TO: $\quad$ Subscribers to the NAIC Annual Statement Instructions - Life, Accident and Health
FROM: Calvin Ferguson, Senior Insurance Reporting Analyst
DATE: September 1, 2018
RE: 2018 Life, Accident and Health Annual Statement Instructions

Enclosed please find a complete set of 2018 annual statement instructions. Revn on bars throughout the instruction manual in the left margin identify changes from 2017 instructions

The current instructions are printed in loose-leaf, three-hole drilled $r$ at, at are shipped with tabs. The NAIC will ship a binder to new subscribers. For existing subscribers, please ut ze yr ar existing binders, as new binders will not be shipped each year.

Updates to the instructions included in this mal re available on the NAIC website www.naic.org/cmte_e_app_blanks.htm. Information regarding ndates is also printed on the instructions cover page.

For instructions content questions, please contre a ferguson@naic.org. If you need additional copies or have any questions about your order, please cratal an representative at prodserv@naic.org.



National Association of Insurance Commissioners

## Official NAIC

## Annual Statement Instracions

## For the 2018 reroting year Printed Sapamber 2018

This guidance is adopted by th NAIC as of June 2018. Please note that there can be
 subject to the mainten ince broces ; To address this, the NAIC has a website dedicated to providing the holder of $s$ nnerm with the latest information impacting quarterly and annual statement instructions.

Website: www.r dic. $\mathbf{w}$ q/cmte_e_app_blanks.htm

National Association of Insurance Commissioners

The NAIC is the authoritative source for insurance industry information. Our expert solutions support the efforts of regulators, insurers and researchers by providing detailed and comprehensive insurance information. The NAIC offers a wide range of publications in the following categories:

## Accounting \& Reporting

Information about statutory accounting principles and the procedures necessary for filing financial annual statements and conducting risk-based capital calculations.

## Consumer Information

Important answers to common questions about auto, home, health and life insurance - as well as buyer's guides on annuities, long-term care insurance and Medicare supplement plans.

## Financial Regulation

Useful handbooks, compliance guides and reports on financial analysis, company licensing, state audit requirements and receiverships.

## Special Studies

Studies, reports, handbooks and regulat research conducted by NAIC memr -is na a jariety of insurance-related topics.

## Statistical Reports

Valuable and in-demand in ranc industry-wide statistical data for varie us line of business including auto, home he the ad life insurance.

## Supplementar Pro cts

Guidance m nuầ handbooks, surveys and researth or wide variety of issues.

## Legal

Comprehensive collection of NAIC model laws, regulations and guidelines; state laws on insuran topics; and other regulatory guidance on antifr ad and consumer privacy.

## Market Regulation

Regulatory and industry guidance on mar' etrelated issues, including antifraud, prodúu filing requirements, producer licensing and rke. analysis.

## NAIC Activities

NAIC member directories, in-depth norting of state regulatory activities id official historical records of NAIC national me tings and other activities.

Ca ita' rkets \& Investment Analysis informatio regarding portfolio values and pre edures for complying with NAIC reporting quin ments.

## Nhite Papers

Relevant studies, guidance and NAIC policy positions on a variety of insurance topics.

For more information about NAIC publications, visit us at:
http://www.naic.org//prod_serv_home.htm

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## EDITOR'S NOTE:

Some statement pages and items are considered self-explanatory and have no instruction othe than hat appears on the printed statement blank.



Annual Statement
General

## INSTRUCTIONS

## For Completing Life, Accident and Health Annual Statement Blank

FOREWORD
Line titles and column headings of the various statement items and lines are in general self-explanatory and as such constitute instructions. Specific further instructions are prescribed for items and lines about which there might be some question as to content. Make any entry for which no specific instruction appears in accordance with sound insurance accounting principles and in a manner consistent with related items and lines covered by specific instructions. The Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual is one reference for guidance concerning statutory accounting principles.

For U.S. branches of non-U.S. insurers:
In completing the annual statement blank, report all business done by the U.S. Banch in the Jnited States. The difference between the amounts reported on the Assets page, Total line, Net Admittod As. ts, ent Year column and the Liabilities page, Total Liabilities line shall be reported on the Liabilities page, Lin

The format of the annual statement facilitates data capture. Therefore, do not change the ca, ions for pre-printed items, lines, or columns and do not insert write-ins between pre-printed items, lines or columns (hevever, wese requirements do not apply to the signature lines on the Jurat Page). An entry for which no specific pre-prir lint appears (for example, Deferred Option Income) should be included in the appropriate write-in line for 4 sch dule or applicable page. Include an identifying title with each entry. Report write-in lines in descending order. The taten ent provides a limited number of lines for write-ins in each applicable section. Do not modify these pre-printe ${ }^{r} w^{*}$-in etail schedules. If there is not sufficient room in a write-in detail schedule to accommodate all write-ins to be 1 orted L . rein, report the write-in detail overflow on pages sequentially numbered beginning with Page 55 (Overflow $\mathrm{p}_{4}$ ), to 'owed by 55.1, 55.2, etc. In such instances, carry the summary of write-in overflow lines from this page to the prescribe ine ilr the write-in detail schedule.
Each overflow write-in section should adhere to the folloing eple
Page 2


| 2501. | Write-in caption aaaa | \$ | 500,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2502. | Write-in caption ${ }{ }$ |  | 350,000 |
| 2503. | Write-in C Jtion ccc |  | 250,000 |
| 2598. | Summary or man rrite-ins for Line 25 from Overflow page |  | 300,000 |
| 2599. | TOTAL (Lines 501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Page 2, Line 25) | \$ | 1,400,000 |
|  | Overflow Page |  |  |
|  | Page 2 - Continuation |  |  |
|  | Assets |  |  |
|  | Remainder of Write-ins Aggregated in Line 25 |  |  |
| 2504. | Write-in caption dddd | \$ | 100,000 |
| 2505. | Write-in caption eeee |  | 75,000 |
| 2506. | Write-in caption ffff |  | 50,000 |
| 2507. | Write-in caption gggg |  | 50,000 |
| 2508. | Write-in caption hhhh |  | 20,000 |
| 2509. | Write-in caption iiii |  | 5,000 |
| 2597. | Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 |  |  |
|  | (Lines 2505 through 2596) (Page 2, Line 2598) | \$ | 300,000 |

More than one detail overflow section may appear on one page. However, the items should remain in page number order. Notwithstanding the prohibition against changing the captions of pre-printed items or columns and against inserting write-ins between pre-printed lines or columns, certain portions of the annual statement may require more lines than are provided. When additional lines are required within any of these statement areas, companies shall continue the sequence of either the pre-printed line number range, or the line number range described in the appropriate instruction area.

When the use of such additional lines requires more room than exists on the pre-printed page, the continuation should be presented on a page, inserted immediately following the pre-printed page, designated as page n.1, n.2, etc. For instance, if Schedule BA, Part 1, Other Long-Term Invested Assets requires more lines, the continuation would be presented on Page E07.1, E07.2, etc. Adequately caption all such additional pages to enable ready identification.

Pre-printed subtotal, total, and grand total lines have specific line numbers assigned. The prescribed suin tal linu aumbers are set forth in the instructions for the respective annual statement page or part thereof, to which they pertain.

In most instances, the information appearing in the various sections of the statement will e sut cient meet examination needs. However, each company must maintain adequate records and work papers to cuppo the ail of all accounting transactions, enabling verification of the year-end statement values. Company managemer houlu erform a periodic review to determine that these records are accurate, sufficiently detailed, and retained in $0,0 \mathrm{erly}$, $\mathrm{afo}^{2}$ storage with appropriate retention periods.


## INDEX

The annual statement shall contain an alphabetized index on the last page of the hardcopy statement, which references the title and page number of all of the pages that are required to be included in that filing. The NAIC shall maintain, and place on its Website at www.naic.org/cmte_e_app_blanks.htm, the alphabetized index for all statement types that is required to be included in the hardcopy of the statement. The above is only required on the March 1 filing, and specifically excludes any supplements.

## GENERAL

The annual statement is to be completed in accordance with the Annual Statement Instructions and Acco attr Practices and Procedures Manual except to the extent that state law, rules or regulations are in conflict with these pu' ication In cases of conflict, the life, accident and health annual statement will be filed pursuant to such state's filing rquirements. The domiciliary state’s insurance regulatory authority shall maintain full discretion in determining wh ch $\mathrm{N}_{1}$ ' C annual statement blank must be filed. The annual statement blank filed with the domiciliary state shalike ti blant submitted to, and maintained by, the NAIC, and barring conflict as described above, should be filed with al juris "ctio . which the reporting entity is licensed.

## 1. Health Statement Test:

If a reporting entity is licensed as a life and health insurer and crales life, accident and health annual statement for the reporting year, the reporting entity must comp the f alth Statement Test.

The Health Statement Test is designed to determine whet ${ }^{\text {r }}$ repu ing entity reports predominantly health lines of business. Health lines include hospital or medical licies $\Rightarrow$ certificates, comprehensive major medical expense insurance and managed care contracts and clua other health coverage such as credit insurance, disability income coverage, automobile medical covt ge, workers’ compensation, accidental death and dismemberment policies and long-term care polici 0 .

## Passing the Test:

A reporting entity is deemed to have assed the Fealth Statement Test if:
The values for the premium and reserve rio in the Health Statement Test equal or exceed $95 \%$ for both the reporting and prior year

AND
The entity passing ealth Statemy it Test is licensed and actively issuing and/or renewing business in five states or less

AND
At least seyontr-fin reent (75\%) of the entity's current year premiums are written in its domiciliary state OR
mo forme the premium and reserve ratios in the Health Statement Test equal $100 \%$ for both the reporting a d prior year, regardless of the number of states in which the entity is licensed.

If a reporting entity is a) licensed as a life and health insurer; b) completes the Life, Accident and Health annual statement for the reporting year; and c) passes the Health Statement Test (as described above), the reporting entity must complete the health statement beginning with the first quarter's statement for the second year following the reporting year in which the reporting entity passes the Health Statement Test and must also file the corresponding risk-based capital report and the life supplements for that year-end.

## Variances from following these instructions:

If a reporting entity's domestic regulator requires the reporting entity to complete an annual statement form and risk-based capital report that differs from these instructions, the domestic regulator shall notify the reporting entity in writing by June 1 of the year following the reporting year in which a Health Statement Test is submitted.

## 2. Date of filing:

The statement is required to be filed on or before March 1, unless otherwise provided.
3. Companies are required to file the quarterly statement 45 days after the end of the quarter and he ait ral statement on or before March 1 for the preceding calendar year, unless otherwise required.
4. The reporting date and the legal name of the company must be plainly written or stan ed at le top of all pages, exhibits and schedules (and duplicate schedules) and also upon all inserted scher ales and sose sheets. Where permitted, the assumed name can accompany the legal name.
5. It is the responsibility of the company to prepare and utilize the barcodes corro ty. S the Appendix within these instructions for use of specific barcodes.
6. Printed statements or copies produced by some duplicating proces on at rar uranks required by this Department, will be accepted if:
a. Bound in covers similar in color to the blanks required by tto D artinent;
b. Printed or duplicated by a process resulting in perme int $b_{s}$. $k$ characters on a good grade of paper of light color; and
c. Such statements and all supporting schedul, con all he information required, with the same headings and footnotes, and are of the same size and arrang ent, e for page, column for column, and line for line, as in the blanks required by this Department allu the ampany is otherwise instructed.

State insurance departments, other than a state o domicile, must choose to receive certain detailed investment schedules (as listed below) in hardcopy. The "nte fang instructions will serve as notice regarding the requirements. However, even if the detailed investment schea es are required by a state other than where the reporting entity is domiciled, those detailed pages may se included in a separate bound statement, provided some reference to the fact is included with the regular filing and the location where those pages would be included.

The following schedule are t be filt I in paper copy with the state of domicile only, unless specifically requested by other admitted states. he te fing checklist and instructions will serve as notice regarding the paper filing requirements.

Schedule<br>Schedule B<br>Sched ae b<br>S. edu D , Part 1<br>Sche le DB, Parts A-D<br>Scneuure DL, Parts 1 and 2<br>Schedule E, Parts 1, 2 and 3<br>Credit Insurance Experience Exhibit<br>Interest Sensitive Life Insurance Products Report<br>Life, Health and Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit<br>Adjustment to Life, Health and Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation<br>Exhibit<br>Long-Term Care Insurance Experience Reporting Forms<br>Medicare Supplement Insurance Experience Exhibit<br>Trusteed Surplus Statement

If the reporting entity is filing with the NAIC, that filing shall be via the Internet only.
Photocopied or faxed pages are not acceptable.

## Printing Standards

a. Commercial printers must be furnished with original laser printer output generated at appropriate laser settings to give the highest print quality (no photocopied or faxed pages).
b. No font smaller than 8-point type for the annual statement or 6-point type for the Long-Term Care Experience Reporting Forms 1 through 5 and all investment schedules may be used. Ornate fonts may ravised.
c. Present numbers in non-bold, non-italic type.
d. Numbers must be non-proportionally spaced.
e. The annual and quarterly statements must be printed at 9 lines per inch.
f. Unobtrusive dotted leader lines shall be printed across the page to guide the ve to the reported figures. They should not touch the reported figures.
g. Slashed zeros $(\varnothing)$ shall not be used.
h. The number of detail write-in lines printed in any detail ite on sen ion be three (3). Remaining detail write-in lines, if any, shall be reported on the overflow pas

These rules do not apply to pre-printed line captions, column a qings, or footnotes.
If a reporting entity utilizes a software packag othe e annual statement vendors' package for producing variable line schedules, the reporting entity is nonsibl for ensuring that such package(s) meet all of the aforementioned printing standards.

All annual and quarterly statements and a filing f ms associated with the annual and quarterly statement filings are to be $8 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime} \times 14^{\prime \prime}$ unless otherwise specifie by ate(s).
7. Blank schedules will not be consi" ed properly filed. If no entries are to be made, write "None" or "Nothing" across the schedule in question or amplete the appropriate interrogatory of the Supplemental Exhibits and Schedules Interrogatories pag of $n$ amual statement blank. If a reporting entity chooses not to file allowable investment schedule d ail, e sche ule must be stamped, "Details filed with the state of domicile, state of commercial domicile an the 1 ." Companies should account for every page of the annual statement in consecutive page number or 'r. If several consecutive pages are "None", (or in the case of some investment schedules that ar not filed in nard copy in all states), the appropriate page numbers with exhibit or schedule headings may be li, on one page. Insert that page in the appropriate location in the annual statement.
8. If additional s pporth statements or schedules are added in connection with answering interrogatories or providing informa ne on the fial statement, the additions should be properly keyed to the item being answered.
9. A nnot be readily classified under one of the printed items must be reported with an identifying title (for - ample, Deferred option income) in the appropriate write-in section for each applicable page, or section thereof. 'he statement provides a limited number of lines for write-ins, but companies may add as many lines as necessary.
10. The "include" and "exclude" are examples only and are not intended to be all-inclusive.
11. If this report does not contain the information asked for in the blanks or is not prepared in accordance with these instructions, it will not be considered filed.
12. Report all amounts in whole dollars only, except for designated schedules where 000 's are omitted. Companies may elect to report the amounts to the nearest dollar or may truncate digits below a dollar. (Examples: $\$ 602,543.52$ may be reported as $\$ 602,544$ by rounding or as $\$ 602,543$ by truncation.) It is expected that the failure of items to add to the summary totals will reflect this treatment.
13. Report all amounts in U.S. dollars only, except for nominal information included in description fields that may be expressed in a foreign currency. Refer to SSAP No. 23-Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accounting guidance.
14. Effective 01/01/2001, all dates must be reported in the format of MM/DD/YYYY. For investments purchased prior to 01/01/2001 (or where complete dates are not available for activities prior to 01/01/2001), ar a th. company does not have sufficient information to report month or day, $01 / 01$ should be used.
15. The company should not change the page numbers designated in the association blank. I extra ages are needed, for other than sections entitled "Details of Write-Ins" use decimals after the page mumb like 2.1, 52.2, etc. For example, General Interrogatories, Part 1 - Common Interrogatories 20, $20.1,2$ and Part 2 - Life Interrogatories 21, 21.1, 21.2, etc.

If pages are doubled up, double up the page numbers also. For example, if Pagt 52,53 and 54 are shown on the same page, show all three page numbers at the bottom of the page like 52, 5 and 54 or 52-54.
16. Unless otherwise specified, report all alphabetic code and YES v resp nses to interrogatories, exhibits and schedules in solid capital letters.
17. While there are instances where the filing of an amended an stal nent may be necessary (in which case all related filings including electronic filing are resubmitt, ' the restatement of prior years' results is generally prohibited. The reporting entity should submit such changes th a rew Jurat Page, completed in all respects, along with an amended annual statement.
18. Assets and liabilities should be offset and report net when a valid right of setoff exists and it is not prohibited by specific statements of statutr rat unt r principles. Refer to SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Netting Assets and Liabilities for accounting guir ace conce ning the offsetting and netting of assets and liabilities.
19. Except in situations where a merger has oc rrer amounts reported for assets, liabilities, surplus, revenues, and expenses for prior years in the current year's ant al statement shall be identical to the amounts that were reported in the annual statement of the prior $y^{2}$ r. However, amounts reported in prior years may need to be adjusted in the current year as a result of the followilto

Changes in accoun ing p nciples or practices or changes in the methods of applying accounting principles or practices.

Changes in a rounting estirnates as a result of new events or new information.
Corrections arror in previously filed information.


If reaired for amounts reported in prior years, such changes should be included in the amounts reported for then current year and the effects of such changes should be reported as follows, unless these instructions or the Accounn $\rightarrow$ Practices and Procedures Manual specifically provide for a different treatment:
A. The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principles or practices, or a change in the method of applying accounting principles or practices, should be reported on the Summary of Operations page, Line 49 Cumulative Effect of Changes in Accounting Principles. The cumulative effect of changing to a new accounting principle is the difference between the amount of capital and surplus at the beginning of the year and the amount of capital and surplus that would have been reported at that date if the new accounting principle had been applied retroactively for all prior periods. An example of a change in accounting principles would be a change in the method of accounting for pensions or other post-employment benefits.
B. The effects of changes in accounting estimates are included in income and expenses in the Summary of Operations for the current year. For example, a change in estimate for reserves for accident and health claims related to prior years should be included in the Summary of Operations in disability benefits and benefits under accident and health contracts.
C. The effects of changes resulting from corrections of errors in previously filed information (for example, mathematical mistakes, misapplication of accounting principles, or oversight or misuse of facts) should be reported as an adjustment to surplus in the current year. Such adjustments to surplus should be reported with an appropriate identifying title as a write-in item for gains and losses in surplus, Summary of Operations Page, Aggregate Write-ins for Gains and Losses in Surplus line.
D. In the case of a merger, prior years' amounts reported for assets, liabilities, surplus, rev ies ano venenses, as well as those amounts reflected in supporting annual statement schedules, should be renorteu a merged basis consistent with the current year's post-merger reporting basis.
E. Changes that do not affect assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, or surplu but at in ally affect historical information in the financial statement supplemental schedules (e.g., Scher ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ ) hould be reflected in the current years' schedules with appropriate notations made in the Notes to Fi ancia Strtements.
20. Related parties are defined in SSAP No. 25—Affiliates and Other Relate. Partie as entities that have common interests as a result of ownership, control, and affiliation or by cont Re o SSAP No. 25 for accounting guidance regarding the principles and disclosure requirements for ro d part transactions.
21. A "person" is an individual, corporation, partnership, joint vetu or wy other legal entity. A "parent" is any person that, directly or indirectly, owns or controls the reporti" entity. "subsidiary" is any person that is, directly or indirectly, owned or controlled by the reporting entity. " "a 'liate" is any person that is, directly or indirectly, owned or controlled by the same person or by the same grou ${ }_{\mathrm{F}}$ of persons that, directly or indirectly, own or control the reporting entity. The term "affiliate" includes par nt and strosidiaries. Control shall be presumed to exist if a person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, hlds it1 ae ower to vote or holds proxies, representing $10 \%$ or more of the voting securities of any other person.
22. All reported amounts less than zero shal se represt ted by the use of parentheses. Parentheses shall also be used to denote those instances in which the report figure is contrary to what would normally be expected.
23. The Notes to Financial Statements ara providea disclose pertinent information, including comments on items or transactions that are unusual or not e f-explanatory or that might otherwise be misunderstood.
24. If the company has separate cou ${ }^{-} \mathrm{s}$, statement should appear in the Notes to Financial Statements that the amounts reported pertai to th entire ompany business including, as appropriate, its separate accounts business.
25. Unless otherwise specified, insurance assumed should be included, reinsurance ceded should be deducted, and net figures entered in the statement. Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance and Servicemen’s Group Life Insurance are to be treated as "nsurance, except that in the case of the Exhibit of Life Insurance each company, including the administering comnanı ; to treat its share as direct business. FEGLI and SGLI figures should be included in the annual statem it in a ordance with the instructions distributed by the administering companies.
26. All reinsú ce nemsactions involving separate accounts business, if any, must be reported as reinsurance tra .inc. the general account annual statement, including reinsurance premiums, deposits, benefits, withu rwals, Schedule S (for separate accounts modified coinsurance reserves), Schedule T and, where applicable, the Note to Financial Statement and Schedule Y, Part 2.



## ACTUARIAL OPINION

1. There is to be included on or attached to Page 1 of the annual statement, the statement of the Appointed Actuary, entitled "Statement of Actuarial Opinion" (Actuarial Opinion), setting forth his or her opinion relating to contract reserves and other actuarial items. The Appointed Actuary must be a Qualified Actuary. Requirements regarding the Appointed Actuary and Qualified Actuary are prescribed by VM-30, Actuarial Opinion and Memorandum Requirements, of the Valuation Manual authorized by Section 3 of the Standard Valuation Law (\#820) as amended by the NAIC in September 2009.
2. A separate Actuarial Opinion is required for each company filing an Annual Statement. The Actuarial Opinion must follow the requirements for statements of actuarial opinion prescribed by VM-30, Actard Opinion and Memorandum Requirements, of the Valuation Manual authorized by Section 3 of the Mode 4820 as vmended by the NAIC in September 2009. The Actuarial Opinion should include the general account and the varate accounts.
3. The Appointed Actuary must report to the Board of Directors or the Audit Comminee ec hear on the items within the scope of the Actuarial Opinion. The minutes of the Board of Directors shall indic. ${ }^{\circ}$ threre Appointed Actuary has presented such information to the Board of Directors or the Audit Committee




## ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORTS

All states have a statute or regulation that requires an annual audit of their insurance companies by an independent certified public accountant based on the NAIC Annual Financial Reporting Model Regulation (\#205). For guidance regarding this model, see Appendix G of the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual.

The reporting entity shall require the independent certified public accountant to subject the information included in the Supplemental Schedule of Assets and Liabilities (illustrated below) to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the current statutory financial statements to determine whether such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic statutory financial statements taken as a whole and agrees to the reporting entity's annual statement filed with the state insurance departments and the NAIC.

The supplemental schedule should be included with the audited annual statutory financial statemonts. he auditor should issue a report on the supplemental information as to whether the information is fairly stated a rela ion to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Example Insurance Entity
Annual Statement for the Year Ended December 31, 20 Schedule 1 - Selected Financial Data

The following is a summary of certain financial data included in oth whe schedules subjected to audit procedures by independent auditors and utilized by actuaries in the trmina on of reserves.

Investment Income Earned:

## U.S. Government Bonds <br> Other bonds (unaffiliated)

Bonds of affiliates
Preferred stocks (unaffiliated)


Real estate
Premium notes, polion loa and liens
$\square$




 $\qquad$

> Total mortgage loans

Mortgage Loans By Standing - Book Value:
Good standing
Good standing with restructured terms
Interest overdue more than 90 days, not in foreclosure
$\qquad$

Foreclosure in process
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Other Long Term Assets - Statement Value

Collateral Loans
Bonds and Stocks of Parents, Subsidiaries and Affiliates - Book Value:

Bonds
Preferred Stocks
Common Stocks

Bonds and Short-Term Investments by NAIC Designation and Maturity
Bonds by Maturity - Statement Value:
Due within one year less
$\qquad$

Over 1 year through 5 years
Over 5 years through 10 years
Over 10 years through 20 years
Over 20 years $\qquad$

Total by Maturity


NAIC 2
NAIC 3
$\qquad$

NAIC 4
NAIC 5
NAIC 6


T/rar $A$ nds Publicly Traded
Ti I D Ads Privately Placed
Preicrind Stocks - Statement Value
C. mmon Stocks - Market Value

Short Term Investments - Book Value $\qquad$
Options, Caps \& Floors Owned - Statement Value $\qquad$
Options, Caps \& Floors Written and In Force - Statement Value
Collar, Swap \& Forward Agreements Open - Statement Value

Futures Contracts Open - Current Value $\qquad$
Cash on Deposit $\qquad$
Life Insurance In Force:
Industrial
Ordinary
Credit Life
Group Life
Amount of Accidental Death Insurance In Force Under Ordinary Policies
Life Insurance Policies with Disability Provisions In Force:
Industrial
$\qquad$

Accident and Health Insurance - Premiums In Force:
Ordinary
Group
Credit

Deposit Funds and Dividend Accumulations:
Deposit Funds - Account Balance
Dividend Accumulations - Account Balance
Claim Payments 20__:
Group Accident and Health - Year Ended December 31, 20
$\qquad$
20_-1
20_-2
20_-3
20_-4
Prior
Other Accident and Health -
20
20_-1
20_-2
20_-3
20__-4
Prior
Other Coverages that Use Develop ental , ethods to Calculate
$\qquad$



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS ${ }^{1}$

Reporting entities are required to file a supplement to the annual statement titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD\&A) by April 1 each year.

## MD\&A Requirements:

Discuss the reporting entity's financial condition, changes in financial condition and results of operations. The discussion shall provide information as specified in paragraphs that follow and also shall provide such other information that the reporting entity believes to be necessary for an understanding of its financial condition, changes in financial condition and results of operations. Discussions of liquidity and capital resources may be combined whenever ate wo topics are interrelated.

## Introduction

1. The MD\&A requirements are intended to provide, in one section, materia hist ical prospective textual disclosure enabling regulators to assess the financial condition and results of eratio of the reporting entity. There is a need for a narrative explanation of the financial statements, becau a nu verical presentation and brief accompanying footnotes alone may be insufficient for regulators to judge the qua ${ }^{\text {t }} \mathrm{v}$ of earnings and the likelihood that past performance is indicative of future performance. The MDa is rended to give the regulator an opportunity to look at the reporting entity through the eyes of man providing both a short-term and long-term analysis of the business of the reporting entity.
2. The MD\&A shall be of the financial statements and of other $s^{-}$tis al ta that the reporting entity believes will enhance a regulator's understanding of its financial condi n, cha ges in financial condition and results of operations. Generally, the discussion shall cover the two ar pt od covered by the financial statements and shall use year-to-year comparisons or any other formats that in a reporting entity's judgment enhance a regulator's understanding. However, where trend information is rerevant, ceference to the five year selected financial data schedule may be necessary.
3. The purpose of the MD\&A shall be to proy act lato with information relevant to an assessment of the final condition and results of operations of th reporting ntity as determined by evaluating the amounts and certainty of cash flows from operations and from out re source. The information provided pursuant to this MD\&A need only include that which is available to the report er ay without undue effort or expense and which does not clearly appear in the reporting entity's financial statemen.s.
4. Management should ensure that dis sure in MD\&A is balanced and fully responsive. To enhance regulator understanding of the financial ater. nts, entities are encouraged to explain in the MD\&A the effects of the critical accounting policies app ed tl judgn ents made in their application, and any subsequent changes in assumptions or conditions which would ve tolt a in materially different reported results. Analytical discussion of significant accounting policies in the $\mathrm{M} \quad \mathrm{A}$ A should not include information already reported in the significant accounting policies section of the notes to the financial statement.
5. The discussion and anars shall focus specifically on material events and uncertainties known to management that would cause r porteu financial information not to be necessarily indicative of future operating results or of future financia rond ion. T s would include descriptions and amounts of (a) matters that would have an impact on future operations d han hat an impact in the past, and (b) matters that have had an impact on reported operations an cted to have an impact upon future operations.

[^0]6. Reporting entities are required to prepare the MD\&A on a non-consolidated basis, unless the following conditions are met:
a. The entity is part of a consolidated group of insurers that utilizes a pooling arrangement or one hundred percent reinsurance agreement that affects the solvency and integrity of the entity's reserves and such entity ceded substantially all of its direct and assumed business to the pool. An entity is deemed to have ceded substantially all of its direct and assumed business to a pool if the entity has less than $\$ 1,000,000$ total direct plus assumed written premiums during a calendar year that are not subject to a pooling arrangement and the net income of the business not subject to the pooling arrangement represents less than $5 \%$ of the company's capital and surplus.

Or
b. The entity's state of domicile permits audited consolidated financial statements.

If a group of insurance companies prepares the MD\&A on a consolidated bâis, th discus ion should identify and discuss significant differences between reporting entities (e.g., investment mis len oc, liquidity, etc.).

## Results of Operations

7. Reporting entities should describe any unusual or infrequent events or th sactic to or any significant economic changes that materially affected the amount of reported net income or ${ }^{+\quad \text { gan }}$ ses in surplus and, in each case, indicate the extent to which net income or surplus was so affes In a dition, describe any other significant components of income that, in the reporting entity's judgmeirt, sho 'd be described in order to understand the reporting entity's results of operations.
8. Reporting entities should describe any known trends or erta ties that have had or are reasonably probable to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on premiut netincome or other gains/losses in surplus. If the reporting entity knows of events that will cause a naterial crange in the relationship between expenses and premium, the change in the relationship shall be isclo
9. To the extent that the financial statements mat increases in premium, reporting entities should provide a narrative discussion of the extent to whir such inc. ases are attributable to increases in prices or to increases in the volume or amount of existing products be $\quad \delta$ sold or o the introduction of new products.

## Prospective Information

10. Reporting entities are encouraged to pply forward-looking information. The MD\&A may include discussions of "known trends or any known d mart conmitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the re ortin entity': liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way." Further, descriptions of known material trends the exng entity's capital resources and expected changes in the mix and cost of such resources should be includt Disclosure of known trends or uncertainties that the reporting entity reasonably expects will have material impuct on premium, net income or other gains/losses in surplus is also encouraged.
11. In the event that ene in entity does supply forward-looking information, the reporting entity may disclaim any responsibility or the ccuracy of such information and condition the delivery of such information upon a waiver of any clai und any leory of law based on the inaccuracy of such information; provided that the reporting entity supplied su intumation in good faith.

## Material Cha res

12. Reporting entities are required to provide adequate disclosure of the reasons for material year-to-year changes in line items, or discussion and quantification of the contribution of two or more factors to such material changes. An analysis of changes in line items is required where material and where the changes diverge from changes in related line items of the financial statements, where identification and quantification of the extent of contribution of each of two or more factors is necessary to an understanding of a material change, or where there are material increases or decreases in net premium.
13. Repetition and line-by-line analysis is not required or generally appropriate when the causes for a change in one line item also relate to other line items. The discussion need not recite amounts of changes readily computable from the financial statements and shall not merely repeat numerical data contained in such statements. However, quantification should otherwise be as precise, including use of dollar amounts or percentages, as reasonably practicable.

## Liquidity, Asset/Liability Matching and Capital Resources

14. The term "liquidity" as used in this MD\&A refers to the ability of the reporting entity to generate adequate amounts of cash to meet the reporting entity's needs for cash. Except where it is otherwise clear from the discussion, the reporting entity shall indicate those balance sheet conditions or income or cash flow items, NIIT the reporting entity believes, may be indicators of its liquidity condition. Liquidity generally shall be iscussu on both a long-term and short-term basis. The issue of liquidity shall be discussed in the context of tho rep rting entity's own business or businesses.
15. The discussion of liquidity shall include a discussion of the nature and extent on eastin on the ability of subsidiaries to transfer funds to the reporting entity in the form of cash dividend sans advances and the impact such restrictions may, if any, have on the ability of the reporting entity to meet cas obligations.
16. Generally, short-term liquidity and short-term capital resources cover casi eeds to 12 months into the future. These cash needs and the sources of funds to meet such needs relate he day operating expenses of the reporting entity and material commitments coming due during that $\sim$ nonth eriod.
17. The discussion of long-term liquidity and long-term capital reso mus ddress material expenditures, significant balloon payments or other payments due on long-term obligat ans, ath other demands or commitments, including any off-balance sheet items, to be incurred beyond the ne 12 In nths, as well as the proposed sources of funding required to satisfy such obligations.
18. Reporting entities should identify any known trads that will result in or that are reasonably likely to re lt in th reporting entity's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way. If a material decline in lur is io tified, indicate the course of action that the reporting entity has taken or proposes to take to remed the dech e. Also identify and separately describe internal and external sources of liquidity, and briefly discuss an, material nused sources of liquid assets.
19. Reporting entities should describe ary known material trends, favorable or unfavorable, in the reporting entity's capital resources. Indicate any ex, cted material changes in the mix and relative cost of such resources. The discussion shall consider changes betw en equity, debt and any off-balance sheet financing arrangements.
20. Reporting entities are e pect to us the statement of cash flows, and other appropriate indicators, in analyzing their liquidity, and to pre at a ed discussion dealing with cash flows from investing and financing activities as well as from operations. This discussion should address those matters that have materially affected the most recent period pre anted but are not expected to have short-term or long-term implications, and those matters that have not materialls ffected the most recent period presented but are expected materially to affect future periods. Examples of sucb matte include:
a. Dis rtion ry ope ating expenses such as expenses relating to advertising;
b. cings or redemptions;
c. Div 'and requirements to the reporting entity's parent to fund the parent's operations or debt service; or
d. Future potential sources of capital, such as a parent entity's planned investment in the reporting entity, and the form of that investment.
21. MD\&A disclosures should not be overly general. For example, disclosure that the reporting entity has sufficient short-term funding to meet its liquidity needs for the next year provides little useful information. Instead, reporting entities should consider describing the sources of short-term funding and the circumstances that are reasonably likely to affect those sources of liquidity. The discussion should be limited to material risks, and, as with the MD\&A generally, should be sufficiently detailed and tailored to the entity's individual circumstances, rather than "boilerplate."
22. If the reporting entity's liquidity is dependent on the use of off-balance sheet financing arrangements, such as securitization of receivables or obtaining access to assets through special purpose entities, the reporting entity should consider disclosure of the factors that are reasonably likely to affect its ability to continue using those off-balance sheet financing arrangements. Reporting entities also should make informative disclosures abo $A$ thers that could affect the extent of funds required within management's short- and long-term planning horizon
23. Reporting entities are reminded that identification of circumstances that could materially iffect quirity is necessary if they are "reasonably likely" to occur. This disclosure threshold is lower than "mbe lik vy than ot." (See guidance provided in SSAP No. 5R-Liabilities, Contingencies and Impairments of Asse $\mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{c}}$ ) m kel $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{L}}$. changes, economic downturns, defaults on guarantees, or contractions of operations that have mate ${ }^{1}$ cons quences for the reporting entity's financial position or operating results can be reasonably likely to oc ur un' r some conditions. Material effects on liquidity as a result of any reasonably likely changes should be disclose
24. To identify trends, demands, commitments, events and uncertainties req disclosure, management should consider the following:
a. Provisions in financial guarantees or commitments, debt acee onts arrangements that could trigger a requirement for an early payment, additional collateral su bort, anges in terms, acceleration of maturity, or the creation of an additional financial obligation, suci sad se changes in the reporting entity's credit rating, financial ratios, earnings, cash flows, stock price or chang in the value of underlying, linked or indexed assets;
b. Circumstances that could impair the reportag e a ility to continue to engage in transactions that have been integral to historical operations or are ancioll or operationally essential, or that could render that activity commercially impracticable, actr tho inability to maintain a specified claims paying ability or investment grade credit rating, level earnings earnings per share, financial ratios, or collateral; and
c. Factors specific to the reporting entity a. its narkets that the reporting entity expects to be given significant weight in the determination of the reporting entity's credit rating or will otherwise affect the reporting entity's ability to raise short-term and leterm financing.

## Loss Reserves (Property \& Casualty omp nie only)

25. The MD\&A should inclu a a rin on of those items that affect the reporting entity's volatility of loss reserves, including a description of tho risks that contribute to the volatility.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrang_onts

26. Reporting ent es sti ld consider the need to provide disclosures concerning transactions, arrangements and other relations ins thent les or other persons that are reasonably likely to affect materially liquidity or the availability of or requir neirm or capital resources. Specific disclosure may be necessary regarding relationships with entities th rally limited to narrow activities that facilitate the reporting entity's transfer of or access to assets. Thes ontities are often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities. These entities may be in the form of rporations, partnerships or limited liability companies, or trusts.
27. Material sources of liquidity and financing, including off-balance sheet arrangements and transactions with limited purpose entities should be discussed. The extent of the reporting entity's reliance on off-balance sheet arrangements should be described fully and clearly where those entities provide financing, liquidity, or market or credit risk support for the reporting entity; engage in leasing or hedging services with the reporting entity; or expose the reporting entity to liability that is not reflected on the face of the financial statements. Where contingencies inherent in the arrangements are reasonably likely to affect the continued availability of a material historical source of liquidity and finance, reporting entities must disclose those uncertainties and their effects.
28. Reporting entities should consider the need to include information about the off-balance sheet arrangements such as: their business purposes and activities; their economic substance; the key terms and conditions of any commitments; the initial and ongoing relationships with the reporting entity and its affiliates; and the report ag rity's potential risk exposures resulting from its contractual or other commitments involving the off-balance sar et arrar.ements.
29. For example, a reporting entity may be economically or legally required or reasonabl liker, to rund losses of a limited purpose entity, provide it with additional funding, issue securities purstint to a call ption held by that entity, purchase the entity's capital stock or assets, or the reporting entity otherwise ay a mancially affected by the performance or non-performance of an entity or counterparty to a trav tion $r$ arrangement. In those circumstances, the reporting entity may need to include information about the rang nents and exposures resulting from contractual or other commitments to provide investors with a clear unde tanding of the reporting entity's business activities, financial arrangements, and financial statements. Other iclosu es that reporting entities should consider to explain the effects and risks of off-balance sheet arrangemer
a. Total amount of assets and obligations of the off-balance sheet tity, vith a description of the nature of its assets and obligations, and identification of the class and ar of a debt or equity securities issued by the reporting entity;
b. The effects of the entity's termination if it has a finite $h$ or l is reasonably likely that the reporting entity's arrangements with the entity may be discontinued a the foresceable future;
c. Amounts receivable or payable, and revenues, mens^c ad cash flows resulting from the arrangements;
d. Extended payment terms of receiv ies, loans and debt securities resulting from the arrangements, and any uncertainties as to realization, includi. repaym ht that is contingent upon the future operations or performance of any party;
e. The amounts and key terms apr conditions of purchase and sale agreements between the reporting entity and the counterparties in any such aria rements; and
f. The amounts of any guar tees, l es of credit, standby letters of credit or commitments or take or pay contracts or other similar type of aindents, including tolling, capacity, or leasing arrangements, that could require the reporting entity to ${ }_{F}$ vvide funding of any obligations under the arrangements, including guarantees of repayment of bligors of paries to the arrangements, make whole agreements, or value guarantees.
30. Although disclocum res reding similar arrangements can be aggregated, important distinctions in terms and effects should not be ost in hat process. The relative significance to the reporting entity's financial position and results of the arra rem ts wi h unconsolidated, non-independent, limited purpose entities should be clear from the disclosures a tru cutent material. While legal opinions regarding "true sale" issues or other issues relating to $\mathrm{w}^{\mathbf{-}}$ ron ting entity has contingent, residual or other liability can play an important role in transactions invor ing such entities, they do not obviate the need for the reporting entity to consider whether disclosure is requirea. ' $\eta$ addition, disclosure of these matters should be clear and individually tailored to describe the risks to the reporting entity, and should not consist merely of recitation of the transactions' legal terms or the relationships between the parties or similar boilerplate.

## Participation in High Yield Financings, Highly Leveraged Transactions or Non-Investment Grade Loans and Investments

31. A reporting entity, consistent with its domiciliary state's law, may participate in several ways, directly or indirectly, in high yield financings, or highly leveraged transactions or make non-investment grade loans or investments relating to corporate restructurings such as leveraged buyouts, recapitalizations including significant stock buybacks and cash dividends, and acquisitions or mergers. A reporting entity may participate in the financing of such a transaction either as originator, syndicator, lender, purchaser of secured senior debt, or as an investor in other debt instruments (often unsecured or subordinated), redeemable preferred stock or other equity securities. Participation in high yield or highly leveraged transactions, as well as investment in non-investment grade securities, generally involves greater returns, in the form of higher fees and higher average yields or potential market gains. Participation in such transactions may involve greater risks, often related to credit worthiness, solvency, rel av liquidity of the secondary trading market, potential market losses, and vulnerability to rising interest rates and onomidownturns.
32. In view of these potentially greater returns and potentially greater risks, disclosure of he it ure and extent of a reporting entity's involvement with high yield or highly leveraged transactions ark non nvestn nt grade loans and investments may be required, if such participation or involvement has had or is reaso ably nat to have a material effect on financial condition or results of operations. For each such participation invor ment or grouping thereof, there shall be identification, consistent with the Annual Statement schedules or detan description of the risks added to the reporting entity; associated fees recognized or deferred; amount, if any, f loss recognized; the reporting entity's judgment whether there has been material negative effect on thentity financial condition; and the reporting entity's judgment whether there will be material negative $\mathrm{o}^{2}$ entity's financial condition in subsequent reporting periods.

## Preliminary Merger/Acquisition Negotiations

33. While the MD\&A requirements could be read to impos dut to disclose otherwise nondisclosed preliminary merger or acquisition negotiations, as known events or unct zinties reasonably likely to have material effects on future financial condition or results of operations, the NAIC dow not intend to apply the MD\&A in this manner. Where disclosure is not otherwise required, ad ha 0 erwise been made, the MD\&A need not contain a discussion of the impact of preliminary merger nes tiationc dhere, in the reporting entity's view, inclusion of such information would jeopardize completion a at nsa ion. Where disclosure is otherwise required or has otherwise been made by or on behalf of the report $g$ entity, e e interests in avoiding premature disclosure no longer exist. In such case, the negotiations would be subj to the s me disclosure standards under the MD\&A as any other known trend, demand, commitment, event or unce inty These policy determinations also would extend to preliminary negotiations for the acquisition or disposition of wosets not in the ordinary course of business.

## Conclusion

34. In preparing the MD\& dis osure, eporting entities should be guided by the general purpose of the MD\&A requirements: to give res ator on portunity to look at the reporting entity through the eyes of management by providing a historical and $\mathrm{pi}^{\text {n }}$ nective analysis of the reporting entity's financial condition and results of operations, with particular en hasis on the .eporting entity's prospects for the future. The MD\&A requirements are intentionally flexible and gener2. Zecause no two reporting entities are identical, good MD\&A disclosure for one reporting entity is not necessarily nod $1 D \& A$ disclosure for another. The same is true for MD\&A disclosure of the same reporting entity in diffe ent yt s. The flexibility of MD\&A creates a framework for providing regulators with appropriate informá on c cerniy g the reporting entity's financial condition, changes in financial condition and results of operations.



## JURAT PAGE

Enter all information completely as indicated by the format of the page.

## NAIC Group Code

Current Period
Enter the NAIC Group Code for the current filing.

## Prior Period

Enter the NAIC Group Code for the prior quarter.

## State of Domicile or Port of Entry

Alien companies doing business in the United States through a port of entry vuld mplete this line with the appropriate state. U.S. insurance entities should enter the state of domicile.

## Country of Domicile

U.S. branches of alien insurers should enter the three-character ntifiei for the reporting entity's country of domicile from the Appendix of Abbreviations. Domestic insurers shou enter "US" in this field.

## Commenced Business

Enter the date when the reporting entity first became obliga dor any insurance risk via the issuance of policies and/or entering into a reinsurance agreement.


## Mail Address

Reporting entity's mailin addither than the main administrative office address. May be a P.O. Box and the associated ZIP code.


Location wher exan hers may review records during an examination.

## Internet Website Ach

Inclu the Internet Website address of the reporting entity. If none, and information relating to the reporting entity is contan in a related entity's Website, include that Website.

Name \& Email

Name and email address of the person responsible for preparing and filing all statutory filings with the reporting entity's regulators and the NAIC. The person should be able to respond to questions and concerns for annual and quarterly statements.

Telephone Number \& Fax Number
Telephone and fax number should include area code and extension.
Officers, Directors, Trustees
The state of domicile regulatory authority may dictate the required officers, irect s, trus ees and any other positions to be listed on the Jurat Page. Show full name (initials not acceptable) ad (indicate by number sign (\#) those officers and directors who did not occupy the indicated positi in th prior annual statement). Additional lines may be required to identify officers, directors, trustees $\curvearrowleft d$ an $r_{\text {ther }}$ positions in primary policy-making or managerial roles. Examples of titles are 1) President, Chief Exu utive Officer or Chief Operating Officer; 2) Secretary, or Corporate Secretary; 3) Treasurer or Chief Firm cial y micer; and, 4) Actuary. When identifying officers, if the Treasurer does not have charge of the accou forting entity, enter the name of the individual who does and indicate the appropriate title.

## Statement of Deposition

Those states that have adopted the NAIC blank require thr the $\quad$ nk be completed in accordance with the Annual Statement Instructions and Accounting Practices and Proce res ranual except to the extent that state law may differ. If the reporting entity deviates from any of thes rues diswose deviations in Note 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements, to the extent that there is an impact the na information contained in the annual statement.

## Signatures

Complete the Jurat signature requiremens in accord nce with the requirements of the domiciliary state. Direct any questions concerning signature requirements tha state. At least one statement filed with the domiciliary state must have original signatures and must be manually s.sned by the appropriate corporate officers, have the corporate seal affixed thereon where appropriate, d be properly notarized. For statements filed in non-domestic states, facsimile signatures or reproductions of origina ignatures may be used except where otherwise mandated. If the appropriate corporate officers are incapac ateu r onerwise not available due to a personal emergency, the reporting entity should contact the domi diary tate fo direction as to who may sign the statement.

NOTE: If the United States Yanager of a U.S. Branch or the Attorney-in-Fact of a Reciprocal Exchange or Lloyds Underwitters is a corpuration, the affidavit should be signed by two (or three) principal officers of the corporatic , or, if a partnership, by two (or three) of the principal members of the partnership.

For domiciliar juris ctions that require the reporting entity to submit signatures on the Jurat page as part of the PDF fill wit the I AIC see the instructions for submitting a signed Jurat in the General Electronic Filing Directive. limus that directive can be found at the following Web address:

[^1]To be filed in electronic format only:

## Policyowner Relations Contact

Name
List person able to respond to calls regarding policies, premium payments, etc. on individual policies.
Address
May be a P.O. Box and the associated ZIP code.
Telephone Number
Telephone number should include area code and extension.
Email Address
Email address of the policyowner relations contact person as descr
Government Relations Contact
Name
The government relations contact represents pen the reporting entity designates to receive information from state insurance departments regar'ing niew bulletins, company and producer licensing information, changes in departmental procedy es and ourer general communication regarding non-financial information.

## Address

May be a P.O. Box and the assoc ted ZIP de.
Telephone Number
Telephone number should int de area code and extension.
Email Address
Email address of the overnment relations contact person as described above.

## Market Conduct Contact

Name

The market conduct contact represents the person the reporting entity designates to receive information from state insurance departments regarding market conduct activities. Such information would include (but not be limited to) data call letters, filing instructions, report cards and inquiries/questions about the reporting entity's market conduct.

Address

May be a P.O. Box and the associated ZIP code.
Telephone Number
Telephone number should include area code and extension.

Email Address
Email address of the market conduct contact person as described ai ve.
Cybersecurity Contact
Name
The cybersecurity contact represents the person the repo ing entity designates to receive information from regulatory agencies on active, developing and potent cybersecurity threats.

Address
May be a P.O. Box and the asso
Telephone Number
Telephone number should in»lude area s.ode and extension.
Email Address
Email address the vberse irity contact person as described above.
Life Insurance Policy Locator Contaci Not applicable to Property and Title companies)
Name
List r rson c le to respond to calls regarding locating policies on lost or forgotten life insurance policies.
Address
May be a P.O. Box and the associated ZIP code.
Telephone Number
Telephone number should include area code and extension.

## Email Address

Email address of the policy locator contact person as described above.

## ASSETS

The value for real estate, bonds, stocks, and the amount loaned on mortgages must, in all cases, prove with corresponding values and admitted assets supported by the corresponding schedules.

Refer to the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual for accounting guidance on these topics.
Companies should refer to the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office to determine the filing requirements and the procedures for valuation of bonds and stocks owned or held as collateral for loans.

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement. Certain Notes are required regar ally he valuation of invested assets. See instructions herein for Notes to Financial Statements.

Assets owned at the end of the current period that were not under the exclusive control of the repor ig entity, including assets loaned to others as shown in the General Interrogatories, are to be individually idenified the it vestment schedules by placing the codes found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in the Cou Co. of the appropriate investment schedule.

For statements with Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts or Protected Cell Accout . Exclude receivables from the Separate Accounts Statement, Segregated Accounts or Protected Cell Accounts in m the assets of the General Account Statement. This eliminates the need for consolidating adjustments. Report such ivab as a negative liability and net the receivables against payables to the appropriate account as required elsewher ir these structions.

The development of admitted assets is illustrated in two columns.

## Column 1 - Assets



## Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Prio Year Net Admitted Assets

Amounts and ined in Column 3 of the prior year Annual Statement.
Inside amount - $\quad \mathrm{F}$ port n t admitted assets amounts.
Line 1


Report all bonds with maturity dates greater than one year from the acquisition date. Bonds are valued and reported in accordance with guidance set forth in SSAP No. 26R—Bonds and SSAP No. 43R-Loan-Backed and Structured Securities.

Record bond acquisitions or disposals on the trade date, not the settlement date. Record private placements on the funding date.

Exclude: Interest due and accrued.

Line $4 \quad-\quad$ Real Estate

Line 5

Refer to SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments, SSAP No. 4 -Capitalization of Interest and SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investme ts, for llecounting guidance.

The amount reported in Column 3 for properties oco ed by he reporting entity (home office real estate), properties held for production of income and pi eertie held for sale must not exceed actual cost, plus capitalized improvements, less normal ep. ciatı 1. This formula shall apply whether the reporting entity holds the property directly or ind ctly.

Report amounts net of encumbrances. The sum fall encumbrances reported in the inset lines should agree with the total of Schedule A, Part 1 column u

Exclude:
Income due ana ccrued
Foreclosed liens subject to redemption.
Exclude: Interest due and accrued.
The amount reported in Column 3 is the Book Value/Recorded Investment roduct by any valuation allowance and nonadmitted amounts. Mortgage loans are valued and repo ded iir ccordance with the guidance set forth in SSAP No. 37-Mortgage Loans.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and short-Ten Investments
Include:
All cash, clu hg petty cash, other undeposited funds, certificates of deposit in banks or othm similar financial institutions with maturity dates of one year or 1. ss from the acquisition date and other instruments defined as cash and cash eq valents in accordance with SSAP No. 2R—Cash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts, Co I. clude in Column 2, the excess of deposits in suspended depositories over the estimated amount recoverable.

The 2 unt in Column 1 should agree with the sum of Schedule E, Part 1, Column 6, Schedule E, Part ${ }^{2}$ Co 7 and Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7. The amount in Column 1 should agree with (ash FI v, line 19.2. The prior year’s Column 1 amount should agree with Cash Flow, line 19.1.

Report loans at their unpaid balance in accordance with SSAP No. 49-Policy Loans (applicable to Life and Accident and Health), and reduced by the proportionate share of loans under any coinsurance arrangements.

Include: In Column 1, contract loans assumed under coinsurance arrangements.
In Column 2, premium notes, contract loans, and other policy assets in excess of net value and of other policy liabilities on individual policies.

Exclude: Interest due and accrued, less than 90 days past due. Rcr to So. P No. 49Policy Loans, for accounting guidance.

Premium extension agreements.
Line $7 \quad-\quad$ Derivatives
Derivative asset amounts shown as debit balances. Should equal chedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 5, Footnote Question 2. The gross amounts from Sc edule $\mathrm{\Delta B}$ shall be adjusted to reflect netting from the valid right to offset in accordance with $S \leadsto$ No. -Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities.

Line $8 \quad-\quad$ Other Invested Assets (Schedule BA Assets)
Report admitted investments reported on Scir alle b and not included under another classification. Include: Loans.

Certain affiliat securi es, such as joint ventures, partnerships and limited liability coln nies (SSAP No. 48—Joint Ventures, Partnerships and Limited Liab ty Compa ies).

Low Incu e $Y$ susing Tax Credit Property Investments (SSAP No. 93—Low In rome Housvig Tax Credit Property Investments).

Line $9 \quad-\quad$ Receivables for Securitı
Refer to $S A P N$ 21- her Admitted Assets, for accounting guidance.

Include:
ccludt
Amounts received within 15 days of the settlement date that are due from brokers when a security has been sold but the proceeds have not yet been received.

Receivables for securities not received within 15 days of the settlement date. These receivables are classified as other-than-invested-assets and nonadmitted per SSAP No. 21—Other Admitted Assets.

Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral Assets

Include reinvested collateral assets from securities lending programs where the program is administered by the reporting entity's unaffiliated agent or the reporting entity's affiliated agent if the reporting entity chooses not to report in the investment schedules.

Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 11 for Invested Assets.

Line 13 - Title Plants (Applies to Title Insurers Only)
Refer to SSAP No. 57-Title Insurance, for accounting guidance.
Column 1 should equal Schedule H - Verification Between Years, Line 8.
Line 14 - Investment Income Due and Accrued


Line 15 - Premiums and Considerations
Include: Amounts for premium transactions cona ted di uctly with the insured.
Amounts due from agents resurn from arious insurance transactions.
Premiums receivable for gove mein msured plans, including fixed one-time premium payments (sucb is for Medicaid low birth weight neonates and Medicaid maternity d 'ivery)

Refer to SSAP No. 6—Uncollected Prem am Balu. ess, Bills Receivable for Premiums, and Amounts Due From Agents and Brokers, SS $\triangle P$ N tle Insurance, and SSAP No. 53—Property Casualty Contracts - Premiums. Refer to $S^{S^{4} P} N o \in R$-Property and Casualty Reinsurance, and SSAP No. 61R-Life, Deposit-Typ an Aent and Health Reinsurance, for accounting guidance pertaining to reinsurance tra sactions.

Line $15.1 \quad-\quad$ Uncollected Premiums and Ago $+{ }^{\prime}$ ' $B$ ances in Course of Collection Include: $\quad$ rect and group billed uncollected premiums.


Life insurance premiums and annuity considerations uncollected on in force business (less premiums on reinsurance ceded and less loading).

Title insurance premiums and fees receivable.

## For Property/Casualty and Title companies:

Ceded reinsurance balances payable.
Receivables relating to uninsured accident and health plans and the uninsured portion of partially insured accident and health plans.

Include: Receivable amounts not yet due.
Life insurance premiums and annuity considerations deferred on in force business (less premiums on reinsurance ceded and less loading).

## For Property/Casualty companies:

Earned but unbilled premiums.
Deduct: For Property/Casualty companies:
Reinsurance assumed premiums received af er the ffective date of the contract but prior to the contractual die dat Refer o SSAP No. 62RProperty and Casualty Reinsurance for a rour s guidance.

Exclude: Ceded reinsurance balances payable.
Line $15.3 \quad-\quad$ Accrued Retrospective Premiums (\$__) and contracts subje to red erermination (\$ $\qquad$ _)

Include:


Receivables for all contr cts sub, to redetermination, including risk adjustment for Medicare $\boldsymbol{A}$ vantag and Medicare Part D and Affordable Care Act risk adjustment. SS. No. 54R—Individual and Group Accident and Health Contracts.

Refer to SSAP No. 66-Retrospec vely ac ontracts, for accounting guidance and nonadmission criteria.

Direct Accrued Retrospecti Premiun
For Property/Casualty compa
If retrospectiv/ premiums are estimated by reviewing each retrospectively rated risk, report on Line 15.3 the ross additional retrospective premiums included in the total reserve for unearne pren ims.

If retrospec e pinin are estimated through the use of actuarially accepted methods applied to aggregations on ultiple retrospectively rated risks in accordance with filed and approved retrospective ratin plans and we result of such estimation is net additional retrospective premiums, report on Line 3 the net additional retrospective premiums included in the total reserve for unearned premiums.

Line 16.1
nount Recoverable from Reinsurers
verty/Casualty and Title companies should refer to SSAP No. 62R—Property and Casualty Reinsurance, for accounting guidance.

Include: Amounts recoverable on paid losses/claims and loss/claim adjustment expenses.
Reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses are treated as a deduction from the reserve liability.

Line $16.2 \quad-\quad$ Funds Held by or Deposited with Reinsured Companies
Property/Casualty and Title companies should refer to SSAP No. 62R—Property and Casualty Reinsurance, for accounting guidance.

Include: Reinsurance premiums withheld by the ceding entity as specified in the reinsurance contract (for example, funds withheld equal to the unearned premiums and loss reserves), or advances from the reinsurer to the ceding entity for the payment of losses before an accounting is made by the ceding entity.

Line 16.3 - Other Amounts Receivable Under Reinsurance Contracts
For Life companies, include commissions and expense allowances due and perien rating and other refunds due. Include the amounts for FEGLI/SEGLI pools and any other amo nts not reported in Lines 16.1 or 16.2.

Property/Casualty companies should refer to SSAP No. 62R—Propenty . d C sualty Reinsurance, for accounting guidance.

Line 17 - Amounts Receivable Relating to Uninsured Plans
The term "uninsured plans" includes the uninsured portion of rtially nsured plans.
Include: Amounts receivable from unin ure a pla for (a) claims and other costs paid by the administrator on behal of 4 . third party at risk and (b) fees related to services provided by the admin trato the plan.

Pharmaceutical rebates 'ating o uninsured plans that represent an administrative fee and at are tained by the reporting entity and are earned in excess of the amountcto bu emitted to the uninsured plan.

Refer to SSAP No. 84-Health eare Go ernment Insured Plan Receivables, for accounting guidance.
) erment Insured Plan Receivables, for accoung $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Exclude: } & \text { Lharr ceuticai ebates of insured plans. Th } \\ \text { Refer to SSAP No. 47-Uninsure. D ms, for accounting guidance. }\end{array}$
Line 18.1 - Current Federal and F sign Income Tax Recoverable and Interest Thereon
This line is not a pin ble Fraternal Societies. Exclude: D ierred tax assets.
Refer to SSAP In 101—Income Taxes, for accounting guidance.
Repo ar entities may recognize intercompany transactions arising from income tax allocations amono con navies participating in a consolidated tax return, provided the following conditions are met:
$T$ ere is a written agreement describing the method of allocation and the manner in which ercompany balances will be settled; and

Such an agreement requires that any intercompany balance will be settled within a reasonable time following the filing of the consolidated tax return; and
3. Such agreement complies with regulations promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service; and
4. Any receivables arising out of such allocation meet the criteria for admitted assets as prescribed by the domiciliary state of the reporting entity; and
5. Other companies participating in the consolidated return have established liabilities that offset the related intercompany receivables.

Refer to SSAP No. 101-Income Taxes, for accounting guidance.
Line 19 - Guaranty Funds Receivable or on Deposit

## This line is not applicable to Fraternal Societies.

Include: $\quad$ Any amount paid in advance or amounts receivable from state guaranty funds to offset against premium taxes in future periods.

Line 20 - Electronic Data Processing Equipment and Software
Include: $\quad$ Electronic data processing equipment, operating software (net of accumulated depreciation).

Refer to SSAP No. 16R-Electronic Data Processing Equipme ana Software, for accounting guidance. Non-operating systems software must be nonadmitte Adn ited asset is limited to three percent of capital and surplus for the most recently filed statem + adjusted to exclude any EDP equipment and operating system software, net deferred tax assi and $\overline{5}$ resitive goodwill.
Line 21 - Furniture and Equipment, Including Health Care Delin $r$ Asse
Include: Health care delivery assets reor in are Furniture and Equipment Exhibit.
All leasehold improver, hits.
Refer to SSAP No. 19-Furniture, Fixtur s, Eauipment and Leasehold Improvements, SSAP No. 44Capitalization of Interest and $\langle S A P$ B-Health Care Delivery Assets and Leasehold Improvements in Health Care Facilitu for anting guidance.

Line 22 - Net Adjustment in Assets a Liabilit © Due to Foreign Exchange Rates
Include: The appl riat exchange differential applied to the excess, if any, of foreign cyrrency Canadian Insurance Operations assets over foreign currency Canadian I surance Operations liabilities. This method can be used if the Canadian IIr rance Operations result in less than $10 \%$ of the reporting entity's assets, bilmes and premium. The difference, if an asset, is recorded on Page 2, Li e 22, Net Adjustment in Assets and Liabilities Due To Foreign Exchange rates; or, if a liability, on Page 3, Net Adjustment in Assets and Liabilities Due To Foreign Exchange Rates. Refer to SSAP No. 23-Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations, for accounting guidance.

Include: Unsecured current accounts receivable from parent, subsidiaries and affiliates.
Exclude: Amounts owed due to intercompany tax sharing agreements.
Amounts related to intercompany reinsurance transactions. Report reinsurance between affiliated companies through the appropriate reinsurance accounts.

Loans to affiliates and other related parties that are reported in the appropriate category of Schedule BA.

Affiliated securities which are reported in the appropriato iir stment schedules (Schedule D or DA).

Refer to SSAP No. 25-Affiliates and Other Related Parties, for aqrount o gu ice.
Line 24 - Health Care and Other Amounts Receivable
Include: $\quad$ Bills Receivable - Report any unsecurt amou trs due from outside sources or receivables secured by assets that d $\sim$ qư ${ }^{\circ} \cdot$

Amounts due resulting from ac $}$ to agents or brokers - Refer to SSAP No. 6—Uncollected Pern um lances, Bills Receivable for Premiums, and Amounts Due From $A$ - 'ts ana Trokers, for accounting guidance.

Health Care Receivables Incrude pharmaceutical rebate receivables, claim overpayment rec vables, wans and advances to providers, capitation arrangement rece es and risk sharing receivables from affiliated and non-affiliated e ities D fer to SSAP No. 84-Health Care and Government Insured Iur $^{\circ}$ ce ${ }^{\circ}$ bles for accounting guidance.

Other mounts r zeivable that originate from the government under government insured P ns, cluding undisputed amounts over 90 days due that qualify as accident an@ eealth contracts are admitted assets. Refer to SSAP No. 84—Health - are and Government Insured Plans Receivables and SSAP No. 50ssifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts for accounting - idance.

Exclude:

p' armaceutical rebates relating to uninsured plans that represent an administrative fee and that are retained by the reporting entity and earned in excess of the amounts to be remitted to the uninsured plan. These amounts should be reported on Line 17.

Premiums receivable for government insured plans reported on Lines 15.1, 15.2 or 15.3.

Line 25
_ rgregate Write-ins for Other-Than-Invested-Assets
Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 25 for Other-Than-Invested-Assets.

List separately each category of invested assets for which there is no pre-printed line on Page 2 (and that are not on Schedule BA).

Include: $\quad$ Receivables resulting from the sale of invested assets other than securities.
Exclude: Collateral held on securities lending. In accordance with SSAP No. 103RTransfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishment of Liabilities, this collateral should be reported on the appropriate invested asset line or the securities lending line depending on the guidance in SSAP $\mathrm{N}^{\prime}$ 03R.

## Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 25 for Other-Than-Invested-Assets

List separately each category of assets (other-than-invested-assets) for $w$ ich the e is no pre-printed line on Page 2.

Include:
Equities and deposits in pools and associatiors.
COLI - Report the cash value of corporate wned life insurance including amounts under split dollar plans.

Consideration paid for ret ctive einsurance contract(s). Refer to SSAP No. 62R—Property and Casu ${ }^{I}+\frac{1}{} R$ insurance.

Other Receivables - Repon ny othreimbursement due the reporting entity.
Prepaid pension cost at the intangible asset resulting from recording an additional liability vith a desciption of "prepaid pension cost" and "intangible pension asse" res vei. See SSAP No. 102—Pensions, for guidance.

Receiv? re reties not received within 15 days of the settlement date are classi ed as ou ar-tran-invested-assets and nonadmitted per SSAP No. 21Othe 'dmitted sets.

## For Proper. Casualty Companies:



Amounts accrued for reimbursement of high deductible claims paid by the reporting entity. Refer to SSAP No. 65-Property and Casualty Contracts, for accounting guidance.

Annuities at their present value purchased to fund future fixed loss payments. Refer to SSAP No. 65-Property and Casualty Contracts.

Reinsurance premiums paid by a ceding entity prior to the effective date of the contract. Refer to SSAP No. 62R-Property and Casualty Reinsurance, for accounting guidance.

## For Life and Health Companies:

Reinsurance premiums paid by a ceding entity prior to the due date. Refer to SSAP No. 61R—Life, Deposit-Type and Accident and Health Reinsurance.

For Life, Accident \& Health and Fraternal Companies:
Any negative IMR that is nonadmitted.

## LIABILITIES, SURPLUS AND OTHER FUNDS

Line 1 - Aggregate Reserve for Life Contracts
Exclude: $\quad$ Reserves relating to uninsured accident and health plans and the uninsured portions of partially insured accident and health plans.

Line 2 - Aggregate Reserves for Accident and Health Contracts (including __ Modco Reserves)
Include: Accrued return premium adjustments for contracts subject to redetermination.
Line 3 - Liability for Deposit-type Contracts
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Include: } & \text { Liabilities for contracts that have no mortality o mor dity risk. Refer to } \\ \text { SSAP No. 52-Deposit-Type Contracts for accuntin guida ce. Report the total }\end{array}$ amount shown on the Exhibit of Deposit-Tyne CO. ract

| Line 4.2 | Contract Claims - Accident and Health |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Exclude: |
|  | Liabilities relating to uninsured accide and lealth plans and the uninsured <br> portions of partially insured accider |

Line $5 \quad-\quad$ Policyholders' Dividends and Coupons Due and Urpaid
Include: Coupons, guaranteed ana pur endowments not exceeding the annual premium and similar b efits antingent on payment of deferred and uncollected premiums, and dividends ontilrgent on payment of deferred and uncollected premiums.

Line 6 - Provision for Policyholders’ Dividena. and cons Payable in Following Calendar Year
Include: Cour ns, guar teed annual pure endowments not exceeding the annual premi $\quad$ and sir lar benefits contingent on payment of renewal premiums, and dividends ont gent on the payment of renewal premiums.
Line 8 - Premiums and Annuit Considerations For Life and Accident and Health Contracts Received in Advance

Include:


Ai $y$ amount received by the company for payments that are received in 2 vance, in accordance with guidance set forth in SSAP No. 51R-Life Contracts and SSAP No. 54R-Individual and Group Accident and Health Contracts.

Line 9.2 - Provicion $r$ Sperience Rating Refunds
lude:
Accrued return retrospective premiums net of reinsurance, refer to SSAP No. 66-Retrospectively Rated Contracts for accounting guidance. Per SSAP No. 66, retrospective premium adjustments shall be estimated based on the experience to date.

The first inset amount should be the accrual for all experience rating refunds for accident and health business. This will include any amount reported in the second inset, which is the amount of the accrual specifically for medical loss ratio rebates as provided for in Section 2718(b)(1)(a) of the Public Health Service Act net of reinsurance.

Inset amount \#2 should equal Note 24, Retrospectively Rated Contracts \& Contracts Subject to Redetermination, Line 24D(12), Column 5.

| Line 9.3 | Other Amounts Payable on Reinsurance Assumed and Ceded |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Include: | Refunds payable and modified coinsurance reserve increases payable. |
|  | Exclude: | Commissions and expense allowances payable. |
|  |  | Claims payable. |

Line $9.4 \quad$ - Interest Maintenance Reserve
Report the amount calculated on the Form for Calculating Interest Maintenance Rf, ert Line 6.
Line 10 - Commissions to Agents Due or Accrued
Include: Liability for commissions and collection fues di on rect business and commissions due or accrued on deferred cormiss. ns acts.

Liability for commissions and collection $f$ duremium notes and loans when paid.

Exclude: Deductions for commissions receiy orl surance ceded. These should be included on Page 2, Line 16,3, 1 imn 3.

Liability for commissions un on Insurance assumed. These should be reported under Page 3, Lin^1.

Commissions on nonadm ad uncollected accident and health premiums.
Line 12 - General Expenses Due or Accrued

Include:
Expens rio ret rurred but that the reinsurer anticipates will be incurred in conv ction wit accident and health claims at the year-end. Refer to SSAP º. 55- Inpaid Claims, Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses for accountil̀ rui ance.
( nfunded postretirement benefit obligation.
Line 13 - Transfers to Sep rate ${ }^{\text {a counts Due or Accrued (Net) (including } \$ ~}$ $\qquad$ accrued for expense allowance reco ized ii reserves, net of reinsured allowances)

Enter the due $\mathrm{o}_{1}{ }^{\text {accrued }}$ net transfer to or (from) the Separate Accounts Statement net of any payable or (\$ceivable) for einsurance assumed or ceded separate accounts reserve expense allowances. This item uld agree with the amount shown parenthetical on Page 3, Line 17 of the Separate Accounts Statoment, a dor fer reinsurance assumed or ceded separate accounts reserve expense allowances r taineu in the ceding company's Separate Accounts Statement. Adjustments for reinsured modified erve xpense allowances should be recorded in this line of the General Account Statement but shou not be recorded in the Separate Accounts Statement.

In the parenthetical portion of the caption, disclose as a negative amount, the excess, if any, of policyholder account values as appropriate, over modified reserves used in the Separate Accounts Statement, such as the expense allowance provided by the use of CARVM or CRVM net of any reinsured expense allowances.

Exclude from the parenthetical disclosure all other types of accruals, such as accruals for fees and charges.

Include: Guaranty fund assessments accrued in accordance with SSAP No. 35RGuaranty Fund and Other Assessments.

Exclude: Any amounts withheld or retained by the company acting as agents for others. (See instructions for Line 17.)

Income and excess profit taxes of any foreign country or of any possession of the U.S.
Line $15.1 \quad-\quad$ Current Federal \& Foreign Income Taxes (including \$___ on realized capital sf ns (losivs))
Include: Income and excess profit taxes of any foreign cour ty or ariy possession of the U.S.

Exclude: Income taxes recoverable.
Deferred tax liabilities.
Refer to SSAP No. 101—Income Taxes for accounting gui $\sim$.


Line 16 - Unearned Investment Income
Report all unearned investment inc me.
Include: That pr aUIr ${ }^{\text {c }}$ int ast or income from any investment (bond, stock, real estate, etc.) at has be received but not earned as of year-end.

Line 17 - Amounts Withheld or Retained $C$ - apany as Agent or Trustee

Include

r mployees' FICA and unemployment contributions, withholdings for purchase or evings bonds, taxes withheld at source and other withholdings, as well as Dounts held in escrow for payment of taxes, insurance, etc., under F.H.A. or ot er mortgage loan investments or held for guarantee of contract performance d any other funds that the reporting entity holds in a fiduciary capacity for the account of others (excluding reinsurance funds held).

If, however, a reporting entity has separate bank accounts for exclusive use in connection with employee bond purchases or escrow F.H.A. payments or other amounts withheld or retained in a similar manner, or other assets deposited to guarantee performance, the related assets should be shown separately on the asset page and extended at zero value, unless such assets are income-producing for the reporting entity, in which case they should be shown both as assets and liabilities in the statement.

Liabilities relating to uninsured accident and health plans and the uninsured portions of partially insured accident and health plans.

Refer to SSAP No. 67-Other Liabilities for accounting guidance.

| Line 18 | Amounts Held for Agents' Account |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Include: |
| Agents' credit balances as well as any other amounts due or contingently due to <br> agents (but not commissions, which should be included in Line 10). Do not <br> offset the debit balance of one agent against the credit balance of another. |  |

Line 19 - Remittances and Items Not Allocated
Report a liability for cash receipts that cannot be identified for a specific purpose or, for other reasons, cannot be applied to a specific account when received. Refer to SSAP No. 67-Other Liabilities for accounting guidance.

Do not offset credit suspense balances by unrelated debit suspense balances The tter, to the extent not offset by related liability items, should be entered as a separate item on age 2


Line 21 - Liability for Benefits for Employees and rents if hor Included Above This item should include all liabilities bepof s to employees and agents under an uninsured plan.

Line 22 - Borrowed Money
Report the unpaid balance outs, di, at the year-end on any borrowed money plus accrued interest and any unamortized premium or anscount (commercial paper, bank loans, notes, etc.).

Include: IIr rest payable on all debt reported as a liability, approved interest on surplus
 tes and interest payable on debt reported as a reduction in the carrying value eal estate. Refer to SSAP No. 15—Debt and Holding Company Obligations accounting guidance.


Debt obligations of an employee stock ownership plan by the reporting entity and dividends on unallocated employee stock ownership plan shares. Refer to SSAP No. 12—Employee Stock Ownership Plans for accounting guidance.

Debt on real estate in accordance with SSAP No. 40 ——Real Estate Investments (i.e., reported as a reduction in the carrying value of real estate).

Debt offset against another asset in accordance with SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities.

Debt for which treatment is specified elsewhere. Instruments that meet the requirements to be recorded as surplus as specified in SSAP No. 72-Surplus and Quasi-Reorganizations are not considered debt.

Debt issuance costs (e.g., loan fees and legal fees).
The value attributable to detachable stock purchase warrants. Report this value as paid-in capital.

Line 23 - Dividends to Stockholders Declared and Unpaid
Include: The amount of dividends on outstanding shares of capital stock (excluding stock dividends of the company's own shares) that are declared by the board of directors but are unpaid at the balance sheet date.

Line 24.01 - Asset Valuation Reserve
Report the amount calculated on the Asset Valuation Reserve, Line 16, Column 7.
Line 24.02 - Reinsurance in Unauthorized and Certified Companies
Total net amount from Schedule S, Part 4 (Column 8 minus Column 15) nlus hedule S, Part 5 (Column 26 x 1000).

Line 24.03 - Funds Held Under Reinsurance Treaties with Unauthorized and Certifieu Dellmu is
Total amount from Schedule S, Part 4 (Columns 12 and 13) plus chea º ©, Part 5 [(Columns 20 and 21) x 1000), (other than amounts of letters of credit or trust agreemt $s$ included therein)] to the extent that such funds were included as a part of the total assets on Dage sf the statement and were not offset by a directly related credit offset on Page 2.

Line 24.04 - Payable to Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates
A liability is recognized and identified as due $t$ ffiliate for expenditures incurred on behalf of the reporting entity by a parent, affiliates or subs, aries, or for amounts owed through other intercompany transactions. Refer to SSAP No. 67-Other Liab ies tor accounting guidance.

Include: Unreimburse ex ant $s$ on behalf of the reporting entity by a parent, affiliates or sidiaric, or amounts owing through other intercompany transac

Amou * owed g e to intercompany tax-sharing agreements.
Amounts remed to intercompany reinsurance transactions. Report reinsurance - tween affiliated companies through the appropriate reinsurance accounts.
ansfrom affiliates that are reported as borrowed money. See SSAP No. 15Refer to SSAP 25-Affiliates and Other Related Parties for accounting guidance.

Line 24.06 - Liabi for Amounts Held Under Uninsured Plans
T ne teri uninsured plans includes the uninsured portion of partially insured plans.
A liability for funds held by an administrator in its general assets for the benefit of an uninsured plan or for funds which may be owed by the administrator in connection with the administration of an uninsured plan.

Refer to SSAP No. 47—Uninsured Plans for accounting guidance.
Line $24.07 \quad$ - Funds Held Under Coinsurance
Report the amount of funds withheld from reinsurers under coinsurance treaties other than amounts reported on Line 24.03.

Derivative liability amounts shown as credit balances. Should equal Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 6, Footnote Question 2 times -1 . The gross amounts from Schedule DB shall be adjusted to reflect netting from the valid right to offset in accordance with SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities.

Line 24.09 - Payable for Securities
Include: Amounts that are due to brokers when a security has been purchased but has not yet been paid.

Line $24.10 \quad-\quad$ Payable for Securities Lending
Include Liability for securities lending collateral received by he rep ting entity that can be reinvested or repledged.

## Line 24.11 - Capital Notes

Report the unpaid balance outstanding at year-end on any cap + not $s$ plus accrued interest and any unamortized premium or discount. Furnish pertinent info ion erning conditions of repayment, redemption price, interest features, etc. in the Notes to i ancia Statements.

Line 25 - Aggregate Write-ins for Liabilities
Enter the total of the write-ins listed in so dule Petails of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 25 for Liabilities.

Line 27 - From Separate Accounts Statemen
Report the total liabilities sho nom he ands Separate Accounts Statement.
Line 29 - Common Capital Stock
Should equal the par value per shar multiplied by the number of issued shares, or in the case of no-par shares, the total stated due.

Authorized capit stou is ne number of shares that the state has authorized a corporation to issue.
 held by stockho 'ers (excludes treasury stock, as defined in the instructions for Line 36).

Issue anital stock is the cumulative total number of authorized shares that have been issued to date. Thonmb issued shares includes treasury stock.
utual ompanies should enter amount of Guaranty Capital, if any, with appropriate designation. Carrmon companies should enter amount of Statutory Deposit with appropriate designation.

Line 30 Preferred Capital Stock

Should equal the par value per share multiplied by the number of shares, or in the case of no-par shares, the total stated or liquidation value.

Authorized, outstanding and issued stocks have the same meaning as in Line 29.
Line $31-\quad$ Aggregate Write-ins for Other-Than-Special Surplus Funds
Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 31 for
Other-Than-Special Surplus Funds.
 contract and are held by the policyholder.

Cost of issuing surplus notes (e.g., loan ft and legal fees). Charge these amounts to operations when incurred.

Line 33 - Gross Paid In and Contributed Surplus
Include: Amounts for quasi-1 gant tions. Refer to SSAP No. 72—Surplus and Quasi-Reorganizations fo accounting guidance.
Line 34 - Aggregate Write-ins for Special Su. plus
Enter the total of write-ins li car are Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 34 for Special Surplus Funds.

Line $35 \quad-\quad$ Unassigned Funds (Surplus)
Unassigned funds (surn is) are the undistributed and unappropriated amounts of surplus.
Include: dừions for unearned employee stock ownership plan shares.
Quasi-Reorganizations for accounting guidance.
Changes in the additional minimum pension liability. Refer to SSAP No. 102Pensions for accounting guidance.

Line 36
easury Stock, at Cost
asury stock is the corporation's own shares that have been issued, fully paid, and reacquired by the issuing corporation but not canceled. Treasury stock is included in issued capital stock but is not part of outstanding stock.

Include:
In the description the number of shares and the value in the appropriate spaces provided in Lines 36.1 and 36.2 for the current year. Cost method of accounting should determine the cost basis of treasury stock acquired.

Cost of reacquired suspense shares of an employee stock ownership plan.
$\qquad$ in Separate Accounts Statement)

In the parenthetical portion of the caption, disclose the total amount of surplus funds reported on Page 3, Line 21 of the Separate Accounts Statement.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 25 for Liabilities
List separately each category of liability for which there is no pre-printed line on Page 3.
Include: Uncashed drafts and checks that are pending escheatment to a state.
Interest paid in advance on mortgage loans, rents paid in ance an retroactive reinsurance amounts, if any.

Estimated amount of rate credits to group polkhol rs on remiums earned to and including December 31, if not included

Servicing liabilities as described in SSAP $>10$ ? Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liab ties.

Unearned compensation for employ tocn hership plan stock options issued and stock purchase and awara 1 ns. Ri er to SSAP No. 12-Employee Stock Ownership Plans and SSAP No. $A R-$ hare-Based Payments for accounting guidance.

Amount recorded as uire by the additional minimum liability calculation with a description of 'dditional pension liability." See SSAP No. 102Pensions for guida

Exclude: Accumulations couno s, guaranteed annual pure endowments not exceeding the ann ar pr viun and similar benefits.

All vo ntary an general contingency reserves, group life contingency reserves, and other reci surplus funds not in the nature of liabilities.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 31 fe Items Other-Than-Special Surplus Funds
Enter separately y ca gory the amount of guaranty fund notes, contribution certificates, statutory deposits o alien nsurer or similar funds other than capital stock, with appropriate descriptions. The aggregate at unt ${ }^{c}$ all surplus notes required or which are a prerequisite for purchasing an insurance contract and art eld by the policyholder should be listed as a separate item.
Details of Write-ins Aggreg at Line 34 for Special Surplus Funds
Iter st arately only voluntary and general contingency reserves, group life contingency reserves, and her spf cial surplus funds that are not in the nature of liabilities.


Estimated subsequent year assessment for the federal Affordable Care Act (ACA) Section 9010 fee for the data year reclassified from unassigned surplus. See SSAP No. 106-Affordable Care Act Section 9010 Assessment for accounting guidance.

## SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS

The purpose of the Summary of Operations is to identify earned income, incurred disbursements, and increase in reserves, (much of which is displayed in the supporting exhibits), in order to calculate net gain from operations for the year. This summary should be completed on the accrual, i.e., earned and incurred basis. Certain items may be either positive or negative and should be entered accordingly. The various investment items of interest, rent, profit and loss, depreciation, appreciation, etc., appearing in the exhibits supporting this summary must check with the data relating to the same transactions as set forth in the appropriate schedules. Profit and loss items must be itemized. The lists of items to be included in the various lines of the Summary of Operations and supporting exhibits are not intended to exclude analogous items that are omitted from the lists.

The results of the reporting entity's discontinued operations and extraordinary items shall be reporte onsisto tly with the company's reporting of continuing operations (i.e., no separate line item presentation in the balanco stin or statement of operations aggregating current and future losses from the measurement date).

Include in the premium, deposit, benefit, withdrawal or other appropriate captioned line of the Sur ary of Operations, all separate accounts premiums, deposits, benefit, withdrawal or other types of transactions at art ransferred to or from the Separate Accounts Statement (Line 26). Such transactions are also to be reporte ${ }^{-1}$ as remiums, deposits, benefits, withdrawals or other types of transactions in the Summary of Operations of the Separate Au vunts Statement.

Lines 1 through 33 to agree to Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business. Linf throus Column 1.
Line 1 - Premiums and Annuity Considerations for Life and Acciu nt an Health Contracts
Report premium and annuity consideration for se and accident and health contracts including experience rating refunds, assun rein rance and net of reinsurance ceded. Refer to SSAP No. 50-Classifications of Insurance Maraged Care Contracts, SSAP No. 51R—Life Contracts, SSAP No. 52-Deposit-Ty e Contructs, SSAP No. 54R—Individual and Group Accident and Health Contracts fontife, and health and deposit-type contract definitions, and SSAP No. 66-Retrospectively Rated ntractc or experience rating refunds.

Include: Accr ed return ${ }_{F}$ emium adjustments for contracts subject to redetermination.
Deduct: Premiums and annuity considerations returned (other than cash surrender values) inclung amounts returned during the year due to rescission of contracts "t taken, "free-look" provision, reformation of contract, other contractual re . $n$ premium provisions, erroneously computed premiums or similar returns.


Line 2 - Con iderations for śupplementary Contracts With Life Contingencies
Proceeds retained at death, disability or upon surrender or maturity of policy or annuity contract to be settled by a supplementary contract involving life contingencies.

Line 3 Investment Income
Include:
Investment income earned from all forms of investments, including investment fees earned relating to uninsured plans.

Dividends from SCA entities, Joint Ventures, Partnership, and Limited Liability Companies, less investment expenses, taxes (excluding federal income taxes), licenses, fees, depreciation on real estate, and other invested assets.

Investment income credited to uninsured plans.
Interest on borrowed money.

