreation Board Eastern

Miami Tribe of Oklahoma

Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians

Jackson County Historian

Jackson County Historian
Historic Spans Taskforce
Historic Hoosier Bridges
Historic Bridge Foundation
Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma
Peoria Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma
Delaware Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma

This letter is part of the early coordination phase of the environmental review process requesting comments associated with this project. We are requesting comments from your area of expertise regarding any possible environmental effects associated with this project. Please use the above Des. Number and project description in your reply and your comments will be incorporated into the formal environmental study.

Please review the letter located in IN SCOPE at <a href="http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/">http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/</a> (the Des. No. is the most efficient search term, once in IN SCOPE), and respond with your comments on any historic resource impacts incurred as a result of this project so that an environmental report can be completed. We also welcome your related opinions and other input to be considered in the preparation of the environmental document. If a hard copy of the materials is needed, please respond to this email with your request within seven (7) days.

Consulting parties have thirty (30) calendar days from receipt of this information to review and provide comments. If we do not receive a response from an invited consulting party within the time allotted, the project will proceed consistent with the proposed design. Therefore, if we do not receive a response within thirty (30) days, your agency or organization will not receive any further information on the project unless the scope of work changes.

Tribal contacts may contact Shaun Miller at <a href="mailto:smiller@indot.in.gov">smiller@indot.in.gov</a> or 317-233-6795 or Michelle Allen at FHWA at michelle.allen@dot.gov or 317-226-7344.

## Mary E. Kennedy

Historic Bridge Specialist

100 N. Senate Ave., Room N642-ES

Indianapolis, IN 46204 Office: (317) 232-5215

Email: mkennedy@indot.in.gov



\*\*Updated guidance for historic bridge projects can be found in the links below:
Overview-Indiana Historic Bridges Program
Historic Bridge Project Development Process

Procedures for Public Hearings under the Historic Bridges PA
\*For the latest updates from INDOT's Cultural Resources Office, subscribe to the Environmental Services listsery:

https://www.in.gov/indot/3217.htm



## INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

100 North Senate Avenue Room N642 Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 PHONE: (317) 234-5168

Eric Holcomb, Governor Joe McGuinness, Commissioner

November 12, 2019

This letter was sent to the listed parties.

RE: Jackson County Bridge 154 (NBI# 3600099) on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch Bridge Project, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana, Des. No. 1703020.

Dear Consulting Party (see attached list).

Jackson County, with funding from the Federal Highway Administration and administrative oversight from the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT), proposes to proceed with the Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch Bridge Project, Des. No. 1703020. Metric Environmental, LLC. is under contract with Janssen & Spaans Engineering, Inc., on behalf of Jackson County to advance the environmental documentation for the referenced project.

The proposed undertaking is on East County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch in Jackson, Indiana. It is within Washington Township, Crothersville, IN, in 28 and 29, 5N, 6E.

The purpose of this project is to provide a structurally sufficient and scour resistant crossing of Rider Ditch, to maintain connectivity and access for local residents and farmers. The need for this project is due to advanced deterioration and vandalization of Jackson County Bridge #154, a steel Pratt pony truss which carries East County Road (CR) 300 South across Rider Ditch. The bridge is structurally deficient. On the south side of the structure, at the west end, vandals have removed the bottom chord I-bar along one panel (date unknown). A temporary repair was completed (date unknown) consisting of wire rope and turnbuckles used to stabilize the structure. Due to advanced section loss, the bridge was closed in March 2019. It is anticipated that the project will require acquisition of permanent right-of-way. Although exact amounts are not known at this time, it is expected to be 0.5 acre or less. Jackson County Bridge 154 has been determined as eligible for the National Register of Historic Places by the Indiana Historic Bridges Inventory.

Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act requires federal agencies to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic and archaeological properties. In accordance with 36 CFR 800.2 (c), you are hereby requested to be a consulting party to participate in the Section 106 process. Entities that have been invited to participate in the Section 106 consultation process for this project are identified in the attached list. Per 36 CFR 800.3(f), we hereby request that the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) notify this office if the SHPO staff is aware of any other parties that may be entitled to be consulting parties or should be contacted as potential consulting parties for the project.

The Section 106 process involves efforts to identify historic properties potentially affected by the undertaking, assess its effects and seek ways to avoid, minimize or mitigate any adverse effects on historic properties. For more information regarding the protection of historic resources, please see the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's guide: Protecting Historic Properties: A Citizen's Guide to Section 106 Review available online at <a href="https://www.achp.gov/sites/default/files/documents/2017-01/CitizenGuide.pdf">https://www.achp.gov/sites/default/files/documents/2017-01/CitizenGuide.pdf</a>.

Per the terms of the "Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" (Historic Bridges PA), the FHWA-Indiana Division will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the Project Development Process (PDP) of the Historic Bridges PA (Stipulation III). Because Jackson County Bridge 154 is a "Non-Select" bridge, the procedures outlined in Stipulation III.B of the Historic Bridges PA will be followed to fulfill FHWA's Section 106 responsibilities for the project. (A copy of the Historic Bridges PA can be downloaded here: <a href="http://www.in.gov/indot/2530.htm">http://www.in.gov/indot/2530.htm</a>).

The Area of Potential Effects (APE) is the area in which the proposed project may cause alterations in the character or use of historic resources. At this time, no cultural resource investigations have occurred; however, the results of cultural resource identification and



evaluation efforts, both above-ground and archaeological, will be forthcoming. Consulting parties will receive notification when these reports are completed.

Please review the information and comment within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt. If you indicate that you do not desire to be a consulting party, or if you do not respond, you will not be included on the list of consulting parties for this project. If we do not receive your response in the time allotted, the project will proceed consistent with the proposed design and you will not receive further information about the project unless the design changes.

For questions concerning specific project details, you may contact Samuel P. Snell of Metric Environmental, LLC., at 317-912-3499 or sams@Metricenv.com. All future responses regarding the proposed project should be forwarded to Metric Environmental, LLC. at the following address:

Samuel P. Snell Archaeological Principal Investigator Metric Environmental, LLC. 6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, Indiana 46250 sams@metricenv.com

Tribal contacts may contact Shaun Miller at smiller@indot in gov or 317-233-6795 or Michelle Allen at FHWA at michelle.allen@dot.gov or 317-226-7344.

Sincerely.

Anuradha V. Kumar, Manager Cultural Resources Office

**Environmental Services** 

Enclosures:

Topographic project location

Project Area on an aerial photograph

Distribution List:

State Historic Preservation Office

Indiana Landmarks, Southern Regional Office

Jackson County Historical Center

Jackson County Historian

Jackson County Commissioners

Historic Spans Taskforce

Dr. James L. Cooper

Historic Hoosier Bridges

Jackson County Parks and Recreation Board

Historicbridges.com

Historic Bridge Foundation

Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma

Miami Tribe of Oklahoma

Peoria Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma

Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians

Delaware Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma

Note: These enclosures are included elsewhere in this document





# Miami Tribe of Oklahoma

3410 P St. NW, Miami, OK 74354 • P.O. Box 1326, Miami, OK 74355 Ph: (918) 541-1300 • Fax: (918) 542-7260 www.miamination.com



Via email: smiller@indot.IN.gov

December 10, 2019

Shaun Miller Archaeological Team Lead Cultural Resources Office, Indiana DOT 575 North Pennsylvania Street Indianapolis, IN 46204

Re: Des. No. 1703020; Jackson County Bridge 154 Project, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana – Comments of the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma

Dear Mr. Miller:

Aya, kikwehsitoole – I show you respect. My name is Diane Hunter, and I am the Tribal Historic Preservation Officer for the Federally Recognized Miami Tribe of Oklahoma. In this capacity, I am the Miami Tribe's point of contact for all Section 106 issues.

The Miami Tribe offers no objection to the above-mentioned project at this time, as we are not currently aware of existing documentation directly linking a specific Miami cultural or historic site to the project site. However, as this project is within the aboriginal homelands of the Miami Tribe, if any human remains or Native American cultural items falling under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) or archaeological evidence is discovered during any phase of this project, the Miami Tribe requests immediate consultation with the entity of jurisdiction for the location of discovery. In such a case, please contact me at 918-541-8966 or by email at dhunter@miamination.com to initiate consultation.

The Miami Tribe accepts the invitation to serve as a consulting party to the proposed project. In my capacity as Tribal Historic Preservation Officer I am the point of contact for consultation.

Respectfully,

Diane Hunter

Diane Hunter

Tribal Historic Preservation Officer



Division of Historic Preservation & Archaeology · 402 W. Washington Street, W274 · Indianapolis, IN 46204-2739 Phone 317-232-1646 · Fax 317-232-0693 · dhpa@dnr.IN.gov · www.IN.gov/dnr/historic

December 16, 2019



Samuel P. Snell Archaeological Principal Investigator Metric Environmental, LLC 6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, Indiana 46250

> Federal Agency: Indiana Department of Transportation ("INDOT"), on behalf of Federal Highway Administration, Indiana Division ("FHWA")

Re: Early coordination letter for the Jackson County Bridge 154 carrying CR 300S over Rider Ditch bridge project in Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (Des. No. 1703020; DHPA No. 24684)

Dear Mr. Snell:

Pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (54 U.S.C. § 306108), implementing regulations at 36 C.F.R. Part 800, the "Programmatic Agreement Among the Federal Highway Administration, the Indiana Department of Transportation, the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation Regarding the Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" ("Indiana Historic Bridges PA"), and the "Programmatic Agreement (PA) Among the Federal Highway Administration, the Indiana Department of Transportation, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation and the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer Regarding the Implementation of the Federal Aid Highway Program In the State of Indiana," the staff of the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer ("Indiana SHPO" or "INDNR-DHPA") has reviewed INDOT's November 11, 2019 early coordination letter, which we received November 25, 2019 for the aforementioned project.