Exclude: Capital gains and losses on investments.
Equity in undistributed income or loss of SCA entities, Joint Ventures, Partnerships, and Limited Liability Companies as defined in SSAP No. 97Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities and SSAP No. 48Joint Ventures, Partnerships and Limited Liability Companies.

| Line 4 | - | Amortization of Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Report the amount calculated on the Form for Calculating Interest Maintenance Reserve, Line 5. |  |
| Line 5 | $-\quad$ Separate Accounts Net Gain from Operations Excluding Unrealized Gains or Lo |  |

Report the total net gain from operations shown on Page 4, of the Se arate ccounts Statement, excluding the portion due to unrealized capital gains or losses. (See nstru ions frate separate net gain from operations disclosure.)


Line $8.3 \quad-\quad$ Aggregate Write-Ins $\mathrm{f} \sim$ Miscellaneous Income
Enter the total 9 the riturins listed in schedule Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 8.3 for Miscellane us Ir ome.

Line 10 - Death Benefits
Exclu Death benefits under annuity contracts.
Line $11 \quad-\quad$ ature Endowments (excluding Guaranteed Annual Pure Endowments)

Line 12
Annuity Benefits
Exclude:
Guaranteed annual pure endowments that do not exceed the annual premium and similar benefits. These should be reported under Line 14.

Matured endowment, disability or surrender benefits under annuity contracts. These should be reported on Lines 11, 13 and 15, respectively.

Exclude: Amounts attributable to uninsured accident and health plans and the uninsured portions of partially insured plans.

Line 15 - Surrender Benefits and Withdrawals for Life Contracts
Include: All surrender or other withdrawal benefit amounts incurred in connection with contract provisions for surrender or withdrawal.

Exclude: Premium and annuity considerations for life contracts rad deducted on Line 1 in accordance with the instructions for that line.

Withdrawals on deposit-type contracts.
Amounts transferred to premium and annuit cons derain, separate account or amounts redeposited.
 (Direct Business Onlv)
Include: C lection or service fees; Contract, membership and other fees; Commuted newal commissions.

Line 22 - Commissinand Expense Allowances on Reinsurance Assumed
clude:
Commissions and expense allowances on reinsurance assumed excluding, for group insurance, any portion thereof which represents specific reimbursement of premium taxes and expenses.

Line 24

## General Insurance Expenses

Enter the sum of Columns 1, 2, 3 and 4, Line 10 of Exhibit 2. Refer to SSAP No. 70—Allocation of Expenses for accounting guidance.

- Insurance Taxes, Licenses and Fees, Excluding Federal Income Taxes

Report all guaranty fund assessments, insurance taxes (excluding federal income taxes), licenses and fees, net of reinsurance ceded.

Include: The amount of decrease or (increase), if any, in the excess of policyholder account values as appropriate, over modified reserves such as the expense allowance provided by the use of CARVM or CRVM included in Line 13, Transfers to Separate Accounts Due or Accrued on the Liabilities page of the General Account Statement and reported in Line 9.2, Change in Expense Allowances Recognized in Reserves on the Summary of Operations page of the Separate Accounts Statement. Such excess or expense allowance must be reported as a transfer to the general account.

The change in reinsured expense allowances held in the Separte Accounts Statement of the ceding company.

Exclude: Income from fees associated with investmentmana ement administration and contract guarantees from Separate Accounts. Rt art amounts as income from fees associated with investment manag ent, a'ministration and contract guarantees from Separate Accounts, on Lin 8.1.

## Line 27 - Aggregate Write-ins for Deductions

Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule + ils or Write-ins Aggregated at Line 27 for Deductions.

Line 30 - Dividends to Policyholders
Include: Dividends to life policy lders net of reinsurance ceded and dividends on Accident and Heal Policies.


Include: Current yearprovisions for federal and foreign income taxes, and federal and \& reign income taxes incurred or refunded during the year relating to prior pe ods.

Exclude:
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{c}}$ tes on capital gains and losses.
Line $34 \quad-\quad$ Net Realized Ca ital Gains (Losses)


Realized investment related foreign exchange gains/(losses).
Unrealized capital gains (losses).
The realized capital gains (losses) transferred to the IMR.

## CAPITAL AND SURPLUS ACCOUNT

The purpose of the Capital and Surplus Account is to delineate certain charges and credits not included in operations such as net capital gains and items pertaining to prior years and to reconcile the change in capital and surplus during the year.


Include: $\quad$ All seed monies (contributed to) or withdrawn from accounts maintained in the Separate Accounts Statement and any accumulated profits withdrawn from the Separate Accounts Statement.

Report amounts contributed as negative amounts in this line.
Line 47 - Other Changes in Surplus in Separate Accounts Statement
Report the total change in surplus in the Separate Accounts Statement excluding $\dagger^{\prime}$ ear ount of change resulting from the net gain from operations in the Separate Accounts Statement repor in on Line 5 of the General Account Statement. Include the change, if any, due to net contribut 's or withdrawals of surplus between the Separate Accounts Statement and the General Ar count tatement. This will offset the general account impact of such transactions which sho dd be recory d appropriately in Line 53, Aggregate Write-ins for Gains and Losses in Surplus of the $O$ nera. .count Statement but which does not change the aggregate surplus of the company.

Line 49 - Cumulative Effect of Changes in Accounting Principles
Exclude: Corrections of errors in previously ed acial statements. Corrections of errors should be reported on Lh 3, Ag regate Write-ins for Gains and Losses on Surplus.

Changes in accounting est ates. A hange in an accounting estimate should be included in the Summa. of 0 , rations.

Line $50.1 \quad$ - Paid in Capital
Include:
The value attrib table to ock purchase warrants.
Only when issued stock acreases $\backslash$ ( ecreases) should this line increase $\backslash($ decrease). The amount included in this line will be a par valy .

Refer to SSAP No. 15-Debt ana Holding Company Obligations and SSAP No. 72—Surplus and Quasi-Reorganization or accounting guidance.

Line 50.2 - Capital Transferr a Fro Su.plus (Stock Dividend)
Report the reas in pital resulting from a stock dividend (corresponding to the decrease in surplus shown on Line 12 ).
NOTE: The sum of lines through 50.3 should equal the change between years from Liabilities page, lines 29 and 30, current year minuonrior ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{r}$.

Line 51.1
rplus djustment Paid In


Amounts paid over par for capital stock upon issuance.
Any other infusions of capital/surplus.
This should equal the change between years from Liabilities page, Line 33, column 1 minus column 2. Refer to SSAP No. 72—Surplus and Quasi-Reorganizations for accounting guidance.

## Line $51.2 \quad-\quad$ Surplus Transferred to Capital

Report the decrease in surplus resulting from a stock dividend (corresponding to the increase in Line 50.2).

Line $51.4 \quad-\quad$ Change in Surplus as a Result of Reinsurance
Report net increases and decreases in surplus from reinsurance ceded and reinsurance assumed in accordance with the accounting guidance described in SSAP No. 61R-Life, Deposit-Type and Accident and Health Reinsurance, SSAP No. 72—Surplus and Quasi-Reorganizations and Appendix A-791.

Line 52 - Dividends to Stockholders
Include: Dividends paid in cash and dividends on alloreated mploy e stock ownership plan shares.

Exclude: Dividends on unallocated employee stoc own sbip plan shares. Losses in surplus on account of stock dividends (show a transfer to capital, Lines 50.2 and 51.2).

Line 53 - Aggregate Write-ins for Gains and Losses in Surplus
Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule $D$ tan of rite-ins Aggregated at Line 53 for Gains and Losses in Surplus.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 8.3 for Miscellaneous Income
List separately each category of mivella in ome for which there is no pre-printed line on Page 4. Include: $\quad$ Net rea ceu reig oxchange gains and losses not related to investment income. Refe to SSAP Io. 23-Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accoun ing guid ce.

Gins/losses nixed assets.
A. runts reported in Exhibit 2, Lines 3.11 and 3.12 for self-administered plan $\mathrm{rt}_{\mathrm{p}}$ orted in Exhibit 1.
income, interest due from ceding reinsureds on funds held by the ceding company on behalf of the reporting entity (assuming entity).

Other sundry receipts and adjustments not reported elsewhere.
Investment foreign exchange gains (losses).

## Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 27 for Deductions

List separately each category of deductions for which there is no pre-printed line on Page 4.
Report the amount from the Form For Calculating the Interest Maintenance Reserve, Line 3.
Include: Fines and penalties of all regulatory authorities (not just the insurance regulatory authority) that should be shown here as a separate item.

As an expense, interest due or payable to assuming reinsurers on funds held by the reporting entity.

Reserve adjustment on modified coinsurance assumed
Exclude: Expenses to be recorded on a specific line on E hibit or on Exhibit 2, Line 9.3, Aggregate Write-ins for Expenses, e. gen insurance expenses and other expenses.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 53 for Gains and Losses in Surplus
Report separately any other changes to Capital and Surr no uded above, including amounts received for subordinated surplus debentures.

Include: The initial transition obligat on or unded postretirement benefits obligation if a company elects to imn liately cognize such obligation.

Corrections of errors in pi viousty issued financial statements.
(Charges) or redi $f$ in estment reserve other than AVR.
Change ili adu ional minimum pension liability. Refer to SSAP No. 102Pens ins for ace unting guidance.

Exclude: Cumulat eff changes in accounting principles. The effect of changes in accounting pinciples should be reported on Line 49, Cumulative Effect of anges in Accounting Principles.
anses in accounting estimates. A change in accounting estimate should be
in uded in the Summary of Operations.

## CASH FLOW

The Statement of Cash Flow is prepared using the direct method consistent with the Summary of Operations, excluding the effect of current and prior year accruals. All revenue, expenditures, purchases and sale transactions involving cash should be entered gross. Pursuant to SSAP No. 69—Statement of Cash Flow, for purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, cash is defined to include cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments. Refer to SSAP No. 69 for accounting guidance regarding the disclosure of non-cash operating, investing and financing transactions.

The following worksheets are provided to facilitate completion of the Cash Flow Statement. The format reflects common reporting practices. Reporting entities may need to make adjustments to various lines consistent with their operations. For example, changes in the asset for foreign exchange rates is typically associated with the investment portf nd shown as an adjustment to investment income. Alternatively, the adjustment could be made to insurance operaticn if ap ${ }_{r}$ opriate. The Worksheets exclude certain non-cash activities; (e.g., change in nonadmitted assets and change in Asse Valuation Reserve for life and fraternal companies), since the offset is to surplus and has no effect on cash, but adjus nelro are needed to remove other non-cash transactions. While the worksheets do not take into account the cum ative fect of changes in accounting principles, the appropriate lines of the Cash Flow Statement need to be adjuste ${ }^{{ }^{c}}$ or ${ }^{\circ}$ ange. Note that the Worksheets are designed to take into account all lines of the Assets and Liabilities, Surplu nd O er Funds pages, as well as the Summary of Operations.

## Ref. \# Premiums Collected Net of Reinsurance

$\begin{array}{ll}1.1 & \text { Summary of Operations (Page 4) Lines } 1+2-25 \text {, current } \text { gr } \\ \text { 1.2 Assets (Page 2) Lines } 15+16.2 \text { (In part for amour relatod to earned premiums) }+16.3\end{array}$ (In part for experience rating and other amoufs re to earned premiums), Column 1, current year less previous year

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

2.1 Summary of Operations (co 4) Lme 3, current year
2.2 Assets (Page 2) L $14+22$, Column 1, current year less previous year
2.3 Liabilities (Pag ines 2 (In part for investment related expenses) $+16+20$, current year less previous , ar
2.4 Amortizatio of prenium from Investment Worksheet
$\mathrm{B} 8+\mathrm{S} 8+\mathrm{M} 9+\mathrm{O} 9$
2.5 Acci of discount from Investment Worksheet
$\mathrm{B} 9+\mathrm{S} 9+\mathrm{M} 5+\mathrm{O} 5$
2.6 Depreciation expense (included in 2.1) $\qquad$
2.7
2.8 Total of $2.1-2.2+2.3+2.4-2.5+2.6+2.7$
(Report on Line 2 of the Cash Flow)

## Miscellaneous Income

3.1 Summary of Operations (Page 4)

Lines $5+6+8$, current year
3.2 Assets (Page 2)

Lines 16.2 (In part for all amounts not reported in Line 1.2 above) + 16.3, (In part for all amounts not reported in Line 1.2 above or Line 7.2 below) Column 1, current year less previous year
3.4 Total of $3.1-3.2+3.3$
(Report on Line 3 of the Cash Flow)

## Benefit and Loss Related Payments

5.1 Summary of Operations (Page 4)

Lines 20-43-7, current year
5.2 Assets (Page 2)

Line 16.1, Column 1, current year less previous
5.3 Liabilities (Page 3)

Lines $1+2+4+6.3+9.1+9.3$, currert ear previous year


## Commissions, Expenses Paid and Aggregate Write-ins for Deductions

7.1 Summary of Operations (Page 4)

Lines $21+22+23+24+27$, current year
7.2 Assets (Page 2)

Lines 16.3 (In part for commissions and expense allowance due) $+17+19$, Column 1, current year less previous year
7.3 Liabilities (Page 3)

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Cash from Investments Worksheet

The following section provides a reconciliation of investment activity. Although non-cash items are included for reconciliation purposes, the Statement of Cash Flow shall only include transactions involving cash. In addition to excluding the lines that are explicitly non-cash items (e.g., change in admitted assets) from what is reported in the Statement of Cash Flow, adjustments are necessary to remove non-cash acquisitions or disposals. Cash proceeds from investments sold, matured or repaid shall be included in Line 12. Cash remitted for acquired long-term investments is included in Line 13.

## Bonds

B1 Change in net admitted asset value for Bonds (Page 2)
Column 3 current less previous year
Change in assets nonadmitted for Bonds (Page 2)
Column 2 current less previous year
B3 Sum of B1 + B2

Line 2 Schedule D-Verification Between Yea^ In par for cash acquisition of bonds (Report on Line 13.1 o, ie C. h Flow)
$\qquad$

# Plus Line 8 Total Foreign Excha se nge Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, In part <br> Minus Line 9 Current Year's Ot er-Than-1 nporary Impairment, In part 

Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals
Line 5 Schedule D-V rification Between Years, In part $\qquad$

## Consideration on Disposals

Line 6 Sct fule vication Between Years, In part for cash disposal of bonds (Repor $\mathrm{B7}$ minus B10 on Line 12.1 of the Cash Flow)

## B10 Total Invesment Income Recognized as a Result of Prepayment Penalties and/or Acceleration Fees

Line 10 Schedule D-Verification Between Years, In part for cash received for investment income recognized

B11 Other amount increases/(decreases)
Include non-cash items not already included in B4 through B10

Total of B4 + B5 + B6 - B7-B8 + B9 + B10 + B11
B3-B12 (If difference is not $=0$, identify differences and add to amount(s) in the appropriate line(s) or in B11)

## Stocks

S1 Change in net admitted asset value for Stocks (Page 2)
Column 3 current less previous year

Total of S4 + S5 + S6 - S7 - S8 + S9 + S10
S3-S11 (If difference is not $=0$, identify differences and add to amount(s) in the appropriate line(s) or in S10)

## Reconciliation of Bonds and Stocks to Schedule D - Verification Between Years

B4 + S4 = Line 2, Cost of Bonds and Stocks acquired
B5 + S5 = Line 4, Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease) + Line 8, Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value - Line 9, Current Year’s Other-ThanTemporary Impairment

B6 + S6 = Line 5, Total Gains (Losses)
B7 + S7 = Line 6, Consideration for Bonds and Stocks Disposed of

## Mortgage Loans

M1 Change in net admitted asset value for Mortgages
Page 2, Column 3, current year less previous year
M2 Change in assets nonadmitted for Mortgages
Page 2, Column 2, current year less previous year
M3 Total of M1 + M2

## $\underline{\text { Schedule B - Verification Between Years }}$

M4 Line 2 Cost of Acquired, In part for cash acquisitions $\qquad$
Line 4 Accrual of Discount
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Line 5 Unrealized Valuation Increa (Decrea (e)
Plus Line 9 Total Foreign Exchar ang in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Minus Line 10 Current Year's Otb i-Than- mporary Impairment

M7 Line $6 \quad$ Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals

$\qquad$
Page 2, Column 2, current year le
M3 $\quad$ Total of M1 + M2

$\underline{\text { Schedule B - Verification Between Years }}$

## Schedule A - Verification Between Years

| R4 |  | Line 6 | Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Minus | Line 7 | Current Year’s Other-Than-Temporary Impairment |
| Minus | Line 8 | Current Year’s Depreciation |  |
| R5 |  | Line 2.1 | Cost of Acquired, In part for cash acquisitions |
|  | Plus | Line 2.2 |  |
| Plus | Line 3 | Current Year Change in Encumbrances, In part for cash changestments |  |

(Report the sum of Lines 2.1, 2.2 and 3 on Line 13.4 of the Cash Flow)
R6 Line 4 Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals
R7 Line 5 Amounts Received on Disposals, In part for cash disposals (Report on Line 12.4 of the Cash Flow)

R8 Other amounts increases (decreases)
Include non-cash items not already included in R4 through R7
R9 Total of R4 + R5 + R6 - R7 + R8
R3 - R9 (If difference is not $=0$, identify differences and add $\quad$, in the

appropriate line(s) or in R8)
$\qquad$

## Other Invested Assets

O1 Change in net admitted asset value for Other Invested Asse (Pagu
Column 3 current less previous year
O2 Change in assets nonadmitted for Other Invested A cets (Page 2)
Column 2 current less previou year
O3 Total of O1 + O2

## Schedule BA - Verification Betwee Years

O4 Line 2 Cost of Acquisition, In dar or cash acquisitions
(Report on Line 13, of 4 Câoh Flow)

Line 5 Unrealiz J Valuation Increase (Decrease)
Plus Line 9 Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
Minus Line 10 'urrent Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment
O7 Line 6 To il Gain Loss) on Disposals
O8 Line 7 mou eceived on Disposals, In part for cash disposals
(Rt ort on Line 12.5 of the Cash Flow)
$\qquad$
Line 4 Accrual of $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{c}}$,un $\qquad$

Line 8 Amortization of Premium and Depreciation
Other amounts increases (decreases)
Include non-cash items not already included in O4 through O9
O11 Total of $\mathrm{O} 4+\mathrm{O} 5+\mathrm{O} 6+\mathrm{O} 7-\mathrm{O} 8-\mathrm{O} 9+\mathrm{O} 10$
O3-O11 (If difference is not $=0$, identify differences and add to amount(s) in the appropriate line(s) or in O10)

## Contract Loans and Premium Notes

P1 Change in net admitted asset value for Contract Loans and Premium Notes (Page 2)
Column 3 current less previous year

Change in assets nonadmitted for Contract Loans and Premium Notes (Page 2)
Column 2 current less previous year
P3 Total of P1 + P2
P4 Increase (Decrease) by Adjustment
P5 Net Increase (Decrease) in Amount Paid and Received
(Report on Line 14 of the Cash Flow)
P6 Realized Gain (Loss)
P7 Other amount increases (decreases)
Include non-cash items not already included in P4 through P6
Total of P4 + P5 + P6 + P7
P3 - P8 (If difference is not $=0$, identify differences an adu ${ }^{+0}$ amount(s) in the appropriate line(s) or in P7)

## Derivatives, Securities Lending Reinvested Collater and Ag. egate Write-ins for Invested Assets

W1 Change in net admitted asset value for Derivatives Securitic Lending Reinvested Collateral and Aggregate Write-ins for Invested Asset

Column 3 Line 7 curru year less revious year
Plus Column 3 Line 10 current or les previous year
Plus Column 3 Line 11 current yea, os previous year
W2 Change in assets nonadmitted for tivatives, Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral and Aggregate Write-ins for Invested acsel. (Page 2)

Column 2 ine cu rent year less previous year
Plus Column 2 - 10 arrent year less previous year
Plus Column 2 Line 1 current year less previous year
W3 Total of W1 + W2
W4 Increase (Decr ase) Aajustment
W5 Net Incre (bere) in Amounts Paid and Received (Report as cash from investments mise on Line 2.7 if amount is a decrease and Line 13.6 if amount is an increase
Realiz ${ }^{1}$ Gain (Loss)
Other amounts increases (decreases)
Include non-cash items not already included in W4 through W6
W8 Total of W4 + W5 + W6 + W7
W3 - W8 (If difference is not $=0$, identify differences and add to amount(s) in the appropriate line(s) or in W7)

## Receivable (Payable) for Securities

X1 Change in net admitted asset value for Receivable for Securities
Page 2, Column 3, current year less previous year
X2 Change in assets nonadmitted for Receivable for Securities Page 2, Column 2, current year less previous year
X3 Net change in Payable for Securities
Page 3, Column 1 less Column 2
X4 Total of X1 + X2 - X3 (Report absolute value as cash from investments misc. or Line 12.7
if amount is a decrease and Line 13.6 if amount is an inreaso
$\qquad$


## Reconcile Change in IMR Liability (Life and Fraternal Companies Only)

1 Change in IMR liability
Page 3, Line 9.4, current year less previous year
2 Current period amounts transferred to IMR

3 Current period amounts recognized in income
Summary of Operations, Page
4 Other amount increases (decreases)
5 Total of 2-3+4
6 1-5 (If difference is not $=$ identify differences and add to amount(s) in the


## Reconcile Change in AL liau 'itv Life and Fraternal companies only)

1 Change in AVR liwbility
Page 2 Ine 191 , current year less previous year
Current, orioc moun s transferred to AVR


## Reconcile Unrealized Capital Gains (Losses)

1 Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4)
Line 38 (In part excluding tax) +39 (In part excluding tax), current year
2 Increase (Decrease) by Adjustment from Investment Worksheet
(Ref. \# B5 + S5 + M6 + R4 + O6 + P4 + W4)
3 Increase (Decrease) on Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short-term Investments
(Report on Line 12.6 of the Cash Flow)
4 Depreciation (included in Line 2 and reported on Line 2.6 of Cash from Opera orrs Worksheet)

5 Total of 1-2-3-4
(Amount should $=0$, if not $=0$ balance should be reported as cash om in ments misc. on Line 12.7 if amount is an increase and Line 13.6 if amount is a ${ }^{\prime}$ ocrease)
$\qquad$
(
$\qquad$

## Reconcile Realized Capital Gains (Losses)

1 Summary of Operations (Page 4)
Line 34, current year before transfer to IMR aid bel

## 2 Realized Gain (Loss) from Investment Worksheet

(Ref. \# B6 + S6 + M7 + R6 + O7 + P +M
3 Gain (Loss) on Cash, Cash Equivalents and
(Report on Line 12.6 of the 6 Fhow)
4
Total of $1-2-3$
(Amount should $=0$, if $=0$ balance should be reported as cash from investments misc. on Line 12.7 if amoun is an increase and Line 13.6 if amount is a decrease)

## Capital and Paid In Surplus, Less Treasury Stock

2.1 Change in Capital

Liabilities, Surplus (Page 3) Lines 29 + 30, current year less previous year
2.2 Change in Paid in Surplus

Liabilities (Page 3) Line 33, current year less previous year
2.3 Change in Treasury Stock

Liabilities, Surplus (Page 3) Line 36, current year less previous year
2.4 Transfer from Unassigned Surplus to lines included in 2.1 or 2.2

Total of $2.1+2.2-2.3-2.4+2.5$
(Report on Line 16.2 of the Cash Flo ${ }^{\text {' }}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Borrowed Money
3.1 Change in Borrowed Money

Liabilities, Surplus (Page 3) Line 22, current yo iess evious year $\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Net Deposits on Deposit-type Contracts Id Othe Liabilities
4.1 Change in Deposit-type Contracts

Liabilities, Surplus (Page Jine 3, current year less previous year
$\qquad$

Dividends to Sto ${ }^{-1}$ hol ${ }^{-}$

$\qquad$

$\qquad$
5.2 Change Dividends to Stockholders

Liabilities, Surplus (Page 3) Line 23 of current year less previous year $\qquad$
Total of $5.1-5.2$
(Report on Line 16.5 of the Cash Flow)

## Other Cash Provided (Applied)

6.1 Aggregate Write-ins for Gains (Losses) to Surplus

Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4) Lines 51.4 and 53
6.2 Change in Misc. Liabilities

Liabilities, Surplus (Page 3) Lines $17+18+19+21+24.03$ to $24.05+24.07+$ $24.08+24.10+25+31+34$, current year less previous year
6.3 Change in Misc. Assets

Assets (Page 2) Lines $20+21+23+24$ (In part for amounts not inc aded elsewhere) +25 (In part for amounts not include elsewhere), Colum 1 , ci rent year less previous year
6.4 Transfer from Unassigned Surplus to lines included in 6.2
6.5 Depreciation (included on Line 7.4 of Cash from Operations Worksheet)
6.7 Total of $6.1+6.2-6.3-6.4+6.5+6.6$
(Report of iir 16.6 t the Cash Flow)

## Reconcile Change in Liability in Reinsurance in Unauthon. ad and Certified Companies

1 Change in liability for Reinsurance in Unauthori, ed at companies
Capital and Surplus Account (P
2 Change in liability for Reinsurance in Una thorized ad Certified Companies
Liabilities, Surplus (Page ${ }^{\text {2) }}$ Line 24.4, current year less previous year
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Total of $1+2$
(Amount sho Id $=$, if no $=0$ balance should be reported as an adjustment to the appropriate lits on then Flow Statement)

0

Other adjustments
4 Total of $1+2+3$
(Amount should $=0$, if not $=0$, balance should be reported as cash from financing on Line 16.6)

## Reconcile Change in Accounting

Capital and Surplus Account, (Page 4) Line 49, current year
Allocate all amounts due to change in accounting to the appropriate section of the worksheet

## Supplemental Disclosure of Non-cash Transactions

Report the amount of non-cash operating, investing and financing transactions consistent with the classifications contained on the Assets and Liabilities, Surplus and Other Funds (all except Health) Lia alt Capital and Surplus (Health) page of the financial statement, excluding amounts associated with policy or ce tract lo ns. Refer to SSAP No. 69—Statement of Cash Flow for accounting guidance.

Examples of non-cash investing and financing transactions include:

- Receiving non-cash financial assets from parent as a capital contribution.
- Settling reinsurance transactions with exchange of non-cash financial assets
- Converting debt to equity.
- Acquiring assets by assuming directly related liabilities, such as $\mathrm{p} \sim$ sirtbilding by incurring a mortgage to the seller.
- Exchanging non-cash assets or liabilities for other non-cash as ats $\mathrm{O}_{\text {liar }}$ ities.

Illustration:
The Company reported the following non-cash operating-inves ng and financing activities in 20 $\qquad$ :

|  |  | Current | Prior |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Year | Year |
| 20.0001. | Real estate acquired in satisf | XXX | XXX |
| 20.0002. | Bonds \& stocks acquired i business cquisition | XXX | XXX |
| 20.0003. | Policy reserves acquired in $a_{L}$ siness quisition | XXX | XXX |
| 20.0004. | Bonds acquired from parent as a n al contribution | XXX | XXX |
| 20.0005. | Remitted bonds to settl assumed remsurance obligations | XXX | XXX |



## ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS BY LINES OF BUSINESS

This exhibit shows Lines 1 through 33 of the Summary of Operations by Line of Business.
A company shall not omit the columns for any lines of business in which it is not engaged.
Include in the premium, benefit, withdrawal or other appropriate captioned lines of this analysis of operations by lines of business, all separate accounts premiums, benefit, withdrawal or other types of transactions that are transferred to or from the Separate Accounts Statement on Line 26. Such transactions are also to be reported as premiums, benefits, withdrawals or other types of transactions in the analysis of operations by lines of business of the Separate Accounts Statement.

## Riders/Endorsements/Floaters:

If a rider, endorsement or floater acts like a separate policy with separate premium, dr auctib and limit, and has benefits that are not tied to the value or benefits of the underlying contract, then its to recor ed on the same line of business as if it were a stand-alone policy regardless of whether it is referred to as videt, dorsement or floater. Otherwise, the rider, endorsement or floater should be reported on the same $l^{1}$ of $b$ iness as the base policy. Include incidental benefits such as total and permanent disability (including bc ${ }^{\circ}$ wat ors of premium and disability income benefits), accidental death benefits, accidental death and dismemberment enetits, etc., in the same lines of business as the contracts with which they are associated.


Line 4
nortiz ion of the Interest Maintenance Reserve

ort the amount shown on Page 4, Line 4 and on Page 28, Line 5.
Allocate the amortization of the Interest Maintenance Reserve in the same manner that investment income would have been allocated had the investment not been sold.

Line 5 - Separate Accounts Net Gain from Operations Excluding Unrealized Gains or Losses
Report the total net gain from operations shown on Page 4 of the Separate Accounts Statement, excluding the portion due to unrealized capital gains or losses.

Line $8.1 \quad-\quad$ Fees associated with Income from Investment Management, Administration and Contract Guarantees from Separate Accounts

Include: Gross amount of fees and charges from separate accounts.
Line $8.2 \quad$ - Charges and Fees for Deposit-type Contracts
Include: All charges and fees for deposit-type contracts. The amount should agree with the Exhibit 7, Deposit-type Contracts, Lines 5 and 6, Column 1.


List separately each category of miscellaneous income for which there is no pre-printed line on Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 27 for Deductions
List separately each category of deductions for which there is no pre-printed line on Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business.

Include: The amount from the Form for Calculating the Interest N ant vance Reserve, Line 3.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR ALLOCATION OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES

## SECTION A - PURPOSE

For the purpose of making a suitable and equitable allocation of receipts and expenses as between: (1) lines of business, (2) investment expense and insurance expense, and (3) affiliated or associated companies, reporting entities shall observe the standards and rules hereinafter prescribed.

The primary objective of these instructions is to establish principles (i.e., standards) for allocation of receipts and expenses by reporting entities. It is recognized that the choice of methods employed by any reporting entity of necessity will be dictated by condition peculiar to its size, mode of operation, and the classes of business that it writes. Recognitio cas is given to the existence of systems of cost analysis that have been developed by reporting entities as a part of overal rogran for control of expenses and for other collateral purposes, including the allocation of receipts and expenses by lipoc of a siness.

## SECTION B - DEFINITIONS

Wherever used in these instructions, the following terms shall have the respective meaning heremafter set forth or indicated, unless the context otherwise requires:

## LINE OF BUSINESS

Has the meaning assigned to it by Section C .

## DEPARTMENT

Means any administrative unit, such as a division, bur au, section, team or branch office used in departmental cost analysis or under a cost center concept.

## OPERATING DEPARTMENT

Means an organizational unit directly enged in roduction or servicing of contracts, or investment activities, e.g., policy issue, policy loan, selection, pit iur collection, etc., as distinguished from a "service department" which performs work for other departments, suci as mail, supply, personnel, etc.

## SERVICE DEPARTMENT

Has the meaning assign ito $i$ in the finition of operating department.

## ACTIVITY

Means the work, ne of several lines of work, carried on within any unit or organizational subdivision of the company.

COST
M fees.

## TIME RATIOS

Means the proportion of total clerical working time devoted to each subdivision of work in an organizational unit.

## SALARY RATIOS

Means ratios obtained by weighting the time ratios of individual clerks by the amount of their salary.

## SECTION C - LINES OF BUSINESS

## 1. Major Lines of Business

The major lines of business for allocation of receipts and expenses are as follows:
Annual Statement Reference
Page $\quad$ Columns

| Industrial Life | 6 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ordinary | 6 | $3,4,5$ |
| Credit Life (Group and Individual) | 6 | 6 |
| Group Life | 6 |  |
| Group Annuities | 6 |  |
| Group Accident and Health | 6 |  |
| Credit (Group and Individual) Accident and Health | 6 |  |
| Other Accident and Health | 6 |  |
|  |  |  |

Allocations of receipts and expenses between companies shall be treated in the same manner as if made for major lines of business.

## 2. Secondary Lines of Ordinary Business

The secondary lines of business for allocation of receipts and ex are follows:

Life Insurance
Individual Annuities
Supplementary Contracts
3. Incidental Benefits

Include incidental benefits such as total and pern anent disability (including both waivers of premium and disability income benefits), accidental death br eefits, accidental death and dismemberment benefits, etc., in the same columns as the contracts with which they are as ciated.
4.

Other Lines of Busines
When Column 12 is utilized Page 6 for reporting additional activities, the following modifications should also be made with approp iate descriptive designations:

## Assets (Page 2)

nde Detail of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 25 for Other Than Invested Assets insert a line for:
Premiums due and unpaid for all other lines of business.

Liabilm s (Page 3)
Under Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 25 for Liabilities insert lines for:
Unearned Premium Reserve for all Other Lines of Business; Losses for all Other Lines of Business.

## Summary of Operations (Page 4)

Under Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 8.3 for Miscellaneous Income insert a line for:
Premiums for all Other Lines of Business.
Under Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 27 for Deductions insert lines for:
Losses for all Other Lines of Business;
Increases in Unearned Premium Reserve for all Other Lines of Business; Commissions for all Other Lines of Business.

## Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business (Page 6)

Under Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 8.3 for Miscellaneous Income in ert a L e for: Premiums for all Other Lines of Business.

Under Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 27 for Deductions insert iflu
Losses for all Other Lines of Business;
Increases in Unearned Premium Reserve for all Other Lint of Bu mess;
Commissions for all Other Lines of Business.

## Exhibit 2 (Page 11)

Include any amounts in Column 4 (All Other Lines onsines) that is attributable to insurance but that is not reportable in Columns 1 (Life) or $2+3$ (Accio it ans. Yealth).

## Exhibit 3 (Page 11)

Include any amounts in Column 3 (All Ot Liped Business) that is attributable to insurance but that is not reportable in Columns 1 (Life r cict th and Health).

Exhibit of Nonadmitted Assets (Page 18)
Under Details of Write-ins A gregated vo Line 25 for Other than Invested Assets insert a line for:
Premiums Due and Unpaid Over Three Months for all Other Lines of Business, if nonadmitted.


Distribution of expenses $t$ ipyestment attivities shall be made on the same principles as used for subdivision of insurance expense by major line of $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{a}}$ ness. Investment expense (Exhibit 2, Column 5 and Exhibit 3, Column 4) shall include all amounts reported as Rea ${ }^{-}$ctat ${ }^{-}$pense (Exhibit 2, Line 9.1), Investment Expenses Not Included Elsewhere (Exhibit 2, Line 9.2), Real Estate 「axes Exhibit 3, Line 1) and all other costs incurred in connection with the investing of funds, servicing of inve vent and th obtaining of investment income, or chargeable against investment income.

## SECTION E - STANDARDS AND RULES FOR ALLOCATION OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES

## 1. General Instructions

It is the responsibility of each reporting entity to use only such methods that will produce a suitable and equitable distribution of receipts and expenses by lines of business. The methods of allocation and the application thereof shall be subject to review on examination.

Each reporting entity shall maintain records with sufficient detail to show fully:
(1) The system used for allocation of receipts and expenses;
(2) The actual bases of allocation;
(3) The actual monetary distribution of the respective items of receipts, salaries, wad $o$, mem s , and taxes to:
(a) Units of activity or functions, if any such distribution is made,
(b) Lines of business,
(c) Companies, and
(d) A recapitulation and reconciliation of items (a), (b) and (c) witn he company's books of account and annual statement.

Such records shall be classified and indexed in such form as to ermit ady identification between the item allocated and the basis upon which it was allocated, and shall ma rai ed in such a manner as to be readily accessible for examination. These records shall bear a date and hall identify the person responsible for the preparation thereof.

Bases of allocation shall be reviewed periodically to ascertain sirsuitability for continued use.

## 2. Premium Receipts

Premiums or considerations shall be allo ated a ctly, either through the books of account or by memorandum records, to major lines. In the case of in rance on $t$ debit basis, the total premiums may be distributed among the several lines of business on the basis of thr relative proportions of premiums in force, properly weighted to reflect premium collection frequency.

Premiums on secondary lines of siness which are not allocated directly to such lines of business may be distributed on the basis of: (1) tho pi niums in force, or (2) actual analyses of premium receipts covering test periods of sufficient length of me to ssure the reliability of the sample. When the distribution is made on the basis of premiums in force:
(1) The in force records all segregate first-year, single, and renewal premiums,
(2) The distri ion shall be made separately for the first-year and renewal premiums, and
(3) Adequate cont vall be maintained to assure the accuracy of the in force records.

## 3. Net Inv tme tinco e

Tb on of nting and servicing premium notes and policy loans and liens shall be allocated to investment expt e. The resulting net income on premium notes and policy loans and liens may be distributed to those lines of busines hat produced such income. In making such distribution, due consideration shall be given to the variation in the interestrate and incidence of expense on such notes, loans and liens.

Net investment income, after adjustment, if any, as permitted by the preceding paragraph shall be distributed to major lines and may be distributed to secondary lines of business in proportion to the mean contract reserves and liabilities or the mean funds of each line of business, after suitable adjustment, if any, on account of policy loans, except that any miscellaneous interest income arising from policy or annuity transactions may be allocated directly to the line of business producing such income.

In lieu of the methods referred to above, a reporting entity may distribute net investment income by an investment year method that recognizes periodic variations in the yield on new investments, and the varying contributions of the various lines to the funds invested. If a year of investment method is used to allocate net investment income by line of business, complete Note 7 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

## 4. Other Receipts

Reserves and reserve adjustments received from reinsurers shall be allocated directly to the appropriate line of business. All other sundry receipts and adjustments shall be allocated to the appropriate line of business consistent with the nature of the transaction.

## 5. Commissions

Commissions on premiums and considerations shall be allocated directly to major lines of bu ness. In the case of debit business, the total commissions paid may be distributed among the several likes of usines on the basis of the relative proportions of such premiums in force, properly weighted to reflect the comm sion _s payable.

To the extent practicable, commissions on secondary lines of business shal be located directly. Where not practicable, the distribution to such lines of business may be made separately for h t-year and renewal commissions in proportion to the respective first-year and renewal premiums for each suc ine of pusiness.

## 6. General Expenses, Taxes, Licenses and Fees

In distributing costs to lines of business, each company sha ${ }^{1}$. ploy those principles and methods that will reasonably reflect the actual incidence of cost by line of busi ss. Tho jelative time spent, the extent of usage and the varying volume of work performed for each line of ines chall be considered in distributing cost to major lines of business and, to the extent practicable, to secondary ines. the costs of any unit of activity in performing work for one line of business and only incidentally $f r$ other limes may be allocated entirely to the single line of business.

In the application of the principles stated bent nect consideration may be given to a new line of business with respect to the costs of service departmer $s$ and of ecutive departments responsible for the general administration of the company to the extent that such co s have I t been increased by the addition of such new line of business and to the extent justifiable; special treatmen als may be given to combined operations in connection with group business. Operational costs incurred for enterins a new line of business, such as calculation of premium rates, preparation and printing of policy $\mathrm{f} \boldsymbol{\mathrm { N }} \mathrm{ns}$ and rate books, etc., should be allocated directly to the new line of business whether incurred before or after begim ing the new line.

In the distribution of a ecifi catego $y$ of cost to lines of business, an appropriate index of the activity or activities giving rise to such cost $s_{1}$ be cod Such index should fluctuate with the specific category of cost and be capable of measurement. For examplu as illustrations of principles only and not of required procedures:
(1) Clerical sies of operating departments may be distributed to lines of business on the basis of time or salary ratios, $t_{0} f$ rmer used where approximately the same average rate of compensation is paid to clerks whos salar sare being distributed.
(2)

Th cos service departments may be distributed to other departments in proportion to the value of the corvin rendered each department, e.g., the cost of a personnel department may be distributed to other departments on some general basis such as number of clerks; a photostat section on a unit cost basis; or, in he case of a central tabulating unit, on an hourly rate reflecting the cost for each type of machine used.
(3) Supervisory costs may be distributed to lines of business in the same proportions as the distribution of the salaries of the persons supervised.
(4) The cost of executive departments responsible for general administration of the company, including the salaries of the executive officer or officers, may be distributed to lines of business in the same proportions as the salaries of all other officers and employees.
(5) Social Security taxes may be distributed to lines of business in proportion to the corresponding distribution of taxable salaries.
(6) Departmental rent charges may be made in proportion to the amount of floor space occupied and distributed to lines of business on some appropriate basis, such as salaries.
(7) Costs, such as meals for employees, telephone, telegraph, postage, office forms, stationery and supplies may be distributed first to departments on the basis of usage or on an appropriate general basis, and then distributed to lines of business on some appropriate basis, such as salaries.
(8) In using number of transactions as a basis for distributing cost to lines of business, ead ty of transaction within an organizational unit may be weighted to reflect its relative cost. The av age clo ical time or average clerical cost per transaction may be used as a weight or, in special situations sum as the approval of death and disability claims, the relative weights may be determined by case st dies.

Estimates of time spent on activities may be used in the distribution of a ts tuses of buses only where such activities by their nature are not susceptible of objective asure ent, or where the cost of making time studies is disproportionate to the expenses being distrib ted, where estimates of time are otherwise clearly appropriate. Where such estimates are made, they sha. be made by a person or persons familiar with the nature of the activity and shall be reviewed $b_{j}$ an ex cutive responsible for expense allocations.

General indices such as premium volume, number of policie and isurance in force shall not be used as bases for distributing costs among major lines of busies exce $t$ where the incidence of cost is closely related to such general indices, or except where ther no mive appropriate basis for measurement. Such general indices may not be used in distributing $\mathrm{Cl}_{\text {c }}$ cos to secondary lines of business.

The ratio of investment income to total rece ts, the rand of direct investment expense to total expenses, and any similar formula shall not be us din in in ng costs between insurance and investment expense, except where there is no more appropriate sis for stribution.

## ANALYSIS OF INCREASE IN RESERVES DURING THE YEAR

This exhibit analyzes the development of life policy and contract reserves by showing how the reserve may be traced mathematically from one year-end to the next by taking account of its various theoretical components:

Reinsurance - Ordinarily, it will be satisfactory to compute all items net of reinsurance ceded. However, companies will generally find it more useful to compute gross and reinsurance ceded separately, unless the latter is not material.

Coinsurance - For the ceding company, all items are computed similarly to its own direct business. For the assuming company, all items are included with its direct business and are similarly computed.
$\underline{\text { Modified Coinsurance - For the ceding company, there is no deduction from reserves for rein rance ded. }}$
Yearly Renewable Term Reinsurance - For the ceding company, items are comput d on e same basis as its direct business. For the assuming company, all items are included with its direct bivines and are similarly reported.

A company shall not omit the columns for any lines of business in which it is not enga Alr iqures for the ordinary or group variable life insurance business of the company, excluding separate accounts it vs , s . ll be included in Columns 3 or 7, as applicable.

This analysis applies to items reported in Exhibit 5.
Lines 2 through 6 and Lines 9 through 11 do not include amounts related to th VM. 0 Deterministic/Stochastic portion of the reserves, which are reported on Line 6.1.

Refer to SSAP No. 61R—Life, Deposit-Type and Accident and Heat. Reirn rance for accounting guidance.
Column 6 - Credit Life (Group and Individual)
Include: $\quad$ Business not ex eding 1.0 months.
Line $1 \quad$ - $\quad$ Reserve December 31 of Pr or Year
Enter Total (Net) reserves from eI e Insurance Section through the Miscellaneous Reserves Section of Exhibit 5.

Include:
active and disabled life reserves on Ordinary Life in Column 3 and on
Line 2 - Tabular Neb emn Considerations
Ente tabular net premiums or considerations as determined by valuation bases employed. Tabular premis on Industrial business should be increased by one-half year's interest thereon.


The full variable life insurance net premiums in Columns 3 and 7 corresponding to the gross premiums included in Analysis of Operations by Line of Business, Line 1, Columns 3 and 7.

Line 3 Present Value of Disability Claims Incurred

Include: Claims pending, unreported, and resisted as well as approved claims.
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Line } 4 & - & \text { Tabular Interest } \\ \text { Line } 5 & - & \text { Tabular Less Actual Reserve Released and } \\ \text { Line } 9 & - & \text { Tabular Cost }\end{array}\right\}$

For these items either use formulas indicated below or derive them from basic data.

Indicate in the Notes to Financial Statements under Note 31 whether determination has been by formula or from basic data.
(1) Tabular Cost Minus Tabular Interest (C-I) on Life Insurance, Accidental Death Benefits and Disability, Active Lives

(2) Tabular Less Actual Reserve Released Plus Tabular Interest (T-A+I) on Annuities, Disability Annuities, and Supplementary Contracts with Life Contingencies


Line 15 - Mean reserve Dec. 31 of current year
ine 12 - Benefits payable during year
Total
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Deduct:

Line 1 - Mean reserve Dec. 31 of prior year
Line $2-\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Tabular considerations for annuities and } \\ & \text { supplementary contracts (or present } \\ & \text { value of disability claims incurred) }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Line } 2- & \begin{array}{l}\text { Tabular considerations for annuities an } \\ \text { supplementary contracts (or present } \\ \text { value of disability claims incurred) }\end{array}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Line } 2- & \begin{array}{l}\text { Tabular considerations for annuities an } \\ \text { supplementary contracts (or present } \\ \text { value of disability claims incurred) }\end{array}\end{array}$
$\qquad$

Line 7 - Other increases net
Total deductions
Balance (T-A +I )

Tabular Interest:

One-half year's interest on mean reserve Dec. 31, of prior year One-half year's interest on mean reserve Dec. 31, of current year Total
Deduct one-half year's interest on (T-A+I)
Balance equals tabular interest
Tabular Less Actual Reserve Released:
T-A+I
Deduct I
Balance equals tabular less actual reserve released

Column 2 - Use Formula 1 for ife ip ance, accidental death benefits and disability, active lives; Form a dis led lives; and Formula 3 for interest only benefits.

Column 3 - Use Formn 1 for fe insurance, accidental death benefits and disability, active lives; Formula fo disabled lives; and Formula 3 for interest only benefits.

Column 4 - Use rmula 2 for all annuities "with a life contingency" basis. Use Formula 1 for disabır active lives; Formula 2 for disabled lives; and Formula 3 for interest only

Column 5 sent s. $s$. for supplementary contracts without life contingencies.


For yearly renewable term, use Formula 1 for (C-I), and use only the first two items in Formula 1 for calculating Tabular Interest, changing "One-half" to "Full" in each item; otherwise use Formula 1.

- For yearly renewable term (life insurance and disability, active lives) use Formula 1 for (C-I) and use only the first two items in Formula 1 for calculating Tabular interest, changing "One-half" to "Full" in each item; use Formula 1 for group permanent. Use Formula 2 for disability, disabled lives. Companies including supplementary contracts under group contracts in this column should use Formula 2 for Group supplementary contracts with life contingencies. Use Formula 3 for benefits valued at interest only.

Column 8 - Use Formula 2 for Group Annuity contracts valued on a "with life contingencies" basis. Companies that include active life disability reserve under Group Annuity contracts in this column should use Formula 1 for such. Use Formula 3 for group annuity contracts valued on a "without life contingencies" basis if they are included in Exhibit 8.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Line } 6 & \text { Increase in Reserve on Account of Change in Valuation Basis } \\ & \text { Enter appropriate amounts from Part A of Exhibit 5A - Changes in Bases of Valuation During the }\end{array}$ Year.

Line $6.1 \quad-\quad$ Change in Excess of VM-20 Deterministic/Stochastic Reserve over Net Premium Reserve
As the line item describes, this is the change in excess of any Deterministic/Stochastic reserve over the amount of the VM-20 Net Premium Reserve.


Line 10 - Reserves Released by Death
Entries should be made only in the columns involving life insu. nce. F reer terminal reserves released.
Exclude Deterministic/Stochastic Reser a from e reporting of Reserves Released by

Line $11 \quad-\quad$ Reserves Released by Other Terminations (Net)
Enter reserves released by all causes in Columns 4, 5 and 8 and other than by death in Columns 2, 3, 6 and 7. The computation should be on a $r$ - basis so as to take account of revivals, increases, changes, etc.

Exclude Determ istr toc stic Reserves from the reporting of Reserves Released by Othe ferminat ns (Net)

Line 12 - Annuity, Supplementary Contra D ${ }^{\circ}$ ability Payments Involving Life Contingencies


An Analys - in Reserves is done by annual statement line of business, and within each line according to these formula types insurance, annuity, and contracts with life or disability contingencies. The instructions specify that the various items are either to 'e derived from basic data or derived by formula. One item is always to be derived as the balancing item in its reserve analysis rormula. Thus, the accuracy of the analysis for each line of business and formula type should be verified by the reasonableness of the various balancing items.

The balancing item for life insurance, accidental death benefit, and active life disability reserves is tabular cost. Tabular cost for life insurance can be expressed as the summation of the products of mortality rates times the excess of the face amount over the reserve. Using the tabular cost that was derived in the reserve analysis, the amount of insurance in force, and the reserves, the average mortality rate that is implied by the reserve analysis can be determined. This rate should be reasonable considering the nature of the in force and should show a reasonable progression from year to year.

The balancing item for annuity, supplementary contracts with life contingencies, and disabled life reserves is tabular less actual reserve released. This item reflects the relationship between the mortality and claim termination rates used for the reserves and the corresponding company experience. The level of this item and its variation from year to year should be reasonable in terms of these factors.



## EXHIBIT OF NET INVESTMENT INCOME

Include the amount of investment income collected and earned by each type of invested asset. Interest on encumbrances should be deducted by type of invested asset that is encumbered. Investment income should be assessed for collectibility. If uncollectible, the amount should be written off and charged against investment income. Refer to SSAP No. 34—Investment Income Due and Accrued for accounting guidance.

Include the income from securities that the company no longer owns in the appropriate line of the Exhibit of Net Investment Income.

Report in Column 2 amounts needed to adjust income from a spot rate to a periodic rate. Refer to SS PA-Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accounting guidance.

Column $1 \quad-\quad$ Collected During Year
Subtract amounts paid for accrued interest on purchases from this moun
Column $2-\quad$ Earned During Year
Earned investment income reported here should be on an accru. basis
Lines 1, 1.1,
1.2 and 1.3 - Bonds

Report interest earned on bonds.
Include:
Accrual of discount.
Amortization of atio fees intended to compensate the reporting entity for interest rate rish (e.g. n hts).

Amp azation oi ommitment fees (if such qualify for amortization).
Prepaymo pe alty or acceleration fees where the investment is liquidated prior to the schьauled termination date on mortgage-backed/loan-backed and actured securities.
ex rcised. Nonrefundable fees other than points.


Interest due and accrued on bonds in default as to principal or interest. The market value of such bonds includes such interest.

Amortization of premium during the year.
Line 1.1 _ Vds Exempt from U.S. Tax

This line is applicable to Property/Casualty entities only.

Include: Accrual of discount for redeemable preferred stocks.
Dividends on stocks declared to be ex-dividend on or prior to December 31.
Deduct: Amortization of premium for redeemable preferred stocks.
Line 3 - Mortgage Loans
Refer to SSAP No. 34—Investment Income Due and Accrued for accounting guic ce.
Include: Income from property for which the transfer of lega citle awaiting expiration of redemption or moratorium period.

Accrual of discount.
Amortization of mortgage interest points.
Amortization of commitment fees (if $s$ h , SSAP No. 37-Mortgage Loart
Prepayment penalty or accelera in to

Commitment fees, if eloan or bond is not granted or if the commitment is not exercised.

Nonrefundable fer otr $^{\text {b }}$ an points.
Deduct:
Outgo or pirerty, unless capitalized or shown in:
Exhibit. 2 or 3 for life and fraternal companies
Un 1 writing and Investment Exhibit, Part 3 for property and health companies

Operations and Investment Exhibit, Part 3 for title companies
f vicing fees paid to correspondents and others unless included in:
Exhibit 2 for life and fraternal companies
Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Part 3 for property and health companies

Operations and Investment Exhibit, Part 3 for title companies
Amortization of premium.


Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 15 for Deductions from Investment Income.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 9 for Investment Income

List separately each category of investment income for which there is no pre-printed line in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income.

Include:
Amortization for the period of the difference between origir a $\quad$. ceeds received and the strike price obligation for asset transfers with put otions counted for as financing. Also include an amount equal to the hypothocat income for these transactions reported in Column 1. Any paid interes items nciuded in this line should be enclosed in parentheses.

Investment fees relating to uninsured ace ont ard health plans and the uninsured portion of partially insured accid $n t$ an health plans.

Fees received by the transferor for loan of securities, net of direct expenses. (NOTE: Interest incom lou securities that is unrelated to securities lending is reported iri ${ }^{\prime}$ annua statement categories and exhibits that are consistent with the income arne on similar investment categories, e.g., bonds.)

Amortization of servic ass ts or liabilities as described in SSAP No. 103RTransfers and Servicing o, Finaricial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities.

## Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 15 for Deduction fron ${ }^{\text {In esti ent Income }}$

List separately each category ruc ctio from investment income for which there is no pre-printed line in the Exhibit of Net In estment h ome.

Include:
Accrued ter A on borrowed money, with appropriate designation. Report inwestment come credited to uninsured accident and health plans and the - insured portion of partially insured accident and health plans.

## EXHIBIT OF CAPITAL GAINS (LOSSES)

Gains and losses may be offset against each other only where they apply to the same bond issue, property, etc. Only gains/losses pertaining to invested assets are to be included in this exhibit. Amounts in this exhibit shall be presented before federal and foreign income taxes.

| Column $1-\quad$ Realized Gain (Loss) on Sales or Maturity |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Exclude: $\quad$ Realized foreign exchange gain or loss. |

 year-end amount.


Line 1.1 - Bond vempt from U.S. Tax
oplica le to Property/Casualty entities only.
Lines 2.1,
2.11, 2.2, and 2.21

Include:
Amounts from Schedule D, Part 2 and Part 4 that represent either realized or unrealized adjustments on stocks.

Exclude:
Proceeds from sale of rights, etc. (Reduce the stock asset accordingly.)


Column 3 total should agree with reported net realized capital gains (losses) before the tax effects.
Column 3, Line 10 should equal:
[Page 4, Line 10, Col 1 + Page 4, Line 10 inset amount for the PC statement]
[Page 4, Line 34, Col 1 + Page 4, Line 34, inset amount \#1 + Page 28 IMR, Line 2, Col $1+$ Page 28 IMR, Line 2, inset amount \#2 for the LAH statement]
[Page 4, Line 26, Col 2 + Page 4, Line 26 inset amount for the Health staten t]
[Page 4, Line 30, Col 1 + Page 4, Line 30, inset amount \#1 + Pag 25 I. R, Line 2, Col 1 + Page 25 IMR, Line 2, inset amount \#2 for the Fraternal statement.
[Page 4, Line 10, Col 1 + Page 4, Line 10 inset amount for the ${ }^{1}$ e sta yent]
Column 4 total should agree with the change in unrealized capital ga. or (losses) before taxes.
Column 4, Line 10 should equal:
[Page 4, Line 24, Col 1 + Page 4, Line 24, inset amos t for ıe PC statement]
[Page 4, Line 38, Col 1 + Page 4, Line 38, in + amou . for the Life statement]
[Page 5, Line 36, Col 1, + Page 5, Line 36, set armount for the Health statement]
[Page 4, Line 34, Col $1+\operatorname{Pag} \not 4$, Li , , ii et amount for the Fraternal statement]
[Page 4, Line 18, Col $1+$ age Lin 18, inset amount for the Title statement]
Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 9 for Caplı Gains (I psses)
List separately each catngory of cital gains (losses) for which there is no pre-printed line in the Exhibit of Capital Gain (Losses).

Include: pitu. gains from investments previously charged off.
Exclude:
${ }^{5}$ pital gains and losses on extinguishment of debt related to employee stock option plans.

## EXHIBIT 1 - PART 1 - PREMIUMS AND ANNUITY CONSIDERATIONS FOR LIFE AND ACCIDENT AND HEALTH CONTRACTS

Amounts reported should be reflected in U.S. dollars based on the foreign currency exchange rate. Refer to SSAP No. 23Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accounting guidance. Any foreign currency exchange gain or loss is reported as a realized capital gain or loss.

The separation into first-year, single and renewal is required only for Columns 3 and 4.
Include: $\quad$ Contract, membership and other fees whether or not retained by agents.
Experience rating refunds and accrued return retrospecti premis.as. Refer to
SSAP No. 66-Retrospectively Rated Contracts for accountins ruidance.

Exclude: Amounts attributable to uninsured plans and tie un sured ortions of partially insured plans.

Deduct: $\quad$ Refunds to policyholders for direct paymen of int strial premiums.

> Premiums and annuity considerations re ned.

Do not deduct: Commissions and allowances or insura ce premiums assumed and ceded.
A company shall not omit the columns for any lines of business in which is ot en. aged.
Include premiums and annuity considerations that are transferred the parate Accounts Statement. They are also to be reported as premiums and annuity considerations in the Separate Acco is Starement.


The are premiuns and considerations on contracts in force which were due before the end of the year and $u_{1}$ id on the valuation date or have not been recorded in the premium or consideration account.

T ie sur of Column 8, 9 and 10 should be included on Page 2, Line 15.1, Column 1.
Line 2 - Deruncd and Accrued Premiums and Considerations First Year (Other Than Single) and

Line 12


Change in experience rating refund liability and accrued return retrospective premiums.
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Line } 4 & - & \text { Advance Premiums and Considerations First Year (Other Than Single) and } \\ \text { Line } 14 & - & \text { Advance Premiums and Considerations Renewal }\end{array}\right\}$

The total of these lines, excluding A\&H unearned premium reserve, must balance to Page 3, Line 8, or to this item prior to deduction of discount depending upon the basis used for crediting advance premiums to the premium account.

Column 8 should agree with Schedule H, Part 2, Line A2, Column 2.
Column 9 should agree with Schedule H, Part 2, Line A2, Column 3.

Column 10 should agree with Schedule H, Part 2, Line A2, Columns 4 through $9^{4}$
Line $6-\quad$ Collected During Year - First Year (Other Than Single)
Include: All premiums and considerations (other than sing pro ins) pertaining to the first contract year.

Experience rating refunds and return retrospe ve premiums received.
Deduct: Experience rating refunds and returnsp ve premiums paid.
Line 10 - Single Premiums and Considerations - Single
Include: All single premiums and onsidè tions and dividends, coupons, guaranteed annual pure endown is an similar benefits applied to provide paid-up additions and annuities.

Line 16 - Collected During Year - Renewal
Include:
 guar reed anns l pure endowments and similar benefits applied to pay renewal premt is and to horten the endowment or premium-paying period.

Evperience I.ang refunds and return retrospective premiums received.
Deduct:
$E \lambda_{1}$ rience rating refunds and return retrospective premiums paid.
Line $20.4 \quad-\quad$ Net Total emil ns and Annuity Considerations - Total
Column 1 less olumn 11 should agree with Summary of Operations, Line 1, and all appropriate colu

## EXHIBIT 1 - PART 2 - DIVIDENDS AND COUPONS APPLIED, REINSURANCE COMMISSIONS AND EXPENSE ALLOWANCES AND COMMISSIONS INCURRED

The separation into first-year, single and renewal is required only for Columns 3 and 4.

| Column $9 \quad$ | Credit Accident and Health (Group and Individual) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Include: $\quad$ Business not exceeding 120 months. |

Column 10 - Other Accident and Health
Include: All Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Coverage, whethe old on stand-alone basis or through a Medicare Advantage product and whothe old directly to an individual or through a group.

Line 22 - Dividends and Coupons Applied All Other
Include: Coupons, guaranteed annual pure endowmets ait similar benefits.
Line $26.1 \quad-\quad$ Reinsurance Ceded
Column 8 should agree with Schedule H, Part 4, Line 1 Colut 12.
Column 9 should agree with Schedule H, Part 4, Lie a Cu. rmn 3.
Column 10 should agree with Schedule H, $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{a}}, ~ 4, \mathrm{~L}, ~ B 4$, Columns 4 through 9.
Line 26.2 - Reinsurance Assumed
Column 8 should agree with Schedule ${ }^{1}$ Part 1 Line A4, Column 2.
Column 9 should agree wit Schedule 「, Part 4, Line A4, Column 3.
Column 10 should agree with Sodv H, Part 4, Line A4, Columns 4 through 9.


## EXHIBIT 2 - GENERAL EXPENSES

General expense items must be itemized and entered in sufficient detail to indicate their precise nature. Expenses shall not be reported on a functional basis, except to the extent specifically permitted herein and only if: (1) services are independently organized, (2) rent, salaries and wages, and other major items of expense directly incident thereto, but not necessarily including the cost of employee benefit plans and Social Security taxes, are charged to function, and (3) adequate accounting thereof is maintained. Whenever personnel or facilities are used in common by two or more companies, or whenever the personnel or facilities of one company are used in the activities of two or more companies, each company shall assign its share of the expense to the same expense classification as if it had incurred the entire expense. This latter requirement shall not apply to activities such as administration of jointly underwritten group contracts and joint mortality and morbidity studies.

Expenses for accident and health activities must be allocated between cost containment expensec Col 2 or all other, Column 3. For guidance on cost containment expenses, refer to SSAP No. 55-Unpaid Claims, I osses nd Loss Adjustment Expenses.

A company that pays any affiliated entity (including a managing general agent) for $t \mathrm{~b}$ mana ment, administration, or service of all or part of its business or operations shall allocate these costs to the ap roprm expense classification item (salaries, rent, postage, etc.) as if these costs had been borne directly by the company. Mant ement, administration, or similar fees should not be reported as a one-line expense. The company may estimate these xpens allocations based on a formula or other reasonable basis.

A company that pays any non-affiliated entity (including a managing general $a_{c}$ ont) $f$ or the management, administration, or service of all or part of its business or operations shall allocate these cos ${ }^{-1}$ the a propriate expense classification items as follows:
a. Payments for claims handling or adjustment ervices shall be reported as Expense of Investigation and Settlement of Contract Claims, Ine 45 antuallocated to Life, Accident and Health, and/or All Other Lines of Business as ap opri to col mns 1, 2, 3 and/or 4) in Exhibit 2, General Expenses. If the total of such expenses inctu ed erurs or exceeds 10 percent of the total General Expenses Incurred (Line 10), the cr apar. shat allocate these costs to the appropriate expense classification item as if these costs $h$ been bor e directly by the company.
b. Payments for services othe thar claims handling or adjustment services shall be allocated to the appropriate expense classificat.ons as if these costs had been borne directly by the company, if the total of such fees aid to the non-affiliate(s) equals or exceeds 10 percent of the total General Expenses Incurred ( ine 10). If the total is less than 10 percent, the payments may be reported on Line 7.1.

The total management and service es ind attributable to affiliates and non-affiliates shall be reported in the footnote to Exhibit 2, General Expenses in the an wal statement blank, and the method(s) used for allocation shall be disclosed in the Notes to Financial Statem nts The company shall use the same method(s) on a consistent basis. Refer to SSAP No. 70Allocation of Expenses for anting guidance.

Line 1


Deduct: Rent under sublease.

Include: $\quad$ Salaries and wages, bonuses and incentive compensation to employees, overtime payments, continuation of salary during temporary short-term absences, dismissal allowances, payments to employees while in training and other compensation to employees not specifically designated herein, except to the extent that allocation to other expense classifications is permitted and used.

Fees and other compensation to directors for attendance at board or committee meetings and any other fees and compensation paid to them in their capacities as directors or committee members.

Agency compensation other than commissions.
Line 3.11 - Contributions for Benefit Plans for Employees and Line 3.12 - Contributions for Benefit Plans for Agents

Include: $\quad$ Contributions by company for pension and permanent disability benefits, life insurance benefits, accident, ealtn, hospitalization, medical, surgical, or other temporary disability henefi , under a self-administered or trusteed plan or for the purchase of ity surance contracts.

Appropriation or any other assignt ont of funds by company in connection with any benefit plan of the rontarated herein, e.g., the net periodic postretirement benefit cos vhethe it be defined in terms of specified benefits or in terms of monetar mou

Earned amounts re' red to entroyee stock option plans.
Exclude: $\quad$ Contributions on tor tor past service if reported in Surplus Account.
Bene r paymeri (to be reported in the appropriate benefit item of the Summary of Op ations w en reserves are included in Page 3, Lines 1 and 2, and as a separate m ; the Summary of Operations when the liability is included in Page 3, Line - 1 ).

Line 3.21 - Payments to Employees rider Non-funded Benefit Plans and
Line 3.22 - Payments to Age is O. er mon-funded Benefit Plans \}
Include:
D yments by company under a program for pension, stock options, purchase and award plans (including change in quoted market value), and total and permanent disability benefits, death benefits, accident, health hospitalization, medical, surgical, or other temporary disability benefits, where no contribution or appropriation is made prior to the payment of the benefit.
fer to SSAP No. 12—Employee Stock Ownership Plans and SSAP No. 104R—Share-Based Paymults.
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Line } 3.31 & \text { Other Employee Welfare and } \\ \text { Line } 3.32 & -\quad \text { Other Agent Welfare }\end{array}\right\}$

Expenses included in this line may be reported on a functional basis.
Include: Meals to employees. Companies so desiring may exclude this item from Other Employee Welfare and Other Agent Welfare and include it under Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 9.3 for Expenses.

Contributions to employee associations or clubs.
Expense and maintenance of recreation grounds.
Payments to employees and agents in military servic
Expense of periodical medical or dental exa mina ns medical dispensary, convalescent home or sanitarium for employe and ac ants.


Inclu


Fees for inspection reports in connection with new business, reinstatements, contract changes and applications for employment.

Cost of services furnished by the Medical Information Bureau (M.I.B.).
Salaries of inspectors.
Inspection report fees in connection with the investigation, litigation and settlement of contract claims.

Assessment for expenses of M.I.B. Executive Committee.
Line $4.4 \quad-\quad$ Fees of Public Accountants and Consulting Actuaries
Exclude: Fees for examinations made by State Departments.
Expense of internal audits by company employees.

Line 4.5 - Expense of Investigation and Settlement of Policy Claims
Include: Payment to other than employees of fees and expenses for the investigation, litigation and settlement of policy claims.

Exclude: Payments to a policyholder, agent, broker, or a third party for administration of group claims.

## Line 5.1 - Traveling Expenses

Include:

Exclude:

Line $5.2 \quad-\quad$ Advertising
Include:

Traveling expense of officers, other employees, directors ants, including hotel, meals, telephone, telegraph and postage charges ince whi. traveling.

Amounts allowed employees for use of their own car on co pany business.
The cost of, or depreciation on, and maintena e anning expenses of company-owned automobiles.

Such expenses properly chargeable to Rea. Estate Expenses (Line 9.1) or required to be reported in Lines 7.1 and


Newspaper, magazine and trin jurnal advertising for the purpose of solicitation and conservati of bus pas.

Billboard, sign and directo y advertising.
Television, adio b adc sting and motion picture advertising, excluding subjects dealing thollw health and welfare.

All $\frac{c}{}$ avassing other literature, such as pamphlets, circulars, leaflets, contract illustic on form and other sales aids, printed material, etc., prepared for distributio to the public by agents or through the mail for purposes of solicitation a. d conservation of business.
A. calendars, blotters, wallets, advertising novelties, etc., for distribution to the blic.
nting, paper stock, etc., in connection with advertising.
Prospect and mailing lists when used for advertising purposes.
Fees and expenses of advertising agencies related to advertising.
Pamphlets on health, welfare and educational subjects.
Advertising required by law, regulation or ruling except to the extent that it substantially exceeds the space required for compliance.

Salaries and expenses of advertising department.
Help-wanted advertisements.
Advertising in connection with investments.

| Line 5.3 | Postage, Express, Telegraph and Telephone |
| :--- | :--- |
| Include: | Freight and cartage. |
|  | Cables, radiograms and teletype. |
|  | Charges for use, installation and maintenance of related equipment if not <br> included elsewhere. |

Line 5.4 - Printing and Stationery
Expenses included in this line may be reported on a functional basis.
Include: Contract forms, riders, supplementary contracts, ap licath s , etc., rate books, instruction manuals, punch-cards, house orga.s, an all ot er printed material which is not required to be included in any ${ }^{\text {ther }} \mathrm{t}$ vens assification.

Office supplies.
Pamphlets on health, welfare and educas nal su jects.

Line $5.5 \quad-\quad$ Cost or Depreciation of Furniture and Equipment
Include: The cost or depreciatr of o ice machines except for such charges as may be reported in Line 5.3.

The cost or apre at o equipment used by employees handling maintenance and repair work n comn ay-occupied property.

Line $5.6 \quad-\quad$ Rental of Equipment
Include: $\quad$ Rental on offi machines except for such charges as may be reported in Line 5.3.

Line 5.7 - Cost or Depreciation of $\operatorname{TP}$ Equipment and Software Include:


D )reciation and amortization expense for electronic data processing equipment operating and non-operating systems software.

Refety SSAP No. 16R—Electronic Data Processing Equipment and Software for accounting guida.

Line 6.1
Books, newspapers, periodicals, etc., including investment tax and legal publications and information services, and including all such material for company's law department and libraries.

Line 6.2
Inc

Include: All dues and assessments of organizations of which the company is a member.
All dues for employees' and agents' memberships on the company's behalf.
Exclude: Contributions in connection with scientific, disease prevention, or other activity directly pertaining to the welfare of policyholders and the public.


Report as a negative amount, administrative fees, direct reimbursement of expenses, or other similar receipts or credits attributable to uninsured plans and the uninsured portion of partially insured plans.

Line 7.1 - Agency Expense Allowance
Include: All bona fide allowances for agency expense, but not allowances constituting additional compensation.

| Line $7.2 \quad$ | Agents' Balances Charged Off (Net) |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Include: $\quad$ Agents' balances charged off less any amounts recovered durn or the year. |

Line 7.3 - Agency Conferences Other Than Local Meetings
Include: Cost of banquets and rental of meeting rooms
Expenses of all persons traveling to con rences and their expenses at conferences.

Line $9.1 \quad-\quad$ Real Estate Expenses
Include: $\quad$ The cost of repairs, main $n^{+} \uparrow$, s. vice, and operation of all real estate properties including insurai e whe or occupied by the company or not; salaries and other compensat of mnaging agents and their employees; expenses incurred in connection $w$ thertal of such properties; legal fees specifically associated with re? estate trarsactions other than sale; rent, salaries and wages, and other difect e wes ony branch or home office unit engaged solely in real estate worh not real state and mortgages combined).

Salar s or wag of janitors, caretakers, maintenance workers and agents paid in coll ction wi owned real estate.

Exclude: Salaries anu wages of any other home office, general branch office, or i vestment branch office employees. These should be charged to salaries and wa. 'es, where they will automatically be subject to allocation as "insurance" or Vves.ment," in Exhibit 2. The same rule applies to other expenses or charges as ociated with the activities of such employees.

Line 9.2 - Investment Exp ses Not Included Elsewhere


Only items for which no specific provision has been made elsewhere, e.g., contributions or assessments for bondholders’ protective committees, fees of investment counsel, custodian and trustee fees.

All other costs including internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated company related to origination, purchase or commitment to purchase bonds.

Home office salaries and expenses on account of investment work, salaries and expenses of mortgage loan branch offices.

Legal fees and expenses.
Real Estate expenses properly chargeable to Line 9.1.
Brokerage and other related fees; to the extent they are included in the actual cost of a bond upon acquisition. Refer to SSAP No. 26R.

## Line $9.3-\quad$ Aggregate Write-ins for Expenses

Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 9.3 for Expenses.

Line 10 - General Expenses Incurred
The sum of Column 1, 2, 3 and 4 should agree with Page 4, Line 23.
Column 5 should agree with Exhibit of Net Investment Income, Line 11, Column 2.
Column 2 plus Column 3 should agree with Schedule H, Part 1, Line 4 plus Line Coluin 1 amount.
Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 9.3 for Expenses
List separately all expenses for which there is no pre-printed line on Exh it 2 .
Include: Any type of expense that would represen mor than 25 percent of Line 6.6, Sundry General Expenses.

Adjustments due to fluctuations in $f \sim$ on $t$ ange rates.

## EXHIBIT 3 - TAXES, LICENSES AND FEES (EXCLUDING FEDERAL INCOME TAXES)

The term state includes reference to territories and possessions of the United States, to Canada and its provinces and to other foreign countries and political subdivisions thereof.

| Line $1 \quad-\quad$ Real Estate Taxes |  |
| :---: | :--- |
|  | Include: |

Those taxes directly assessed against property owned by the company. Canadian and other foreign taxes should be included appropriately.

State sales taxes, if company does not exercise option of including such taxes with the cost of goods and services purchased.

State income taxes.
Line 6


Guaranty fund assessments and taxes of Canada or of any other foreign country not specifically provided for elsewhere.

Sales taxes, other than state sales taxes, if company does not exercise option of including such taxes with the cost of goods and services purchased.

Adjustments due to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates.

Line 7 - Taxes, Licenses and Fees Incurred
Column 2 should agree with Schedule H, Part 1, Line 9, Column 1.
Column 4 should agree with Exhibit of Net Investment Income, Line 12, Column 2.
The sum of Columns 1, 2, and 3 should agree with Page 4, Line 24.
Line 10 - Taxes, Licenses and Fees Paid During Year Line 10 should equal Line 7 + Line 8 - Line 9.

## EXHIBIT 4 - DIVIDENDS OR REFUNDS

The term refund is limited to amounts declared by Fraternal Organizations, paid or payable, to its members. Experience rating refunds are excluded.

Dividends may include interest allowed in excess of guaranteed rate on supplementary contracts and dividend accumulations. This analysis is presented net of reinsurance, i.e., reinsurance assumed should be included and reinsurance ceded should be deducted. No deduction should be taken for dividends ceded under a modified coinsurance arrangement until a cash settlement is made with the reinsurer.
 the elected dividend option and recorded as such in respective ledgei counts.

Line 10 - Amount Due and Unpaid
Report dividends or refunds that do not exceed the annua nrem am and similar benefits contingent on payment of deferred and uncollected premiums, de ring he current and prior years that have not been paid or credited to policyholders as of $\mathrm{B}^{4}$ ember 1 of the current year. Should agree with amount on the line for Dividends or Refunds ie at Unpaid, of the Liability page.

Line 11 - Provision for Dividends or Refunds Paya se in the folowing Calendar Year
Report policyholders' dividends or re nds por in the following calendar year including dividends or refunds that do not excee are nuù premiums and similar benefits contingent on payment or renewal premiums.

Line 13 - Provision for Deferred Dividenu on acts
Include: $\quad$ vidends contingent on payment of renewal premiums.
Line 17 Total Dividends Ren ds
Include:
Shot agree witirSummary of Operations (and also Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business) Line Dividends plus Line 14 (in part for coupons).
Details of Write-ins shrestare on Line 8 for Dividend or Refund Options 13 , Column 1. Dividends or Refunds.

## EXHIBIT 5 - AGGREGATE RESERVES FOR LIFE CONTRACTS

Refer to SSAP No. 50-Classifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts, for life, accident and health and deposittype contract definitions and SSAP No. 51R—Life Contracts. Reserves should be computed on a "gross" basis, i.e., direct and reinsurance assumed combined. Then, deductions for reinsurance ceded should be computed, using the same assumptions for mortality and interest and using the same valuation method, but reflecting the actual mode of reinsurance. If the assuming reinsurer uses different valuation assumptions or methods (e.g., reinsurer uses net level, but ceding entity uses CRVM), then deductions for reinsurance ceded by the ceding reporting entity will not necessarily equal reserves established by the assuming reporting entity. No deductions should be taken for reserves ceded under a modified coinsurance arrangement.

If necessary, companies may add lines to report each reserve basis used.

## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ Valuation Standard

State table of mortality, disability, etc. rate of interest; distinguish between (1) net evel premium, and (2) preliminary term, modified preliminary term and select and ltiir to andards. Valuation assumptions for mortality, morbidity and other contingencies, rest, and the valuation method should be indicated by years of issue. For annuities, indicate whether in vedicue, deferred, or both.

In describing the valuation assumptions and valuation method abbre the as follows:


85 CIDB .................................. 1985 Commissioners Individual Disability Tables B. 2012 IAR.................................. 2012 Individual Annuity Reserve Mortality Table

## Interest

$41 / 2 \%$................................Interest at 4 1/2\% for all durations.
$5 \% / 10 / 2 \% . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . I n t e r e s t ~ a t ~ 5 \% ~ f o r ~ t h e ~ f i r s t ~ 10 ~ y e a r s ~ a f t e r ~ i s s u e ; ~ 2 \% ~ t h e r e a f t e r . ~$

## Valuation Method

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Age Basis
ANB ...................................Age Nearest Birthday.
ALB ..........................Age Last Birthdas
$(-1)$...................................With Ages Reduce one _r.

Other

CP...................................................................................iate I eath Benefit (but non-continuous premiums).

55-79 ................................Issue , ar 1955 to 1979 inclusive.


LIFE INST RAN CE: NLP ANB CRF unless otherwise indicated

1. 41 CSO 2 $\%$.................................................... 1947-1965
2. 5 CO $4 \% / 10 / 2 \%$ CRVM ALB CNF $\qquad$ 1978-1980

VM-20 DET/STO ................................................. 2017
If additional space is needed to adequately describe the basis of valuation, use Note 31 of the Notes to Financial Statements to write in this information.

Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Credit (Group and Individual)
Include: Business not exceeding 120 months.
Refer to SSAP No. 59—Credit Life and Accident and Health Insurance Contracts for accounting guidance.

## Life Insurance

Include the reserve for future transfers of unaccrued tabular net premiums to the end of the current contract year for variable life insurance contracts.

For any life insurance business valued under Section VM-20 of the Valuation Manual, include the total CRVM reserve required by VM-20 split into the following components with each component on a separate line:

The Net Premium Reserve identifying the valuation basis
The balance of the total required (Excess over Net Premium)

## Annuities

For any annuity contracts valued using valuation interest rates defin dr en VM-22 of the Valuation Manual, include the reserve for Jumbo and Non-Jumb ontra on separate lines in 50 basis point valuation interest rate intervals.

For example, typical entries in Exhibit 5 might be:

1. 2012 IAR VM-22 Jumbo $2 \%-2.49 \%$

$018-0 X X$
2. 2012 IAR VM-22 Jumbo $2.5 \%-2.99 \%$ $\qquad$ 20. 20 XX
3. 2012 IAR VM-22 Non-Jumbo $2 \%-2.49 \%$... .....20. 8 - 20XX
4. 2012 IAR VM-22 Non-Jumbo 2.5\%-2.s, ...... . 2018 - 20XX

## Disability - Disabled Lives

Include "unaccrued" portion of ${ }^{1 \cdot}$. ility r er incurred claims (whether reported or unreported).

## Miscellaneous Reserves

Classification by mortality and int ot standards not required.
The words "return of prisms" in Line 3 of this section do not refer to benefits under so-called return premium contracts to return of some part of the premium paid for the period current at the time of death. C upu resell on basis of level premiums, not successive one year term premiums.

Include: $\quad$ he reserve for variable life insurance minimum death benefit guarantees in this section.


The excess of valuation net premiums over corresponding gross premiums on respective contracts, computed according to the standard of valuation required by this state.

The non-deduction of deferred fractional premiums or return of premiums at the death of the insured.

Surrender values in excess of reserves otherwise required and carried in this exhibit.

The additional actuarial reserves-asset/liability analysis.
NOTE: Total Reserve (9999999) at bottom of page should agree with Liabilities, Surplus and other Funds page, Line 1.

## EXHIBIT 5 - INTERROGATORIES

## Interrogatories 1 and 2

If the response to Interrogatories 1 and 2 indicate that the reporting entity issues or has issued participating insurance, the reporting entity shall supply the response to these interrogatories and an actuarial opinion as an attachment to the annual statement.

## Instructions for Actuarial Opinion

## Process of Dividend or Refund Determination

Describe the general methods and procedures used to determine dividends or refunds. The term "ro inds" is limited to amounts declared by Fraternal organizations, paid or payable, to its members. Experience rating ref are acluded.

## Description of Experience Factors

Describe the basis used in making any distinction in experience factors that underlie dete rination of dividends or refunds. The description should specifically include the basis for the following:
a. Investment income factors
b. Claims factors
c. Expense factors
d. Termination factors
e. Any other factors that may have a material effect

Also, describe in a qualitative way any material changes made in the ba. s used to determine those factors.

## Actuarial Interrogatories

I. Has the contribution principle been followe norms ing dividends or refunds? If not, describe.
II. Has any material change occurred with re ect to the letermination of contract factors? If yes, describe.
III. Have there been any changes in the scales or avidends or refunds on new or existing business authorized for illustration by the reporting entity? If yes, describe in general the changes that were made.
IV. Have there been any changes so 'es of dividends or refunds apportioned for payment? If yes, describe in general the changes that rere ade.
V. For each major block of $\langle\mathrm{u}$ iness, mdicate when the dividend or refund scale was last changed (including changes described in IV, above), and H . icate the extent of such change in terms of the percentage by which dividends or refunds payable $u_{r}$ r the new scale exceeded or were less than those that would have been paid in the year of change had the scale H - been changed.
VI. Does the divic nd or fund scale incorporate the use of projections or forecasts of experience factors for any period in excess ftw vear seyond the effective date of the scale? If yes, describe.
VII. In determining investment income experience factors, state whether the reporting entity uses (a) a p tfolio average approach, (b) an investment generation approach, or (c) a combination of the two approaches. If (b) or (t describe the general basis used, including the issue year groupings.
VIII. With respect to contract loan provisions:

Describe how differences in such provisions affect dividends or refunds.
Does the dividend or refund scale contain any provision for varying the amount of dividend or refund in accordance with the extent to which an individual contract's loan provision is utilized? If yes, indicate the blocks of business where this treatment pertains, and describe the basis of variation used.
IX. Does the reporting entity pay termination dividends or refunds on its contracts? If yes:
a. Are they payable on death, surrender, and maturity?
b. Are they payable or credited either upon the commencement of nonforfeiture insurance or upon termination thereof by death, surrender, or maturity?
c. Do they reflect the incidence, size, and growth of amounts that may be attributed to the contracts in question?

If the answer to a., b., or c. is no, describe the basis used.
X. Does the reporting entity maintain separate participating and non-participating accounts? If wos, a cribe the basis.
XI. Are any transfers made from a participating account to another participating, inn-pa icipati g, or shareholders' account? If yes, describe the basis for the transfers.
XII. Does the undersigned believe there is a substantial probability that, because of xpeu deterioration of experience or for any other reason, the dividends or refunds illustrated on new or existing b. iness cannot be supported for at least two years? If yes, explain why.
XIII. Describe any aspects of the determination of the dividend or refur , cale It covered above that involve material departures from the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the ctuar l Standards Board applicable to the determination of dividends or refunds.
XIV. Describe any material changes in the basis of determinat it of dividend or refund scale that are not covered above.

The actuarial opinion should include a paragraph such as he fo ng egarding dividends and refunds:

## Actuarial Opinion

I, (name, title), am (relationship to Reporting Entit, and a M mber of the American Academy of Actuaries. I have examined the actuarial assumptions and methods used in detern inc dividends or refunds under the dividend or refund scale for the individual participating life insurance contractg of the rep rting entity issued for delivery in the United States. The dividends or refunds encompassed by this scale include*
i. Apportioned for paymer cui. o (year following year of statement); and
ii. In effect as of Janu v1, ollowing year of statement) that are illustrated for payment on new or existing business in (second yrr following year of statement) and later that are authorized for illustration by the reporting e tity.
 tests of the actuarial ca culatio s, as I consider necessary. In my opinion, these dividends or refunds have been determined in accordance with ctua $\ddagger$ l Star dards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board applicable to the determination of dividends or refunds vcepuo described above.


## Interrogatory 3

This interrogatory relates to the determination of nonguaranteed elements in individual life insurance and annuity contracts that provide for the adjustment of benefits, premiums or charges from time to time. For purposes of this question, the term "determination" shall mean both determination at issue and subsequent redetermination.

For the purpose of this interrogatory, "Individual Contracts" includes contracts issued under the "group" umbrella of any trust that does not have the discretion to select the insurer(s) on behalf of all the individual insureds.

The specific types of business encompassed by this question include, but are not limited to, the following types of contracts if they contain nonguaranteed elements:

1. Single and periodic premium deferred annuities.
2. Universal Life contracts providing for fixed and/or flexible premiums.
3. Adjustable periodic premium life contracts, also known as indeterminate premiun fe cor racts.
4. Single and periodic premium life contracts.
5. Renewable and convertible term insurance contracts which do not guar tho miums payable upon renewal, or which provide for renewal on the then current premium basis.

The term "nonguaranteed" does not apply to charges or benefits that actuan follow a separate account result or a defined index.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR ACTUARIAL OPINION

## Determination Procedures

For all contracts subject to this interrogatory whir we firs introduced during the current year and for any other such contracts not previously reported, define the repo ang entity policy to be used in the process of determining nonguaranteed elements, with particular reference to the degree $f$ discreti $n$ reserved for the reporting entity, together with the general methods and procedures which are expected to be usea

## Actuarial Interrogatories

I. Since this statement was last ffed ve were been any changes in the values of nonguaranteed elements on new or existing business author ed $f$ illustr tion by the reporting entity? If yes, describe the changes that were made.
II. Since this statement was las ic iled, have there been any changes in the values of nonguaranteed elements actually charged or credite ${ }^{+1}$ ? If yes, descube the changes that were made.
III. Indicate to what ander and anges described in I or II varies from the contract and general methods and procedures las repor $d$ for the affected contracts.
IV. Are the ant ipat experience factors underlying any nonguaranteed elements different from current experience? If ye reniboral terms the ways in which future experience is anticipated to differ from current experience and L . nonguaranteed element factors that are affected by such anticipation.
V. State whetrer anticipated investment income experience factors are based on: (a) a portfolio average approach, (b) an investment generation approach, or (c) other. If (b) or (c), describe the general basis used, including the investment generation groupings.
VI. Describe how the reporting entity allocates anticipated experience among its various classes of business.
VII. Does the undersigned believe there is a substantial probability that illustrations authorized by the reporting entity to be presented on new and existing business cannot be supported by currently anticipated experience? If yes, indicate which classes and explain.
VIII. Describe any aspects of the determination of nonguaranteed elements not covered above that involve material departures from the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, applicable to the determination of nonguaranteed elements.

The actuarial opinion should include a paragraph such as the following regarding nonguaranteed elements:

## ACTUARIAL OPINION

I, (name, title), am (relationship to Company) and a Member of the American Academy of Actuarioc. I ve examined the actuarial assumptions and methods used in determining nonguaranteed elements for the individua life A urance and annuity contracts of the reporting entity used for delivery in the United States. The nonguaranteed emen inclug d are those:
i. Paid, credited, charged or determined in (year of statement); and
ii. Authorized by the Reporting Entity to be illustrated on new and existing but vess during (year of statement).

My examination included such review of the actuarial assumptions and metho f thr derlying basic records and such tests of the actuarial calculations, as I considered necessary. In my opinion, L . onguc anteed elements described above have been determined in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by th Acty rial Standards Board applicable to the determination of nonguaranteed elements, except as described above.

Signature of Actuary

## Interrogatory 7

For purposes of this footnote disclosure, a synthetic $<$ is efined as a contract or agreement in which the insurance entity guarantees specified payouts under the terms of an emplojee benefit plan from assets not owned by the insurance entity

## Interrogatory 8

For purposes of this footnote dis Iosut a Co ingent Deferred Annuity is defined as an annuity contract that establishes a life insurer's obligation to make p odic ents for the annuitant's lifetime at the time designated investments, which are not owned or held by the insurer, are pleted to a contractually defined amount due to contractually permitted withdrawals, market performance, fees td/or other churges.

## Interrogatory 9

For purposes of his 1 tnote disclosure, a Guaranteed Lifetime Income Benefit is defined as a fixed deferred annuity contract, agreement rium which the insurance entity guarantees specified payouts during the lifetime of the insured(s)
 withdrawal be fits.

## EXHIBIT 5A - CHANGES IN BASES OF VALUATION DURING THE YEAR

Increase or (decrease) in the actuarial reserves or liability included in Exhibits 5, 6 or 7 due to changes in the valuation bases during the calendar year should be included if the change is applicable to policies or contracts issued prior to January 1 of the current year. Show changes in bases separately by lines of business (increases as a positive amount and decreases as a negative amount).

If necessary, reporting entities may add lines to report each change in each reserve in basis used.
The total (increase) or decrease should be excluded from the income section of the Summary of Operations page and the Analysis of Operations by Line of Business page.

Include supplementary contracts set up on a basis other than that used to determine benefits.
Life Contract subtotal should agree with Analysis of Increase in Reserves During the Yoar on he Inc ease in Reserve on Account of Change in Valuation Basis line.

Life Contracts changes in basis of valuation during the year come from Exhibit 5. Sin larly, 4crident and Health Contract changes come from Exhibit 6 and Deposit-Type Contract changes come from Exhibit 7.

## EXHIBIT 6 - AGGREGATE RESERVES FOR ACCIDENT AND HEALTH CONTRACTS

Refer to SSAP No. 50-Classifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts, for life, accident and health and deposittype contract definitions and SSAP No. 54R-Individual and Group Accident and Health Contracts for guidance regarding the bases for such additional contract reserves. The net amount should agree with the appropriate items in Schedule H Accident and Health, and also Page 3, Line 2.

Reserves or other amounts relating to uninsured accident and health plans and the uninsured portion of partially insured accident and health plans should be excluded from this exhibit.

| Column $3-$ | Credit Accident and Health (Group and Individual) |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Include: $\quad$ Business not exceeding 120 months. |

Refer to SSAP No. 59—Credit Life and Accident and Health Insuranc Contr cts for accounting guidance.
Column 9 - All Other Individual Contracts

Include: All Medicare Part D Prescription Drug verag , whether sold on a stand-alone basis or through a Medicare Advan oro and whether sold directly to an individual or through a group.

Line 2 - Additional Contract Reserves
A reserve must be carried in this line for any atrac or block of contracts:
(i) with which level premiums are y ea, or
(ii) with respect to which, duevo th oss remium structure at issue, the value of future benefits exceeds the value of apmropria fut valuation net premiums.

A reserve must be carried $f$ any bloc of contracts for which future gross premiums when reduced by expenses for administration, ommiss ons, and taxes will be insufficient to cover future claims or services.

A company that enter he entire active life reserve (other than the reserves required for Line 4) in a single sum must entor sut amount in Line 2. Provide a statement as to the valuation standard used in calculating this $r$ serve, pecifying reserve bases, interest rates, and methods.

Line 3 - Additional
Inclin Premium deficiency reserves.
$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\text { Line } 4 & - & \text { Re for ature Contingent Benefits (Active Life Reserve) or } \\ \text { Line } 12 & - & \text { I eserve or Future Contingent Benefits (Claim Reserve) }\end{array}\right\}$
reserve must be carried in either of these lines or in Exhibit 8, Part 1, Line 3 for any contract that ides for the extension of benefits after termination of the contract or of any insurance thereunder. Such benefits, which actually accrue and are payable at some future date, are predicated on a condition or actual disability which exists at the termination of the insurance and which is usually not known to the insurance entity. These benefits are normally provided by contract provision but may be payable as a result of court decisions or of departmental rulings. This reserve is required in addition to the Present Value of Amounts Not Yet Due on Claims, Line 10.

An example of the type of benefit for which a reserve must be carried is the coverage for hospital confinement after the termination of an employee's certificate but prior to the expiration of a stated period. This example is illustrative only and is not intended to limit the reserve to the benefits described. Some individual Accident and Health contracts may also provide benefits similar to those under the Extension of Benefits section of a group contract.


## EXHIBIT 7 - DEPOSIT-TYPE CONTRACTS

This exhibit is intended to capture information about the activity, before and after any reinsurance, for deposit-type contracts. Include supplementary contracts without life contingencies, annuities certain, income settlement options, premium and deposit funds, and other contracts as defined in SSAP No. 52-Deposit-Type Contracts.

## Column $2-\quad$ Guaranteed Interest Contracts

Include: Contracts that do not subject the reporting entity to any mortality or morbidity risk.


Line 2 - Deposits Received Dur ig the Year
Include: noserations or amounts from contract holders that increased the fund ba ance.

Line 3 - Investment Ear ngs Credited to the Account
Amounts earned and/or credited to the account. Describe method of determination in Notes to Financial Statements under Actuarial Reserve Note 32.


## EXHIBIT 8 - CLAIMS FOR LIFE AND ACCIDENT AND HEALTH CONTRACTS

Amounts relating to uninsured accident and health plans and the uninsured portion of partially insured accident and health plans should be excluded from this exhibit.

## PART 1 - LIABILITY END OF CURRENT YEAR

This part of the exhibit provides an analysis of the contract liability reported in the balance sheet.
A reporting entity shall not omit the columns for any lines of business in which it is not engaged. Fraternal benefit societies do not need to complete Columns 2, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 since the columns reflect lines of business not writt a fraternals.

Exclude liabilities reported in the Separate Accounts Statement.
For each item:
 accident and health claims.

Line 3 - Incurred but Unreported
Report all contract claims incurred on or prior to December 31 of the statement year but not reported to the company until after that date. Only the portion of disability benefits which pertain to disability periods prior to January 1 of the year following the statement year should be reported; for example, the amount which would be payable for the elapsed period if disability were approved. The liability for unaccrued benefits is included in the Contract Reserves liability (Page 3, Lines 1 and 2 and Exhibits 5 and 6).

Line 4 - Totals
Line 4.1 = Line 1.1 + Line 2.11 + Line $2.21+$ Line 3.1

Line 4.2 = Line 1.2 + Line 2.12 + Line 2.22 + Line 3.2
Line 4.3 = Line 1.3 + Line 2.13 + Line $2.23+$ _ine 3
Line 4.4 = Line 1.4 + Line 2.14 + Line 2.24 + ine 3.

Line 4.4, Column 1 should agree with Page 3, e sum of Lines 4.1 and 4.2

## EXHIBIT 8 - CLAIMS FOR LIFE AND ACCIDENT AND HEALTH CONTRACTS PART 2 - INCURRED DURING THE YEAR

A reporting entity shall not omit the columns for any lines of business in which it is not engaged. Fraternal benefit societies do not need to complete Columns 2, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 since these columns reflect lines of business not written by fraternals.

Include benefits and withdrawals that are transferred from the Separate Accounts Statement. They are also to be reported as benefits and withdrawals in the Separate Accounts Statement.


For Lines 1, 2, 4, and 6: Net = Direct + Reinsurance Assumed - Reinsurance $\square \rightarrow+$

## Line 1 - Settlements During the Year <br> $$
\text { Include: } \quad \text { Contract claim amounts re ned uin r supplementary contracts. }
$$ <br> <br> Include: Contract claim amounts re ned un or supplementary contracts.

 <br> <br> Include: Contract claim amounts re ned un or supplementary contracts.}Line 3 - Amounts Recoverable from Reinsurers Decembu 31, Ourrent Year and
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Line } 5 & \text { Amounts Recoverable from Reinsurers D cember Jx, Prior Year } \\ & \text { Include } \\ & \text { These amsurance reunts veriec bed on paid losses but not received. }\end{array}$
Line 6 - Incurred Benefits
Line 6.1 = Line $1.1+\mathrm{r}$ 亿e 2.1 - Line 4.1
Line $6.2=$ Line $1-+\mathrm{e} \angle 2-$ Line 4.2
Line $6.3=\llcorner$ e $1 . \quad$ - I e $2.3+$ Line $3-$ Line 4.3 - Line 5
Line $6.4=$ Line 1.4 + Line 2.4 - Line 3 - Line 4.4 + Line 5

## EXHIBIT OF NONADMITTED ASSETS

This schedule should include the nonadmitted (both group and individual) amounts for both invested assets and other-than-invested assets.

The lines in this schedule are identical to those included in the Assets Page. The Column 1 amount should equal the amount reported in the same specific line in the Nonadmitted Assets column of the Assets Page (Page 2, Column 2, Line 28).

Column 1 - Current Year Total Nonadmitted Assets
Include: Nonadmitted goodwill as prescribed in SSAP No. 68-Bu ate. Combinations and Goodwill.

Nonadmitted invested assets due to state aggregate ir estm t limitations.
Nonadmitted amounts due to specific surplư note
Nonadmitted invested asset amounts due tedesib ation restrictions by the state (e.g., designation 6 securities must be partially $r$ wholly nonadmitted).

Non-operating systems software.
Electronic data processing (EDP) t uipm ht and operating software in excess of $3 \%$ of capital and surplus or he h. st recently filed statement adjusted to exclude any EDP equipm ${ }^{\text {t }}$ and verating system software, net deferred tax assets and net positive odw.

Prepaid expense (S AP No. $\angle$ Prepaid Expenses).
Column $2-\quad$ Prior Year Total Nonadmitted Assets
This column should conta; the totar sum of group and individual) nonadmitted amounts from the prior year annual statement.

Column 3 - Change in Total Nonadmitted Asse
This column should equ Column 2 minus Column 1. The amount reported in the total line of this
 and Surple Acc unt cal ılation.




## LIFE

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## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Notes to the Annual Statement are to be filed on March 1.

These instructions include guidance for the annual statement. These instructions provide specific examples that illustrate the disclosures required by the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and depict the application of certain Statements of Statutory Accounting Principles (SSAP). UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, the format and level of detail in the illustrations are not requirements. The NAIC encourages a format that provides the information in the most understandable manner in the specific circumstances. Entities are not required to display the disclosure information contained herein in the specific manner illustrated, except where indicated in the illustrations provided for specific notes.

To facilitate comparison to the electronic notes database, the following data-captured disclosures sh uld buresented in whole dollars in the same format and level of detail in the specific manner shown in the illustration. Wh the disclosure for a particular illustration is not applicable or the reporting entity has nothing to report, the report g en ty not required to present the disclosure in the illustrated format with zero amounts except for the reconcili tion ble illy trated in Note 1A, which must be provided regardless of whether the reporting entity has any state prescribed or errm ractices. It will still be acceptable to indicate "none" or "not applicable" for the whole disclosure or $s_{f}$ ific arts of the disclosure, as appropriate, as long as the numbering format of the disclosure is preserved. Following the $p$ sentation of the illustration is not meant to preclude reporting entities from providing additional clarification before or ${ }^{\text {r }}$ ter the illustration to enable users to better understand the disclosure.

| Note \# | Parts to be presented in whole dollars in the $\mathrm{s}, \eta$ form. and level of detail in the specific manner shownin th, Mustry ion. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1.... | 1A(1) through 1A(8) |
| 3 | 3A |
| 4 | 4A(1), 4A(3) and 4A(4) |
| 5 | $5 \mathrm{~A}(3)$ through $5 \mathrm{~A}(8)$, $5 \mathrm{~B}(1)$ through $5 \mathrm{~B}(3)$, $5 \mathrm{D}(2)$ thro gn $5 \mathrm{D}(4)$, っE(3)a, $5 \mathrm{E}(3) \mathrm{b}, 5 \mathrm{E}(5) \mathrm{a}, 5 \mathrm{E}(7), 5 \mathrm{~F}, 5 \mathrm{G}, 5 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{I}, 5 \mathrm{~L}(1)$ through 5L(4), 5M(1), 5M(2), 5N, 5O, 5P, 5Q and R |
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| 10 | $10 \mathrm{M}, 10 \mathrm{~N}(2)$ and 10 O |
| 11 | $11 \mathrm{~B}(2)$ through 11B(4) |
| 12 | 12A(1) through 12A(8), 12A(11), 12A(12) and 12, (1) |
| 13 |  |
| 14 | $14 \mathrm{~A}(2), 14 \mathrm{~A}(3), 14 \mathrm{~B}(2), 14 \mathrm{~B}(3)$ and 14 |
| 15 | $15 \mathrm{~A}(2) \mathrm{a}, 15 \mathrm{~B}(1) \mathrm{c}, 15 \mathrm{~B}$ ( ) b an 15 B (2 |
| 16 | 16(1)------------------- |
| 17. | 17C(2) |
| . 18 | 18A and 18B |
| 19 | All |
| - 20 | 20A(1), 20A 2,2 anu 0 d |
| - 21 | 21E( 21 E 1), 21F $)$ through 21F(4), 21G(2), 21G(3) and 21H |
| 22 | 22A thro h 22 |
| 23 | $\cdots 1)$ a, 23D(2)a and 23G |
| 24 | 24D nd 24E |
| - 27 |  |
| - 28 | All |
| 30 | All |
| - 31 | 31(6) |
| 32 | 32A through 32F |
| 33 | 33A |
| 34 | $34 \mathrm{~A}(2), 34 \mathrm{~A}(3), 34 \mathrm{~B}(1)$ through 34B(4) and 34C |

The following disclosures are applicable to the annual statement filed March 1. In the annual statement filed on March 1, a) a disclosure or response must be provided for every item (indicate "none" or "not applicable" if appropriate), and b) the reporting entity must not alter the number scheme of the notes. Notes are to be presented in numerical order including those notes that will be noted as "none." Users should note the NAIC would utilize Note 21, Other Items, to include information required by recently adopted SSAPs.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Going Concern

## Instruction:

Refer to SSAP No. 1-Accounting Policies, Risks \& Uncertainties, and Other Disclosures for cco nting guidance regarding disclosure requirements. The major disclosure requirements are as follows:
A. This note (including a table reconciling income and surplus between the st e bas and SAP basis) is required to be completed, even if there are no prescribed practices or perritted actice to report.

Indicate that the statement has been completed in accordance wi the rcounting Practices and Procedures Manual. If a reporting entity employs accounting praction th dopart from the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, including different practices req red by state law, disclose the following information about those accounting practices.

Include:

- A description of the accounting practice;
- A statement that the accounting pratire ' fers from NAIC statutory accounting practices and procedures (NAIC SAP) identifying hethe the practice is a departure from NAIC SAP or from a state prescribed practi ana in lude the financial statement reporting lines predominantly impacted by th per ed or prescribed practice. (Although most practices impact net income or surplus direct re rence to those lines should be avoided. The intent is to capture the financirn $n$ thes reflecting the practice which ultimately impacts net income or statutory arplus.,
- The monetary effe on net in ome and statutory surplus of using an accounting practice that differs from NAIC stà *ory counting practices and procedures; and
- If an insurance enterprise's risk-based capital would have triggered a regulatory event had it not used a p scribed or permitted practice, that fact should be disclosed in the financial statements

In addition, dis ose e follo ving information about accounting practices when NAIC statutory accounting practices and pre dures not address the accounting for the transaction:

A description of the transaction and of the accounting practice used; and
statement that the NAIC statutory accounting practices and procedures do not address the accounting for the transaction.

A table reconciling income and surplus between the state basis and NAIC SAP basis for the current reporting period and the prior year-end shall be provided. The reconciliation table is required even if the reporting entity does not have any permitted or prescribed practices to report.

The reconciliation shall include:
Brief description of the prescribed or permitted practice;
SSAP \# Enter the SSAP numbers to which the permitted or prescribed practice primarily pertains.
For example use "43R" for SSAP No. 43R or "19" for SSAP No 19. If multiple SSAPs are needed for the prescribed or permitted practice, $s$ grate $m^{\prime}$ h a comma (19,43R).

For permitted practices from state regulations, use " 00 " "
If multiple SSAPs are needed for the prescribed or mitte practice, separate with a comma (19,43R,00).

Financial statement pages (F/S pages) primarily impacted by th. nermi ted or prescribed practice.
Only the following pages should be referenced.
2 - Assets
3 - Liabilities, Surplus and Other $\mathrm{Ft}_{4}$
4 - Summary of Operations
5 - Cash Flow
Use "N/A" for permitt a or presc bed practices that do not impact the financial statements pages above.

If multiple pages aro needed to the prescribed or permitted practice, separate with a comma (3,4).
Financial statement repo ing lines (F/S lines) of the key financial statement page primarily impacted by the permitted pre ribu.d practice
(Refere es to ho nancial statement reporting line for net income or statutory surplus should be avoided. $\quad$ intent is to capture the financial statement line reflecting the practice which ltimately impacts net income or statutory surplus.)

If "Ns," vas used for the F/S page, use "N/A" for the F/S line.
If $n$ altiple lines are needed for the prescribed or permitted practice, separate with a comma (-1, 8 ).

Below are examples of permitted and prescribed practices the reporting entity may or may not be using hich could be disclosed. The reporting entity may have others not shown below.

Differences in the accounting and reporting of:

- Goodwill
- Admission of Fixed Assets
- Value of Home Office Property

NOTE: Amounts reported in other notes to the financial statements shall reference Note 1 if impacted by prescribed or permitted practices. The following is an example of inserting a statement within applicable notes:

## Example Illustration: Note 3. Business Combinations and Goodwill

Illustration:
A. Statutory Purchase Method
(1) The Company purchased $100 \%$ interest of XYZ Insurance Comp on 6/30/ $\qquad$ . XYZ Insurance Company is licensed in 49 states and sells individ, al tern life products exclusively.
(2) The transaction was accounted for as a statutory purchase.
(3) The cost was $\$$ $\qquad$ , resulting in goodwill in the armoun of $\$$
Goodwill amortization relating to the purchase $\times \mathrm{XY}$. Insurance Company was \$ $\qquad$ for the year ended $12 / 31$ / $\qquad$ .*

* These amounts reflect prescribed or permitted practices that a frt from the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, See Note 1, Summary f Sign ricant Accounting Policies for additional information.
B. Include an explanation that the preparation of finalicial $s$ temer $s$ is in conformity with the Annual Statement Instructions and Accounting Practices and Proc Jures yanual requires the use of management's estimates.
C. Disclose all accounting policies that materially aft operations.

Include:


Basis at which ae shoir erm ivestments are stated.
Basis at whit the bs ids, mandatory convertible securities and SVO-Identified investments identh iv SAP No. 26R are stated, and the amortization method.
Amortizat on method for bonds and mandatory convertible securities and if elected by the orting entity, the approach for determining the systematic value for SVO ${ }^{d}$ securities per SSAP No. 26R. If utilizing the systematic value me surems t method approach for SVO-Identified investments, the reporting entity must de the ollowing information:

Whether the reporting entity consistently utilizes the same measurement method for
 an SVO-Identified investments (e.g., fair value or systematic value). If different measurement methods are used, information on why the reporting entity has elected to use fair value for some SVO-Identified investments and systematic value for others.

- Whether SVO-Identified investments are being reported at a different measurement method from what was used in an earlier current-year interim and/or in a prior annual statement. (For example, if reported at systematic value prior to the sale, and then reacquired and reported at fair value.) This disclosure is required in all interim reporting periods and in the year-end financial statements for the year in which an SVO-Identified investment has been reacquired and reported using a different measurement method from what was previously used for the investment. (This disclosure is required regardless of the length of time between the sale/reacquisition of the investments, but is only required in the year in which the investment is reacquired.)
- Identification of securities still held that no longer qualify for the systematic value method. This should separately identify those securities that are still within scope of SSAP No. 26R and those that are being reported under a different SSAP.
(3) Basis at which the common stocks are stated.
(4) Basis at which the preferred stocks are stated.
(5) Description of the valuation basis of the mortgage loans.
(6) Basis at which the loan-backed securities are stated and the adjustment methodology used for each type of security (prospective or retrospective).
(7) The accounting policies of the reporting entity with respect to investments in subsidiaries, controlled and affiliated entities.
(8) The accounting policies of the reporting entity with respect to nvestn, ats in joint ventures, partnerships and limited liability entities.
(9) A description of the accounting policy for derivatives.

Whether or not the reporting entity utilizes anticipat ${ }^{d}$ nvo mentr income as a factor in the premium deficiency calculation.

A summary of management's policies and methodolog, for estimating the liabilities for losses and loss/claim adjustment expenses for ace ent ar whealth contracts.

If the capitalization policy and the resun prede ned thresholds changed from the prior period, the reason for the change.
The method used to estimate pharma cutic. rebate receivables.
D. Going Concern

The reporting entity shall provide the follow hg $\quad \mathrm{g}$ concern disclosures after management's evaluation of the reporting entity's ability to contimue as agoin concern and consideration of management's plans to alleviate any substantial doubt abouthornt avinty to continue as a going concern.
(1) If after considering $m_{l}$ ไgement's olans, substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern is alle ted, th reporting entity shall disclose in the notes to the financial statements the following into aon:
a. Principal co ditions and events that raised substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continu a g ing concern (before consideration of management’s plans).
b. Arna ment, evaluation of the significance of those conditions or events in relation to the C.It v's aumty to meet its obligations.

Management's plans that alleviated substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.
(2) If ai er considering management's plans, substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a $\rho$. ng concern is not alleviated, the entity shall include a statement in the notes to the financial statements indicating that there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. Additionally, the reporting entity shall disclose the information in paragraphs $1 \mathrm{D}(1)$ a and $1 \mathrm{D}(1) \mathrm{b}$, as well as the management plans that are intended to mitigate the conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.
(3) The going concern evaluation and going concern disclosures discussed in SSAP No. 1Accounting Policies, Risks \& Uncertainties, and Other Disclosures are required for both interim and annual financial statements. If substantial doubt was determined, and the conditions or events continue to raise substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern in subsequent annual or interim reporting periods, the entity shall continue to provide the disclosures in each subsequent reporting period. In these subsequent periods, the disclosures should become more extensive as additional information becomes available about the relevant conditions or events and about management's plans. The entity shall provide appropriate context and continuity in explaining how conditions or events have changed between reporting periods.
(4) For the period in which substantial doubt no longer exists (before or af ar ansideration of management plans), an entity shall disclose how the relevant conditions $r$ eveir that raised substantial doubt were resolved.

## Illustration:

A. Accounting Practices


The financial statements of XYZ Company are presented on the basis oi rcounting practices prescribed or permitted by the ABC Insurance Department.

The ABC Insurance Department recognizes only statutory counth of practices prescribed or permitted by the State of $A B C$ for determining and reporting the rinanc con ition and results of operations of an insurance company, for determining its solvency under he $\mathcal{B C}$ nsurance Law. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners’ (NAIC) Accounting Pr ices $a_{\curvearrowleft}{ }^{`}$ Procedures Manual (NAIC SAP) has been adopted as a component of prescribed or permit. pra ices by the state of ABC. The state has adopted certain prescribed accounting practices that differ fro those found in NAIC SAP. Specifically, 1) goodwill arising from the purchase of a subsidiary, co coiled or wfiliated entity is written off directly to surplus in the year it originates by ABC domiciledzom or NAIC SAP, goodwill in amounts not to exceed $10 \%$ of a reporting entity's capital and surplus ay be pitalized and all amounts of goodwill are amortized to unrealized gains and losses on iny oum 's on r periods not to exceed 10 years, and, 2) $100 \%$ of all fixed assets are admitted by ABC miciled mpanies. In NAIC SAP, fixed assets are not admitted. The Commissioner of Insurance has 'e right permit other specific practices that deviate from prescribed practices.

The Company, with the ex cit permission of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of ABC, records the value of its home office $b$ ilding at fair value instead of at depreciated cost required by the NAIC SAP. If the home office by allto we carried at depreciated cost, home office property and statutory surplus would be deo asec by $\$_{-} \quad$ and $\$ \ldots$ as of December 31, 20__ and 20__, respectively. Additionally, ne ncor suld be increased by $\$$ $\qquad$ and \$ $\qquad$ respectively, for the years then ended. Finally, if thu Company had not been permitted to record the value of its home office building at fair value, th Company's insk-based capital would have triggered a regulatory event.

A reconoiliatio the Company's net income and capital and surplus between NAIC SAP and practices presc bed a ${ }^{\text {t }}$ permitted by the State of ABC is shown below:

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## THE RECONCILIATION TABLE BELOW IS REQUIRED REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE REPORTING ENTITY HAS ANY STATE PRESCRIBED OR PERMITTED PRACTICES.


B. Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financi statements in conformity with Statutory Accounting Principles requires management to make oum tes assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. It also requires diclos e of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amoun of ven a and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
C. Accountiv Dolicy

Life r emit 's are recognized as income over the premium-paying period of the related policies. Annuity consi eration are recognized as revenue when received. Health premiums are earned ratably over the tt is o selated insurance and reinsurance contracts or policies. Expenses incurred in connection with acaun ing new insurance business, including acquisition costs such as sales commissions, are charged to operatuons as incurred.

The amount of dividends to be paid to policyholders is determined annually by the Company's Board of Directors. The aggregate amount of policyholders' dividends is related to actual interest, mortality, morbidity, and expense experience for the year and judgment as to the appropriate level of statutory surplus to be retained by the Company.

In addition, the company uses the following accounting policies:
(1) Short-term investments are stated at amortized cost.
(2) Bonds not backed by other loans are stated at amortized cost using the interest method.

The company holds three (3) SVO-Identified bond ETFs reported on Schedule D-1. Two of these ETFs are reported at fair value, and the company has made an irrevocable decision to hold one of the ETFs at systematic value. The company has elected to utilize different measurement methods for the SVO-Identified bond ETFs for the following reasons:

The company previously utilized systematic value for the reporting an S D-Identified bond ETF reported on Schedule D-1. On June 1, XX, the company cola 11 interests in the SVO-Identified bond ETF (entire CUSIP). On October 30, XX, th repon gg entity reacquired the SVO-Identified bond ETF (same CUSIP) and did not elt to tilize le systematic value for this SVO-Identified bond ETF. Pursuant to the guidance SS. No. 26R, a different measurement method is permitted as the reacquisition oce red 5 days after the sale of the SVO-Identified investment.

The Company previously utilized systematic value $r$ the uporting of an SVO-Identified bond ETF reported on Schedule D-1. As of Dec XVO-Identified bond ETF was no longer included on the SVO listing an SV dentit d bond ETF. Therefore, this ETF was no longer captured within the scope of SSAI No. 5 R and permitted to be reported on Schedule D-1. Pursuant to the statutory ar ou ing alldance, this ETF is now captured within scope of SSAP No. 30 and is reported at ir valu on Schedule D-2-2.

The company previously utilized syst vatic value for the reporting of an SVO-Identified bond ETF reported on Schedule $0-1$. As o. Dec. 31, XX, the SVO-Identified bond ETF had an NAIC designation of 3 Purs he guidance in SSAP No. 26R, a non-AVR reporting entity is only permitted to lize and ematic value for SVO-Identified bond ETFs with an NAIC designation 10, A this ETF no longer qualifies for systematic value, but is still on the SVO - dentified ${ }^{-} t$, it is captured within scope of SSAP No. 26R, reported on Schedule D-1, but I. ow repo ed at fair value.
(3) Common Stocks are stated at harket except that investments in stocks of uncombined subsidiaries and affiliates in whe company has an interest of $20 \%$ or more are carried on the equity basis.
(4) Preferred sto «s a. stared in accordance with the guidance provided in SSAP No. 32—Preferred Stock.

Mortgage ins on real estate are stated at the aggregate carrying value less accrued interest.
L. $\quad$-backed securities are stated at either amortized cost or the lower of amortized cost or fair value. Thetrospective adjustment method is used to value all securities except for interest only sec ities or securities where the yield had become negative, that are valued using the prospective met od.

The Company carries ABC Non-insurance company at GAAP equity plus the remaining Goodwill balance of \$ $\qquad$ _.

The company has minor ownership interests in joint ventures. The company carries these interests based on the underlying audited GAAP equity of the investee.
(9) All derivatives are stated at fair value.
(10) The Company anticipates investment income as a factor in the premium deficiency calculation, in accordance with SSAP No. 54R—Individual and Group Accident and Health Contracts.

Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses include an amount determined from individual case estimates and loss reports and an amount, based on past experience, for losses incurred but not reported. Such liabilities are necessarily based on assumptions and estimates and while management believes the amount is adequate, the ultimate liability may be in excess of or less than the amount provided. The methods for making such estimates and for establishing the resulting liabilities are continually reviewed and any adjustments are reflected in the period determined.

The Company has not modified its capitalization policy from the prior period.

## 2. Accounting Changes and Corrections of Errors

## Instruction:

Describe material changes in accounting principles and/or correction of errors. Inchede:

- A brief description of the change, encompassing a general disclosure of $t$ reas and justification for the change or correction.
- The impact of the change or correction on net income, surplus, total ass * $s$ and iotal liabilities for the two years presented in the financial statements (i.e., the balance sheet and sta nt $\mathrm{O}^{\text {. come). }}$
- The effect on net income of the current period for a change in esth ate lat affects several future periods, such as a change in the service lives of depreciable assets or ac al a umprions affecting pension costs. Disclosure of the effect on those income statement amounts is not net sary fo. estimates made each period in the ordinary course of accounts for items such as uncollectible ace ints. \& vever, disclosure is recommended if the effect of a change in the estimate is material.
- When subsequent financial statements are issued dini g comparative restated results as a result of the filing of an amended financial statement, the renorting, ntit, nall disclose that the prior period has been restated and the nature and amount of such restater cht.


## Illustration:

During the current year's financial coment preparation, the Company discovered an error in the compiling and reporting of investment income fro an affiliate for the prior year. In the prior year, common stocks (Assets Page, Line $\qquad$ ) and investment income $e$ ned from affiliates (included in Summary of Operation, Line $\qquad$ ) were understated by $\$ \ldots$ ___ Li . . on the Assets Page and Line ___ on the Gains and Losses section of the Summary of Operations ave een adj sted in the current year to correct for this error.

## 3. Business Combinations and nodwill

## Instruction:

A. Statu ory Pui hase Method

For usiness combinations accounted for under the statutory purchase method, disclose the following for as namortized goodwill is reported as a component of the investment:

The name and brief description of the acquired enity.

- That the method of accounting is the statutory purchase method.
- Acquisition date, cost of the acquired entity and the original amount of admitted goodwill.
- The amount of amortization of goodwill recorded for the period, the admitted goodwill as of the reporting date and admitted goodwill as a percentage of the SCA's book adjusted carrying value (gross of admitted goodwill).


## B. Statutory Merger

For business combinations taking the form of a statutory merger, disclose:
(1) The names and brief description of the combined entities;
(2) Method of accounting, that is, the statutory merger method;
(3) Description of the shares of stock issued in the transaction;
(4) Details of the results of operations of the previously separate entities for $\mathrm{t}^{1} \mathrm{c}$ iod before the combination is consummated that are included in the current combined $t$ incon. 2 , including revenue, net income, and other changes in surplus; and
(5) A description of any adjustments recorded directly to surplus fonany e tity th: previously did not prepare statutory statements.
C. Assumption Reinsurance

Disclose the following information regarding goodwill resulting fro assur ption reinsurance:
(1) The name of the ceding entity;
(2) The type of business assumed;
(3) The cost of the acquired business and the nout of goodwill; and
(4) The amount of amortization of good ill recorand for the period.
D. Impairment Loss

If an impairment loss was recos azed, disc se the following in the period of the impairment write-down:
(1) A description of the impan as ets and the facts and circumstances leading to the impairment, and
(2) The amount of the rairment charged to realized capital gains and losses and how fair value was determined.

## Illustration:

A. Statutory Purchase Metiod

The Comany chased $100 \%$ interest of XYZ Insurance Company on 6/30/ $\qquad$ . XYZ Insurance Com any is 'censed in 49 states and sells workers’ compensation products exclusively.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THESE ILLUSTRATIONS.

The transaction was accounted for as a statutory purchase and reflects the following:

| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1 \\ \text { Purchased entity } \end{gathered}$ | 2Acquisition <br> date | 3 <br> Cost of acquired entity | 4 <br> Original amount of admitted goodwill | 5 Admitted goodwill as of the reporting date | 6 <br> Amount of goodwill amortized during the reporting period | 7 <br> Admitted <br> goodwill <br> as a \% of <br> SCA <br> BACV, <br> gross of <br> admitted <br> goodwill |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ................................................................... | .................. | \$ ...................... | \$ ..................... | \$ ..................... |  | ............\% |
| ............................................................... | .................. | \$ ...................... | \$ ..................... | \$ | \$ ... | ............\% |
| ............................................................ | ................... | \$ ....................... | \$ ...................... | \$ |  | ............\% |
| .................................................................. | ................... | \$ ...................... | \$ ..................... | \$ ............... | \$ ................ | ............\% |
| .................................................................. | .................. | \$ ....................... | \$ ..................... | \$ | \$ . | ............\% |

B. Statutory Merger
(1) The Company merged with ABC Service Company on June 30,
(2) The transaction was accounted for as a statutory merger
(3) The Company issued ___ voting shares of omn stoc in exchange for all common stock of ABC Service Company.
(4) Pre merger separate company revenul rot some, and other surplus adjustments for the six months ended 6/30/ $\qquad$ were \$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ , respectively for the Company and \$ $\qquad$ \$
 respectively for ABC Service Company.
(5) No adjustments were made dire thy to the surplus of ABC Service Company as a result of the merger.
C. Assumption Reinsurance
(1) The Company completed an sumption reinsurance agreement with ABC Insurance Company during the current ear.
(2) The Compar umb the entire individual term life block of business of ABC Insurance Comp ty.
(3) The Coinp ry pard \$ $\qquad$ for the business, resulting in goodwill of \$ $\qquad$ -
(4) F the year ended $12 / 31 /$ $\qquad$ goodwill amortization for this transaction was \$ $\qquad$ .
D.

## 4. Discontinued Operations

## Instruction:

A. Discontinued Operation Disposed of or Classified as Held for Sale

The following shall be disclosed in the period in which a discontinued operation either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale under SSAP No. 24—Discontinued Operations and Unusual or Infrequent Items:
(1) The reporting entity shall assign a unique number for each discontinued opera rorr provide in a table the unique number assigned with a brief description of the discontinue peratio.

NOTE: The unique number assigned for each discontinued operation will b used to identify the discontinued operation when referencing the discontint.ed op ration 1 other parts of the disclosure.
(2) Description of the facts and circumstances leading to the ${ }^{1}$ ispos expected disposal and a description of the expected manner and timing of that disposal.

The loss recognized on the discontinued operation. Treco loss shall be reported for the reporting period, and as a cumulative total since 0 © ified a held for sale.

The carrying amount immediately prior to thecia ifica as held for sale, and the current fair value less costs to sell, including the balan sheet , es where the item is reported. Also report income received from the discontinued of ratio orior to the disposal transaction.
B. Change in Plan of Sale of Discontinued Oper an

If the entity decides to change its plan of le for discontinued operation, disclose a description of the facts and circumstances leading tr ate cisio to change the plan and the effect on the assets reported in the financial statements.

Adjustments to amounts reported rem rd discontinued operations as a result of:

- The resolution of cont gencies that arise pursuant to the terms of the disposal transaction, such as the resolution of purchase pi - contingencies and indemnification issues with the purchaser.
- The resolu on o contins encies that arise from and are directly related to the disposal of a discontinued operation o he onent in a period prior to its disposal, such as environmental and product warranty obligat ns retained by the seller.
- The sei $2 m$ ont employee benefit plan obligations (pension, postemployment benefits other than pe $\quad \mathrm{s}$, other postemployment benefits), provided the settlement is directly related to the ( sposa transaction. (A settlement is directly related to the disposal transaction if there is a a nonst ated direct cause-and-effect relationship and the settlement occurs no later than one year followring the disposal transaction, unless it is delayed by events or circumstances beyond an entity's
C. Nature of Any Significant Continuing Involvement with Discontinued Operations After Disposal

If the entity will retain significant continuing involvement with a discontinued operation after the disposal transaction, the entity shall complete the disclosures for the bullet items shown below. Examples of significant continuing involvement include a supply and distribution arrangement, a financial guarantee, an option to repurchase and an equity method investment in the discontinued operation.

- Description of the activities that give rise to the continuing involvement.
- The period of time the involvement is expected to continue.
- The expected cash inflows/outflows as a result of continuing involvement.
D. Equity Interest Retained in the Discontinued Operation After Disposal

If the entity will retain an equity interest in the discontinued operation after e droposal date, disclose the ownership interest before and after the disposal transaction and the ent, "s shat of the income or loss of the investee as of the year-end reporting date after the disposal transac n.

## Illustration:

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION O CHIS OTE FOR THE TABLES BELOW EXCLUDING THE NARRATIVE FOR LINE 2. REPORTING FNTI TES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER/HL E ILIUSTRATIONS.
A. Discontinued Operation Disposed of or Classified Helu ${ }^{\text {G }}$ or Sale
(1) List of Discontinued Operations Dis osed or classified as Held for Sale

(2) The Compar ente d into a definitive agreement dated $\qquad$ 20__to sell its Group Health Opera ons ( dentifi r XXX) to ABC Company for \$ $\qquad$ in cash, subject to various closing adjustrm s. Im net loss from disposal is expected to be $\$$ $\qquad$ . The sale is expected to be completed $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{L}}$ later than midyear 20 _ . The sale is subject to state regulatory approval and other
omary conditions. Results of the Discontinued Operations will be included in the Company's Sta ment of Revenue and Expenses until the closing and be consistently with the company's orth. of continuing operations.

Los Recognized on Discontinued Operations

| Discontinued Operation Identifier | Amount for Reporting Period | Cumulative Amount Since Classified as Held for Sale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ................................... | \$ ..................................... | \$ |
| . | \$ ...................................... | \$ .................................... |
|  | \$ | \$ |
|  | \$ ... | \$ .................................... |

(4) Carrying Amount and Fair Value of Discontinued Operations and the Effect on Assets, Liabilities, Surplus and Income
a. Carrying Amount of Discontinued Operations

| Discontinued Operation Identifier | Carrying Amount Immediately Prior to Classification as Held for Sale | Current Fair Value Less Costs to Sell |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ .............................................. | \$ |
| ... | \$ ................................................ | \$ |
| ........................... | \$ | \$ |
| .............. | \$ . | \$ ... |

b. Effect of Discontinued Operations on Assets, Liabilities, Surplus and Incoit

| Discontinued <br> Operation <br> Identifier | Line <br> Number | Line Décript |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount <br> Attributable to <br> Discontinued <br> Operations |  |  |  |

1. Assets

\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
2. Liabilities \$ $\qquad$
\$
\$ \$ $\qquad$
3. Surplus

$+$
\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
4. Income
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
\$ \$ $\qquad$

## 5. Investments

## Instruction:

A. Mortgage Loans, including Mezzanine Real Estate Loans

For mortgage loans, disclose the following information:
(1) The minimum and maximum rates of interest received for new loans made by category.
(2) The maximum percentage of any one loan to the value of security at the time Toan.
(3) Taxes, assessments and any amounts advanced and not included in mortgano lo total.
(4) Age analysis of mortgage loans and identification of mortgag loan in wb ch the insurer is a participant or co-lender in a mortgage loan agreement.

An age analysis of mortgage loans, aggregated by type (Farm Resinntial Insured, Residential All Other, Commercial Insured, Commercial All Other, Mezzanine), ‘apturing:

- Recorded investment of current mortgage loans
- Recorded investment of mortgage loans post du classit ed as:
* 30-59 days past due
* 60-89 days past due
* 90-179 days past due
* 180+ days past due
- Recorded investment of mortg re lus past due still accruing interest:

```
* 90-179 days p ot due
* 180+ past due ar.
```

- Interest accrued for mortg e loans past due:
* 90-179 âce past due
* 180 pas tue ays
* Rt rded investment
* Number of loans
ercent Reduced (weighted-average \% of the aggregated reduced recorded investments).
- dentification of mortgage loans in which the insurer is a participant or co-lender in a mortgage loan agreement.
(5) Disclose for investment in impaired loans aggregated by type (Farm, Residential Insured, Residential All Other, Commercial Insured, Commercial All Other, Mezzanine) the following:
- The amount for which there is a related allowance for credit losses determined in accordance with this SSAP No. 37-Mortgage Loans.
- The amount for which there is no related allowance for credit losses determined in accordance with this SSAP No. 37-Mortgage Loans.
- The total recorded investment in impaired loans subject to a participant or co-lender mortgage loan agreement for which the reporting entity is restricted from unilaterally foreclosing on the mortgage loan.
(6) For impaired loans disclose the amounts, aggregated by type (Farm, Residential Insured, Residential All Other, Commercial Insured, Commercial All Other, Mezzanine), related to the following:
- Average recorded investment.
- Interest income recognized.
- Recorded investments on nonaccrual status pursuant to SSAP No. 34—Investment Income Due and Accrued.
- Unless not practicable, the amount of interest income recognized using a cach-basis method of accounting during the time within that period that the loans were impaire
(7) For each period for which results of operations are presented, the act: in allowance for credit losses account, including:
a. The balance in the allowance for credit losses account at theg ning of each period.
b. Additions charged to operations.
c. Direct write-downs charged against the allowance.
d. Recoveries of amounts previously charged off.
e. The balance in the allowance for credit loses ount on the end of each period.
(8) For mortgage loans derecognized as a result o rore sure, provide the following:
a. Aggregate amount of mortgage loan reco
b. Real estate collateral recognized
c. Other collateral recognizea.
d. Receivables recogni aria as vernment guarantee of the foreclosed mortgage loan.
(9) The policy for recogniz. $\gamma$ interes income on impaired loans, including the method for recording cash receipts.
B. Debt Restructuring

For restructured debt win heporting entity is a creditor, disclose the following:
(1) The reo dea wo ment in the loans for which impairment has been recognized in accordance with SSAP ${ }^{\circ}$. 36-Troubled Debt Restructuring.
(2) related realized capital loss.
(3) The ant of commitments, if any, to lend additional funds to debtors owing receivables whose teris have been modified in troubled debt restructuring.

Th creditor's income recognition policy for interest income on an impaired loan.
reverse mortgages, disclose the following:
(1) A description of the reporting entity's accounting policies and methods, including the statistical methods and assumptions used in calculating the reserve.
(2) General information regarding the reporting entity's commitment under the agreement.
(3) The reserve amount that is netted against the asset.
(4) Investment income or loss recognized in the period as a result of the re-estimated cash flows.
D. Loan-Backed Securities

For loan-backed securities, disclose the following:
(1) Descriptions of sources used to determine prepayment assumptions.
(2) All securities within the scope of SSAP No. $43 R$-Loan-Backed and Structured Securities with a recognized other-than-temporary impairment, disclosed in the aggregate, classified on the basis for the other-than-temporary impairment:

- Intent to sell.
- Inability or lack of intent to retain the investment in the security for orio of time sufficient to recover the amortized cost basis.
(3) For each security, by CUSIP, with an other-than-temporary inparin nt, mognized in the current reporting period by the reporting entity, as the present value of h flo expected to be collected is less than the amortized cost basis of the securities:
- The amortized cost basis, prior to any current-period or-the i-temporary impairment.
- The other-than-temporary impairment recogni din ea ings as a realized loss.
- The fair value of the security.
- The amortized cost basis after the cu nt-pe ad other-than-temporary impairment.
(4) All impaired securities (fair val ioss than cost or amortized cost) for which an other-than-temporary impairment hoo not been recognized in earnings as a realized loss (including securities with a re onizu other-than-temporary impairment for non-interest related declines when ar on-rect nize interest related impairment remains):
a. The aggregate amb nt of u realized losses (that is, the amount by which cost or amortized cost exceeds fair valut
b. The aggreg related fair value of securities with unrealized losses.

The dicclos es in ) and (b) above should be segregated by those securities that have been in a contin ors realiz d loss position for less than 12 months and those that have been in a continu, untruzed loss position for 12 months or longer using fair values determined in accordance th SSAP No. 27-Off-Balance-Sheet and Credit Risk Disclosures.

ional information should be included describing the general categories of information that a in stor considered in reaching the conclusion that the impairments are not othe -than-temporary.
E. Don Repurchase Agreements and/or Securities Lending Transactions

For repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions, disclose the policy for requiring collateral or other security as required in SSAP No. 103R—Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities. This would also apply to separate accounts.
(2) If the entity has pledged any of its assets as collateral that are not reclassified and separately reported in the statement of financial position pursuant to SSAP No. 103R—Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities disclose the carrying amount and classification of both those assets and associated liabilities as of the date of the latest statement of financial position presented, including qualitative information about the relationship(s) between those assets and associated liabilities. For example, if assets are restricted solely to satisfy a specific obligation, the carrying amounts of those assets and associated liabilities, including a description of the nature of restrictions placed on the assets, shall be disclosed.
(3) If the entity or its agent has accepted collateral that it is permitted by contract or custom to sell or repledge, disclose the following information by type of program (securiti or ding or dollar repurchase agreement) as of the date of each statement of financial position.
a. The aggregate amount of contractually obligated open collateral osition (aggregate amount of securities at current fair value or cash received for whih the borroy er may request the return of on demand) and the aggregate amount of contractualit oblrod collateral positions under 30-day, 60-day, 90-day, and greater than 90-day terr
b. The fair value as of the date of each statement of financial ${ }_{p}$ sition presented of that collateral and of the portion of that collateral that it has sold or velge re, and
c. Information about the sources and uses of tha Matera
(4) For securities lending transactions adminis ${ }^{+}$re by affiliated agent in which "one-line" reporting of the reinvested collateral is opti fl, at discretion of the reporting entity, disclose the aggregate value of the reinvested o atera which is "one-line" reported and the aggregate reinvested collateral which is reported in thi invesment schedules. Identify the rationale between the items which are one-line reporte and thos that are investment schedule reported and if the treatment has changed from th prio nod

The reporting entity shall the ©llowing information by type of program (securities lending or dollar repurchase a eement) ith respect to the reinvestment of the cash collateral and any securities that it or its as $\urcorner$ t receiv , as collateral that can be sold or repledged.
a. The aggregate amount $\mathrm{O}_{1}$ the reinvested cash collateral (amortized cost and fair value). Reinvested ca collateral should be broken down by the maturity date of the invested asset under 30-day, -day, 90-day, 120-day, 180-day, less than 1 year, 1-2 years, 2-3 years and greater $t^{\prime}$ an $)^{\prime}$, ears.
b. To e ex at the maturity dates of the liability (collateral to be returned) does not match the inv ted assets, the reporting entity should explain the additional sources of liquidity to manage those mismatches.

If the or ity has accepted collateral that it is not permitted by contract or custom to sell or rep dge, provide detail on these transactions, including the terms of the contract, and the current fair alue of the collateral.

For all securities lending transactions, disclose collateral for transactions that extend beyond one year from the reporting date.

NOTE: The paragraph below pertains to completion of the disclosures for repurchase/reverse repurchase accounted for as a sale or secured borrowing in Notes 5F through 5I.

Reporting entities should complete the disclosures that are relevant to the repurchase/reverse repurchase activity they engaged within the annual and interim reporting periods. For example, if the reporting entity only participated in repurchase transactions accounted for as secured borrowings, only those disclosures shall be included in the financial statement. Those disclosures that are not applicable shall just be noted as "none." (The use of the "sale" accounting method to account for repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements is anticipated to be very limited. Therefore those disclosures are not anticipated to be applicable to most reporting entities.)

For initial application (year-end 2017), information about the fourth-quarter (year d) bat aces should be included, without retrospective application of the quarterly detail. In 2018, the disu sure shall build each quarterly reporting period. This disclosure is required in all reporting pe ods terim and annual) for all reporting entities that participate in repurchase or reverse repunthase ransa ions. A reporting entity that discontinues repurchase/reverse repurchase transactions during the shall continue the disclosure (showing zero balances) in the reporting periods after dise tinu activity (retaining the quarterly detail that occurred prior to discontinuing the activity) thro oh th arnual reporting period. A reporting entity that begins participating in repurchase/reverse repurch e activity shall include the full disclosure in the quarterly reporting period for which activitie bega (noting zero activity in the quarters prior to engaging in the activity).
F. Repurchase Agreements Transactions Accounted for as Secur Bor jwing

If the entity has entered into repurchase agreement accoun. dor as secured borrowings transactions, disclose the following:
(1) Information regarding the company oncy or suategies for engaging in repo programs, policy for requiring collateral.

Also include a discussi $\quad$ or he tential risks associated with the agreements and related collateral received, in ading the impact of arising changes in the fair value of the collateral received and/or the prow ed secur $y$ and how those risks are managed.

To the extent that the maturit, dates of the liability (collateral to be returned) do not match the invested assets, th reporting entity shall explain the additional sources of liquidity to manage those mismatches.

The average d ly ba ance (c ong with minimum and maximum amounts) and the end balance as of each reporting period ${ }^{1} \operatorname{arr}^{l_{v}}$ d annual) should be provided for 3 through 5, 7 and 11 below.
(2) Whether repo ugreements are bilateral and/or tri-party trades.
(3) Matu ime frame divided by the following categories: open or continuous term contracts for wh. h no maturity date is specified, overnight, 2 days to 1 week, from 1 week to 1 month, greater than 1 month to 3 months, greater than 3 months to 1 year, and greater than 1 year.

Aggregate fair value of securities sold and/or acquired that resulted in default. (This disclosure is not intended to capture "failed trades," which are defined as instances in which the trade did not occur as a result of an error and was timely corrected. Rather, this shall capture situations in which the non-defaulting party exercised their right to terminate after the defaulting party failed to execute.)

Allocation of the fair value of securities sold and/or acquired by counterparty and identification of the counterparty jurisdiction.
(5) Fair value of securities sold in the aggregate, with identification of nonadmitted assets. (Book adjusted carrying value shall be provided as an end balance only.)
(6) Fair value of securities sold by type of security and categorized by NAIC designation, with identification of nonadmitted assets. (Book adjusted carrying value shall be provided as an end balance only.) Although legally sold as a secured borrowing, these assets are still reported by the insurer and shall be coded as restricted pursuant to the annual statement instructions, disclosed in accordance with SSAP No. 1-Accounting Policies, Risks \& Uncertainties, and Other Disclosures (SSAP No. 1), reported in the general interrogatories, and included in any other statutory schedules or disclosure requirements requesting information for restricted assets.
(7) Cash collateral and the fair value of security collateral (if any) received in the aggregate.
(8) Cash collateral and the fair value of security collateral received by type of sec any nd categorized by NAIC designation with identification of collateral securities received at do $h$ qualify as admitted assets.
(9) For collateral received, aggregate allocation of the collateral by we rein pining ontractual maturity of the repurchase agreements (gross): overnight and continuous to t hays, 30-90 days and greater than 90 days.

For cash collateral received that has been reinvested, the total invested cash and the aggregate amortized cost and fair value of the invested asset a wired with the cash collateral. This disclosure shall be reported by the maturity date of th es and er 30 days, 60 days, 90 days, 120 days, 180 days, less than 1 year, $1-2$ yea $2-3$ ye rs and greater than 3 years.
 received as collateral as required pursuant to ${ }^{\wedge}$ e terms of the secured borrowing transaction.

## G. Reverse Repurchase Agreements Transactions Account ted tor as Secured Borrowing

If the entity has entered into repurchase ag an accounted for as secured borrowings transactions, disclose the following:
(1) Information regarding e compar policy or strategies for engaging in repo programs, policy for requiring collateral.

Include the terms of reverse purchase agreements whose amounts are included in borrowing money.

Also include a aus cion of the potential risks associated with the agreements and related collat al re eived, ncluding the impact of arising changes in the fair value of the collateral receive nd /u tho provided security and how those risks are managed.

The ave oe daily balance (along with minimum and maximum amounts) and the end balance as of each reporting $\mathrm{i}^{2}$ od (quarterly and annual) should be provided for 3 through 5, 7, 9 and 10 below.
(2) $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{L}}$ then repo agreements are bilateral and/or tri-party trades.
(3) futurity time frame divided by the following categories: open or continuous term contracts for which no maturity date is specified, overnight, 2 days to 1 week, from 1 week to 1 month, greater than 1 month to 3 months, greater than 3 months to 1 year, and greater than 1 year.
(4)

Aggregate fair value of securities sold and/or acquired that resulted in default. (This disclosure is not intended to capture "failed trades," which are defined as instances in which the trade did not occur as a result of an error and was timely corrected. Rather, this shall capture situations in which the non-defaulting party exercised their right to terminate after the defaulting party failed to execute.)

Allocation of the fair value of securities sold and/or acquired by counterparty and identification of the counterparty jurisdiction.
(5) Fair value of securities acquired in the aggregate.
(6) Fair value of securities acquired by type of security and categorized by NAIC designation, with identification of whether acquired assets would not qualify as admitted assets.
(7) Cash collateral and the fair value of security collateral (if any) provided. (If security collateral was provided, book adjusted carrying value shall be provided as an end balance only.) Disclosure shall identify the book adjusted carrying value of any nonadmitted securities provided as collateral.
(8) For collateral pledged, the aggregate allocation of the collateral by the remaining contractual maturity of the repurchase agreements (gross): overnight and continuous, y to 20 days, 30-90 days and greater than 90 days.
(9) Recognized receivable for the return of collateral. (Generally cas colt erar, but including securities provided as collateral as applicable under the t.rms $f$ the ecured borrowing transaction. Receivables are not recognized for securities provided con if those securities are still reported as assets of the reporting entity.)

Liability recognized to return cash collateral and the liabilis, recognized to return securities received as collateral as required pursuant to the terms of a secu ed borrowing transaction.

## H. Repurchase Agreements Transactions Accounted for as a

If the entity has entered into repurchase agreement a ount for as sale transactions, disclose the following:
(1) Disclose information regarding the compan, policy or strategies for engaging in repo programs, policy for requiring collateral.

The average daily balance (along with mum maximum amounts) and the end balance as of each reporting period (quarterly and an al) oula e provided for 3 through 5, 7 and 9 below.
(2) Whether repo agreement are bilat al and/or tri-party trades.
(3) Maturity time framo divided $\Delta y$ the following categories: open or continuous term contracts for which no maturity ate is specified, overnight, 2 days to 1 week, from 1 week to 1 month, greater than 1 month to 3 m ths, greater than 3 months to 1 year, and greater than 1 year.
(4) Aggre ate f ir valus of securities sold and/or acquired that resulted in default. (This disclosure is not inte ed are "failed trades," which are defined as instances in which the trade did not occur as a cult of an error and was timely corrected. Rather, this shall capture situations in which he non-defauning party exercised their right to terminate after the defaulting party failed to e, ute.)

All ration of the fair value of securities sold and/or acquired by counterparty and identification of the punterparty jurisdiction

Fair value of securities sold (derecognized from the financial statements) in the aggregate, with information on the book adjusted carrying value of nonadmitted assets sold. (Book adjusted carrying value shall be provided as an end balance only reflecting the amount derecognized from the sale transaction.)
(6) Fair value and book adjusted carrying value of securities sold (derecognized from the financial statements) by type of security and categorized by NAIC designation, with identification of nonadmitted assets, with information on the book adjusted carrying value of nonadmitted assets sold.

Cash collateral and the fair value of security collateral (if any) received as proceeds and recognized in the financial statements in the aggregate with identification of received assets nonadmitted.
(8) Cash collateral and the fair value of security collateral (if any) received as proceeds and recognized in the financial statements by type of security and categorized by NAIC designation with identification of received assets nonadmitted. All securities received shall be coded as restricted pursuant to the annual statement instructions, disclosed in accordance with SSAP No. 1, reported in the general interrogatories, and included in any other statutory schedules or disclosure requirements requesting information for restricted assets.
(9) The forward repurchase commitment recognized to return the cash or secur s recened. Amount reported shall reflect the stated repurchase price under the repurchase trancastio
I. Reverse Repurchase Agreements Transactions Accounted for as a Sale

If the entity has entered into repurchase agreements, accounted for following:
(1) Disclose information regarding the company policy or su tegies ror engaging in repo programs, policy for requiring collateral.

The average daily balance (along with minimum and maxinn $\eta$ am unts) and the end balance as of each reporting period (quarterly and annual) should be provira rerough 5, 7 and 8 below.
(2) Whether repo agreements are bilateral at or tri arty trades.
(3) Maturity time frame divided by the onowing ategories: open or continuous term contracts for which no maturity date is spedfied, fing t, 2 days to 1 week, from 1 week to 1 month, greater than 1 month to 3 months, greate tan 3 m ths to 1 year, and greater than 1 year.
(4) Aggregate fair value securities old and/or acquired that resulted in default. (This disclosure is not intended to capture "qiled tra es," which are defined as instances in which the trade did not occur as a result of an erroi nd as timely corrected. Rather, this shall capture situations in which the non-defaulting party exerısed their right to terminate after the defaulting party failed to execute.)

Allocation of ne ir vaine of securities sold and/or acquired by counterparty and identification of the co interp rty juri diction, and
(5) Fair value $f$ securities acquired and recognized on the financial statements in the aggregate. «Book adjusté carrying value shall be provided as an end balance only.) The disclosure also $r_{4}$ ires the book adjusted carrying value of nonadmitted assets acquired.
(6) Fan value of securities acquired and recognized on the financial statements by type of security and cate orized by NAIC designation. (Book adjusted carrying value shall be provided.) The - coclosure also requires the book adjusted carrying value of nonadmitted assets acquired.

Cash collateral and the fair value of security collateral (if any) provided. (If security collateral was provided, book adjusted carrying value shall be provided as an end balance only.) Disclosure shall also identify whether any nonadmitted assets were provided as collateral (derecognized from the financial statements).
(8) The forward repurchase commitment recognized to return the cash or securities received. Amount reported shall reflect the stated repurchase price under the repurchase transaction.

For investments in real estate, disclose the following information:
(1) If an entity recognizes an impairment loss, the entity shall disclose all of the following in financial statements that include the period of the impairment write-down:
a. A description of the impaired assets and the facts and circumstances leading to the impairment;
b. The amount of the impairment loss and how fair value was determined; a a
c. The caption in the statement of operations in which the impairment locs is aregated.
(2) If an entity has sold or classified real estate investments as hel. for s e, the ntity shall disclose the following in the notes to the financial statements covering the erio which the sale was completed or the assets were classified as held for sale:
a. A description of the facts and circumstances leading to tir expected disposal, the expected manner and timing of that disposal; and
b. If applicable, the gain or loss recognized ath not sarately presented on the face of the summary of operations, the caption in the sum ary o operations that includes that gain or loss.
(3) If an entity has experienced changes to blan $f$ sale for an investment in real estate, the entity shall disclose a description of the facts ant circurnstances leading to the decision to change the plan to sell the asset including the $\Gamma$ riod the uccision was made; and its effect on the results of operations for the period and $a$ y pr $n-10$ s presented.

If an entity engages in ret salo operations, the entity shall disclose the following:
a. Maturities of accou receiva es for each of the five years following the date of the financial statements;
b. Delinquent ac ounts receivable and the method(s) for determining delinquency;
c. The wei nteu ver.
d. Est ated costs and estimated dates of expenditures for improvement for major areas from $w_{\text {ich }}$ ich sales are being made over each year of the five years following the date of the financial satements; and
h aded obligations for improvements.
If a entity holds real estate investments with participating mortgage loan features, the entity uld disclose the following:
a. Aggregate amount of participating mortgage obligations at the balance-sheet date, with separate disclosure of the aggregate participation liabilities and related debt discounts; and
b. Terms of participations by the lender in either the appreciation in the fair value of the mortgaged real estate project or the results of operations of the mortgaged real estate project, or both.

## K. Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC)

For investments in low-income housing tax credits (LIHTC), disclose the following:
(1) The number of remaining years of unexpired tax credits and the required holding period for the LIHTC investments.
(2) The amount of LIHTC and other tax benefits recognized during the years presented.
(3) The balance of the investment recognized in the statement of financial position for the reporting period(s) presented.
(4) If the LIHTC property is currently subject to any regulatory reviews and the st is of such review (e.g., investigations by the housing authority).
(5) The significance of an investment to the reporting entity's finc ciar and results of operations shall be considered in evaluating the extent of discl res 0 the financial position and results of operations of an investment in an LIHTC. If, in th agg, rate, the LIHTC investments exceed $10 \%$ of the total admitted assets of the reporting entity, he following disclosures shall be made:
a. (1) The name of each partnership or limitt ability entity and percentage of ownership; (2) the accounting policies of the reporting entis with respect to investments in partnerships
 investment is carried and the amount under, ing equity in net assets (i.e., nonadmitted goodwill or other nonadmitted assets and the accounting treatment of the difference.
b. For partnerships and limited lia nitty entrues for which a quoted fair value is available, the aggregate value of each ptner or mited liability entity investment based on the quoted fair value.
c. Summarized infor ation as to assets, liabilities, and results of operations for partnerships, and limited liability ent $n$ either dividually or in groups.
(6) A reporting entity that recognıes an impairment loss shall disclose the following in the financial statements that ine de the period of the impairment write-down:
a. A descr ption of the impaired assets and the facts and circumstances leading to the in sairn nt.
b. The ain unt of the impairment and how fair value was determined. the to foture or ineligibility of tax credits, etc. These write-downs may be based on actual pro arty level-foreclosure, loss of qualification due to occupancy levels, compliance issues with tax sde provisions within an LIHTC investment or other issues.

## (1) Restricted Assets (Including Pledged)

Disclose the total gross (admitted and nonadmitted) amount of restricted assets by category, with separate identification of the admitted and nonadmitted restricted assets by category and nature of any assets pledged to others as collateral or otherwise restricted (e.g., not under the exclusive control, assets subject to a put option contract, etc.) by the reporting entity. Provide the gross amount of restricted assets (total general account, general account assets supporting separate account activity, total separate account, separate account assets supporting general account activity and sum of the general account and the separate account for current year prer year and the change between years), the total admitted of restricted assets and the pe ntage restricted asset amount (gross and admitted) is of the reporting entity's total ascots a. punt reported on Line 28 of the asset page (gross and admitted respectively) by the follo ring 0 egories:
a. Subject to contractual obligation for which liability is notshow
b. Collateral held under security lending agreements
c. Subject to repurchase agreements
d. Subject to reverse repurchase agreements
e. Subject to dollar repurchase agreements
f. Subject to dollar reverse repurchase
g. Placed under option contracts
h. Letter stock or securities rest ted act sale - excluding FHLB capital stock
i FHLB capital stoc
j. On deposit with states
k. On deposit wit other regulatory bodies

1. Pledged ollai ral FHLB (including assets backing funding agreements)
m. Ple .ed anal teral not captured in other categories


For assets pledged as collateral not captured in other categories reported in aggregate in Note 5L(1) above, provide the gross (admitted and nonadmitted) amount of restricted assets (total general account, general account assets supporting separate account activity, total separate account, separate account assets supporting general account activity and sum of the general account and the separate account for current year, prior year and the change between years), the total admitted of restricted assets and the percentage the restricted asset amount (gross and admitted) is of the reporting entity's total assets amount reported on Line 28 of the asset page (gross and admitted respectively) with a narrative summary of each collateral agreement included in the aggregate number in Note $5 \mathrm{~L}(1)$ above. Contracts that share similar cb ado ristics, such as reinsurance and derivatives, are to be reported in the aggregate. (Note: This suld be he detail for what was reported as "Pledged as Collateral Not Captured in Other Categories" or 5L(1) above.)
(3) Detail of Other Restricted Assets

For other restricted assets reported in aggregate in Note 5L(1) ove, H . vide the gross (admitted and nonadmitted) amount of restricted assets (total gene ac ant, general account assets supporting separate account activity, total separate account, s arate account assets supporting general account activity and sum of the general account a the s parate account for current year, prior year and the change between years), the total ad otricted assets and the percentage the restricted asset amount (gross and admitted) © of the reporting entity's total assets amount reported on Line 28 of the asset page (gross and adir tred r spectively) with a description of each of the other restricted assets included in the aq, res te nuber in Note 5L(1) above. Contracts that share similar characteristics, such as rein ance od derivatives, are to be reported in the aggregate. (Note: This would be the det" for 'hat was reported as "Other Restricted Assets" for 5L(1) above.)

Collateral Received and Refleded a. 1 ets Nithin the Reporting Entity’s Financial Statements
Disclose the following fo ate vera co count:

- Nature of any asst receive as collateral reflected as assets within the reporting entity's financial statements
- Book/adjuste arrying value (BACV) of the collateral
- Fair val e of cornateral
- Th acogn liability to return these collateral assets

The percentage the collateral asset BACV amount (gross and admitted) is of the reporting ntity's total assets amount reported on Line 26 of the asset page (gross and admitted,

The information captured within this disclosure is intended to aggregate the information reported III the Annual Statement Investment Schedules in accordance with the coding of investments that are not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity, including assets loaned to others, and the information reported in the General Interrogatories.

Restricted assets in the separate account are not intended to capture amounts "restricted" only because they are insulated from the general account or because they are attributed to specific policyholders. Separate account assets shall be captured in this disclosure only if they are restricted outside of these characteristics.
M. Working Capital Finance Investments
(1) Disclose the following in aggregate regarding the book/adjusted carrying value of working capital finance investments (WCFI) by NAIC designation:

- Gross assets amounts
- Nonadmitted assets amounts
- Net admitted assets amounts


## NOTE: Programs designated 3 through 6 are nonadmitted.

(2) Disclose the aggregate book/adjusted carrying value maturity distrib $\rightarrow \eta$ the underlying Working Capital Finance Programs by the following categories: ma arities p to 180 days and 181 days to 365 days.
(3) Disclose any events of default of working capital finance investants nt . ng the reporting period.
N. Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities

The following quantitative information shall be disclo rd (sepa tely for assets and liabilities) when derivative, repurchase and reverse repurchase, and se aritic borro ing and securities lending assets and liabilities are offset and reported net in accordance with a alia to offset per SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities:

- The gross amounts of recognized assets and reo rnize liabilities;
- The amounts offset in accordance with a valid-ight to offset per SSAP No. 64—Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities; and
- The net amounts presented in ${ }^{2}$ +emo of financial positions.

Assets and liabilities that have valid ri to to offset, but are not netted as they are prohibited under SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Nen ' of Assets and Liabilities are not required to be captured in the disclosures.
O. Structured Notes

Disclose the fr owi g for : ructured Notes as defined in the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investmen $n a_{1}$ is $O$ ice:

- CUSIP Identır_cation Number
- Áclu l Cost

Fan Value
Bo k/Adjusted Carrying Value
close if the Structured Note is a Mortgage-Referenced Security, also as defined in the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office.
P. 5* Securities

For each annual reporting period, a comparable disclosure to the prior annual reporting period of the number of $5^{*}$ securities, by investment type, and the book adjusted carrying value and fair value for those securities.
Q. Short Sales

For reporting entities that have sold securities short within the reporting period, provide the following disclosures:
(1) Unsettled Short Sale Transactions (Outstanding as of Reporting Date)

For Unsettled Short Sale Transactions (outstanding at reporting date) - The mount of proceeds received and the fair value of the securities to deliver, with curr.it un alized sains and/or losses, and the expected settlement timeframe (\# of days). This disc osure halr ade the fair value of current transactions that were not settled within three days as the in value of the short sales expected to be satisfied by a securities borrowing transactior Thı is losure shall be aggregated by security type. (For example, short sales of common stock hall be aggregated and reported together.)

Settled Short Sale Transactions
For Settled Short Sale Transactions (settled d ciir the , porting period) - The aggregate amount of proceeds received and the fair value of secur $\leqslant$ as of the settlement date with recognized gains and/or losses. This disclosure shat ient, the aggregated fair value of settled transactions that were not settled within three days and c . fair value of transactions that were settled through a securities borrowing transaction.
R. Prepayment Penalty and Acceleration Fees

For securities sold, redeemed or otherwise isposed as a result of a callable feature (including make whole call provisions), disclose the nut her of C SIPs sold, disposed or otherwise redeemed and the aggregate amount of investment income gener $\quad$ ad a result of a prepayment penalty and/or acceleration fee for the General Account and Separate Account.

## Illustration:

A. Mortgage Loar inc ding I zzzanine Real Estate Loans
(1) The maxin $\eta$ and minimum lending rates for mortgage loans during 20__ were:
F. loans $10.5 \%$ and $9 \%$, City loans $11.5 \%$ and $9.5 \%$, Purchase money mortgages $10.5 \%$

THIS EXAC FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLES (LINES 3 THROUGH 8) L LOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THESE ILLUSTRATIONS.

Current Year Prior Year

(3) Taxes, assessments and any amounts advanced and not included in the mortgage loan total:
\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
(4) Age Analysis of Mortgage Loans and Identification of Mortgage Loans in Which the Insurer is a Participant or Co-lender in a Mortgage Loan Agreement:

| Farm | Residential |  | Commercial |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Insured | All Other | Insured | All Other | Mezzanine |  |

a. Current Year

1. Recorded Investment (All)
(a) Current
(b) 30-59 Days Past Due
(c) 60-89 Days Past Due
(d) 90-179 Days Past Due
(e) 180+ Days Past Due
2. Accruing Interest 90-179 Days Past Due
(a) Recorded Investment
\$
\$ ............. \$ $\qquad$ \$

$\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
(b) Interest Accrued
3. Accruing Interest 180+ Days Past Due
(a) Recorded Investment
(b) Interest Accrued
4. Interest Reduced
(a) Recorded Investment
(b) Number of Loans
(c) Percent Reduced
5. Participant or Co-lender in a Mortgage Loan Agreement
(a) Recorded Investment
b. Prior Year
6. Recorded Investment
(a) Current
(b) 30-59 Days P TDue
(c) 60-89 Days Pa. Due
(d) 90-17 Days st D.ee
(e 180+ qys Pas Jue
7. Ackur Intertor 90-179 Days Past Due
(a) Recorded Investmen

Interest Accrued
Accruing Interest 180+ Days Past ue
(a) Recorded Investment
(b) Interest Accrued
4. Interest Reduced
(a) Recorded Investment
(b) Number of Loans
(c) Percent Reduced
5. Participant or Co-lender in a Mortgage Loan Agreement
(a) Recorded Investment
\$ $\qquad$ .. \$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ \$ .............. \$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\square$ .............. $\qquad$
$\square$
......... \% ..........\% ..........\% ......... \% ......... \% ............. \% ......... \%
(5) Investment in Impaired Loans With or Without Allowance for Credit Losses and Impaired Loans Subject to a Participant or Co-lender Mortgage Loan Agreement for Which the Reporting Entity is Restricted from Unilaterally Foreclosing on the Mortgage Loan:

(6) Investment in Impaired Loans - Avorage ecorded Investment, Interest Income Recognized, Recorded Investment on Nonaccrua Sta and Amount of Interest Income Recognized Using a Cash-Basis Method of Accounung:


|  | Current Year | Prior Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Balance at beginning of period | \$ | \$ |
| b. Additions charged to operations | \$ | \$ |
| c. Direct write-downs charged against the allowances | \$ | \$ |
| d. Recoveries of amounts previously charged off | \$ |  |
| e. Balance at end of period | \$ |  |

(8) Mortgage Loans Derecognized as a Result of Foreclosure:
a. Aggregate amount of mortgage loans derecognized
b. Real estate collateral recognized


Current Year
c. Other collateral recognized

$\qquad$
d. Receivables recognized from a government guarantee of th foreciosed mortgage loan
$\square$
(9) The company recognizes interest income on its in red lo is upon receipt.
\$ $\qquad$

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION $\nabla^{\circ}$ Th $\checkmark$ NOTE FOR THE TABLE (LINES 1 THROUGH 3) BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PP CLU, $\mathrm{F}^{\circ}$ D FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
B. Debt Restructuring

## Current Year Prior Year

(1) The total recorded inve ment in structured loans, as of year-end
(2) The realized capital losses it to these loans
(3) Total contractual c Amitments to extend credit to debtors owing rect rables whose terms have been modified in trera bt restructurings
\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$ $\underline{ }$
(4) The Co ban acc es interest income on impaired loans to the extent it is deemed collectible (delinquent ess than 90 days) and the loan continues to perform under its original or restructured contractual tems. Interest income on non-performing loans is generally recognized on a cash

C. Reverse Mortgages
(1) The company accounts for its investment in reverse mortgages in accordance with SSAP No. 39Reverse Mortgages that requires the individual reverse mortgages to be combined into groups for purposes of providing an actuarially and statistically credible basis for estimating life expectancy to project future cash flows. The Company included actuarial estimates of contract terminations using mortality tables published by the Office of the Actuary of the United States Bureau of Census adjusted for expected prepayments and relocations and changes in the collateral value of the residence.
(2) Reverse mortgage loans are contracts that require the lender to make monthly ava ces throughout the borrower's life or until the borrower relocates, prepays or sells the ho at a joch time the loan becomes due and payable. Since the reverse mortgages are nonrecource o igations, the loan repayments are generally limited to the sale proceeds of the bor wor residence, and the mortgage balance consists of cash advanced and interest componded ver the life of the loan and a premium that represents a portion of the shared appreciation in the ombe alue, if any.
(3) At December 31, $20 \ldots$, the actuarial reserve of $\$ \ldots$ redut dthe asset value of the group of reverse mortgages.
(4) The Company recorded an unrealized loss of cash flows.
D. Loan-Backed Securities
(1) Prepayment assumptions for mortgage- $\quad$.ed $/ n \sim n$-backed and structured securities were obtained from broker-dealer survey values or internà stimates.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(2)

OTTI recognized $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter
a. Intent to sell
b. Inability or lack of intent to retain the investment in the security for a period of time sufficient to recover the amortized cost basis
c. Total ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Quarter

OTTI recognized 2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter
d. Intent to sell
e. Inability or lack of intent to retain the investment in the security for a period of time sufficient to recower the amortized cost basis
f. Total 2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter

OTTI recognized $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter
g. Intent to sell
h. Inability $\rho \rightarrow$ of tent to retain the inve ment in he security for a pu or ime su icient to recover the ortize oust basis

Total $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter
OTTI gnized 4 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Quarter
j. htent to sell
k. Inability or lack of intent to retain the investment in the security for a period of time sufficient to recover the amortized cost basis
l. Total 4 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Quarter
m. Annual Aggregate Total

| (1) |
| :---: |
| Amortized Cost |
| Basis Before |
| Other-than- |
| Temporary |
| Impairment |


| (2) |  | (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other-than-Temporary <br> Impairment Recognized <br> in Loss |  |  |
| (2a) <br> Interest | (2b) <br> Non-int | Fair Value <br> $(2 a+2 b)$ |

\$ $\qquad$

\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
\$

\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
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THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW.
REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE
OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(3)

| CUSIP | 2 <br> Book/Adjusted <br> Carrying Value <br> Amortized Cost <br> Before Current <br> Period OTTI | 3 <br> Present Value of Projected Cash Flows | 4 <br> Recognized <br> Other-Than- <br> Temporary <br> Impairment | 5 Amortized Cost After Other- Than-Temporary Impairment | $6$ <br> Fair Value at | 7 <br> Date of <br> Financial <br> Statement <br> Where <br> Reported |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | XXX | XXX | \$ | XXX | X | XXX |

NOTE: Each CUSIP should be listed separately each time an VTTI recugnized. $^{\text {NT }}$ red
For Securities with amortized cost or adjusted amortized cost.
Column 2 minus Column 3 should equal Column
Column 2 minus Column 4 should equal $\mathrm{Co}^{2}$ anm -

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION ${ }^{\text {TF }}$ TIS JOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROV DIN CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## (NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE THE BEGINNING N^RR TVE.)

All impaired securities (fair valu is ss than cost or amortized cost) for which an other-than-temporary impairment s neween recognized in earnings as a realized loss (including securities with a recogr Led our-th -temporary impairment for non-interest related declines when a non-recognize nterest rei ted impairment remains):
a. The aggregate amount o realized losses:

1. Less than 12 Months
b. $\quad T^{~} /$ ag§ egate i lated fair value of securities alizer losses:
2. 12 Months or Longer
3. Less than 12 Months
4. 12 Months or Longer
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
E. Dollar act rchac Agreements and/or Securities Lending Transactions

Fro A Lending Activities. For securities lending agreements, the Company requires a minimum of $102 \%$ and $105 \%$ of the fair value of the domestic and foreign securities loaned at the outset of the contract as collateral. Cash collateral received is invested in short-term investments and the offsetting collateral liability is included in Collateral From Lending Activities. The fair value of the collateral is \$XXX.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## (NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE THE ENDING NARRATIVE.)

(3) Collateral Received
a. Aggregate Amount Collateral Received

1. Securities Lending
(a) Open
(b) 30 Days or Less
(c) 31 to 60 Days
(d) $\quad 61$ to 90 Days
(e) $\quad$ Greater Than 90 Days
(f)
(gub-Total
(h)
2. Dollar Repurchase Agreement
(a) Open
(b) 30 Days or Less
(c) 31 to 60 Days
(d) 61 to 90 Days
(e) Greater Thar 90 I
(f) Sub-Total
(g) Securit oro iveu
(h) Tota ${ }^{\text {L }}$ ollateral eceived
b. The fair value of that oll cral and of the portion of that collateral uat it has sold or repledged


THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## (NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE THE ENDING NARRATIVE.)

(5) Collateral Reinvestment
a. Aggregate Amount Collateral Reinvested

1. Securities Lending
(a) Open
(b) 30 Days or Less
(c) 31 to 60 Days
(d) 61 to 90 Days
(e) 91 to 120 Days
(f) 121 to 180 Days
(g) $\quad 181$ to 365 Days
(h) 1 to 2 Years
(i) 2 to 3 Year
(j) Greater Than 3 Years
(k) Sub-Total
(l) Securities Received
(m) Total Collateral Reinvest
2. Dollar Repurchase Agreem at


THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(7) Collateral for securities lending transactions that extend beyond one year from the reporting date

| Description of Collateral | Amount |
| :---: | :---: |
| ................................................................................................. | \$ .................. |
| ......................................................................................................... | ................. |
| ......................................................................................................... | .................. |
| ......................................................................................................... | ... |
| ......................................................................... | .................. |
| Total Collateral Extending beyond one year of the reporting date |  |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NG FOK THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLAR. YIN JISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

REPURCHASE TRANSACTION - CASH TAKER - OVERVIEW OF CEC' ${ }^{\prime}$ BO_...OWING TRANSACTIONS
(2) Type of Repo Trades Used


| 1 | 2 | FIRST QUARTER |  |  |  | SECOND QUARTER |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | AVERAGE <br> DAILY <br> BALANCE | ENDING BALANCE | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { AVERAGE } \\ & \text { DAILY } \\ & \text { BALANCE } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ENDING BALANCE |

a.. Default (Fair Value of

Securities Sold/Outstanding for Which the Repo
Agreement Defaulted)
b.. Counterparty


a.. Default (Fair Value of

Securities Sold/Outstanding
for Which the Repo
Agreement Defaulted)
b.. Counterparty*



I * Counterparty and Jurisdiction Column entries used for the amounts for Columns 11 through 18 are the same as used $\curvearrowleft$ bove ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Iumns 3 th ugh 10.
(5) Securities "Sold" Under Repo - Secured Borrowing

| Securities "Sold" Under Repo - Secured Borrowing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FIRST QUARTER |  |  |  | SECOND QUARTER |  |  |  |
|  | 1 MINIMUM | 2 MAXIMUM | 3 <br> AVERAGE <br> DAILY <br> BALANCE |  | MINIMUM | 6 MAXIMUM | 7 AVERAGE DALY BALANCE | 8 <br> ENDING <br> BALANCE |
| a. BACV | XxX | xxx | xxx |  | xxx | xxx | xxx | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . .$. |
| BACV | Xxx | XXX | AX |  | xxx | xxx | xxx | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .$. |
| c. Fair Value |  | THIRD | RTEK |  |  | FOURTH | RTER |  |
|  | 9 MINIMUM |  | AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | 12 ENDING BALANCE | 13 MINIMUM | 14 c | 15 AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | 16 ENDING BALANCE |
| a. BACV | xxx | xy | xxx | .................. | xxx | xxx | xxx | $\cdots \cdots \cdots . . . . . . . . .$. |
| BACV | xxx |  | xxx | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | xxx | xxx | xxx | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ |

(6) Securities Sold Under Repo - Secured Porrowing by NAIC Du, sination




THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NO E FUR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CL`RIFY JG DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

REPURCHASE TRANSACTION - CASH PROVIDER - OVERVIEW JF S_ UREI BORROWING TRANSACTIONS
(2) Type of Repo Trades Used

(3) Original (Flow) \& Residual Maturity


| 1 | 2 | FIRST QUARTER |  |  |  | SECOND QUARTER |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { AVERAGE } \\ & \text { DAILY } \\ & \text { BALANCE } \end{aligned}$ | ENDING BALANCE | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { AVERAGE } \\ & \text { DAILY } \\ & \text { BALANCE } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ENDING BALANCE |

a.. Default (Fair Value of

Securities Sold/Outstanding
for Which the Repo
Agreement Defaulted)
b.. Counterparty
........................................... ...


a.. Default (Fair Value of

Securities Sold/Outstanding
for Which the Repo
Agreement Defaulted)
b.. Counterparty*



| 1 | 2 | THIRD QUARTER |  |  |  | FOURTH QUAh R |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | $\mathrm{L}^{1}$ | 18 |
|  |  | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | ENDING BALANCE | MINIMUM | AXIML | 5 TRAGE <br> ILY <br> Bf ANCE | ENDING BALANCE |

 .......................... .........................................


| * Counterparty and Jurisdiction Column entries used for the amounts for Columns 11 through 18 are the same as used above inms 3 th ugh 10 .
(5) Fair Value of Securities Acquired Under Repo Secured Borrowing

(5) Fair Value of Securities


Acquired Under Repo
Secured Borrowing
........................... .......................... ........................... ............................. ............................
(6) Securities Acquired Under Repo - Secured Borrowing by N CDesto tion


H. Repurchase Agreements Transactions Accounted for as a Sale

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## REPURCHASE TRANSACTION - CASH TAKER - OVERVIEW OF SALE TRANSACTIONS

(2) Type of Repo Trades Used

|  | 1 FIRST QUARTER | $\qquad$ | 3 THIRD QUARTER | 4 FOURTH QUARTER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Bilateral (YES/NO) |  |  |  |  |
| b. Tri-Party (YES/NO) |  |  |  |  |

(3) Original (Flow) \& Residual Maturity

(4) Counterparty, Jurisdiction and Fair Value (FV)

| 1 | Jurisdiction | FI, T QUARTER |  |  | SECOND QUARTER |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\bigcirc 3$ | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  |  | AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | ENDING BALANCE | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | ENDING BALANCE |



| Jurisdiction |  | THIRD QUARTER |  |  |  | FOURTH QUARTER |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
|  |  | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | ENDING BALANCE | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | ENDING BALANCE |

[^2]| * Counterparty and Jurisdiction Column entries used for the amounts for Columns 11 through 18 are the same as used above in Columns 3 through 10

|  | FIRST QUARTER |  |  |  | SECOND QUARTER |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1$ <br> MINIMUM | $2$ <br> MAXIMUM | 3 AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | $4$ <br> ENDING BALANCE | $5$ <br> MINIMUM | $6$ <br> MAXIMUM | 7 AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | $8$ <br> ENDING BALANCE |
| a. BACV | XXX | XXX | XXX | .............. | XXX | XXX | XXX | .............. |
| b. Nonadmitted - Subset of BACV <br> c. Fair Value | XXX | XXX | XXX | ................ | XXX | XXX | XXX | ............... |



(7) Proceeds Received - Sale


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{FIRST QUARTER} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{SECOND ${ }^{\square}$} <br>
\hline 1

MINIMUM \& 2
MAXIMUM \& 3
AVERAGE
DAILY

BALANCE \& | $4$ |
| :--- |
| ENDING BALANCE | \& 5

MINIMUM \& \begin{tabular}{l}
AVE IGE <br>
DA LY <br>
MAXIR ANCE

 \& 

$$
8
$$ <br>

ENDING BALANCE
\end{tabular} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}


I. Reverse Repurchase Agreements Transactions A coumb for as a Sale

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPA^ATIL vF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FRO I P $^{\text {P }}$ VIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.


| 1 | Teristion | FIRST QUARTER |  |  |  | SECOND QUARTER |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  |  | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | ENDING BALANCE | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE | ENDING BALANCE |

a.. Default (Fair Value of

Securities Sold/Outstanding
for Which the Repo
Agreement Defaulted)
b.. Counterparty
........................................ .................. ........................ ....................... ........................


| THIRD QUARTER |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|  |  | AVERAGE <br> DAILY <br> BALANCE | ENDING <br> BALANCE | MINIMUM |

FOURTH QUAh
$\qquad$
......................... ......................... .......................... .........................