Thank you for providing a list of the invited consulting parties and their contact information. We are not aware of any parties who should be invited to participate in the Section 106 consultation on this federal undertaking, beyond those whom INDOT already has invited. In your next regular correspondence on this project, please advise us as to which of the invited consulting parties has accepted the invitation.

We note that this c. 1910, single-span steel Pratt pony truss was evaluated as Eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places but rated Non-Select in the *Indiana Historic Bridges Inventory*.

We look forward to reviewing the proposed area of potential effects and the reports on investigations of above-ground cultural resources and archaeological resources that the early coordination letter indicated will be forthcoming.

The Indiana SHPO staff's archaeological reviewer for this project is Wade T. Tharp, and the structures reviewers are John Carr and Danielle Kauffmann. However, if you have a question about the Section 106 process, please contact initially the INDOT Cultural Resources staff members who are assigned to this project.

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Samuel P. Snell December 16, 2019 Page 2

In all future correspondence about the Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch bridge Project in Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (Des. No. 1703020), please refer to DHPA No. 24684.

Very truly yours,

Beth K. McCord

Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

BKM:DMK:dmk

emc: Michelle Allen, FHWA Erica Tait, FHWA Anuradha Kumar, INDOT Shaun Miller, INDOT

Shaun Miller, INDOT
Susan Branigin, INDOT
Shirley Clark, INDOT
Mary Kennedy, INDOT
Samuel P. Snell, Metric Environmental, LLC
Wade T. Tharp, INDNR-DHPA
John Carr, INDNR-DHPA
Danielle Kauffmann, INDNR-DHPA

From: Carr, John

**Sent:** Friday, January 10, 2020 2:02 PM **To:** Kennedy, Mary; Fleeta Arthur

Cc: Slider, Chad (DNR); Branigin, Susan; Kumar, Anuradha; Kauffmann, Danielle M

**Subject:** RE: Jackson County Bridges

Mary, thank you for looking into Fleeta's inquiry and for responding to her with the information available to you.

Fleeta, I would encourage you to let Mary know if you decide you *do* want to become a consulting party on the Des. No. 1703020 project (Jackson Co. Br No. 154 on CR 300S over Rider Ditch).

#### John

John L. Carr
Team Leader for Historic Structures Review
Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology
Indiana Department of Natural Resources
402 West Washington Street, Room W274
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
317-233-1949
jcarr@dnr.IN.gov
www.dnr.IN.gov/historic

From: Kennedy, Mary

**Sent:** Friday, January 10, 2020 1:39 PM **To:** Fleeta Arthur <yakfleet@gmail.com>

Cc: Carr, John <JCarr@dnr.IN.gov>; Slider, Chad (DNR) <CSlider@dnr.IN.gov>; Branigin, Susan <SBranigin@indot.IN.gov>;

Kumar, Anuradha <akumar@indot.IN.gov>; Kauffmann, Danielle M <DKauffmann@dnr.IN.gov>

Subject: Jackson County Bridges

Hello Fleeta,

John Carr of the SHPO staff forwarded me an inquiry you made regarding bridges in Jackson County. Your message indicated you have concerns regarding some truss bridges possibly slated for replacement. While I don't know what projects Jackson County may be planning with 100% local funds, we currently have two projects in the INDOT system (FHWA funds) for Jackson County pony trusses:

Jackson County Bridge No. 154 (NBI No. 3600099), CR 300S over Rider Ditch, Jackson County, Des. No. 1703020 Jackson County Bridge No. 197 (NBI No. 3600132), CR 100S over McHargue Ditch, Jackson County, Des. No. 1703018

The early coordination letter to kick off the Section 106 review process for Des. No. 1703020 was sent out via email on November 12, 2019 and you were a recipient. The letter can also be accessed via IN SCOPE by searching for the des. no. (<a href="http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/">http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/</a>). The letter indicated that if you did not respond, you would not be on the list for further communications for the project. The only respondents were the SHPO staff and the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma. However, if you would like to become a consulting party for that project and continue to receive emails for it, please let me know. The bridge involved is a 90' Pratt Pony Truss. We don't have a builder listed in our database.

<sup>\*</sup> Please let us know about the quality of our service by taking this brief customer survey.

No environmental/Section 106 work has yet commenced for Bridge No. 197/ Des. No. 1703018. You will be on the list of invited consulting parties when the first communication goes out. The bridge involved is a 65' Warren Pony Truss. Our database indicates it was built by a local contractor named Henry Harman.

Your message indicated you'd like to know how many Indiana Bridge Company bridges with "pedestals" are remaining. Based on research INDOT did to evaluate a bridge in Chain O'Lakes State Park, it does not appear that any Indiana Bridge Company Warren Cantilever Bedstead Pony Truss bridges remain except for one in Chain O'Lakes State Park. I have attached the page from the report that lists the known examples based on Jim Cooper's book *Iron Monuments to Distant Posterity* along with the dates they were demolished (when known). The full report on the Chain O'Lakes State Park Bridge can be found through IN SCOPE by searching under Des. No. 0123456.

Regards,

#### Mary E. Kennedy

*Historic Bridge Specialist* 100 N. Senate Ave., Room N642-ES Indianapolis, IN 46204

Office: (317) 232-5215

Email: mkennedy@indot.in.gov



\*\*Updated guidance for historic bridge projects can be found in the links below:

Overview-Indiana Historic Bridges Program

Historic Bridge Project Development Process

Procedures for Public Hearings under the Historic Bridges PA

\*For the latest updates from INDOT's Cultural Resources Office, subscribe to the Environmental Services listserv: https://www.in.gov/indot/3217.htm

From: Sam Snell [mailto:sams@metricenv.com]
Sent: Tuesday, February 25, 2020 9:11 AM
To: Slider, Chad (DNR) < CSlider@dnr.IN.gov>

**Cc:** Moffatt, Charles D < <a href="Miles Documents">CMoffatt@indot.IN.gov</a>; Kennedy, Mary < <a href="Miles Discounts">MKENNEDY@indot.IN.gov</a>> **Subject:** FHWA Project: Des. No. 1703020; Jackson County Bridge over Rider Ditch Bridge

Project, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (DHPA 24684).

\*\*\*\* This is an EXTERNAL email. Exercise caution. DO NOT open attachments or click links from unknown senders or unexpected email. \*\*\*\*

Des. No.: 1703020

Project Description: Jackson County Bridge over Rider Ditch Bridge Project, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (DHPA 24684).

Jackson County, with funding from the Federal Highway Administration and administrative oversight from the Indiana Department of Transportation, proposes to proceed with the Jackson County Bridge 154 over Rider Ditch; Des. No. 1703020, Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana. The Section 106 Early Coordination Letter for this project was originally distributed on November 12, 2019.

As part of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, a Historic Properties Short Report and Archaeological Report have been prepared and are ready for review and comment by consulting parties.

Please review this documentation located in IN SCOPE at <a href="http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/">http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/</a> (the Des. No. is the most efficient search term, once in IN SCOPE), and respond with any comments that you may have. If a hard copy of the materials is needed, please respond to this email with your request within seven (7) days.

Consulting parties have thirty (30) calendar days from receipt of this information to review and provide comment. Tribal contacts may contact Shaun Miller at <a href="mailto:smiller@indot.in.gov">smiller@indot.in.gov</a> or 317-233-6795 or Michelle Allen at FHWA at <a href="mailto:michelle.allen@dot.gov">michelle.allen@dot.gov</a> or 317-226-7344. Thank you in advance for your input,

Samuel P. Snell, MS, RPA
Archaeological Principal Investigator



Phone: 317.912.3499 Email: <a href="mailto:sams@metricenv.com">sams@metricenv.com</a> 6971 Hillsdale Court, Indianapolis, IN 46250

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#### Sam Snell

Sent: Tuesday, February 25, 2020 9:21 AM

To: 'thpo@estoo.net'; 'dhunter@miamination.com'; 'lpappenfort@peoriatribe.com';

'Matthew.Bussler@pokagonband-nsn.gov'; lheady@delawaretribe.org

Cc: Miller, Shaun (INDOT); Allen, Michelle (FHWA)

Subject: Jackson County Bridge 154 (NBI# 3600099) on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch Bridge Project, Washington

Township, Jackson County, Indiana, Des. No. 1703020.

Des. No.: 1703020

Project Description: Bridge Project,

Location: Washington Township, Jackson County, IN

Jackson County, with funding from the Federal Highway Administration and administrative oversight from the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT), proposes to proceed with the Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300 S over Rider Ditch Bridge Project, Des. No. 1703020. Metric Environmental, LLC. is under contract with Janssen & Spaans Engineering, Inc., on behalf of Jackson County to advance the environmental documentation for the referenced project. The Section 106 Early Coordination Letter for this project was originally distributed on November 12, 2019.

As part of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, an Archaeology Report (ASR) and a Historic Property Report (HPR) have been prepared and are ready for review and comment by consulting parties.

Please review the HPR and ASR (Tribes only) in IN SCOPE at <a href="http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/">http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/</a> (the Des. No. is the most efficient search term, once in IN SCOPE), and respond with any comments that you may have. If a hard copy of the materials is needed, please respond to this email with your request within seven (7) days.

Consulting parties have thirty (30) calendar days from receipt of this information to review and provide comment. Tribal contacts may contact Shaun Miller at smiller@indot.in.gov or 317-233-6795 or Michelle Allen at FHWA at michelle.allen@dot.gov or 317-226-7344.

Thank you,

David Moffatt
Archaeologist
Environmental Services
Cultural Resources Office
Indiana Department of Transportation
317-233-3703

Samuel P. Snell, MS, RPA
Archaeological Principal Investigator



Phone: 317.912.3499 Email: sams@metricenv.com 6971 Hillsdale Court, Indianapolis, IN 46250

# INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



100 North Senate Avenue Room N642 Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 PHONE: (317) 234-5168

Eric Holcomb, Governor Joe McGuinness, Commissioner

February 25, 2020

This letter was sent to the listed parties.

RE: Jackson County Bridge 154 over Rider Ditch bridge project (Des. No. 1703020); Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (DHPA 24684).

Dear Consulting Party,

Jackson County, with funding from the Federal Highway Administration and administrative oversight from the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT), proposes to proceed with the Jackson County Bridge 154 over Rider Ditch Des. No. 1703020 (DHPA 24684).

This letter is part of the Section 106 review process for this project. Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act requires federal agencies to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic and archaeological properties. We are requesting comments from you regarding the possible effects of this project. Please use the above Des. Number and project description in your reply and your comments will be incorporated into the formal environmental study.

A Section 106 early coordination letter was distributed on November 12, 2019.

The proposed undertaking is on East County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch in Jackson, Indiana. It is within Washington Township, Crothersville, IN, in 28 and 29, 5N, 6E.

The need for this project is due to the advanced deterioration of Jackson County Bridge 154, a steel Pratt pony truss bridge. The most recent bridge inspection report noted severe corrosion and advance section loss (up to 85%) on the plates connecting the intermediate vertical posts and floor beams. One location had the plate severed through. On the south side of the structure, at the west end, vandals have removed the bottom chord I-bar along one panel (date unknown). A temporary repair was completed (date unknown) consisting of wire rope and turnbuckles used to stabilize the structure. The bridge was closed in March 2019 after the bridge inspection. The primary purpose of this project is to restore service to East County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch. It is anticipated that the project will require acquisition of permanent right-of-way. Although exact amounts are not known at this time, it is expected to be 0.5 acre or less. Jackson County Bridge 154 has been determined as eligible for the National Register of Historic Places by the Indiana Historic Bridges Inventory.

Metric Environmental, LLC is under contract with Janssens and Spaans Engineering, Inc. on behalf of Jackson County to advance the environmental documentation for the referenced project.



In accordance with 36 CFR 800.2 (c), you were invited to become a consulting party as part of the Section 106 process, or you are hereby invited to become a consulting party as part of the Section 106 process. Entities that have previously accepted consulting party status--as well as additional entities that are currently being invited to become consulting parties--are identified in the attached list.

The Section 106 process involves efforts to identify historic properties potentially affected by the undertaking, to assess the undertaking's effects and to seek ways to avoid, minimize, or mitigate any adverse effects on historic properties. For more information regarding the protection of historic resources, please see the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's guide: Protecting Historic Properties: A Citizen's Guide to Section 106 Review available online at https://www.achp.gov/sites/default/files/documents/2017-01/CitizenGuide.pdf.

Per the terms of the "Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" (Historic Bridges PA), the FHWA-Indiana Division will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the Project Development Process (PDP) of the Historic Bridges PA (Stipulation III). Because Jackson County Bridge 154 is a "Non-Select" bridge, the procedures outlined in Stipulation III.B. of the Historic Bridges PA will be followed to fulfill FHWA's Section 106 responsibilities for the project. (A copy of the Historic Bridges PA can be downloaded here: http://www.in.gov/indot/2530.htm).

The Area of Potential Effects (APE) is the area in which the proposed project may cause alterations in the character or use of historic resources. The APE contains no resources listed in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP).

A historian who meets the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards identified and evaluated above-ground resources within the APE for potential eligibility for the NRHP. As a result of the historic property identification and evaluation efforts, no above-ground resources are recommended as eligible for listing in the NRHP.

With regard to archaeological resources, an archaeologist who meets the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards identified no sites within the project area. As a result of these efforts, no archaeological sites are recommended as eligible for listing in the NRHP and no further work is recommended.

The Archaeology Report (Tribes only) and Historic Property Short Report are available for review in IN SCOPE at <a href="http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/">http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents/</a> (the Des. No. is the most efficient search term, once in IN SCOPE). You are invited to review these documents and to respond with comments on any historic resource impacts incurred as a result of this project so that an environmental report can be completed. We also welcome your related opinions and other input to be considered in the preparation of the environmental document. If you prefer a hard-copy of this material, please respond to this email with your request within seven (7) days.

Please review the information and comment within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt. If you indicate that you do not desire to be a consulting party or if you have not previously accepted consulting party status and you do not respond to this letter, you will not be included on the list of consulting parties for this project and will not receive further information about the project unless the design changes.

For questions concerning specific project details, you may contact Samuel P. Snell of Metric Environmental, LLC., at 317-912-3499 or sams@Metricenv.com. All future responses regarding the proposed project should be forwarded to Metric Environmental, LLC. at the following address:



Samuel P. Snell Archaeological Principal Investigator Metric Environmental, LLC. 6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, Indiana 46250 sams@metricenv.com

Tribal contacts may contact Shaun Miller at <a href="mailto:smiller@indot.in.gov">smiller@indot.in.gov</a> or 317-233-6795 or Michelle Allen at FHWA at <a href="mailto:michelle.allen@dot.gov">michelle.allen@dot.gov</a> or 317-226-7344.

Sincerely,

Anuradha V. Kumar, Manager Cultural Resources Office

**Environmental Services** 

Enclosures:

Historic Properties Short Report Archaeological Short Report

Distribution List:

Indiana Department of Natural Resources – Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology Miami Tribe of Oklahoma





Division of Historic Preservation & Archaeology · 402 W. Washington Street, W274 · Indianapolis, IN 46204-2739 Phone 317-232-1646 · Fax 317-232-0693 · dhpa@dnr.IN.gov · www.IN.gov/dnr/historic

March 30, 2020



Samuel P. Snell Archaeological Principal Investigator Metric Environmental, LLC 6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, Indiana 46250

Federal Agency: Indiana Department of Transportation ("INDOT"),

on behalf of Federal Highway Administration, Indiana Division ("FHWA")

Re: Indiana archaeological short report (Snell, 01/31/2020), and historic property short report (Becher Gilliam, 2/21/2020), for the Jackson County Bridge 154 carrying CR 300S over Rider Ditch bridge project, in Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (Des. No. 1703020; DHPA No. 24684)

Dear Mr. Snell:

Pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (54 U.S.C. § 306108), implementing regulations at 36 C.F.R. Part 800, the "Programmatic Agreement Among the Federal Highway Administration, the Indiana Department of Transportation, the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation Regarding the Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" ("Indiana Historic Bridges PA"), and the "Programmatic Agreement (PA) Among the Federal Highway Administration, the Indiana Department of Transportation, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation and the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer Regarding the Implementation of the Federal Aid Highway Program In the State of Indiana," the staff of the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer ("Indiana SHPO" or "INDNR-DHPA") has reviewed your February 25, 2020, review request submittal form, which enclosed the aforementioned reports, all of which we received February 27, 2020.

The proposed area of potential effects ("APE") appears to be of adequate size for this project, to encompass the geographic area in which direct and indirect effects of a project of this nature could occur.

Based on the information in the historic property short report ("HPSR"; Becher Gilliam, 2/21/2020), we agree that Jackson County Bridge 154 is the only above-ground property within the APE that is eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places ("NRHP"). As previously indicated, we note that the subject bridge, which carries CR 300S over Rider Ditch is identified as eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion C as an early or distinctive phase in bridge construction, design, or engineering. The single-span, pin-connected, steel Pratt pony truss constructed c. 1910 is listed as a Non-Select Bridge in the *Indiana Historic Bridge Inventory*.

Additionally, based on the submitted information and the documentation available to the staff of the Indiana SHPO, we have not identified any currently known archaeological resources listed in or eligible for inclusion in the NRHP within the proposed project area; and we concur with the opinion of the archaeologist, as expressed in the Indiana archaeological short report (Snell, 01/31/2020), that no further archaeological investigations appear necessary at the proposed project area.

If any prehistoric or historic archaeological artifacts or human remains are uncovered during construction, demolition, or earthmoving activities, state law (Indiana Code 14-21-1-27 and Indiana Code 14-21-1-29) requires that the discovery be reported to INDNR-DHPA within two (2) business days. In that event, please call (317) 232-1646. Be advised that adherence to Indiana

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www.DNR.IN.gov An Equal Opportunity Employer Samuel P. Snell March 30, 2020 Page 2

Code 14-21-1-27 and Indiana Code 14-21-1-29 does not obviate the need to adhere to applicable federal statutes and regulations, including but not limited to 36 C.F.R. Part 800.