 ......................... ......................... ........................ .........................
 ................................................................................ ............................................................... ......................... .........................
 ......................... ....................................... $\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots$
a.. Default (Fair Value of

Securities Sold/Outstanding for Which the Repo Agreement Defaulted)


I * Counterparty and Jurisdiction Column entries used for the amounts for Columns 11 through 18 are the same as used above Iumns 3 th ugh 10.
(5) Securities Acquired Under Repo - Sale

(6) Securities Acquired Under Repo - Sale by NAIC Designation

L. Restricted Assets

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(1) Restricted Assets (Including Pledged)

| Restricted Asset Category | Gross (Admitted \& Nonadmited) Restricted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current Year |  |  |  |  | From | $\left.\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \text { Increase } \\ \text { (Deraease } \\ \text { (5 minus } 6\end{array}\right)$ |
|  | 1Total GeneralAccount (G/A) | 2G/A SupportingS/A Activity (a) | 3 <br> Total Separate <br> Account (S/A) <br> Restricted Assets | 4S/A Assets <br> Supporting G/A <br> Activity (b) | 5Total(1 plus 3) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| a. Subject to contractual <br> obligation for which <br> liability is not shown | \$ ....................... | \$ ...................... | \$ ...................... | \$ ..................... | \$ |  | \$ ...................... |
| b. $\quad$Collateral held under <br> security lending <br> agreements |  | .................... | .................... | ................... |  |  |  |
| c. Subject to repurchase agreements | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ...................... | - |  | ....................... |
| d. $\begin{array}{l}\text { Subject to reverse } \\ \text { repurchase agreements }\end{array}$ | ....................... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  | $\ldots$ | ...................... |
| e. $\begin{array}{l}\text { Subject to dollar } \\ \text { repurchase agreements }\end{array}$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ...................... |  | $\cdots$ | ...................... | ............... |
| f. $\begin{array}{l}\text { Subject to dollar reverse } \\ \text { repurchase agreements }\end{array}$ |  | .................... |  | - |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| g. $\begin{array}{l}\text { Placed under option } \\ \text { contracts }\end{array}$ | $\ldots$ | ....................... |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| h. Letter stock or securities <br> restricted as to sale - <br> excluding FHLB capital <br> stock | .......... | ...................... |  |  | ...................... | ...................... | ................... |
| i. FHLB capital stock | ....................... | ....................... |  |  | ...................... | ...................... | ...................... |
| j. On deposit with states | ...................... |  |  | ..... | ...................... | ...................... | ...................... |
| k. On deposit with other regulatory bodies | $\ldots$ |  |  | $\ldots$ | ...................... | ...................... | ..................... |
| $\begin{array}{\|ll\|} \hline \text { 1. } & \begin{array}{l} \text { Pledged as collateral to } \\ \text { FHLB (including assets } \\ \text { backing funding } \\ \text { agreements) } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | ...................... | $\cdots$ | ...................... |
| $\begin{array}{\|ll\|} \hline \text { m. } & \begin{array}{l} \text { Pledged as collateral not } \\ \text { captured in other } \\ \text { categories } \end{array} \end{array}$ | $\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots . . . . . . . . .$. |  |  | $\ldots$ | ...................... | ...................... | ...................... |
| n. Other restricted assets | ................... |  | ...................... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 0. Total Restricted Assets | \$................ | \$ ....................... | \$ ....................... | \$ ...................... | \$ ....................... | \$ ...................... | \$ ...................... |

(a) Subset of Column 1
(b) Subset of Column 3


THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED II THE PRE ARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUL D FR M PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## (2)

Detail of Assets dged as Collateral Not Captured in Other Categories (Contracts that Share Similar Chara ©tic Such as Reinsurance and Derivatives, Are Reported in the Aggregate)

(a) Subset of a $\quad$ (b) 1
(b) Subset of colu.
(c) Total Line for Co. Ans 1 through 7 should equal $5 \mathrm{~L}(1) \mathrm{m}$ Columns 1 through 7 respectively and Total Line for Columns 8 through 10 should equal $5 \mathrm{~L}(1) \mathrm{m}$ Columns 9 through 11 respectively

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(3) Detail of Other Restricted Assets (Contracts that Share Similar Characteristics, Such as Reinsurance and Derivatives, Are Reported in the Aggregate)

| Description of Assets | Gross (Admitted \& Nonadmited) Restricted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  | Percentage |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current Year |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  | 9 |  | 10 |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total General Account (G/A) | G/A Supporting S/A Activity (a) | Total Separate Account (S/A) Restricted Assets | S/A Assets <br> Supporting G/A <br> Activity (b) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ (1 \text { plus } 3) \end{gathered}$ |  | Total From Prior Year |  | Increase/ <br> (Decrease) <br> (5 minus 6) | Total Cur <br> Year Adm <br> Restri |  | Gross <br>  <br> admited) <br> Res ted to <br> Total 今 | Admitted Restricted to Total Admitted Assets |
| ....................................... | \$ .................... | \$ ....................... | \$ .................... | \$ ....................... |  | \$ ................ | \$ | $\ldots$ |  | ...... | \$ |  | ............\% | ............\% |
| ..................................... | .................... | ....................... | ................... | ....................... |  | ................... |  | .................. |  | ............... | ...... |  | ........... | ........... |
| ...................................... | .... | . | .... | . |  | .................. |  | ................ |  | . | .... |  | ........... | ........... |
| Total (c) | \$ .................... | \$ ....................... | \$ ................... | \$ ....................... | \$ | \$ .................. | \$ | ............... |  | ........... |  |  | ...........\% | ...........\% |


THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THI NOTH FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING AK. iNG DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(4) Collateral Received and Reflected as Assets W the the 2 porting Entity's Financial Statements


Column 1 divided by Asset Page, Line 26 (Column 1 )

amn 1 divided by Asset Page, Line 26 (Column 3)
k. Recognized Obligation to Return Collateral Asset
\$ $\qquad$

2
\% of Liability to Total Liabilities *

* Column 1 divided by Liability Page, Line 26 (Column 1)

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(1) Aggregate Working Capital Finance Investments (WCFI) Book/Adjusted Carrying Value by NAIC Designation:
a. WCFI Designation 1
b. WCFI Designation 2
c. WCFI Designation 3
d. WCFI Designation 4
e. WCFI Designation 5
f. WCFI Designation 6
g. Total


THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION ~ THIS TOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLA IFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(2) Aggregate Maturity Distribution on the
derly, r Working Capital Finance Programs:

N. Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Lhilities

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USEL N THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT $\sim$ CL DED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRA ION
(1)

(2)

Liabilities
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

\$
.................... \$
\$ ...................... \$
\$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

* For derivative assets and derivative liabilities, the amount offset shall agree to Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
O. Structured Notes

| CUSIP <br> Identification |  | Actual Cost |  | Fair Value | Book/Adjusted Carrying Value | MortgageReferenced Security (YES/NO) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ....................... | \$ | ..................... |  | ..................... | \$ ...................... | , ............... |
| ......................... |  | ..................... |  | ..................... | ................... | ................... |
| ......................... |  | ..................... |  | ..................... | ................ | $\ldots$ |
| ..................... |  | ................... |  | ................... | ................ | $\ldots$ |
| Total | \$ | ..................... |  | ..................... | \$ ... | XXX |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NG ${ }^{-}$FOh THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLAR. YIN JISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
P. 5* Securities

| Investment | Number of 5* Securities |  |  | Aggregate Fair Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current Year | Prior Year | Cur | Current Year | Prior Year |
| (1) Bonds - AC | .......... | ..................... |  | \$ ....................... | \$ .................. |
| (2) LB\&SS - AC | . | .................... |  | ....................... | ............... |
| (3) Preferred Stock - AC | ....................... |  |  | ...................... |  |
| (4) Preferred Stock - FV |  |  |  |  |  |
| (5) Total ( $1+2+3+4$ ) |  |  |  | \$ | \$ |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN 7 AE PRL ARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLES BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECL TED FR( M PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
Q. Short Sales
(1) Unsettled Shr mactions (Outstanding as of Reporting Date)

(2) Settled Short Sale Transactions

|  | Proceeds <br> Received | Current Fair Value of Securities Sold Short | Realized Gain or Loss on Transaction | Fair Value of Short Sales that Exceeded 3 Settlement Days | Fair Value of Short Sales Settled by Secured Borrowing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Bonds <br> b. Preferred Stock <br> c. Common Stock | $\$$ $\qquad$ | \$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | $\$$ | \$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | \$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |
| d. Totals (a+b+c) | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
R. Prepayment Penalty and Acceleration Fees

|  | General Account | Separate Account |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) | Number of CUSIPs | - |  |

6. Joint Ventures, Partnerships and Limited Liability Companies

## Instruction:

A. For Investments in Joint Ventures, Partnerships and Limited Liability Compai es that exceed $10 \%$ of the admitted assets of the reporting entity, disclose the following informati n:

- The name of each Joint Venture, Partnership and Limited Li hility conpany and percentage of ownership;
- The accounting policies of the reporting entity with resper nve ents in these entities; and
- The difference, if any, between the amount at which th iny stment is carried and the amount of underlying equity in net assets, (i.e., nonadmi ad odwill, other nonadmitted assets) and the accounting treatment of the difference.
- For each Joint Venture, Partnership and Limited ;ability Company for which a quoted market price is available, aggregate value of each invest ent baced on the quoted market price; and
- Summarized information as to asse lianties, and results of operations for Joint Ventures, Partnerships and Limited Lia' rity u npan es, either individually or in groups.
B. For impaired investments in Join Venture Partnerships and Limited Liability Companies disclose in the year of an impairment write-down tho ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{l}$, wing:
- A description of the inh ired assets and the facts and circumstances leading to the impairment, and
- The amoun ${ }^{+}$of tl : impa ment and how fair value was determined.

Illustration:
A. The Con iy has no investments in Joint Ventures, Partnerships or Limited Liability Companies that exceed $10 \%$ its admitted assets.
B. The Compai did not recognize any impairment write down for its investments in Joint Ventures, rtne hips and Limited Liability Companies during the statement periods.

## 7. Investment Income

## Instruction:

Disclose the following for investment income due and accrued in the financial statements:
A. The bases, by category of investment income, for excluding (nonadmitting) any investment income due and accrued,
B. The total amount excluded.

## Illustration:

A. Due and accrued income was excluded from surplus on the following bases:

All investment income due and accrued with amounts that are over 90 davs ${ }^{\text {st }}$ with the exception of mortgage loans in default.
B. The total amount excluded was $\$$ $\qquad$ .

## 8. Derivative Instruments

## Instruction:

Disclose the following information by category of derivative fin ncial moment:
A. A discussion of the market risk, credit risk and cash ruirements of the derivative.
B. A description of the reporting entity's bjec iOi using derivatives, i.e. hedging, income generation or replication, as well as a description of the onteyt eeded to understand those objectives and its strategies for achieving those objectives, ing catry he intification of the category, e.g. fair value hedges, cash flow hedges, or foreign currency hed ss, and for ill objectives, the type of instrument(s) used.
C. A description of the accounting poli ns $f$ recognizing (or reasons for not recognizing) and measuring the derivatives used, and when recognize. and where those instruments and related gains and losses are reported.
D. Identification of whe ner e rporting entity has derivative contracts with financing premiums. (For purposes of thi term this in udes scenarios in which the premium cost is paid at the end of the derivative contract or throu out a divative contract.)
E. The net "ain or loss re<ognized in unrealized gains or losses during the reporting period representing the componer f the derivative instruments' gain or loss, if any, excluded from the assessment of hedge effecti
F. The it gain or loss recognized in unrealized gains or losses during the reporting period resulting from de. vativnat no longer qualify for hedge accounting.
G. For derivatives accounted for as cash flow hedges of a forecasted transaction, disclose:
(1) The maximum length of time over which the entity is hedging its exposure to the variability in future cash flows for forecasted transactions excluding those forecasted transactions related to the payment of variable interest on existing financial instruments; and
(2) The amount of gains and losses classified in unrealized gains/losses related to cash flow hedges that have been discontinued because it was no longer probable that the original forecasted transactions would occur by the end of the originally specified time period or within 2 months of that date.
H. Disclose the aggregate, non-discounted total premium cost for these contracts and the premium cost due in each of the following four years, and thereafter. Include the aggregate fair value of derivative instruments with financing premiums excluding the impact of the deferred or financing premiums.

## Illustration:

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLES BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
H.
(1)

Fiscal Year
a. 2018
b. 2019
c. 2020
d. 2021
e. Thereafter
f. Total Future Settled Premiums
(2)

| Derivative Fair | Derivative Fair |
| :---: | :---: |
| Value With | Value Excluding |
| Premium | Impact of Future |
| Commitments | Settled Premiums |
| (Reported on DB) |  |
| \$ | \$ |
| \$ | \$ |

## 9. Income Taxes

## Instruction:

A. Disclose the components of the net deferred income tax asset (DTA) or deferred tax liability (DTL) recognized in the reporting entity's financial statements as follows:
(1) Disclose for the current year, the prior year and the change between years by tax character (ordinary and capital) the following:
a. The total of all gross deferred tax assets.
b. The total of all statutory valuation allowance adjustments.
c. The total of all adjusted gross deferred tax assets.
d. The total of all deferred tax assets nonadmitted as res of the application of SSAP No. 101—Income Taxes.
e. The total of all net adjusted gross admitted deferred ta. assets
f. The total of all deferred tax liabilities.
g. The total of all net adjusted gross deferred ad sset, net deferred tax liabilities).
(2)


For the current year, prior year and ae change setween years, disclose the amount of each result or component of the deferred tax Income Taxes. ac ission calculation as provided in SSAP No. 101-
a. The amount of fe cral incon taxes paid in prior years that can be recovered through loss carrybacks, by tax $\quad$ racter ( ( dinary and capital).
b. The amount of adjusted gioss DTAs expected to be realized (excluding the amount of DTAs reported in $9 \wedge$ 2)a) after application of the threshold limitations, by tax character (ordinary and capital). (e amount determined in 9A(2)b1 limited by the amount determined in 9A(2)b2

1. he fo , wing the balance sheet date, by tax character (ordinary and capital). Refer to the applivable Realization Threshold Limitation Table in SSAP No. 101—Income Taxes to determine the applicable period.
. The amount of the applicable percentage of statutory capital and surplus as required to be shown on the statutory balance sheet of the reporting entity for the current reporting period's statement filed with the domiciliary state commissioner adjusted to exclude any net DTAs, EDP equipment and operating system software and any net positive goodwill. Refer to SSAP No. 101-Income Taxes to determine the applicable percentage to be applied.
c. The amount of adjusted gross DTAs (excluding the amount of DTAs reported in 9A(2)a and $9 \mathrm{~A}(2) \mathrm{b})$ that can be offset against existing gross DTLs, by tax character (ordinary and capital).
d. The amount of DTAs admitted as the result of the application of SSAP No. 101-Income Taxes by tax character (ordinary and capital). (The sum of 9A(2)a, 9A(2)b and 9A(2)c.)
(3) Disclose the ratio used to determine applicable period used in 9A(2)b1 for determining the amount of adjusted gross DTAs, expected to be realized and the amount of adjusted capital and surplus used to determine the percentage threshold limitation in 9A(2)b2.
(4) Disclose the impact of tax-planning strategies:
a. On the determination of adjusted gross deferred tax assets and net a mitted deferred tax assets, by tax character as a percentage of total. The disclo. are s. vuld pı vide the following information for current year, prior year and change betwe $n$
2. Adjusted gross DTAs by tax character Note 9A(1)c.
3. Percentage of adjusted gross DTAs by tax cha. cter a wibutable to the impact of tax planning strategies.
4. Net admitted adjusted gross DTAs by tax ci vacter Note 9A(1)e.
5. Percentage of net admitted adjusted ross D. 4 s by tax character admitted because of the impact of tax planning strategit
b. State whether the tax-planning arategies mclude the use of reinsurance-related tax-planning strategies.

Refer to SSAP No. 101 ATLCo © es, Exhibit A - Implementation Questions and Answers, Question No. 13, for g dance on $x$-planning strategies.
B. To the extent that DTLs are not reco ize for amounts described in paragraph 31 of FAS 109, disclose the following:
(1) A description of the res of temporary differences for which a DTL has not been recognized and the types of rents hat rould cause those temporary differences to become taxable;
(2) The cuı ativ unt of each type of temporary difference;
(3) The amount or the unrecognized DTL for temporary differences related to investments in foreign s . idiaries and foreign corporate joint ventures that are essentially permanent in duration, if
 anc.
(4) amount of the DTL for temporary differences other than those in item (3) above that is not recognized.
C. Disclose the significant components of income taxes incurred (i.e., current income tax expenses) and the changes in DTAs and DTLs. These components would include, for example:

- Current tax expense or benefit;
- The change in DTAs and DTLs (exclusive of the effects of other components listed below);
- Investment tax credits;
- The benefits of operating loss carry forwards;
- Adjustments of a DTA or DTL for enacted changes in tax laws or rates or a chair in the tax status of the reporting entity; and
- Adjustments to gross deferred tax assets because of a change in circumstan s tha causes a change in judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax asset, a d he asorror the adjustment and change in judgment.

NOTE: The illustration below for this disclosure reflects the setwp for data capture of the electronic notes. Reporting entities should disclose those items inclu. 'ad as "Other" (Lines 2a13, 2e4, 3a5 and 3b3) as additional lines for those items greathr th aro in tre printed/PDF filing document.
D. To the extent that the sum of a reporting entity's income v in aro and the change in its DTAs and DTLs is different from the result obtained by applying th fedo statutory rate to its pretax net income, a reporting entity should disclose the nature of the cignin ant reconciling items.
E. A reporting entity should also disclose the follo
(1) The amounts, origination dates and trerratic 1 dates of operating loss and tax credit carry forwards available for tax purposes;
(2) The amount of federa ncome tax s incurred in the current year and each preceding year that are available for recoupment the ey at of future net losses; and
(3) The aggregate ams at of deposits admitted under Section 6603 of the Internal Revenue Service Code.
F. If the reporting antity sfedt 1 income tax return is consolidated with those of any other entity or entities, provide the fol wing
(1) A list of na es of the entities with which the reporting entity's federal income tax return is solidated for the current year, and
(2) sumance of the written agreement approved by the reporting entity's Board of Directors that sets orth the manner in which the total consolidated federal income tax for all entities is allocated to $s$ ch entity that is a party to the consolidation. (If no written agreement has been executed, explain why such an agreement has not been executed.) Describe the method of allocation, setting forth the manner in which the entity has an enforceable right to recoup federal income taxes in the event of future net losses that it may incur or to recoup its net losses carried forward as an offset to future net income subject to federal income taxes.
G. For any federal or foreign income tax loss contingencies as determined in accordance with SSAP No. 5RLiabilities, Contingencies and Impairments of Assets with the modifications provided in SSAP No. 101Income Taxes for which it is reasonably possible that the total liability will significantly increase within 12 months of the reporting date, the reporting entity shall disclose an estimate of the range of the reasonably possible increase or a statement that an estimate of the range cannot be made.

Refer to SSAP No. 101—Income Taxes for accounting guidance on disclosure requirements, and INT 06-12 for more detail on protective tax deposits.

Illustration:

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR HE TA LLES (9A1, 9A2, 9A3 AND 9A4) BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED ERU Y PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## NOTE: DUE TO THE SIZE OF THIS TABLE, REPORTING ENTITIES MA, BE WITED IN THEIR ABILITY TO PRESENT THIS DISCLOSURE IN THE EXACT FOF AT TOWN DUE TO FONT LIMITATIONS AND THE SIZE OF THE AMOUNTS BEINC D, CIOSED. IT WILL BE CONSIDERED ACCEPTABLE AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH TM $]_{\text {INSTRUCTIONS IF THIS }}$ TABLE IS SPLIT INTO THREE SEPARATE TABLES (CURREN - YEA N COLUMNS, PRIOR YEAR COLUMNS AND CHANGE COLUNMS).

A. The components of the net deferred tax asset/(liability) at Dec $\quad$ nber 1 are as follows:
\(\left.\begin{array}{ll}(a) \& Gross Deferred Tax Assets <br>
(b) \& Statutory Valuation Allowance Adjustmen <br>
(c) \& Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets <br>

(1a-1b)\end{array}\right]\)| (d) | Deferred Tax Assets Nonadmitted |
| :--- | :--- |
| (e) | Subtotal Net Admitted Deferred Tax A |
| (f) |  |
| (f) $)$ |  |
| (g) | Deferred Tax Liabilities Admitted Deferred Tax Asset/ <br> Deferred Tax Liability) <br> (1e-1f) |



3.

| 2018 | 2017 |
| :--- | :--- |

(a) Ratio Percentage Used To Determine Recovery Period And Threshold Limitation Amount.
(b) Amount Of Adjusted Capital And Surplus Used To Determine Recovery Period And Threshold Limitation In 2(b)2 Above. \$ $\qquad$ $\$$ $\qquad$
4.

| $12 / 31 / 2018$ |  | $12 / 31 / 2017$ |  | Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | $(4)$ | $(5)$ | $(6)$ |
|  |  |  |  | (Col 1-3) <br> Ordinary | (Col 2-4) <br> Capital |

Impact of Tax-Planning Strategies
(a) Determination Of Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets And Net Admitted Deferred Tax
Assets, By Tax Character As A Percentage.

1. Adjusted Gross DTAs Amount From Note 9A1(c)
Percentage Of Adjusted Gross DTAs By Tax Character Attributable To The Impact Of Tax Planning Strategies
2. Net Admitted Adjusted Gross DTAs Amount From Note 9A1(e)
3. Percentage Of Net Admitted Adjusted Gross DTAs By Tax Adjusted Gross DTAs By Tax
Character Admitted Because Of Character Admitted Because Of
The Impact Of Tax Planning Strategies
(b) Does the Company's tax-planning strategies include the use of reinsurance?

## Line 9A1g, Column 3

If greater than zero, it should equal the Asse Dage, Line 18.2, Column 3 and the Liability Page, Line 15.2, Column 1 should equal zero.

If not greater than zero, it should eq il the I - sility Page, Line 15.2 , Column 1 and the Asset Page, Line 18.2, Column 3 should

If equal to zero, the Liab v Page, ine 15.2, Column 1 should equal zero and the Asset Page, Line 18.2, Column 3 should equ ${ }^{1}$ zer
B. Regarding deferred tax liabi ities that are not recognized:


THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
C. Current income taxes incurred consist of the following major components:

D. Among the more significant book to tax adjustments were the following:

See illustration in paragraph 12.31 of the SSAP No. 101—Income Taxes Q\&A.
E. See example in paragraph 12.32 of the SSAP No. 101- Income Taxes Q\&A.
(3) The aggregate amount of deposits reported as admitted assets under Section 6603 of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Code was \$XX million as of December 31, 20XX.
F. See example in paragraph 12.34 of the SSAP No. 101—Income Taxes Q\&A.

## 10. Information Concerning Parent, Subsidiaries, Affiliates and Other Related Parties

## Instruction:

The financial statements shall include disclosures of all material related party transach ns. In ome cases, aggregation of similar transactions may be appropriate. Sometimes, the effect of the relationchip tween the parties may be so pervasive that disclosure of the relationship alone will be sufficient. If neces ary to he understanding of the relationship, disclose the name of the related party. Transactions shall not je pu ported to be arm's-length transactions unless there is demonstrable evidence to support such statement. The diso suru all include:
A. The nature of the relationship involved.
B. A description of the transactions for each of the periods for which cinanc statements are presented, and such other information considered necessary to obtain an unde diit the effects of the transactions on the financial statements. Exclude reinsurance transactions, r non- surance transactions that are less than $1 / 2$ of $1 \%$ of the total admitted assets of the reporting eirtitv, a cost allocation transactions. The following information shall be provided if applicable:
(1) Date of transaction;
(2) Explanation of transaction;
(3) Name of reporting entity;
(4) Name of affiliate;
(5) Description of assets $r$ eived by porting entity;
(6) Statement value of assets seived oy reporting entity;
(7) Description of asset transferreu by reporting entity; and
(8) Statement value oi sets transferred by reporting entity.
C. The dollar amo ats otransa tions for each of the periods for which financial statements are presented and the effects of ais, hai e in method of establishing the terms from that used in the preceding period.
D. Amounts due from or related parties as of the date of each balance sheet presented and if not otherwise apparent, terms and manner of settlement.
E. Any, sata tees or undertakings, written or otherwise, shall be disclosed in Note 14, Liabilities, Cont gencie and Assessments, in accordance with the requirements of SSAP No. 5R-Liabilities, - $n$ tims ins and Impairments of Assets. In addition, the nature of the relationship to the beneficiary of the $g$ rantee or undertaking (affiliated or unaffiliated) shall also be disclosed.
F.

A description of material management or service contracts and cost-sharing arrangements involving the rt orting entity and any related party. This shall include, but is not limited to, sale lease-back arrangements, computer or fixed asset leasing arrangements, and agency contracts that remove assets that may otherwise be recorded (and potentially nonadmitted) on the reporting entity's financial statements.
G. The nature of the control relationship whereby the reporting entity and one or more other enterprises are under common ownership or control and the existence of that control could result in operating results or financial position of the reporting entity being significantly different from those that would have been obtained if the enterprises were autonomous. Disclose the relationship even though there are no transactions between the enterprises.
H. The amount deducted from the value of an upstream intermediate entity or ultimate parent owned, either directly or indirectly, via a downstream subsidiary, controlled, or affiliated entity, in accordance with the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office, "Procedures for Valuing Common Stocks and Stock Warrants."

Refer to SSAP No. 25-Affiliates and Other Related Parties for accounting guidance.
I. For investment in an SCA entity that exceeds $10 \%$ of admitted assets of the reporting entity, disclose the following information:
(1) Disclose (i) the name of each SCA entity and percentage of ownership, (ii) th ac unting policies of the reporting entity with respect to investments in these entities and (iii) e diffence, if any, between the amount at which the investment is carried and the amount of undt ving equity in net assets, (i.e., goodwill, other nonadmitted assets, fair value or discou ed fa varue adjustments, adjustments pursuant to SSAP No. 25 and the accounting treatme.ht of e diffe ence).
(2) Disclose for each SCA entity for which a quoted market price эvaila ${ }^{1}$ e, the aggregate value of each investment based on the quoted market price and the differein if any, between the amount at which the investment is carried and the quoted market price.
(3) Present summarized information as to assets, liabiliti nd $n$ of operations for SCA entities, either individually or in groups.
(4) The material effects of possible conversions, ere es on zontingent issuances.
(5) If elected, or required to change the var ion athod as described in SSAP No. 97-Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled, and Affiliated E, ities, a description of the reason for the change and the amount of adjustment recorded unrealizu gains or losses shall be disclosed. Also, disclose whether or not commissioner prol as tained.
J. For investments in impaired SCA ntIU diso se in the year of an impairment write-down the following:
(1) A description of the imp red asset and the facts and circumstances leading to the impairment.
(2) The amount of the impairment hod how fair value was determined.
K. If the investment in a foreigh insurance subsidiary is calculated by adjusting annuity GAAP account value reserves using CARY $\sim$ an thevelated Actuarial Guidelines, the interest rates and mortality assumptions used in the cal latio as pre rribed by the insurance department of the foreign country shall be disclosed.
L. If a reporting entity holds an investment in a downstream noninsurance holding company, the reporting entity $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{y}$ look-througn the downstream noninsurance holding company to the value of (i) SCA entities having ar ed financial statements and/or (ii) joint ventures, partnerships, and/or limited liability companios ha audited financial statements in which the downstream noninsurance holding company has a ninor wnership interest or otherwise lacks control, i.e., ownership interest is less than $10 \%$ in lieu of btai ng an udit of the financial statements of the downstream noninsurance holding company (provided exception to the audited financial statements requirement contained in SSAP No. 97-

a reporting entity utilizes the look-through approach for the valuation of the downstream noninsurance hording company instead of obtaining audited financial statements of the downstream noninsurance holding company, the financial statements of the reporting entity shall include the following disclosures:
(1) The name of the downstream noninsurance holding company.
(2) The carrying value of the investment in the downstream non insurance holding company.
(3) The fact that the financial statements of the downstream noninsurance company are not audited.
(4) The fact that the reporting entity has limited the value of its investment in the downstream noninsurance holding company to the value contained in the audited financial statements, including adjustments required by this statement, of SCA entities and/or non-SCA SSAP No. 48 entities owned by the downstream noninsurance holding company and valued in accordance with SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled, and Affiliated Entities.
(5) The fact that all liabilities, commitments, contingencies, guarantees or obligations of the downstream noninsurance holding company, which are required to be recorded as liabilities, commitments, contingencies, guarantees or obligations under applicable accounting guidance, are reflected in the reporting entity's determination of the carrying value of the investment in the downstream noninsurance holding company, if not already recorded in the fi allo statements of the downstream noninsurance holding company.
M. All SCA investments

Reporting Enities shall disclose for all SCA investments (except 8bi entities)
(1) Balance Sheet Value (Admitted and Nonadmitted) All SCAs

Disclose the percentage of ownership and aggregate totai $f$ all $\oint>A$ entities (except 8bi entities) with detail of the aggregate gross value under SSAP 9, an the admitted and nonadmitted amounts reflected on the balance sheet. See SSA. v. 97 ft additional guidance.

NAIC Filing Response Information
Provide the following information rega, ing m . NAIC response to the SCA filing. (except 8 bi entities):

- The type of NAIC filing
- The date of the NAIC
- The NAIC valuat ifor the S A entity
- If a response was rece. $\quad$ od fr a the NAIC
- If the NAIC di allowed the reporting entities valuation method
- If changes in thr eeported SCA amount were immaterial (I) or material (M)
N. Investment in I surai e SCA

A reporting entity th + reports an investment in an insurance SCA (per SSAP No. 97) for which the audited statutory eauity refleus a departure from the NAIC statutory accounting practices and procedures (e.g., pern or orescribed practices) shall disclose the following:

A scription of the accounting practice, with a statement that the practice differs from the NAIC staty ory accounting practices and procedures.

The monetary effect on net income and surplus reflected by the insurance SCA as a result of using an accounting practice that differed from NAIC statutory accounting practices and procedures.

The reported entity's investment in the insurance SCA per the audited statutory equity and the investment in the insurance SCA the reporting entity would have reported if the insurance SCA had completed statutory financial statements in accordance with the NAIC statutory accounting practices and procedures.
(3) Whether the RBC of the insurance SCA would have triggered a regulatory event had it not used a prescribed or permitted practice.
O. SCA Loss Tracking

A reporting entity whose share of losses in an SCA exceeds its investment in the SCA shall disclose its share of losses. (This is required regardless of a guarantee or commitment of future financial support to the SCA.) The disclosure shall apply beginning in the period the SCA investment initially falls below zero and shall continue to be disclosed as long as the SCA investment is in a deficit position. Tracking shall cease once the investment in an SCA has been in a surplus position for one annual reporting period.

This disclosure shall include:

- The name of the SCA entity
- The reporting entity's current period share of SCA net income (loss)
- The reporting entity's accumulated share of SCA losses not recognize durin the period that the equity method was suspended
- The reporting entity's share of the SCA equity, including nega ive eq.is
- Whether a guaranteed obligation or commitment for financ sup ort exists
- The SCA's reported value


Additionally, the reporting entity shall detail in a na rativ discosure whether losses in the SCA have impacted other investments as required by INT 00- EITF 98-13: Accounting by an Equity Method Investor for Investee Losses When the Investor Loa to and Investments in Other Securities of the Investee and EITF 99-10: Percentage Used to Determu a the Amount of Equity Method Losses.

## Illustration:

A., B.
\& C. The Company paid common stock dividends to the Parent Company, The ABC Insurance Company, on July 15, 20 $\qquad$ , totaling \$ $\qquad$ -.
D. At December 31, 20___, the Company reported \$ $\qquad$ as amounts due to the Parent Company, The ABC Insurance Company. The terms of the settlement require that these amounts be settled within 30 days.
E. The Company has given XYZ Inc., an affiliated company, a standing commitment until January 1, 20 $\qquad$ , in the form of guarantees in the event of a default of XYZ on various of its debt issue as disclosed in Note 14.
F. The Company has agreed to provide the Parent Company, The ABC Insurance $C$ art certain actuarial investment services with respect to the administration of certain large group isuran o contracts that are subject to group experience rating procedures.

The Parent Company has agreed to provide collection services for certai contra for the Company.
G. All outstanding shares of The Company are owned by the Parent Compar v, The ABC Insurance Company, an insurance holding company domiciled in the State of $\qquad$
H. The Company owns shares of the stock of its ultimate are it, ABC Insurance Company. A wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, The XYZ Insure ce 0 mpany owns shares of The ABC Insurance Company. In accordance with Securities Valuation Off ic suidelines, the asset value of The ABC Insurance Company has been reduced by $\$ \ldots$ and the asset value of the XYZ Insurance Company has been reduced by $\$$ $\qquad$ -
\% interest in APS No. Ir rance Company, whose carrying value is equal to or exceeds $10 \%$ of the admitted assets C Tb ompany. The Company carries ABC Non-Insurance Company at GAAP equity plus the remaining _oody ill balance of $\$ \ldots$. . Goodwill is amortized on a straight-line basis over a ten-year period

At $12 / 31 / 20 \_$_ , The Compar s interest in ABC Non-Insurance Company per the New York Stock Exchange quoted price was values. + $\qquad$ , that was \$ $\qquad$ in excess of the carrying value.

Based on The Company's ownership p, centage of ABC Non-Insurance Company, the statement value of ABC Non-Insurance Come ny assets and liabilities as of $12 / 31 / 20$ _ were $\$$ $\qquad$ and $\$$ $\qquad$ , respectively.

The Company'shar of net income of ABC Non-Insurance Company was \$ $\qquad$ for the year ended 12/31/20_.

The Company has a $5 \%$ limited partnership interest in XYC Real Estate Partners. The partnership investment. in office properties in the NE United States has been adversely affected by corporate restructuring. This has affected the value of the properties that resulted in the write-down of the Company's invest nett rC Real Estate Partners of \$__ for the year ended $12 / 31 / 20 \_$. The amount of the impa mont y as determined using appraisals from third parties.
J. The company did not recognize any impairment write down for its investments in Subsidiary, Controlled
L. VZ Company utilizes the look-through approach in valuing its investment in ABC Company at $\$$ $\qquad$ .
ABC Company's financial statements are not audited and XYZ Company has limited the value of its investment in ABC Company to the value contained in the audited financial statements, including adjustments required by SSAP No. 97, of SCA entities and/or non-SCA SSAP No. 48 entities owned by the ABC Company and valued in accordance with paragraphs SSAP No. 97. All liabilities, commitments, contingencies, guarantees or obligations of the ABC Company, which are required to be recorded as liabilities, commitments, contingencies, guarantees or obligations under applicable accounting guidance, are reflected in XYZ Company's determination of the carrying value of the investment in ABC Company, if not already recorded in the financial statements of ABC Company.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLES BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THESE ILLUSTRATIONS.
M. All SCA Investments
(1) Balance Sheet Value (Admitted and Nonadmitted) All SCAs (Except 8bi Entities)

(2) NAIC Filing Response Information


[^3]THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLES (LINES 2) BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THESE ILLUSTRATIONS.
N. Investment in Insurance SCAs
(2) The monetary effect on net income and surplus as a result of using an accounting practice that differed from NAIC Statutory Accounting Practices and Procedures (NAIC SAP), the amount of the investment in the insurance SCA per audited statutory equity and amount of the investment if the insurance SCA had completed statutory financial statements in accordance with the AP\&P Manual.


* Per AP\&P Manual (without permitted or prescribed ractio

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARA ON THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLES BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM ORO ${ }^{\prime}$ DUG CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THESE ILLUSTRATIONS.
O. SCA Loss Tracking

his uisclosure is only required for SCAs in which the reporting entity's share of losses ex eeds the investment in an SCA. (The SCA investment is in a negative equity position). This disclosure shall apply beginning in the period the investment in the SCA equity initially falls below zero and shall continue to be disclosed as long as the SCA investment is in a negative equity position. The disclosure is required whenever an investment in an SCA entity is in a negative equity position and in the first year subsequent to the negative equity position in which a positive equity position has been attained.

For Column 6, as detailed in SSAP No. 97, once the reporting entity's share of losses equals or exceeds the investment in the SCA, the SCA shall be reported at zero, with discontinuation of the equity method, unless there is a guaranteed obligation or a commitment for future financial support. If there is a guaranteed obligation or a commitment for future financial support, the guarantee requirement shall be recognized pursuant to SSAP No. 5R, and the reporting entity shall report the investment in the SCA reflecting its share of losses as a contra-asset. (Disclosure of the guarantee or commitment would be captured in Note 14 and is not duplicated in this disclosure.)

## 11. Debt

Instruction:
A. Disclose the following items related to debt, including capital notes. Refer SSA No. 15—Debt and Holding Company Obligations for accounting guidance:
(1) Date issued;
(2) Pertinent information concerning the kind of borrowing ( $\quad$ dtucntures, commercial paper outstanding, bank loans, capital notes and lines of credit);
(3) Face amount of the debt;
(4) Carrying value of debt;
(5) The rate at which interest accrues;
(6) The effective interest rate;
(7) Collateral requirements;
(8) Interest paid in the current year
(9) A summary of significant debt tern and venants and any violations;
(10) The combined aggrega amount maturities and sinking fund requirements for each of the five years following the late balance s eet presented;
(11) If debt was considered to be guished by in-substance defeasance prior to the effective date of this statement and $y$ of the debt remains outstanding, a general description of the transaction and the amount of deb hat is considered extinguished at the end of the period;
(12) A descriptior or te as of reverse repurchase agreements whose amounts are included as part of deb
B. For FHLB (Federal Home Loan Bank) agreements, the following information shall be disclosed for the general account, separate account and the total of the general and separate accounts for the current year and prior year-end. (The information in the disclosures shall be presented gross even if a right to offset per SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities exists.)
(1) General description with information on the nature of the agreement, type of borrowing (advances, lines of credit, borrowed money, etc.) and use of the funding.

## FHLB Capital Stock

a. Amount of FHLB capital stock held, in aggregate, and classified as follor s :

- Membership stock (separated by Class A and Class B)
- Activity Stock
- Excess Stock
- The actual or estimated maximum borrowing capacity deterrn ned by the insurer

Also provide a description of how the borrowing capacity wa determined.
b. For membership stock (Class A and Clas B rep rt tre amount of FHLB capital stock eligible and not eligible for redemption (for ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{FHLB}$ nembership stock to be eligible for redemption, written notification must have een ed to FHLB prior to the reporting date) and the anticipated time frame for r aemp ion showing:

- Total Current Year
- Not Eligible for Redemptior
- Less than 6 months
- 6 months to 1 year
- 1 year to 3 yez
- 3 years to 5 yea

Collateral Pledged FHLB
a. Amount (f.inar and carrying value) of collateral pledged to the FHLB as of the reporting date ant total a gregate borrowing.
b. Mzan unsunt of collateral (fair value and carrying amount) pledged to the FHLB at any time dư $\quad$ g, the current reporting period and amount borrowed at time of maximum collateral. (Maximum shall be determined on the basis of carrying value, but with fair amount also ported.)

Bor wing from FHLB
a. Aggregate amount of borrowings from the FHLB, reflecting compilation of all advances, loans, funding agreements, repurchase agreements, securities lending, etc., outstanding with the FHLB, and classify whether the borrowing is in substance:

- Debt (SSAP No. 15—Debt and Holding Company Obligations)
- A funding agreement (SSAP No. 52—Deposit-Type Contracts)
- Other
- Aggregate Total

For funding agreements, report the total reserves established.
b. Report the maximum amount of aggregate borrowings from an FHLB at any time during the current reporting period for:

- Debt (SSAP No. 15—Debt and Holding Company Obligations)
- A funding agreement (SSAP No. 52—Deposit-Type Contracts),
- Other
- Aggregate Total
c. Disclose whether current borrowings are subject to prepayment penalties for:
- Debt (SSAP No. 15—Debt and Holding Company Obligations)
- A funding agreement (SSAP No. 52—Deposit-Type Contracts)
- Other

Illustration:
A. The Company has outstanding \$ $\qquad$ of $\qquad$ \% debentures due 20_1ssued on $\qquad$ 1 /20 . The carrying amount of the debt is $\$$ $\qquad$ with an effective rate of $-\%$. Th debentures are not redeemable prior to $20 \_$. The Company is required to make annual sinking furl mar gents of $\$$ $\qquad$ that will provide sufficient funds for the retirement of debentures a $\quad$ _ rarity. Interest paid during 20__ was $\$$ $\qquad$ .

The Company has an outstanding liability for borrow mo in the amount of $\$$ $\qquad$ due to
$\qquad$ . The principal amount is due 20 _ At +1 e optic of the Company, early repayment may be made. Interest at $\qquad$ \% is required to be paid al wally. The Company is required to maintain a collateral security deposit with the lender. Assets in such sect tv dep sit are required to be maintained in a fair value amount at least equal to the outstanding prince At B ember 31, $20 \ldots$, assets having an admitted value of \$ $\qquad$ and a fair value of $\$$
 wo deposit with the lender.

The company does not have any re ep have agreements.

# THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PRE ARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE (LINES 2 THROUGH 4) BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIL AR NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUS' 1 ATON. 

B.

FHLB (Federal Home Loan, ink) Agreements
The C ipa y is a ember of the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) of $\qquad$ . Through its member ip, e Cr meany has conducted business activity (borrowings) with the FHLB. It is part of the co many's strategy to utilize these funds as $\qquad$ . (For example backup liquidity, to increase pron ability, as tactical funding and/or to improve spread lending liquidity.) The ทpany has determined the actual/estimated maximum borrowing capacity as $\$$ $\qquad$ , The Com ${ }_{\mathrm{I}}$ ny calculated this amount in accordance with $\qquad$ (e.g., current FHLB capital stol ${ }^{\text {k , lImitations in the FHLB capital plan, current and potential acquisitions of FHLB capital }}$ stock , etc.).
(2)
a. Aggregate Totals

1. Current Year

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | General | Separate |
| $2+3$ | Account | Accounts |

(a) Membership Stock - Class A
(b) Membership Stock - Class B
(c) Activity Stock
(d) Excess Stock
(e) Aggregate Total $(a+b+c+d)$
(f) Actual or Estimated Borrowing Capacity as Determined by the Insurer
2. Prior Year-end
(a) Membership Stock - Class A
(b) Membership Stock - Class B
(c) Activity Stock
(d) Excess Stock
(e) Aggregate Total $(a+b+c+d)$
(f) Actual or Estimated Borrowing ( as Determined by the Insurer

b. Membership Stock (rass ana Eligible and Not Eligible for Redemption


[^4](3) Collateral Pledged to FHLB
a. Amount Pledged as of Reporting Date

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fair Value | Carrying Value | Aggregate Total <br> Borrowing |

1. Current Year Total General and Separate Accounts Total Collateral Pledged (Lines 2+3) $\qquad$
2. Current Year General Account Total Collateral Pledged

3. Current Year Separate Accounts Total Collateral Pledged

4. Prior Year-end Total General and Separate Accounts Total Collateral Pledged
11B(3)a1 (Columns 1, 2 and 3) should be equal to or less than $11 \mathrm{~B}(3) \mathrm{b} 1$ (Co nns 1 , and 3, respectively)
11B(3)a2 (Columns 1, 2 and 3) should be equal to or less than 11B(3)b2 (umns 1,2 and 3, respectively)
11B(3)a3 (Columns 1, 2 and 3) should be equal to or less than $11 \mathrm{~B} \quad 3$ (Col inns 1,2 and 3, respectively) 11B(3)a4 (Columns 1, 2 and 3) should be equal to or la th (columns 1, 2 and 3, respectively)
b. Maximum Amount Pledged During Reporti, $\uparrow$ Pen

| Fair Value | Carrying Value | Collateral |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

1. Current Year Total Gener and ate Accounts Maximum Collato Pledoer (Lines 2+3)
2. Current Year Gf cral Account Maxımum Collateral Pledgè
3. Current Year Separate rov Maximum Collateral Pledged
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. Prior Year t Total General and Separate Accounts Mas rum Collateral Pledged $\qquad$

a. Amourt s of the Reporting Date

Current Year
(a) Debt
(b) Funding Agreements
(c) Other
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ XXX
(d) Aggregate Total $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c})$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ XXX
2. Prior Year-end
(a) Debt $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Funding Agreements
(c) Other
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(d) Aggregate Total $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c})$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. Maximum Amount during Reporting Period (Current Year)

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | General | Separate |
| $2+3$ | Account | Accounts |

1. Debt
2. Funding Agreements
3. Other
4. Aggregate Total (Lines 1+2+3)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


11B(4)b4 (Columns 1, 2 and 3) should be equal to or greater than 11B(4)a1(d) (Columns and 3, pectively)
c. FHLB - Prepayment Obligations

Does the company have prepayment obligations under the following

1. Debt
2. Funding Agreements
3. Other

4. Retirement Plans, Deferred Compensation, Postemployment $E$ net ar Compensated Absences and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The disclosures required for this Note shall be aggregated all or reporting entity's defined benefit pension plans and for all of a reporting entity's other defined benefit pos timonent plans unless disaggregating in groups is considered to provide useful information or is othery se reired by SSAP No. 92-Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions or SSAP No. 102—Pensions. Disclos_cs sb ll be as of the date of each statement of financial position presented. Disclosures about pension nlain with assets in excess of the accumulated benefit obligation generally may be aggregated with disclosy is abo pein on plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of assets. The same aggregation is perm ed for ot er postretirement benefit plans. If aggregate disclosures are presented, a reporting entity shall disclose:

- The aggregate benefit obligatio and aggregate fair value of plan assets for plans with benefit obligations in excess of plan assets as of the in surement date of each statement of financial position presented.
- The aggregate pension act amur +ed wenefit obligation and aggregate fair value of plan assets for pension plans with accumulated b nefit bligati ns in excess of plan assets.

Refer to SSAP No. 11-Pu temployment Benefits and Compensated Absences, SSAP No. 92—Postretirement Benefits Other Th $\eta$ Pensions and SSAP No. 102—Pensions for additional guidance.

## Instruction:

A. Defined Benefit Plan

Disclose the following regarding a reporting entity sponsoring a Defined Benefit Plan for which the reporting entity is directly liable (i.e., the plan resides directly in the reporting entity):
(1) A reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of the benefit obligation for pension benefits, postretirement benefits, and special or contractual termination benefits showing separately, if applicable, the effects during the period attributable to each of the below. For special or contractual termination benefits see SSAP No. 11-Postemployment Benefi an Compensated Absences for additional information.

- Beginning balance
- Service cost
- Interest cost
- Contributions by plan participants
- Actuarial gains and losses
- Foreign currency exchange rate changes
- Benefits paid
- Plan amendments
- Business combinations, divestitures, rtailin nts, settlements, and special termination benefits
- Ending balance
(2) A reconciliation of beginning and alances of the fair value of plan assets for pension benefits, postretirement benefi and c ecial or contractual termination benefits showing separately, if applicable, ct ts a ring the period attributable to each of the below. For special or contractual terminat on benefiu see SSAP No. 11-Postemployment Benefits and Compensated Absences for additional formatio
a. Fair value of plan assets at, eeginning of year
b. Actual return plan assets
c. Foreign $C$ cy change rate changes
d. Catrib tions b the reporting entity
e. Co ibus y plan participants
f. Benefís , aid

Business combinations, divestitures, and settlements
ir value of plan assets at end of year
The unded status of the plans, the amounts recognized in the statement of financial position, $\checkmark$ wing separately the assets (nonadmitted) and liabilities recognized.

The amount of net periodic benefit cost recognized for pension benefits, postretirement benefits, and special or contractual termination benefits, showing separately each of the below. For special or contractual termination benefits, see SSAP No. 11—Postemployment Benefits and Compensated Absences for additional information.
a. Service cost
b. Interest cost
c. Expected return on plan assets for the period
d. Transition asset or obligation
e. Gains and losses
f. Prior service cost or credit
g. Gain or loss recognized due to a settlement or curtailment
h. Total net periodic benefit cost
(5) Separately the net gain or loss and net prior service cost or cirdit rognea in unassigned funds (surplus) for the period and reclassification adjustments of ssigin funds (surplus) for the period, as those amounts, including amortization of the n tran tin asset or obligation, are recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost.
The amounts in unassigned funds (surplus) expected to re ognized as components of net periodic benefit cost over the fiscal year that fol wo the m st recent annual statement of financial position presented, showing separately the ne gair loss, et prior service cost or credit, and net transition asset or obligation.
(7) The amounts in unassigned funds (surplus) $t^{\text {n }}$ have $t$ yet been recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost, showing separate, ie no gain or loss, net prior service cost or credit, and net transition asset or obligation.
(8) On a weighted-average basis, the fo owi ssumptions used in accounting for the plans:

- Assumed discount rate
- Rate of comper ation reas (for pay-related plans)
- Expected lons term rate c return on plan assets

For postretirement /enefits other than pensions, the assumed health care cost trend rate(s) for the next year used to neasure the expected cost of benefits covered by the plan (gross eligible charges) and nera description of the direction and pattern of change in the assumed trend rates thereaf"or, to sether ith the ultimate trend rate(s) and when that rate is expected to be achieved
For pos tire ant enefits other than pensions, the effect of a one-percentage-point increase and the effect 0 - one-percentage-point decrease in the assumed health care cost trend rates on: (1) the pggregate of we service and interest cost components of net periodic postretirement health care b ofit cost; and (2) the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation for health care benefits. (For repses of this disclosure, all other assumptions shall be held constant, and the effects shall be easured based on the substantive plan that is the basis for the accounting.)
The benefits (as of the date of the latest statement of financial position presented) expected to be paid in each of the next five fiscal years, and in the aggregate for the five fiscal years thereafter. The expected benefits should be estimated based on the same assumptions used to measure the company's benefit obligation at the end of the year and should include benefits attributable to estimated future employee service.
(13) The reporting entity's best estimate, as soon as it can reasonably be determined, of contributions expected to be paid to the plan during the next fiscal year beginning after the date of the latest statement of financial position presented. Estimated contributions may be presented in the aggregate combining (1) contributions required by funding regulations or laws, (2) discretionary contributions, and (3) noncash contributions.

If applicable, the amounts and types of securities of the reporting entity and related parties included in plan assets, the approximate amount of future annual benefits of plan participants covered by insurance contracts issued by the reporting entity or related parties, and any significant transactions between the reporting entity or related parties and the plan during the period.

If applicable, any alternative method used to amortize prior service amounts or net gains and losses.
If applicable, any substantive commitment, such as past practice or a history of regular benefit increases, used as the basis for accounting for the benefit obligation.
If applicable, the cost of providing special or contractual termination benefi ognized during the period and a description of the nature of the event.

An explanation of any significant change in the benefit obligation or pran ass is not otherwise apparent in the other disclosures required by SSAP No. 102-Pel ions à d SSAP No. 92Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions.
9) The amount and timing of any plan assets expected to be re ned the employer during the 12-month period, or operating cycle if longer, that follows he mit yecent annual statement of financial position presented.

Reporting entities are required to disclose the accumulat do retirement and pension benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets for $d^{\text {fin }}$ a po retirement and pension benefit plans in the first reporting period after the effective dae or is star lard and in each subsequent reporting period. This disclosure shall specifically note the funa wderfunded status of the postretirement benefit plan. Reporting entities shall also spe ifica note the surplus impact necessary, at each reporting date, to reflect the full benefit bliga on within the financial statements.

Reporting entities electing to apply the tran tion guidance set forth in SSAP No. 102—Pensions and SSAP No. 92-Postretirement $P$ nefits Otrur Than Pensions must disclose the full transition surplus impact calculated froniappl, gui ance in the first quarter statutory financial statements after the transition date and eac repo ${ }^{+t}$ s period thereafter. This disclosure shall include the initial "transition liabilit car 'ate under guidance and the annual amortization amount of the "unrecognized items" io net per dic benefit cost. This disclosure shall include a schedule of the entity's anticipated recos ition of e remaining surplus impact over the transition period.

See SSAP No. 102—Pensions a SSAP No. 92—Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions for details of the transi on guidance.

Information about plan assets:
The objectives ${ }^{f}$ he isclo res about postretirement benefit plan assets are to provide users of financial statements with arl ndersunding of:

- How vestment allocation decisions are made, including the factors that are pertinent to an understan ing of investment policies and strategies:
- Te cla es of plan assets.

T- inp s and valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of plan assets.

- $\quad$ 'e effect of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) on changes in assets for the period.
Significant concentrations of risk within plan assets.
A reporting entity shall consider those overall objectives in providing the following information about plan assets.
B. A narrative description of investment policies and strategies, including target allocation percentages or range of percentages considering the classes of plan assets disclosed pursuant to "C" below, as of the latest statement of financial position presented (on a weighted-average basis for reporting entities with more than one plan), and other factors that are pertinent to an understanding of those policies and strategies such as investment goals, risk management practices, permitted and prohibited investments including the use of derivatives, diversification, and the relationship between plan assets and benefit obligations. For investment funds disclosed as classes as described in " C " below, a description of the significant investment strategies of those funds shall be provided.
C. The fair value of each class of plan assets as of each date for which a statement of financial position is presented. Asset classes shall be based on the nature and risks of assets in a reporting e aty plan(s).

Examples of classes of assets include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Cash and cash equivalents
- Equity securities (segregated by industry type, company size, or in men objective)
- Debt securities, issued by national, state, and local governments
- Corporate debt securities
- Asset-backed securities
- Structured debt
- Derivatives on a gross basis (segregated by type of un orly $\quad$ sk in the contract, for example):
* Interest rate contracts
* Foreign exchange contracts
* Equity contracts
* Commodity contracts
* Credit contracts
* Other contracts
- Investment funds (segregate vv type 0 fund)
- Real estate.

These examples are not mo th to be all inclusive. A reporting entity should consider the overall objectives in determining whether dit ral classes of plan assets or further disaggregation of classes should be disclosed.

The disclosure shat itruade information that enables users of financial statements to assess the inputs and valuation techniques ed to develop fair value measurements of plan assets at the reporting date. For fair value me. rements using significant unobservable inputs, a reporting entity shall disclose the effect of the measuremeit on changes in plan assets for the period. To meet those objectives, the reporting entity shall disclo follu. ing information for each class of plan assets disclosed above for each annual period:

The level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements falls in their entirety, segregating fair value measurements using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), significant other observable inputs (Level 2), and significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

NOTE: In some cases, the inputs used to measure fair value might fall in different levels of the fair value hierarchy. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety shall be determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.
(2) Information about the valuation technique(s) and inputs used to measure fair value and a discussion of changes in valuation techniques and inputs, if any, during the period.
D. A narrative description of the basis used to determine the overall expected long-term rate-of-return-onassets assumption, such as the general approach used, the extent to which the overall rate-of-return-onassets assumption was based on historical returns, the extent to which adjustments were made to those historical returns in order to reflect expectations of future returns, and how those adjustments were determined. The description should consider the classes of assets described in "C" above, as appropriate.
E. Defined Contribution Plans

A reporting entity shall disclose the amount of cost recognized for defined contribution pension and other defined contribution postretirement benefit plans for all periods presented separately from the amount of cost recognized for defined benefit plans. The disclosures shall include a descriptir 10 the nature and effect of any significant changes during the period affecting comparability, such as thange the rate of reporting entity contributions, a business combination, or a divestiture.
F. Multiemployer Plans

Disclose the amount of reporting entity contributions to multiemploye lans reach annual period for which a statement of income is presented. A reporting entity ma diso se total contributions to the multiemployer plan without desegregating the amounts attributable to ${ }_{\mathrm{H}}$ nsions and other postretirement benefits. Disclose a description of the nature and effect of any che ges at ceting comparability, such as a change in the rate of reporting entity contributions, a busir contion, or a divestiture. Disclose whether the contributions represent more than 5 percent or al con ibutions to the plan as indicated in the plan's most recently available annual report.

In addition to the requirements of paragraph above, tke follown ${ }^{\circ}$ information shall be disclosed:

- Whether a funding improvement plan or reh 'ilitation plan has been implemented or is pending.
- Whether the reporting entity paid at rrct to the plan.
- A description of minimum contrib ions quired for future periods, if applicable.
- A qualitative descripti of th extent to which the employer could be responsible for the obligations of the plan including enefits earned by employees during employment with another employer.
G. Consolidated/Holding Com ay Plans

A reporting entity shall that its employees participate in a plan sponsored by the parent company or holding compary fo which the reporting entity has no legal obligation for benefits under the plan. The amount of pen. ${ }^{r} \gg$ tretir nent other than pension, postemployment and compensated absence expense incurred and the an ation methodology utilized by the provider of such benefits shall also be disclosed.
H. Postempry nent Benefits and Compensated Absences

If an ion or postemployment benefits or compensated absences is not accrued in accordance with SSAF No. 1 -Postemployment Benefits and Compensated Absences because the amount cannot be son he imated, that fact and the reasons thereof shall be disclosed.
ture and effect of significant nonroutine events, such as amendments, combinations, divestures, curtailments and settlements.
I. Impact of Medicare Modernization Act on Postretirement Benefits (INT 04-17)
(1) Until an employer is able to determine whether benefits provided by its plan are actuarially equivalent, it shall disclose the following in financial statements for interim or annual periods:
a. The existence of the Act.
b. The fact that measures of the APBO or net periodic postretirement benefit cost do not reflect any amount associated with the subsidy because the employer is unable to conclude whether the benefits provided by the plan are actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D under the Act.
(2) In the interim and annual financial statements for the first period in which emprer includes the effects of the subsidy in measuring the net postretirement benefit coct, $h$ shall disclose the following:
a. The reduction in the net postretirement benefit cost for thin sutated to benefits attributed to former employees.
b. The effect of the subsidy on the measurement of net perio postretirement benefit cost for the current period. That effect includes (1) any amort tion o rie actuarial experience gain in "a." above as a component of the net amortizatio llea sy SSAP No. 92—Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions, (2) the redu in in rrent period service cost due to the subsidy, and (3) the resulting reduction inf inter $\cos ^{t}$ on the net postretirement benefit cost as a result of the subsidy.
(3) An employer shall discl cgis bu efit payments (paid and expected, respectively), including prescription drug bene as, and st arately the gross amount of the subsidy receipts (received and expected, respectively).

## Illustration:

c. Any other disclosures required D. SSA. No. 92—Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions which requires disclosure o. "An explanation of any significant change in the benefit obligation or plan assets not otherwise apparent in the other disclosures required by this statement."
A. Defined Benefit Plan

The Company pons rs non zontributory defined benefit pension plans covering U.S. employees. As of December 31, 2, $\quad$ mpany accrued in accordance with actuarially determined amounts with an offset to the pension ost accrual for the incremental asset amortization.
A summa of assets, obligations and assumptions of the Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans are as $f$

December 31, 20 and 20 $\qquad$

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.



THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(2) Change in plan assets


THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS TOTJ FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDTNC CL RII ING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(3) Funded status

a. Components:


THIS EXACT FORMAT MUS BE USED N THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE OT $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ LUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATIO


| Pension <br> Benefits |  | Postretirement |  | Special or Contractual Benefits Per SSAP No. 11 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |  | 20 |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |
| \$ | S | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(5) Amounts in unassigned funds (surplus) recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost


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In NU-E FOR THE TABLE BELOW. OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## CLA IFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE

(6)

Amounts in unassigned funds (surplus) expected , ee rea nized in the next fiscal year as components of net periodic benefit cost

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USEI IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRE LUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.


| Pension Benefits |  | Postretirement Benefits |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION. FOR EXAMPLE, ADDITIONAL INFORMATION MAY BE NECESSARY FOR MULTIPLE PLANS AGGREGATED IN THE DISCLOSURE.

## (NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE THE ENDING NARRATIVE.)

(8) Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost as of Dec. 31

$\qquad$ for the current year and \$ $\qquad$ for the prior year.

The company has multiple non-pension postret ent bu fit plans. The health care plans are contributory, with participants' contributions adjusted annually; the life h rance plans are noncontributory. The accounting for the health care plans anticipates future cost-sharing ch ages to the witten plan that are consistent with the company's expressed intent to increase retiree contribution each ear percent of the excess of the expected general inflation rate over percent. On December 31, 20_, the ompany am ided its postretirement health care plans to provide long-term care coverage

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN ' 'E PRF ARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDE F OM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## (NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUD ${ }^{\text {THL }}$ REGINNING NARRATIVE.)

Assumed alth ca st trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one-percentage-po change in assumed health care cost trend rates would have the following effects:


1 Percentage Point Increase
\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$

1 Percentage Point Decrease
\$ $\qquad$

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(12) The following estimated future payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid in the years indicated:

C.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPAR ${ }_{f}$ ION TF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PRO 'DING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.


NOTE. $\quad$ the instructions for this illustration for examples of descriptions of plan assets.
E. Defined o tribution Plan

Insurz ace mpany employees are covered by a qualified defined contribution pension plan sponsored by the it urance company.

Cont butions of $\qquad$ percent of each employee's compensation are made each year. The Company's conturoution for the plan was $\$$ $\qquad$ million and \$ $\qquad$ million for 20 $\qquad$ and 20 $\qquad$ respectively. At December 31, 20 $\qquad$ , the fair value of plan assets was \$ $\qquad$ million.

The Company participates in a qualified, noncontributory defined benefit pension plan sponsored by ABC Union. In addition, the Company provides certain other postretirement benefits to retired employees through a plan sponsored by ABC Union. The Company's share of net expense for the qualified pension plan was \$___ million and \$ $\qquad$ million for $20 \_$and 20 $\qquad$ , respectively and for other postretirement benefit plans was \$ $\qquad$ million and $\$$ $\qquad$ million for 20 $\qquad$ and 20 $\qquad$ , respectively. Beginning January 1, 20__, the Company's other postretirement benefit plans were amended to restrict benefit eligibility to retirees and certain retiree-eligible employees. Previously covered employees could become eligible for postretirement benefits if they reached retirement age while working for the Company. The Company's contributions to the pension plan and postretirement benefit plans wa (ter than 5 percent of each plan's assets. There are no funding improvement or rehabilitation plans imple ented o.spending for any of the pension and postretirement benefit plans the Company participates in. The Co pany did not pay any surcharges during the reporting period ended December 31, 20 __. The Co pany no responsible for the underfunded status of the plan because the plan operates in a jaisdic on th does not require withdrawing participants to pay a withdrawal liability or other venan in collective-bargaining agreement requires contributions on the basis of hours worked. The qreen nt also has a minimum contribution requirement of $\$ 1,000,000$ each year.
G. Consolidated/Holding Company Plans

The Company participates in a qualified, noncontributo define benefit pension plan sponsored by XYZ Holding Company, an affiliate. In addition, the Con any rovides certain other postretirement benefits to retired employees through a plan sponsored by KYZ rolding Company. The Company has no legal obligation for benefits under these plans. XYZ lding pmpany allocates amounts to the Company based on salary ratios. The Company's shar of in expense for the qualified pension plan was \$ million and \$ $\qquad$ million for 20 _ and 20 , , respectively and for other postretirement benefit plans was $\$$ million Beginning January 1, 20_, the Comp ny's
 million for 20 _ and 20 _ , respectively. i p stretirement benefit plans were amended to restrict benefit eligibility to retirees and certain iree-nli, ole employees. Previously, covered employees could become eligible for postretirement cila if ary reached retirement age while working for the Company.
I. Impact of Medicare Modernizatio Act on J stretirement Benefits (INT 04-17)
(1) Recognition of the existence owhe Act

The Medicare Pres intion Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 (the Act) was signed into aw . Dteember of 2003. The Act includes the following two new features to Medic re P t D th t could affect the measurement of the accumulated postretirement benefit obligati (A) and net periodic postretirement cost for the Plan:

A feceral subsidy (based on $28 \%$ of an individual beneficiary's annual prescription drug costs between $\$ 250$ and $\$ 5,000$ ), which is not taxable, to sponsors of retiree health care

enefit plans that provide a prescription drug benefit that is at least actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D; and

The opportunity for a retiree to obtain a prescription drug benefit under Medicare.
The Company is unable to conclude whether the benefits provided by the Plan are actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D under the Act. As a result, the effects of the Act on accumulated postretirement benefit obligation are not reflected in the financial statement or the accompanying notes.
(2) Effects of the Subsidy in Measuring the Net Postretirement Benefit Cost

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 (the Act) was signed into law in December of 2003. The Act includes the following two new features to Medicare Part D that could affect the measurement of the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation (APBO) and net periodic postretirement cost for the Plan:

- A federal subsidy (based on $28 \%$ of an individual beneficiary's annual prescription drug costs between $\$ 250$ and $\$ 5,000$ ), which is not taxable, to sponsors of retiree health care benefit plans that provide a prescription drug benefit that is at least actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D; and
- The opportunity for a retiree to obtain a prescription drug benefit menden Medicare.

The effect of the Act was a \$ $\qquad$ reduction in the Company s net oostret ement benefit cost for the subsidy related to benefits attributed to former emplowes $\sim$ Aunso had the following effects on the net postretirement benefit cost; a \$ $\qquad$ decrea, ys a rylt of an actuarial gain; a decrease to the current period service cost $\$$ $\qquad$ due to tho sub and $\$$ $\qquad$ decrease to the interest cost.
(3) Disclosure of Gross Benefit Payments

The Company's gross benefit payments for 20 benefit and estimates future payments to be \$ an ually. The Company's subsidy related to including the prescription drug The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvem $t$ and $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{ol}}$ odernization Act of 2003 was \$ $\qquad$ for $20 \_$and estimates future subsidies to be $\quad$ annually.

## 13. Capital and Surplus, Shareholders' Dividend Restr' ctionc anu Quasi-Reorganizations

 Instruction:Disclose the following information ated to pital and surplus, shareholder's dividend restrictions and quasi-reorganizations.
(1) The number of sharas of each class of capital stock authorized, issued and outstanding as of the balance sheet date nd the par value or stated value of each class.
(2) The dividen rate, iquration value and redemption schedule (including prices and dates) of any prefer d sto kissut.
(3) Dividend re rictions, if any, and an indication if the dividends are cumulative.

Th dates and amounts of dividends paid. Note for each payment whether the dividend was dina. Ir extraordinary.

The portion of the reporting entity's profits that may be paid as ordinary dividends to suckholders.

A description of any restrictions placed on the unassigned funds (surplus), including for whom the surplus is being held.
(7) For mutual reciprocals, and similarly organized entities, the total amount of advances to surplus not repaid, if any.
(8) The total amount of stock held by the reporting entity, including stock of affiliated entities, for special purposes such as:
a. Conversion of preferred stock
b. Employee stock options
c. Stock purchase warrants
(9) A description of the reasons for changes in the balances of any special surple funds mom the prior period.
(10) The portion of unassigned funds (surplus) represented or reduced by imulat je unrealized gains and losses.

## Surplus Notes

For each surplus debenture or similar obligation, except the sur rus notes required or those that are a prerequisite for purchasing an insurance policy are by the policyholder, furnish the following information:
a. Date issued
b. Description of the assets received
c. Holder of the note or, if public, the nam of the underwriter and trustee
d. Par Value (Face Amount of No )
e. Carrying value of note
f. The rate at which ir erest ac yes
g. Maturity dates or $\mathrm{re}_{\mathrm{P}}$ vment s nedules, if stated
h. Unapproved interest and principal
i. Interest and/ orincipal paid in the current year
j. Total int nd principal paid on surplus notes
k. $S$ fordi ation $t$ ims
l. Liqut tion preference to the reporting entity's common and preferred shareholders

The repayment conditions and restrictions
addition to the above, a reporting entity shall identify all affiliates that hold any portion of a surplus debenture or similar obligation (including an offering registered under the Securities Ict of 1933 or distributed pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933), and any holder of $10 \%$ or more of the outstanding amount of any surplus note registered under the Securities Act of 1933 or distributed pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933.

The impact of the restatement in a quasi-reorganization as long as financial statements for the period of the reorganization are presented.
(13) The effective date of a quasi-reorganization for a period of ten years following the reorganization.

## Illustration:

The Company has $\qquad$ shares authorized, $\qquad$ shares issued and $\qquad$ shares outstanding. All shares are Class A shares.
(2) The Company has no preferred stock outstanding.
(3) Without prior approval of its domiciliary commissioner, dividends to shareholders are limited by the laws of the Company's state of incorporation, $\qquad$ , to \$ $\qquad$ an amount that is based on restrictions relating to statutory surplus.
(4) An ordinary dividend in the amount of \$ $\qquad$ on $\qquad$ was paid v the o mpany.
(5) Within the limitations of (3) above, there are no restrictions placed a the ortron of Company profits that may be paid as ordinary dividends to stockholders.
(6) There were no restrictions placed on the Company's surplus, cludin for whom the surplus is being held.
(7) The total amount of advances to surplus not repaid is $\$$

(8) The amounts of stock held by the Company, inc ng sto $k$ of affiliated companies, for special purposes are:
a. For conversion of preferred stock:
b. For employee stock options: $\qquad$
c. For stock purchase warrants:

(9) Changes in balances of special sumplus iund from the prior year are due to: $\qquad$

The portion of unassis ed funds ( urplus) represented or reduced by cumulative unrealized gains and losses is \$ $\qquad$

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USET IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRL LUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

(NOTE: THIS DOES NOT II CNU E TH ENDING NARRATIVE.)


* Total should agree with Page 3, Line 32.

The surplus note in the amount of $\$$ $\qquad$ listed as item $\qquad$ in the above table, was issued to $\qquad$ (parent) in exchange for $\qquad$ -

The surplus note, in the amount of \$ $\qquad$ listed as item $\qquad$ in the above table, was issued pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, underwritten by , and is administered by $\qquad$ as trustee.

The surplus note has the following repayment conditions and restrictions: (e.g., Each payment of interest on and principal of the surplus notes may be made only with the prior approval of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State and only to the extent the Company has sufficient surplus earnings to make such payment).

The surplus note has the following subordination terms: (e.g., The Notes will rank pari pass with any other future surplus notes of the Parent and with all other similarly subord adit claims).

The liquidation preference to the insurer's common and preferred sharohola s are as follows: (e.g., In the event that the Parent is subject to such a proceeding, hold ers oi ndeotedness, Policy Claims and Prior Claims would be afforded a greater priority timer e Liq dation Act and the terms of the Notes and, accordingly, would have the right to be pain fur ore any payments of interest or principal are made to Note holders).

The surplus debenture in the amount of $\$$, listed as item ___ in above table, is held by (an affiliate).

The surplus debenture in the amount of \$ $\qquad$ ted as item $\qquad$ in above table, was issued pursuant to Rule 144A under the curt es Act of 1933, and is held by (10\% or more). in the following or ne hip a rcentage $\qquad$

The $\qquad$ (an affiliate) holds \$
 \% of the surplus debenture listed as item $\qquad$ in the above table.

The Company has outstanding $\$$ $\qquad$ \% debentures due in 20 $\qquad$ issued on ___ $/ 20$. The carrying ambo it $\mathrm{O}_{\text {. }}$ the debt is $\$ \ldots \ldots$ with an effective rate of ___ $\%$. The debentures are not red mable pi r to 20 __. The Company is required to make annual sinking fund payments of $\$ \ldots$ th $t$ will provide sufficient funds for the retirement of debentures at maturity. Interest paid du. $\cap \mathrm{g}$, _ was $\$$ $\qquad$ _. due to
$\qquad$ on $\qquad$ The principal amount is due 20 $\qquad$ . At the option of the Company, early repays cent by be made. Interest at __ \% is required to be paid annually. Interest paid during 20 was $\qquad$ . The Company is required to maintain a collateral security deposit with the end sets in such security deposit are required to be maintained in a fair value amount at east equal to the outstanding principal. At December 31, 20_, assets having an emitted value of \$ $\qquad$ and a fair value of $\$$ $\qquad$ were on deposit with the lender.

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

(12) The impact of any restatement due to prior quasi-reorganizations is as follows:

> Change in
> Year Surplus

2008
2007
2006
etc.
(13)

Change in Gross Paid-in and Contributed Surplus
\$


## 14. Liabilities, Contingencies and Assessments

Instruction:
For disclosures related to SSAP No. 5R-Liabilities, Conting cies nd Im airments of Assets, SSAP No. 35R— Guaranty Fund and Other Assessments, SSAP No. 97-Investment in S. alary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities and SSAP No. 48-Joint Ventures, Partnerships and Limited Li (sility ompanies describe the nature of any material contingencies in accordance with SSAP No. 5R and repor total ntingent liabilities.
A. Contingent Commitments
(1) Disclose any commitment or con ingent co mitment to an SCA entity, joint venture, partnership, or limited liability comp (e.g. guarantees or commitments to provide additional capital contributions).

Include any commitment cont gent commitment (e.g., guarantees or commitments to provide additional capital contributio ancluding the amount of equity contributions that are contingent commitments rela ed to LIHTC properties investments and the year(s) that contingent commitments are nected to be paid. Refer to SSAP No. 93-Low Income Housing Tax Credit Property Inve nts r accounting guidance.
A gua or hall sclose the following information about each guarantee, or each group or similar gu rantees (except product warranties), even if the likelihood of the guarantor's having to make any pay rents under the guarantee is remote. In addition, the nature of the relationship to the ficiary of the guarantee or undertaking (affiliated or unaffiliated) shall also be disclosed:

The nature of the guarantee, including the approximate term of the guarantee, how the guarantee arose, and the events and circumstances that would require the guarantor to perform under the guarantee, the ultimate impact to the financial statements (specific financial statement line item) if action under the guarantee was required (e.g., increase to investment, dividends to stockholders, etc.) and the current status (that is, as of the date of the statement of financial position) of the payment/performance risk of the guarantee. For example, the current status of the payment/performance risk of a credit-risk-related guarantee could be based on either recently issued external credit ratings or current internal groupings used by the guarantor to manage its risk. An entity that uses internal groupings shall disclose how those groupings are determined and used for managing risk.
b. The potential amount of future payments (undiscounted) the guarantor could be required to make under the guarantee. That maximum potential amount of future payments shall not be reduced by the effect of any amounts that may possibly be recovered under recourse or collateralization provisions in the guarantee (which are addressed under 2c below). If the terms of the guarantee provide for no limitation to the maximum potential future payments under the guarantee, that fact shall be disclosed. If the guarantor is unable to develop an estimate of the maximum potential amount of future payments under its guarantee, the guarantor shall disclose the reasons why it cannot estimate the maximum potential amount.
c. The nature of (1) any recourse provisions that would enable the guar ato recover from third parties any of the amounts paid under the guarantee; and (2) эy asse held either as collateral or by third parties that, upon the occurrence of ny igering event or condition under the guarantee, the guarantor can obtain and quida to recover all or a portion of the amounts paid under the guarantee. The \& arantc shall indicate, if estimable, the approximate extent to which the proceeds in mation of those assets would be expected to cover the maximum potential ap unt or ruture payments under the guarantee
d. The current carrying amount of the liability, if an for t g guarantor's obligations under the guarantee (including the amount, if any onnter SSAP No. 5R-Liabilities, Contingencies and Impairments of $A \mathrm{~A}^{\prime}$ ), res rdless of whether the guarantee is freestanding or embedded in another contra

An aggregate compilation of guarantee oblis ions sill include the maximum potential of future payments of all guarantees (undiscount i, the current liability (contingent and noncontingent) reported in the financial statements ana the urtimate financial statement impact based on maximum potential payments (und counted) a performance under those guarantees had been triggered.

## B. Assessments

Describe the nature of any asses ₹ents tha could have a material financial effect, by type of assessment, and state the estimate of the liabiliı, ide afying whether the corresponding liability has been recognized under SSAP No. 35R—Guaranty Funa nd Other Assessments, a liability has not been recognized as the obligating event has not ye ${ }^{\star}$ ccurred, or indicate that an estimate cannot be made.

For assessments with aabir es recognized under SSAP No. 35R—Guaranty Fund and Other Assessments, disclose the at ount. of the recognized liabilities, any related asset for premium tax credits or policy surcharges, the iods which the assessments are expected to be paid, and the period over which the recorded premium to offsets or policy surcharges are expected to be realized.
Disclose and recognized from paid and accrued premium tax offsets and policy surcharges, and include a reconciliation sets recognized within the previous year's annual statement to the assets recognized in the c rent , ar's annual statement. The reconciliation shall reflect, in aggregate, each component of the ncre e and ecrease in paid and accrued premium tax offsets and policy surcharges, including the amount

The financial statements shall disclose the following related to guaranty fund liabilities and assets related to assessments from insolvencies of entities that wrote long-term care contracts.

- The discount rate applied as of the current reporting date (determined in accordance with SSAP No. 35R-Guaranty Fund and Other Assessments);
- The following disclosures shall be by insolvency:
* The undiscounted and discounted amount of the guaranty fund assessments and related assets;
* The number of jurisdictions for which the long-term care guaranty fund ascocsments payables were discounted and the number of jurisdictions for which asset recoverables vere 'scounted;
* Identify the ranges of years used to discount the assets and the range of $m \mathrm{~m}_{\mathrm{on}}$. $d$ discount the liabilities (e.g., 2-10, 5-20);
* The weighted average numbers of years of the discounting time pen foresterm care guaranty fund assessment liabilities; and
* The weighted average number of years of the discounting time riodror the asset recoverables.

Disclosures shall be made in accordance with SSAP No. $5 R$-Liabilit s, $Q$ ntingencies and Impairments of Assets when there is at least a reasonable possibility th + tr $<m_{r}$ irment of an asset from premium tax offsets or policy surcharges may have been incurred.

## C. Gain Contingencies

Describe the nature of any gain contingencies. Ga. cont rencies are not recognized in a reporting entity's financial statements except as provided under SSAP 15 -Liabilities, Contingencies and Impairments of Assets. If subsequent to the balance sheet dat but nriol to the issuance of financial statements, the gain is realized, disclose the nature of the gain ontil $c y$.
D. Claims Related Extra Contractual ${ }^{\text {Nor }}$ ion Bad Faith Losses Stemming from Lawsuits

SSAP No. 55-Unpaid Claims, osses an Loss Adjustment Expenses requires that claims related extra contractual obligations losses and $\mathfrak{a}$ fo losses shall be included in losses. For claims related extra contractual obligations losses and bad h losses stemming from lawsuits, disclose the dollar amount paid (for the extra contractual an bad faith portion of the total claim amount) in the current reporting period on a direct basis. Disclose tho vumber of claims where amounts were paid to settle claims related extra contractual obligation on in th claims resulting from lawsuits during the reporting period as a range.
Number of cla ${ }^{\circ}$ W, re an sunts were paid to settle claims related extra contractual obligations or bad faith claims resuint fromrawsuits during the reporting period. Please check one of the following ranges of claims:
(c) 51-100 Claims
(d) 101-500 Claims
whe her claim count information is disclosed per claim or per claimant.

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { (f) } & \text { Per Claim } & {[ } \\ \text { (g) } & \text { Per Claimant }\end{array} \quad\left[\begin{array}{l}\text { [ }\end{array}\right.$
For purposes of this disclosure, the following are not considered extra contractual obligations:
a) Attorneys' fees, unless a part of other extra contractual obligations lawsuits;
b) Costs and payments resulting from arbitration and external review determinations;
c) Interest payments made as required under prompt-payment requirements; and
d) Claim settlements within the lifetime policy benefit limits.

Disclose the following information for each joint and several liability arrangements accounted for under SSAP No. 5R-Liabilities, Contingencies and Impairments of Assets. If co-obligors are related parties, disclosure requirements in SSAP No. 25-Affiliates and Other Related Parties also apply.

- The nature of the arrangement, including:
* How the liability arose.
* The relationship with co-obligors.
* The terms and conditions of the arrangements.
- The total outstanding amount under the arrangement, which shall not be red
the effect of any amounts that may be recoverable from other entities.
- The carrying amount, if any, of the entity's liability and the car ing ant of a receivable recognized, if any.
- The nature of any recourse provisions that would enable recovei, from ier entities of the amounts paid, including any limitations on the amounts that might be recovere
- In the period the liability is initially recognized and meas or period the measurement changes significantly:
* The corresponding entry.
* Where the entry was recorded in the financial tateme ${ }^{\text {it }}$ s.