Because possible effects on this historic but Non-Select Bridge were taken into account in the Indiana Historic Bridges PA, it might now be appropriate for INDOT, on behalf of FHWA, to make a finding for this undertaking.

The Indiana SHPO staff's archaeological reviewer for this project is Wade T. Tharp, and the structures reviewers are John Carr and Danielle Kauffmann. However, if you have a question about the Section 106 process, please contact initially the INDOT Cultural Resources staff members who are assigned to this project.

In all future correspondence about the Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300S over Rider Ditch bridge Project in Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (Des. No. 1703020), please continue to refer to DHPA No. 24684.

Very truly yours,

Beth K. McCord

Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

BKM:DMK:JLC:WTT:wtt

eme: Erica Tait, FHWA Anuradha Kumar, INDOT Shaun Miller, INDOT

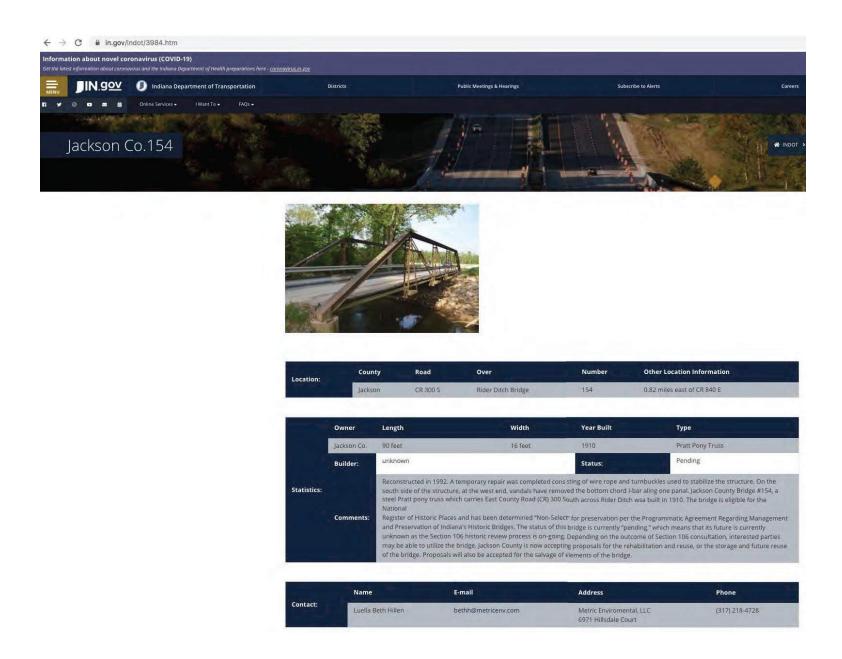
Charl W. Stides

Susan Branigin, INDOT Shirley Clark, INDOT Mary Kennedy, INDOT

Samuel P. Snell, Metric Environmental, LLC Susan Becher Gilliam, Metric Environmental, LLC

Miami Tribe of Oklahoma Wade T. Tharp, INDNR-DHPA John Carr, INDNR-DHPA
Danielle Kauffmann, INDNR-DHPA

## Appendix E: Bridge Marketing Documentation





Public Bridge notice.

## The Tribune

Prescribed by State Board of Accounts

General Form No. 99P (Rev. 2009A)

Attn:

Accounts Payable

Name

Metric Environmental, LLC.

60041247

(Governmental Unit)

The Tribune 100 St Louis Ave Seymour, IN 47247 Fed ID# 32-0472774

County: Jackson

#### PUBLISHER'S CLAIM

### LINE COUNT

Data for computing costs: Number of lines per Number of Columns				
Number of Insertions.				
OMPUTATION OF CHARGES				
OMPUTATION OF CHARGES  Lines x columns x insertion rate	0.3355 per line		\$	32.21
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Lines x columns x insertion rate  Additional charges for notices containing rule of			\$ \$	32.21
Lines x columns x insertion rate  Additional charges for notices containing rule of above amount)	or tabular work (50 per cent		\$ \$	32.21
Additional charges for notices containing rule of above amount)  Charge for extra proofs of publication (\$5.00 fc	or tabular work (50 per cent		\$ \$ \$	32.21

Pursuant to the provisions and penalties of IC 5-11-10-1, I hereby certify that the foregoing account is just and correct, that the amount claimed is legally due, after allowing all just credits, and that no part of the same has been paid.

11/15/2019

PUBLISHER'S AFFIDAVIT

State of Indiana (Jackson County) ss:

I, Sally Clark, Legal Advertising Clerk of The Tribune newspaper of general circulation printed and published in the English language in the (city/town) of Seymour in state and county aforesaid, and that the printed matter attached hereto is a true copy, which dates of publication being as follows:

11/15/2019

Sally Clark

Sally Clark/Legal Advertising Clerk

1 of 2 11/15/2019 09:35:23 Page 50049571 Ad Number Ad Key

28 - Amirtha Sathi Sargunam 60041247 Salesperson Order Number : PO Number Rhonda Edwards Publication

Seymour Tribune 60 Notices S11211606 Metric Environmental, LLC. Customer Section 60 Notices Rhonda Edwards Sub Section Contact

Category Address1 6971 Hillsdale Court 6015 Legals Dates Run 11/15/2019-11/15/2019 Address2

City St Zip Indianapolis IN 46250 Days 1 x 9.31, 96 lines (317) 207-4286 Size Phone

Words 296 Fax L-Government Credit Card Ad Rate

Printed By Sally Rohm Ad Price 32.21 Amirtha Sathi Sargunam **Amount Paid** 0.00 Entered By

Amount Due 32.21 Designation No. 1703020 - Public Notice 11/14-Emailed Confirmation. AS Keywords

Notes Zones

#### Legal Advertisement <u>Public Notice</u> Designation No. 1703020

Jackson County is offering Jackson County Bridge 154 (NBI# 3600099) carrying County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch in Washington Township, Jackson County to interested responsible parties. The bridge is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places and has been determined "Non-Select" for preservation per the Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges. The status of this bridge is currently "pending," which means that its future is currently unknown as the Section 106 historic review process is on-going. Depending on the outcome of Section 106 consultation, interested parties may be able to utilize the bridge.

The bridge is a single span steel pratt pony truss structure with a wooden deck that is 90 feet long and 16 feet wide. The bridge is in poor condition. A photo and general information about the bridge can be viewed at the following website http://www.in.gov/indot/2 532.htm . Additional information about the bridge is available for review by contacting the person listed below.

Jackson County is now accepting proposals for the rehabilitation and reuse, or the storage and future reuse of the bridge. Proposals will also be accepted for the salvage of elements of the bridge. Any proposals should be received within the next six months. Funding of any

rehabilitation, reuse, storage, dismantling, reconstruction, salvage, etc. of this bridge would be the responsibility of the new owner. Interested parties should submit a written proposal for reuse to the address below as soon as possible:

Luellla Beth Hillen
Director of NEPA Services
Metric Environmental,
LLC.
6971 Hillsdale Court
Indianapolis, Indiana
46250
bethh@metricenv.com

\*\*This notice is intended to market Non-Select Bridges. If an owner is marketing a Select Bridge, please contact INDOT-CRO for guidance on modifying the template appropriately. 60041274 hspaxlp S: 11/15/19

## The Indianapolis Star

130 South Meridian Street Indianapolis, IN 46225 Marion County, Indiana

#### METRIC ENVIRONMENTAL

Federal Id: 06-1032273

Account #: INI-62283 Order #:0004172952 # of Affidavits: 2

Total Amount of Claim:\$73,17 This is not an invoice

METRIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTN Rhonda Edwards 6971 HILLSDALE CT INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46250

# PUBLISHER'S AFFIDAVIT

# STATE OF WISCONSIN County Of Brown

Personally appeared before me, a notary public in and for said county and state, the undersigned

I, being duly sworn, say that I am a clerk for THE INDIANAPOLIS NEWSPAPERS a DAILY STAR newspaper of general circulation printed and published in the English language in the city of INDIANAPOLIS in state and county of Marion, and that the printed matter attached hereto is a true copy, which was duly published in said paper for 1 times., the dates of publication being as follows:

The insertion being on the

05/01/2020

Newspaper has a website and this public notice was posted in the same day as it was published in the newspaper.

Pursuant to the provisions and penalties of Ch. 155, Acts 1953,

I hereby certify that the foregoing account is just and correct, that the amount claimed is legally due, after allowing all just credits, and that no part of the same has been paid.

Date:

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1 day of May, 2020

SHELLY HORA Notary Public State of Wisconsin

Indianapolis, IN  columns wide equals 116 equivalent lines at \$0.63 per line @ 1 days,  Website Publication	73.17 <u>\$0</u>
columns wide equals 116 equivalent \$7 lines at \$0.63 per line @ 1 days,	
columns wide equals 116 equivalent \$7 lines at \$0.63 per line @ 1 days,	
lines at \$0.63 per line @ 1 days,	
Website Publication	\$0
	1,573
Charge for proof(s) of publication \$	0.00
TOTAL AMOUNT OF CLAIM \$7	3,17
s in proper form.	
s duly authenticated as required by law.	
s based upon statutory authority.	
s apparently (correct) (incorrect)	
	TOTAL AMOUNT OF CLAIM  \$7  xamined the within claim and hereby certify ws: s in proper form. s duly authenticated as required by law. s based upon statutory authority. s apparently (correct)

#### Public Notice Designation No. 1703020

Jackson County is offering Jackson County Bridge 154 (NBI# 3600099) carrying County Road 300 South over Rider Ditch in Washington Township, Jackson County to interested responsible parties. The bridge is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places and has been determined "Non-Select" for preservation per the Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges. The status of this bridge is currently "pending," which means that its future is currently unknown as the Section 106 historic review process is on-going. Depending on the outcome of Section 106 consultation, interested parties may be able to utilize the bridge.