## F. All Other Contingencies

Disclose the nature of any loss conting cy o pail hent of an asset, including an estimate of the possible loss, or range of loss, or state that such an stimetc cannot be made. Disclose the nature of any portion of the balance that is reasonably po nor be ncollectible in accordance with SSAP No. 5R-Liabilities, Contingencies and Impairmer, of Ass s. This meets the requirements of the following SSAPs: SSAP No. 6-Uncollected Pre ium Ba nces, Bills Receivable for Premiums, and Amounts Due From Agents and Brokers; SSAP $\bigcirc . ~ 1-O t h e r ~ A d m i t t e d ~ A s s e t s ; ~ S S A P ~ N o . ~ 47 — U n i n s u r e d ~ P l a n s ; ~$ SSAP No. 54R—Individual and Group nccident and Health Contracts; SSAP No. 56—Separate Accounts; SSAP No. 66—Retrospectiv y Rated Contracts; SSAP No. 86—Derivatives; and other SSAPs as required.

## Illustration:

A. The Company $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{H}}$ give x Z Homes, Inc., a real estate development partnership, a standby commitment until January 1, 20 in the form of capital notes on equity contributions not to exceed the aggregate $\$ \ldots \quad$ in the everin of a loan default by XYZ Homes, Inc., on various of its subordinated debt issues.
(1) Total ${ }^{\circ} A P$ No. 97-Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled, and Affiliated Entities and SS_ 3 No. 48-Joint Ventures, Partnerships and Limited Liability Companies contingent liab ities: \$ $\qquad$ .

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(2)

| Nature and circumstances of guarantee and key attributes, including date and duration of agreement. | Liability recognition of guarantee. <br> (Include amount recognized at inception. If no initial recognition, document exception allowed under SSAP No. 5R.) | Ultimate financial statement impact if action under the guarantee is required. | 4 <br> Maximum <br> potential amount <br> of future <br> payments <br> (undiscounted) <br> the guarantor <br> could be <br> required to make <br> under the <br> guarantee. If <br> unable to <br> develop an <br> estimate, <br> should be <br> specit <br> noter | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Guarantee the indebtedness of subsidiary LJS for its debt on real estate | XX,XXX | Investments in SCA |  | current in all payments of principal and interest, as well as their external credit rating (AA), which has been consistent for the past five years. |
| ........................................................ |  |  |  |  |
| ........................................................ |  |  |  |  |
| ................................................ |  |  |  | ...................................................... |
| Total |  |  |  | XXX |

(a) Pursuant to the terms of this guarantee, the Compa. would be sequired to perform in the event of default by LJS, but would also be permitted to take control of the real e

Note: The illustration above show just one ample. The reporting entity may have others that would be reported, as vell.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN T $\sim$ Er RATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECL ${ }^{`}$ DED Fk $\backslash$ M rROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(3)
a. Aggregate $M$ imum Potential of Future Payments of All Guarar ces ndinoounted) the guarantor could be required to ake ader gi rantees. (Should equal total of Column 4 for (2)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. Curren fiability Recognized in F/S:

## 1. Noncontingent Liabilities

Contingent Liabilities
\$
\$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Ultimate Financial Statement Impact if action under the guarantee is required.

1. Investments in SCA
2. Joint Venture \$
3. Dividends to Stockholders (capital contribution) \$
4. Expense \$
5. Other \$
6. Total (Should equal (3)a.) \$

## Where Amount is Unknown

The Company has received notification of the insolvency of XYZ Insurance Company. It is expected that the insolvency will result in a guaranty fund assessment against the company at some future date. At this time, the company is unable to estimate the possible amounts, if any, of such assessments. Accordingly, the company is unable to determine the impact, if any, such assessments may have on the company's financial position or results of operationc

Where Amount is Known (Retrospective Example)
On $\qquad$ 20 $\qquad$ the company received notification of the inse vency of XYZ Insurance Company. It is expected that the insolvency will result in a retropecti a prem um-based guaranty fund assessment against the company of \$ $\qquad$ that has beert har oo operations in the current period and the liability recognized.

Where Amount is Known (Prospective Example)
On $\qquad$ 20 $\qquad$ the company received notification
the insolvency of XYZ Insurance Company. It is expected that the insolvency ill esur in a prospective-based guaranty fund assessment against the company. A liability for is gue anty fund assessment has yet to be recognized as the conditions in paragraph 4 hou met. (Pursuant to paragraph 4.b. of SSAP No. 35R—Guaranty Fund and Other As essms ts, the event obligating the entity has not yet occurred.) For premium-based assessi opts, he event that obligates the entity is writing the premiums, or being obligated to write rene the premiums on which the assessments are expected to be based. There is no stat w tha quires the entity to remain liable for assessments, even though the insurance entity dis onts the writing of premiums. As such, a liability will be recognized once this condition bs veen $p$ et. As no liability has yet to be recognized for this notification of insolvenc pi vium tax offsets or policy surcharges assets have been recognized for this $\eta$ aficatio Pu. ouant to SSAP No. 35R, the accrual of prospective premium-based assess ants is bas $d$ on and limited in the same manner for which the liability is recognized.

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USET IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PR. LUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.



Note: Detail descriptions for the sub-lines of $2 b$ and 2c are just examples of descriptions that could be used in those lines.

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

(3)
a. Discount Rate Applied \%
b. The Undiscounted and Discounted Amount of the Guaranty Fund Assessments and Related Assets by Insolvency

| Name of the Insolvency | Guaranty Fund Assessment |  | Rel ted As. ${ }^{\text {cos }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Undiscounted | Discounted | Undiscounte | Discounted |
|  |  |  |  |  |

c. Number of Jurisdictions, Ranges of Years Used t Dis rupt and Weighted Average Number of Years of the Discounting Time Period to Payables and Recoverables by Insolvency

| Name of the Insolvency | Payables $\square^{\text {a }}$ |  | Recoverables |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Jurisdictions |  | Number of Jurisdictions | $\begin{gathered} \text { Range } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Years } \end{gathered}$ | Weighted Average Number of Years |

C. Gain Contingencies

On January 15, 20 _, the compary as plai iff, was successful in a suit it had previously filed for damages in a case involving misrepresentation february 10, 20_, the company received $\$ \ldots \ldots$ in damages as a result of this case. Accord gly, the company has recorded this amount in its first quarter, 20_, financial statements.

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE JSEL TN IHE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARI NO' PREC LUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRAT

D. Claims F lated Extra Contractual Obligation and Bad Faith Losses Stemming from Lawsuits

The comony ${ }^{\text {i }}$ the following amounts in the reporting period to settle claims related extra contractual oblig ions bad faith claims stemming from lawsuits.


Direct
\$ xxx,xxx

Jumber of claims where amounts were paid to settle claims related extra contractual obligations or bad farth claims resulting from lawsuits during the reporting period.

| ( a ) | ( b ) | ( c ) | ( d ) | ( e ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-25$ Claims | $26-50$ Claims | $51-100$ Claims | $101-500$ Claims | More than 500 Claims |
|  | X |  |  |  |

Indicate whether claim count information is disclosed per claim or per claimant.
(f) Per Claim [ ]
(g) Per Claimant [ ]

## F. All Other Contingencies

Various lawsuits against the Company have arisen in the course of the Company's business. Contingent liabilities arising from litigation, income taxes and other matters are not considered material in relation to the financial position of the Company. The Company has no assets that it considers to be impaired.

## 15. Leases

Instruction:
A. Disclose the following items related to lessee leasing arrangements (refer to SSAP No. $\sim$ eases):
(1) A general description of the lessee's leasing arrangements including but at limited to, the following:
a. Rental expense for each period for which an income stateme is seented, with separate amounts for minimum rentals, contingent rentals, and suble ${ }^{\circ}$ rent ${ }^{1}$ s. Rental payments under leases with terms of a month or less that were not renew $\epsilon^{\wedge}$ neeu ${ }^{ \pm}$be included.
b. The basis on which contingent rental payments are de mine
c. The existence and terms of renewal or purcha, ptions and escalation clauses.
d. Restrictions imposed by lease agreemen shase those concerning dividends, additional debt, and further leasing.
e. Identification of lease agreements that n ve been terminated early or for which the lessee is no longer using the leased prope ay benettro, and the liability recognized in the financial statements under these ag eme
(2) For leases having initial reming oncancelable lease terms in excess of one year:
a. Future minimum re payme ts required as of the date of the latest balance sheet presented, in the aggregate and for acb of the five succeeding years; and
b. The total of mimum rentals to be received in the future under noncancelable subleases as of the date of the in st balance sheet presented.
(3)

a. A des intion of the terms of the sale-leaseback transaction, including future commitments, obligations, provisions, or circumstances that require or result in the seller-lessee's continuing involvement; and
b. For those accounted for as deposits, (a) the obligation for future minimum lease payments as f the date of the latest balance sheet presented in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding years; and (b) the total of minimum sublease rentals, if any, to be received in the future under noncancelable subleases in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding years.
B. When leasing is a significant part of the lessor's business activities in terms of revenue, net income or assets, disclose the following information with respect to leases:
(1) For operating leases:
a. A general description of the lessor's leasing arrangements;
b. The cost and carrying amount, if different, of property on lease or held for leasing by major classes of property according to nature or function, and the amount of accumulated depreciation in total as of the date of the latest balance sheet presented;
c. Minimum future rentals on noncancelable leases as of the date of the balance sheet presented, in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding years; and
d. Total contingent rentals included in income for each period for wh in me statement is presented.
(2) For leveraged leases:
a. A description of the terms including the pretax income in $\eta$ the leveraged leases. For purposes of presenting the investment in a leveraged leas in the lessor's balance sheet, the amount of related deferred taxes shall be presented saratel from the remainder of the net investment);
b. Separate presentation (from each other) thall made of pretax income from the leveraged lease, the tax effect of pretax income, and an in of investment tax credit recognized as income during the period; and
c. When leveraged leasing is a signit nt pa of the lessor's business activities in terms of revenue, net income, or assets, the coin opents of the net investment balance in leveraged leases shall be disclosed.

Illustration:
A. Lessee Operating Lease
(1)

a. The Company leases omice equipment under various noncancelable operating lease agreements the expire through December 20 $\qquad$ . Rental expense for 20 $\qquad$ , and 20 $\qquad$ was approximately $\qquad$ , and \$ $\qquad$ , respectively.
c. C tain ental c nmitments have renewal options extending through the year 20 $\qquad$ . Some of the ren vals re subject to adjustments in future periods.

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At December 31, 20 $\qquad$ , the minimum aggregate rental commitments are as follows: Year Ending December 31

Operating Leases

1. 20
2. 20 _
\$ $\qquad$
3. 20_
4. 20
5. 20__
\$
\$ $\qquad$
6. Total
\$
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
(3) The company is not involved in any material sales - leaseback transactions.
B. Lessor Leases
(1) Operating Leases
a. The company owns or leases numerous sites that are leased or subleased to franchisees. Buildings owned or leased that meet the criteria for operating leases are carried at the gross investment in the lease less unearned income. Unearned income is recognized in such a manner as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment. The typical lease period is 20 years and some leases contain renewal options. The franchisee is responsible for the payment of property taxes, insurance and maintenance costs related to the leased property.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE ABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING oISC OSJRE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
c. Future minimum lease payment receivables under noncan ${ }^{1}$ able asing arrangements as of December 31, 20___ are as follows:

d. Contingent rentals in ${ }^{1}$ in incone for the years ended December 31, 20__ and 20__ amounted to \$ $\qquad$ , respectively. The net investment is classified as real estate.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE EPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRE ALUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## (NOTE: THIS DOES NOT IN'SLU SE Th BEGINNING NARRATIVE.)

(2)

## Leverage ' eases

The Company's investment in leveraged leases relates to equipment used primarily in the insportation industries. The component of net income from leveraged leases at Deumber 31, 20 $\qquad$ and December 31, 20 were as shown below:

1. Income from leveraged leases before income tax including investment tax credit
2. Less current income tax
3. Net income from leveraged leases
\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
20 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
20 $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
c. The components of the investment in leveraged leases at December 31, 20__ and 20_ $\qquad$ were as shown below:
4. Lease contracts receivable (net of principal and interest on non-recourse financing)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
5. Estimated residual value of leased assets
\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
6. Unearned and deferred income
7. Investment in leveraged leases
8. Deferred income taxes related to leveraged leases
9. Net investment in leveraged leases

10. Information About Financial Instruments With Off-Balance-Sheet Risk And Fi ancia Tnstruments With Concentrations of Credit Risk

Refer to SSAP No. 27-Off-Balance-Sheet and Credit Risk Disclosures for account. r guit. nce.

## Instruction:

For financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk, a reporting entit stra discrose in the financial statements the following information by class of financial instrument:
(1) The face or contract amount (or notional pring pal a ound if there is no face or contract amount).
(2) The nature and terms, including, at a mum, discussion of (i) the credit and market risk of those instruments, (ii) the cash requirements $f$ those instruments, and (iii) the related accounting policy pursuant to the requirements APD Opinion No. 22, Disclosure of Accounting Policies.
(3) The amount of accounting locs the ntity ould incur if any party to the financial instrument failed completely to perform a -ordiirg to th terms of the contract and the collateral or other security, if any, for the amount du proved to e of no value to the entity.
(4) The entity's policy of requin $\quad$ o ollateral or other security to support financial instruments subject to credit risk, info atation about the entity's access to that collateral or other security, and the nature and a brit description of the collateral or other security supporting those financial instruments.

Illustration:
THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIE ${ }^{\circ}$ RE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSI TION.

## (NOTE: THISDOE NOT NCLUDE THE ENDING NARRATIVE.)

(1) The table below summarizes the face amount of the Company's financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk.


See Schedule DB of the Company's annual statement for additional detail.

The Company uses interest rate swaps to reduce market risks from changes in interest rates and to alter interest rate exposures arising from mismatches between assets and liabilities. Under interest rate swaps, the Company agrees with other parties to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed-rate and floating-rate interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed notional principal amount. Generally, no cash is exchanged at the outset of the contract and either party makes no principal payments. These transactions are entered into pursuant to master agreements that provide for a single net payment to be made by one counterparty at each due date.

Under exchange-traded currency futures and options, the Company agrees to purchase a specified number of contracts with other parties and to post variation margin on a daily basis in an amount equal to the difference in the daily fair values of those contracts. The pa res vith whom the Company enters into exchange-traded futures and options are regulated utures ommissions merchants who are members of a trading exchange.

The Company is exposed to credit-related losses in the event of onpe orman e by counterparties to financial instruments, but it does not expect any counterparties farr neet their obligations given their high credit ratings. The credit exposure of interes te sm os and currency swaps is represented by the fair value (market value) of contracts wit a po tivo fair value (market value) at the reporting date. Because exchange-traded futures and optio are affected through a regulated exchange and positions are marked to market on a daily is the company has little exposure to credit-related losses in the event of nonperform $\quad \mathrm{b}$, sunterparties to such financial instruments.
(4) The Company is required to put up collater ${ }^{-1}$ ans futures contracts that are entered. The amount of collateral that is required is det nined the exchange on which it is traded. The Company currently puts up cash and U. reasu Bonds to satisfy this collateral requirement.

The current credit exposure of the Cr npanv's univative contracts is limited to the fair value at the reporting date. Credit risk is n oed by entering into transactions with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining co. teral ere appropriate and customary. The Company also attempts to minimize it expu re credit risk through the use of various credit monitoring techniques. Approxim dy $\%$ of the net credit exposure for the Company from derivative contracts is with investin nt-grade ounterparties.

## 17. Sale, Transfer and Servicing of Fin $\quad$ ncial Assus and Extinguishments of Liabilities

 Instruction:

For transfers of ro vivables reported as sales in accordance with SSAP No. 42-Sale of Premium Receivall ${ }^{\text {os }}$ the transferor's financial statements shall disclose:

The ;ain or loss recorded on the sale.

For transactions reported in accordance with SSAP No. 103R—Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities, a reporting entity shall disclose the following:
(1) Description of any loaned securities, including the fair value, a description of, and the policy for, requiring collateral, whether or not the collateral is restricted and the amount of collateral for transactions that extend beyond one year from the reporting date.

Include separately, the amount of any loaned securities within the separate account and if the policy and procedures for the separate account differ from the general account
(2) For all servicing assets and servicing liabilities:
a. A description of the risks inherent in servicing assets and rvicin liabilities and, if applicable, the instruments used to mitigate the income state ant con of changes in fair value to the servicing assets and servicing liabilities. (Dis sure quantitative information about the instruments used to manage the risks inheret in rrvicing assets and servicing liabilities is encouraged but not required.)
b. The amount of contractually specified servicin each period for which results of operations prese, ted, including a description of where each amount is reported in the statement of incon
c. Quantitative and qualitative information out thassumptions used to estimate the fair value (for example, discount rates, anticip d ci it losses, and prepayment speeds). An entity that provides quantitative information abou the instruments used to manage the risks inherent in the servicing assets and servicin nlabilities, as encouraged by SSAP No. 103R—Transfers and Servicing of Financial As ets a d xtl juishments of Liabilities, also is encouraged but not required to disclose the quart ative or qualitative information about the assumptions used to estimate the fair valy orm se in ruments.

When servicing assets $a_{a}$. servicir, liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value:
For each class of servicing assis and servicing liabilities, the activity in the balance of servicing assets and the $\mathrm{ac}^{+}$ity in the balance of servicing liabilities (including a description of where changes in fair valu are reported in the statement of income for each period for which results of operations ar pres nte.., including, but not limited to, the following:
a. Th, egin ind and ending balances.

Additions (through purchases of servicing assets, assumptions of servicing obligations, and recognition of servicing obligations that result from transfers of financial assets).
c. Disposals.

Changes in fair value during the period resulting from (i) changes in valuation inputs or assumptions used in the valuation model and (ii) other changes in fair value and a description of those changes.
e. Other changes that affect the balance and a description of those changes.
(4) For securitizations, asset-backed financing arrangements and similar transfers accounted for as sales when the transferor has continuing involvement (as defined in the glossary of the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual) with the transferred financial assets:
a. For each income statement presented:

1. The characteristics of the transfer including a description of the transferor's continuing involvement with the transferred financial assets, the nature and initial fair value of the assets obtained as proceeds and the liabilities incurred in the transfer, and the gain or loss from the sale of transferred financial assets. For initial fair value measurements of assets obtained and liabilities incurred in the transfer, the following inform
(a) The level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair valu measurements in their entirety fall, segregating fair value measurements $u$ ing $q_{4}$ tea prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), gnifi ont oth r observable inputs (Level 2) and significant unobservable inputs (Level 3
(b) The key inputs and assumptions used in measu ing the frir value of assets obtained and liabilities incurred as a result of the sale that i 'ate to the transferor's continuing involvement (including, at a minimum, + not mmited to, and if applicable, quantitative information about discount cted prepayments, including the expected weighted-average life of $p$. ayable inancial assets; and anticipated credit losses, including expected static pool lo es).

- If an entity has aggregated ultiple ansfers during a period, it may disclose the range of assumptions.
- The weighted-ave ge lifo or prepayable assets in periods (for example, months or years) can be a ate by multiplying the principal collections expected in each future pert ${ }^{\text {d }}$ by ${ }^{4}$ number of periods until that future period, summing those 5 raucu ana 'ividing the sum by the initial principal balance.
- Expec d static pool losses can be calculated by summing the actual and projected tur credit losses and dividing the sum by the original balance of the p ol of assets.

2. Cash flows stween a transferor and transferee, including proceeds from new transfers, pro eeds ronl collections reinvested in revolving-period transfers, purchases of iously ransferred financial assets, servicing fees and cash flows received from a beneficial interests.


For each statement of financial position presented, regardless of when the transfer occurred:
Qualitative and quantitative information about the transferor's continuing involvement with transferred financial assets that provides financial statement users with sufficient information to assess the reasons for the continuing involvement and the risks related to the transferred financial assets to which the transferor continues to be exposed after the transfer and the extent that the transferor's risk profile has changed as a result of the transfer (including, but not limited to, credit risk, interest rate risk and other risks), including:
(a) The total principal amount outstanding, the amount that has been derecognized and the amount that continues to be recognized in the statement of financial position.
(b) The terms of any arrangements that could require the transferor to provide financial support (for example, liquidity arrangements and obligations to purchase assets) to the transferee or its beneficial interest holders, including a description of any events or circumstances that could expose the transferor to loss and the amount of the maximum exposure to loss.
(c) Whether the transferor has provided financial or other support during the periods presented that it was not previously contractually required to provide to the transferee or its beneficial interest holders, including when the transferor assisted the transferee or its beneficial interest holders in obtaining support, including:

- The type and amount of support.
- The primary reasons for providing the support.
(d) Information is encouraged about any liquidity arrangements, guarantees and/or other commitments provided by third parties related to the transferred f. ncial assets that may affect the transferor's exposure to loss or risk of the related ransi or's interest.

2. The entity's accounting policies for subsequently measuring ts and liabilities that relate to the continuing involvement with the transferred finar ial ass ts.
3. The key inputs and assumptions used in measuring he far varu of assets or liabilities that relate to the transferor's continuing involvement acludi $r$ at a minimum, but not limited to, and if applicable, quantitative informa on a discount rates; expected prepayments, including the expected weighted-average fe of prepayable financial assets; and anticipated credit losses, including expected s tic po rlosses).
4. For the transferor's interests in the trat $f_{f}$ red $f_{1}$ ancial assets, a sensitivity analysis or stress test showing the hypothetical effect the air value of those interests (including any servicing assets or servicing liablit or wo or more unfavorable variations from the expected levels for each key sumpun that is reported per SSAP No. $103 R$ Transfers and Servicing of $\square$ nam $\square 1$ Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities independently from any change anower key assumption, and a description of the objectives, methodology an minitatio of the sensitivity analysis or stress test.
5. Information about the astot quality of transferred financial assets and any other assets that it manages toget ith $\quad \mathrm{m}$. This information shall be separated between assets that have been der cognizes and ussets that continue to be recognized in the statement of financial posin n. This ir ormation is intended to provide financial statement users with an understanding $f$ the ísks inherent in the transferred financial assets, as well as in other assets and liab es that it manages together with transferred financial assets. For example, iformation for receivables shall include, but is not limited to:

Disclosure quirements for transfers of financial assets accounted for as secured borrowing -voluding repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions disclosed under Notes 5F through 5I avo o):

Thu carrying amounts and classifications of both assets and associated liabilities recognized in the tran deror's statement of financial position at the end of each period presented, including yralitative information about the relationship(s) between those assets and associated liabilities. For example, if assets are restricted solely to satisfy a specific obligation, the carrying amounts of those assets and associated liabilities, including a description of the nature of restrictions placed on the assets.
(6) Disclose any transfers of receivables with recourse.
(7) A description of the securities underlying dollar repurchase and dollar reverse repurchase agreements, including book values and fair values, and maturities for the following categories:
a. Securities subject to dollar repurchase agreements.
b. Securities subject to dollar reverse repurchase agreements.
C. Wash Sales

A reporting entity shall disclose the following information for wash sales, as defined in SSAP No. 103RTransfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities involving transactions for securities with an NAIC designation of 3 or below, or that do not have an NAIC designation, excluding all cash equivalents, derivative instruments and short-term investments with credit assessments equivalent to an NAIC 1 or 2 designation. This disclosure shall be included in the financial statements for when the investment was initially sold. For example, if the investment was sold Dec. 20, 2017, and reacquired on Jan. 10, 2018, the transaction shall be captured in the wash sale disclosure included in the year-end 2017 financial statements. (The disclosures shall be made for the current quarter in the quarterly statement, and for the year in the annual statement)
(1) A description of the reporting entity's objectives regarding these transactions; a
(2) An aggregation of transactions by NAIC Designation 3 or below or ur ated. Include

- The number of transactions involved during the portur eriod;
- The book value of securities sold;
- The cost of securities repurchased; nd
- The realized gains/losses associàed wit the s curities involved.

Illustration:
A. Transfers of Receivables Reported as Sales
(1) During 20__ the company sold of agent balances without recourse to the ABC Company.
(2) The company realized a
oss of 4 as a result of the sale.
C. Wash Sales
(1) In the course of th company s asset management, securities are sold and reacquired within 30 days of the sale da. to enhance the company's yield on its investment portfolio.

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(2) Th details by NAIC designation 3 or below, or unrated of securities sold during the year ended mber 31, 20 $\qquad$ and reacquired within 30 days of the sale date are:


Note: Examples of values for the Description Column are Bonds, Preferred Stocks, Common Stocks, etc.
The NAIC Designation Column should indicate 3 through 6 for those transactions for securities that would have been reported with an NAIC Designation if still owned at the end of the reporting period (e.g., bonds and preferred stocks).

For those transactions for securities that would not have been reported with an NAIC Designation if still owned at the end of the reporting period (e.g., real estate mortgage loans and common stocks), leave the column blank.

## 18. Gain or Loss to the Reporting Entity from Uninsured Plans and the Uninsured Portion of Partially Insured Plans

## Instruction:

Provide information with regard to the profitability to the reporting entity of uninsured accident and health plans and the uninsured portions of partially insured plans for which the reporting entity serves as an Administrative Services Only (ASO) or an Administrative Services Contract (ASC) administrator.
A. ASO Plans

For ASO plans, provide the following information with regard to the profitability to e repoing entity of all ASO plans and the uninsured portions of partially insured plans for which the ronorm or entity serves as an administrator.

For the total and each category separately provide:

- Net reimbursement for administrative expenses (including al inis tive fees) in excess of actual expenses
- Total net other income or expense (including interest _manceived from plans)
- Total net gain or loss from operations
- The claim payment volume
B. ASC Plans

For ASC plans, provide information whin reg cotl e profitability to the reporting entity of all ASC plans and the uninsured portions of partially il red ans for which the reporting entity serves as an ASC administrator.

For the total and each category $\mathrm{se}_{\mathrm{P}}$ rately p ovide:

- Gross reimburseme for medical cost incurred
- Gross administmative ss accrued
- Other ${ }^{\circ}$ c m or exr ense (including interest paid to or received from plans)
- Gross expens s incurred (claims and administrative)
- Tota vet gain or loss from operations.
C. Medi are or imilarly Structured Cost Based Reimbursement Contract

For Medicare or similarly structured cost based reimbursement contract plan, the reporting entity shall


Major components of revenue by payor
(2) Receivables from payors with account balances the greater of $10 \%$ of amounts receivable relating to uninsured accident and health plans or \$10,000
(3) Recorded allowances and reserves for adjustment of recorded revenues
(4) Adjustments to revenue resulting from audit of receivables related to revenues recorded in the prior period

Illustration:
THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
A. ASO Plans

The gain from operations from Administrative Services Only (ASO) uninsured plans and the uninsured portion of partially insured plans was as follows during 20
$\qquad$ :

a. Net reimbursement for administrative expenses (including administrative fees) in excess of actual expenses

b. Total net other income or expenses (including interest paid to or received from plans)
c. Net gain or (loss) from operations
d. Total claim payment volume
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$


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B. ASC Plans

The gain from operations from A minis tive ervices Contract (ASC) uninsured plans and the uninsured portion of partially insured plar was as for ws during 20 $\qquad$ :

|  | Uninsured Portion <br> of Partially | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASC | Ininsured Plans | Insured Plans |

a. Gross reimbursf ath for medical cost incurr a \$ $\qquad$
b. Gross admil tratı fo accrued
\$ \$ \$
c. Other income of xpenses (including inter ${ }^{+}$paid to or received from plans)
\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
d. C oss vperres incurred (claims and Iminist ative) \$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
C. Medicare or Other Similarly Structured Cost Based Reimbursement Contract:
(1) Revenue from the Company's Medicare (or similarly structured cost based reimbursement contract) contract for the year 20 $\qquad$ , consisted of \$ $\qquad$ for medical and hospital related services and \$ $\qquad$ for administrative expenses.
(2)

As of December 31, 20
$\qquad$ the Company has recorded receivables from the following payors whose account balances are greater than $10 \%$ of the Company's amounts receivable from uninsured accident and health plans or $\$ 10,000$ :

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ABC Company } & \$ \\
\text { XYZ Company } & \$ \_
\end{array}
$$

In connection with the Company's Medicare (or similarly structured cost based reimbursement contract) contract, the Company has recorded allowances and reserves for adjustment of recorded revenues in the amount of $\$$ $\qquad$ at December 31, 20 $\qquad$ .

The Company has made no adjustment to revenue resulting from audit of aceivab s related to revenues recorded in the prior period.

## 19. Direct Premium Written/Produced by Managing General Agents/Third Party Adm istrat rs

## Instruction:

Disclose the aggregate amount of direct premiums written through managis general agents or third party administrators. For purposes of this instruction, a managing general $a_{b} \mathrm{nt} \mathrm{me} \mathrm{ms}$ the same as referenced in Appendix A-225 of the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual his a in equal to or greater than 5\% of surplus, provide the following information for each managing ge , 1 agei and third party administrator:

- Name and address of managing general agent or third party dnt istra, गr.
- Federal Employer Identification Number.
- Whether such person holds an exclusive contract.
- Types of business written.
- Type of authority granted (i.e., underwritind clâ. ns puyment, etc.).
- Total direct premiums written/produ d by mai ging general agents or third party administrators.


## Illustration:

REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PREL UDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION


Authority Codes Sample Listing:

| C | - | Claims Payment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CA | - | Claims Adjustment |
| R | - | Reinsurance Ceding |
| B | - | Binding Authority |
| P | - | Premium Collection |
| U | - | Underwriting |

## 20. Fair Value Measurements

## Instruction:

A. A reporting entity shall disclose information that helps users of the financial statements to assess both of the following:

For assets and liabilities that are measured and reported ${ }^{1}$ at fair value or net asset value (NAV) in the statement of financial position after initial recognition, the valuation techniques and the inputs used to develop those measurements; and

For fair value measurements in the statement of financial position detern ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ed usin significant unobservable inputs (Level 3), the effect of the measurements on earnings ar changes in net assets) for the period.

To meet these objectives, the reporting entity shall disclose the inforration por aphs (1) through (4) below for each class of assets and liabilities measured and reported ${ }^{1}$ at $r$ valu or NAV in the statement of financial position after initial recognition. The reporting entity sull do rme appropriate classes of assets and liabilities in accordance with the annual statement instructions.
(1) The level of the fair value hierarchy within which th in measurements are categorized in their entirety (Level 1, 2 or 3). (Investments repo at at $N_{A} V$ shall not be captured within the fair value hierarchy, but shall be separately identifréd)

For assets and liabilities held at the reportin. date, th. amounts of any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, ie ro ons for the transfers, and the reporting entity's policy for determining when transfers bet en levels are recognized. Transfers into each level shall be disclosed and discussed sepa ately from cransfers out of each level.
(2) For fair value measurements cate rized hin Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy a reconciliation from the opening balance $\mathcal{C}$ an clo $n g$ balances disclosing separately changes during the period attributable to the folle ing:
a. Total gains or loss for he period recognized in income or surplus.
b. Purchase sales, issues and settlements (each type disclosed separately).
c. Th amou s of any transfers into or out of Level 3, the reasons for those transfers, and eport ig entity's policy for determining when transfers between levels are gnızed. Transfers into Level 3 shall be disclosed and discussed separately from train. prs out of Level 3.

rting entity shall disclose and consistently follow its policy for determining when transfers be reen levels are recognized. The policy about the timing of recognizing transfers shall be the sam for transfers into Level 3 as that for transfers out of Level 3. Examples of policies for when cognize the transfers are as follows:
a. The actual date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.
b. The beginning of the reporting period.
c. The end of the reporting period.

[^5](4)
(5) rele ant arkt data was considered in measuring fair value.

For der and liabilities, the reporting entity shall present both of the following:
The ursclosures required by paragraph (1) and (2) above on a gross basis.

The reconciliation disclosures required by paragraphs (2), (3) and (4) on either a gross or net basis.

The quantit ive unsures required by 20A above shall be presented using a tabular format. (See Illustrations.)
B. The reporting entity is encouraged, but not required, to combine the fair value information disclosed under

SAP No. 100R—Fair Value with the fair value information disclosed under other accounting pronouncements (for example, disclosures about fair value of financial instruments) in the periods in which those disclosures are required, if practicable. The reporting entity also is encouraged, but not required, to disclose information about other similar measurements, if practicable.
C. A reporting entity shall disclose in the notes to the financial statements, as of each date for which a statement of financial position is presented in the quarterly or annual financial statements, the aggregate fair value or NAV for all financial instruments and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements in their entirety fall. This disclosure shall be summarized by the type of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate fair value, except for certain financial instruments identified below.

The disclosures about fair value prescribed in the paragraph above are not required for the following: (Note: These exclusions are specific to Note 20C and do not impact the reporting of fair value that may be required in other SSAPs or statutory accounting schedules.)

- Employers' and plans’ obligations for pension benefits, other postretiremen benefin (see scope paragraph of SSAP No. 92—Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions), pocten ${ }^{1}$ oyment benefits, employee stock option and stock purchase plans, and other forms of de rrea compensation arrangements, as defined in SSAP No. 12-Employe Su ck wnership Plans, SSAP No. 104R-Share-Based Payments, SSAP No. 92-Postretirmen one $\boldsymbol{r}_{\text {- Other Than Pensions }}$ and SSAP No. 102—Pensions.
- Substantively extinguished debt subject to the disclosure requirent ts oroSAP No. 103R—Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Lial ${ }^{\prime} \cdot l i t i e s$.
- Insurance contracts, other than financial guarantees and d poortypu-tracts
- Lease contracts as defined in SSAP No. 22-Leases.
- Warranty obligations and rights.
- Investments accounted for under the equity
- Equity instruments issued by the entity.

Fair value disclosed in the notes shall be resented $\dagger$ gether with the related admitted values in a form that makes it clear whether the fair val and a nitted values represent assets or liabilities and to which line items in the Statement of Ass s, Liad ities, Surplus and Other Funds they relate. Unless specified otherwise in another SSAP, the 'isclosures hay be made net of encumbrances, if the asset or liability is so reported. A reporting entity shall a 0 dis sse the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments.

If it is not practicable for a sorting entity to estimate the fair value of the financial instrument or a class of financial instruments carrying amour for t ose ite is shall be reported in the "not practicable" column with additional disclosure as required in P ora 20 D below.
D. If it is not practicable or an entity to estimate the fair value of a financial instrument or a class of financial instrume " the following shall be disclosed:
(1)
rormin pertinent to estimating the fair value of that financial instrument or class of financial inst ments and the investment does not qualify for the NAV practical expedient, such as the carr ing amount, effective interest rate and maturity; and

The reasons why it is not practicable to estimate fair value.
E. For investments measured using the NAV practical expedient pursuant to SSAP No. 100R—Fair Value, a reporting entity shall disclose information that helps users of its financial statements to understand the nature and risks of the investments and whether the investments, if sold, are probable of being sold at amounts different from NAV per share. To meet that objective, a reporting entity shall disclose, at a minimum, the following information for instances in which the investment may be sold below NAV, or if there are significant restrictions in the liquidation of an investment held at NAV:

- The NAV along with a description of the investment/investment strategy of the investee.
- If the investment that can never be redeemed with the investees, but the reporting entity receives distributions through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the investees, re orting entity's estimate of the period of time over which the underlying assets are expect to be rquidated by the investees.
- The amount of the reporting entity's unfunded commitments relared to vestm ints in the class.
- A general description of the terms and conditions upon wha the vestor may redeem the investment.
- The circumstances in which an otherwise redeemable inves rent l the class (or a portion thereof) might not be redeemable (for example, investmonts ouvj to lo lockup or gate). Also, for those otherwise redeemable investments that are restric from demption as of the reporting entity's measurement date, the reporting entity shall d clos itc stimate of when the restriction from redemption might lapse. If an estimate cannot se me de, me reporting entity shall disclose that fact and how long the restriction has been in effee
- Any other significant restriction on tho bilis to sell investments in the class at the measurement date.
- If a group of investments would ou rwive meet the criteria in SSAP No. 100R-Fair Value but the individual investments be so ha ${ }^{\text {d }}$ not been identified (for example, if a reporting entity decides to sell $20 \%$ of s investm ts in private equity funds but the individual investments to be sold have not been identh $\quad$ d), so e investments continue to qualify for the practical expedient in SSAP No. 100R—Fair Value, ${ }^{\text {b }}$ reporting entity shall disclose its plans to sell and any remaining actions required to omplete the sale(s).

Illustration:
A.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(1) Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date


NOTE: Descrinn 'rumn shows examples of assets and liabilities that can be disclosed. The sub otals s. own in the illustration are for PDF/print reporting only. When completing the flec onic y jtes, only the detail by class will be reported.

Fair Value Measurements in (Level 3) of the Fair Value Hierarchy

(a) Transferred from Level 2 to Level 3 because reporting entity's policy is to recognize transters nd trans.s out as of the actual date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.
(b) Transferred from Level 3 to evel 2 b aus vable market data became available for these securities.

NOTE: Description colu how examples of assets and liabilities that can be disclosed. Increases to th beginim o barance should be shown as positive amounts and decreases shown as neg ive amoun .
(4)

As of December 31 20XX, the reported fair value of the reporting entity's investments in Level 3, NAIC designated residential mortgage-backed securities was $\$ \mathrm{X}, \mathrm{XXX}$. These securities are senior tranch a so uritization trust and have a weighted-average coupon rate of XX percent and a veig ted-av age maturity of XX years. The underlying loans for these securities are reside $\Rightarrow \mathrm{Su}$ primf mortgages that originated in California in 2006. The underlying loans have a weighted verage coupon rate of XX percent and a weighted-average maturity of XX years. These securities art yurrently below investment grade. To measure their fair value, the reporting entity
d an industry standard pricing model, which is uses an income approach. The significant inputs for L . pricing model include the following weighted averages:

Yield: XX percent.
Probability of default: XX percent constant default rate.
Loss severity: XX percent.
Prepayment: XX percent constant prepayment rate.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
C.


NOTE: Type of Financial Instrument Column shows examples of es inancial instruments that can be disclosed.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THY NOTi TOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLA ${ }^{\top}$ TV NG DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
D. Not Practicable to Estimate Fair Value


> NOTE: Type or Class a Financial Instrument Column shows examples of types or classes of financial instrume, s that can be disclosed. Each individual security should be listed and not just an aggr odu "or e type or class of financial instrument.

## 21. Other Items

Instruction:
A. Unusual or In avent Items

Discl se the ature and financial effects of each unusual or infrequent event or transaction. Gains or losses of sith nature that are not individually material shall be aggregated. This disclosure shall include the line. ms which have been affected by the event or transaction considered to be unusual and/or infrequent.
efer to SSAP No. 24—Discontinued Operations and Unusual or Infrequent Items for accounting guidance.

Refer to SSAP No. 36—Troubled Debt Restructuring for accounting guidance.
State the following information about troubled debt restructurings that occurred during a period for which the financial statements are presented:
(1) For each restructuring (or separate restructuring within a fiscal period for the same category of payables) (e.g., accounts payable or subordinated debentures) a description of the principal changes in terms, major features of settlement, or both;
(2) Aggregate gain on restructuring of payables and the related income tax effec
(3) Aggregate net gain or loss on transfers of assets recognized during the erioa, nd
(4) For periods after a troubled debt restructuring, the extent to which mou hat are contingently payable are included in the carrying amount of restructured vable and the conditions under which those amounts would become payable or would be fors ven.
C. Other Disclosures

Refer to SSAP No. 1—Accounting Policies, Risks \& Uncer i ities, a d Other Disclosures.
Disclose any other items, (e.g., amounts not recorded thenal final statements that represent segred funds held for others).
D. Business Interruption Insurance Recoveries

Disclose the following information rel ed te bere interruption insurance recoveries received during a period for which the financial statements an present $d$ :

- The nature of the event res ang in bu ness interruption losses.
- The aggregate amount of busitr © $;$ erruption recoveries recognized during the period and the line item(s) in the statemer of operawons in which those recoveries are classified (including amounts defined as an extraore ary item pursuant to SSAP No. 24—Discontinued Operations and Unusual or Infrequent Items).
E. State Transfera le an Non-t insferable Tax Credits

Disclose the follown r regarding state transferable and non-transferable tax credits. For purposes of this disclosul ${ }^{\text {tal }}$ unusea transferable and non-transferable state tax credits represent the entire transferable and non-tiun ferable state tax credits available:

Car ing value of transferable and non-transferable state tax credits gross of any related state tax liab ities and total unused transferable and non-transferable state tax credits by state and in total;

Method of estimating utilization of remaining transferable and non-transferable state tax credits or other projected recovery of the current carrying value; and
(3) Impairment amount recognized by the reporting period, if any.
(4) Identify state tax credits by transferable and non-transferable classifications, and identify the admitted and nonadmitted portions of each classification.

Reporting entities shall disclose information pertaining to subprime-mortgage-related risk exposure and related risk management practices, regardless of the materiality of the exposure, in the statutory financial statements. These disclosures are not required in the annual audited financial statements. Although definitions may differ among reporting entities, the following features are commonly recognized characteristics of subprime mortgage loans:

- An interest rate above prime to borrowers who do not qualify for prime rate loans;
- Borrowers with low credit ratings (FICO scores);
- Interest-only or negative amortizing loans;
- Unconventionally high initial loan-to-value ratios;
- Low initial payments based on a fixed introductory rate that expires after a hort initial period, then adjusts to a variable index rate plus a margin for the remainmg ter of th loan;
- Borrowers with less than conventional documentation of their $\stackrel{m}{ }$ d/or net assets;
- Very high or no limits on how much the payment amount or he int rect rate may increase at reset periods, potentially causing a substantial increase in the monthly ayment amount; and/or
- Include substantial prepayment penalties and/or prepayn nt pr halties that extend beyond the initial interest rate adjustment period.

To the extent such information is available, reporting enties in or ander exposure to subprime mortgage related risk through the following sources:

- Direct investments in subprime mortgage
- Direct investments in securities unu jing subprime exposure, such as residential mortgage-backed securities, con ner ar mortgage-backed securities, collateralized debt obligations, structured securities "ncruding principal protected notes), hedge funds, credit default swaps, and special investr
- Equity investments in absidiary, ontrolled or affiliated entities with significant subprime related risk exposure;
- Underwriting risk on polici sued for Mortgage Guaranty or Financial Guaranty insurance coverage.

As it relates to the expocino do rribed above, reporting entities shall provide the following information:
(1) Please rrevie a native description of the manner in which the reporting entity specifically defines exponae to subprime mortgage related risk in practice. Please discuss the general categories $\mathrm{O}_{\text {. }}$ information considered in determining exposure to subprime mortgage related risk. */ Ase differentiate between exposure to unrealized losses due to changes in asset values versus exp cure to realized losses resulting from receiving less than anticipated cash flows or due to P ${ }^{\text {entr sale of assets to meet future cash flow requirements. Please discuss strategies used to }}$ mai ge or mitigate this risk exposure.
(2) Direct exposure through investments in subprime mortgage loans. Within the categories of Mortgages in the Process of Foreclosure, Mortgages in Good Standing, and Mortgages with Restructured Terms, please provide the following information for the aggregate amount of directly held subprime mortgage loans:

- Book/adjusted carrying value (excluding accrued interest);
- Fair value;
- Value of land and buildings;
- Any other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized to date;
- Default rate for the subprime portion of the loan portfolio.
(3) Direct exposure through other investments. Please provide the following information related to other investments with subprime exposure:
- Actual cost
- Book/adjusted carrying value
- Fair value
- Any other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized to date

Please aggregate the information above by the following types of investments:

- Residential mortgage-backed securities
- Commercial mortgage-backed securities
- Collateralized debt obligations
- Structured securities (including principal protected notes)
- Equity investments in subsidiary, controlled or a liatea nntities with significant subprime mortgage related risk exposure (a genera desch tin of the nature and extent of the SCA's exposure should be included)
- Other assets (including but not limited to hedg fund , credit default swaps, special investment vehicles)

Underwriting exposure to subprime mortgage risk hro gh Mortgage Guaranty or Financial Guaranty insurance coverage. Please provide re to ${ }^{\text {ºwing information, by coverage type, related }}$ to underwriting exposure on policies issur for Mortgage Guaranty coverage or Financial Guaranty coverage and any other lines or surai expected to be impacted:

- The aggregate amount of sy oprip related losses paid in the current year;
- The aggregate amount of subprime elated losses incurred in the current year;
- The aggregate nou or ubprime related case reserves at the end of the current reporting perir ;
- The aggregate nount subprime related IBNR reserves at the end of the current reporting period.
G. Retained Assets

Disclose the followi s lim manon regarding the reporting entity's use of retained asset accounts for beneficiaries. Fir pu oses o this disclosure, retained asset accounts represent settlement of life insurance proceeds which e re by the insurance entity within their general account for the benefit of the beneficiaries. Amou ts held outside of the insurance entity, for example in a non-insurance subsidiary, affiliated or controlled untity accounted for under SSAP No. 97-Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated ities such as an interest bearing account established in the beneficiaries name with a bank or thrift ipatintio - Kand subject to applicable Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation coverage) are only requi ed to $\Delta$ described in the context of the structure of the reporting entity's program in accordance with (1), b quan tative information regarding retained asset accounts transferred outside of the reporting entity aro ot royarred.
(1)

A narrative description of how the accounts are structured and reported within the reporting entity's financial statements (e.g., as drafts written by the reporting entity and reported within cash and supplemental contracts without life contingencies; as accounts transferred into the beneficiaries name to an affiliated or unaffiliated bank or other financial institution in which the reporting entity has disposed of its liabilities and related assets, etc). This description should include all of the different interest rates paid to retained asset account holders during the reporting year and the number of times changes in rates were made during the reporting year. The description should also include a listing of all applicable fees charged by the reporting entity that are directly or indirectly associated with the retained asset accounts. Also indicate if the retained asset account is the default method for satisfying life insurance claims.
(2) Number and balance of retained asset accounts in force at the end of the current year and prior year segregated within "aging categories" of "up to 12 months," " 13 to 24 months," " 25 to 36 months," "37 to 48 months," "49 to 60 months," "over 60 months."
(3) Disclose the following segregated between individual and group contracts:

- Number and balance of retained asset accounts in force at the beginning of the year;
- Number and amount of retained asset accounts issued during the year;
- Investment earnings credited to retained asset accounts;
- Fees and other charges assessed to retained asset accounts during the yea
- Number and amount of retained asset accounts transferred to state unclair d property funds;
- Number and amount of retained asset accounts closed/withdrawn aring e year; and
- Number and balance of retained asset accounts in force at the $e^{n} \mathrm{~d}$ the v ar.


## H. Insurance-Linked Securities (ILS) Contracts

Reporting entities shall disclose information when they may recei possi proceeds as the issuer, ceding insurer, or counterparty of insurance-linked securities. Insurance- hker securities (ILS) are securities whose performance is linked to the possible occurrenc of $\rho$ re-s ecined events that relate to insurance risks. While catastrophe bonds (cat bonds) may be he in st wel known type of ILS, there are other non-cat-bond ILS, including those based on mortality ates, 1 gevity and medical-claim costs. ILS securities may be used by an insurer, or any other risk- earim entity, in addition to (or as an alternative to) the purchase of insurance or reinsurance. This di closut shall specifically identify the following:

- Whether the reporting entity may recf pos proceeds as the issuer, ceding insurer, or counterparty of insurance-linked securi es way of managing risks related to directly-written insurance risks. This disclosure shall include the number of outstanding ILS contracts, and the aggregate maximum proceeds cou be received as of the reporting date under the terms of the ILS.
- Whether the reporting entity may eceive possible proceeds as the issuer, ceding insurer, or counterparty of insurance-linked arities as a way of managing risk related to assumed insurance risks. This disclosure nall include the number of outstanding ILS contracts, and the aggregate maximum proceeds thai ould be received as of the reporting date under the terms of the ILS.

which a reporting entity has ceded risk to a reinsurer, and the reinsurer has (either directly or through a broker), the following should be used by the ceden vorting entity in completing the disclosure:

The ceding company shall complete the disclosure with information that they know regarding th insurance entities’ involvement with ILS that would likely be used to satisfy their einsurance arrangement. For this disclosure, information shall be provided that details the naximum possible ILS proceeds as a result of the reinsurer's ILS activity associated with the reinsurance arrangement(s) with the reporting entity. If information is known regarding the number of ILS contracts, that information shall also be included. If specific information is not known by the cedent on the number of ILS contracts associated with the reinsurance arrangement(s) with the reporting entity, the cedent shall report the information known (such as whether there is one ILS contract, or more than one ILS contract, or that the number of ILS contracts is not known). With the cedent entity reporting what is known (and what is not known), the regulator has needed information to further inquire with the ceding company.

## Illustration:

A. Unusual or Infrequent Items

On November _ , $20 \ldots$, the Company prepaid the holders of its ___ senior notes. Accordingly, the Company recorded a loss of \$ $\qquad$ related to the early retirement of debt. The loss comprised a \$ $\qquad$ million prepayment penalty and a write off of premium associated with the debt. This loss is reflected in Line $\qquad$ of the Income Statement.
B. Troubled Debt Restructuring
(1) The Company has one mortgage loan payable with restructured terms. Th orincip changes in terms include the modification of terms from $\qquad$ years to $\qquad$ years and an inci ase in the interest rate from $\qquad$ \% to $\qquad$ \%.
(2) The aggregate gain on restructuring the payable and the relat inc ne were were $\$$ $\qquad$ and \$ $\qquad$ , respectively.
(3) The aggregate gain on the transfer of assets during 20

```
_ was \$
```


(4) As of December 31, 20 , the Company has $\$$ restructured loan, of which \$ $\qquad$ is included in L oan's rrying amount. The Company will be required to pay the contingent amount if its firmanciar ondit on improves to the degree specified in the loan agreements.
C. Other Disclosures

The following amounts were not represented at the fincucial statements as of December 31, 20X1 as they represent segregated funds held for oth $s$ :

Cash deposits of \$ $\qquad$ were $n$ repu ted the financial statements as of December 31, 20X1, as these deposits represented funds helr in an esc w account. This is an increase of \$___ from the prior year December 31, 20X1 financial sta. nents.

NOTE The above is just an example fisclosing one item. The reporting entity could have more than one item to disclo
D. The company receiv a \$ and $\$$ $\qquad$ in 20 $\qquad$ and 20 $\qquad$ , respectively, in business interruption insurance reco eries related to flooding that occurred at the company's main administrative office in August $20 \_$_ . $\quad$ rec oris were reported within the line item "xxx" on the Summary of Operations.
E. State Trasfarable and won-transferable Tax Credits

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MU, TE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTIT ES A E NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER TK ILI USTR TION.


(2) Method of Estimating Utilization of Remaining Transferable and Non-transferable State Tax Credits

The Company estimated the utilization of the remaining transferable and non-transferable state tax credits by projecting future premium taking into account policy growth and rate changes, projecting future tax liability based on projected premium, tax rates and tax credits, and comparing projected future tax liability to the availability of remaining transferable and non-transferable state tax credits.
(3) Impairment Loss

The Company recognized an impairment loss of \$ $\qquad$ related to the wr -down s a result of impairment analysis of the carrying amount for state transferable and non-trans vable tax credits.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NO² FC THE 「ABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYII L. LOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(4) State Tax Credits Admitted and Nonadmitted
a. Transferable
b. Non-transferable

F. Subprime-Mortgage-Related Risk Exposure

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARÂT, $N$ N Or THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROV PROVIviNG CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(2)


|  | Book/Adjusted <br> Carrying Value (excluding interest) | Fair <br> Value | Value of Land and Buildings | Other-Than- <br> Temporary <br> Impairment <br> Losses <br> Recognized | Default Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Mortgag in th. provess of fc eclos e $\qquad$ L |  |  |  |  |  |
| b. Mceic oes lir oood standing |  |  |  |  |  |
| c. Mortgages vith restructured terms |  |  |  |  |  |
| - |  |  |  |  | XXX |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## (NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE THE ENDING NARRATIVE.)

(3) Direct exposure through other investments.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & \text { Cost } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Book/Adjusted } \\ \text { Carrying Value } \\ \text { (excluding interest) }\end{array}$ |  | Other-ThanTemporary pairment Losses cognized |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Residential mortgage-backed securities |  |  |  |  |
| b. Commercial mortgage-backed securities |  |  |  |  |
| c. Collateralized debt obligations |  |  |  |  |
| d. Structured securities |  |  |  |  |
| e. Equity investment in SCAs * |  |  |  |  |
| f. Other assets |  |  |  |  |
| g. Total |  |  |  |  |

* ABC Company's subsidiary XYZ Comp y s in astments in subprime mortgages. These investments comprise $\qquad$ $\%$ of the co tanies $\stackrel{\text { vested assets. }}{ }$

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARAT, N Or THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FRO PROVIviNG CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(4) Underwriting exposure sur rimu mortgage risk through Mortgage Guaranty or Financial Guaranty insurance co rage.

|  | Losses Paid in the Current Year | Losses Incurred in the Current Year | Case Reserves at End of Current Period | IBNR Reserves at End of Current Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Mortgage guvranty overage |  |  |  |  |
| b. Fi ancia guaran coverage |  |  |  |  |
| c. Otb ines ufy): |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| d. Cotal |  |  |  |  |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(2)

|  | In Force |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | As of End of Current Year |  | As of End of Prior Year |
|  | Number | Balance | $N \mathrm{~L}$ ber Balance |
| a. Up to and including 12 months |  | \$ | \$ |
| b. 13 to 24 months |  | \$ | \$ |
| c. 25 to 36 months |  | \$ | \$ |
| d. 37 to 48 months |  | \$ | \$ |
| e. 49 to 60 months |  | \$ | \$ |
| f. Over 60 months |  | \$ | \$ |
| g. Total |  |  | \$ |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION $\mathcal{F} / \operatorname{Hin}^{\text {L }}$ NOIE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVDIN CLA IFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(3)

|  |  | dual |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | umber | Balance/ Amount | Number | Balance/ Amount |
| a. Number/balance of retainod asse accounts at the begin ing oi year |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| b. Number/amount of re ned asse accounts issued/added du. $\quad$ g $t^{\prime}$ c year |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| c. Investment ea ngs credited to retained asset aco nnts during the year | N/A |  | N/A |  |
| d. $F s$ an other $c$ arges assessed to ine asset iccounts during they $y$. | NA |  | NA |  |
| e. Number/a. ount of retained asset accounts transferred to state claimed property funds during the c, ar |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| f. Jumber/amount of retained asset accounts closed/withdrawn during the year |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| g. Number/balance of retained asset accounts at the end of the year $g=a+b+c-d-e-f$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

H. Insurance-Linked Securities (ILS) Contracts

Management of Risk Related To:
(1) Directly Written Insurance Risks
a. ILS Contracts as Issuer
b. ILS Contracts as Ceding Insurer
c. ILS Contracts as Counterparty
(2) Assumed Insurance Risks
a. ILS Contracts as Issuer
b. ILS Contracts as Ceding Insurer
c. ILS Contracts as Counterparty

| Number of Outstanding <br> ILS Contacts | Aggregate Maximum <br> Proceeds |
| :---: | :---: |



## 22. Events Subsequent

Refer to SSAP No. 9—Subsequent Events for accounting guidance,

## Instruction:

Subsequent events shall be considered either:
Type I - Recognized Subsequent Events:
Events or transactions that provid adur nal ridence with respect to conditions that existed at the date of the balance sheet, including the stimates it erent in the process of preparing financial statements.

Type II - Nonrecognized Subsequent Events.
Events or transactions that rovide evidence with respect to conditions that did not exist at the date of the balance sheet but arose after th date.

For material Type I su sequ at evei s, the nature and the amount of the adjustment shall be disclosed only if necessary to keep the fina ial sunts from being misleading.

Material Type II ubsequent events shall not be recorded in the financial statements, but shall be disclosed in the notes to the financiat tatements. For such events, an entity shall disclose the nature of the event and an estimate of its financial effer ar ment that such an estimate cannot be made.

An entr, als shall onsider supplementing the historical financial statements with pro forma financial data. Occasionalı, a ilumecognized subsequent event may be so significant that disclosure can best be made by means of pr fina ial data. Such data shall give effect to the event as if it had occurred on the balance sheet date. In some ituations, an entity also shall consider presenting pro forma statements. If the Type II subsequent event is of such a $h$ thre that pro forma disclosures are necessary to keep the financial statements from being misleading, disclose supplemental pro forma financial data including the impact on net income, surplus, total assets, and total liabilities giving effect to the event as if it occurred on the date of the balance sheet.

Reporting entities shall disclose the dates through which subsequent events have been evaluated along with the dates the statutory reporting statements were issued, or available to be issued.

For the annual reporting period ending December 31, 2013, and thereafter, a reporting entity subject to the assessment under Section 9010 of the Federal Affordable Care Act shall provide a disclosure of the assessment payable in the upcoming year consistent with the guidance provided under SSAP No. 9—Subsequent Events for a Type II subsequent event. The disclosure shall provide information regarding the nature of the assessment and an estimate of its financial impact, including the impact on its risk-based capital position as if it had occurred on the balance sheet date. In accordance with SSAP No. 9, the reporting entity shall also consider whether there is a need to present pro forma financial statements regarding the impact of the assessment, based on its judgment of the materiality of the assessment.

Additionally, for annual reporting periods ending on or after December 31, 2014, the reporting entity shall disclose the amounts reflected in special surplus in the data year. The disclosure shall provide infor atr regarding the nature of the assessment, the estimated amount of the assessment payable for the upcoming ar (curnt year and the prior year), amount of assessment paid (current and prior year) and written premium (current ad prior year) that is the basis for the determination of the Section 9010 fee assessment to be paid i the bsequent year (net assessable premium). The disclosure should also provide the Total Adjusted Capiill bet re and fter adjustment (as reported in its estimate of special surplus applicable to the Section 9010 fee and utired Control Level (in dollars) to reflect the fee as of the annual reporting date as if it had been repor ${ }^{\text {f }}$ on balance sheet date. The reporting entity shall also provide a statement as to whether an RBC action lev wo dhave been triggered had the fee been reported as of the balance sheet date.

## Illustration:

Type I - Recognized Subsequent Events:
Subsequent events have been considered through
On February 1, 20 $\qquad$ , a settlement was reached in
for e statutory statement issued on $\qquad$ _ —. with the lawsuit, the Company estimated ad recortud a liability of $\$$ $\qquad$ on Line $\qquad$ of the Liabilities, Surplus and Other Funds Age. ab act al settlement amount of \$__ was paid to the plaintiff on February 10. The change wil he reen ed in the First Quarter Statement on Line $\qquad$ of the Statement of Income.

Type II - Nonrecognized Subsequent Eve
Subsequent events have beep considere through __/___ for the statutory statement issued on ___ _ .

The Company faces loss exp ure from the January 15, $20 \_$__ earthquake in the State of $\qquad$ . This exposure is primarily in . Company's property and casualty subsidiaries, but also includes potential losses on its re esta a and in ortgage loan portfolios. Based on a review of the range of expected loss, the Company does is bent in mave a material impact on its financial condition.

On Janu ry 1, 2019, Lue Company will be subject to an annual fee under Section 9010 of the federal Affordabl Fare Act (ACA). This annual fee will be allocated to individual health insurers based on the ratio of tho anns of the entity's net premiums written during the preceding calendar year to the amount of he ith im. rance for any U.S. health risk that is written during the preceding calendar year. A health - isur 'ce en ty's portion of the annual fee becomes payable once the entity provides health insurance for an ${ }_{3}$ U.S._-alth risk for each calendar year beginning on or after January 1 of the year the fee is due. As of noce. 'er 31, 2018, the Company has written health insurance subject to the ACA assessment, expects to conduct health insurance business in 2019, and estimates their portion of the annual health insurance 'dustry fee to be payable on September 30, 2019 to be \$ $\qquad$ . This amount is reflected in special surplus. This assessment is expected to impact risk based capital (RBC) by __. Reporting the ACA assessment as of December 31, 2018, would not have triggered an RBC action level.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR LINES A THROUGH H IN THE TABLE BELOW IF APPLICABLE. THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE THE NARRATIVE FOR THE ILLUSTRATION SHOWN ABOVE. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

A Did the reporting entity write accident and health
insurance premium that is subject to Section 9010 of the federal Affordable Care Act (YES/NO)?
B. ACA fee assessment payable for the upcoming year
C. ACA fee assessment paid
D. Premium written subject to ACA 9010 assessment
E. Total Adjusted Capital before surplus adjustment (Five-Year Historical Line 30)
F. $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Total Adjusted Capital after surplus adjustment } \\ & \text { (Five-Year Historical Line } 30 \text { minus 22B above) }\end{aligned}$
F. $\quad$ Total Adjusted Capital after surplus adjustment
(Five-Year Historical Line 30 minus 22B above)
G. Authorized Control Level (Five-Year Historical Line 31)
H. Would reporting the ACA assessment as of

December 31, 2018, have triggered an RBC action level (YES/NO)?

Current Year Prior Year
\$

\$ $\qquad$

23. Reinsurance

Instruction:
A. Ceded Reinsurance Report Section 1 - General Interrogatoris
(1) Are any of the rei surers, listed in Schedule $S$ as non-affiliated, owned in excess of $10 \%$ or controlled, either rectly or indirectly, by the company or by any representative, officer, trustee, or director of the con any?

(2)

Ha any policies issued by the company been reinsured with a company chartered in a country . the United States (excluding U.S. Branches of such companies) that is owned in excess of . \% or controlled directly or indirectly by an insured, a beneficiary, a creditor or any other pers in not primarily engaged in the insurance business?

Yes ( ) No ( )
If yes, give full details.

## Section 2 - Ceded Reinsurance Report - Part A

(1) Does the company have any reinsurance agreements in effect under which the reinsurer may unilaterally cancel any reinsurance for reasons other than for nonpayment of premium or other similar credits?

Yes ( ) No ( )
a. If yes, what is the estimated amount of the aggregate reduction in surplus of a unilateral cancellation by the reinsurer as of the date of this statement, for those agreements in which cancellation results in a net obligation of the reporting entity to the reir art and for which such obligation is not presently accrued? Where necessary, the reporti, entity, ay consider the current or anticipated experience of the business reinsured in mang this estimate. \$ $\qquad$
b. What is the total amount of reinsurance credits taken, whother an or as a reduction of liability, for these agreements in this statement? \$
(2) Does the reporting entity have any reinsurance agreements in en st such that the amount of losses paid or accrued through the statement date may result in payn tont to the reinsurer of amounts that, in aggregate and allowing for offset of mutual cr fro her reinsurance agreements with the same reinsurer, exceed the total direct premiun ollecte under the reinsured policies?

## Yes ( ) No ( )

(1) What is the estimated amount on the aco gate reduction in surplus, (for agreements other than those under which the re sur may nilaterally cancel for reasons other than for nonpayment of premium or other sim ar credits hat are reflected in Section 2 above) of termination of ALL reinsurance agreements, hy either party, as of the date of this statement? Where necessary, the company may consider the urr $t$ or anticipated experience of the business reinsured in making this estimate. \$ $\qquad$
(2) Have any new agre 'ents been executed or existing agreements amended, since January 1 of the year of this aten nt, o include policies or contracts that were in force or which had existing reserv sest. lished $y$ the company as of the effective date of the agreement? Yes ( ) No ( )
$\mathrm{I}^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$, what is the amount of reinsurance credits, whether an asset or a reduction of liability, taken for su tew agreements or amendments? \$ $\qquad$
B. Unco ectible Reinsurance


Describe uncollectible reinsurance written off during the year reported in the following annual statement classifications, including the name or names of the reinsurer(s):

Claims incurred
b. Claim adjustment expenses incurred
c. Premiums earned
d. Other

## C. Commutation of Ceded Reinsurance

Describe commutation of ceded reinsurance during the year reported in the following annual statement classifications, including the name or names of the reinsurer(s):

| (1). | Claims incurred |
| :--- | :--- |
| (2) | Claim adjustment expenses incurred |
| (3) | Premiums earned |
| $(4)$ | Other |

D. Certified Reinsurer Rating Downgraded or Status Subject to Revocation
(1) Reporting Entity Ceding to Certified Reinsurer Whose Rating Was Do ngira ${ }^{1}$ ed c / Status Subject to Revocation

Disclose the impact on any reporting period in which a ct fied insurer's rating has been downgraded or its certified reinsurer status is subject to revocati and additional collateral has not been received as of the filing.
a. Disclose the following information related to certifind rt erv downgraded or status subject to revocation.

- Name of certified reinsurer downgrade or s. ject to revocation of certified reinsurer status and relationship to the reportion entity
- Date of downgrade or revocatio ind ju isdiction of action;
- Collateral percentage require nts p - post downgrade or revocation;
- Net obligations subjer to c Ilr ad and
- Additional collateral requ ed beceived as of the filing date.
b. Disclose impact + the repo ing entity as a result of the assuming entity's downgrade or revocation of certh reins rer status. This amount can be estimated if applicable for quarterly reporting but ${ }^{\prime \prime}$, be an actual amount for annual reporting. See SSAP No. 61RLife, Deposit-T pe and Acvdent and Health Reinsurance for additional guidance.
(2) Reporting Entity's O tified Reinsurer Rating Downgraded or Status Subject to Revocation
U.S. omici ed reir urers are eligible for certified reinsurer status. If the reporting entity is a certifie sins he financial statements shall disclose the impact on any reporting period in which its a tified reinsurer rating is downgraded or status as a certified reinsurer is subject to ovacation.
D. Ose the following information when the reporting entity's certified reinsurer rating is lowngraded or status subject to revocation.

Date of downgrade or revocation and jurisdiction of action;

- Collateral percentage requirements pre and post downgrade or revocation;
- Net obligations subject to collateral; and
- Additional collateral required but not yet funded by the reporting entity as of the filing date.
b. The reporting entity shall disclose the impact on any reporting period in which its certified reinsurer rating is downgraded or status as a certified reinsurer is subject to revocation and the expectation of the reporting entity of its ability to meet the increased requirements.
E. For reinsurance of variable annuity contracts/certificates with an affiliated captive reinsurer, the reporting entity shall disclose the following for each transaction in the annual financial statements:
- The type of benefits being reinsured (e.g. GMDB, GLIB and other guaranteed benefits);
- A description that accurately conveys the purpose of the transaction and significant terms of the reinsurance agreements.

For purposes of this disclosure, "purpose" includes, but is not limited to the following:

* Providing financing for the business outside of the company capital structure,
* Managing volatility of financial results,
* Managing risk mitigations by isolating risks in a legal entity,
* Enhancing the ability to align hedging activity with economic resu
* Any other sound business rationale, identified and justified.
- A description of any risks retroceded to a third party as well as he un nate risks retained by the reporting entity and its parent, subsidiaries and affiliates.
- Whether the reporting entity reinsures variable annuities in a sta dalone captive arrangement, or a multi-product captive arrangement.
- The amount of reserves held by the affiliated captive nut ne reserve methodology for the affiliated captive reinsurer's financial statements, is desci tion of the hedge target and how the reserve methodology differs from the requirements of $\ \leqslant 43$.

The purpose of this disclosure is to capture all cessid to ated insurance/reinsurance entities that are subject to a financial solvency regulatory syste sepa te from that generally applicable to traditional insurers and/or reinsurers in the ceding entity's dome ic jurssdiction.

Given this purpose, an affiliated aptir asu er is any entity that meets the definition of "Affiliate" as established in the NAIC $n$ del ${ }^{\circ} \sigma$ ' ding Company Act. An affiliated non-traditional insurer/reinsurer is an insur re rem urance company that reinsures risks only from its parent or affiliates, and is subject o a fina ial solvency regulatory system separate from that generally applicable to traditional h -rrers an or reinsurers in the ceding entity's domestic jurisdiction. For the purpose of annual statemb rer fting, this definition shall be presumed to include the following, subject to the cedant's rebuttal to , ${ }^{\text {s d domicile: }}$

- An affiliated ins rance or reinsurance company licensed, authorized or otherwise granted the authorit to erave in a single United States jurisdiction under any captive insurer law, sI cial urpose nsurer law, or other similar law separate from those applicable to traditional ins ars an einsurers.
- An affir ed insurance or reinsurance company licensed, authorized or otherwise granted the authority to operate in any jurisdiction outside the United States under any captive insurer w, special purpose insurer law, or other similar law separate from those applicable to tramional insurers and/or reinsurers in that non-United States jurisdiction.
Any other affiliated insurance or reinsurance company that by law, regulation, or order, or contract is authorized to insure or reinsure only risks from its parent or affiliate.
F. For each reinsurance agreement with an affiliated captive reinsurer (same definition as 23E), provide the following information in the annual financial statements:
- $\quad$ Reserve credit taken by the reporting entity for variable annuities.
- $\quad$ The total amount of collateral supporting any reserve credit taken, if applicable.
- A description of the nature of the collateral (funds withheld by the reporting entity, assets placed in trust for the benefit of the cedent, Letters of Credit (LOC), etc.), if applicable as well as a tabular presentation of the value of all assets held by or on behalf of the captive reinsurer that back the variable annuities liabilities (including capital).

List the major asset classes, such as bonds, unconditional LOC's, co titionaiNLOC's and LOC-like instruments, parental guarantees, etc. Note which assets that would ot normally meet the definition of an admitted asset under SSAP No. 4.

Indicate the basis of the valuation of the assets (carrying value fair $\sim$ ue, utory, etc.)
G. Ceding Entities That Utilize Captive Reinsurers to Assume Reserves ubje the XXX/AXXX Captive Framework

Disclose for ceding entities that utilize captives to assume rect to the $\mathrm{XXX} / \mathrm{AXXX}$ captive framework the following:
(1) For each captive reinsurer in which a risk-bas catal iortfall exists per the Risk-Based Capital XXX/AXXX Captive Reinsurance Consolid, d Exhı ${ }^{i}$ (Line 10 amount greater than zero):
a. List the name of the captive reinsurer ane the collar amount of the risk-based capital shortfall.

Provide the Cession ID, NAIC

- par

Code and ID Number used for the captive reinsurer used for the Supplemental $X, ~ Y / A Y$ Reinsurance Exhibit.
b. List the Total Ar asted Cap al (TAC) for the current year, as reported in the Five Year Historical Data page f the ar iual statement, along with the quantity of the sum of the Total Adjusted Capital (TAC), + the total of the risk-based capital shortfalls. See SSAP No. 61R— Life Reinsurar e for additional guidance.

For each cap ve ins. er for which a non-zero Primary Security Shortfall is shown on the RiskBased Capi 1 XXX AXXX Reinsurance Primary Security Shortfall by Cession exhibit, list the name © ine insv er (Column 4 of the exhibit) and the amount of Primary Security Shortfall (Column of the exhibit). Also show the total shortfall from that exhibit across all captive reinsurers.

Illustration:
B. Uncollectible Reinsurance

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
(1) The Company has written off in the current year reinsurance balances due from the companies listed below, the amount of: $\qquad$
That is reflected as:
a. Claims incurred
b. Claims adjustment expenses incurred
c. Premiums earned
d. Other
e. Company

XYZ
ZYX

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATI V OF HIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM F $) V$ VIL NG CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
C. Commutation of Reinsurance Reflectedin In an Expenses

The company has reported in its perat ins the current year as a result of commutation of reinsurance with the companies listed beloy amounts at are reflected as:
(1) Claims incurred
(2) Claims adjustment apenses incurred
(4)
(5)


Other

\$ $\qquad$
\$
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
Amount
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
D. Certified Reinsurer Rating Downgraded or Status Subject to Revocation

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

(1) Reporting Entity Ceding to Certified Reinsurer Whose Rating Was Downgraded or Status Subject to Revocation
a.

b Our domiciliary state downgraded reinsure f 3 C a. f XYZ effective December 15, of the reporting period. As of the filing date, tk ada onal c llateral amount of $\$ 5$ million has not been received. Reinsurers ABC and XYZ ho inc aed their intent to provide the collateral by the required date. This collateral defi iency expected to have a minimal impact as the reinsurers do not provide a signilicant nount of reinsurance coverage for the reporting entity.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREP AR ON OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FPONIPRC JIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
a.

e required to submit additional Collateral of $\$ 30$ million by March 1 and have sufficient iquid assets to meet this obligation.
G. Ceding Entities That Utilize Captive Reinsurers to Assume Reserves Subject to the XXX/AXXX Captive Framework

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLES (LINES 1 AND 2) BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THESE ILLUSTRATIONS.

(1) Captive Reinsurers in Which a Risk-Based Capital Shortfall Exists per the Risk-Based Capital XXX/AXXX Captive Reinsurance Consolidated Exhibit:
a. Captives with Risk-Based Capital Shortfall.

b. Effect of Risk-Based Capital Shortfall on Total A tal (TAC)

1. Total Adjusted Capital (TAC) (Five-Vea Nisto cal Line 30) \$ $\qquad$
2. Risk-Based Capital Shortfall of G(.ja1 Column 5)
\$ $\qquad$
3. Total Adjusted Capital (TAC efor w-Based Capital Shortfall (1)b1+G(1)b2)
\$ $\qquad$
(2) Captive Reinsurers for $\mathrm{W}^{\prime}$ No 7ero Primary Security Shortfall is Shown on the Risk-Based Capital XXX/AXXX R Asurance Prinıary Security Shortfall by Cession Exhibit

| Cession <br> ID | NAIC <br> Company <br> Code | ID Number | Name of Captive Reinsurer | Amount of Primary <br> Security Shortfall |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## 24. Retrospectively Rated Contracts \& Contracts Subject to Redetermination

## Instruction:

A. Disclose the method used by the reporting entity to estimate accrued retrospective premium adjustments.
B. Disclose whether accrued retrospective premiums are recorded through written premium or as an adjustment to earned premium.
C. Disclose the amount of net premiums written that are subject to retrospective rating features, as well as the corresponding percentage to total net premiums written.

This disclosure should include all business that is subject to the accounting
 SSAP No. 66-Retrospectively Rated Contracts (including business that is su gearo indical loss ratio rebate requirements pursuant to the Public Health Service Act).
D. Disclose the following amounts for medical loss ratio rebates requ purn to the Public Health Service Act for the current reporting period year-to-date and prior reporth $\quad$ perind year: incurred rebates, amounts paid and unpaid liabilities segregated into the following tego individual, small group employer, large group employer and other. In addition, the impact of rei yrance assumed, ceded and net on the total medical loss ratio rebate shall be disclosed.

For the purpose of this disclosure only, "current reporting ${ }_{F}$ iod ye to date" means amounts paid during the current reporting year-to-date regardless of when the bate weriginally earned, and liabilities as of the end of the current reporting period year-to-date fo all $u$ vaiorebates regardless of when those rebates were originally earned. "Prior year reporting period" ans the amounts that were reported as of the end of the prior reporting year, without any adjustme to flect additional experience. "Incurred" means amounts paid during the current period, plus the mpa ligbility at the end of the period, minus the unpaid liability at the end of the prior reporting year he ir-rred amount therefore will include any true-ups to the prior year reporting period liability.
E. Risk-Sharing Provisions of the Af ordad Car Act (ACA)
(1) Reporting entities shall ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{o}$ indica $e$ if they wrote any accident and health insurance premium that is subject to the Affordablu ar Act risk-sharing provisions. In the event that the balances are zero, the reporting entity showd provide context to explain the reasons for the zero balances, including insuffic at data to make an estimate, no balances or premium was excluded from the program, etc.
NOTF An report ig entity that reports accident and health insurance premium and losses on neir ant int that is subject to the Affordable Care Act risk-sharing provisions MUST co plete the tables illustrated for the disclosures below, even if all amounts in the
(2) illustrated table are zero.

Impa $0 f$ Risk-Sharing Provisions of the Affordable Care Act on Admitted Assets, Liabilities and Re nue for the Current Year
financial statements shall disclose the admitted assets, liabilities and revenue elements by program regarding the risk-sharing provisions of the Affordable Care Act for the reporting periods that are impacted by programs. The disclosure should include the following:

- Permanent ACA Risk Adjustment Program
> Premium adjustments receivable due to ACA Risk Adjustment (including high-risk pool payments)
> Risk adjustment user fees payable for ACA Risk Adjustment
> Premium adjustments payable due to ACA Risk Adjustment (including high-risk pool premium)
$>$ Reported as revenue in premium for accident and health contracts (written/collected) due to ACA Risk Adjustment
> Reported in expenses as ACA Risk Adjustment user fees (incurred/paid)
- Transitional ACA Reinsurance Program
$>$ Amounts recoverable for claims paid due to ACA Reinsurance
> Amounts recoverable for claims unpaid due to ACA Reinsurance (Contra Liability)
> Amounts receivable relating to uninsured plans for contributions for ACA Reinsurance
$>$ Liabilities for contributions payable due to ACA Reinsurance $-\mathrm{n} \boldsymbol{r} \mathrm{re}_{\mathrm{F}}$ rted as ceded premium
> Ceded reinsurance premiums payable due to ACA Reinsuranc
> Liabilities for amounts held under uninsured plans contnbutio for A CA Reinsurance
> Ceded reinsurance premiums due to ACA Reinsuranc
$>$ Reinsurance recoveries (income statement) due $A C$ Reinsurance payments or expected payments
$>$ ACA Reinsurance contributions - not reported ${ }^{\text {s ct }}$ Cod remium
- Temporary ACA Risk Corridors Program
$>$ Accrued retrospective premium due trA A Ri. Corridors
$>$ Reserve for rate credits or poli vexp ience rating refunds due to ACA Risk Corridors
> Effect of ACA Risk Corridors on H - prentum income (paid/received)
$>$ Effect of ACA Risk Corrid rs $0 \rightarrow$ ange in reserves for rate credits
Roll-Forward of Prior Year ACA in k-Smaing Provisions
A roll-forward of pri year AC risk-sharing provisions for the following asset (gross of any nonadmission) and liabi y balan es shall be disclosed, along with the reasons for adjustments (e.g., federal audits, revised at Apant counts, information which impacted risk score projections, etc.) to prior year b ance.
- Permanent $\Delta \mathrm{CA}$ ~isk Adjustment Program
$\Rightarrow$ Pre iium a justments receivable due to ACA Risk Adjustment (including high-risk pool
> Prt ium adjustments payable due to ACA Risk Adjustment (including high-risk pool premıum)


## nsitional ACA Reinsurance Program

Amounts recoverable for claims paid due to ACA Reinsurance
Amounts recoverable for claims unpaid due to ACA Reinsurance (Contra Liability)
> Amounts receivable relating to uninsured plans for contributions for ACA Reinsurance
> Liabilities for contributions payable due to ACA Reinsurance - not reported as ceded premium
> Ceded reinsurance premiums payable due to ACA Reinsurance
> Liabilities for amounts held under uninsured plans contributions for ACA Reinsurance

- Temporary ACA Risk Corridors Program
$>$ Accrued retrospective premium due to ACA Risk Corridors
> Reserve for rate credits or policy experience rating refunds due to ACA Risk Corridors
(4)

Roll-Forward of Risk Corridors Asset and Liability Balances by Program Benefit Year
Provide an additional roll forward of the risk corridors asset and liability balances and subsequent adjustments by program benefit year. The beginning receivable or payable in the roll-forward will reflect the prior year-end balance for the specified benefit year.

ACA Risk Corridors Receivable as of Reporting Date
The following information is required for risk corridors balances by program benefit year:

- Estimated amount to be filed or final amounts filed with federal agency;
- Amounts impaired or amounts not accrued for other reasons (not withs nding collectability concerns);
- Amounts received from federal agency;
- Asset balance gross of nonadmission;
- Nonadmitted amounts;
- Net admitted assets.


## Illustration:

A. The Company estimates accrued retrospective premiumacs stm for its group health insurance business through a mathematical approach using an algorithm f the mpany's underwriting rules and experience rating practices.
B. The Company records accrued retrospective prium an adjustment to earned premium.
C. The amount of net premiums written the C mpany at December 31, 20__ that are subject to retrospective rating features was _ villion, that represented ___ of the total net premiums written. No other net premiums citten by he Cumpany are subject to retrospective rating features.

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
D. Medical loss ratio rebates required pursuant to the Public Health Service Act.

|  | Individual | 2 <br> Small <br> Group <br> Employer | 3 <br> Large <br> Group <br> Employer | 4 Other Categories with <br> R oat | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prior Reporting Year |  |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Medical loss ratio rebates incurred |  |  |  |  |  |
| (2) Medical loss ratio rebates paid |  |  |  |  |  |
| (3) Medical loss ratio rebates unpaid |  |  |  |  |  |
| (4) Plus reinsurance assumed amounts | XXX | XXX | X | XXX |  |
| (5) Less reinsurance ceded amounts | XXX | XXX | XX | XXX |  |
| (6) Rebates unpaid net of reinsurance | XXX | XXX | XX | XXX |  |
|  |  | $\square$ |  |  |  |
| Current Reporting Year-to-Date |  |  |  |  |  |
| (7) Medical loss ratio rebates incurred |  |  |  |  |  |
| (8) Medical loss ratio rebates paid |  |  |  |  |  |
| (9) Medical loss ratio rebates unpaid |  |  |  |  |  |
| (10) Plus reinsurance assumed amounts | XXX | XXX | XXX | XXX |  |
| (11) Less reinsurance ceded amounts | X | XXX | XXX | XXX |  |
| (12) Rebates unpaid net of reinsur | 今XX | XXX | XXX | XXX |  |

E. Risk-Sharing Provisions of the ${ }^{\text {cfordable ( }}$ are Act (ACA)

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE, EPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRE LUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

NOTE: Any reporting entity hat eports ccident and health insurance premium and losses on their statement that is subject to the fed ${ }^{-}$A orda le Care Act risk-sharing provisions MUST complete the tables (24E(2) through 24E(5)) illustra d berow, even if all amounts in the table are zero.
(1)
the reporting entity write accident and health insurance premium that is subjo to the Affordable Care Act risk-sharing provisions (YES/NO)?

The
zompany had zero balances for the risk corridors program due a lack of sufficient data to ate the recoverable amounts. Revenue for the Current Year

AMOUNT
a. Permanent ACA Risk Adjustment Program

Assets

1. Premium adjustments receivable due to ACA Risk Adjustment
(including high-risk pool payments)
\$ $\qquad$
Liabilities
2. Risk adjustment user fees payable for ACA Risk Adjustment
3. Premium adjustments payable due to ACA Risk Adjustment* (including high risk-pool premium)
Operations (Revenue \& Expense)
4. Reported as revenue in premium for accident and $h$ lolth contracts (written/collected) due to ACA Risk A "
5. Reported in expenses as ACA Risk Adjustment ser lees (incurred/paid)
\$
b. Transitional ACA Reinsurance Program Assets
6. Amounts recoverable for claims aid e to A A Reinsurance
7. Amounts recoverable for claim un ${ }_{\mathrm{F}}$ due to ACA Reinsurance (Contra Liability)
8. Amounts receivable re ing o uninsured plans for contributions for ACA Reinst.
Liabilities
9. Liabilities for contributrons pa able due to ACA Reinsurance - not reported cocedt oremum
10. Ceded $r$ asuranc promiums payable due to ACA Reinsuran
11. Liabilities ion held under uninsured plans contributions for CA Reinsurance
Operations ( F yenue \& Expense)
12. $\sim$ Io surance premiums due to ACA Reinsurance
13. Reinst ance recoveries (income statement) due to ACA oins ance payments or expected payments
ACA Reinsurance contributions - not reported as ceded premium
emporary ACA Risk Corridors Program
Asucts
14. Accrued retrospective premium due to ACA Risk Corridors

Liabilities
2. Reserve for rate credits or policy experience rating refunds due to ACA Risk Corridors
Operations (Revenue \& Expense)
3. Effect of ACA Risk Corridors on net premium income (paid/received)
4. Effect of ACA Risk Corridors on change in reserves for rate credits
\$
\$ $\qquad$
\$
\$ $\qquad$
\$
\$ $\qquad$
\$
\$ $\qquad$
\$
\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$

## \$

\$ $\qquad$

Roll-forward of prior year ACA risk-sharing provisions for the following asset (gross of any nonadmission) and liability balances, along with the reasons for adjustments to prior year balance.