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Jackson County is now accepting proposals for the rehabilitation and reuse, or the storage and future reuse of the bridge. Proposals will also be accepted for the salvage of elements of the bridge. Any proposals should be roceived within the next six months. Funding of any rehabilitation, reuse, storage, dismantling, reconstruction, salvage, etc. of this bridge would be the responsibility of the new owner. Interested parties should submit a written proposal for reuse to the address below as soon as possible:

Luellia Beth Hillen Director of NEPA Services Metric Environmental, LLC, 6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, Indiana 46250 bethh@metricenv.com

\*\*This notice is intended to market Non-Select Bridges. If an owner is marketing a Select Bridge, please contact INDOT-CRO for guidance on modifying the template appropriately.

(5 - 5/1/20 - 0004172952)

hspaxlp



Division of Historic Preservation & Archaeology • 402 W. Washington Street, W274 • Indianapolis, IN 46204-2739 Phone 317-232-1646 • Fax 317-232-0693 • dhpa@dnr.IN.gov • www.IN.gov/dnr/historic



June 8, 2020

Samuel P. Snell Metric Environmental, LLC 6971 Hillsdale Court Indianapolis, Indiana 46250

Federal Agency: Indiana Department of Transportation ("INDOT"),

on behalf of Federal Highway Administration, Indiana Division ("FHWA")

Re: Indiana Department of Transportation's finding of "no historic properties affected" on behalf of the Federal Highway Administration for the Jackson County Bridge 154 carrying CR 300S over Rider Ditch bridge project, in Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (Des. No. 1703020; DHPA No. 24684)

Dear Mr. Snell:

Pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (54 U.S.C. § 306108), implementing regulations at 36 C.F.R. Part 800, the "Programmatic Agreement Among the Federal Highway Administration, the Indiana Department of Transportation, the Indiana State Historic Preservation Office, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation Regarding the Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" ("Indiana Historic Bridges PA"), and the "Programmatic Agreement (PA) Among the Federal Highway Administration, the Indiana Department of Transportation, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation and the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer Regarding the Implementation of the Federal Aid Highway Program In the State of Indiana," the staff of the Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer, ("Indiana SHPO" or "INDNR-DHPA") has reviewed your May 27, 2020 review request submittal form, which enclosed the abovementioned finding and documentation, all of which we received electronically the same day.

As previously indicated, we agree that the Jackson County Bridge 154 is the only above-ground property within the project's area of potential effects that is eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places ("NRHP"). Per the terms of the Historic Bridges PA, the FHWA will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the Project Development Process (Stipulation III.B). As a result, this finding applies to other resources located within the project's area of potential effects. There are no other historic properties within the APE.

Also as previously indicated, based on the submitted information and the documentation available to the staff of the Indiana SHPO, we have no identified any currently known archaeological resources listed in or eligible for inclusion in the NRHP within the proposed project area; and we concur with the opinion of the archaeologist, as expressed in the Indiana archaeological short report (Snell, 01/31/2020), that no further archaeological investigations appear necessary at the proposed project area.

If any prehistoric or historic archaeological artifacts or human remains are uncovered during construction, demolition, or earthmoving activities, state law (Indiana Code 14-21-1-27 and Indiana Code 14-21-1-29) requires that the discovery be reported to INDNR-DHPA within two (2) business days. In that event, please call (317) 232-1646. Be advised that adherence to Indiana Code 14-21-1-27 and Indiana Code 14-21-1-29 does not obviate the need to adhere to applicable federal statues and regulations including but not limited to 36 C.F.R. Part 800.

Accordingly, we concur with the INDOT's May 26, 2020, Section 106 finding, on behalf of FHWA, of "no historic properties affected" for this federal undertaking.

Samuel P. Snell June 8, 2020 Page 2

The Indiana SHPO Staff's archaeological reviewer for this project is Wade T. Tharp, and the structures reviewers are John Carr and Danielle Kauffmann. However, if you have a question about the Section 106 process, please contact initially the INDOT Cultural Resources staff members who are assigned to this project.

In all future correspondence regarding the Jackson County Bridge 154 on CR 300S over Rider Ditch bridge in Washington Township, Jackson County, Indiana (Des. No. 1703020), please refer to DHPA No. 24684.

Very truly yours,

Beth K. McCord

Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

BKM:DMK:dmk

emc: Erica Tait, FHWA

Anuradha Kumar, INDOT Mary Kennedy, INDOT Shaun Miller, INDOT Susan Branigin, INDOT Shirley Clark, INDOT

Samuel P. Snell, Metric Environmental, LLC Diane Hunter, Miami Tribe of Oklahoma

John Carr, INDNR-DHPA

Danielle Kauffmann, INDNR-DHPA Wade T. Tharp, INDNR-DHPA

# The Tribune

Prescribed by State Board of Accounts

General Form No. 99P (Rev. 2009A)

Attn:

Accounts Payable

Name

METRIC ENVIRONMENTAL, LLC.

60053330

(Governmental Unit)

The Tribune 100 St Louis Ave Seymour, IN 47247 Fed ID# 32-0472774

County: Jackson

#### **PUBLISHER'S CLAIM**

#### LINE COUNT

Data for computing costs: Number of lines per converge Number of Columns	11	168 1 1		
COMPUTATION OF CHARGES			17758	42.21
Lines x columns x insertion rate	0.3445 per line	Flat Rate	\$	57.88
Additional charges for notices containing rule or of above amount)			\$	
Charge for extra proofs of publication (\$5.00 for of two)			s	
TOTAL AMOUNT OF CLAIM			\$	57.88

Pursuant to the provisions and penalties of IC 5-11-10-1, I hereby certify that the foregoing account is just and correct, that the amount claimed is legally due, after allowing all just credits, and that no part of the same has been paid. 5/30/2020

PUBLISHER'S AFFIDAVIT

State of Indiana (Jackson County) ss:

I, Sally Clark, Legal Advertising Clerk of The Tribune newspaper of general circulation printed and published in the English language in the (city/town) of Seymour in state and county aforesaid, and that the printed matter attached hereto is a true copy, which dates of publication being as follows:

5/30/2020

Sally Clark

Page : 1 of 3 06/01/2020 09:17:19 Ad Number : 50065780 Ad Key :

Order Number : 60053330 Salesperson : 28 - Christy Hubbard PO Number : Rhonda Edwards Publication : Seymour Tribune : S11211606 METRIC ENVIRONMENTAL, LLSection : 60 Notices

Customer : S11211606 METRIC ENVIRONMENTAL, LLSection : 60 Notices
Contact : RHONDA EDWARDS Sub Section : 60 Notices
Address1 : 6971 HILLSDALE COURT Category : 6015 Legals

Address1 : 6971 HILLSDALE COURT Category : 6015 Legals
Address2 : Dates Run : 05/30/2020-05/30/2020
City St Zip : INDIANAPOLIS IN 46250 Days : 1

 City St Zip
 : INDIANAPOLIS IN 46250
 Days
 : 1

 Phone
 : (317) 207-4286
 Size
 : 1 x 16.30, 168 lines

 Fax
 : Words
 : 554

Credit Card : Ad Rate : L-Government

Printed By : Sally Rohm Ad Price : 57.88
Entered By : Christy Hubbard Amount Paid : 0.00
Amount Due : 57.88

Keywords : Public Notice Jackson County Bridge 154

Notes : Zones : Public Notice Jackson County Blid

Legal Advertisement
Public Notice
Des. No. 1703020
Jackson County is proposing to undertake the
Jackson County Bridge
154 (NBI#3600099) carrying CR 300S over
Rider Ditch Project, that
is finded in part by the

Rider Ditch Project, that is funded in part by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). The project is located near the town of Crothersville in Washington Town-

ship, Jackson County.

Multiple alternatives are under consideration, including the no-build alternative; six rehabilitation options including three alternatives which the bridge would be re-habilitated to the Secre-tary of the Interior's Standards (SOIS); a relocation option which would require a third party to adopt the bridge and move it at their cost; and removal of the existing bridge and replacement with a new bridge on the same alignment. The Area of Potential Effects (APE) is the geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause alterations in the character or use of historic proper-ties, if and such proper-ties exist". The APE for the project was drawn sufficiently large to encompass potential inpacts – including visual, physical, and traffic-related impacts – that may result from the undertaking, whichever

alternative is selected.