24E(4)d (Columns 1 through 10) should equal 24 . $) \mathrm{c} 3$ ( vlumn 1 through 10 respectively)
(5) ACA Risk Corridors Receivable as Rering Date

| Risk Corridors Program Year | 1 Estimated Amou be Filed or ${ }^{\text { }}$ Amount $\mathrm{Fi}^{\prime}$ CI |  | 3 <br> Amounts received <br> from CMS | 4 <br> Asset Balance (Gross <br> of Non-admissions) <br> $(1-2-3)$ |  | Non-admitted Amount |  | 6 Net Admitted Asset |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. 2014 | \$ |  | \$ | \$ ............................ | \$ | ............ | \$ |  |
| b. 2015 |  |  | \$ | \$ ........................... | \$ | ........ | \$ | ........................... |
| c. 2016 |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| d. Total $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c})$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  | \$ |  |

 24 E ( dd C lumn $€$ should equal $24 \mathrm{E}(2) \mathrm{c} 1$
25. Change in Incurred Losses ad Loss Adjustment Expenses

## Instruction:

A. Desc be th reasons for changes in the provision for incurred loss and loss adjustment expenses ttrib able $t$ insured events of prior years. The disclosure should indicate whether additional premiums or re, $n$ prunams have been accrued as a result of the prior-year effects (if applicable).
B. Information about significant changes in methodologies and assumptions used in calculating the liability $r$ unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, including reasons for the change and the effects on the firrancial statements for the most recent reporting period presented.

## Illustration:

A. Reserves as of December 31, 2__ were \$___million. As of $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ million has been paid for incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of prior years. Reserves remaining for prior years are now \$ $\qquad$ million as a result of re-estimation of unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses principally on yyy and zzz lines of insurance. Therefore, there has been a $\$$ million unfavorable (favorable) prior-year development since December 31, 2___ to $\qquad$ , 2 $\qquad$ . The increase (decrease) is generally the result of ongoing analysis of recent loss development trends. Original estimates are increased or decreased, as additional information becomes known regarding individual claims. Included in this increase (decrease), the Company experienced \$ $\qquad$ million of unfavorable (favorable) prior year loss development on retrospectively rated policies. However, the ou vess to which it relates is subject to premium adjustments.

## 26. Intercompany Pooling Arrangements

Disclose information relating to intercompany pooling arrangements. Refer to SSAP 6 accounting guidance.

## Instruction:

If the reporting entity is part of a group of affiliated entities that utilionc a ng arrangement that affects the solvency and integrity of the reporting entity's reserves under wh he po participants cede substantially all of their direct and assumed business to the pool, describe the busic ms of such arrangement[s] and the related accounting. The disclosure should include:
A. Identification of the lead entity and of all affilia dents participating in the intercompany pool (include NAIC Company Codes) and indication of their respo tive pricentage shares of the pooled business.
B. Description of the lines and types of buriness able of the pooling agreement.
C. Description of cessions to non-a re surers of business subject to the pooling agreement, and indication of whether such cess is were ior $t 5$ or subsequent to the cession of pooled business from the affiliated pool members to the le entity.
D. Identification of all pool members that e parties to reinsurance agreements with non-affiliated reinsurers covering business subject to the pooling agreement and that have a contractual right of direct recovery from the non-affiliated reinsurer $p$ the terms of such reinsurance agreements.
E. Explanation of any screpa cies between entries regarding pooled business on the assumed and ceded reinsurance sch, les f the lead entity and corresponding entries on the assumed and ceded reinsurance schedules of other P ol participants.
F. Descriptio of intercompany sharing, if other than in accordance with the pool participation percentage, and the write- iff of uncollectible reinsurance.
G. Amo ats due to/from the lead entity and all affiliated entities participating in the intercompany pool as of

## 27. Structured Settlements

## Instruction:

A. Disclose the amount of reserves no longer carried by the reporting entity because it has purchased annuities with the claimant as payee and to the extent to which the reporting entity is contingently liable for such amounts should the issuers of the annuities fail to perform under the terms of the annuities.
B. Disclose the name and location of the insurance company and the aggregate statement value of annuities due from any life insurer to the extent that the aggregate value of those annuities equals or exceeds $1 \%$ of policyholders' surplus. Include only annuities for which the company has not obtained a mease of liability from the claimant as a result of the purchase of an annuity. Also, disclose whether the $a$ insurers are licensed in the company's state of domicile.

## Illustration:

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE $\mathcal{\sim} \quad$ TABLES (A \& B) BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDIN! CLA. 'FYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
$\qquad$
B.

## 28. Health Care Receivables

## Instruction:


Statement Value (i.e., Present Value)
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$
A. In accordance with SSAP 84-Health Care and Government Insured Plans Receivables, the financial statement shall discle he thod used by the reporting entity to estimate pharmaceutical rebate receivables. Fo the i ost re nt three years and for each quarter therein, the reporting entity shall disclose the following:

- Estimated balanc of pharmacy rebate receivable as reported on the financial statements;
- Pharn vv rebates as billed or otherwise confirmed; and
- Pb cy ates received.
B.
he 1 ancia statements shall disclose the method used by the reporting entity to estimate its risk sharing re vabru. To the extent that receivable and payable with the same provider are netted, the reporting most recent three years, the reporting entity shall disclose the following:
- Estimated balance of risk sharing receivables as reported on the prior year financial statements for evaluation periods ending in the current year;
- Estimated balance of risk sharing receivables as reported on the financial statements for evaluation periods ending in the current year and the following year;
- Risk sharing receivables billed as determined after the annual evaluation period;
- Risk sharing receivables not yet billed; and
- Amounts received from providers as payments under risk sharing contracts.

Illustration:
THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
A. Pharmaceutical Rebate Receivables

| Quarter | Estimated Pharmacy Rebates as Reported on Financial Statements | Pharmacy <br> Rebates as Billed or Otherwise Confirmed | Actual <br> Rebates <br> Received <br> Within 90 <br> Days of <br> Billing | Actual Rebates Received Within 91 to 180 Days of Billines | ACi l Rebates Receiv 1 More on 180 Days Atter Billing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12/31/2018 | \$ 150 | \$ 147 |  |  |  |
| 9/30/2018 | 130 | 133 | \$ 62 | $2-1$ |  |
| 6/30/2018 | 142 | 143 | 70 | 55 |  |
| 3/31/2018 | 157 | 152 | 65 | 42 | \$ 20 |
| 12/31/2017 | 125 | 132 |  | 27 | 20 |
| 9/30/2017 | 123 | 129 |  | 31 | 14 |
| 6/30/2017 | 112 | 120 |  | 20 | 16 |
| 3/31/2017 | 110 | 118 | 5\% | 39 | 20 |
| 12/31/2016 | 68 | 75 | 34 | 20 | 10 |
| 9/30/2016 | 60 |  | 27 | 17 | 10 |
| 6/30/2016 | 57 | 60 | 31 | 15 | 10 |
| 3/31/2016 | 45 | 0 | 25 | 18 | 7 |

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN HE PR PARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECL TED FR M PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.
B. Risk-Sharing Receivables


## 29. Participating Policies

## Instruction:

For all participating contracts other than property/casualty contracts, reporting entities shall disclose the following:

- The relative percentage of participating insurance;
- The method of accounting for policyholder dividends;
- The amount of dividends;
- The amount of any additional income allocated to participating policyholders.

Refer to SSAP No. 51R—Life Contracts and SSAP No. 54R—Individual and Group Accident a. d Health Contracts for accounting guidance.

## Illustration:

For the reporting year ended $20 \_$, premiums under individual and group accide
were \$ $\qquad$ , or $\qquad$ $\%$ of total individual group and accident and hear pre ims earned. The Company accounts for its policyholder dividends based upon $\qquad$ . The Company p. dividends in the amount of \$ $\qquad$ to policyholders and did not allocate any additional income to such p licyb lders.

## 30. Premium Deficiency Reserves

Instruction:
For all accident and health contracts and property/casualty, ntrac the reporting entity shall disclose the amount of premium deficiency reserves, the date of evaluation for pither deficiency reserves, and whether anticipated investment income was utilized as a factor in the prem am doficiency calculation.

## Illustration:

THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN HE PR PAKATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLL 'ED FR M PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

1. Liability carried for premium def ciency reserves
2. Date of the most recent evaluation f this liability
3. Was anticipated inv tmes incom utilized in the calculation?
\$ $\qquad$

Yes No
31. Reserves for Life Contract and Annuity Contracts

Instruction:
For life and an alty ontracts' reserves, disclose the following:
A scription of reserve practices including waiver of deduction of deferred fractional premiums upon death of insured, return of portion of final premium for periods beyond the date of death, and amount of any surrender value promised in excess of the reserve as legally computed.

The methods employed in the valuation of substandard policies.
(3) The amount of insurance, if any, for which the gross premiums are less than the net premiums according to valuation standards.
(4) The method used to determine tabular interest, tabular less actual reserves released, and tabular cost (by formula or from the basic data for such items).
(5) The method of determination of tabular interest on funds not involving life contingencies.
(6) The nature of other reserve changes.
(5) For the determination of Tabular Interes in furds not involving life contingencies for each valuation rate of interest, the tabular nterest is -dlculated as one hundredth of the product of such valuation rate of interest time the iot he amount of funds subject to such valuation rate of interest held at the beginning and of of th year of valuation.

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN HE PR. PARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLL ED FRI M PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

(6)

As of December 31, $20 \ldots$, the Company had $\$$ $\qquad$ of insur ce in orce for which the gross premiums are less than the net premiums according to the stan ard ation set by the State of $\qquad$ . Reserves to cover the above insur e tou the gross amount of \$ $\qquad$ at year-end and are reported in Exhibit 5, Life suran end Annuities sections.

The Tabular Interest has been determined by formula as ac rribed min the instructions.
The Tabular Less Actual Reserve Released has 1 dete nined by formula as described in the instructions.

The Tabular Cost has been determined by fon ula as scribed in the instructions.

The details for otbr changes:


## 32. Analysis of Annuity Actuarial Reserves and Deposit Type Liabilities by Withdrawal Characteristics

 Instruction:Disclose the amount of annuity actuarial reserves and deposit-type contract funds and other liabilities without life or disability contingencies by withdrawal characteristics as follows:

For A through E below, disclose the general account and separate account with guarantees, separate account nonguaranteed amounts, as well as the total.
A. Subject to discretionary withdrawal:
(1) With market value adjustment, where withdrawal of funds is payable at time or prior to specified maturity dates where such dates are more than one year after the ctate ant date and:
a. In a lump sum with adjustments to reflect general change in in erest in tes or asset values since receipt of funds by the reporting entity; or
b. In installments over five years or more, with or without a rea ction me interest rate during the installment period.
(2) At book value less current surrender charge, where the with rawa of funds is payable at all times, or at any time within one year from the statem nt ater a tump sum subject to a current fixed surrender charge of $5 \%$ or more and it does rot co an a n eaningful bail out rate as described in subparagraph A5 (d) below.
(3) At fair value, where the withdrawal of fut is is pyable at current fair value of the assets supporting the liabilities, the assets are fed a current fair value and the liabilities are stated at the current fair value or per unit value of the assets supporting the liabilities. These liabilities are for contracts where the customer bea s the ntire investment risk.
(4) Total with market value adjustme or at $f$ value.
(5) At book value without djustmen (mimmal or no charge or adjustment) where the withdrawal of funds is either payable all times $r$ at any time (including a withdrawal on a scheduled payment date) within one year from 'e st? ement date and:
a. In a lump sum vithout adjustment;
b. In installmand or less than five years, with or without a reduction in interest rate during the installm nt per d;
c. In a mp oubject to a fixed surrender charge of less than $5 \%$;

- In a lump sum subject to surrender charge, but such charge is waived if the credited rate falls below a specified "bail out" rate and the "bail out" rate is more than the maximum statutory $v_{a}$ ion rate for life insurance policies for more than 20 years for new issues;
B. Not bject to discretionary withdrawal.
C. Total (Gross: Direct + Assumed).
D. Reinsurance ceded.
E. $\quad$ Total (net) $(C)-(D)$.
F. Reconcile total annuity reserves and deposit fund liabilities amount disclosed to the appropriate sections of the Aggregate Reserves for Life Policies and Contracts Exhibit and the Deposit Funds and Other Liabilities without Life or Disability Contingencies Exhibit, of the Life, Accident and Health Annual Statement and the corresponding lines in the Separate Accounts Statement.


## Illustration:

Withdrawal Characteristics of Annuity Actuarial Reserves and Deposit-Type Contract Funds and Other Liabilities Without Life or Disability Contingencies

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

A. Subject to discretionary withdrawal:
(1) With market value adjustment
General
Account

Separate
Account Separate with Account Guarantees Nonguaranteed

\% of Total
(2) At book value less current surrender charge of $5 \%$ or more
(3) At fair value
(4) Total with market value adjustment or at fair value (total of 1 through 3)
(5) At book value without adjustment (minimal or no charge or adjustment)
B. Not subject to discretionary withdrawal
C. Total (gross: direct + assumed)
D. Reinsurance ceded
E. Total (net)* (C) - (D)
\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ \$
\$
$+$
$\qquad$ \%
E. Total (C) (C)

* Reconciliation of total annuity actuarial sery and deposit fund liabilities.


## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USEI IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRE 【UDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION

F.


## 33. Premiums and Annuity Considerations Deferred and Uncollected

## Instruction:

A. If the reporting entity has reported on Page 2, life insurance premiums and annuity considerations deferred and uncollected on policies in force December 31 of current year, show separately the amounts and the loading excluded for each of the following lines of business: industrial business, ordinary new business, ordinary renewal, credit life, group life, and group annuity.

Illustration:

##  REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DICCL SURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

A. Deferred and uncollected life insurance premiums and annuity consideratio as eecember 31, 20 $\qquad$
$\qquad$ were as follows:

|  | Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | Industrial |
| $(2)$ | Ordinary new business |
| $(3)$ | Ordinary renewal |
| $(4)$ | Credit Life |
| $(5)$ | Group Life |
| $(6)$ | Group Annuity |
| $(7)$ | Totals |

## 34. Separate Accounts

## Instruction:

A. Separate Account Activity

The general account finan ${ }^{\bullet}$ I statement shall include detailed information on the reporting entity's separate account activity. These disclo res shall include:
(1) A nar tive f the ge leral nature of the reporting entity's separate account business.
(2) Identificatio of the separate account assets that are legally insulated from the general account lajms.
(3) ion of the separate account products that have guarantees backed by the general account. Thi shall include:

Amount of risk charges paid by the separate account to the general account for the past five years as compensation for the risk taken by the general account; and

- Amount paid by the general account due to separate account guarantees during the past five years.
(4) Discussion of securities lending transactions within the separate account, separately including the amount of loaned securities within the separate account, and if policies and procedures for the separate account differ from the general account.
B. General Nature and Characteristics of Separate Accounts Business

Describe the general nature and characteristics of the various kinds of separate accounts business conducted by the reporting entity and included in the reporting entity's Separate Accounts Statement. For purposes of this note, separate accounts may be addressed in the following groupings that are the same as those used for risk-based capital:

- Separate Accounts with Guarantees

Indexed separate accounts that are invested to mirror an established index that is the basis of the guarantee.

Nonindexed separate accounts, with reserve interest rate at no greater on 4\% and/or fund long-term interest guarantee in excess of a year that does not exceed $4 \%$

Nonindexed separate accounts, with reserve interest rate at greatr tha $4 \%$ ar //or fund long-term interest guarantee in excess of a year that exceeds $4 \%$.

- Nonguaranteed Separate Accounts

Variable separate accounts, where the benefit is determi» ${ }^{\wedge}$ by ti performance and/or fair value of the investments held in the separate account. Include $v_{u}$ abl accounts with incidental risks, nominal expense, and minimum death benefit gu rar ees.

For each grouping, include the following:
(1) Premiums, considerations or deposits receiv during he year. The total for all separate accounts should agree to the sum of Lines 1.1 and e ins amount for deposits reported, Line 2 on Page 4 of the Separate Accounts Annual Statement.
(2) Reserves by the valuation bas of ave ments supporting the reserves at December 31. List reserves for separate accounts $W_{1}$ se ascot are carried at fair value separately from those whose assets are carried at amr aztu rost ook value. Total reserves for all separate accounts should agree to the sum of Lips 1 and 2 ? Page 3 of the Separate Accounts Annual Statement.
(3) Reserves by withdrawal ch acter otics for the separate account:

- Subject to disc etionary withdrawal, including the categories of:
* Market vait adjustment
* $\mathrm{Wi}_{\text {draw }}$ at book value without market value adjustment and with or without surrender
* A fair value

Withdrawal at book value without market value adjustment and with current surrender charge of $5 \%$ or less

- Not subject to discretionary withdrawal
withdrawal characteristic classification instructions of Note 32 shall apply with total reserves to agree with the preceding disclosure.

Disclose reserves for asset default risk in lieu of AVR.
C. Reconciliation of Net Transfers to or (From) Separate Accounts

Provide a reconciliation of the amounts reported as:

- Transfers to and from separate accounts in the Summary of Operations of the Separate Accounts statement (Page 4, Line 1.4 minus Line 10).
- The amount reported as "Net transfers to or (From) Separate Accounts" in Page 4, Line 24 of the Fraternal Annual Statement.


## Illustration:

A. Separate Account Activity
(1) XYZ Company utilizes separate accounts to record and account for assets and liabilities for particular lines of business and/or transactions. For the current reporting year, XYZ reported assets and liabilities from the following product lines/transactions into a separate account:

- Variable Life Insurance Products
- Variable Annuities
- Modified Guaranteed Annuities
- Funding Agreements
- Employee Benefit Plans
- Etc.

In accordance with the domiciliary state procedures for app ving items within the separate account, the separate account classification of the followir items re supported by a specific state statute (cite reference):

- Product Identifier (Variable Life) - State Sta te B ference

The following items are supported by direct roval the commissioner:

- Product Identifier (Funding Agreern nts) - Commissioner Approval

The following items are not $\$ 10$ oy ate statute or direct approval, but are permitted for separate account reporting in acco ance the following guidance:

- Product Ident er (Emplo ee Benefit Plans) - Cite Guidance
(Include additional informu ion regarding the general nature of the entity's separate account business as necesso-y.)
(2) In accordance with t. products/transactions recorded within the separate account, some assets are considered gally nsurated whereas others are not legally insulated from the general account. (The gal i sulatio of the separate account assets prevents such assets from being generally availab osat caims resulting from the general account.)
cof December 31, 20 $\qquad$ and 20 $\qquad$ the Company separate account statement included legally 'ated assets of \$ $\qquad$ and \$ $\qquad$ respectively. The assets legally insulated from the count as of December 31, 20 $\qquad$ are attributed to the following products/transactions:

THIS EXACT FOh TAI wUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTI - S ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER IIS ILLUSTRATION.
$\qquad$

Separate Account Assets (Not Legally Insulated)
\$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

## (NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE THE BEGINNING AND ENDING NARRATIVE.)

(3) In accordance with the products/transaction recorded within the separate account, some separate account liabilities are guaranteed by the general account. (In accordance with the guarantees provided, if the investment proceeds are insufficient to cover the rate of return guaranteed for the product, the policyholder proceeds will be remitted by the general account.)

To compensate the general account for the risk taken, the separate account $k$ paid $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{k}}$ charges as follows for the past five (5) years:
a. 2018
b. 2017
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ ;

c. 2016
\$ $\qquad$ ;
d. 2015
e. 2014
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$


As of December 31, 20 , the general accoun

XY\& Company had paid \$ $\qquad$ toward separate account guarantees. The total separate ascou t gua antees paid by the general account for the preceding four years ending December $1, \sim_{2}, 20 \ldots$, and $20 \_$was $\$$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ , \$ $\qquad$ , \$ $\qquad$ , and \$ $\qquad$ res ctively

XYZ Company engages in securities le ting ransactions within the separate account. In accordance with such transactions 9 naucted irom the separate account, XYZ Company follows the same policies and procedûs fro g heral account, except as follows:

- Description of dratio frou general account policies/procedures

For the year-ended Dev nber $3120 \_$_ XYZ Company loaned securities attributable to the following products/transact ${ }^{\text {s }} ;$, accordance with securities lending transactions:

- Variable fe Insurance Products (product identifier)
- Variablo Alr vities (product identifier)

Pursu at to he pol cies and procedures, XYZ Company is required to obtain approval and/or otherw nothy ne contract holders that assets backing their investments may be loaned in securities le ling transactions.
B. General Nat and Characteristics of Separate Accounts Business:

Most separa and variable accounts held by the company relate to individual variable annuities of a return nature. The net investment experience of the separate account is credited directly to the olicynolder and can be positive or negative. These variable annuities generally provide an incidental nefit of the greater of account value or premium paid. In 1996 the company began offering a policy with a minimum guaranteed death benefit that is adjusted every seven years to the current account value. e assets and liabilities of these accounts are carried at market. The minimum guaranteed death benefit reserve is held in Exhibit 5, Miscellaneous Reserves Section, of the company's general account annual statement. This business has been included in Column 4 of the table below.

Certain other separate accounts relate to experience-rated group annuity contracts that fund defined contribution pension plans. These contracts provide guaranteed interest returns for one-year only, where the guaranteed interest rate is re-established each year based on the investment experience of the separate account. In no event can the interest rate be less than zero. There are guarantees of principal and interest for purposes of plan participant transactions (e.g., participant-directed withdrawals and fund transfers done at book value). The assets and liabilities of these separate accounts are carried at book value. This business has been included in Column 2 of the table below.
(Include description of the nature and characteristics of other separate account business as appropriate, and location in table below.)

## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR TK TABL_ BELOW. REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DICCL SURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION.

(1) Premiums, considerations or deposits for year ended 12/31/ $\qquad$
Reserves at 12/31/ $\qquad$
(2) For accounts with assets at:
a. Fair value
b. Amortized cost
c. Total Reserves*
(3) By withdrawal characteristics:
a. Subject to discretionary withdrawal:

1. With market valu adjustment
2. At book value without market value adjustment ar (with
current surreu or ane
charge
3. at fai value
4. moon alue without

\$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
5. 

main value
adjustn and and with
current surrender
charge less than $5 \%$
Subtotal
t subject to discretionary
thdrawal
tal
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

adjustrn th and with current surrender charge less than 5\%
b. N t subject to discretionary

\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ Total

* Line 2(c) should equal Line 3(c).
(4) Reserves for Asset Default Risk in Lieu of AVR
\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ _\$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$


## THIS EXACT FORMAT MUST BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS NOTE FOR THE TABLE BELOW REPORTING ENTITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING CLARIFYING DISCLOSURE BEFORE OR AFTER THIS ILLUSTRATION

C. Reconciliation of Net Transfers To or (From) Separate Accounts
(1) Transfers as reported in the Summary of Operations of the Separate Accounts Statement:
a. Transfers to Separate Accounts (Page 4, Line 1.4)
b. Transfers from Separate Accounts (Page 4, Line 10)
c. Net transfers to or (From) Separate Accounts (a) - (b)
(2) Reconciling Adjustments:

\$
\$
$\qquad$

(3) Transfers as Reported in the Summary of Operations the L. Accident \& Health Annual Statement
$(1 \mathrm{c})+(2)=($ Page 4, Line 26 $)$

## 35. Loss/Claim Adjustment Expenses

## Instruction:

The financial statement shall include the following di clo for each year full financial statements are presented. Life and annuity contracts are not subject to this dis losure re airement:

- The balance in the liabilities for unp doss/cla n acjustment expense reserves at the beginning and end of each year presented;
- Incurred loss/claim adjustment expenses wit separate disclosures of the provision for insured or covered events of the current year and increase or decreases in the provision for insured or covered events of prior years;
- Payments of loss/claim 2 gusu ent expenses with separate disclosure of payment of loss/claim adjustment expenses attributab to i sured covered events of the current year and insured or covered events of prior years;
- Estimates of nticipated savage and subrogation (including amounts recoverable from second injury funds, other governm. al agencies, or quasi-governmental agencies, where applicable), deducted from the liability for unpaid claim - ron

Illustrat. $?$
Tb , he liability for unpaid accident and health claim adjustment expenses as of $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ was \$ $\qquad$ and $\$$ respectively.

The Company incurred \$ $\qquad$ and paid \$ $\qquad$ of claim adjustment expenses in the current year, of which \$ $\qquad$ of the paid amount was attributable to insured or covered events of prior years. The Company did not increase or decrease the provision for insured events of prior years.

The Company took into account estimated anticipated salvage and subrogation in its determination of the liability for unpaid claims/losses and reduced such liability by \$ $\qquad$ —.



## GENERAL INTERROGATORIES

## PART 1 - COMMON INTERROGATORIES

## GENERAL

1.2 N/A is an acceptable response only if Interrogatory 1.1 was answered NO.
1.4 Answer "YES" if the reporting entity is publicly traded or part of a publicly traded group.
"Publicly traded company" is defined as a company whose securities are required to registered under Section 12 and is subject to periodic reporting under Section 15(d) of the Securities Xchan e Act of 1934.
1.5 Provide the Central Index Key (CIK) issued by the SEC to the publicly traded eir ${ }^{*}$ vorup. Do not provide a CIK issued for a variable insurance product written by the entity.
3.1 The date of the financial examination that should be reported is for a financia ramenation conducted by a state regulatory authority. (It is not a CPA annual audit.) The financial exank ation , considered "being made" for a given calendar year as soon as a formal notice is received from tb ${ }^{\circ}$. state that it intends to conduct the examination.

A sales/service organization for purposes of this que ${ }^{\prime}$ On is onat provides the company with a sales/distribution network and/or a customer relations/ser e capa lity that is independent of the company and its employees.
7.1 For purposes of this interrogatory, control is defin a to inclun ownership as well as control via management or attorney-in-fact.

Report this amount as a percentage (e. , 10. $\%$, it 10) of ownership.
14. The response to thi inter gatory applies to the reporting entity's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal acce ntin aff er or controller, or persons performing similar functions.
14.31 Include the $n$ ture of any waiver, including any implicit waiver, from a provision of the code of ethics granted by the reportize ontity, an affiliate that provides management services to the entity, or the entity's ultimate parent to onef the pecified officers, the name of the person to whom the waiver was granted and the date of the waive

Provia the rerican Bankers Association (ABA) routing number and the name of the issuing or confirming letters of credit where the reporting entity is the beneficiary unrelated to reinsurance and the issuing confirming bank is not on the SVO Bank List. Amounts reported may be aggregated by bank.

For Fronted Letters of Credit, where a single bank issues a letter of credit as the fronting bank and sells to other banks undivided interests in its obligations under the credit, list the fronting bank but not the other banks participating.

For Syndicated Letters of Credit, where one bank acts as agent for a group of banks issuing the letter of credit but each participating bank is severally, not jointly, liable, list each bank separately and not just the agent bank.

## FINANCIAL

19. For purposes of this interrogatory, statutory accounting principles are considered those prescribed or permitted by the reporting entity's domiciliary state, but also include those principles as outlined in the Accounting Practices \& Procedures Manual. If the majority of the accounting principles used are inconsistent with the NAIC's statement of statutory accounting principles, the reporting entity should respond "YES." The reporting entity should also respond "YES" if the majority of the accounting principles used to prepare the financial statement are those required or allowed under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Majority used in this instruction is meant to include either the number of principles or the magnitude of the principles (materiality).
20. Risk Description - The assessments used in this calculation are those assessments requir at be paid by the reporting entity relative to health insurance only. Examples of the types of assessments to e repon d: high risk pools, demographic pools, assessments for losses in other markets, risk adjustment, or asses vents from health purchasing pools or alliances such as administrative expenses, risk adjustme t, at losses other than assessments paid to medical providers. These arrangements can be state run or no Asse ments used in this calculation include reimbursements that the reporting entity is obligated to pay iir rden naintain membership in the arrangement, or to continue to insure applicants through a pool or c or arr gement. This calculation includes amounts as a negative assessment received by the reporting ent fro such arrangements. Exclude assessments for Guaranty Funds or Guaranty Associations.
23.1 Answer "YES" if there is an amount reported on the admitted asset Line 23 of the Assets page.

Report that portion of the amount of admitted assets reported oin ine 3 of the Assets page that is due from parent.

## IN EST W NT

24. For the purposes of this interrogatory exo sive ontrol" means that the company has the exclusive right to dispose of the investment at will, y nout the ecessity of making a substitution thereof. For purposes of this interrogatory, securities in transit d await g collection, held by a custodian pursuant to a custody arrangement or securities issued subject ab ok entry system are considered to be in actual possession of the company.

If bonds, stocks and other secui is owned December 31 of the current year, over which the company has exclusive control are: (1) oect ties purchased for delayed settlement, or (2) loaned to others, the company should respond "NC to $2 . .01$ an "YES" to 25.1.

Describe the company securities lending program, including value for collateral and amount of loaned securities, an whether the Lollateral is held on- or off-balance sheet. Note 17 of Notes to Financial Statement provides a full. cription of the program.

A compa y wit a conforming securities lending program as defined in the risk-based capital instructions sho 'd res ond " ES."
——nt ont collateral for conforming programs (24.04 answer is "YES").
Rep $t$ amount of collateral for other programs (24.04 answer is "NO").
The fair value amount reported should equal the grand total of Schedule DL, Part 1, Column 5 plus Schedule DL, Part 2, Column 5.

The fair value amount reported amount should also equal the fair value amount reported in Note 5E(5)a1(m).
24.102 The book adjusted/carrying value amount reported should equal the grand total of Schedule DL, Part 1, Column 6 plus Schedule DL, Part 2, Column 6.
25. Disclose the statement value of investments that are not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity within the categories listed in 25.2.
27. The purpose for this General Interrogatory is to capture the statement value for securities reported in Schedule D, Part 1, Bonds or Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Preferred Stock that are mandatorily convertible into equity, or at the option of the issuer, are convertible into equity. This disclosure will facilitate the application of the equity factors to the statement value of such securities for purposes of RBC.
28. The question, regarding whether items are held in accordance with the Financial onditio Examiners Handbook, must be answered.
28.02 If the answer to 28 is "NO," then list all agreements that do not comply with - Financial Condition Examiners Handbook. Provide a complete explanation of why each custodial agree ont do not include the characteristics outlined in the Financial Condition Examiners Handbook (S) (F), Outsourcing of Critical Functions, Custodial or Safekeeping Agreements), available at © NAIC vebsite:
www.naic.org/documents/committees_e_examover_fehtg_C_sto 'al_u_Safekeeping_Agreements.doc This question, regarding changes in custodian, must

If the answer to 28.03 is "YES," list the change(s)
Identify all investment advisors, investment in vagerc d broker/dealers, including individuals who have the authority to make investment decision orim alt $\propto$ the reporting entity. For assets that are managed internally by employees of the reporting entity ote as su

Name of Firm or Individual:
Should be name of firm or - dividual that is party to the Investment Management Agreement

## Affiliation:

Note if firm or lı vidu ic ic filiated, unaffiliated or an employee by using the following codes:
A "nyestment management is handled by firms/individuals affiliated with the reporting entity.
U Inves management is handled by firms/individuals unaffiliated with the reporting entity.
Inve tment management is handled internally by individuals that are employees of the reporting city.
the total assets under management of any the firms/individuals unaffiliated with the reporting entity (i.e., des ${ }_{c}$ rated with a "U") listed in the table for Question 28.05 are greater than $10 \%$ of the reporting entity's assets, answer "YES" to Question 28.0597.
28.0598 If the total assets under management of all the firms/individuals unaffiliated with the reporting entity (i.e., designated with a "U") listed in the table for Question 28.05 are greater than $50 \%$ of the reporting entity's assets, answer "YES" to Question 28.0598. When determining the aggregate total of assets under management, include all firms/individuals unaffiliated with the reporting entity not just those who manage more than $10 \%$ of the reporting entity's assets.
28.06 For assets managed by an affiliated or unaffiliated firm or individual, provide for each firm or individual the Central Registration Depository Number, Legal Entity Identifier (LEI), who they are registered with and if an Investment Management Agreement has been filed for each firm or individual.

## Name of Firm or Individual:

Should be name of firm or individual provided for 28.05

## Central Registration Depository Number

The Central Registration Depository (CRD) number is a number issued by the Fh ncial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) to brokers, dealers or individuals when licensed, and $n$ be vt fied against their database www.finra.org. These brokers, dealers or individuals would be thoco co racted to manage some of the reporting entity's investments or funds and invest them for the re orting pntry. The brokers, dealers or individuals can be affiliated or unaffiliated with the reporting entity The r porting entity must list all brokers, dealers or individuals who have the authority to make vesurs on behalf of the reporting entity.

## Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for er ssigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, lea + hank.

## Registered With:

If a Registered Investment Advisor, specify if istero with Securities Exchange Commission or state securities authority. Note if not a Registered Investm to Advisor.

Investment Management Agreement (IMA) iled.
Indicate if a current Investment Mag ent reement (IMA) has been filed with the state of domicile or the insurance department in an aer state( Use one of the codes below to indicate if the IMA has been filed and with whom it was filed.

DS If the current IMA has bew filed with the state of domicile regardless if it was also filed with another state

OS If the cy rent MA has been filed with a state(s) other than the state of domicile but not the st te of omicil

NO If the rent IMA has not been filed with any state
29. This interrogat, is applicable to Property/Casualty and Health entities only.
29.2 The diver fied itual funds (diversified according to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) in the vest ent C mpany Act of 1940 [Section 5(b)(1)]) that are excluded from the Asset Concentration Factor section $f$ thow-based capital filing are to be disclosed in this interrogatory.
ignificant Holding" means the top five largest holdings of the mutual fund. For each diversified mutual fund disa sed in Interrogatory 29.2, the top largest holdings of the mutual fund must be disclosed in this interrogatory.

The "Amount of Mutual Fund's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Attributable to the Holding" should be based upon the fund's latest available valuation as of year-end (e.g., fiscal year-end or latest periodic valuation available prior to year-end).

The "Date of Valuation" should be the date of the valuation amount provided in the Amount of Mutual Fund's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Attributable to the Holding column.
30. Include bonds reported as cash equivalents in Schedule E, Part 2.
32. This interrogatory applies to any investment required to be filed with the SVO (or that would have been required if not exempted in the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office), whether in the general account or separate accounts.

The existence of Z securities does not mean that a reporting entity is not complying with the procedures. As long as the entity has filed its Z securities with the SVO within 120 days of purchase, compliance with the procedures has been met. If an entity wishes to provide the counts of Z securities, include those counts in the explanation lines. An explanation is only expected if the answer to the compliance question is NO.

## OTHER

34. The purpose of this General Interrogatory is to capture information about vmerir to any trade association, service organization, and statistical or rating bureau. A "service organ' ation is defined as every person, partnership, association or corporation that formulates rules, establishes stan 9 rds, or assists in the making of rates or standards for the information or benefit of insurers or rating org izatio s
35. The purpose of this General Interrogatory is to capture inform ${ }^{i}$ in abo tegal expenses paid during the year. These expenses include all fees or retainers for legal services or vens s, including those in connection with matters before administrative or legislative bodies. It excl${ }^{-1}$ de sala. $2 s$ and expenses of company personnel, legal expenses in connection with investigation, litigat* and ttlement of policy claims, and legal fees associated with real estate transactions, including $h$ tgag loans on real estate. Do not include amounts reported in General Interrogatories No. 3435 and No. 36.
36. The purpose of this General Interrogatory is to cart information about expenditures in connection with matters before legislative bodies, officers or artmen of government paid during the year. These expenses are related to general legislative lobby and dir lobbying of pending and proposed statutes or regulations before legislative bodies and/or off ers or de artments of government. Do not include amounts reported in General Interrogatories No. 34 and N. 35.

## PART 2 - LIFE INTERROGATORIES

1. Item 1.61 is equal to the sum of all states reported on the Medicare Supplement Insurance Experience Exhibit, Column 15, Line 0199999.

Item 1.62 is equal to the sum of all states reported on the Medicare Supplement Insurance Experience Exhibit, Column 16, Line 0199999.

Item 1.63 is equal to the sum of all states reported on the Medicare Supplement Insurance Experience Exhibit, Column 18, Line 0199999.

Item 1.64 is equal to the sum of all states reported on the Medicare Supplement Insurand Experinace Exhibit, Column 11, Line 0199999.

Item 1.65 is equal to the sum of all states reported on the Medicare Supplemert Ins rance xperience Exhibit, Column 12, Line 0199999.

Item 1.66 is equal to the sum of all states reported on the Medicare Suppl nent surance Experience Exhibit, Column 14, Line 0199999.

Item 1.71 is equal to the sum of all states reported on the Medicare Insurance Experience Exhibit, Column 15, Line 0299999.

Item 1.72 is equal to the sum of all states reported on the $M$ dio re $\leq$. oplement Insurance Experience Exhibit, Column 16, Line 0299999.

Item 1.73 is equal to the sum of all states reported Column 18, Line 0299999.

Item 1.74 is equal to the sum of all states report
on the Medicare Supplement Insurance Experience Exhibit, Column 11, Line 0299999.

Item 1.75 is equal to the sum of all sta Column 12, Line 0299999.

Item 1.76 is equal to the sum of states reported on the Medicare Supplement Insurance Experience Exhibit, Column 14, Line 0299999.
2. This General Interrogat y is esignes to determine whether a reporting entity reports predominantly health lines of business. Health lines in ade an or medical policies or certificates, comprehensive major medical expense insurance and managed care rntracts and exclude other health coverage such as credit insurance, disability income coverage, automo ile medical coverage, workers compensation, accidental death and dismemberment policies and long term care poli

All reporting $€$ itities hould file the test.
Premium an res information is obtained from the annual statement sources referenced on the form or from the $\mathrm{re}^{\downarrow}$, acl h . capital report for the corresponding premium descriptions relating to the current and prior repoi ng periods.

| Item | Description | Reporting Year Annual Statement Data | Prior Year Annual Statement Data |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.1 | Premium Numerator | Health Premium values listed in the statement value column (Column 1) of the reporting year's Life RBC report: <br> Individual Lines: <br> Usual and Customary Major Medical and Hospital <br> Medicare Supplement <br> Medicare Part D <br> Dental and Vision <br> Group Lines: <br> Usual and Customary Major Medical and Hospital <br> Medicare Supplement <br> Medicare Part D <br> Stop Loss and Minimum Premium <br> Dental and Vision <br> Federal Employee Health and Benefit Plan | Health Premium values listed in the statement value column (Column 1) of the reporting year's Life RBC report: <br> Individual Lines: <br> Usual and Customary Major Medical and Hospital <br> Medicare Supplement <br> Medicare Part D <br> Dental and Vision <br> Group Lines: <br> Usual ano Cus mary Major Medical and Hosp . <br> Medicare יpplen nt <br> Medica Pair 7 <br> Stop Loss `d Minimum Premium <br> Dent and rsion <br> ployee Health and Benefit |
| 2.2 | Premium Denominator | Premium and Annuity Consideration (Page 4, Line 1) of the reporting ye 's annual statement | Pro sium and Annuity Considerations , Line 1) of the prior year's annual stà ment |
| 2.3 | Premium Ratio | 2.1/2.2 | 2.1/2.2 |
| 2.4(a) | Reserve Numerator | Net A\&H Policy and Contract $C$ ims without Credit Health (Exhib 8 , Dart 1, Line 4.4, Columns an (1) plus Aggregate Reserves for \&H olicies without Credit Her 1 (Eג bit Column 1 less Column 3) for Unea ed Premiums (Line 1) and Fut Conti gent Benefits (Line 4) | Net A\&H Policy and Contract Claims without Credit Health (Exhibit 8, Part 1, Line 4.4, Columns 9 and 11) plus Aggregate Reserves for A\&H Policies without Credit Health (Exhibit 6, Column 1 less Column 3) for Unearned Premiums (Line 1) and Future Contingent Benefits (Line 4) |
| 2.5 | Reserve Denominator | Aggregate P serve (Page 3, Column 1, Lines $1+2^{2} 4.1+4.2$ minus additional actuarial roser © (Exhibit 6, Column 1, L. ines ${ }^{111}$ p is Exhibit 5, Misc. Reserves ectio, Line (799999) | Aggregate Reserve (Page 3, Column 1, Lines $1+2+4.1+4.2$ ) minus additional actuarial reserves (Exhibit 6, Column 1, Lines 3+11 plus Exhibit 5, Misc. Reserves Section, Line 0799999) |
| 2.6 | Reserve Ratio | 4 2.0... 0 | 2.4/2.5 |
(a) Alternative Reserve $N$ rator - Company records may be used to adjust the reserve numerator to provide consistency between the values report in the reserve numerator (2.4) and the premium numerator (2.1).
3.3 The total amount of capital and surplus funds of the company, covered by assets in the company's Separate Accounts statement, is the sum of the amount accrued for expense allowances recognized in separate accounts reserves that is disclosed parenthetically as a negative amount in the caption for Page 3, Line 13 - Transfers to Separate Accounts due or accrued (net) (including \$ $\qquad$ accrued for expense allowances recognized in reserves, net of reinsured expense allowances) adjusted to exclude any reinsurance assumed expense allowances, plus the amount of surplus in the Separate Accounts statement that is disclosed parenthetically in the caption for Page 3, Line 37 - Surplus (including \$ $\qquad$ in Separate Accounts statement). Exclude any amounts accrued for expense allowances applicable to reinsurance assumed covered by assets in ceding companies' Separate Accounts statements. Such amounts are covered in Interrogatory 3.7.

In the response to this interrogatory, include only that portion of the above-described amount ala the company is currently prohibited from distributing to the general account from the separate accounts. In "de all arplus funds that the company is required by law, regulation or regulatory directive to maintain in its separate a counts.

Exclude all amounts that are currently distributable at the discretion of the © .0 mpa v , inc iding seed monies currently maintained in the Separate Accounts statement to support the development gro of separate accounts business.
3.4 Cite applicable insurance statutes for the establishment of separate accounts.
3.7 Report the total amount accrued for reinsurance assumed expense ano applicable to separate accounts' reserves held in ceding company Separate Accounts statements. An uch ai punt is included as a negative amount in both the total and parenthetical amounts reported for Page 3, Linu 13, T ansfers to Separate Accounts Due or Accrued (Net) (including \$ $\qquad$ accrued for expense ${ }^{3}$ on nces recognized in reserves, net of reinsured allowances).
4.1 The response is "YES" if subsidiaries or affiliates use or pi ride.personnel or facilities. Third party expenditures should be excluded.
4.2 Report the amount of expense paid this year by is comr hy for services received in the paid line. Report the amount received by this company for servir on $\mathrm{rl}_{\mathrm{N}}$ in the received line.
8.1 Worker's compensation carve-out busines is define as reinsurance (including retrocessional reinsurance) assumed by life and health insurers of medical, wa, lo, and death benefits of the occupational illness and accident exposures, but not the employers linbility expsures, of business originally written as workers compensation insurance.
9.1 Disclose the amount of reserve cart dother the reporting entity because it has sold annuities with a claimant as payee and to the extent to w ch tl repor ng entity is liable for such amounts. Include only annuities for which the property and casualty in er tair d a release of liability from the claimant as a result of the purchase of an annuity from the reporting entv.
9.2 Disclose the name location of the insurance company (i.e., legal entity and not group) that purchased the annuities during tho $\mathrm{Cu}_{\text {n }}$ year and the aggregate statement value of annuities purchased, to the extent that the aggregate val - of th se annuities equals or exceeds $\$ 250,000$. Include only annuities for which the property and casualty nsur obtai ed a release of liability from the claimant as a result of the purchase of an annuity from the reporting $\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{i}}{ }^{\text {try. }}$
11.2 If the response to 11.1 is "YES," provide for the captive affiliate the company name, NAIC company code, domicilm v jurisdiction, reserve credit amount and the amounts supporting the reserve credit (letters of credit, trust agreements and other).

Reserve Credit: Report the amount by which the aggregate reserve for life contracts (Exhibit 5), deposit-type contracts (Exhibit 7) and accident and health contracts (Exhibit 6) has been reduced on account of reinsurance with authorized companies. The amounts by company should be the same as those shown for life reinsurance ceded in Schedule S, Part 3, Section 1, Columns 9 and 14 and for accident and health reinsurance ceded in Schedule S, Part 3, Section 2, Columns 9, 10 and 13.
12. Ordinary Life Insurance (U.S. business only) for the current year for Lines 12.1, 12.2 and 12.3 (prior to reinsurance assumed or ceded)
U.S. business includes U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (composed of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands). The method for determining which jurisdiction a contract or certificate is reported in should be the same method used for reporting on Schedule T.

Include:


Refer to the NAIC Valuation Ma al for adartional guidance on what policies should be included.
13. A "YES" answer indicates the ronor entity is a multistate company based on the information reported in Schedule T - Exhibit of Premi ms $W$ itter.

If the sum of codes $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{R}$, and , ovided in Column 1 of Schedule T is greater than 1 , the answer to Question 13 should be "YES."
13.1 A "YES" answer rates that while the reporting entity does not meet the criteria shown on Schedule T to be considered a m ate arer, the reporting entity's assumption of business that covers risks in at least two states will qualify th entity $s$ multistate.

## FIVE-YEAR HISTORICAL DATA

This exhibit is a display of key statistics extracted from the annual statements of the current year and each of the four preceding years. It displays recent trends in the movement of sales, in force, reserves, surplus, and other financial data. For the most part, each section of Five-Year Historical Data references data from a specific page in the annual statement, with certain "key" lines having been extracted from that page. Page and line references for the current year are shown on the Exhibit. If a page or line reference is different for a prior year or years, it is shown below. Percentages are shown to one decimal place (e.g., 17.6).

Report all amounts of insurance in thousands of dollars.
The derivation of each line on Five-Year Historical Data is indicated in the annual statement blank xcept at Lines 48 and 49 should be based upon the book/adjusted carrying value of the asset, which is consistent with e other affiliated investments.

Items from prior years should be included only if they are available from prior years' statement
Reporting entities that were part of a merger should refer to SSAP No. 3—Accounting C ange. and Corrections of Errors for guidance on restatement of prior-year numbers and footnote disclosure requirements for i exhibit. Complete the footnote only if reporting entity was a party to a merger in the current reporting period.

## Life Insurance In Force <br> (Exhibit of Life Insurance)

Line 1 - Ordinary - Whole Life and Endowment
All years .................................. Exhibit of Life Insurance, ine 3-4, Column 4


Line 3 - Credit Life
All years $\qquad$ Evhibit of Lhes Insurance, Line 21, Column 6

Line 4 - Group, Excluding FEGLI/SGLI All years ........................... E . ribit of Life Insurance, Line 21, Column 9 less Lines 43 \& 44, Column 4
Line 5 - Industrial
All years
 Exhibit of Life Insurance, Line 21, Column 2

Line 6 - FEGLI/S LI
All ye
Exhibit of Life Insurance, Lines 43 \& 44, Column 4

## New Business Issued (Exhibit of Life Insurance)



Line 18.2 - A\&H - Credit
All years $\qquad$ Exhibit 1, Part 1, Line 20.4, Column 9

Line 18.3 - A\&H - Other
All years $\qquad$ Exhibit 1, Part 1, Line 20.4, Column 10

Line 19 - Aggregate of All Other Lines of Business
All years $\qquad$ Exhibit 1, Part 1, Line 20.4, Column 11

## Balance Sheet

(Pages 2 and 3)
Line 21 - Total Admitted Assets Excluding Separate Accounts Business
All years $\qquad$ Page 2, Line 26, Column 3

Line 22 - Total Liabilities Excluding Separate Accounts Business All years $\qquad$ Page 3, Line 26

Line 23 - Aggregate Life Reserves
All years $\qquad$ Page 3, Line 1

Line 24 - Aggregate A \& H Reserves
All years $\qquad$ Page 3, Line 2


Lines 25 - Deposit-type Contract Funds
All years $\qquad$ Page 3, $L-3$

Line 26 - Asset Valuation Reserve


## Cash Flow (Page 5)

Line 29 - Net cash from operations
All years $\qquad$ Line 11

## Risk-Based Capital Analysis

Line 30 - Total Adjusted Capital
This amount must agree with the amount identified as the Total Adjusted Capital in the $\mathrm{N} \boldsymbol{\mathrm { C }}$ - ife Risk-Based Capital Report.

Line 31 - Authorized Control Level Risk-Based Capital
This amount must agree with the amount identified as the Authorized Control L el Based Capital in the NAIC Life Risk-Based Capital Report.

Percentage Distribution of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Invested Assets
All years $\qquad$ (Page 2, Column 3) (Line No./Page ~~ine _olumn 3) x 100.00


Line 39 - Other Invested Assets
All years $\qquad$ Page 2, Line 8

Line 40 - Receivables for Securities

All years $\qquad$ Page 2, Line 9

Line 41 - Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral Assets
All years $\qquad$ Page 2, Line 10

Line 42 - Aggregate Write-ins for Invested Assets
All years $\qquad$ Page 2, Line 11

Line 43 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Invested Assets
All years $\qquad$ Page 2, Line 12

## Investments in Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates

Line 44 - Affiliated Bonds
All years $\qquad$ Schedule D Summary, Lin 2, Com, nn 1

Line 45 - Affiliated Preferred Stocks
All years $\qquad$ Schedule D amn niin 18, Column 1
Line 46 - Affiliated Common Stocks
All years $\qquad$
$\begin{aligned} \text { Line } 47- & \text { Affiliated Short-term Investments } \\ & \text { All years ....................................... }\end{aligned}$ otal included in Schedule DA, Verification Between Years, Column 5, Line 10 Line 51 - Total Investment in aren

Report the amount of inv ctments reported in Lines 44 to 49 above that are in an immediate or indirect parent.

## Total Nonadmitted and Admitted Assets

Line 52 - Total Nonadmitted Assets
All years $\qquad$ Page 2, Line 28, Column 2

Line 53 - Total Admitted Assets
All years $\qquad$ Page 2, Line 28, Column 3

## Investment Data


Line 58 - Total Contract Benefits - Life
All years $\qquad$ Lines 10, 11, 1 13, 11 ad 15, Column 1 less Lines 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 $\begin{aligned} \text { Line } 59- & \text { Total Contract Benefits - A\&H } \\ & \text { All years .................................. Lines } 13 \text { \& It, Column 9, }\end{aligned}$
Line 61 - Increases in A\&H Resen
All years
 Line 19, Columns 9, 10 \& 11

Line 62


Line 30, Column 1

## Operating Percentages

Line 63 - Insurance Expense Percent
All years $\qquad$ (Page 6, Column 1, Lines 21, 22 \& 23 less Line 6) / (Page 6, Column 1, Line 1 plus Exhibit 7, Column 2, Line 2) x 100.00
Line 64 - Lapse Percent (ordinary only)

All years $\qquad$ (Exhibit of Life Insurance, Column 4, Lines 14 \& 15) / 1/2 (Exhibit of Life Insurance, Column 4, Lines $1 \& 21$ ) x 100.00

Line 65 - A\&H Loss Percent
All years $\qquad$ Schedule H, Part 1, Lines 5 \& 6, Column 2

Line 66 - A\&H Cost Containment
All years $\qquad$ Schedule H, Part 1, Line 4, Column 2

Line 67 - A\&H Expense Percent Excluding Cost Containment Expenses
All years $\qquad$ Schedule H, Part 1, Line 10, Column 2

## A \& H Claim Reserve Adequacy



Line 70 - Incurred Losses on Prior Years Claims - Health Other than Group
All years $\qquad$ duke H, Part 3, Line 3.1, Column 1 less Column 2

Line 71 - Prior Years' Claim 1abil y and deserve - Health Other than Group
All years $\qquad$ Schedule H, Part 3, Line 3.2, Column 1 less Column 2

## Net Gains From Operations After Federal Income Taxes by Lines of Business

Line 72 - Industrial Life

All years $\qquad$ Page 6, Line 33, Column 2

Line 73 - Ordinary - Life
All years $\qquad$ Page 6, Line 33, Column 3

Line 74 - Ordinary - Individual Annuities
All years $\qquad$ Page 6, Line 33, Column 4

| Line $75-$ | Ordinary - Supplementary Contracts |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | All years ................................ Page 6, Line 33, Column 5 |

Line 76 - Credit Life
All years $\qquad$ Page 6, Line 33, Column 6

Line 77 - Group Life
All years $\qquad$ Page 6, Line 33, Column 7

Line 78 - Group Annuities
All years $\qquad$ Page 6, Line $33, \mathrm{C}$, 1 ,

Line 79 - A \& H - Group
All years $\qquad$ Page Line 33, olumn 9

Line 80 - A\&H - Credit
All years
 6, Line 33, Column 10






## STATE PAGE

A schedule should be prepared and submitted to the state of domicile for each jurisdiction in which the company has written direct business, has direct losses paid or direct losses incurred. To other states in which the company is licensed it should submit only a schedule for that state.

Direct premiums by state may be estimated by formula on the basis of countrywide ratios for the respective lines of business except where adjustments are required to recognize special situations.

Company's participation in the FEGLI and SGLI policies is shown in this exhibit as direct business.
This exhibit should be shown excluding reinsurance assumed. Reinsurance ceded should not be deduct
Column 2 - Credit Life (Group and Individual)
Include:
Business not exceeding 120 months duration
Column 5 - Total

Line 1 - Direct Premiums for Life Contracts Excluding pinsur nce Assumed and Without Deduction of Reinsurance
Line 2 - Direct Annuity Considerations for Life tracts xcluding Reinsurance
Assumed and Without Deduction of $R t_{2}$ surar le Ceded
Should equal Schedule T, Columns and 3, $\quad$ State.
Line 3 - Deposit-type Contract Funds
Report all deposits, at ot an and received for contracts without any mortality and morbidity risk and not rt orted ar Line 1, Line 2 or Line 4 . The amounts reported should be consistent wit repu ted on Schedule T, Column 7.

Line 4 - Other Considerations
Include: Unallocated annuity considerations and other unallocated deposits that corporate any mortality or morbidity risk and are not reported on Line 1 , 2 or Line 3. The amounts reported should be consistent with those reported So.iedule T, Column 5. See the instructions to the Life, Health \& Annuity G ranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit and ajustments to the Life, Health \& Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit for allocated and unallocated annuities. Report allocated annuities in Line 2.

Line 6 - Lifo Insur Direct Dividends to Policyholders Excluding Reinsurance Assumed
Line 7 - Anuity Direct Dividends to Policyholders Excluding Reinsurance Assumed and and


Report dividends paid or left on deposit, dividends applied to pay premiums or considerations, or applied to provide paid-up additions or annuities. Also report dividends used to shorten the endowment or premium paying period.

Line 13 - Aggregate Write-ins for Miscellaneous Direct Claims and Benefits Paid
Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule Detail of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 13 for Miscellaneous Direct Claims and Benefits Paid.

Report health premiums collected during the year, excluding reinsurance accepted and without deduction of reinsurance ceded.

Report on Line 24.1 those premiums, dividends and losses allocable to the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program premiums that are exempted from state taxes or other fees by Section 8909(f)(1) of Title 5 of the United States Code.

For Line 24.2, include business not exceeding 120 months' duration.
For Line 25, the development of data into various health policy categories should bu done by inventory of the policy records.

Line 24.4 - Medicare Title XVIII Exempt from State Taxes or Fees
Report Medicare Title XVIII premiums that are exempted rom tatn taxes or other fees by Section 1854(g) of the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, nd Modernization Act of 2003. This includes but is not limited to premiums written under a licare mdvantage product, a Medicare PPO product, or a stand-alone Medicare part D product.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 13 for Miscellaneous Direct Clarms anc Bene ts Paid
List separately each category of direct claims ar benefr paid for which there is no pre-printed line on the state page.

For Health Business: Complete the information below the Acc aent and realth block regarding number of persons covered under PPO managed care products and number of person cov an er indemnity only products. Include in PPO business health insurance products that provide access to a higher levs of benc ts whenever participating provider networks are used.


## EXHIBIT OF LIFE INSURANCE

This exhibit displays current year information on increases and decreases to the life insurance in force at the beginning of the year. Data is reported on an incurred basis, that is, policies (or certificates) are considered issued when the first premium is paid and are considered terminated as closely as possible to the time when the event occurs rather than when actual cash payment is made.

For policies and riders that provide a level amount of insurance payable in installments in the event of death, the commuted value of the installments should be used as the amount of insurance. Include variable life insurance business.

Report all amounts of insurance in thousands of dollars (omit \$000).
Columns 5
and $6-\quad$ Credit Life (Group and Individual)
Include: $\quad$ Business not exceeding 120 months duration
Line 1 - In Force End of Prior Year
This amount equals the amount reported on Line 21 in the prió vear's mual statement.


Report additions to life insurance in force as the result of application of dividends on participating policies to purchase paid-up additional insurance.

Line $8 \quad-\quad$ Aggregate Write-ins for Increases
Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule "Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 8 for Increases."
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Line } 10 & - & \text { Death and } \\ \text { Line } 11 & - & \text { Maturity }\end{array}\right\}$

These lines are self-explanatory. Amounts reported must be those that had een p viously reported as being in force.

Line 12 - Disability
Report the full in force amounts as canceled for those policies here approval and payment of disability benefits result in the automatic termination of the $p^{\prime}$ icy its $m$ and any life insurance it was to provide.

Exclude: Disability benefits of any natur unle s the policy provision stipulates a reduction of the face amount sura en account of disability.
Line 13 - Expiry

Report those cancellations from in force where coverage was provided by term insurance (term policies, extended insurance $\stackrel{\text { rem }}{\text { d }}$ ) here the term has expired and the policy or rider is of no further value.

Line 14 - Surrender
Report the cancellation from for of the face amounts (or adjusted amounts of insurance) for policies that were surrep dered by h.e owners for their cash value, or where a policy loan indebtedness (loan principal plus as rued interest) reached or exceeded the reserve value causing termination of insurance coverage.

Line 15 - Lapse
Report cancelic ion from in force of insurance without nonforfeiture provisions as the result of nonl vyment of preaiums prior to the normal expiration date of such insurance coverage.

Line 16
vort 0 ly individual or family term insurance converted to permanent insurance.
Line 18


Report discontinuance of reinsurance assumed by transfer of risk to the original or other insurer. If one or more blocks of business have been ceded by reinsurance during the year, it should be reported in this line with a footnote showing the figures for each column for each such cession. Do not include reinsurance ceded on individual risks.
Line 19 - Aggregate Write-ins for Decreases

Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule "Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 19 for Decreases."

Line $22-\quad$ Reinsurance Ceded, End of Year
Report all reinsurance ceded including modified coinsurance.

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Line } 25 & -\quad \text { Other Paid-Up Insurance } \\ & \begin{array}{l}\text { Report all non-premium-paying insurance (single premiunt fully paid-up, reduced paid-up } \\ \text { extended term) except additions by dividends. }\end{array} \\ \text { Line } 26 & -\quad \text { Debit Ordinary Insurance } \\ \text { Report that portion of ordinary in force that is mat tained a debit premium collection system. }\end{array}$
Lines $27 \quad-\quad$ Additional Information on Ordinary Insurance
to 30
Amounts of term insurance on wiva anc are under family policies should be included in Lines 29

## Lines 36

to 40

Line 38

Lines 41
to 45 and 30 and excluded from Lines 27 an 28 .

Line 46 - Amount of Additional Accidental Death Benefits in Force End of Year Under Ordinary Policies
Exclude: Amounts payable only in event of death resulting from specific types of accidents, such as travel accidents.

Lines 48 to $52 \quad-\quad$ Policies with Disability Provisions

Report the face amounts of the insurance policies to which the disability provision apply.
Detail of Items Aggregated on Line 8 for Other Increases
List separately each increase for which there is no pre-printed line on this exhibit
Detail of Items Aggregated on Line 19 for Other Decreases


## EXHIBIT OF NUMBER OF POLICIES, CONTRACTS, CERTIFICATES, INCOME PAYABLE AND ACCOUNT

 VALUES IN FORCE FOR SUPPLEMENTARY CONTRACTS, ANNUITIES, ACCIDENT AND HEALTH AND OTHER POLICIESThe purposes of these exhibits are:

1. To provide a control mechanism on in force for the reporting entity and the regulator when auditing in force and reserve liabilities.
2. To provide information on the activity, primarily sales or new cases on these various lines of business.
3. To provide information on how much business (number of cases) the reporting entity is admin ering.

## Supplementary Contracts

Line 3 - Reinsurance Assumed
Provide number of all cases involved whether reinsured or a ca ${ }^{\text {n }}$ - $y$-case basis, assumption reinsurance assumed (100\%) or a percent of a block is assumed.

Line 7 - Reinsurance Ceded
Provide number of all cases under assumption rensura e cer ed (100\%). No data is provided here where a portion of business is ceded case by case, prea ercent of a block is ceded.


Rep rt annual income payable for annuities where payments are currently being paid. For contracts where $e$ amounts paid may vary from year to year, include the amount to be paid in the following year

Line 11
ferred Fully Paid Account Balance and
Line 12 Derun-d Fully Not Paid Account Balance

Report the amount held on account for each contract as of the end of the year.

## Accident and Health Insurance

Columns 2, 4, and $6 \quad-\quad$ Premiums in Force

Premiums in force are the premiums last collected on in force policies. For policies with premiums paid more often than annually, the last modal premium payable should be multiplied by the payment frequency. For Group policies with retrospective premium arrangements or retrospective rate credits, the premium in force is the premium excluding such adjustments.

Line 1 should be the same as reported on Line 10 for the prior year.
Line 3 should show policies or certificates and premiums in force for new reincuran assumed only.

## Deposit Funds and Dividend Accumulations

Line 10 - Amount of Account Balance


## INTEREST MAINTENANCE RESERVE

This exhibit is designed to capture the realized capital gains/(losses) that result from changes in the overall level of interest rates and amortize them into income over the approximate remaining life of the investment sold.

These instructions cover the Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR) for both the General Account Statement and the Separate Accounts Statement. If an IMR is required for investments in the Separate Accounts Statement, it follows all rules applicable to the general account IMR and it is kept separate from the General Accounts IMR and accounted for in the Separate Accounts Statement. The criteria for determining when an IMR is required for separate accounts are described in the Separate Accounts IMR Worksheet Instructions.

Line 1 - Reserve as of December 31, Prior Year
Enter the amount from Line 6 of the prior year's schedule.
If the prior year's balance entered in Line 1 is negative, refer to the im rucu for Line 6 to assure proper recording of the change in any nonadmitted or disallowed po

Line $2-\quad$ Current Year’s Realized Pre-tax Capital Gains/(Losses) of $\$ \quad$ Transferred into the Reserve Net of Taxes of \$ $\qquad$
Include interest-rate-related realized capital gains/(los. $c$, net o capital gains tax thereon. All realized
capital gains/(losses) transferred to the IMR are not o capit 1 gains taxes thereon. Exclude non-interest-related (default) realized capital gains $a^{-1}{ }^{-1}$ ses, jealized capital gains/(losses) on equity investments, and unrealized capital gains/(losses) ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

All realized capital gains/(losses), due to inter + rate changes on fixed income investments, net of related capital gains tax, should be captur a in the hrik and amortized into income (Column 2, Lines 1 through 31) according to Table 3 or t a crià m method. Realized capital gains/(losses) must be classified as either interest (IMR) or in $\eta$-intern (AVR) related, not a combination except as specified in SSAP No. 43R-Loan-Bar cand Sir ctured Securities. Purchase lots with the same CUSIP are treated as individual assets or IMR an Asset Valuation Reserve (AVR) purposes.

Exclude those capital gains an los es that, in accordance with contract terms have been used to directly increase or decrease contuct benefit payments or reserves during the reporting period. The purpose of this exclusir is to avoid the duplicate utilization of such gains and losses.

Capital gains tax nou. be determined using the method developed by the company to allocate taxes used for st cutor finang al reporting purposes. By capturing the realized capital gains/(losses) net of tax, the cap ga associated with those capital gains/(losses) due to an interest rate change is charged or crea nd to the IMR and amortized in proportion to the before-tax amortization.

Inclús.ealized capital gains/(losses) on:
De securities (excluding loan-backed and structured securities) and preferred stocks whose
Nati nal Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC)/Securities Valuation Office (SVO) - ougnation at the end of the holding period is NOT different from its NAIC designation at the beginning of the holding period by more than one NAIC designation. Exclude any such gains/(losses) exempt from the IMR.

Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO. Include any capital gains/(losses) realized by the Company, whether from sale of the Fund or capital gains distributions by the Fund. If, during the course of the year, the SVO removes the designation of "NAIC 1" from a Bond Mutual Fund - as Identified by the SVO, the company shall not report capital gains/(losses) in this schedule. Any such removal of the "NAIC 1" designation will cause the Fund to be reported as common stock on the applicable schedules.

SVO Identified Funds designated for systematic value
Called bonds, tendered bonds, and sinking fund payments.
Mortgage loans where:

- Interest is NOT more than 90 days past due, or
- The loan is NOT in process of foreclosure, or
- The loan is NOT in course of voluntary conveyance, or
- The terms of the loan have NOT been restructured during the prior two vears.

Additional Provisions for Including/Excluding Gains (Losses) from IAR:
Mortgage loan prepayment penalties are not included in IMR reat am as regular investment income.

Interest-related gains/(losses) realized on directly held apital pind surplus notes reported on Schedule BA should be transferred to the IMR in the er as similar gains and losses on fixed income assets held on Schedule D. A cap, gain/( ss) on such a note is classified as an interest rate gain if the note is eligible for amor red-v lue accounting at both the time of acquisition and the time of disposition.

Determination of IMR gain/(loss) on iltipt lots of the same securities should follow the underlying accounting treatment in deter ining the gain/(loss). Thus, the designation, on a purchase lot basis, should be comp red to th- designation at the end of the holding period to determine IMR or AVR gain c loss

Realized capital gains/( oses, on vy debt security (excluding loan-backed and structured securities) that has ha an NAIC SVO designation of 6 at any time during the holding period should be excluded froin he IMR ad included as a non-interest-related gain/(loss) in the AVR.

Realized capital gains/(losses) on any preferred stock that had an NAIC/SVO designation of RP4, RP5 or RP6 or P4 P5 or P6 at any time during the holding period should be reported as non-interest-related gain (losses) in the AVR.

The r Idin\& perioc for debt securities (excluding loan-backed and structured securities) and preferre stoc ic efined as the period from the date of purchase to the date of sale. For the end of period $C$ ssification, the most recent available designation should be used. For bonds acquired饣efore Jan. 1, 1991, the holding period is presumed to have begun on Dec. 31, 1990. For preferred $\mathrm{S}_{4}{ }^{\mathrm{k}} \mathrm{k}$ s acquired before Jan. 1, 1993, the holding period is presumed to have begun on nec. 992. For Bond Mutual Fund - as Identified by the SVO, the holding period is defined as one valendar year to expected maturity. For SVO Identified Funds designated for systematic value, the olding period is the weighted-average life of the underlying bonds.

In accordance with SSAP No. $26 R$-Bonds, securities with other-than-temporary impairment losses shall be recorded entirely to either AVR or IMR and not bifurcated between interest and non-interest components.

Where the gain on a convertible bond or preferred stock sold while "in the money" is included in the IMR; the expected maturity date is defined as the next conversion date. "In the money" is defined to mean that the number of shares available currently or at next conversion date, multiplied by their current market price, is greater than the book/adjusted carrying value of the convertible asset. However, for a convertible bond or convertible preferred stock purchased while its conversion value exceeds its par value, any gain or loss realized from its sale before conversion must be excluded from the IMR and included in the AVR. Conversion value is defined to mean the number of shares available currently or at next conversion date, multiplied by the stock's current market price.

In accordance with SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities, ornan-backed and structured securities only:

- Other-Than-Temporary Impairment - Non-interest-related other-t an-te, porary impairment losses shall be recorded through the AVR. If the reporting entity wro the s curity down to fair value due to the intent to sell or does not have the intent and ability $\%$ Io the investment for a period of time sufficient to recover the amortized cost basis, th on-irt rest-related portion of the other-than-temporary impairment losses shall be recorded the ough AVR; the interest-related other-than-temporary impairment losses shall be recorded the ugh the IMR. The analysis for bifurcating impairment losses between AVR and IMR sha be co mpleted as of the date when the other-than-temporary impairment is determined.
- Security Sold at a Loss Without Prior OTTI-Ar ent sha bifurcate the loss into AVR and IMR portions depending on interest- and non-inter t-1 'rea leclines in accordance with the analysis performed as of the date of sale. As such, an tity sitll report the loss in separate AVR and IMR components as appropriate.
- Security Sold at a Loss With Prior ${ }^{\text {( ITJ An entity shall bifurcate the current realized loss into }}$ AVR and IMR portions depe ding inte est- and non-interest-related declines in accordance with the analysis performed as of $\quad$ dat sale. An entity shall not adjust previous allocations to AVR and IMR that resul a fro ore us recognition of other-than-temporary impairments.
- Security Sold at a Gain rith Pric OTTI - An entity shall bifurcate the gain into AVR and IMR portions depending on inter $\quad$ d non-interest factors in accordance with the analysis performed as of the date of $\mathrm{s}^{2} \mathrm{e}$. The biturcation between AVR and IMR that occurs as of the date of sale may be different m the AVR and IMR allocation that occurred at the time of previous other-than-temporary impa. nents. An entity shall not adjust previous allocations to AVR and IMR that resulted fror previ is recognition of other-than-temporary impairments.
- Securit ; old an Gain Without Prior OTTI - An entity shall bifurcate the gain into AVR and IMR portio depending on interest and non-interest factors in accordance with the analysis - ormed as of the date of sale.

Tb Ow guidance pertains to instruments in Scope of SSAP No. 86-Derivatives:

For erivative instruments used in hedging transactions, the determination of whether the capital gains/(losses) are allocable to the IMR or the AVR is based on how the underlying asset is treated. Realized gains/(losses) on portfolio or general hedging instruments should be included with the hedged asset. Gains/(losses) on hedges used, as specific hedges should be included only if the specific hedged asset is sold or disposed of.

- For income generation derivative transactions, the determination of whether the capital gains/(losses) are allocable to the IMR or the AVR is based on how the underlying interest (for a put) or covering asset (for a call, cap or floor) is treated. Realized gains/(losses) should be included in the same sub-component where the realized gains/(losses) of the underlying interest (for a put) or covering asset (for a call, cap or floor) is reported. For a more complete and detailed explanation, refer SSAP No. 86-Derivatives for accounting guidance.
- Realized gains/(losses), on derivative transactions entered into solely for the purpose of altering the interest rate characteristics of the company's assets and/or liabilities (hedging transactions) should be allocated to the IMR and amortized over the life of the hedged assets. Realized gains/(losses), on income generation derivative transactions where the underlying interest (put) or covering
asset
(call, cap or floor) is subject to IMR, should be allocated to the IMR and amortized over the remaining life of the:
a. underlying interest for a put
b. covering asset for a call
c. derivative contract for a cap or floor
- Capital gains/(losses) associated with the cash components of a re ion synthetic asset) transaction should be categorized as interest-rate-related or non-int est-rei ed and as to subcomponent within the AVR as they would be in the absence of the licat on (synthetic asset) transaction.
- Capital gains/(losses), other than those arising at the time of co nterpey default, on the derivative component of a replication (synthetic asset) transaction that not a swap of prospectivelydetermined interest rates should be categorized as interest- te-re ated or non-interest-related and as to sub-component within the AVR as if they ere gatremorosses on the replicated (synthetic) asset(s).
- Capital gains/(losses) arising from counterpa y do 'ult or the curing of a previous counterparty default should be separately identified and a dited or charged to the bond and preferred stock component of the AVR.
- Interest-rate related gains/(losses) a soci- with the cash component of a replication (synthetic asset) transaction should be anrortize in th same manner as they would be in the absence of the replication (synthetic asset) transac ion.
- Interest-rate related ans/(losses associated with the derivative component of a replication (synthetic asset) transact that ir hot a swap of prospectively determined interest rates should be amortized as if they arose fro e replicated asset.
- Realized capital है ins/(losses) arising from a swap of prospectively-determined interest rates constituting a mpu ant of a replication (synthetic asset) transaction should be credited or charge to to e Inte, st Maintenance Reserve using the maturity bucket corresponding to the side of the
- Gains/(losses, on dollar repurchase agreements that are traded for the fee have no IMR (or AVR) a act because they are treated as financing.
- tr tota dollar value of these IMR realized capital gains and (losses), net of capital gains tax will be e cluded from the realized gains/(losses) reported on Page 4, Line 34 in the general account.

In the Separate Accounts Statement, the total dollar value of these IMR realized capital gains/(losses), net of capital gains tax will be excluded from the realized gains/(losses) reported on Page 4, Line 3.

- By capturing the realized capital gains/(losses), net of tax, the capital gains tax associated with those capital gains/(losses) due to an interest rate change is charged or credited to the IMR and amortized in proportion to the before-tax amortization.


## Reinsurance Ceded

Ceding Company means an insurer who has sold, transferred or reinsured a block of its in force liabilities under an agreement that qualifies for reinsurance accounting as described in SSAP No. 61RLife, Deposit-Type and Accident and Health Reinsurance.

The interest-related gain/(loss), net of taxes, associated with the sale, transfer or reinsurance of a block of liabilities must be credited or charged to the ceding company's IMR and then amortized into income provided:

1. The portion of the block reinsured represents more than $1 \%$ of the rding company's General Account Liabilities, Page 3, Line 26;
and
2. The transaction was completed in the current year.

A company may elect to use a lower materiality threshold that he $1 \%$ specified in Item 1 above. Once a threshold is established, it can only be changed with ther $a_{1}$ val of the Insurance Department of the state of domicile.

The amount of the gain/(loss) that is interest-relath d its amp amortization should be determined using the following three step procedure for the pan or tion block sold, transferred or reinsured.

1. Identify the IMR balance and future amortr tion arising from the past and present dispositions of the assets associated with the block o Ilabilities
2. Identify the IMR balance and ture ortization that would result if the remaining assets associated with the block ria litie vere to be sold.
3. Define the interest-rela gain/(l) ss), net of taxes, to be the negative of the sum of the IMR balances determined in ste ${ }_{P} 1$ a 4 2. The future amortization of the gain/(loss) is the negative of the sum of the amortization dewmined in steps 1 and 2.

The associated assets ai the assets allocable to the reinsured block of business for the purposes of investment incon dir ration. If the ceding company has not been tracking the investment income of the block, it sh uld rei ospectively identify the assets using procedures consistent with its usual investment on alld ation procedures. The associated assets are not necessarily the same as the assets transteri as part of the transaction.

In ce in circumstances, (e.g., non-economic transactions between affiliated insurers) assets are required be transferred at book rather than market. In this case, Step 1 above for past and present r alize rains/(losses) applies, but Step 2 above for unrealized gains/(losses) is zero.

In $n$ circumstances, e.g., modified coinsurance and coinsurance with funds withheld, assets reside ith the ceding company and the following requirements apply:
a. At treaty inception - If at treaty inception the assets residing with the ceding company cover IMR for the business reinsured and the investment income passed through each accounting period to the reinsurer is net of amortization of this IMR, no IMR liability adjustment shall be made. Otherwise, an IMR liability adjustment must be made (subject to the ceding company's reinsurance materiality threshold). In this case, step 1 above for past and present realized gains/(losses) applies but step 2 above for unrealized gains/(losses) is zero.
b. After inception, for treaties effective January 1, 1999 and later - If the ceding company passes through to the reinsurer the gains/(losses) each accounting period net of the change in IMR for these gains/(losses), no IMR liability adjustment shall be made. Otherwise (i.e. where the ceding company passes through to the reinsurer all gains/(losses) each accounting period without adjustment for IMR), an IMR liability adjustment must be made each accounting period, per step 3 above, for gains/(losses) realized in that accounting period. This is done regardless of the ceding company’s reinsurance materiality threshold.
c. After inception, for treaties effective prior to January 1, 1999 - The ceding company may elect to follow Item b above, however, if this election is made it must be consistently followed for that treaty at all future valuation dates.

The following is an illustration of the application of the rules governing the 'MR treatment of reinsurance transactions for the ceding company.

We will make the following assumptions:

- A company has a block of business that it completely reinsures dun fg 19 v3.
- The assets currently allocable to the block for investn nt inc e allocation purposes have a book/adjusted carrying value of $\$ 100$ million and a market $\quad$ 'ие $\$ 110$ million.
- Some of the assets backing the block were $>$ old a ing 1.92 generating an interest-rate related gain of $\$ 2$ million before taxes and $\$ 1.32$ miln an apital gains taxes for which the IMR amortization is:

| IMR Amortiz | Amortization <br> (\$ millions) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0.202 |
| 199 | 0.383 |
| 993 |  |
| 1995 | 0.310 |
| 1999 | 0.231 |
| 77 | 0.144 |
| TOTAL | 0.050 |
|  | 1.320 |

A portion of the no ${ }^{\text {al }}$ in, $\$ .202$ million, was amortized in 1992 , leaving $\$ 1.118$ million to be amortized 199 and lo er

- The company pays a consideration to the reinsurer of $\$ 105$ million.
- The company sells assets allocable to the block with a book/adjusted carrying value of $\$ 80$ million and a market value of $\$ 89$ million to partially fund the payment to the reinsurer. This sale generates a taxable gain of $\$ 9$ million resulting in the payment of $\$ 3.06$ million in capital gains taxes. The after-tax gain from these 1993 sales is amortized as follows:

| IMR Amortization of 1993 Capital Gains |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Year | Amortization <br> (\$ millions) |
| 1993 | 0.261 |
| 1994 | 0.570 |
| 1995 | 0.618 |
| 1996 | 0.677 |
| 1997 | 0.743 |
| 1998 | 0.07 |
| 1999 | $0.5 /$ |
| 2000 | 0.30 |
| 2001 | 0.46 |
| 2002 | 9.291 |
| 2003 | 0.101 |
| TOTAL | 5.940 |

- The remaining $\$ 19.06$ million paid to the rein arer horrowed from other lines of business.
- Assets with a book/adjusted carrying valu of $\$ 20$ nillion and a market value of $\$ 21$ million from the original block of assets allocable the lin business remain in the company's portfolio after the transaction is completed. If th se ts were to be sold at the time of the reinsurance transaction, they would generate a berore-t $x$ capital gain of $\$ 1$ million and an after-tax capital gain of $\$ .66$ million that $\mathrm{y}^{\prime}$ be a ortzed through the IMR as follows:

ote thi if these assets are actually sold at some point subsequent to the reinsurance transaction, the le pric would be different from the hypothetical price to the extent that interest rates had changed sub. . ent to the reinsurance transaction.
- The block is big enough to exceed the materiality threshold.

In order to calculate the IMR amortization associated with the reinsurance of the liability, it is first necessary to determine the IMR amortization from past, present and hypothetical asset sales of assets allocable to the block of business.


The IMR amortization associated with the li lity is displayed in the last column of the above table and it is simply the complement of the MR tization associated with the past, present and hypothetical future assets sales. The liat dity ortization should be entered in Column 3 of the IMR Amortization Worksheet of the Annual Sturemer of the ceding company. By definition the size of the interest-rate related gain is the trat fertu to the IMR, $-\$ 7.718$ million, which should be included on Line 3 of the IMR worl neet or he ding company as well as on the Aggregate Write-ins for Deductions on the Summa of Operat ns and Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business.

## Reinsurance Assumed

"Assuming Company eans here the counterparty to the transactions described above for the ceding company.
The assun nom mpan set up an IMR liability adjustment of the same magnitude but complemeniat, to ere adjustment recorded by the ceding company, subject to the following requirements:

1. Wh the assuming company is required to set up a deferred profit liability or deferred loss asset a. remects zero gain/(loss) at treaty date, e.g., as for assumption reinsurance, the assuming con any must not set up an IMR liability adjustment. Regardless, for non-economic transactions wit $^{1}$ an affiliate, the assuming company must set up the IMR liability adjustment.

The assuming company may offset a positive IMR adjustment, but not below zero, with any excess of policyholder reserves initially established by the assuming company over their re-computed values using maximum valuation interest rates based on the original issue dates of the reinsured policies.
3. The assuming company must increase a negative IMR adjustment, but not above zero, with any shortfall of policyholder reserves initially established by the assuming company over their re-computed values using maximum valuation interest rates based on the original issue dates of the reinsured policies.

To determine the offset of Item 2 or 3 above, the company would need to calculate policyholder reserves on both the reported and minimum bases as of each valuation date. In lieu of this, a reporting entity may determine the offset as of the treaty effective date, express this offset as a percentage of the IMR adjustment and then apply this same percentage reduction or increase to the IMR adjustment at all subsequent valuation dates. However, whichever method is used for the particular treaty must be consistently applied at all valuation dates.

In the case of subsequent reinsurance, the retroceding reporting entity has an IMR adjustment net of the offset of Item 2 or 3 above, whereas, the IMR transferred over is gross of this offset. The new reinsurer would determine its own adjustment following Item 2 or 3 above.

Upon recapture or commutation of a reinsurance arrangement where the effect ${ }^{\wedge}$ date 0 . the original arrangement was January 1, 1999 or later, the reinsurer must follow the IMR ru s for reinsurance ceded and the original insurer (company recapturing the business) mus follo the IMR rules for reinsurance assumed, as set forth above, for the portion of busines reca tured. Jtherwise, no IMR adjustment is made.

Upon reinsurance assumed, recaptured or commuted from an alie insur (ie. not subject to IMR), an IMR liability adjustment is required only where the assuming con ${ }_{1}$ ny, or any of its affiliates, ever held the business and subsequently reinsured the business 'fective sanuary 1, 1999 or later, and currently holds an unamortized IMR liability adjustment the hess. In this case, the new IMR liability adjustment must be set equal to the co lemen of the unamortized IMR liability adjustment(s) currently held for the business by the assù ing c mpany or by its affiliates. An affiliate may choose to hold the complementary offsetting mo nt in tholds the applicable unamortized IMR liability adjustment, otherwise, the complement offse ing amount must be held by the assuming company.

## Market Value Adjustments

Material gains or losses resulting from marknt alue adjustments on policies and contracts backed by assets that are valued at boo auju a ${ }^{\circ}$. rying value including the marginal tax impact, should be captured by the IMR and artized in manner consistent with the determination of the market value adjustment. A gain or loss conside d material if it is in excess of both $0.01 \%$ of liabilities and $\$ 1,000,000$. The amortization she sles should be determined in a manner consistent with the determination of associated markel alue adjustment.

The amount recorded on Line 3 on account of reinsurance or market value adjustments should be reported on the $C$ omm or orations and the Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business on the Aggregate Jrite ns for eductions line.

Line 6
Current Year's mortization Released to Summary of Operations
Repo he amount from the Amortization Table, Line 1, Column 4. This amount should agree with Paco 4 an ${ }^{-6}$ Line 4. This amount reflects only the current year amortization of current and prior year I IR ga $s$ and losses.
_ Resunc as of December 31, Current Year
Record any positive or allowable negative balance in the liability line captioned "Interest Maintenance Reserve" on Page 3, Line 9.4 of the General Account Statement and Line 3 of the Separate Accounts Statement. A negative IMR balance may be recorded as a negative liability in either the General Account or the Separate Accounts Statement of a company only to the extent that it is covered or offset by a positive IMR liability in the other statement.

If there is any disallowed negative IMR balance in the General Account Statement, include the change in the disallowed portion in Page 4, Line 41 so that the change will be appropriately charged or credited to the Capital and Surplus Account on Page 4. If there is any disallowed negative IMR balance in the Separate Accounts Statement, determine the change in the disallowed portion (prior year less current year disallowed portions), and make a direct charge or credit to the surplus account for the "Change in Disallowed Interest Maintenance Reserve" in the write-in line, in the Surplus Account on Page 4 of the Separate Accounts Statement.

The following information is presented to assist in determining the proper accounting:

|  | General Account IMR Balance | Separate Account IMR Balance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Positive | Positive | Pos ive ( $($ e rure a) |
|  | Negative | Negative | - Neg ive (S e rule b) |
|  | Positive | Negative | F itiv, wee rule c) |
|  | Positive | Negative | Nega ve (See rule d) |
|  | Negative | Positive | citive (See rule e) |
|  | Negative | Positive | Negative (See rule f) |
| Rules: |  |  |  |

b. If both balances are negative, then no portio of the 2gative balances is allowable as a negative liability in either statement. Report a zer for IMR liability in each statement, and follow the above instructions for handling disallowed H rative IMR balances in each statement.
c. If the general account balan is combined net balance is positive,

1 Ve the separate accounts balance is negative and the liability in the Separate \& cour Sta, ment.
d. If the general account vlance i positive, the separate account balance is negative, and the combined net balance is ne $e_{\text {tiv }}$ then the negative amount not covered by the positive amount is not allowable. Reprert only theallowable portion as a negative liability in the Separate Accounts Statement, and $\mathrm{fr}^{1 /}$ w the above instructions for handling the disallowed portion of negative IMR balances in the Separ te Accounts Statement.
e. If the gene lacco nt balance is negative, the separate account balance is positive, and the combin net ce is positive, then all of the negative IMR balance is allowable as a negative liability in a General Account Statement.
f. L e general account balance is negative, the separate account balance is positive, and the $\sim$ net balance is negative, then the negative amount not covered by the positive amount is not llowable. Report only the allowable portion as a negative liability in the General Account Stat ment, and follow the above instructions for handling the disallowed portion of negative IMR

## Items Exemp. 'rom IMR Treatment

All realized interest related gains/(losses) determined on an aggregate company basis which arise from the sale of investments required to provide cash flow to meet "excess withdrawal activity" as defined below will be excluded from the IMR and will be reflected in net income.

## Withdrawable Reserves

Is the reserve or liability, net of any policy loans, associated with any policy or contract that might be subject to a withdrawal or surrender, without a market value adjustment at the discretion of either the contract holder or plan participant? Withdrawable reserves include the reserves associated with such things as:

- Ordinary and industrial life insurance,
- SPDAs and
- Benefit-sensitive GICs where the associated plan allows participant withdrawals or transfer


## Effective Withdrawals

Include withdrawals and surrenders that are unscheduled and calculated without market avijustn nt plu the net increase in policy loans. It also includes cash transfers to separate accounts other than transfars wre nium, a deposit, or consideration is booked into the general account and immediately transferred into the sepa ${ }^{\circ}$ acco $n$.

Withdrawable Reserves and Effective Withdrawals are both calculated net of reinsurance.

## Withdrawal Rate

Is the ratio of the Effective Withdrawals for the calendar year to the Witharawat a Res rves at the beginning of the year?

## Threshold Withdrawal Level

Is $150 \%$ of the product of the lower of the Withdrawal Rate in the pre ding or in the next preceding calendar year times the Withdrawable Reserves at the beginning of the year.

## Excess Withdrawal Activity

Is the amount by which Effective Withdrawals for ae year e, eeds the Threshold Withdrawal Level.
Only those investments required to provide cash flo to eet excess withdrawal conditions should be excluded from the IMR. It is conceivable that a company might be able $\quad$ identify the specific sales that are associated with the excess withdrawal activity, in which case these sale would be excluded from the IMR. Alternatively, a pro rata portion of all sales during the year equal to the amount of excess in thdrawal activity would be excluded from the IMR.


The Withd . $\%$ for the year $t-2$ and $9 \%$ for year $t-1$. The Threshold Withdrawal Level of year $t$ is $150 \%$ of 1,300 times $9 \%$ or $1>5$, and the Excess Withdrawal Activity is 19.5. Thus, if the company had assets sales in excess of 19.5, that portion of the ass sales not in excess of 19.5 would be identified as Excessive Withdrawal Activity and the associated capital gains and (losses) should be excluded from the IMR. If the company had asset sales of less than 19.5, all of the associated gains or (losses) should be excluded.

## AMORTIZATION

This supporting schedule calculates the amount of the Interest Maintenance Reserve to be amortized in each year.
Column 1 - Reserve as of December 31, Prior Year
Enter the amount from Column 4 of the prior year's schedule.
Column 2 - Current Year’s Realized Capital Gains/(Losses) Transferred into the Reserve Net of Taxes
After a realized capital gain/(loss) has been identified as interest-related and an ey rea maturity date has been determined, the Table 1 amortization chart or seriatim method should be ised.

There are two prescribed methods for calculating this amortization sched ale. A rompany can select either the seriatim method or the grouped method for calculating IMF amort ation. Although a company is not precluded from changing methods on a prospective bast the uriding consideration is the reasonableness of the amortization. However, once a metho sele for a particular year's capital gains, the amortization is locked in and cannot be chang (at eact not without the specific approval of the commissioner).

## Seriatim Method

The amount of each capital gain/(loss), net of capital ga ns ta , amortized in a given year using the seriatim method is the excess of the amount of in whin would have been reported in that year, had the asset not been disposed of, over the amon of inc ne which would have been reported had the asset been repurchased at its sale price. The ital ins tax associated with each gain/(loss) should be amortized in proportion to the amortization of th rain/(loss).

For mortgage-backed/asset-backe sec it se an amortization schedule developed using the anticipated future cash flows of the curitw old consistent with the prepayment assumptions that would have been used to valy cat vuris had the security been purchased at its sale price.

## Grouped Method

The seriatim calculation (i.e., on athasset by asset basis) is the desired approach. However, the seriatim approach may impose 1 administrative burden on some companies, therefore, any company may use the method employed by that company to amortize interest-related capital gains/(losses) among lines of business and polr horers in accordance with the investment income allocation process as approved $l$ the tate ins rance department. Alternatively, a company may use a standard "simplified" method by uich ha apital gains/(losses), net of capital gains tax, are grouped according to the number of cale dar years to expected maturity. The groupings will be in bands of five (5) calendar year except that investments with one (1) calendar year to expected maturity will be grouped separ, ${ }^{1}$ v from those with two (2) to five (5) calendar years to expected maturity.

## Expected Maturity Date

The presence of sinking fund payments, amortization schedules, expected prepayments, and adjustable interest rates complicate the determination of the number of calendar years to expected maturity. The expected maturity date is:

- For fixed income instruments with fixed contractual repayment dates and amounts (including bonds, preferred stock, callable or convertible bonds and preferred(s), the expected maturity is defined as the contractual retirement date which produces the lowest amortization value for annual statement purposes (lowest internal rate of return or "yield to worst"). Potential retirement dates include all possible call dates, and the contractual maturity date. However, who a convertible bond or convertible preferred stock is sold while its conversion value exd ds its b ok/adjusted carrying value and the gain is included in IMR, the expected maturity doto is fined as the next conversion date. Conversion value is defined to mean the number shat or common stock available currently or at next conversion date, multiplied by ine st k's c rent market price. When the instrument's contractual terms include scheduled sinm nod payments of fixed amounts, an additional calculation of yield to average life shou he inc ded in the analysis where average life is defined as the date at which the instrument is $0 \%$ ro . For puttable instruments, where the exercise option rests with the investor, expected matu. v is the put or maturity date that produces the highest internal rate of return. For Bond Mu al Fu us - as Identified by SVO, use one calendar year to expected maturity. For SVQ Ider designated for systematic value, the expected maturity is the weighted-average 1 e of he underlying bonds. For perpetual instruments, the expected maturity is 30 years from the curr at date.

However, where a callable bond purchased at a emium called or sold after the expected maturity date, there should be no amortization of the cren im or interest-related gain/(loss). Similarly there should be no amortization of any interest-relate rain/(loss) arising if a convertible bond or preferred stock is disposed of after the expected $m$ arity date.

Using the grouped method, capital gain (lose , net of capital gains tax are tabulated according to the number of calendar years to e pecto ma ity. The groupings are:

Ca. ndar ye s to expected maturity, calenà ear to expected maturity, calendar years to expected maturity, lendar years to expected maturity, calendar years to expected maturity, calendar years to expected maturity, calendar years to expected maturity, calendar years to expected maturity.

Calend years to expected maturity" means the calendar year of maturity minus the calendar year of (e.g., a bond sold in 2007 that would have matured in 2012 has five calendar years to nected maturity).

For purposes of the grouped method, the following additional assumptions are applicable:

- For fixed income investments, other than residential mortgages and residential mortgage pass-throughs, without a maturity date or sinking fund schedule, a maturity date 30 years from the current year should be used.
- For mortgage-backed/asset-backed securities, use the remaining weighted average life of principal and interest payments consistent with the prepayment assumptions that would have been used to value the security had the security been repurchased at its sale price.
- For Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO, use one calend ar to expected maturity.

NOTE: Amortization of current year gains/(losses) should be based or prior vear's amortization factors until the current year's table is published. Amortizacion o each , ear's gains/(losses) for future years must be based on the amortization table app ablu that year (i.e., 2006 gains/(losses) use the 2006 table, 2007 gains/(losses) u the ${ }^{\circ} 07$ table, etc.). Refer to Grouped Amortization Schedule included in this section.

Column 3 - Adjustment for Current Year’s Liability Gains/(Losses) Releas a Fron me Reserve
Report the negative of realized capital gains/(losses) have been identified as associated with the sale, transfer or reinsurance of a block of liabilities In aca danc with the instructions for Line 3.

The current Grouped Amortization Schedule will be posted to the NAIC web site in July of each year.
TABLE 1

Grouped Amortization Schedules for the Interest Maintenance Reserve for 2018 Gains/(Losses) Interest Rate $=4.00 \%$

## Calendar Years to Maturity <br> (Residential Mortgages)

| (Residential Mortgages) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year-end | over 25 | 21-25 | 16-20 | $\begin{gathered} 11-15 \\ (21-30) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6-10 \\ (11-20) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2-5 \\ (3-10) \end{gathered}$ | $(1)^{7}$ |  |
| 2018 | 1.0\% | 1.3\% | 1.9\% | 3.0\% | 5.4\% | 13.5\% | . 5 | 100.0\% |
| 2019 | 2.0\% | 2.8\% | 4.0\% | 6.1\% | 11.1\% | $2 \mathrm{\%}$ \% | 50.5\% |  |
| 2020 | 2.1\% | 2.9\% | 4.1\% | 6.4\% | 11.6\% | -5.2\% |  |  |
| 2021 | 2.2\% | 3.0\% | 4.3\% | 6.7\% | 12.0\% | 18. |  |  |
| 2022 | 2.3\% | 3.2\% | 4.5\% | 6.9\% | 12.5\% | 11.2 |  |  |
| 2023 | 2.4\% | 3.2\% | 4.7\% | 7.2\% | 13.1\% |  |  |  |
| 2024 | 2.5\% | 3.4\% | 4.8\% | 7.5\% | 12. ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |
| 2025 | 2.6\% | 3.5\% | 5.1\% | 7.8\% | 9.6\% |  |  |  |
| 2026 | 2.7\% | 3.7\% | 5.2\% | 8.1\% | \% |  |  |  |
| 2027 | 2.7\% | 3.8\% | 5.5\% | 8.4\% | 4.3\% |  |  |  |
| 2028 | 2.9\% | 4.0\% | 5.6\% | 8.8\% | 4\% |  |  |  |
| 2029 | 3.1\% | 4.1\% | 6.0\% | 8.1\% |  |  |  |  |
| 2030 | 3.1\% | 4.3\% | 6.1\% | $6.5{ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2031 | 3.3\% | 4.5\% | 6.4\% | 4.2 |  |  |  |  |
| 2032 | 3.4\% | 4.6\% | 6.6\% | 8\% |  |  |  |  |
| 2033 | 3.5\% | 4.9\% | 7.0\% | 1.0 |  |  |  |  |
| 2034 | 3.7\% | 5.0\% | $6.4{ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2035 | 3.8\% | 5.2\% | 5.1\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2036 | 4.0\% | 5.5\% | 3.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2037 | 4.2\% | 5.7\% | 2.2\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2038 | 4.3\% | 5.9\% | - $8 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2039 | 4.5\% | 5.4\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2040 | 4.7\% | 4.4\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2041 | 4.8\% | ? $1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2042 | 5.1\% | 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2043 | 5.2\% | 0.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2044 | 4.9\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2045 | 3.9\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2046 | 2.8\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2047 | 1.76 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2048 | 0.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1000 | 00.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |

NOTE 1: "Calè 'эr Years to Expected Maturity" is defined in the preceding text. In the case of residential mortgages, where one-half the number of years to final maturity should be used, the parenthetical headings apply.




## ASSET VALUATION RESERVE

This exhibit and its supporting calculations are designed to address the non-interest-related (default) and equity risks of the company's assets by calculating a basic contribution, a reserve objective and a maximum reserve amount and controlling the flow of the reserve from/into surplus. These instructions cover the Asset Valuation Reserve (AVR) for both the General Account Statement and the Separate Account Statement. If an AVR is required for investments in the Separate Accounts Statement, it is combined with the General Account AVR and accounted for in the General Accounts statement. Worksheets supporting the separate accounts portion of the reserve are included with the Separate Accounts Statement. The criteria for determining when an AVR is required for separate accounts are described in the Separate Accounts AVR Worksheet instructions.

Line 1 - Reserve as of December 31, Prior Year
Enter amounts from Line 16 of the prior year's Reserve Calculation.
Line $2-\quad$ Realized Capital Gains/(Losses) Net of Taxes - General Account
Report all realized non-interest-related (default) and equity capit ${ }^{1}$ gat $/(1)$ sses $)$, net of capital gains tax, applicable to the assets in each component and sub-component. $1 l l$ realized capital gains/(losses) transferred to the AVR are net of capital gains taxes thereon. Fxcluc vall interest rate-related capital gains/(losses) from the AVR.

Capital gains tax should be determined using the methou devel ped by the company to allocate taxes used for statutory financial reporting purposes.

Report all realized capital gains/(losses), no of ca tal gains tax, on each debt security (excluding loan-backed and structured securities) whose $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{S} \vee \mathrm{O}$ designation at the end of the holding period is different from its NAIC/SVO designat on at the veginning of the holding period by more than one NAIC/SVO designation. The holdi.g pe in fined as the period from the date of purchase to the date of sale. For end of period classif tion,tb most recent available designation should be used. For bonds acquired before Jan. 1. he hiv ding period is presumed to have begun on Dec. 31, 1990.

Determination of AVR gain ${ }^{\text {'I }}$ oss) on ultiple lots of the same fixed income securities should follow the underlying accounting trea. ont a determining gain/(loss). Thus, the designation, on a purchase lot basis, should be comnared to th. designation at the end of the holding period to determine IMR or AVR gain or loss.

In accordance wh a $P$ _o. 26R-Bonds, securities with other-than-temporary impairment losses shall be re orde entirel to either AVR or IMR and not bifurcated between interest and non-interest components

In acordance wiv SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities, for loan-backed and struct. d securities only:


Oth r-Than-Temporary Impairment - Non-interest-related other-than-temporary impairment loss $s$ shall be recorded through the AVR. If the reporting entity wrote the security down to fair varue due to the intent to sell or does not have the intent and ability to retain the investment for a period of time sufficient to recover the amortized cost basis, the non-interest-related portion of the other-than-temporary impairment losses shall be recorded through the AVR; the interest related other-than-temporary impairment losses shall be recorded through the IMR. The analysis for bifurcating impairment losses between AVR and IMR shall be completed as of the date when the other-than-temporary impairment is determined.

- Security Sold at a Loss Without Prior OTTI - An entity shall bifurcate the loss into AVR and IMR portions depending on interest- and non-interest-related declines in accordance with the analysis performed as of the date of sale. As such, an entity shall report the loss in separate AVR and IMR components as appropriate.
- Security Sold at a Loss With Prior OTTI - An entity shall bifurcate the current realized loss into AVR and IMR portions depending on interest- and non-interest-related declines in accordance with the analysis performed as of the date of sale. An entity shall not adjust previous allocations to AVR and IMR that resulted from previous recognition of other-than-temporary impairments.
- Security Sold at a Gain With Prior OTTI - An entity shall bifurcate the gair into 1VR and IMR portions depending on interest and non-interest factors in accordance with analys. performed as of the date of sale. The bifurcation between AVR and IMR that ocr as c the date of sale may be different from the AVR and IMR allocation that occurred at he tim of previous other-than-temporary impairments. An entity shall not adjust previous alloca ons to AVR and IMR that resulted from previous recognition of other-than-temporary intairm
- Security Sold at a Gain Without Prior OTTI - An entity sli bir the gain into AVR and IMR portions depending on interest and non-interest factors accordance with the analysis performed as of the date of sale.

In addition, all gains/(losses), net of capital gains tax, o nortga e loans where:

- Interest is more than 90 days past due, or
- The loan is in the process of forecl ure,
- The loan is in course of voluntary conv vance, or
- The terms of the loan have been estructurta during the prior two years

Would be classified as on-interest-rela gainc (osses).
The gain/(loss), net of cap al gains t , on any debt security (excluding loan-backed and structured securities) that has had an $N$ "C/SVO esignation of " 6 " at any time during the holding period should be reported as a credit related ga. $\quad /(\mathrm{lr} s)$.

All capital gains/(lose s), net of capital gains tax, from preferred stock that had an NAIC/SVO designation of RP4. RP or RP6 or P4, P5 or P6 at any time during the holding period should be reported as on-in rest latud gains/(losses) in the AVR.

However, to a co ble bond or preferred stock purchased while its conversion value exceeds its par value, any ain/(loss) realized from its sale before conversion must be included in the Equity Con onent of the MVR. Conversion Value is defined to mean the number of shares available currently or at a conversion date multiplied by the stock's current market price.
eport 11 realized equity capital gains/(losses), net of capital gains tax, in the appropriate b-com onents.
following guidance pertains to instruments in Scope of SSAP No. 86-Derivatives:

- For derivative instruments used in hedging transactions, the determination of whether the capital gains/(losses) are allocable to the IMR or the AVR is based on how the underlying asset is treated. Realized gains/(losses), net of capital gains tax, on portfolio or general hedging instruments should be included with the hedged asset. Gains/(losses), net of capital gains tax, on hedges used, as specific hedges should be included only if the specific hedged asset is sold or disposed of.
- For income generation derivative transactions, the determination of whether the capital gains/(losses) are allocable to the IMR or the AVR is based on how the underlying interest (for a put) or covering asset (for a call, cap or floor) is treated. Realized gains/(losses), net of capital gains tax should be included in the same sub-component where the realized gains/(losses) of the underlying interest (for a put) or covering asset (for a call, cap or floor) is reported. Refer to SSAP No. 86-Derivatives for accounting guidance.

Realized gains/(losses), net of capital gains tax, resulting from the sale of U.S. government securities and the direct or guaranteed securities of agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government are exempt from the AVR. This category is described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

Line 3 - Realized Capital Gains/(Losses) Net of Taxes - Separate Accounts
Report realized capital gains/(losses), net of tax that are incurred on acepara accol ts assets for which AVR treatment is required, on this line.

Capital gains tax should be determined using the method develo ${ }^{\circ}$ by the company to allocate taxes used for statutory financial reporting purposes.
Line 4 - Unrealized Capital Gains/(Losses) - Net of Deferred Taxe fein Account
Unrealized gains/(losses), net of deferred taxes thereon, s. ould summarized by sub-component asset
 insurance companies that are maintaining their vn Ah are excluded since the maximum reserve factor for such companies is $0 \%$.

Deferred taxes on the unrealized capit gains/luwes included in this line should be determined consistent with the provisions of $S \triangle A P N$ I- ncome Taxes.

Unrealized gains/(losses) on $b$ agin insu ments should be included in the same sub-component as the hedged investment.

Unrealized gains/(losses) on inc ne cneration derivative transactions should be included in the same sub-component as the underlying h.erest (for a put) or covering asset (for a call, cap or floor). Report all unrealized capital $\mathrm{g}=\mathrm{ns} /(\mathrm{losses})$ on assets covered by the AVR in the appropriate sub-components.

Line 5 - Unrealized Capit Ga. $\mathrm{C} /(\mathrm{L}$ sses) - Net of Deferred Taxes - Separate Accounts
Report unre zea nit gains/(losses) that are incurred on separate accounts assets for which AVR treatment is req red, net of deferred taxes thereon, on this line.

Defer taxes on the unrealized capital gains/losses included in this line should be determined concictent ${ }^{i^{4}}$, the provisions of SSAP No. 101-Income Taxes.

Line 6 ( vital $\%$ ains Credited/(Losses Charged) to Contract Benefits, Payments or Reserves

purpose of this line is to avoid the duplicate utilization of capital gains and losses. Include only realized capital gains and losses, net of tax thereon that, in accordance with contract terms, have been used to directly increase or decrease contract benefit payments or reserves during the reporting period. Include only unrealized capital gains and losses that, in accordance with contract terms have been used to directly increase or decrease contract benefit payments or reserves during the reporting period. Where such capital gains and losses are not directly identifiable by component or sub-component of the AVR, allocate such capital gains and losses among the various components and sub-components of the AVR on a reasonable basis.

Line 7 - Basic Contribution (includes separate accounts assets, if applicable)
Report the basic contribution amount for each asset category as calculated on Pages 30 through 35 (General Account) and Pages 15 through 20 (Separate Accounts).

Column 1: Report the total bonds, preferred stock, short-term investments and derivative instruments from Page 30, Line 34, Column 6 (General Account) and Page 15, Line 34, Col. 6 (Separate Accounts), if applicable; and the total for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, Line 0199999, Column 7 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0199999, Column 7 (Separate Accounts).

Column 2: Report the total mortgage loans from Page 31, Line 60, Column 6 eneral scount $^{\text {scon }}$ Page 16, Line 60, Col. 6 (Separate Accounts), if applicable; and the tal for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, Line 02 9995, Corumn 7 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0299999, Column 7 (Separite Ac ounts)

Column 4: Report the total common stock from Page 32, Line 12 olunn 6 (General Account) and Page 17, Line 17, Col. 6 (Separate Accounts), if ap licab and the total for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, Line 0399999, Column 7 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0399999, O'umn ) (Separate Accounts).

Column 5: Report the total real estate from Page 32, (e 21, Jolumn 6 (General Account) and from Page 17, Line 21, Column 6 (Separate A coun ), if applicable, plus the total other invested assets from Page 34, Line $8^{9}$, Jumn 6 (General Account) and from Page 19, Line 86, Column 6 (Separate $A c^{\wedge}$ unts), $\{$ applicable; and the total for replication (synthetic asset) transactions c aine on Page 35, Line 0499999, Column 7 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0499s, Coramn 7 (Separate Accounts).

Line 9 - Maximum Reserve (includes separte ac a sets, if applicable)
Report the maximum reserve or ha at category as calculated on Pages 30 through 35 (General Account) and Pages 15 thre gh 20 (St grate Accounts).

Column 1: Report the tota hor o, preferred stock, short-term investments and derivative instrumenta from Pag. 30, Line 34, Column 10 (General Account) and Page 15, Line 34, Col. 10 < eparate Accounts), if applicable and the total for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, Line 0199999, Column 9 (General Account) and Pag 20, ine 199999, Column 9 (Separate Accounts).
Column 2:
epo th total mortgage loans from Page 31, Line 60, Column 10 (General Account) at Page 16, Line 60, Col. 10 (Separate Accounts), if applicable and the total for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, Line 0299999, Column 9 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0299999, Column 9 (Separate Accounts).
Report the total common stock from Page 32, Line 17, Column 10 (General Account) and Page 17, Line 17, Col. 10 (Separate Accounts), if applicable and the total for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, Line 0399999, Column 9 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0399999, Column 9 (Separate Accounts).

Report the total real estate from Page 32, Line 21, Column 10 (General Account) and from Page 17, Line 21, Column 10 (Separate Accounts), if applicable, plus the total other invested assets from Page 34, Line 86, Column 10 (General Account) and from Page 19, Line 86, Column 10 (Separate Accounts), if applicable; and the total for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, Line 0499999, Column 9 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0499999, Column 9 (Separate Accounts).

Report the reserve objective amount for each asset category as calculated on Pages 30 through 35 (General Account) and Pages 15 through 20 (Separate Accounts).

Column 1: Report the total bonds, preferred stock, short-term investments and derivative instruments from Page 30, Line 34, Column 8 (General Account) and Page 15, Line 34, Column 8 (Separate Accounts), if applicable and the total for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, Line 0199999, Column 8 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0199999, Column 8 (Separate Accounts).

Column 2: Report the total mortgage loans from Page 31, Line 60, Column 8 eneral ${ }_{2}$ ccount) and Page 16, Line 60, Col. 8 (Separate Accounts), if applicable and the tal for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, Line 02 ,999s, Corumn 8 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0299999, Column 8 (Separite Ac ounts)

Column 4: Report the total common stock from Page 32, Line 1\% olun 8 (General Account) and Page 17, Line 17, Col. 8 (Separate Accounts), if ar licab and the total for replication (synthetic asset) transactions contained on Page 35, ь e 0399999 , Column 8 (General Account) and Page 20, Line 0399999, Column 8 (epara Accounts).

Line $11 \quad-\quad 20 \%$ of (Line 10 - Line 8)
Report $20 \%$ of the differenc oeth on 4 'e 10 and Line 8 . This number will be positive when the reserve objective exceeds $t$ accumu ted balance and negative when the accumulated balance is in excess of the reserve objectr

Line 13 - Transfers
If the amount, as rep ted on Line 12, Balance Before Transfers, of any one of the four sub-components scet thomaximum reserve amount for that sub-component, as reported on Line 9, Maximum keseı e, and re balance of its "sister" sub-component, as reported on Line 12, is below its
 on Line 13 ( $t$, an excess on the bond sub-component must be transferred to the mortgage sub-omponent if the mortgage sub-component is below its maximum reserve and vice versa. An exces the common stock sub-component must be transferred to the real estate sub-component if the real ${ }^{\text {rat }}$ component is below its maximum reserve and vice versa).
the c mbined amount, as reported on Line 12, of the sub-components in either the Default $\mathrm{Com}_{r}$ _nent or the Equity Component exceeds its respective combined maximum reserve, as reported Line 9, the excess may be transferred between components or released to surplus on Line 15 (e.g., excess reserves in the bond sub-component that are not required to bring the mortgage sub-component to its maximum reserve, may be used to bring the common stock or real estate reserve sub-component to its maximum reserve and vice versa).

If the amount, as reported on Line 12, of any of the four sub-components is negative, and the amount, as reported on Line 12, of its "sister" sub-component within the same component is positive, the negative amount should be transferred to the "sister" sub-component to the extent that the transfer does not reduce the positive balance of the "sister" sub-component to less than $50 \%$ of its balance prior to the transfer.

No other transfers within the AVR may be made without Commissioner approval. No transfers between the AVR and IMR are allowed.

Column 7 should equal zero. The amounts in Columns 3 and 6 should offset each other for Line 13.
Line 14 - Voluntary Contribution
Report in the appropriate reserve class, any voluntary additions to the AV < for e current year. The voluntary contribution may not force any sub-component to exce ' the naximum without commissioner approval.

Once reserves are allocated to an individual sub-component of $\left\langle{ }^{\text {he }} A\right.$ they will be considered a permanent part of the reserve.

A company may also hold mortgage and real estate reser uts AVR, but these reserves will not have any effect on the AVR requirements.

Line 15 - Adjustment Down to Maximum/Up to Zero
Individual sub-component reserves may not ceea 'e maximum reserve amount reported on Line 9. They also may not be less than zero. Adjust the rrentreserve down or up accordingly.

Line 16 - Reserve as of December 31, Curre Yea
The total amount in Column 7 mith Page 3, Line 24.01.
The minimum reserve allow in each ab-component is zero.

## DEFAULT COMPONENT -

## BASIC CONTRIBUTION, RESERVE OBJECTIVE AND MAXIMUM RESERVE CALCULATIONS

This supporting form is used to calculate the basic contribution, reserve objective and maximum reserve amount for the bond, preferred stock, derivative instruments and mortgage loan sub-components of the default component of the AVR. Instructions apply to the general account and the separate accounts, if applicable.

Column 5 - Basic Contribution Factor
These factors, on average, will provide an amount that approximates expected annual losses.
Include: The reserve factor calculated for mortgage loans.
 level of AVR in periods of unusual capital gains or von atary reserves are added to the AVR.

Include:
The reserve factor calo ited $r$ mortgage loans.
Lines 1
through $7 \quad-\quad$ Long-Term Bonds
Report the book/adjusted car filly que f all bonds and other fixed income instruments owned in Columns 1 and 4. "Book ajusted arrying Value," when applied to Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO, equ' the "F r Value" shown in Column 9 of Schedule D, Part 1. "Bond Mutual Fund - as Identified by ve S O" shall have the same meaning as set forth in the instructions to Schedule D, Part 1 Categorme the bonds and other fixed income instruments into NAIC designations 1 througb as directed by the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office, except a t exempt obligations should be reported separately. Multiply the amount in Column 4 for ear aes rnat. products b desi gation Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Line 8 - Total Unrated in rtgage-Backed/Asset-Backed Securities Acquired by Conversion
"Unran Mortgage-Backed/Asset-Backed Securities Acquired by Conversion" are securities acquired thrown the nversion of a portion of the company's assets, on or after January 1, 1993, into securities $f$ r whis the company does not obtain a rating from an NAIC recognized rating agency and for which re is I , recourse liability.
instructions for completing this line, refer to "Basic Contribution, Reserve Objective and Maximum Reserve Calculation for Unrated Mortgage-Backed/Asset-Backed Securities Acquired by Conversion."

Line 9 - Total Long-Term Bonds
Column 1 should agree with Page 2, Line 1, Column 3 plus Schedule DL Part 1, Column 6, Line 7099999.

Lines 10
through 15 - Preferred Stocks
Report the book/adjusted carrying value of all preferred stocks owned in Columns 1 and 4. Categorize the preferred stocks into NAIC designations one through six as directed by the NAIC Securities Valuation Office instructions. Multiply the amount in Column 4 for each designation by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9, and report the products by designation in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Line 16 - Affiliated Life Insurer with AVR
Report the book/adjusted carrying value of all preferred stocks owned in a trolleu or affiliated company, or a subsidiary that is a life or fraternal insurance company that holdc an / VR, in Columns 1 and 4. These companies are required to carry their own asset valuation re erve an equivalent, and therefore the preferred stocks are not required to be included in the as thaly tion reserve of an affiliated company.

Line 17 - Total Preferred Stocks
Column 1 should agree with Page 2, Line 2.1, Column 3 1us Sg redule DL, Part 1, Column 6, Line 7399999.

Lines 18
through $24 \quad-\quad$ Short-Term Bonds
Report the book/adjusted carrying value on sho t-term bonds and other short-term fixed-income investments (Schedule DA, Part 1 (Lines 0599, 9, 10-99999, 1799999, 2499999, 3199999, 3899999, 4899999, 5599999, 6099999 and 65999 es and Strit-term bonds included on Schedule DL, Part 1, Line 8999999 owned in Columns an at gorize the short-term bonds and other fixed-income instruments listed in the Purposes ana roce d. es Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office into NAIC designations 1 through as vecto by the Securities Valuation Office instructions, except that exempt obligations listed $i$ the Purp ses and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office should be reported su arately. Iultiply the amount in Column 4 for each designation by the reserve factors provided in Colu. ns ${ }^{\square}, 7$ and 9, and report the products by designation in Columns 6, 8 and 10 , respectively.

Lines 26
through 32

- Derivative Instru rents

Report the $\mathrm{bk} / \mathrm{a}$, carrying value exposure to counterparty credit risk associated with the use of derivative insti nents, net of acceptable collateral, for all counterparties by each SVO designation, fron Schedule Dv, Part D, Section 1, Column 7. Multiply the amount in Column 4 for each desig, ion by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9, and report the products by desimatio in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Line 34
tal
umn 6 must be reported on Page 29, Line 7, Column 1.
Column 8 must be reported on Page 29, Line 10, Column 1.
Column 10 must be reported on Page 29, Line 9, Column 1.

The classification methodology for mortgages is outlined in the Life Risk-Based Capital instructions. Report the book/adjusted carrying value of all Schedule B and Schedule DL, Part 1 mortgage loans owned in Column 1. Any related party encumbrances should be deducted in Column 2. Categorize the mortgage loans as indicated on Lines 35 through 57. Report the difference of Column 1 less Column 2 in Column 4. Multiply the amount in Column 4 for each category by the reserve factors in Columns 5, 7 and 9 , and report the products by category in Columns 6,8 and 10, respectively.

NOTE: Related party encumbrances are loans from the reporting entity and re ount deducted in Column 2 should be reflected in Column 2 in the correspondia section of the AVR worksheet. If the affiliated entity to which the loan was made is not me lly owned by the reporting entity, the related party encumbrance amount dedu ed iit olumn 2 should be based on the reporting entity's ownership percentage.

Line 58 - Total Schedule B Mortgage Loans on Real Estate
Column 1 should agree with Page 2, Line $3.1+3.2$, Columir plus chedule DL, Part 1, Column 6, Line 8799999.

Line 59 - Total Schedule DA Mortgages
Report the book/adjusted carrying value of all chedur DA mortgage loans (Lines 8499999 and 8799999) and any applicable investments 'om chedule DL, Part 1, Line 8999999 owned in Column 1. Any related encumbrances should e deaucted in Column 2. Multiply the amount in Column 4 by the reserve factors for the nedule b inortgages and report the products in Columns 6, 8 and 10 .

Line 60 - Total Mortgage Loans on Rea csta Column 6 must be reported the Asse Valuation Reserve Page, Line 7, Column 2. Column 8 must be reported on the _sset Valuation Reserve Page, Line 10, Column 2. Column 10 must be repo rd on the Asset Valuation Reserve Page, Line 9, Column 2.


## BASIC CONTRIBUTION, RESERVE OBJECTIVE AND MAXIMUM RESERVE CALCULATIONS FOR UNRATED MULTI-CLASS SECURITIES ACQUIRED BY CONVERSION

Assets may be converted into securities backed by the underlying assets. Rated bond classes of these multi-class mortgage-backed/asset-backed securities should be assigned Asset Valuation Reserve (AVR) factors consistent with comparably rated bonds.

A company may hold an "Unrated Multi-Class Security Acquired by Conversion" defined as a security acquired through the conversion of a portion of the company's assets, on or after January 1, 1993, into securities for which the company does not obtain a rating from an NAIC recognized rating agency and for which there is no recourse liability.

In such cases, the rating agency that rates a portion of the newly created security would establish the credit eality of the entire asset pool being securitized. The maximum reserve for the unrated security is the lesser of: (a) 100 . of the maximum reserve for the entire pool associated with the unrated security as rated by an SVO approve ratiin agency, or (b) the book/adjusted carrying value of the unrated security. The reserve objective is equal to the $m$ vimum reserve. The basic contribution is equal to $33 \%$ of the maximum reserve.

This treatment does not occur when a reporting entity bears continuing actual or pntirt $n+$ lability arising from the securitization of any assets.

Any company which enters into such a transaction must prepare and include thed annual statement a schedule prepared in accordance with the following general guidelines to support the ulatio of the reserve amounts to be reported on Page 29, Line 8.


EQUITY AND OTHER INVESTED ASSET COMPONENT -

## BASIC CONTRIBUTION, RESERVE OBJECTIVE AND MAXIMUM RESERVE CALCULATIONS

This supporting form is used to calculate the basic contribution, reserve objective and maximum reserve targets for the common stock, real estate and other invested assets sub-components of the equity component of the AVR. Instructions apply to the general account and to the separate accounts, if applicable.

## Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Basic Contribution Factor

These factors, on average, will provide an amount that approximates expected annual losses.
Include: The reserve factor calculated for mortgage loans.
Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Reserve Objective Factor
These factors are set to provide an accumulation level estimated te cove in aggregate, about 85\% of the distribution of losses for each asset category.

Include: The reserve factor calculated for mortgage loa.
Column 9 - Maximum Reserve Factors
These factors define the largest amount that may be accun ulate in the AVR. They operate to limit the level of AVR in periods of unusual capital gains or von atary reserves are added to the AVR.

Include:
The reserve factor calo thed $r$ mortgage loans.
Line 1 - Unaffiliated Common Stocks - Public
Report the book/adjusted carrying va, of ablicly issued common stock, including mutual funds (except money market mutu fur ap opriately reported on Schedule E, Part 2) in unaffiliated companies in Columns 1 a 4 . Mult, ly Column 4 by the reserve factor calculated for Columns 5, 7 and 9 , and report the produc in Colun is 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

The Line 1, Column 7 ard 9 reserveractors must be at least $10 \%$ but not more than $20 \%$.
The reserve factor is equ to $13 \%$ times the company's weighted average portfolio beta. The weighted average portfolio seta thv-market value weighted average of four (4) portfolio betas, one from the end of the fior sar anc the remaining from the first three (3) quarters of the current year. Calculation of this weig, $d a n$ portfolio beta is illustrated in the following worksheet:

Cald lation of Werghted Average Portfolio Beta


Line 3 06/30/current year
Line 4 09/30/current year
\$ $\qquad$
Column 2 Portfolio Beta*
Col $1 \times \operatorname{Col} 2$
\$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$

Line 6 Quarterly Portfolio Beta
(Line 5, Column 3 above, divided by Line 5, Column 1 above)

* Indicate whether the Individual or Aggregate Method is used.

The portfolio beta can be calculated using two methods; the Individual Method or the Aggregate Method.

## Individual Method

The portfolio beta at the end of a quarter is the market value weighted average of the betas as calculated against a broad average of the U.S. stock market (e.g., the Standard \& Poor’s 500 Stock Index) for each individual stock in the portfolio. The beta should be a simple linear regression using 5 years of monthly time-weighted rates of return. For stock with less than 5 years of pricing history, or where no beta is available, use a beta of 1.50 in determining the portfolio beta. A company shall use an appropriate foreign index. (TSE 300 index for Canadian stock portfolios, FT ALI or RES index for U.K. stock portfolios, and the TOPIX index for Japanese stock portfolios) to culate eta if it has identified common stock investments that support liabilities, both of which are $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{t}}$ the same foreign currency.

## Aggregate Method

The portfolio beta at the end of a quarter is determined by a simp line regression using 52 weeks of time-weighted rates of return for the entire unaffiliated common sto portfolio and for the Standard \& Poor's 500 Stock Index. For non-U.S. stock portfolios, a có vany mall use an appropriate foreign index (TSE 300 index for Canadian stock portfolios, AL HARES index for U.K. stock portfolios, and the TOPIX index for Japanese stock rfolio to calculate beta if it has identified common stock investments that support liabilities, both owhict are in the same foreign currency.
 the maximum AVR factor of $20 \%$.

Line 2 - Unaffiliated Common Stocks - Private
Report the book/adjusted carrying va e of privately held common stocks owned in unaffiliated companies in Columns 1 and r. $^{1}$ tripl, Column 4 by the reserve factor provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9 and report the produc in Colur s 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Line 3 - Federal Home Loan Bank Comn on 4 ock
Report the book/adjut d carrying value of all Federal Home Loan Bank common stock owned in Columns 1 and 4. Multi ${ }^{\text {P }}$ V Column 4 by the reserve factor provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9 and report the products in C rumm 6, oand 10, respectively.

Line $4-$ Subsidiary, intro Affiliated Common Stocks - Life Insurer with an AVR
Rep rt the book/aujusted carrying value of all common stocks owned in a controlled or affiliated comp. or a subsidiary that is a life or fraternal insurance company that holds an AVR, in Columns 1 and 1 Tho nompanies are required to carry their own asset valuation reserve or an equivalent, and $t$ erefor the common stocks are not required to be included in the asset valuation reserve of an a filiated company.

Lines 5
through 14 - Subsidiary, Controlled or Affiliated Common Stock - Investment Subsidiaries
Report the book/adjusted carrying value of all common stocks owned in an investment subsidiary or that portion of the book/adjusted carrying value of holding company subsidiaries that represents investments in investment subsidiaries in Column 1, any related party encumbrances on these common stocks in Column 2, and any third party encumbrances on these common stocks in Column 3. If a portion of the book/adjusted carrying value of a holding company subsidiary is reflected in Column 1 , the debt of that holding company subsidiary should be reflected in Columns 2 and 3 . However, the total holding company debt to be reflected in Columns 2 and 3 should not exceed the aggregate book/adjusted carrying value of any investment subsidiaries on the holding compa ay bsidiary books. (An investment subsidiary is any subsidiary, other than a holding company sidiary, engaged or organized to engage primarily in the ownership and management of invoctm ts authorized as investments for the reporting entity. A broker-dealer or money managemer firm at manages outside funds is not an investment subsidiary. This definition is intended be dentica to the investment subsidiary definition for Risk-Based Capital (RBC) purposes and il bu nended if the RBC definition is changed.) Allocate the common stock value in $\mathrm{C} 0 \mathrm{\eta n} \mathrm{I}$ nd the encumbrances in Columns 2 and 3 among Lines 5 through 14 based on the nature $f$ the ndorlying investment held by the investment subsidiary. Follow the Securities Valuation Offic ruidelines and categorize these assets as if the SVO had assigned a NAIC designation of 1 th igh 6 m through P6, or RP1 through RP6. Report the sum of Columns 1, 2, and 3 in Column 4

For Lines 5 through 11, multiply the amount in Column by tb appropriate bond, preferred stock, or other fixed income instrument (excluding mortga ns) a serve factors (as listed in Columns 5, 7 and 9 of the various sections of the Equity Comp ent sci dule) and report the products in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

For Line 12, multiply the amount in Coly an 4 by the reserve factors calculated for Columns 5, 7 and 9 (see instructions for Line 1 of t is se and report the products in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

For Line 13, multiply the ? ount in lumn 4 by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9 and report the products in Co mns 6, $\&$ and 10, respectively.

For Line 14, multiply the amounts acluded in Column 4 by the reserve factors and breakdowns used for directly owned read state and report the products in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Line 15 - Subsidiary, Cont meu An filiated Common Stocks - Certain Other Subsidiaries
Report the $\mathrm{k} / \mathrm{a}$, 1 carrying value of all subsidiary, controlled or affiliated company common stocks owned $\mathrm{L}^{+}$thave been valued according to the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Inve tment Analysts Office in Columns 1 and 4. Multiply Column 4 by the reserve factors provided in Colur. 5, 7 and 9 and report the products in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Line 16 - Sabsidi y, Controlled or Affiliated Common Stocks - Other
Rep hat portion of the book/adjusted carrying value of all common stocks of all subsidiary, a trolled or affiliated companies, that have not been included on Lines 4 through 15, in Columns 1 and 4. Multiply Column 4 by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9 and report the products in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Line 17 - Total Common Stocks
Column 1 should agree with Page 2, Line 2.2, Column 3 plus Schedule DL, Part 1, Column 6, Line 7799999. The Columns 6, 8 and 10 amounts, respectively, must be reported on the Asset Valuation Reserve Page, Lines 7, 10 and 9, respectively, Column 4.

Categorize the real estate as indicated on Lines 18 through 20. Real estate reported in Schedule DL, Part 1, Line 8699999 would also be included in this section. Report the sum of Columns 1, 2 and 3 in Column 4. Multiply the amount in Column 4 by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9 and report the products in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

NOTE: Related party encumbrances are loans from the reporting entity and the amount reflected in Column 2 should be deducted in Column 2 in the corresponding section of the AVR worksheet. If the real estate entity to which the loan was made is not $n \frac{\mathrm{l}}{\mathrm{v}}$ owned by the reporting entity, the related party encumbrance amount reflected ip Colum 2 should be based on the reporting entity's ownership percentage. The amount of the third party encumbrances without recourse to be reflected in Column 3 is niteu. 0 the extent that the maximum reserve (Column 6) should not exceed the $s \geqslant n$ of he boc s/adjusted carrying value (Column 1) plus related party encumbrances (volun,) and third party encumbrances with recourse which are included in Colut

Line 21 - Total Real Estate
The Columns 6, 8 and 10 amounts must be combined with Line $2, C$ lumns 6, 8 and 10 amounts and reported on the Asset Valuation Reserve Page, Lines 1 ana Column 5.

Lines 22
through $28 \quad-\quad$ Other Invested Assets with Underlying Characteri: ICS O. Bonds
Report the book/adjusted carrying value of a shea ${ }^{1} \rho$ BA assets owned where the characteristics of the underlying investment are similar to honds (I nes 0799999 and 0899999 and the portion of Lines 1199999, 1299999, 1399999 and $490 \sim 9$ that applies to fixed income instruments similar to bonds) that have been valued accordilio to t e Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office in Columns and . Follow the SVO guidelines and categorize these assets into NAIC designations or throu $\mathrm{Si}_{\text {, }}$ as directed by the NAIC Securities Valuation Office instructions, except those vempt obl ations (as listed in the AVR instructions for Line 2) which should be reported separately Multip the amount in Column 4 for each designation by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 9 and report the products by designation in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Include:


AIr investments believed by the reporting entity to fit the category of "Fixed or riavle Interest Rate Investments that Have the Underlying Characteristics of a B 1 d, Mortgage Loan or Other Fixed Income Instrument," or "Joint Ventures or artnership Interests for Which the Primary Underlying Investments are Considered to Be "Fixed Income Instruments" which qualify for Filing Exemption or have been reviewed by the SVO.

Any investments believed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of a bond, but for which the Securities Valuation Office (SVO) has not yet affirmed that the specific BA asset (identified by CUSIP) fits in this category (as identified in the Valuation of Securities product). Until affirmed by the SVO, these investments are to be reported in Line 83 (Other Invested Assets - Schedule BA) of this schedule.

Report the book/adjusted carrying value of all Schedule BA assets owned where the characteristics of the underlying investment are similar to preferred stocks (the portion of Lines 1199999, 1299999, 1399999 and 1499999 that applies to fixed income instruments similar to preferred stocks) that have been valued according to the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office and certain surplus debentures (included in Lines 2399999 and 2499999) and capital notes (included in Lines 2999999 and 3099999) in Columns 1 and 4. Follow the SVO guidelines and categorize these assets into classes P1 through P6 or RP1 through RP6 as directed by the NAIC Securities Valuation Office instructions. For surplus debentures and capital notes, use the Credit Ra ng Provider (CRP) rating to categorize these assets as if the SVO had assigned an NAIC desigh ion or through 6. ONLY those surplus debentures and capital notes with a CRP rating equivalent on NAIC 1 or NAIC 2 designation may be included in this section (in Lines 30 and 3 ). Mi iply the amount in Column 4 for each designation by the reserve factors provided in Clumn 5, 7 a d 9, and report the products by designation in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Include: Any investments believed by the reporting ntity fit the category of "Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that Have anderlying Characteristics of a Bond, Mortgage Loan or Other Fixed Ifr me Ir riument," or "Joint Ventures or Partnership Interests for Which Pin y Underlying Investments are Considered to Be Fixed Inc e Ins uments" which qualify for Filing Exemption or have been revreved the NO.

Surplus debentures and ca al an that possess a CRP rating equivalent to an NAIC 1 or NAIC 2 de, natio

Exclude: Any investments eneyed Dy the reporting entity to possess the underlying
 (SVO) has not $\lambda+$ affirm $d$ that the specific BA asset (identified by CUSIP) fits in this ates v (a identified in the Valuation of Securities product). Until affir ed by th SVO, these investments are to be reported in Line 83 (Othe rvested ssets - Schedule BA) of this schedule.
$A^{4}$ surplus cebentures and capital notes that do NOT possess an CRP rating uivalent to an NAIC 1 or NAIC 2 designation. These surplus debentures are to be rported in Line 83 (Other Invested Assets - Schedule BA) of this schedule.

Lines 38
through 63 - Other Inves As An Underlying Characteristics of Mortgage Loans
Rep rt the book/aco usted carrying value of all Schedule BA assets owned where the characteristics of the u, rlying investment are similar to mortgage loans (Lines 0999999, 1099999, 1999999 and 2000099), v luding any mortgage-backed/asset-backed securities included in Lines 22 through 28 a ove, Columns 1 and 4. Categorize the mortgage loans as indicated in Lines 38 through 55.

For nes 38 through 63, the classification methodology for mortgages is outlined in the Life h k -Based Capital instructions. Multiply the amount in Column 4 for each category by the reserve factors in Columns 5, 7 and 9, Lines 38 through 63. Report the products by category in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively. For 2015 reporting, unaffiliated, overdue and in process of foreclosure mortgages that are insured or guaranteed should be included in Lines 47, 49, 52 or 54.

Report the book/adjusted carrying value of all Schedule BA assets owned where the characteristics of the underlying investments are similar to common stock (Lines 1599999 and 1699999) in Columns 1 and 4. Line 68 should show all Schedule BA assets owned where the characteristics of the underlying investments are similar to subsidiary, controlled or affiliated company common stocks owned and these assets should be valued according to the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office. Categorize these assets consistent with the directions for Pages 32 and 33, Lines 1 through 4, 15 and 16. For Line 65, the reserve factor must be calculated on an individual company basis. It is equal to $13 \%$ times the beta factor as discussed in the Pag and 33, Line 1 instructions, and must be at least $10 \%$ but not more than $20 \%$. Multiply the amo in Cormn 4 by the calculated reserve factors in Columns 5, 7 and 9 and report the products in Con nns 6, 8 and 10, respectively. For Lines 66 through 69, multiply the amounts in Colum 4 by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9 and report the products in Columns e 8 an 10, res ectively.

## Line 74 - Total Other Invested Assets with Underlying Characteristics of Rea state

Report the book/adjusted carrying value of all Schedule BA assets ned where the characteristics of the underlying investment are similar to real estate (Lines 1. 9999 drat 1899999 items that are not reported in AVR category of Other Invested Assets wi Una hig Characteristics of Mortgage Loans) in Column 1, any related encumbrances on 'se ass ts in Column 2, and any third party encumbrances on these assets in Column 3. Report the $u m$ Columns 1, 2, and 3 in Column 4. Column 4 may not be less than zero. Multiply the no ot in olumn 4 by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9 and report the products in lumns 8 and 10, respectively.

NOTE: Related party encumbrances are loan from the reporting entity and the amount reflected in Column 2 should be deduct an Coltom 2 in the corresponding section of the AVR worksheet. If the real efate tio thich the loan was made is not wholly owned by the reporting entity, the relate party cumbrance amount reflected in Column 2 should be based on the rep atmb ntis, 's ownership percentage. The amount of the third party encumbrances dhout rec rse to be reflected in Column 3 is limited to the extent that the maximum It rve (Co amn 10) should not exceed the sum of the book/adjusted carrying value ( $\mathrm{Cor} \sim \mathrm{n} /$, plus related party encumbrances (Column 2) and third party encumbrances with reco.rse which are included in Column 3.

Lines 75
through 80 - Low-Income Hor ang $x$ ededit Investments
Report Col in in cordance with SSAP No. 93-Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Property Investments.
For L. 75, report guaranteed low-income housing tax credit (LIHTC) investments. There must be an all-imolusi darantee from a CRP-rated entity that guarantees the yield on the investment. Line 75 s. ould ual Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 12, Line 3199999 + Line 3299999.

II. There is a Tax Credit Guarantee Agreement from General Partner or managing member. This agreement requires the General Partner or managing member to reimburse investors for any shortfalls in tax credits due to errors of compliance, for the life of the partnership. For an LIHTC Fund, a Tax Credit Guarantee is required from the developers of the lower tier LIHTC properties to the upper tier partnership.
III. There are sufficient operating reserves, capital replacement reserves and/or operating deficit guarantees present to mitigate foreseeable foreclosure risk at the time of the investment.

Line 76 should equal Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 12, Line 3399999 + Line 3499999.
Only federal low-income housing tax credit investments can be reported on Lines 75 and 76. State low-income housing tax credit investments that meet the requirements of SSAP No. 93 and that, at a minimum, meet the requirements for federal guaranteed programs should be reported on Line 77. Line 77 should equal Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 12, Line 3599999 + Line 3699999.

State low-income housing tax credit investments that do not meet the requirementa of SSAP No. 93 and that do not, at a minimum, meet the requirements for federal non-guaranteed prog ms should be reported on Line 78. Line 78 should equal Schedule BA, Part 1, Column ${ }^{2}$ Line $3799999+$ Line 3899999.

Any other low-income housing tax credit investments that meet the require ents SSAP No. 93 and
 Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 12, Line 3999999 + Line 4099999.

Multiply the amount in Column 4 for each category by the reserve ctors for Page 34, Columns 5, 7 and 9, Lines 75 through 79. Report the products by category int olums v, 8 and 10, respectively.

Line 81 \& 82 - Working Capital Finance Investments
Report the book/adjusted carrying value of alin worn , capital finance investments owned (Schedule BA, Part 1, Line 4199999) in Colum s 1 ar 4. Categorize the working capital finance investments into NAIC designations 1 or 2 - dire ad by the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office. Multiply the nount in Column 4 for each designation by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9, ar epor products by designation in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.
Line 83 - Other Invested Assets - Schedulo RA
Report the book/adjusted rrying var a of all other Schedule BA investments owned that cannot be classified into one of the at ve catep ries (Lines 0199999, 0299999, 0399999, 0499999, 0599999, 0699999, 2199999, 2299999, -90 99, 2499999, 2999999, 3099999, 4299999 and 4399999) in Column 1 and any en mbrances on these assets in Column 3. Schedule DL, Part 1 investments reported on Line 880 999 would be included in this total if not classified in one of the above categories. Collateral loar (Lines 2599999 and 2699999) have been intentionally excluded from this total. For surplus debe ures and capital notes, the amount to report in Column 1 is to be calculated based upo the a counti g prescribed in SSAP No. 41-Surplus Notes. Report the sum of Columns 1 and 3 in Co ヶn 4. amn 4 may not be less than zero. Note that ALL surplus debentures and capital notes should be cluded here in Line 83, EXCEPT those with a CRP rating equivalent to an NAIC 1 or NYS 2 designation (which are reported in Lines 30 and 31 of this schedule). Multiply the amount in Coru. 4 by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9, and report the products in Columns $6, \sim 110$, spectively.

Any investments believed by the reporting entity to fit the category of "Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that Have the Underlying Characteristics of a Bond, Mortgage Loan or Other Fixed Income Instrument," or "Joint Ventures or Partnership Interests for which the Primary Underlying Investments are considered to be Fixed Income Instruments" but which do not qualify for Filing Exemption and have not been reviewed by the SVO. In addition, include those investments that have been reviewed by the SVO and were determined to have the underlying characteristics of "Other" instruments (joint venture, partnership and LLC investments) or to be "Any Other Class of Assets".

Exclude: All surplus debentures and capital notes that possess a CRP rating equivalent to an NAIC 1 or NAIC 2 designation. These surplus debentures are to be reported in Line 30 and 31 (Other Invested Assets with Underlying Characteristics of Preferred Stocks) of this schedule.

Report the book/adjusted carrying value of all other Schedule DA (Lines 8599999 and 9099999) and Schedule DL, Part 1 (Line 8999999) assets owned that cannot be classified into one of the above categories in Column 1 and any encumbrances on these assets in Column 3. Report the sum of Columns 1 and 3 in Column 4. Multiply the amount on Column 4 by the reserve factors provided in Columns 5, 7 and 9 and report the products in Columns 6, 8 and 10, respectively.

Line 86 - Total Other Invested Assets - Schedules BA \& DA
The Columns 6, 8 and 10 amounts must be combined with Columns 6, 8 and 10, nll 1 amounts and reported on the Asset Valuation Reserve Page, Column 5, Lines 7, 10 and 9, resp tively.

NOTE: Other invested asset reserves will be calculated based on the natur ot the underlying investments related to the Schedule BA and Schedule DA asuets. A sets sl juld be categorized as if the company owned the underlying investment. For examp

- Mortgage participation certificates and similar holings hould be classified as fixed income assets.
- Gas and oil production and mineral rights have po ntia variability of return and should be categorized as equity investments.
- Partnership investments should be crassifie as fi ed or equity investments or as equity real estate, depending on the purpe the artnership. The maximum AVR factor would be that appropriate for the as classin ation.
- A "look through" approach show be tan $\gamma$ for any Schedule BA and Schedule DA assets not specifically listed, so as refle : the AVR calculation the essential nature of the investments.



## REPLICATION (SYNTHETIC) ASSETS -

## BASIC CONTRIBUTION, RESERVE OBJECTIVE AND MAXIMUM RESERVE CALCULATIONS

This worksheet should contain a line for each replicated (synthetic) asset and each cash instrument component of all replication (synthetic asset) transactions undertaken by the reporting entity. The assets should be sorted first by RSAT number, next by type (replicated assets first then cash instruments) and finally by CUSIP.

Column $1 \quad-\quad$ RSAT Number
The RSAT number for each transaction should be that used in Schedule DB, Part C, Section 1.

| Column 2 | - | Type |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Enter: |  |  |
|  |  |  | " R " | For replicated asset, if the line describes one of the rerica d (sv thetic) assets, |
|  |  |  | "CW" | For cash instrument with credit, if the line dese on of the cash instruments constituting the transaction and the transaction $c^{4}$ ther: |
|  |  |  |  | (1) Is a swap of prospectively determined interes ytes or |
|  |  |  |  | (2) Eliminates the asset risk associatr th thash instrument |
|  |  |  | "CN" | For cash instrument with no cre it, il e line describes one of the cash instruments constituting the transaction and trat - ton does not eliminate the reporting entity's exposure to the asset risl assou ted with the instrument. |



Give the description of the plicated (s nthetic) asset(s) of cash instruments as found on Schedule DB, Part C, Section 1.

Column 5 - NAIC Designation or C ner Description of Asset
Give the NAIC d atio or other description that will best identify the Asset Valuation Reserve class of the isset as cont ined in Columns 3 or 14 of Schedule DB, Part C, Section 1.

Column 6 - Value of Asse
Give book/adjusted carrying value of the asset as contained in Columns 5 or 15 of Schedule DB, Part C, S tion 1.

Column 7
VR Ba ic Contribution
r replicated (synthetic) assets, multiply the Basic Contribution Factor appropriate to the asset class on de replicated (synthetic) asset times the book/adjusted carrying value contained in Column 6. For cash instrument components that qualify for a credit (see instructions for column 2), the amount contained in the column is the product of
a. The Basic Contribution Factor appropriate to the asset class of the cash instrument, but not higher than the average Basic Contribution Factor for the replicated (synthetic) asset(s), times
b. The book/adjusted carrying value contained in Column 6, times
c. -1 .

For other cash instrument components this column should contain 0 .

For replicated (synthetic) assets, multiply the Reserve Objective Factor appropriate to the asset class of the replicated (synthetic) asset times the book/adjusted carrying value contained in Column 6. For cash instrument components that qualify for a credit, the amount contained in this column is the product of
a. The Reserve Objective Factor appropriate to the asset class of the cash instrument, but not higher than the average Reserve Objective Factor for the replicated (synthetic) asset(s), times,
b. The book/adjusted carrying value contained in Column 6, times,
c. -1 .

For other cash instrument components this column should contain 0 .

## Column $9 \quad-\quad$ AVR Maximum Reserve

For replicated (synthetic) assets, multiply the Maximum Reserve Facto arpropriate to the asset class of the replicated (synthetic) asset times the book/adjusted carrying lue contained in Column 6. For cash instrument components that qualify for a credit, the amou in thi column in the product of
a. The Maximum Reserve Factor appropriate to the et clas of the cash instrument, but not higher than the average Maximum Reserve Factor for the re ${ }_{F}$ 'icate (synthetic) asset(s), times,
b. The book/adjusted carrying value contained Columb, 5 , times,
c. -1 .

For other cash instrument compone th th sum inould contain 0 .
Determine the appropriate set qlua on Reserve sub-component for each line based on the classification contained ; Lines 0199999, 0299999, 03. 999, an 0499999.

## AVR treatment for Separate Accounts

Whether or not an AVR is required for sep ate account assets depends primarily on whether the reporting entity or policyholder/contract holder suffers the oss a the event of asset default or market value loss. An important exception to this is when specific state regulation rovi es an a ernative to the AVR. (See the chart on the last page of instructions for this schedule.)

An AVR is required for se ${ }^{\text {arte }}$ account investments unless:

1. The asset defaultual risk is essentially borne directly by the policyholders, or
2. The reg tory qutho ty for such separate accounts already explicitly provides for establishment of a reserve for asset defaut isk wrere such reserves are essentially equivalent to the AVR.

For example, sets supporting traditional variable annuities and variable life insurance do not require AVR because the policyholders/corn act holders bear the risk of change in the value of assets. However, an AVR is required for that portion representing the company's equity interest in the investments of such a separate account, (seed money interest, for example). Assets supporting typical modified guaranteed contracts or market value adjusted contracts do require AVR because the company is responsible for credit-related asset loss. Another category of contracts requiring AVR is contracts with book value guarantees similar to contracts generally found in the general account.

Examples of the exception referred to in (2) above are contracts with market value separate accounts funding guaranteed benefits where state regulation provides alternatives to the AVR.

An AVR supporting the separate accounts assets must be combined with the General Account AVR. Default and Equity Component worksheets have been added and must be included in the Separate Accounts Statement.

The AVR's contributions and maximum values are based on book/adjusted carrying values. After completion of the calculation for Separate Accounts Default and Equity Components, the basic contribution, reserve objective and maximum reserve amounts reported on Page 29, Lines 7, 10 and 9 should be the sum of the total calculated on Pages 30, 31, 32 and 35 (General Account) and Pages 15, 16, 17 and 20 (Separate Account) as follows:

## Basic Contribution:



Where the AVR Default Component supports assets valued at market, gains or (losses), net of capital gains tax, charges to the AVR are determined using one of the following two methods (applied consistently by separate account):

1. A gain/(loss) is recorded as for the general account rules, i.e., upon sale of an asset that has changed more than one designation category or upon asset default. Once an asset is in default, all subsequent market value changes are reflected in the AVR, or
2. A similar procedure to Method 1 above is followed but, additionally, a gain/(loss) is recorded whenever an asset held changes by more than one designation category. As there might be more than one such event for a particular asset, e.g., a two designation downgrade followed by subsequent sale of the asset, the amount charged the AVR is net of any prior amounts charged for that asset.
$\frac{\text { SEPARATE ACCOUNTS }}{\frac{\text { AVR/IMR CRITERIA }}{\underline{\text { Asset Loss }}}}$
3. However, an AVR is required for that por nepre nting the company's equity interest in the investments of such a separate account, (seed money interest, for o ?m e).
4. But not less than adjusted cash surre der value.
5. An AVR reserve must be estab sheu nlews there is a statutory requirement for the equivalent of an AVR reserve for this product.



## SCHEDULE F

## DEATH CLAIMS RESISTED OR COMPROMISED

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, categories, or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:
Group or Category Line NumberClaims Disposed of During Current Year:Death Claims:
Ordinary ..... 0199999
Credit. ..... 0299999
Group ..... 0399999
Industrial ..... 0499999
Subtotals - Disposed - Death Claims ..... 0599999
Additional Accidental Death Benefit Claims:
Ordinary ..... 0699999
Credit. ..... 0799999
Group ..... 0899999
Industrial ..... 0999999
Subtotals - Disposed - Add’l Acc. Death Benefit ..... 1099999
Disability Benefit Claims:
Ordinary ..... 1199999
Credit. ..... 1299999
Group ..... 1399999
Industrial ..... 1499999
Subtotals - Disposed - Disabi ${ }^{2}$ y B ${ }^{\circ}$ Cl ims ..... 1599999
Matured Endowment Claims:
Ordinary ..... 1699999
Credit. ..... 1799999
Group ..... 1899999
Industrial ..... 1999999
Subtotals - Disposed - Mature. Endowment Claims ..... 2099999
Annuities With Life Contir encies Claims:
Ordinary ..... 2199999
Credi ..... 2299999
Grou .......... ..... 2399999
1 usti 1 . ..... 2499999
Subtotals - Tisposed - Annuities with Life Contin. ..... 2599999
Suhtotals - Clums Disposed of During Current Year ..... 2699999
Activity for resisted claime incur ${ }^{\text {d }}$ on direct business should be classified in the following categories:
lain Resis ed During Current Year:
_odth Claims:
Ordinary ..... 2799999
Credit. ..... 2899999
Group ..... 2999999
Industrial ..... 3099999
Subtotals - Resisted - Death Claims ..... 3199999
Additional Accidental Death Benefit Claims:
Ordinary ..... 3299999
Credit. ..... 3399999
Group ..... 3499999
Industrial ..... 3599999
Subtotals - Resisted - Add’l Acc. Death Benefit ..... 3699999
Disability Benefit Claims:
Ordinary ..... 3799999
Credit. ..... 3899999
Group ..... 3999999
Industrial ..... 4099999
Subtotals - Resisted - Disability Benefit Claims ..... 4199999
Matured Endowment Claims:
Ordinary ..... 4299999
Credit. ..... 4399999
Group ..... 4499999
Industrial ..... 4599999
Subtotals - Resisted - Matured Endowment Claims ..... 4699999
Annuities With Life Contingencies Claims:Ordinary4799999
Credit. ..... 4899999
Group ..... 4999999
Industrial ..... 5099999
Subtotals - Resisted - Annuities with Life Contin. ..... 5199999
Subtotals - Claims Resisted During Current Year ..... 5299999
Totals ..... 5399999

This exhibit provides a summary of resisted claims on life insurance policies raims nder accident and health policies need not be reported in this schedule.

A claim is considered resisted when it is in dispute and not resolved on e state ent date. Where the company is holding up payment for sufficient evidence or where a beneficiary has mar. a cla $\eta$ and then withdraws it, such items should be considered as in the course of settlement.



## SCHEDULE H

## ACCIDENT AND HEALTH EXHIBIT

"Appropriately" where used in the Instructions for Schedule H, means the appropriate accident and health portions of referenced data. Reconciliation with figures drawn from other parts of the statement may only be possible with respect to Group Accident and Health (Column 3), Credit (Group and Individual) Accident and Health (Column 5) and Other Accident and Health (the combination of Columns 7 through 17), and, in some cases, may only be possible with respect to Total Accident and Health (Column 1) of Schedule H - Accident and Health Exhibit.

All amounts reportable in Parts 1 through 3 are net of reinsurance ceded, i.e., reinsurance assumed nold be included, reinsurance ceded should be deducted, and net figures entered in the statement. Part 4, "Reins ance," lisplays the reinsurance assumed and ceded components.

Column 5 - Credit Accident and Health (Group and Individual)
Include: $\quad$ Business not exceeding 120 months duration
Column 7 - Collectively Renewable
Include
Amounts pertaining to policies wh; re available to groups of persons under a plan sponsored by an en ber, on association or a union of affiliated associations or unions, or a group 'indiv duals supplying materials to a central point of collection or handlig conn on product or commodity, under which the reporting entity has aga d with spect to such policies that renewal will not be refused, subject to s spe fied age limit, while the reporting entity remains a member of the group $s_{1}$ ecified in the agreement unless the reporting entity simultaneously ref ases rentwal to all other policies in the same group. A sponsored plan ho include any arrangement where a reporting entity's customary indi dual cies are made available without special underwriting considf aun ant where the employer's participation is limited to arranging for $s$ ary allot ent premium payments with or without contribution by the emplo, r. Such plans are sometimes referred to as payroll budget or salary allotmens lan A sponsored plan may be administered by an agent or trustee.

4 mounts pertaining to policies issued by a company or group of companies un 'r a plan, other than a group insurance plan, authorized by special legislation为 thr exclusive benefit of the aged through mass enrollment.
nounts pertaining to policies issued under mass enrollment procedures to older people, such as those age 65 and over, in some geographic region or regions under which the reporting entity has agreed with respect to such policies that renewal will not be refused unless the reporting entity simultaneously refuses renewal to all other policies specified in the agreement.

Column 9
n-can elable
Amounts pertaining to policies that are guaranteed renewable for life or to a specified age, such as 60 or 65 , at guaranteed premium rates.

Column 11


Include:
Amounts pertaining to policies which are guaranteed renewable for life or to a specified age, such as 60 or 65 , but under which the reporting entity reserves the right to change the scale of premium rates.


## PART 1 - ANALYSIS OF UNDERWRITING OPE. 1 TIO



Line 1 - Premiums Written
Should agree with "Total (All Business) mı Ser surance Ceded" Line of Column 4, Schedule T, if prepared on a written basis.

Line 2 - Premiums Earned
Refer to SSAP No. 54R-I avia al aroup Accident and Health Contracts for accounting guidance.
 in Part 2, Section A.

Line 3 - Incurred Claims
Report cas sett ements during the year plus the change in claim liabilities, reserves and amounts recoverable am incers.

Sho ld agree appropriately with both Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 6.4 and also with Analysis of Operations by Li , of Business, Line 13, in each case adjusted for the change in Exhibit 6 of Aggregate Accident and Uealth D serves, Line 16 reserves.
ould a , ree with Part 2, Section C, Line 3; plus Part 3, Line 1.1; plus Part 3, Line 1.2.
Line 4 Containment Expenses
Report cost containment expenses in accordance with SSAP No. 55-Unpaid Claims, Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses.

Should agree with Exhibit 2, Column 2, Line 10.
Line 5 - Incurred Claims and Cost Containment Expenses
Should agree with the sum of Lines 3 and 4.

| Line $6 \quad$ | Increase in Contract Reserves |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Should agree with Part 2, Section B, Line 5. |


| Line $7 \quad$ | Commissions |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Report incurred commissions and expense allowances on reinsurance. |

Should agree appropriately with the net of Exhibit 1, Part 2, Line 31 minus Line 26.3 and also with the net of Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business, Line 21 plus Line 22, minus Line 6, Accident and Health columns.

Line 8 - Other General Insurance Expenses
Report general insurance expenses incurred and provision for claim expe ses ind rred in connection with pending and incurred but unreported claims not included in Cost Co rain . Expenses on Line 4 above.

Should agree appropriately with Exhibit 2, Column 3, Line 10.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Line } 9 & \text { Taxes, Licenses and Fees } \\ & \text { Report total taxes (excluding federal income taxes) plus re ins rance department licenses and fees. }\end{array}$
Should agree appropriately with Exhibit 3, Colua 2, Lin 7 and also with Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business, Line 24, Accident and He.' com ${ }^{\text {cons. }}$

Line 10 - Total Other Expenses Incurred
Sum of Lines 7, 8 and 9.
Line 11 - Aggregate Write-ins for De actions
Enter the total of the write-ins 'iste in schedule "Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 11 for Deductions."

Line 12 - Gain From Underwriting ?efore Dividends or Refunds
Report pre iium earnec less incurred claims, less increase in policy reserves and less total expenses incurred. Lis 2 le th sum of Lines 5, 6, 10 and 11.

Line 13 - Divi epds or Refunds
Should ag appropriately with Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business, Line 30, Accident and I ealth lumns, and also with Exhibit 4, Dividends or Refunds, Column 2, Line 17.

Line 14

- Gatm. Underwriting After Dividends or Refunds

Line 12 minus Line 13.
Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 11 for Deductions
List separately all deductions for which there is no pre-printed line on Schedule H - Part 1.
Include: Group conversions, transfers on account of group package policies and contracts, etc.

## PART 2 - RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

## SECTION A - PREMIUM RESERVES

| Line $1 \quad-\quad$ Unearned Premiums |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Should agree appropriately with Exhibit 6, Line 1, net of applicable reinsurance ceded. |


| Line $2-\quad$ Advance Premiums |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Should agree appropriately with the sum of Exhibit 1, Part 1, Lines 4 and 14 |

$\begin{aligned} \text { Line } 3 & \quad \text { Reserve for Rate Credits } \\ & \text { Should agree appropriately with the net of Exhibit 6, Line 5, net of a.pplic. le reir urance ceded, plus }\end{aligned}$ Page 3, Line 9.2 parenthetical amount \#1 minus Page 2, Line 15.3 lum , accident and health portion.


Refer to SSAP No. $-R$-Individual and Group Accident and Health Contracts for accounting guidance.

Include:


Companies mus carry a reserve in this line for any policy or block of policies:
(i)

Tith which level premiums are used, or

th respect to which, due to the gross premium structure at issue, the value of future benefits eeds the value of appropriate future valuation net premiums.
 reauced by expenses for administration, commissions, and taxes will be insufficient to cover future claims or services.

Line $2-\quad$ Reserve for Future Contingent Benefits
Companies must carry a reserve on this line that provides for the extension of benefits after termination of the policy or of any insurance thereunder. Such benefits, that actually accrue and are payable at some future date, are predicated on a condition or actual disability that exists at the termination of the insurance and that is usually not known to the insurance company. These benefits are normally provided by contract provision but may be payable because of court decisions or of departmental rulings.

An example of the type of benefit for which a reserve must be carried is the coverage for hospital confinement after the termination of an employee's certificate but prior to the expiration of a stated period. This example is illustrative only and is not intended to limit the reserve to the benefits described. Some individual Accident and Health policies may also provide benefits similar to those under the "Extension of Benefits" section of a group policy.

| Line 3 | - Total Contract Reserves, Current Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sum of Lines 1 and 2. |
| Line 4 | - | Total Contract Reserves, Prior Year |
|  |  | Line 3 from prior year. |
| Line 5 | - | Increase in Contract Reserves |
|  |  | Line 3 minus Line 4. |
|  |  | SECTION C - CLAIM RESERVES AND LJ ${ }^{-1}$ |
| Line 1 | - | Total Current Year |
|  |  | Should agree appropriately with the sum of Exhil ${ }^{\text {re }}$ 6, Lin 16 and Exhibit 8, Part 1, Line 4.4. |

Also should agree with Part 3, Line 2.1 plus Pari Line 2.2 below.
Line 2 - Total Prior Year
Line 1 from prior year.
Should agree with Part 3, Lm 3.2 belo .
Line 3 - Increase

Line 1 minus Line 2.

## PART 3 - TEST YF PRIOR YEAR'S CLAIM RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

Lines 1.1
and 1.2 - Claims Pa. ${ }^{\text {r }}$ -
prese $s$ net payments made during the year less the change in amounts still recoverable from reiltonance.

The sum of Lines 1.1 and 1.2 should agree appropriately with Exhibit 8, Part 2, Lines 1.4 minus Line 3 plus Line 5.

Lines 2.1, 2.2
and $3.2-\quad$ Claim Reserves and Liabilities, December 31 on Claims Incurred Prior to and During Current Year.
The sum of Lines 2.1 and 2.2 should equal Line C1 of Part 2 of this schedule and Line 3.2 should equal Line C2 of Part 2 of this Schedule. Line 3.3 represents the result of the test for adequacy of claim provisions. A negative figure will normally indicate a favorable reserve development.

## PART 4 - REINSURANCE

Represents the reinsurance assumed and ceded components of Part 1, Lines 1, 2, 3 and 7 of this schedule.

## SECTION A - REINSURANCE ASSUMED

Line 2 - Premiums Earned
Premiums earned are before adjustment for the increase in policy reserves that has been treated as a separate deduction.

## SECTION B - REINSURANCE CEDED

Line 2 - Premiums Earned

Premiums earned are before adjustment for the increase in police rese that has been as ander separate deduction.

Column 3 - Other
Include:

$$
\text { PART } 5 \text {-HEALT LA. IS }
$$


A. DIRECT

Line 1 - Incurred Claims

Line 2 - Beginning 4 im con es and Liabilities
Sho ${ }^{1}$ d agree withexhibit 8, Part 2, Line 4.1, sum of Columns 9, 10 and 11, plus direct portion of Exhik Line 14, Column 1, Prior Year.
Line 3 - F iding laim Reserves and Liabilities
Sho agree with Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 2.1, sum of Columns 9, 10 and 11, plus direct portion of Hibit 6, Line 14, Column 1.

Line 4 Claims Paid
Should agree with Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 1.1, sum of Columns 9, 10 and 11.

## B. ASSUMED REINSURANCE

Line 5 - Incurred Claims

Should agree with Schedule H, Part 4, Line A3, Column 1. Should also agree with Line 7 plus Line 8, minus Line 6.

Line 6 - Beginning Claim Reserves and Liabilities
Should agree with Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 4.2, sum of Columns 9, 10 and 11 plus assumed portion of Exhibit 6, Line 14, Column 1, Prior Year.

Line 7 - Ending Claim Reserves and Liabilities
Should agree with Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 2.2, sum of Columns 9, 1. and 1, plus assumed portion of Exhibit 6, Line 14, Column 1.

Line 8 - Claims Paid
Should agree with Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 1.2, sum of Columns 10 ar M 1 .

## C. CEDED REINSURANCE

Line 9 - Incurred Claims
Should agree with Schedule H, Part 4, Lir B3, जlumn 1. Should also agree with Line 11, plus Line 12, minus Line 10.

Line 10 Beginning Claim Reserves and Liailitie


Should agree with Exhibit Part 2, Line 4.3, plus Line 5, sum of Columns 9, 10 and 11, plus Exhibit 6, Line 15, Column 1, F or Y ar.

Line 11 - Ending Claim Reserver and Liabilities Include: nowts recoverable from reinsurers.
Should agre wit $\Gamma_{v}$ bit 8, Part 2, Line 2.3, plus Line 3, sum of Columns 9, 10 and 11, plus Exhibit 6, Line 5 Column 1.
D. NET

Line 3 - Incurred Claims
Should agree with Schedule H, Part 1, Line 3, Column 1. Should also agree with Line 15, plus Line 16, minus Line 14.

Line 14 - Beginning Claim Reserves and Liabilities
Should agree with Schedule H, Part 2, Line C2, Column 1, minus Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 5, sum of Columns 9, 10 and 11.

Line 15 - Ending Claim Reserves and Liabilities
Exclude: Amounts recoverable from reinsurers.

Should agree with Schedule H, Part 2, Line C1, Column 1, minus Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 3, sum of Columns 9, 10 and 11.

Line 16 - Claims Paid
Should agree with Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 1.4, sum of Columns 9, 10 and 11.

## E. NET INCURRED CLAIMS AND COST CONTAINMENT EXPENSES

Line 17 - Incurred Claims and Cost Containment Expenses
Should agree with Schedule H, Part 1, Line 5, Column 1.
Line 18 - Beginning Reserves and Liabilities
Should agree with Exhibit 2, Column 2, Line 11 plus Line 14 a ve
Line 19 - Ending Reserves and Liabilities
Should agree with Exhibit 2, Column 2, Line 12 plr a is vove.
Line 20 - Paid Claims and Cost Containment Expenses
Line 17 plus Line 18 minus Line 19.



## SCHEDULE S - REINSURANCE

These parts (except Part 1, which shows reinsurance assumed) provide an analysis by reinsurance carrier of reinsurance ceded data shown in total in various parts of the statement. Information is included on all reinsurance ceded to other entities authorized as well as unauthorized or certified in the state of domicile of the reporting entity. Additional data for unauthorized companies is displayed in Part 4; additional data for certified reinsurers is displayed in Part 5.

NOTE: Certified reinsurer status applies on a prospective basis, and is determined by the state of domicile of the ceding insurer. As such, it is possible that a ceding insurer will report reinsurance balances applicable to a single assuming insurer under multiple classifications within Schedule S. For example, with respect to a certified reinsurer that was considered unauthorized prior to certification, balances attributable to contracts entered into $\rho$ ror $\sim$ the assuming insurer's certification would be reported in the unauthorized classification, while balances an butablto contracts entered into or renewed on or after the assuming insurer's certification would be ronort in the certified classification. Proper classification of such balances is essential to ensure accur ee re ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ rting of collateral requirements applicable to specific balances and the corresponding calculation of th liabili $y$ for unauthorized and/or certified reinsurance.

Effective date as used in this schedule is the date the contract originally went into effect.
Where name of company is specified, show the full corporate name of the company which cinsurance is ceded.
The reinsurance type should be entered in all capital letters, and all reinsura / types aust be followed by / G (for Group) or /I (for Individual).

## Illustration for reporting MODCO activity

From time to time, an entity that assumes the risk on a block u busiress may cede that same block to another entity. This type of transaction is often called a "retrocessio . The for owing example illustrates the reporting. Entity A enters into a modified coinsurance arrangement ith B or new individual life insurance policies. At year-end the "modco" reserves held by Entity A totaled $\$ 1,0$, Conc rent with the agreement, Entity B enters into a similar arrangement with Entity C covering the sa c orn or usiness. Entity A would list Entity B on Schedule S, Part 3 Section 1 with a type code of MCO/I a a report \$ 000 in Column 14 along with the other relevant information. Entity B would list Entity A in Schedur S, Part 1 Section 1, with a type code of MCO/I and report \$1,000 in Column 8 and 11 along with the other releva inf mation. Entity B would also list Entity C in Schedule S, Part 3 Section 1, reporting $\$ 1,000$ in Colump 14 along vith the other relevant information. Entity C would list Entity B in Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1, reporti g \$1,000 in Column 8 and 11 along with the other relevant information.

## Index to Schedule S



## ID Number

Most parts of Schedule S require that the "ID Number" be reported for assuming or ceding entities.
Reinsurance intermediaries should not to be listed, because Schedule $S$ is intended to identify the risk-bearing entities.

## Use of Federal Employer Identification Number

The Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) must be reported for each U.S.-domiciled insurer and U.S. branch of an alien insurer. The FEIN should not be reported as the "ID Number" for other ate insurers even if the federal government has issued such a number.

## Alien Insurer Identification Number (AIIN)

In order to report transactions involving alien companies correctly, the appropria Atrensurer Identification Number (AIIN) must be included on Schedule S instead of the FEIN. The AII〉 rumbu is assigned by the NAIC and is listed in the NAIC Listing of Companies. If an alien company does not peal that publication, contact the NAIC Financial Systems and Services Department, Company Demographics Arrv vst at FDRCCREQ@NAIC.ORG for numbers assigned since the last publication or for information on having numb rassigned.

Newly assigned numbers are incorporated in revised editions of the IC Lis ing of Companies, which are available semi-annually. The NAIC also provides this information to annualstat ₹ent oftware vendors for incorporation into the software.

## Pool and Association Numbers

In order to report transactions involving non-risk beari g pools Or associations consisting of nonaffiliated companies correctly, the company must include on Schedu S toro riate Pool/Association Identification Number. These numbers are listed in the NAIC Listing of Compan s. Tbo - ool/Association Identification Number should be used instead of any FEIN that may have been wors d. A pool or association does not appear in that publication, contact the NAIC Financial Syster, and s rvices Department, Company Demographics Analyst at FDRCCREQ@NAIC.ORG for numbers a. igned siy ce the last publication or for information on having a number assigned.

Newly assigned numbers are incorp ated in revised editions of the NAIC Listing of Companies, which are available semi-annually. The NAIC also provia this information to annual statement software vendors for incorporation into the software.

## Certified Reinsurer Identificatio



In order to rep transactions involving certified reinsurers correctly, the appropriate Certified Reinsurer Identification Num, (CRIN) must be included on Schedule S instead of the FEIN or Alien Insurer Identification Number (AIIN). Th Ch ${ }^{\text {V }}$ s assigned by the NAIC and is listed in the NAIC Listing of Companies. If a certified reinsurer does not a pear in that publication, contact the NAIC Financial Systems and Services Department, Compan. Den graph ss Analyst at FDRCCREQ@NAIC.ORG for numbers assigned since the last publication or for information n hang a number assigned.

New. assigned numbers are incorporated in revised editions of the NAIC Listing of Companies, which are available semi-ank ally. The NAIC also provides this information to annual statement software vendors for incorporation into the software.

## NAIC Company Code

Company codes are assigned by the NAIC and are listed in the NAIC Listing of Companies. The NAIC does not assign a company code to insurers domiciled outside of the U.S. or to non-risk bearing pools or associations. The "NAIC Company Code" field should be zero-filled for those organizations. Non-risk bearing pools or associations are assigned a Pool/Association Identification Number. See the "Pool and Association Numbers" section above for details on assignment of Pool/Association Identification Numbers. Risk-bearing pools or associations are assigned a company code. If a reinsurer or reinsured has merged with another entity, report the company code of the surviving entity.

If a risk-bearing entity (e.g., risk-bearing pools or associations) does not appear in the NAIC $I$ otlr. of Companies, contact the NAIC Financial Systems and Services Department, Company Demo aphics Analyst at FDRCCREQ@NAIC.ORG for numbers assigned since the last publication or for information ounang a number assigned. Newly assigned company codes are incorporated in revised editions of the N 凡C L ting of Companies, which are available semi-annually. The NAIC provides this information to annu.in stat nent s ftware vendors for incorporation into the software.

## Domiciliary Jurisdiction

In those parts of Schedule S requiring disclosure of the "Domiciliary Juris 'ction, Vor each domestic reinsurer or U.S. branch listed, the column should be completed with the state whe maintains its statutory home office. For pools and associations, enter the state where the adm i trative office of such pool or association is located. For alien reinsurers, this column should be completed with th coun y where the alien is domiciled. Enter the two-character U.S. postal code abbreviation for the dom in v ju, sdiction for U.S. states, territories and possessions. A comprehensive listing of three-character (IC Alpho 3) abbreviations for foreign countries is available in the appendix of these instructions.