The APE contains one property previously determined eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP): Jackson County Bridge 154. Per the terms of the "Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic

:2 of 3 06/01/2020 09:17:19 Page

Order Number 60053330

PO Number Customer

Contact RHONDA EDWARDS Address1

Address2

City St Zip

Phone

Fax Credit Card

Printed By Sally Rohm Entered By

Keywords Notes Zones : Rhonda Edwards

S11211606 METRIC ENVIRONMENTAL, LLSection

6971 HILLSDALE COURT

INDIANAPOLIS IN 46250 (317) 207-4286

Christy Hubbard

Public Notice Jackson County Bridge 154

50065780 Ad Number

Ad Key

28 - Christy Hubbard Salesperson Seymour Tribune Publication 60 Notices 60 Notices **Sub Section** 6015 Legals Category

05/30/2020-05/30/2020 Dates Run

Days

1 x 16.30, 168 lines Size

Words 554

L-Government Ad Rate

57.88 Ad Price **Amount Paid** 0.00 **Amount Due** 57.88

Bridges" (HBPA), FHWA will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Se "Non-Select" "Select" and bridges through the Project Development (PDP) of the HBPA (Stipulation III). Jackson County Bridge 154 has been classified as a "Non-Select" bridge and, thus, the procedures outlines in Stipulation III.B of the HBPA will be followed to fulfill FHWA's Section 106 responsibilities for the bridge. The standard treatment ap-proach described in Attachment B of the HBPA (Standard Treatment Approach for Historic Bridges) will be followed. Per Stipulation III.B of the HBPA, Jackson County will hold a public hearing for the project prior to completion of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) studies. The hearing will be advertised at a later date

Regarding other resources in the APE, INDOT, on behalf of the FHWA, has determined a "No Historic Properties Affected" finding is appropriate for the project because no historic properties are present within the APE. In accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, the views of the public are being sought regarding the effect of the proposed project on the historic elements as per 36 CFR 800.2(d), 800.3(e) and 800.6(a)(4). Pursuant to 36 CFR 800.4(d)(2), the documentation specified in 36 CFR 800.11(d) is available for review electronically by accessing INDOT's Section 106 document posting document posting website IN SCOPE at http://erms.indot.in.gov/S ection106Documents ... Persons with limited in-

Order Number : 60053330 Salesperson : 28 - Christy Hubbard PO Number : Rhonda Edwards Publication : Seymour Tribune : S11211606 METRIC ENVIRONMENTAL, LLSection : 60 Notices

Customer : S11211606 METRIC ENVIRONMENTAL, LLSection : 60 Notices
Contact : RHONDA EDWARDS Sub Section : 60 Notices
Address1 : 6971 HILLSDALE COURT Category : 6015 Legals

Address2 : Dates Run : 05/30/2020-05/30/2020
City St Zip : INDIANAPOLIS IN 46250 Days : 1

Phone : (317) 207-4286 Size : 1 x 16.30, 168 lines

Fax : Words : 554

Fax : Words : 554
Credit Card : Ad Rate : L-Government

Printed By : Sally Rohm Ad Price : 57.88
Entered By : Christy Hubbard Amount Paid : 0.00
Amount Due : 57.88

Keywords : Public Notice Jackson County Bridge 154
Notes :

Zones :

ternet access may request project information be mailed to them. Please contact Luella Beth Hillen, 317-218-4728 bethh@metricenv.com to make such a request. This documentation serves as the basis for the "No Historic Proper-ties Affected" finding. The views of the public on this effect finding are being sought. Please reply with any comments to Luella Beth Hillen no later than June 29, 2020. Luella Beth Hillen Metric Environmental, LLC 6971 Hillsdale Ct. Indianapolis, IN 46250 317-218-4728 bethh@metricenv.com In accordance with the "Americans with Disa-bilities Act", if you have a disability for which Jack-son County needs to provide accessibility to the document(s) such as interpreters or readers, please contact Jerry Ault, Jackson Co. Highway Superintendent, at jault@jacksoncounty.in.g ov 812-358-0953. 60053330 hspaxlp

T: 5/30/2020

# Public Notice Des. No. 1703020

Jackson County is proposing to undertake the Jackson County Bridge 154 (NBI#3600099) carrying CR 300S over Rider Ditch Project, that is funded in part by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). The project is located near the town of Crothersville in Washington Township, Jackson County.

Multiple alternatives are under consideration, including the no-build alternative; six rehabilitation options including three alternatives which the bridge would be rehabilitated to the Secretary of the Interior's Standards (SOIS); a relocation option which would require a third party to adopt the bridge and move it at their cost; and removal of the existing bridge and replacement with a new bridge on the same alignment. The Area of Potential Effects (APE) is the "geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause alterations in the character or use of historic properties, if and such properties exist". The APE for the project was drawn sufficiently large to encompass potential inpacts – including visual, physical, and traffic-related impacts – that may result from the undertaking, whichever alternative is selected.

The APE contains one property previously determined eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP): Jackson County Bridge 154. Per the terms of the "Programmatic Agreement Regarding Management and Preservation of Indiana's Historic Bridges" (HBPA), FHWA will satisfy its Section 106 responsibilities involving "Select" and "Non-Select" bridges through the Project Development Process (PDP) of the HBPA (Stipulation III). Jackson County Bridge 154 has been classified as a "Non-Select" bridge and, thus, the procedures outlines in Stipulation III.B of the HBPA will be followed to fulfill FHWA's Section 106 responsibilities for the bridge. The standard treatment approach described in Attachment B of the HBPA (Standard Treatment Approach for Historic Bridges) will be followed. Per Stipulation III.B of the HBPA, Jackson County will hold a public hearing for the project prior to completion of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) studies. The hearing will be advertised at a later date.

Regarding other resources in the APE, INDOT, on behalf of the FHWA, has determined a "No Historic Properties Affected" finding is appropriate for the project because no historic properties are present within the APE. In accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, the views of the public are being sought regarding the effect of the proposed project on the historic elements as per 36 CFR 800.2(d), 800.3(e) and 800.6(a)(4). Pursuant to 36 CFR 800.4(d)(2), the documentation specified in 36 CFR 800.11(d) is available for review electronically by accessing INDOT's Section 106 document posting website IN SCOPE at <a href="http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents">http://erms.indot.in.gov/Section106Documents</a>. Persons with limited internet access may request project information be mailed to them. Please contact Luella Beth Hillen, 317-218-4728 or <a href="http://erms.indot.in.gov/section106Documents">bethh@metricenv.com</a>, to make such a request.

This documentation serves as the basis for the "No Historic Properties Affected" finding. The views of the public on this effect finding are being sought. Please reply with any comments to Luella Beth Hillen no later than June 29, 2020.

Luella Beth Hillen Metric Environmental, LLC 6971 Hillsdale Ct. Indianapolis, IN 46250 317-218-4728 bethh@metricenv.com

In accordance with the "Americans with Disabilities Act", if you have a disability for which Jackson County needs to provide accessibility to the document(s) such as interpreters or readers, please contact Jerry Ault, Jackson Co. Highway Superintendent, at <a href="mailto:jacksoncounty.in.gov">jault@jacksoncounty.in.gov</a> 812-358-0953.

# HISTORIC BRIDGE ALTERNATIVES ANALYSIS ADDENDUM 1

**DATE: 06/24/2021** 



BRIDGE NUMBER: 36-00154
DESIGNATION NUMBER: 1703020

**ROUTE IDENTIFICATION AND FEATURE CROSSED:** 

East County Road 300 South Over Rider Ditch

NBI NUMBER: 3600099 COUNTY: Jackson

PROJECT LOCATION: 0.82 Miles East of CR 840 East



#### **PREPARED BY:**

Keith D. Echternach, P.E. - JSE, Inc.

# **REVIEWED BY:**

Jeff Matern, P.E. – JSE, Inc.

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## I. INTRODUCTION

In the Draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020) for Jackson County Bridge 154, the Jackson County Highway Department identified severe advanced structural deterioration and corrosion at the lower chord panel points of the truss. These panel points connect the floor beams to the intermediate vertical posts and also serve as pin locations for lower chord and diagonal eyebars. This bridge has been closed to traffic since March 19, 2019. Subsequent to the HBAA approval and at the direction of the Jackson County Highway Department, modifications were made to the proposed replacement bridge and project in order to accommodate their desired goals/secondary needs. These were then incorporated into our bridge design documents.

The project modifications include:

- Widening the proposed replacement structure to provide a 24' clear roadway.
- Adding a substantial quantity of channel protection along the Rider Ditch embankments.
- Providing a larger 50' middle span length to reduce debris collection under normal flow.
- Adjusting the horizontal alignment of the bridge to correct the angle point located to the east of the bridge.

Additionally, in the Level One Design Criteria Checklist the design speed was updated to 35 mph. Just recently it was made known that 35 mph is the (unposted) legal speed on un-paved roads in Jackson County. Our computations have been updated to reflect this.

The widened bridge and modified alignment were provided as accommodations for the anticipated primary use of this crossing in service of agricultural traffic. The proposed effectively 2-lane bridge on this one lane road would match the width of the bridge directly west in this corridor, Jackson County Bridge # 155, which has a clear roadway of 23.8'.

It is due to these changes that INDOT's Environmental and CRO staff have requested that an addendum be prepared in order to re-evaluate the alternatives considered in the analysis. Given that the scope of the bridge project currently includes both scour protection and approach work and that these items are typically included in bridge rehabilitation to address servicability, they are now included in all bridge project alternates for use in the analysis. The scale and quantity of this work has been carefully and equitably considered for each individual bridge alternative and would be included in the final design for any of these alternates should it be determined to be both feasible and prudent.

#### II. EXISTING STRUCTURE DATA

No changes to the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020)

#### III. EXISTING CONDITIONS

No changes to sections A, C or D of the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis are being made (HBAA, 5/28/2020).

A second paragraph is being appended to section B as follows:

In addition to the specific superstructure deteriorations as noted, the existing bridge requires special inspection proceedures as specified by the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) item 92A. Item 92A is required for bridges that are determined to be fracture critical. This effectively means that the loss of a primary tension only member can result in the catastrophic failure of the structure as a whole. Per this designation, bridge inspectors are required bi-annually to do a detailed inspection of all primary tension load carrying members and their connections. The inspectors then report on any discovered defects or deteriorations and keep record of any changed/worsening conditions. The most recent inspection report for the Jackson County 154 bridge indicates that a fracture critical inspection is not currently required. This is only due to the fact that the bridge is closed. If this bridge re-opens, fracture critical inspections will resume. See the inspection report pages in the Appendix as record of the above.

Section E will now begin with the below paragraph (the existing will remain and follow):

Rider Ditch at this location carries a drainage area of 378 square miles. Per the 2019 inspection report the adequacy of the existing waterway is rated as 2 for item 71. The cause of this rating is cited as "frequent flooding" in the inspection report. Per the *FHWA Coding Guide*, "frequent" has particular meaning which in this instance indicates overtopping events occuring at a bridge location once every 3 years or less. The *FHWA Coding Guide* gives the rating code description for 2 as: "Occasional or frequent overtopping of bridge deck and roadway approaches with severe traffic delays". The page of the inspection report that references this criterion, and relevant pages from the *FHWA Coding Guide* are provided in the Appendix.

# IV. PURPOSE AND NEED

No changes to the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020)

# V. ADJUSTMENT TO ALTERNATIVES

The alternatives introduction section is revised. The below replaces the existing section from the draft historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA 5/28/2020).

Per the Indiana Design Manual (IDM) Chapter 412 Section 5 in conjunction with the Indiana Department of Cultural Resources-Cultural Resources Office (INDOT-CRO) Manual Part IV, the evaluation of alternatives shall address the prescribed hierarchal list proceeding from A to F. They shall be evaluated based on whether the alternative is feasible and prudent.

Prudence of projects involving Non-Select bridges on low-volume roads should be assessed based on cost-effectiveness and other criteria as noted in IDM 412-5.04(02). If the bridge rehabilitation cost is  $\geq$  40% of the replacement cost **or** it meets two or more of the following criteria that cannot be economically corrected as part of a rehabilitation project, then replacement is warranted:

- "1. The bridge waterway opening is inadequate (i.e., National Bridge Inventory Item 71 is rated 2 or 3).
- 2. The bridge has a documented history of catching debris due to inadequate freeboard or due to piers in the stream.
- 3. The bridge requires special inspection procedures (i.e., the first character of National Bridge Inventory Item 92A or 92C is Y).
- 4. The bridge is classified as scour-critical (i.e., National Bridge Inventory Item 113 is rated 0, 1, 2, or 3.)
- 5. The bridge has fatigue-prone welded components that are expected to reach the end of their service lives within the next 20 years. See Section 412-4.03(04) for information on conducting a fatigue analysis.
- 6. The bridge has a Sufficiency Rating of lower than 35."

(List above taken verbatum from Indiana Design Manual Section 412-5.04(02))

The alternatives below are developed with reference to the Guidelines for Geometric Design of Very Low-Volume Local Roads (ADT ≤ 400) (listed as "LV" in the Level One Checklists) set forth by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), IDM 412-5.03 and Figure 412-2A (design criteria for the treatment of historic bridges on low volume roads), and the INDOT 3R Criteria as noted in Figure 55-3D. As stated in the introduction, various treatments are included in the alternatives analysis to reflect the goals of the Jackson County Highway Department. A summary of the cost estimates is found in Table 3, while a construction cost estimate for each of the alternatives can be found in Appendix D.

# A. <u>Do Nothing Alternative</u>

No changes to the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020)

#### B-1. Rehabilitation in Accordance with the Secretary of Interior Standards

For additional discussion of this alternate please see the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020)

This alternate as well as B-2 now provides scour protection by armoring the banks of Rider Ditch with riprap similarly to the updated alternates E & F. This is a county desired outcome for this project and is considered necessary for future servicability to the bridge irrespective of which alternative is selected. No additional riprap will be placed directly under the bridge at the east approach as the riprap here is in good condition, riprap will however be added north and south of the structure where bank erosion is present and significant. Along the west embankment, the channel will be cleared to allow a greater waterway opening through the structure during normal flow conditions. Riprap armoring will be placed along this bank similarly to what is provided for the updated alternates E & F.

Guardrail and endtreatments are now included to prevent blunt end vehicular strikes to the pony trusses and errant vehicle entry into Rider Ditch from E CR 300S. This is consistent with current roadside safety design practices and guardrail as provided for the updated alternates E&F.

The required roadway approach work incidental to this bridge rehabilitation and the B-2 alternate includes correcting the sag approach grade and vertical angle point where the bridge floor meets the approach gravel. Additionally the horizontal angle point to the east of the bridge will be relaxed to improve roadway servicability in approach to the bridge and reduce the potential for bridge strikes. The primary intent of these corrections, which are typically considered during bridge rehabilition, is to improve overall safety for the motorist and provide similar improvements to E CR 300S to those included in the updated alternates E&F.

After adding the above to the existing B-1 cost estimate, the final cost for this alternate was determined to be \$360,000, 33% of the updated replacement alternate F. This alternative does not provide a minimum structural capacity of 15 Tons as required in the purpose and need. Additionally, per the evaluation criteria as noted above, Bridge 154 has an inadquate waterway opening, requires special inspections, and has a sufficiency rating below 35. The first two items will persist following rehabilitation. JSE has reviewed the criteria used to determine a structure's sufficiency rating and believe that following rehabiliation and inspection, this structure may still have a sufficiency close to or below 35.

Alternative B-1 is **feasible**; however due to substandard capacity, it does not meet the project purpose and need, and therefore, is **not prudent**. Additionally two items from IDM 412-5.04(02) will persist after the rehabilitation as described above.

#### B-2. Rehabilitation Not Meeting the Secretary of Interior's Standards

For additional discussion of this alternate please see the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020)

The scour protection, roadside safety elements, and incidental roadway approachwork as noted above for the B-1 alternate applies equivalently to this alternate as well.

After adding these elements to the B-2 cost estimate, the final cost for this alternate (\$460,000) was determined to be 42% of the updated replacement alternate F.

Alternate B-2 improves the structural capacity of the bridge to meet the AASHTO H-15 vehicular load requirement. This alternate however retains the bridge's designation as fracture-critical and it will therefore continue to require these special inspections moving forward in perpetuity.

In addition, although not explicitly stated previously, the member replacements required to provide the 15 Ton structural capacity include:

- All rolled steel stringers. These members were determined substandard to carry the required vehicles in preliminary analysis.
- All diagonal and bottom chord eye-bars. (32 individual pieces in total)
- As noted previously all vertical post bottom gusset plates.
- Steel pins where substantial section loss has occurred (8 estimated)

These replacements constitute a substantial modification and change to the existing bridge superstructure. The in-kind replacements constitute a substantial loss of historic steel elements. From a purely aesthetic point of view, this structure would appear similar to what currently exists. These changes could potentially result in Bridge 154 no longer being eligible for the National Register of Historic Places. That determination would have to be made with SHPO input.

Alternative B-2 is **feasible**. It, however, is **not prudent**. The rehabilitation cost is 43% of the Alternative F replacement cost. This exceeds the 40% replacement cost threshold as noted above and in reference to IDM 412-5.04(02). Additionally, 412-5.04(02) states that if the bridge meets two or more other criteria that cannot be economically corrected as part of a rehabilitation project, then replacement is warranted. As mentioned in the Alternative B-1 discussion, Bridge 154 meets three of those criteria: an inadequate waterway opening, it requires special inspections, and has a sufficiency rating lower than 35. The first two conditions mentioned would persist after the rehabilitation. Furthermore, this alternative severely diminishes the historic integrity of the bridge. Lastly, as a secondary consideration, this bridge will not have sufficient width or load carrying capacity to fully serve the current needs associated with the adjacent properties.

#### C-1. Rehabilitation in Accordance with Secretary of Interior's Standards (One-way Pair)

Changes to this alternate are in agreement with those provided for the B-1 alternate above as they pertain to the rehabilitation and associated approach work for the existing structure.

Per the introduction, any new bridge that is narrower than 24' would not meet the County's desired project goal. As a result, any alternates that include a new bridge are providing one of equal length, configuration, type, and size to that included in the replacement alternates E and F.

The new structure for this alternate will be a haunched slab bridge with a 50' middle span. It will be located adjacent and paralell to the existing bridge and spaced 10' from the existing bridge allowing for easier simpler construction and inspectability. The new bridge will include concrete bridge railings and reinforced concrete bridge approach slabs. The riprap and geotextile for this alternate includes additional quantity to address

extended limits along Rider Ditch due to the presence of two structures, and modification to embankments to accept the two adjacent structures.

Aggregate pavement approaches for this structure will be tapered back to the existing as quickly and smoothly as possible. Guardrail and OS end treatments will be added to the outside copings of this and the existing bridge. The space between the bridges will be protected with an impact attenuator which will be situated to shield the truss and the blunt end of the concrete barrier railing.

The total cost of this alternate is \$1,374,000 which is 126% of the replacement alternate. This alternate would not improve the load carrying capacity of the existing bridge to the minimum of 15 Tons. The other factors from Section 412-5.04(02) of the IDM mentioned in the B alternatives are also applicable to this alternative.

Alternative C-1 is **feasible**, it however is **not prudent** since it does not meet the purpose and need for load carrying capacity, and the cost of this alternative is significantly higher than the replacement alternative.

(Table Replaces "Table 2" from HBAA, 05/28/2021)								
Design Criteria	Design Criteria Reference	Minimum Design Criteria	Existing Condition	Proposed Condition	Design Exception Required?			
Design Speed	Jackson County Legal Speed on Unpaved Roads	35 mph	un-posted	un-posted	N/A			
Lane Width/Shoulder Width (Total Road Cross-Section)	*AASHTO Geometric Design of VLVLR	Existing <sup>1</sup>	11 ft to 15 ft	11 ft to 24 ft	No			
Bridge Clear Roadway Width	*AASHTO Geometric Design of VLVLR	Existing	15.4 ft	24ft	No			
Structural Capacity	IDM Fig. 55-3D	HL-93	< 5 Ton <sup>2</sup>	HL-93	No			
Travel Lane Cross Slope	*AASHTO Geometric Design of VLVLR	Existing <sup>3</sup>	0%	0% to 2%	No <sup>3</sup>			

250 ft

9%

Existing

>250'

Flat

N/A

>250'

Flat

MASH TL-

3

No

No

No

Table 2. Design Criteria for the New Structure for the C, D, E and F Alternatives.

**IDM Fig. 55-3D** 

**IDM Fig. 55-3D** 

\*AASHTO

Geometric Design

of VLVLR

**Stopping Sight Distance** 

Railing

Test

Maximum Grade

Bridge

Level

<sup>\*</sup> AASHTO Guidelines for Geometric Design of Very Low-Volume Local Roads. (ADT ≤ 400 VPD)

<sup>1</sup> Evidence observed from site visit does not show excessive rutting or skid marks from running off the road.

<sup>2</sup> Bridge is closed to vehicular traffic.

<sup>3</sup> Roadway is aggregate pavement and carries a single lane of bi-directional traffic. No cross-slope is warranted since none exists.

#### C-2. Rehabilitation Not Meeting the Secretary of Interior's Standards (One-way Pair)

Changes to this alternate are in agreement with those provided for the B-2 alternate above as they pertain to the rehabilitation and associated approach work for the existing structure.

Changes to this alternate are also in agreement with those provided for the C-1 alternate above as they pertain to the new bridge, channel protection, associated approach work, and roadside safety elements.

The total cost of this alternate is \$1,475,000. This alternate improves the structural capacity of the bridge to meet the AASHTO H-15 minimum vehicular load requirement. However, the other factors from Section 412-5.04(02) of the IDM mentioned in the B alternatives are also applicable to this alternative.

Alternative C-2 is **feasible**, it however is **not prudent** since the cost of this alternate is 136% of the alternate F. Additionally the shortcomings as noted in alternative B-2 also pertain to this structure with respect to special inspections, waterway opening, diminished integrity, and the needs of the adjacent properties.

### D. Rehabilitation of the Existing Structure with a Two-Way Bypass

This alternate is effectively identical to alternate C-1. The main difference is that following rehabilitation, the existing bridge will be closed to vehicular traffic and the adjacent approach will be graded for parking. Due to the severely deteriorated condition of the existing structure, it would need to be rehabilitated in an equivalent manner to the B-1 alternate. Once rehabilitated and permanently closed to highway traffic NBIS inspection requirements would no longer be applicable.

As noted previously in the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020), this bridge is in a exclusively rural location that sees few if any pedestrians and has a very low traffic volume. It therefore has almost no potential as a recreational resource to the surrounding community. To date no interested parties have come forward to take ownership of Jackson County Bridge 154 as required for this alternate. (See Minimization and Mitigation section of HBAA, 5/28/2020 for discussion on the marketing of this bridge)

Alternative D is **feasible**. It is **not prudent** since the cost of this alternate is significantly higher than the demolition and replacement alternate F (126% greater) and no willing buyer has yet to come forward to claim the existing structure.

# E. Relocation of the Existing Bridge and New Bridge on Current Alignment

No changes to the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020) discussion on relocation of the existing structure.

The new structure for this alternate is changed in the following ways:

- The proposed replacement structure provides a 24' clear roadway.
- A substantial quantity of channel protection along the Rider Ditch embankments is being included with this alternate.

- A larger 50' middle span length is included to reduce debris collection under normal flow
- The horizontal alignment of the bridge is adjusted to correct the angle point located to the east of the bridge. This alignment is situated such that the new structure partially overlaps with the existing bridge footprint and for the purpose of this report should be considered the existing alignment.

The cost of this alternative is \$1,025,000.00 which is 94% of the demolition and replacement alternative F. The bridge has been advertised for the minimum six month marketing period but to date, no responsible parties have come forward. The opportunity to relocate and reuse the bridge will remain viable until the public hearing requirements have concluded. As a result this alternate is still **feasible**. Given that this alternate is cost effective, meets the purpose and need, and achieves all of the county's desired secondary goals, this alternative is also **prudent** if a responsible party comes forward to take ownership of the bridge.

#### F. Replacement

This alternate diverges from the previously presented alternate F in the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020) in the following ways:

- Per the wishes of the county, the horizontal alignment of the bridge is adjusted to correct the angle point located to the east of the bridge. This alignment is situated such that the new structure partially overlaps with the existing bridge footprint and for the purpose of this report should be considered the existing alignment.
- The proposed replacement structure provides a 24' clear roadway.
- A substantial quantity of channel protection along the Rider Ditch embankments is being included with this alternate.
- A larger 50' middle span length is included to reduce debris collection under normal flow.

Discussion related to the demolition of the existing bridge is unchanged from the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020).

This alternative fully address the purpose and need statement by providing a cost effective (\$1,090,000) and structurally sufficient bridge (Table 3). This new bridge also meets all of the county's secondary goals and will sufficiently serve nearby agricultural properties. This alternative is determined to be both **feasible** and **prudent**.

# VI. MINIMIZATION AND MITIGATION

#### A. Minimization

No changes to the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020)

#### B. <u>Mitigation</u>

No changes to the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis (HBAA, 5/28/2020)

Table 3. Alternative Summary (Table Replaces "Table 3" from HBAA, 05/28/2021)								
Alternative	Meets Project Purpose & Need?	Construction Cost	ROW Amount & Cost	Total Cost	Other Factors	Feasible & Prudent?		
A-No-Build	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	None	Feasible: Yes. Prudent: No.		
B-1-Rehabiliation for Continued Vehicular Use (one-way option)	No	\$360,000	N/A	\$360,000	Does not meet required load capacity, fracture critical, inadequate waterway opening	Feasible: Yes. Prudent: No.		
B-2-Rehabiliation for Continued Vehicular Use (one-way option)	No	\$460,000	N/A	\$460,000	Fracture critical, inadequate waterway opening, and severely diminished historic integrity	Feasible: Yes. Prudent: No.		
C-1-Rehabiliation for Continued Vehicular Use (one-way pair option)	No	\$1,359,000	1 acre, \$15,000	\$1,374,000	Does not meet required load capacity, fracture critical, inadequate waterway opening	Feasible: Yes. Prudent: No.		
C-2-Rehabiliation for Continued Vehicular Use (one-way pair option)	Yes	\$1,460,000	1 acre, \$15,000	\$1,475,000	Fracture critical, inadequate waterway opening and severely diminished historic integrity	Feasible: Yes. Prudent: No.		
D - Bypass (non-vehicular use rehabilitation)	Yes	\$1,359,000	1 acre, \$15,000	\$1,374,000	No new owner has come forward to date.	Feasible: Yes. Prudent: No.		
E - Relocate	Yes	\$1,010,000	1 acre, \$15,000	\$1,025,000	No new owner has come forward to date.	Feasible: Yes. Prudent: **		
F - Replacement	Yes	\$1,075,000	1 acre, \$15,000	\$1,090,000	None	Feasible: Yes. Prudent: Yes.		

<sup>\*</sup>Right of Way Cost Based on \$15,000 budgeted

#### VII. PRELIMINARY PREFERRED ALTERNATE

Alternate E is the preferred alternative because it is **prudent** and **feasible** and provides and opportunity to preserve the bridge. At this time, the relocation and reuse of the bridge has been advertised to the public for the required six month minimum. To date, no responsible party has claimed the bridge. The opportunity to relocate and reuse the bridge will continuue to be offered until the public hearing requirements have concluded. Unless a responsible party comes forward to claim the bridge by the time the public hearing requirements conclude, this alternative will be considered **not prudent**. As a result, it is **expected** that **Alternative F** will be the **preferred alternative** that is executed.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Yes if a new owner comes foreward

# **VIII. ADDENDUM APPENDICIES**

Appendicies as provided with this Addendum are intended to replace in-kind similar appendix pages/sections from the draft Historic Bridge Alternatives Analysis, (HBAA, 5/28/2020) or to supplement/support new information as noted also in the Addendum.

# PLANS AND DESIGN CRITERIA