## Lloyd's of London



The following procedure will apply as respects anns statom filings for 1995 and subsequent years:
Cessions to Lloyd's under reinsura ce agreen nts having an inception date on or before July 31, 1995, and which are not amended or renewe hereafter should continue to be reported using the collective Lloyd's number, AA-1122000, on an aggregate bas', under "Authorized - Other Non-U.S. Insurers." As respects continuous reinsurance agreements, the at iiversary date shall be deemed to be the renewal date of the agreement. Any revision of ter as and conditions shall be deemed to be an amendment of the reinsurance agreement.

Cessions to Lloyd' unde reinsu nce agreements having an inception, amendment or renewal date on or after August 1, 1995, mu be d using the specific number of each subscribing syndicate, as listed in the alien section of the N IC Listing of Companies. Such syndicates should be listed individually, under "Authorized Other Non-U.S. Insurers."

Syndicates for whr han identification number does not appear in the NAIC Listing of Companies must be treated as unaut. rized as respects cessions under reinsurance agreements having an inception, amendment or new date on or after August 1, 1995, and should be reported, on an aggregated basis, under "Unaut rrizu Other Non-U.S. Insurers," using a new collective number, AA-1123000.
insurance assumed from syndicates at Lloyd's should continue to be reported on Schedule S, Part 1 using the orit al collective Lloyd's number, AA-1122000.

## Dates

All dates reported in Schedule S must be in the format MM/DD/YYYY. For example, the date December 13, 2011 should be reported as 12/13/2011.

## Determination of Authorized Status

The determination of the authorized, unauthorized or certified status of an insurer or reinsurer listed in any part of Schedule $S$ shall be based on the status of that insurer or reinsurer in the reporting entity's state of domicile.

## Captive Affiliate Line Category

For the purpose of reporting a reinsurer as captive affiliate on Schedule S, the captive affil
 include affiliated non-traditional insurers/reinsurers.

Definition of Affiliated Non-Traditional Insurer/Reinsurer
This disclosure is intended to capture cessions to affiliated insurance/rein rance entities that are subject to a financial solvency regulatory system separate from that generally oplica ne to traditional insurers and/or reinsurers in the ceding entity's domestic jurisdiction. The "Affiliate" is established in the NAIC Model Holding Company Act. An affiliated not dition insurer/reinsurer is an insurance or reinsurance company that reinsures risks only from its part or filiates, and is subject to a financial solvency regulatory system separate from that generall $a_{p}$ licab 2 to traditional insurers and/or reinsurers in the ceding entity's domestic jurisdiction. For the rpose annual statement reporting, this definition shall be presumed to include the following, subjec of the redant's rebuttal to its domicile:

1. An affiliated insurance or reinsurance co npar-licensed, authorized or otherwise granted the authority to operate in a single United States jurisu aon hder any captive insurer law, special purpose insurer law, or other similar law separato from ose plicable to traditional insurers and/or reinsurers.
2. An affiliated insurance or re surance s mpany licensed, authorized or otherwise granted the authority to operate in any jurisdiction ou ide ne United States under any captive insurer law, special purpose insurer law, or other similar law $\mathrm{se}_{\mathrm{p}}$ arate from those applicable to traditional insurers and/or reinsurers in that non-United Stata jurisdiction.
3. Any other affilia ed ins ance or reinsurance company that by law, regulation, or order, or contract is authorized ins e or rt nsure only risks from its parent or affiliate.

## SCHEDULE S - PART 1 - SECTION 1

## REINSURANCE ASSUMED LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITIES, DEPOSIT FUNDS AND OTHER LIABILITIES WITHOUT LIFE OR DISABILITY CONTINGENCIES, AND RELATED BENEFITS LISTED BY REINSURED COMPANY AS OF DECEMBER 31, CURRENT YEAR

This section should include data on all reinsurance assumed for life insurance, annuities, deposit fund and other liabilities without life or disability contingencies, and related benefits by reinsured company as of December 31, current year.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, categories, or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the specified cortal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total line and number:

Group or Category
Line Number
General Account
Affiliates
U.S.

Captive ................................................................................................................................ 0199999

Total ................................................................................................... v.................................. 0399999
Non-U.S.

Total Affiliates ..................................................................................................................................................................................................................... 0799999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliates ................................................................................................................................... 0899999

Total Non-Affiliates.......................................... .. ........................................................................... 1099999
Total General Account.................................................... ....... ............................................................................ 1199999
Separate Accounts
Affiliates
U.S. $\qquad$
Non-U.S.
Captive ......................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................
Othe99999999
Total ........
Captiv $1 . . . . .$.
Other....................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................... 16999999
Total ...... ................................................................................................................................ 1799999
Total Affiliates ............. ............................................................................................................................. 1899999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affil ${ }^{\text {® }}$, ..................................................................................................................................... 1999999

Non-U o. M. Atmates ................................................................................................................................. 2099999
Total Ion-Aft iates........................................................................................................................................ 2199999
Total Separ ~Ao ............................................................................................................................................... 2299999

Total Non-U.S. Cum of 0699999, 0999999, 1799999 and 2099999) .......................................................................................... 2499999
Total (Sum of 1199, 9 and 2299999) ......................................................................................................................................... 9999999
Column $2-\quad$ ID Number
Enter one of the following as appropriate for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule S General Instructions for more information on these identification numbers.

| Federal Employer Identification Number | (FEIN) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alien Insurer Identification Number | (AIIN) |
| Certified Reinsurer Identification Number | (CRIN) |
| Pool/Association Identification Number |  |

## Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Domiciliary Jurisdiction

Report the two-character U.S. postal code abbreviation for the domiciliary jurisdiction for U.S. states, territories and possessions. A comprehensive listing of three-character (ISO Alpha 3) abbreviations for foreign countries is available in the appendix of these instructions.

If a reinsurer has merged with another entity, report the domiciliary jurisdiction of the surviving entity.

## Column $6 \quad-\quad$ Type of Reinsurance Assumed

Use the following abbreviations to identify the plan and type of reinsurance. or xample, group coinsurance with funds withheld should be identified as COFW/G. (If there is ore than one type of reinsurance in the same reinsurance company, show each type on a separato line, NOTE: The type should be entered in all capital letters, and ALL reinsurance types must be ollow d by /G (for Group) or /I (for Individual).

## Abbreviations:



Column 7

- Type of Busin \& Assumed

Use v one of the following codes per line to identify the type of business assumed. If there is more than one re of business assumed from the same reinsurance company, show each type on a separate AL. ne. ations:

| IL | Industrial Life | FA | Fixed Annuities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XXXL | XXX Life | IA | Indexed Annuities |
| XXXLO | XXX Life Other | VA | Variable Annuities |
| AXXX | AXXX Life | OA | Other Annuities |
| CL | Credit Life | ADB | Accidental Death Benefits |
| SC | Supplementary Contracts | DIS | Disability Benefits |
| OL | Other Life |  |  |

NOTE: The Type of Business Assumed code should be entered in all capital letters.


## REINSURANCE ASSUMED ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE LISTED BY REINSURED COMPANY AS OF DECEMBER 31, CURRENT YEAR

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, categories, or subcategories it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total line and number:
 Schedule S Genera. Instructions for more information on these identification numbers.

| Eeden Fmployer Identification Number | (FEIN) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Atr Insurer Identification Number | (AIIN) |
| Cert fied Reinsurer Identification Number | (CRIN) |

## Column 5

## Domiciliary Jurisdiction

Report the two-character U.S. postal code abbreviation for the domiciliary jurisdiction for U.S. states, territories and possessions. A comprehensive listing of three-character (ISO Alpha 3) abbreviations for foreign countries is available in the appendix of these instructions.

If a reinsurer has merged with another entity, report the domiciliary jurisdiction of the surviving entity.

Use the following abbreviations to identify the plan and type of reinsurance. For example, group specific stop loss should be identified as SSL/G. (If there is more than one type of reinsurance in the same reinsurance company, show each type on a separate line.) NOTE: The type should be entered in all capital letters, and ALL reinsurance types must be followed by /G (for Group) or /I (for Individual).

## Abbreviations:



## REINSURANCE TYPES

| ASL | Aggregate Stop Loss | QA $\mathrm{Qu}^{\text {ras }}$ Share |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SSL | Specific Stop Loss | SS - urplus Share |
| LRSL | Loss Ratio Stop Loss | OTH O mer Reinsurance |
| CAT | Catastrophe |  |

## Column 7 - Type of Business Assumed

Use the following codes to identify the pre of thess assumed. If there is more than one type of business assumed from the same reinsur ace pany, show each type on a separate line.

Abbreviations:

| CMM Comprehee ive Major Medical | STM | Short-Term Medical |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OM Other Medicat Non- omprehensive) | LB | Limited Benefit |
| SD Specified/Named sease | S | Student |
| A Accids it Only or AD\&D | LTC | Long-Term Care |
| STDI Disabil Income - Short-Term | D | Dental |
| LTDI $\quad 1 \mathrm{sab}^{\text {a }}$ iy a come - Long-Term | MR | Medicare |
| MS - Iedica Supplement (Medigap) | MC | Medicaid |
| MD $\mathrm{Ma}^{\text {dia e Part D - Stand-Alone }}$ | TRI | Tricare |
| FEHBP ederal Employees Health Benefit Plan | CAH | Credit A\&H |
| CHIP State Children's Health Insurance Program | OH | Other Health |

NO E: The Type of Business Assumed code should be entered in all capital letters.
types of business shown above are as reported in the Accident and Health Policy Experience Exhibit.

To agree with Exhibit 1, Part 1, Line 20.2, Columns 8 through 10.
| Column 11 - Reinsurance Payable on Paid and Unpaid Losses
To agree with Exhibit 8, Part 1, Line 4.2, Columns 9 through 11.
Column 12 - Modified Coinsurance Reserve
Report the amount of the reserves held by the ceding company under modified coi our ace contracts.
Column $13 \quad-\quad$ Funds Withheld Under Coinsurance
Report the amount of funds withheld by the ceding company on coinsiaranc contra ts.


## SCHEDULE S - PART 2

## REINSURANCE RECOVERABLE ON PAID AND UNPAID LOSSES LISTED BY REINSURING COMPANY AS OF DECEMBER 31, CURRENT YEAR

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, categories, or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total line and number:


## Column $2 \quad-\quad$ ID Number

Enter one of the following as appropriate for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule S General Instructions for more information on these identification numbers.

| Federal Employer Identification Number | (FEIN) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alien Insurer Identification Number | (AIIN) |
| Certified Reinsurer Identification Number | (CRIN) |
| Pool/Association Identification Number |  |

Column 5 - Domiciliary Jurisdiction
Report the two-character U.S. postal code abbreviation for the domiciliary juricdic in for U.S. states, territories and possessions. A comprehensive listing of three-character (ISC Alph 3) abbreviations for foreign countries is available in the appendix of these instructions.

If a reinsurer has merged with another entity, report the domiciliary isdic $n$ of the surviving entity.

## Column 6 - Paid Losses

Report reinsured claim amounts paid by the company bres imbursed by the reinsurer. The Total of this column represents claim amounts it a vable rom reinsurers included in Page 2, Line 16.1, Column 3. The amounts reported in Colu n 6 epresent, by company, the amounts recoverable from reinsurers included in the develor $n \in$ of $\llcorner$ nibit 8, Part 2.

Column 7 - Unpaid Losses
Include the reinsured amounts for claims alat are lir-course of settlement and will become recoverable from reinsurers following payme . St a ho nts are treated as reductions to the "in course of settlement" claim liabilities and are in' 'rdedin ne development of Exhibit 8, Part 1.

## SCHEDULE S - PART 3 - SECTION 1

REINSURANCE CEDED LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITIES, DEPOSIT FUNDS AND OTHER LIABILITIES WITHOUT LIFE OR DISABILITY CONTINGENCIES, AND RELATED BENEFITS LISTED BY REINSURING COMPANY AS OF DECEMBER 31, CURRENT YEAR

NOTE: This schedule is to include Exhibit 7 cessions. Include actual reinsurance ceded on group cases but exclude jointly underwritten group contracts.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, categories or bcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the specific subtota_ ine number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total line and number:


## Certified

Affiliates
U.S.
Captive ..... 2399999
Other ..... 2499999
Total ..... 2599999
Non-U.S.
Captive ..... 2699999
Other ..... 2799999
Total. ..... 2899999
Total Certified Affiliates ..... 2999999
Non-AffiliatesU.S. Non-Affiliates3099999
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 3199999
Total Certified Non-Affiliates ..... 3299999
Total General Account Certified ..... 3399999
Total General Account Authorized, Unauthorized and Certified ..... 3499999
Separate Accounts
Authorized
Affiliates
U.S.
Captive ..... 3599999
Other ..... 3699999
Total. ..... 3799999
Non-U.S.
Captive ..... 3899999
Other ..... 3999999
Total. ..... 4099999
Total Authorized Affiliates ..... 4199999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliate ..... 4299999
Non-U.S. Nop ©filia $¢$ ..... 4399999
Total A tho zed N n-Affiliates ..... 4499999
Total Separate col ts Aut orized ..... 4599999
UnauthorizedAffiliate
U.Captive4699999
Other ..... 4799999
Total ..... 4899999
Non-U.S.
Captive ..... 4999999
Other ..... 5099999
Total ..... 5199999
Total Unauthorized Affiliates ..... 5299999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 5399999
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 5499999
Total Unauthorized Non-Affiliates ..... 5599999
Total Separate Accounts Unauthorized ..... 5699999

## Certified

## Affiliates

U.S.

> Captive........................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................... 99999999
> Other
> Total........

Non-U.S.
Captive............................................................................................................... 6099999
Other ........................................................................................................ 6199999
Total................................................................................................. .......... 6299999
Total Certified Affiliates................................................................................................ 6399999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliates $\qquad$ 6499999
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates ........................................................... ...... ......................... 6599999
Total Certified Non-Affiliates....................................................................................... 6699999
Total Separate Accounts Certified.
6799999
Total Separate Accounts Authorized, Unauthorized and Certified.................. ........ ................................. 6899999


Column 2 - ID Number
Enter one of the following as appi riat for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule S General Instruc ans for mo e information on these identification numbers.

Federal Employer Identificati Number Alien Insurer Ident acation Number Certified Reinsure dentification Number Pool/Associat dent cication Number

Report the two-c racter postal code abbreviation for the domiciliary jurisdiction for U.S. states, territo es and possessions. A comprehensive listing of three-character (ISO Alpha 3) abbreviations for foreign a ntries is available in the appendix of these instructions.

1 a reins rer has merged with another entity, report the domiciliary jurisdiction of the surviving entity.

## Column 6 - Type of Reinsurance Ceded

Use the following abbreviations to identify the plan and type of reinsurance. For example, group coinsurance with funds withheld should be identified as COFW/G. (If there is more than one type of reinsurance in the same reinsurance company, show each type on a separate line.) NOTE: The type should be entered in all capital letters, and ALL reinsurance types must be followed by /G (for Group) or /I (for Individual).

Abbreviations:


NOTE: The insurance type shiruld unter d in all capital letters.

## Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Type of Business Ceded

Use only one of the following co per line to identify the type of business ceded. If there is more than one type of busine sceded to the same reinsurance company, show each type on a separate line.

Abbreviations:


All types of business shown above are as reported in the Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business and the Analysis of Annuity Operations by Lines of Business except as noted below:

XXX Life: $\quad$ Used to describe the actuarial reserves required to be held under Section 6 of the NAIC Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Model Regulation (\#830) (other than risk ceded to an assuming insurer for policies eligible for exemption under Section 6F, Section 6G, Section 6H or to the portion of the reserve pursuant to YRT Reinsurance under Section 6E), which is commonly referred to as Regulation XXX (or, more simply, XXX).

XXX Life Other: Used to describe the actuarial reserves required to be cilu nder Section 6 of the NAIC Valuation of Life Insurance Policies M0 l Regu thion (\#830) for risk ceded to an assuming insurer for policies desci ed under Section 6F, Section 6G, Section 6H or to the portion of e res ve pursuant to YRT Reinsurance under Section 6E, which is $\mathrm{mmor} y$ referred to as Regulation XXX (or, more simply, XXY).

AXXX Life: Used to describe the actuarial reserves requn to be held under Section 7 of Regulation XXX as further clarified the NAIC Actuarial Guideline XXXVIII—The Application of the Valuat on of Life Insurance Policies Model Regulation (AG 38), wb; ©co only referred to as AXXX.

OL Other Life Used for ceded life busmess $\mathrm{L}+$ app opriately included in one of the other life categories in the tab ${ }^{2}$ ab ve.

If the reporting entity uses the codes XX , (X $\wedge$ Life) or AXXX (AXXX Life) as the type of business ceded for any reinsurer reported on thi ccheadle, the Supplemental Term and Universal Life Insurance Reinsurance Exhibit must be cr apleted.


Report the ceded amount of ae basic , e insurance policy only, to agree with Line 22 of the Exhibit of Life Insurance x 1000.

For catastrophe-reinsurance (CAT), disability reinsurance (DIS), accidental death benefit reinsurance (ADB) and annuity reir urance (ACO and AMCO), leave this column blank.


To agree w aprande lines in Exhibit 5 and Exhibit 7. See examples for modco transactions contained in the reneral instructions for Schedule S.

Column 11
moun included in this column should represent reinsurance ceded premiums on an incurred basis, agree rith Line 20.3 of Exhibit 1, Part 1, Column 1 less Columns 8, 9 and 10.
deposit funds and other liabilities without life or disability contingencies, leave this column blank.


Outstanding surplus relief means the amount of surplus not yet reported as income in Commissions and Expense Allowance on Reinsurance Ceded, in the Summary of Operations, attributable to reinsurance agreements described in SSAP No. 61R-Life, Deposit-Type and Accident and Health Reinsurance.

Report the amount of initial commissions and expense allowance not yet recovered by the reinsurer for the following types of treaties (individual or group): CO, ACO, MCO, AMCO, COFW, ACOFW, MCOFW, AMCOFW, COMB, ACOMB, ACOMBW AND COMBW. This colu at os not apply to CAT, DIS, ADB, YRT or other non-proportional reinsurance treaties.

Include the outstanding surplus resulting from reinsurance of separate acco ats bu ness.
Column 14 - Modified Coinsurance Reserve
Report the amount of reserves held under modified coinsurance rontronde separate accounts modified coinsurance reserves. The General Account total for Colun 14 must agree with the sum of the parenthetical amounts on Page 3, Lines 1 and 3.

Column 15 - Funds Withheld Under Coinsurance
Report the amount of funds withheld on coinsurane co racis


## SCHEDULE S - PART 3 - SECTION 2

## REINSURANCE CEDED ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE LISTED BY REINSURING COMPANY AS OF DECEMBER 31, CURRENT YEAR

Include actual reinsurance ceded on group cases but exclude jointly underwritten group contracts.
If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, categories, or subcategories it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total line and number:

Group or Category

## General Account

Authorized
Affiliates


Unauthorized
Affiliates
U.S.


Non-U.S.
Captive................................................................................................................. 1599999
Other ................................................................................................................. 1699999
Total.
1799999
Tot Unauthorized Affiliates ............................................................................................ 1899999
Noit ffiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliates ............................................................................................................. 1999999

Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates...................................................................................................... 2099999
Total Unauthorized Non-Affiliates ................................................................................... 2199999
Total General Account Unauthorized................................................................................................ 2299999

## Certified

Affiliates
U.S.
Captive ..... 2399999
Other ..... 2499999
Total ..... 2599999
Non-U.S.
Captive ..... 2699999
Other ..... 2799999
Total. ..... 2899999
Total Certified Affiliates ..... 2999999
Non-AffiliatesU.S. Non-Affiliates3099999
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 3199999
Total Certified Non-Affiliates ..... 3299999
Total General Account Certified ..... 3399999
Total General Account Authorized, Unauthorized and Certified ..... 3499999
Separate Accounts
Authorized
Affiliates
U.S.
Captive ..... 3599999
Other ..... 3699999
Total. ..... 3799999
Non-U.S.
Captive ..... 3899999
Other ..... 3999999
Total. ..... 4099999
Total Authorized Affiliates ..... 4199999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliate ..... 4299999
Non-U.S. Nop ©filia $¢$ ..... 4399999
Total A tho zed N n-Affiliates ..... 4499999
Total Separate col ts Aut orized ..... 4599999
UnauthorizedAffiliate
U.Captive4699999
Other ..... 4799999
Total ..... 4899999
Non-U.S.
Captive ..... 4999999
Other ..... 5099999
Total ..... 5199999
Total Unauthorized Affiliates ..... 5299999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 5399999
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 5499999
Total Unauthorized Non-Affiliates ..... 5599999
Total Separate Accounts Unauthorized ..... 5699999

## Certified

Affiliates
U.S.

Captive............................................................................................................... 5799999
Other .................................................................................................................. 5899999
Total.................................................................................................................... 5999999
Non-U.S.
Captive................................................................................................................ 6099999
Other ........................................................................................................ 6199999
Total.................................................................................................. ......... 6299999
Total Certified Affiliates................................................................................................ 6399999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliates $\qquad$
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates
6499999

Total Certified Non-Affiliates.
Total Separate Accounts Certified.
6799999
Total Separate Accounts Authorized, Unauthorized and Certified.
6899999


Column 2 - ID Number
Enter one of the following as appi riat for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule S General Instruc ans for mo e information on these identification numbers.

Federal Employer Identificat Number Alien Insurer Ident acation Number Certified Reinsure dentification Number Pool/Associat ${ }^{\text {dent }}$ sication Number

Report the two-Cn racter U.S. postal code abbreviation for the domiciliary jurisdiction for U.S. states, territo es and possessions. A comprehensive listing of three-character (ISO Alpha 3) abbreviations for foreign a ntries is available in the appendix of these instructions.

1 a reins rer has merged with another entity, report the domiciliary jurisdiction of the surviving entity.

## Column 6 - Type of Reinsurance Ceded

Use the following abbreviations to identify the plan and type of reinsurance. For example, group specific stop loss should be identified as SSL/G. (If there is more than one type of reinsurance in the same reinsurance company, show each type on a separate line.) NOTE: The type should be entered in all capital letters, and ALL reinsurance types must be followed by /G (for Group) or /I (for Individual).

## Abbreviations:



REINSURANCE TYPES

| ASL | Aggregate Stop Loss | QA $\mathrm{Qu}^{\text {a }}$ + Share |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SSL | Specific Stop Loss | SS -urplus Share |
| LRSL | Loss Ratio Stop Loss | OTH 0 mer Reinsurance |
| CAT | Catastrophe |  |

## Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Type of Business Ceded

Use the following codes to identify the ope of iness ceded. If there is more than one type of business ceded to the same reinsurance c $\mathrm{mr}^{\mathrm{r}}$ y show each type on a separate line.

Abbreviations:

| CMM Comprehé ive Major Medical | STM | Short-Term Medical |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OM Other Medica, Non- omprehensive) | LB | Limited Benefit |
| SD Specified/Named asease | S | Student |
| A Accid ${ }^{\text {at Only or AD\&D }}$ | LTC | Long-Term Care |
| STDI Disabil Income - Short-Term | D | Dental |
|  | MR | Medicare |
| MS - Kedica Supplement (Medigap) | MC | Medicaid |
| MD M ${ }^{\text {did e Part D - Stand-Alone }}$ | TRI | Tricare |
| FEHBP ederal Employees Health Benefit Plan | CAH | Credit A\&H |
| -CHIP State Children's Health Insurance Program | OH | Other Health |

NO E: The Type of Business Ceded code should be entered in all capital letters.
types of business shown above are as reported in the Accident and Health Policy Experience Exhibit.

Column 8
Premiums

Amounts included in this column should represent reinsurance ceded premiums on an incurred basis and agree with Exhibit 1, Part 1, Line 20.3, Columns 8, 9 and 10.

Amounts represent, by company, the ceded part of the unearned premium reserve included in the Active Life Reserve in Exhibit 6, Line 8.

Column $10 \quad-\quad$ Reserve Credit Taken Other Than For Unearned Premiums
This column represents the reinsurance ceded portion of the remaining Active Life Reserve (excluding unearned premiums) and the Claim Reserve reported in Exhibit 6. The sum of the totals for Columns 9 and 10 must agree with the sum of the appropriate Lines in Exhibit 6, (Line 8, Column 1 and Line 15, Column 1).

Columns $11 \quad-\quad$ Outstanding Surplus Relief - Current Year and Columns 12 - Outstanding Surplus Relief - Prior Year \}

Outstanding surplus relief means the amount of surplus not yet re rte income in Line 6, commissions and expense allowance on reinsurance ceded, of the $S$ ?mary f Operations, attributable to reinsurance agreements described in SSAP No. 61R—Life, Dc osit mand Accident and Health Reinsurance.

Report the amount of initial commissions and expense all ecovered by the reinsurer for the following types of treaties (individual or grou , CO, MCO, COFW, MCOFW, COMB or COMBW. This column does not apply to YRT or other nu prop rtional reinsurance treaties.

Column 13 - Modified Coinsurance Reserve
Report the amount of reserves held under mou cied coinsurance contracts. The sum of the total for Column 13 must agree with the parenthet car amourron Page 3, Line 2.

## Column 14

Funds Withheld Under Coinsurance
Report the amount of funds vithheld o coinsurance contracts.

## SCHEDULE S - PART 4

## REINSURANCE CEDED TO UNAUTHORIZED COMPANIES

Contains data on life and accident and health insurance in force that is reinsured with companies not authorized in the state of domicile of the reporting insurance company. The purpose of this schedule is to display reinsurance ceded data used in the development of the liability for reinsurance in unauthorized companies. This liability serves to offset those assets and liability reductions that reflect the result of reinsurance ceded with unauthorized companies.

NOTE: This schedule includes Exhibit 7 cessions.

Securities held on deposit or held in a trust account should be valued at their fair market value. $N^{\wedge}$ C pubnsed market values must be used when available.

Letters of credit and trust agreements are not to be included in assets or liabilities on Pagus 2 o. 3 or s pporting pages and exhibits.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required ghers, iterories, or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with 'e specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total line and number:

Group or Category
General Account
Life and Annuity
Affiliates
U.S.


Other ...... ...................................................................................................... 0599999
Tota $1 . .$.
Total ffilic es....... ......................................................................................................... 0799999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-A liates
.0899999

- 1-U.S. Non-Affiliates ...................................................................................................... 0999999

Tot. Non-Affiliates............................................................................................................ 1099999
Total ste a d Annuity ....................................................................................................................... 1199999
Acciden and ealth

## An iates

U.S.

Captive................................................................................................................. 1299999
Other ................................................................................................................... 1399999
Total..................................................................................................................... 1499999
Non-U.S.
Captive
1599999
Other .................................................................................................................... 1699999
Total.................................................................................................................. 1799999
Total Affiliates..................................................................................................................... 1899999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 1999999
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 2099999
Total Non-Affiliates ..... 2199999
Total Accident and Health ..... 2299999
Total General Account ..... 2399999
Separate Accounts
AffiliatesColumn $2 \quad-\quad$ ID Number
Enter one of the follo ing as appropriate for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule S General Ins uctions for more information on these identification numbers.

| Federal EmI oyer I | ntification Number | (FEIN) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Alien | (AIIN) |  |
| Certific | Identi cation Number | (CRIN) |Certifie, ainsure Identification Number(CRIN)

Pool/Associa on Identification Number
Column 5 - Reserve redit Taken
eport t e amount by which the aggregate reserve for life contracts (Exhibit 5), deposit-type contracts ( L hibi ${ }^{+}$/), and accident and health contracts (Exhibit 6) has been reduced on account of reinsurance ith unauthorized companies. The amounts by company should be the same as those shown for life surance ceded in Schedule S, Part 3, Section 1, Column 9 and for accident and health reinsurance ceded in Schedule S, Part 3, Section 2, Columns 9 and 10.

| Column $6 \quad-\quad$ Paid and Unpaid Losses Recoverable (Debit) |  |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | Report all paid and unpaid losses recoverable, including IBNR. |

Include: $\quad$ Reduction in claim liability on account of reinsurance on incurred but not reported claims (estimated).

## Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Other Debits

Report all asset and liability reductions resulting from reinsurance ceded to unauthorized reinsurers not included in Columns 5 and 6. Examples of items included in this column are:

- Unamortized Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR) liability adjustmentif a v , of the ceding company.
- Commissions and expense allowances due the ceding company.
- Modified coinsurance reserve adjustments due.
- Experience rating refunds due.

Column 10 - Issuing or Confirming Bank Name Reference Number
Enter a reference number in this column (e.g., 000 $\quad$ ( 002 , e .) for each reinsurer that provided a letter(s) of credit to the reporting entity. This reference umbs will be used in the footnote table to provide more detail of the letter(s) of credit provid ${ }^{-1} \mathrm{~b}$, the insurer.


Include: Where permiss to aken as credit against the loss and reserve liabilities in Colum o, oun deposited by the reinsurer with or for the reporting insur ace comp 7y, letters of credit, and trust agreements. Securities held on depos or held it a trust fund should be valued at fair market value.

NAIC-publis ed market values must be used when available. Letters of credit d trust agreements are not to be included in assets or liabilities on Pages 2 or 3 oi pporting pages and exhibits.
Column $14 \quad-\quad$ Miscellane us, B lances Credit)
Report amounts tue the reinsurer, as a result of day-to-day transaction activity, held by the reporting insulance company.

Paid premiums due reinsurers, deferred premiums and any similar amounts that would be credited as returnable to the reinsurer should the contract terminate as of the statement date.

Column $15-\quad$ Sum of Column $9+$ Column $11+$ Column $12+$ Column $13+$ Column 14 but not in excess of Column 8

Amounts are calculated individually by company and represent the maximum allowable credit that may be taken for each.

The Total of Column 15 subtracted from the Total of Column 8 equals the liability for reinsurance in unauthorized companies included on Page 3, Line 24.02.

## Issuing or Confirming Bank Detail Table

Issuing or Confirming Bank Name Reference Number:
Enter a reference number in this column (e.g., 0001, 0002, eto) that corim onds to the reinsurer providing the letter(s) of credit from the issuing or confirming ba The eference number may be used multiple times if the letter(s) of credit provided by the reins rer a. from more than one bank or as part of a Syndicated Letter of Credit.

Letter of Credit Code:
Enter " 1 " for single letter of credit that is not a synaicateu 'otter f credit.
Enter "2" for syndicated letter of credit.
Enter " 3 " for multiple letters of credit.
Letter of Credit Issuing or Confirming Bank’s Americar anken sociation (ABA) Routing Number:
Provide for each issuing or confirming oank ls nine-digit American Bankers Association (ABA) routing number.

For Fronted Letters of C. dit, where a single bank issues a letter of credit as the fronting bank and sells to other banks undivide interes , in its obligations under the credit, provide the ABA routing number for the fronting bank but + ne other banks participating.

For Syndicated Letten fredit, where one bank acts as agent for a group of banks issuing the letter of credit but each icip ing bank is severally, not jointly, liable provide the ABA routing number for all bank in t' e syna ate.

For reinsures roviung letters of credit from multiple banks that are not part of a syndicated letter of credit, provide th $4 B A$ routing number for all of the banks.

Provide the name of each issuing or confirming banks.
For Fronted Letters of Credit, where a single bank issues a letter of credit as the fronting bank and sells to other banks undivided interests in its obligations under the credit, provide the name of the fronting bank but not the other banks participating.

For Syndicated Letters of Credit, where one bank acts as agent for a group of banks issuing the letter of credit but each participating bank is severally, not jointly, liable, provide the name of each bank in the syndicate.

For reinsurers providing letters of credit from multiple banks that are not part of a ndicated letter of credit, provide the name of each bank.

Letters of Credit Amount:

Enter the amount for the letter of credit issued or confirmed by the hank.
The sum of the amounts by reference number should equal 'he am wht reported for that reference number in Schedule S, Part 4, Column 9.

The total for this column should also equal the totar of Sc sdule , Part 4, Column 9.

## SCHEDULE S - PART 5

## REINSURANCE CEDED TO CERTIFIED REINSURERS

NOTE: This schedule is to be completed by those reporting entities whose domiciliary state has enacted the Credit for Reinsurance Model Law (\#785) and/or Credit for Reinsurance Model Regulation (\#786) with the defined certified reinsurer provisions.

Contains data on life and accident and health insurance in force that is reinsured with companies that have been certified in the state of domicile of the reporting insurance company. The purpose of this schedule is to display reinsurance ceded data used in the development of the liability for reinsurance with certified reinsurers. This liability serves to o se hose assets and liability reductions that reflect the result of reinsurance ceded with certified reinsurers that is not pro rly conteralized in accordance with the rating assigned to the certified reinsurer by the commissioner of the reporting o mpany's state of domicile.

A reporting entity should refer to information published by its domestic state with mesne to anding and collateral requirements applicable to a certified reinsurer. Ratings may vary from state to state; $h$ ever, ee rating assigned by the ceding insurer's domestic state is authoritative.

NOTE: Rating upgrades apply on a prospective basis only; i.e., the lower colfa ral le el associated with the upgrade applies only to reinsurance contracts entered into or renewed or aftu ie date of the upgrade. Rating downgrades apply to all reinsurance contracts entered into or rent d unde certified status. As such, it is possible that a reporting entity might have multiple contracts with a ingl certified reinsurer under different rating/collateral requirements, and should report the amounts ttr utab to the contracts separately based on the rating/collateral requirements applicable to such balances.

NOTE: Section $8 B(8)(d)$ of Model \#786 allows a ceding insurel three-month grace period for obtaining additional collateral, in the event that a certified reinsurer's atmo is cuowngraded or its certification is revoked, before incurring a provision for reinsurance based onthe a don collateral requirement. When the reporting date falls within such three-month grace period, with res ${ }_{\text {a }}$ to ch certified reinsurer, the ceding insurer may report collateral required and calculate the pr Asto for insurance applicable to collateral deficiency based on the certified reinsurer's rating prior to $t^{\prime}=$ downgrc le or revocation, unless otherwise instructed by the state of domicile.

NOTE: This schedule includes Exhibit 7 ceasions.
Securities held on deposit or held in a trust a vount should be valued at their fair market value. NAIC-published market values must be used when available.

Letters of credit and trust agreemt s arm be included in assets or liabilities on Pages 2 or 3 or supporting pages and exhibits.
If a reporting entity has any ail lines reported for any of the following required groups, categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amolur of thesponding group, category or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same r anner ad location as the pre-printed total line and number.


Line Number

## General Account

Life and Annuity
Affiliates
U.S.
$\qquad$
Non-U.S.
Captive ..... 0499999
Other ..... 0599999
Total. ..... 0699999
Total Affiliates ..... 0799999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 0899999
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 0999999
Total Non-Affiliates ..... 1099999
Total Life and Annuity ..... 1199999
Accident and Health
Affiliates
U.S.
Captive ..... 1299999
Other ..... 1499999
Non-U.S.
Captive ..... 1599999
Other ..... 1699999
Total. ..... 1799999
Total Affiliates ..... 1899999
Non-Affiliates
U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 1999999
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 2099999
Total Non-Affiliates ..... 2199999
Total Accident and Health ..... 2299999
Total General Account ..... 2399999
Separate Accounts
Affiliates
U.S.

Captive. ..... 2499999
Other ..... 2599999
 ..... 2699999 ..... 2799999
Othe
Total. ..... 2999999
Total arate Accounts Affiliates ..... 3099999
Non- ffiliat
US Non-Affiliates ..... 3199999
Non-U.S. Non-Affiliates ..... 3299999
Total Separate Accounts Non-Affiliates ..... 3399999
Total Separate Accounts ..... 3499999
Total U.S. (Sum of 0399999, 0899999, 1499999, 1999999, 2699999 and 3199999) ..... 3599999
Total Non-U.S. (Sum of 0699999, 0999999, 1799999, 2099999, 2999999 and 3299999) ..... 3699999
Total (Sum of 2399999 and 3499999) ..... 9999999

## Column $2 \quad-\quad$ ID Number

Enter one of the following as appropriate for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule S General Instructions for more information on these identification numbers.

| Federal Employer Identification Number | (FEIN) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alien Insurer Identification Number | (AIIN) |
| Certified Reinsurer Identification Number | (CRIN) |
| Pool/Association Identification Number |  |


| Column 6 | Certified Reinsurer Rating (1 through 6) |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Report the certified reinsurer's rating as assigned by the reporting company's domic 'ary state. |
| Column 7 | Effective Date of Certified Reinsurer Rating |
|  | Report the effective date of the certified reinsurer's rating tha app rable to the reinsurance recoverable and/or reserve credit taken reported on the individual |
| Column 8 | Percent Collateral Required for Full Credit (0\% - 100\%) |
|  | Report the percentage of collateral that is requireu + be p svided by the certified reinsurer, in accordance with the rating assigned by the ceding insur 's do hiciliary state in order for a domestic ceding insurer to receive full financial statemen ${ }^{+}$cit io the reinsurance ceded to the certified reinsurer, that is applicable to the net obligation st ject to pllateral reported on the individual line. |

Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Reserve Credit Taken
Report the amount by which the astrega ser e for life contracts (Exhibit 5), deposit-type contracts (Exhibit 7) and accident and health (ract shibit 6) has been reduced on account of reinsurance with certified reinsurers. Th camr nts y company should be the same as those shown for life reinsurance ceded in Sched e S, Part , Section 1, Column 9 and for accident and health reinsurance ceded in Schedule S, Part 3, cotion 2, olumns 9 and 10.

Column 10 - Paid and Unpaid Losses Recoverab.
Report all paid and unpa. losses recoverable, including IBNR.
Include
Re luction in claim liability on account of reinsurance on incurred but not ported claims (estimated).

Column 11 - Othe Debits
Report all ${ }^{\circ}$ et and liability reductions resulting from reinsurance ceded to certified reinsurers not i clude in Columns 9 and 10. Examples of items included in this column are:
_namortized Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR) liability adjustment, if any, of the ceding company.

- Commissions and expense allowances due the ceding company.
- Modified coinsurance reserve adjustments due.
- Experience rating refunds due.


Column 14 - Net Obligation Subject to Collateral

## Column 12 minus Column 13

Column 15 - Dollar Amount of Collateral Required for Full Credit
Report the amount of collateral that is required in order for the repo ing sany to receive full financial statement credit for reinsurance (Column 14 times Colums

Column 16 - Multiple Beneficiary Trust
If the certified reinsurer utilizes a multiple beneficiary collateral requirements as a certified reinsurer to U.S.
trust that are applicable to the reporting entity's reinsurat ling in urers, report the amounts within such trust that are applicable to the reporting entity's remsuran cedf $d$ to the certified reinsurer.

Column 17 - Letters of Credit
Report the dollar amount of letters of credit pro led by the certified reinsurer and held by or on behalf of the reporting entity as security for the crufied remsurer's reinsurance obligations.
Column 18 - Issuing or Confirming Bank Name Re rence Nom
Enter a reference number / this cot nn (e.g., 0001, 0002, etc.) for each reinsurer that provided a letter(s) of credit to the repu ing enti . This reference number will be used in the footnote table to provide more detail of the letter of edit provided by the reinsurer.

If no letter of credit har been provided, leave blank.
Column 19
-

than those held in a multiple beneficiary trust that are reported in Column 16,
Column 20 - Fun Deposited by and Withheld from Reinsurers
Where permissible to be taken as credit against the loss and reserve liabilities in Column 14, amounts deposited by the reinsurer with or for the reporting insurance company, letters of credit and trust agreements. Securities held on deposit or held in a trust fund should be valued at fair market value.

NAIC-published market values must be used when available. Letters of credit and trust agreements are not to be included in assets or liabilities on Pages 2 or 3 or supporting pages and exhibits.

## Column 21 - Other

Report other acceptable security held by or on behalf of the reporting company.

## Column 23 Percent of Collateral Provided for Net Obligation Subject to Collateral

Report the percentage of collateral provided by the certified reinsurer for obligations subject to collateral requirements (Column 22 divided by Column 14).

Column $24 \quad$ Percent Credit Allowed on Net Obligation Subject to Collateral
Report the proportion of collateral provided by the certified reinsurer as con ared to the amount of collateral that is required based on its assigned rating (Column 23 dividod by Column 8, not to exceed $100 \%$ ).

Column 25 Amount of Credit Allowed for Net Obligation Subject to Collateral
(Column 14 times Column 24).

## Issuing or Confirming Bank Detail Table

Issuing or Confirming Bank Name Reference Number:
Enter a reference number in this column ( $2,001,0002$, etc.) that corresponds to the reinsurer providing the letter(s) of credit from the issuil or confirming bank. The reference number may be used multiple times if the letter(s) of cre aprovidt by the reinsurer are from more than one bank or as part of a Syndicated Letter of Cdit.

Letter of Credit Code:
Enter " 1 " for single letter or 'odit that ; not a syndicated letter of credit.
Enter "2" for syndicated letter or ve $\lambda$.
Enter " 3 " for multiple 1 cers of credit.
Letter of Credit Issuing or Conf; $\sim \mathrm{g} \mathrm{b}$ nk’s American Bankers Association (ABA) Routing Number:
Provide fo issuin or confirming bank its nine-digit American Bankers Association (ABA) routing nun.

For inted Letters of Credit, where a single bank issues a letter of credit as the fronting bank and sells to her banks undivided interests in its obligations under the credit, provide the ABA routing n nou for me fronting bank but not the other banks participating.

Fu Svr icated Letters of Credit, where one bank acts as agent for a group of banks issuing the letter
credit but each participating bank is severally, not jointly, liable provide the ABA routing number dll banks in the syndicate.

For reinsurers providing letters of credit from multiple banks that are not part of a syndicated letter of credit, provide the ABA routing number for all of the banks.

Provide the name of each issuing or confirming banks.
For Fronted Letters of Credit, where a single bank issues a letter of credit as the fronting bank and sells to other banks undivided interests in its obligations under the credit, provide the name of the fronting bank but not the other banks participating.

For Syndicated Letters of Credit, where one bank acts as agent for a group of banks issuing the letter of credit but each participating bank is severally, not jointly, liable, provide the name of each bank in the syndicate.

For reinsurers providing letters of credit from multiple banks that are not part of a ndicated letter of credit, provide the name of each bank.

Letters of Credit Amount:

Enter the amount for the letter of credit issued or confirmed by the hank.
The sum of the amounts by reference number should equal 'he am wht reported for that reference number in Schedule S, Part 5, Column 17.

The total for this column should also equal the totar of Sc. nule , Part 5, Column 17.

## SCHEDULE S - PART 6

## FIVE-YEAR EXHIBIT OF REINSURANCE CEDED BUSINESS

## A. Operations Items:

Line 1 - Premiums and Annuity Considerations for Life and Accident and Health Contracts Exhibit 1, Part 1, Line 20.3.

Line 2 - Commissions and Reinsurance Expense Allowances
Page 4, Line 6.
Line 3 - Contract Claims
Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 6.3.
Line 4 - Surrender Benefits and Withdrawals for Life Contracts
Reinsurance ceded portion of Page 4, Line 15.
Line 5 - Dividends to Policyholders
Reinsurance ceded portion of Page 4, Line 30.
Line 6 - Reserve Adjustments on Reinsurance Ceded Page 4, Line 7.

Line 7 - Increase in Aggregate Resery 101 fe an Accident and Health Contracts
Schedule S, Part 3, St ion 2, Cs umn 9, Current Year,
${ }^{+}$) Schedule S, Part 3, Section column 10, Current Year,
(-) Schedule S, Pai 3, Section 2, Column 9, Prior Year,
(-) Schedule S 3, ction 2, Column 10, Prior Year,
(+) Sch dule Part 3 Section 1, Column 9,
(-) Scheuù S, Part 3, Section 1, Column 10,
(-) Feinsurance ceded portion of Exhibit 5A, Lines 0199999 and 0299999, Column 4.

## B. Balance Sheet Items:

Line 8 - Premiums and Annuity Considerations for Life and Accident and Health Contracts Deferred and Uncollected

Exhibit 1, Part 1, Lines 3.3 plus 13.3.
Line 9 - Aggregate Reserves for Life and Accident and Health Contracts
Exhibit 5, Life Insurance and Annuities, Lines 0199998 and 02999998, Column 2,
(+) Exhibit 5, Lines, 0399998, 0499998, 0599998, 0699998 and 0799998, Colu nn 2,
(+) Exhibit 6, Line 8, Column 1,
(+) Exhibit 6, Line 15, Column 1.

OR

Schedule S, Part 3 Section 2, Column 9,
(+) Schedule S, Part 3 Section 2, Column 10,
(+) Schedule S, Part 3 Section 1, Column 9.
Line 11 - Contract Claims Unpaid
Exhibit 8, Part 1, Line 4.3.
Line 12 - Amounts Recoverable on Reinsurance Page 2, Line 16.1, Column 3.
$\begin{aligned} \text { Line } 13- & \text { Experience Rating Refunds D cor pain } \\ & \text { Amount included on Page 2, ine } 16.3 \text { Column } 3 .\end{aligned}$
Line 14 -
Policyholders' Dividend
Reinsurance ceded nortio


Line 16 -

Page 3, Line 24.02 inset amount.

## C. Unauthorized Reinsurance (Deposits by and Funds Withheld from):

Line 18 - Funds Deposited by and Withheld from (F)
Schedule S, Part 4, Column 12.
Line 19 - Letters of Credit (L)
Schedule S, Part 4, Column 9.
Line 20 - Trust Agreements (T)
Schedule S, Part 4, Column 11.
Line 21 - Other (O)
Schedule S, Part 4, Column 13.
D. Reinsurance with Certified Reinsurers (Deposits by and Funds Withheld frou
$\begin{aligned} \text { Line } 22-\quad & \text { Multiple Beneficiary Trusts (M) } \\ & \text { Schedule S, Part 5, Column } 16 .\end{aligned}$
Line 23 - Funds Deposited by and Withheld from (F)
Schedule S, Part 5, Column 20.
Line24 - Letters of Credit (L)


## SCHEDULE S - PART 7

## RESTATEMENT OF BALANCE SHEET

## TO IDENTIFY NET CREDIT FOR CEDED REINSURANCE

## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ As Reported (Net of Ceded)

Complete data consistent with the data reported for the current year on Page 2, Column 3 and Page 3 of the annual statement.

Column $2-\quad$ Restatement Adjustments
Enter adjustments to remove the financial statement impact of the ceded roincura re amounts from those assets and liabilities in which they are incorporated and to place of net balance sheet impact in a single "Net Credit for Ceded Reinsurance" asset. In must ins nnces, he adjustment will increase the asset or liability item for the amount of ceded reinsurance tim has deducted from that item. Two notable exceptions are the reinsurance ceded asset(s), ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 2 , I ines 16.1 through 16.3, Column 3) and the Liability for Reinsurance in Unauthorized Cc 7 pan - Dage 3, Line 24.02) where the adjustment moves the item to the (Net Credit for Ceded Reir urance) asset and zeros out the original item. Total Capital and Surplus of the company shou, rema runchanged by the restatement adjustments.

Column $3 \quad-\quad$ Restated (Gross of Ceded)
Sum of Column 1 plus Column 2. Balance she restate to show gross assets and liabilities before netting of ceded reinsurance and total "Net O , it fó Ceded Reinsurance."

## Liabilities (Page 3)

Line 16 - Funds held under reinsurance treaties th urn arized reinsurers
These amounts should be splied in olumn 2 as an offset to the credit taken for ceded reinsurance recoverable.

Line 18 - Funds held under reinsumance treatıs with certified reinsurers
These amounts should b applied in Column 2 as an offset to the credit taken for ceded reinsurance recoverable

Net Credit for Ceded Reinsurance
Column $1 \quad-\quad$ As $\equiv$ oported (Net oí Ceded)
Anale edit for ceded reinsurance, total net (Line 41) to agree with restated asset, Line 4, (olumi ?, of this schedule.


## SCHEDULE T - PREMIUMS AND ANNUITY CONSIDERATIONS

## ALLOCATED BY STATES AND TERRITORIES

This schedule is intended to exhibit the amount of premium and annuity considerations, and deposit-type contracts allocated to each state. For Life Companies only, this Schedule also provides: (a) the starting point for the calculation of state premium taxes, and (b) the starting point for the calculation of premium-based, state guaranty association assessments. (The basis for such assessments is developed in the Life, Health \& Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit, not in Schedule T.) See the instructions to the Life, Health \& Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit and Adjustments to the Life, Health, \& Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit for allocated and unallocated annuities reported in Columns 0,0 and 7.

Report premiums and annuity considerations for life and health contracts and deposit-type contracts direct business. Exclude contract proceeds left with the reporting entity, such as amounts for supplemental co itracts dividend or refund accumulations and other similar items. Dividends or refunds on contracts that are used to ay re ewal le and accident and health insurance premiums or annuity considerations should be included in the amounts alloca do states and territories in Columns 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Refer to SSAP No. 50-Classifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts, for lite, ${ }^{\text {accident }}$ and health and deposittype contract definitions, SSAP No. 51R—Life Contracts and SSAP No. 52—Deposit-ne Co rracts for accounting guidance.

Column 1 - Active Status
Use the following codes to identify the Reporting nus s sus for each state or territory reported in the schedule as of the end of the reporting period Enter to code that applies to the Reporting Entity's status in the state or territory. Each line must ve an ntry in order to subtotal Footnote (a).

L - Licensed or Chartered (License Insurance Carrier and Domiciled Risk Retention Groups refrred so e states as admitted.)
R - Registered (Non- mic Risk Retention Groups)
E - Eligible
$\mathrm{Q}-$ Qualified $\quad$ Qua' ied or Accredited Reinsurer)

Accident and health insurance premiums may be reported either on a cash basis or on a written basis. In the latter case, cash basis ledger amounts must be adjusted by due and unpaid premium amounts for each state and territory to which they are allocated.

Include: All Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Coverage, whether sold on a stand-alone basis or through a Medicare Advantage product and whether sold directly to an individual or through a group.

Column 4 should balance with either Exhibit 1, Part 1, Lines 6.4, 10.4, 16.4, Columns 8, 9 and 10 or Schedule H, Part 1, Line 1, Column 1.

Include: Unallocated annuity considerations and other unallocated deposits which incorporate any mortality or morbidity risk and are not reported in Columns 2, 3 or 4 .

## Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Deposit-Type Contract Funds

Report deposits and other amounts received for contracts without any mortality or morbidity risk.
Include: Deposits for Guaranteed Investment Contracts and Immedia ch quities without life contingencies reported in the Deposit-type Contract E, 'bit.

## ** Column 8 will be electronic only **

Column $8 \quad-\quad$ Branch Operations Indicator
Include the indicator " $B$ " if any direct premium in the alie juris iction is written via branch operations. If the premium in the jurisdiction represents both br oph operations and other direct business (e.g., the policyholder or group member residence ch oged that jurisdiction), then indicate "B." If there are no branch operations in the jurisdiction leu olank. The definition of "branch operations" is the definition used by the reporting entris, state ${ }^{f}$ domicile.

## Definitions for the following section Lines 1 - 58 Allocation by state $/{ }^{\circ}$ ris ${ }^{\circ}$ ctio.

Resident
A member who occupies a dwelling within a state $y^{*}$ ina ${ }^{+}+{ }^{\circ}$ ons that the state is their primary domicile by payment of taxes, voting registration, and other indica ors

## Residence

The domicile location of a member as sb wn by his r her determination as a resident. In the context of Schedule T, the residence of the policyowner or grou $_{1}$ nember vould equate to the location that the member uses for official documents; information maintained by an $\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{L}}$ loy , as the home address of the employee would be accepted as a member's residence for allocation purnoses.

## Situs of the Contract

The jurisdiction in which the stract issued or delivered as stated in the contract.

## Rule of 500

For individual a d group life nsurance shall be defined as a premium allocation method for group policies that 1) permits a reportion ontity to allocate premiums and other considerations from group policy covering fewer than 500 members to sta territory in which the majority of covered members reside or to the situs of the contract; 2) requires a eportı entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a non-employer group policy covering 500 more hembers to the state or territory where each member resides; and 3) requires a reporting entity to allocate sta yhere each member resides or is employed.

For in vidual and group health insurance shall be defined as a premium allocation method for group policies that 1) pen its a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a non-employer group policy covering fewer than 500 members to the jurisdiction in which the majority of covered members reside or to the situs of the contract; 2) permits a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from an employer group policy covering fewer than 500 members to the jurisdiction in which the majority of covered members reside or are employed or to the situs of the contract; 3) requires a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a non-employer group policy covering 500 or more members to the jurisdiction where each member resides; and 4) requires a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from an employer group policy covering 500 or more members to the jurisdiction where each member resides or is employed.

## Members

A person, employee, retiree, etc., that qualifies for and is covered under a group insurance policy. No consideration should be given to a member's dependents for counting the number of members in a group or in allocating premium and other considerations to the various state and territories.

## Lines 1-58 Allocation by states and territories for individual and group life insurance

The instructions are minimum allocation standards. More detailed methods of allocation are acceptable, as long as they still encompass the minimum allocation instructions. Methods of allocation that better reflect the actual risk location by state are encouraged.

For individual policies, allocate and report premium and other considerations to a state or to itory based on the residence of the policyowner, insured or payer. Use of policyowner, insured or payer resif no ho be established by company policy and must be consistently applied to all individual policies and reporti g peric s .

For group policies not provided by an employer, allocate and report premium a dhe considerations to a state or territory based on the residence of each group member. A group policy coverir less han 500 members may allocate all group premiums to the state or territory where the greatest number mers reside or to the situs of the contract (Rule of 500).

For group policies provided by an employer, allocate and repor are nlum and other considerations based on the residence or the employment location of each covered group mber gro ip insurance provided by an employer covering fewer than 500 members, the premium may be allocated on or territory based on the residence or employment location of the greatest number of covered member or to he situs of the contract (Rule of 500).
 basis similar to group policies. Apply the Rule of 500 the as ation or trust policy first. An association or trust policy covering fewer than 500 members may alloc te remiums to the state or territory where the greatest number of members reside or work or to the situs of the contr ct. Regardless of the number of groups or employers under the association or trust policy, if the ac-iation or trust policy has more than 500 covered members, apply the Rule of 500 at the level of each gro and pplo, er in determining the allocation of the premium. The determination of state and territory allo tion by gi up or employer should be added to the determination of state and territory allocation of each group or e loyer ander the association or trust policy to come up with the total allocation of premium. Do not report all asso on or trust business in one state or territory unless all covered members of the association or trust side in one state, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500 . If the group is a collection of employers, do not rep $t$ all premiums in one state or territory unless all of the covered employees reside or work in one state, in fa by neration of the Rule of 500.

Example of an son then that covers a group of employers: If the association policy covers more than 500 members eacir cmployer would be reviewed to determine if coverage is provided through the association policy for zore than 500 members. If an employer has fewer than 500 covered members, the premium that employer may be reported in one state or territory based on the residence or work location of the most चployees or to the situs of the contract. If an employer covers more than 500 members throug an assocation policy, the premium would be reported based on the residence or employment locat in of e ch member. The determination for each employer would be added to the determinations for mployers that provide coverage to employees through the association policy.

[^6]
## Lines 1-58 Allocation by jurisdictions for individual and group health insurance

The instructions are minimum allocation standards. More detailed methods of allocation are acceptable, as long as they still encompass the minimum allocation instructions. Methods of allocation that better reflect the actual risk location by jurisdiction are encouraged. The method should be established by company policy and must be consistently applied to all policies within each type and for all reporting periods.

For individual policies, allocate and report premium and other considerations to the jurisdiction based on the residence of the policyowner, insured or payer or on the situs of the contract.

For group policies not provided by an employer, allocate and report premiums and other rist orations to the jurisdiction based on the Rule of 500 , or on the situs of the contract.

For group policies provided by an employer, allocate and report premiums and ner asicerations to the jurisdiction based on the Rule of 500 , location of employer or on the situs of the cortract

If using the Rule of 500 for group insurance sold through an association or trust, follo ing instructions apply:
Apply the Rule of 500 to the association or trust policy first. If the assoc ion or trust policy has more than 500 covered members, apply the Rule of 500 at the level of eacis roup er employer in determining the allocation of the premium. The determination of jurisdiction g group or employer should be added to the determination of jurisdiction allocation of $t, r$ group or employer under the association or trust policy to come up with the total allocation of preminm. o not report all association or trust business in one state unless all covered members of the associati $n 0$ rrus eside in one state, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500. If the group is a collection of em ${ }^{\wedge}$ yers, $\mathrm{c}^{\text {a }}$ not report all premiums in one jurisdiction unless all of the covered employees reside or wor an tate, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500.

Example of an association policy ar covers group of employers: If the association policy covers more than 500 membss, ea hip yer would be reviewed to determine if coverage is provided through the association olicy ${ }^{f o}$ more than 500 members. If an employer has less than 500 covered members, th pro ium or that employer may be reported in one state based on the Rule of 500 . If an em oyer cov s more than 500 members through the association policy, the premiums would be rep ted baser on the residence or employment location of each member. The determination for each emp. ver vould be added to the determinations for all the other employers that provide coverace to employ ees through the association policy.

Where applicable, reporting entities ust have procedures to capture and maintain changes in allocation when notified through renewals or $\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{e}}^{\mathrm{f}}$ oce-ares and must use the changes to adjust the allocation of premiums and other considerations in ubse uent $f$ lancial statements. It is not necessary to anticipate unreported changes in allocation at any specific

If allocating prel iums to muriple jurisdictions under group policies, the premiums and other considerations associated with a r . $\quad$ ทber should be the basis of determining the amount of premium to report in a jurisdiction. If information is not to associate a specific premium to each member, an allocation can be made based on the number of coy red pu sons in a jurisdiction compared to the total number of the group's covered members and apply that ratio to the total g oup premiums and other considerations.
 domiciliary st. a should be consistently applied to all policies and reporting periods.

The data reported m Schedule T of the annual statement may or may not be used for the calculation of the amount of premium tax due to a state/jurisdiction. Individual states/jurisdictions may require a separate schedule to support premium tax calculations.

## NOTE: Existing state laws and regulations need to be considered when applying these instructions.

Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule "Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 58 for Other Alien." All U.S. business must be allocated by state regardless of license status.

Line 90 - Reporting Entity Contributions for Employee Benefit Plans
Report the reporting entity's share of costs for employee benefit plans. Exclude any premiums paid by employees; these should be allocated to the states as above.


Line 92 - Dividends or Refunds Applied to Shorten Endowment or D iunt fing Period
Entries should be calculated on the same basis as for L e 91 Dividends or refunds applied to pay renewal premiums and consideration for annuitie in at an be included in Columns 2 and 3 and distributed by states. Any reinsurance amounts ould b excluded (included in Line 96 or Line 98 below).

Line 93 - Premiums or Annuity Considerations Wa ved Under Disability or Other Contract Provisions
Premiums or annuity considerations aived der disability or other contract provisions should be shown here in one sum and no red the distribution by states.
Line 94 - Aggregate Other Amounts Allocab e By State
Enter the total of the write-ins liste, in schedule "Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 94 for Other Amounts Not Allocab By State."


1 emium, for reinsurance assumed, including any premium considerations waived under disability coltu provisions or reinsurance assumed, and any dividends applied to purchase paid-up additions or horten the premium-paying period on reinsurance assumed.

The reporting entity's share of reinsurance for the Federal Employees’ Group Life Insurance Plan and the Servicemen's Group Life Insurance Plan may be included here, or may be included in the amounts for the individual states if such a breakdown is available, or in Line 58.

Line 97 - Totals (All Business)
Total of Lines 95 and 96.

Premiums paid for reinsurance ceded, including any premium considerations waived under disability contract provisions on reinsurance ceded, and any dividends applied to purchase paid-up additions or to shorten the premium-paying period on reinsurance ceded.

Line 99 - Totals (All Business) Less Reinsurance Ceded
Line 97 minus Line 98.
The sum of Columns 2 and 3 should agree with Exhibit 1, Lines 6.4 plus 10.4 plus 10. Column 1 less Columns 8, 9, 10 and 11.

## Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 58 for Other Alien

List separately each alien jurisdiction for which there is no pre-prirted on thedule T .

If the premium from an alien jurisdiction is due to relocation of c rent ${ }^{\text {ojeyholders, the amount may }}$ be aggregated and reported as "Other Alien." Premiums from jurn dictions in which there is active writing must be reported by jurisdiction and include premium om re pcated policyholders residing in the respective jurisdiction.

Identify each alien jurisdiction by using a three-craraci. (IS' Alpha 3) country code followed by the name of the country (e.g., DEU Germany). 'or $e m ı$, $n$ that can be aggregated and reported as "Other Alien" as stated in the previous paragrap" use " $\angle, ~ Z$ " for the country code and "Other Alien" for the country name. A comprehensive lisu of ontry codes is available in the appendix of these instructions.

Include summary of remaining wite-in Le 58 from the Overflow page on the separate line indicated.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 94 for O er Amoun Not Allocable By State
List separately items which hav bee credited to the premium account that are properly not allocable to a specific state or statos, and wh.h do not fit the descriptions on Lines 90 to 93 . Descriptions must be sufficient to clearly isclose the nature of the items listed. Descriptions such as "Miscellaneous" are not permitted.

Include su imar of rei aining write-ins for Line 94 from the Overflow page on the separate line indicated.

Explanation of basis of alldation by states, etc., of premiums and annuity considerations
Provide a detailed expla by the reporti g ent . The explanation should be detailed enough to determine compliance with state laws and regulatios.

## Footnote

Provide e total of each active status code in Column 1. The sum of all the counts of all active status codes should equal 57.

## SCHEDULE T - PART 2

## INTERSTATE COMPACT -EXHIBIT OF PREMIUMS WRITTEN

## ALLOCATED BY STATES AND TERRITORIES

This exhibit is to be completed by all reporting entities. The purpose of the Interstate Compact is to promote and protect the interest of consumers of individual and group annuity, life insurance, disability income and long-term care insurance products through establishing a central clearinghouse to receive and provide prompt review of insurance products covered under the Compact pursuant to adopted uniform product standards. The Interstate Compact uses premium volume information statutorily reported to the NAIC for several purposes including the composition of the Compact Commission Management Committee. Data to be reported on this schedule should include all premiums for that line of businers, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{s}}$ just for those policies that apply to the Compact.

Report direct business only.
Report premiums based on the instructions for allocating premiums between lines of sint and jurisdictions for Schedule T.

Column 1 - Life Insurance
Life insurance is insurance primarily for the purpose of c amen lives, including incidental benefits. The primary purpose of life insurance is to $p$. de fir ncial assistance to a beneficiary at the insured's death.

Column 2 - Annuities
An annuity is a contract the primary purpose of hich rs to obligate a reporting entity to make periodic payments, including incidental benefits. a annuity_ontract is an arrangement whereby an annuitant is guaranteed to receive a series of st, yulat ats commencing either immediately or at some future date.

Report only annuities with ortality at 1/or morbidity risk.
Column 3 - Disability Income
Disability income insur nce is insurance primarily for the purpose of coverage that provides payments when an insured is disab d or unable to work because of illness, disease or injury, including incidental benefits. Policier may provide monthly benefits for loss of income from disability, either on a short-term ir a l gg-tern basis.

## Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Long-Term Ca

Long more insurance is insurance primarily for the purpose of providing coverage when the insumed is to perform specified activities of daily living or related functions, or have a cognitive i spairr nt, including incidental benefits. Long-term care contracts represent any contract or policy ler pro iding coverage for not less than 12 consecutive months for each covered person for one or mor necessary diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance or personal care vices, provided in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital. Under long-term care contracts, the insured event is generally the inability of the contract holder to perform certain activities of daily living.

A deposit-type contract is one that does not subject the reporting entity to any risks arising from policyholder mortality or morbidity. A mortality or morbidity risk is present if, under the terms of the contract, the reporting entity is required to make payments or forego required premiums contingent upon the death or disability (in the case of life and disability insurance contracts) or the continued survival (in the case of annuity contracts) of a specific individual or group of individuals. As such, deposit-type contracts are more comparable to financial or investment instruments, rather than insurance contracts.

Refer to SSAP No. 50—Classifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts allo SSAP No. 52-Deposit-Type Contracts for accounting guidance.

## Line 58 - Aggregate Other Alien

Enter the total of all alien business in the appropriate columns. Detrils by roun are not required.

## Life and Fraternal




## SCHEDULE Y - INFORMATION CONCERNING ACTIVITIES OF INSURER MEMBERS OF <br> A HOLDING COMPANY GROUP <br> PART 1 - ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

The term "holding company group" includes members of a holding company system and controlled groups.
All insurer and reporting entity members of a holding company group shall prepare a common schedule for inclusion in each of the individual annual statements. If the company is required to file a registration statement under the provisions of the domiciliary state’s Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act, then Schedule Y, Part 1, Organizational Chart must be included in the annual statement. See SSAP No. 25-Affiliates and Other Related Parties for further ir orm tion.

NOTE: If the reporting entity completes this schedule, it should have answered "YES" to General Inte ogatories, Part 1, Question 1.1.

Attach a chart or listing presenting the identities of and interrelationships between the pat andiated insurers and reporting entities; and other affiliates, identifying all insurers and reporting entities as sucb ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{d}$ liso $\quad$ og the Federal Employer’s Identification Number for each. The NAIC company code and two-character state abbre $\mathfrak{i t i o n} f$ the state of domicile should be included for all domestic insurers. The relationships of the holding company group the ultimate controlling person (if such person is outside the reported holding company) should be shown. Only the com panies that were a member of a holding company group at the end of the reporting period should be shown on $\mathrm{Sr} \stackrel{1}{2}$ arte 1, Organizational Chart.

Where interrelationships are a $50 \% / 50 \%$ ownership, footnote any voting rights nreto nces hat one of the entities may have.
However, any person(s) (that includes natural person) deemed to be an ltimat sontrolling person, must be included in the organizational chart. The Social Security number for individual per is sho ld not be included on this schedule.


## SCHEDULE Y

## PART 1A - DETAIL OF INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEM

All insurer and reporting entity members of the holding company system shall prepare a schedule for inclusion in each of the individual annual statements that is common for the group with the exception of Column 10, Relationship to Reporting Entity.

NOTE: If the reporting entity completes this schedule, it should have answered "YES" to General Interrogatories, Part 1, Question 1.1.

Column 1 - Group Code
If not applicable for the entity in Column 8, leave blank.
Column 2 - Group Name
If not applicable for the entity in Column 8, leave blank.


Enter one of the following as appropriate tho entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule F (Property and Title) or Schedule S Tife, Health and Fraternal) General Instructions for more information on these identification ambers.

Federal Employer Identification mber (FEIN)
Alien Insurer Identificatir Avu her (AIIN) *
Certified Reinsurer Ide afication umber (CRIN) *

* AIINs or CRINs are on rer rted if the entity in Column 8 is a reinsurer that has had an AIIN or CRIN number assigneu or should have one assigned due to transactions being reported on Schedule F (D sperty and Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and Fraternal) of another entity regardless of $w$, ther the entity in Column 8 is part of reporting entity's group.

If not appl able or the ) 1tity in Column 8, leave blank.
Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Federal RSSD
RSSE the primary identifier for the Federal Reserve's National Information Center (NIC) of the entitwin 0 , 1 nn 8 , if applicable.

Column 6
(K
tral Index Key (CIK) (for example the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) or any other exchange) of the entity in Column 8, if applicable.

Only provide the CIK issued for a publicly traded entity in Column 8. Do not provide a CIK issued for a variable insurance product written by the entity in Column 8.

If the name of a securities exchange is provided for Column 7, then a CIK should be provided for Column 6.

Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Name of Securities Exchange if Publicly Traded (U.S. or International)
If the entity in Column 8 is publicly traded either in the U.S. or internationally, list the name of the securities exchange (e.g., New York Stock Exchange).

For companies traded on more than one exchange, show the U.S. exchange if traded both in the U.S. and internationally; otherwise show the primary exchange.

The listing of most stock exchanges can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or at the following Web address:
www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml
If a CIK is provided for Column 6, then the name of a securities excha ge shy ld be provided for Column 7.

Column $8 \quad-\quad$ Name of Parent, Subsidiaries or Affiliates
Names of all insurers and parent, subsidiaries or affiliates, insu nce and non-insurance, in the insurance holding company system.

## Each company within the group may be listed mort an on if control is not $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$.

For example, if Company A is $50 \%$ controlled y mpan B and $50 \%$ controlled by Company C, Company A would be listed twice with detâ about ompany B's control in Columns 10-15 on the first line and detail about Company cont in Columns 10-15 on the second line.

Column 9 - Domiciliary Location
Report the two-character U.S. postal de abh viation for the domiciliary jurisdiction for U.S. states, territories and possessions. A comph hens e listing of three-character (ISO Alpha 3) abbreviations for foreign countries is availab in the apt ndix of these instructions.

Column 10 - Relationship to Reporting Entity
Use the most applicab of the following codes to describe the relationship of the entity in Column 8 to the reporting entity for $w$, $h$ the filing is made.


UDP = $=$ pstream Direct Parent
UIP $=\quad$ Upstream Indirect Parent
$=$ Downstream Subsidiary
IA $=$ Insurance Affiliate
N $\mathrm{A}=$ Non-Insurance Affiliate
${ }^{5} \mathrm{H}=$ Other (explain relationship in the footnote line)
RE $=$ Reporting Entity

Name of the person/entity that directly controls the entity listed in Column 8.
As defined in the Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act (\#440), the term "control" (including the terms "controlling," "controlled by" and "under common control with") means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or corporate office held by the person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vo c, holds proxies representing, ten percent ( $10 \%$ ) or more of the voting securities of any other per, ${ }^{\wedge}$. This resumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner provided by Section 4 K that co rol does not exist in fact. The commissioner may determine, after furnishing all perse is in interest notice and opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to supprt th detern nation that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effec

## Refer to SSAP 25-Affiliates and Other Related Parties.



If the control the entity in Colum has over the entity in Column 8 is ownership, then provide the percentage of ownershi. If control is not ownership, report zero. (Format such that $100.0 \%$ is shown as 100.0.)
Column 14 - Ultimate $C$ atro ing En ty(ies)/Person(s)
Name of thé imate Controlling Entity(ies)/Person(s).
As at ned in the Insurance Holding Company System Model Regulation (\#450), the "ultimate controllin, person" is defined as that person which is not controlled by any other person.

Column $15 \quad 1$ an SC . Filing Required? (Y/N)
'swer yes (Y) or no (N) if a SCA (Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated) SUB 1 (initial) or SUB 2 (amual) filing with the NAIC is required per SSAP No. 97-Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities, and Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office ,Part Five, Section 2 for the entity in Column 8

Using the footnote lines at the bottom of the schedule, provide any footnotes or explanations of intercompany relationships. Insert the footnote line number in Column 16.

Where interrelationships are a $50 \% / 50 \%$ ownership, footnote any voting rights preferences that one of the entities may have.

## ** Column 17 will be electronic only. **

Column 17 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)


## SCHEDULE Y

## PART 2 - SUMMARY OF INSURER'S TRANSACTIONS WITH ANY AFFILIATES

This schedule was designed to provide an overview of transactions among insurance holding company system members. It is intended to demonstrate the scope and direction of major fund and/or surplus flows throughout the system. This schedule should be prepared on an accrual basis.

All insurer and reporting entity members of the holding company system shall prepare a common schedule for inclusion in each of the individual annual statements.

NOTE: If the reporting entity completes this schedule, it should have answered "YES" to General $\boldsymbol{y}^{*}$ erroga، ries, Part 1, Question 1.1.

Include transactions between insurers; and between insurers and non-insurers within the h.lding compa y system. Exclude transactions between non-insurers that do not involve an affiliated insurer. Include all aren dividends, capital contributions and reinsurance recoverable (payable), Columns 4, 5 and 13, respectively, ${ }^{-}$trant ctions involving one-half of one percent or more of the largest insurer's admitted assets as of December 31. Excl de tra artions of a non-insurer with an affiliated insurance company that are of a routine nature (e.g., the purchase of insurance verage).

Transactions among holding company system members should only be reporte ortion of the year in which each company to the transaction was a member of the holding company system. , exam ${ }_{i} \mathrm{e}, \mathrm{if}$ a member of a holding company system is sold to a party who is not a member of the system on June 30, rransac ons $\mathrm{t}^{\mathrm{t}}$ at occur prior to June 30 between that company and members of the holding company system should be incly deu on redule Y, Part 2, Summary of Insurer's Transactions With Any Affiliates. Those transactions that occur on or $a^{\text {ach }}$ r June ${ }^{\circ} 0$ should be reported on Schedule Y, Part 2 of the holding company system that acquired the insurer.

Report the aggregate amount of transactions for the reporting P a Iod with each category for both the payor and recipient of each transaction. If the insurer is both a payor and a recipent c oul $s$ in any category, the net of these amounts should be reported on one line. Amounts of transactions that result in incoo e in surplus should be shown as positive figures; and, transactions that result in a decrease in surplus sho a Do epor enclosed in parentheses as negative figures. The total of each column is expected to be zero.

Refer to SSAP No. 25-Affiliates and Other Related $P_{\mathrm{L}}$ ties or accounting guidance.
If the nature of the transactions reported in Schedule Y, Part 2 requires explanation, report such in an explanatory note immediately following Schedule Y, Part 2.


Enter one of t following as appropriate for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Sch dule F (Propety and Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and Fraternal) General Instructions for more . rmation on these identification numbers.

Fea ral Employer Identification Number
Alie Insurer Identification Number
ified Reinsurer Identification Number

| (FEIN) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| (AIIN) | $*$ |
| $(\mathrm{CRIN})$ | $*$ |

AIIN or CRIN numbers are only reported if the entity in Column 3 is a reinsurer that has had an AIIN or CRIN number assigned or should have one assigned due to transactions being reported on Schedule F (Property and Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and Fraternal) of another entity regardless of whether the entity in Column 3 is part of reporting entity's group or not.

If not applicable for the entity in Column 3, leave blank.


The purpose of this column is to show the net effect on surplus of reinsurance transactions with affiliates, and should represent the net (ceded less assumed) of the following amounts from Schedule F (P\&C, Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and other reporting entity), as appropriate:

## Property/Casualty - Schedule F, Parts 1 and 3, affiliated amounts only

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on Paid Losses -
Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 3, Column 43 and Schedule, rt 1, Column 6 multiplied by 1000 (Affiliates Only).

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on Unpaid Losses -
Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 3, Columns 9 throu h ic. Schedule F, Part 1, Column 7 multiplied by 1000 (Affiliates Only).

Unearned Premiums -
Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 3. Col 13 iplied by 1000 plus Schedule F, Part 1, Column 11 multiplied by 1000 (Affilio Only)

## Title - Schedule F, Parts 1 and 2, affiliated amo its nly

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on
Should agree with net of Scher ne E Par.1, Column 7 and Schedule F, Part 2, Column 8 (Affiliates only).

Reinsurance Recoverable craym ${ }^{\text {le }}$ ) U Unpaid Losses -
Should agree with of of dule F, Part 1, Column 8 and Schedule F, Part 2, Column 9 (Affiliates only).

Life, Health and Fr $r$ rnal - Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1; Part 1, Section 2; Part 2; Part 3, Section 1 and Part 3, Sc tion 2; affiliated amounts only

Reins ance Recove able (Payable) on Paid and Unpaid Losses -
Shoulu gree with Schedule S, Part 2, Columns 6 and 7 minus the sum of Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1, Column 11 and Schedule S, Part 1, Section 2, Column 11 (Affiliates only).

Tredit Taken (Liability) -
hould agree with Schedule S, Part 3, Section 1, Column 9 minus Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1, Column 9 (Affiliates only).

Unearned Premiums -
Should agree with Schedule S, Part 3, Section 2, Column 9 minus Schedule S, Part 1, Section 2, Column 9 (Affiliates only).

Reserve Credit Taken (Liability) Other Than for Unearned Premiums -
Should agree with Schedule S, Part 3, Section 2, Column 10 minus Schedule S, Part 1, Section 2, Column 10 (Affiliates only).



## INVESTMENT SCHEDULES GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS (Applies to all investment schedules)

The following definitions apply to the investment schedules.

## SAP Book Value (Defined in Glossary of Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual):

Original Cost, including capitalized acquisition costs and accumulated depreciation, unamortized premium and discount, deferred origination and commitment fees, direct write-downs, and increase/decrease by adjustment.

SAP Carrying Value (Defined in Glossary of Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual):
The SAP Book Value plus accrued interest and reduced by any valuation all wancu (IF APPLICABLE) and any nonadmitted adjustment applied to the individual investmens Cari ing V lue is used in the determination of impairment.

Adjusted Carrying Value:
Carrying Value amount adjusted to remove any accrued interes nd to add back any of the following amounts: individual nonadmitted amounts, individual valy an ances (IF APPLICABLE), and aggregate valuation allowance (IF APPLICABLE). In $f$ ect, $t h s$ is equivalent to the definition of SAP Book Value (not to be confused with the old "Book Valu" repr ted in the annual statement blanks for data years 2000 and prior).

Recorded Investment:
The SAP Book Value (Adjusted Carrying Val e) plus atcrued interest.
The information included in the investment schedules sha be bro en down to the level of detail as required when all columns and rows are considered together unless an assed in specific instructions. For example, on Schedule D Part 4, a reporting entity is required to list the CU ${ }_{1 P}$ book a 'iusted carrying value, among other things. The reporting entity would only be required to break this information an to a ls ver level of detail if the information was inaccurate if reported in the aggregate. Thus, the reporting entity would not re aired to break the information down by lot (information for each individual purchase) and could utilize the information for oook/adjusted carrying value using an average cost basis, or some other method, provided the underlying data sorted in that cell was calculated in accordance with the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. However, reporting tities are not precluded from reporting the information at a more detailed level (by lot) if not opposed by their do aClir. V co.nmissioner.
"To Be Announced" securities (c. mo rerred to as TBAs) are to be reported in Schedule D unless the structure of the security more closely resembles a der ative, as defined within SSAP No. 86-Derivatives, in which case the security should be reported on Schedule D? The exact piacement of TBAs in the investment schedules depends upon how a company uses TBA.

For Rabbi Trusts, refer SSSA No. 104R—Share-Based Payments for accounting guidance.

For the Foreign Code columns in Schedules D and DA, the following codes should be used:
"A" For Canadian securities issued in Canada and denominated in U.S. dollars.
"B" For those securities that meet the definition of foreign provided in the Supplement Investment Risk Interrogatories and pay in a currency OTHER THAN U.S. dollars.
"C" For foreign securities issued in the U.S. and denominated in U.S. dollars.
"D" For those securities that meet the definition of a foreign as provided in the Supplement Investment Risk Interrogatories and denominated in U.S. dollars (e.g., Yankee Bonds or Eurodollar bonds).
Leave blank for those securities that do not meet the criteria for the use of "A", "B", "C" or " D .
Derivatives (Schedule DB); repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements (Schedule DA); an set ritte borrowing and securities lending transactions (Schedule DL) shall be shown gross when reported in the inv stment schedules. If these transactions are permitted to be reported net in accordance with SSAP No. 64-Offsettio an d ting of Assets and Liabilities, the investment schedule shall continue to provide detail of all transactions ( $g, s$ ), the the net amount from the valid right to offset reflected in the financial statements (pages 2 and 3 of the statutory finat ial starements). Disclosures for items reported net when a valid right to offset exists including the gross amount, the moutr offset and the net amount reported in the financial statements are required per SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Ne ing of sets and Liabilities.

For the columns that disclose information regarding investments that are ande the exclusive control of the reporting entity, and also including assets loaned to others, the following codes sheld bu ised:


The following is the description of the General and Specific Classifications used for reporting the detail lines for bonds and stocks.

## General Classifications Bonds Only:

Refer to SSAP No. 26R—Bonds, SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities and SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities for additional guidance.

## U.S. Government:

U.S. Government shall be defined as U.S. Government Obligations as defined per the Purp ses ־nd Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office Part Two, Section 4:
(i) Filing Exemption for Direct Claims on, or Backed Full Faith and Credi of the Unted States
"U.S. Government Obligations" means all direct claims (including secuin ios, . and leases) on, and the portions of claims that are directly and unconditionally arant d by the United States Government or its agencies.
"U.S. Government agency" means an instrumentality of the S. Goy trnment the debt obligations of which are fully guaranteed as to the timely payment of pri al a. iterest by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. This category includes in ard tion to direct claims on, and the portions of claims that are directly and unconditionally guaranteea v, th United States Government agencies listed below, claims collateralized by securities isc ear gut anteed by the U.S. government agencies listed below for which a positive margin of coll ral is pintained on a daily basis, fully taking into account any change in the insurance compan, exp cure to the obligor or counterparty under a claim in relation to the market value of the collaterat fr do in support of that claim.

## All Other Governments:

This includes bond investments issued special revenue. This includes bor $s$ issued rovernments, including bonds of political subdivisions and guaranteed by non-U.S. governments.
U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and C aranteed):

General obligations of these entro (NAIC members), as well as bonds issued by utility companies owned by these entities. NAIC mer sers $\quad$ is composed of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, Northern M iann Island: Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.
U.S. Political Subdivisions of Sta. Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed):

General obligen ns of cities, counties, townships, etc., as well as bonds issued by utility companies owned by these entitiec
U.S. Speciar Revt ue an Special Assessment Obligations and All Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of $C$ vermunts and Their Political Subdivisions:

[^7]Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated):
This category includes all non-governmental issues that do not qualify for some other category in Schedule D, Part 1, including privatized (non-government ownership) utility companies. Include Public Utilities.

## SVO Identified Funds:

This category includes all Bond Mutual Funds as listed in Part Six, Section 2(h) of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office and Exchange Traded Funds listed in Part Six, Section 2(i) of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office.

## Bank Loans

See SSAP No. 26R—Bonds for guidance.

## Hybrid Securities:

Securities whose proceeds are accorded some degree of equity treatment by one or mon of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations and/or which are recognized as regula ory ca itar by the issuer's primary regulatory authority. Hybrid securities are designed with characteris cs on tebt ar $d$ of equity and are intended to provide protection to the issuer's senior note holders. Hybrie secu ties ducts are sometimes referred to as capital securities. Examples of hybrid securities include Trus Srefen ds, Yankee Tier 1s (with and without coupon step-ups) and debt-equity hybrids (with and without $m$ dato r triggers).

This specifically excludes surplus notes, which are reported in Schedu BA; abordinated debt issues, which have no coupon deferral features; and "Traditional" preferred stoc' whic reported in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1. With respect to preferred stock, traditional preferr ${ }^{( }$tocks aclude, but are not limited to a) U.S. issuers that do not allow tax deductibility for dividends; anab) tho issu d as preferred stock of the entity or an operating subsidiary, not through a trust or a special purpos ${ }^{\circ}$ ve le.

## Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates:

Defined by SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidia y, Contromd and Affiliated Entities.

## General Classifications Preferred Stock Only:

Refer to SSAP No. 32—Preferred Stock and SSAP 97—In estments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated :
All unaffiliated preferred stock Include Public Utilities, Banks, Trusts and Insurance Companies. This category includes Exchan' - $\mathrm{Tra}^{\circ}$ 'ed mands listed in Part Six, Section 2 of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investr int A alysis ffice.

Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates
Defined by SS_No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.

## General Classificat ns un onon Stock Only:

Refer to SSAぇ No. 30—Unaffiliated Common Stock and SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated):
All unaffiliated common stocks that are not mutual funds or money market mutual funds. Include Public Utilities, Banks, Trusts and Insurance Companies.

Mutual Funds:
All investments in shares of funds regulated as mutual funds by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. This definition does not include closed funds or hedge funds.

Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates:
Defined by SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.

## General Classifications Cash Equivalents Only:

Refer to SSAP No. 2R—Cash ,Cash Equivalents, Drafts and Short-Term Investments.
Money Market Mutual Funds:
All investment in shares of funds regulated as money market mutual funds hy thr $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{S}$. Securities and Exchange Commission.

## Specific Classifications:

Issuer Obligations:
All bonds not backed by other loans and other ab ots. Those securities subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 26R—Bonds.

## Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities:

Those securities directly or indirect ${ }^{1}$ secured liens on one- to four-family residential properties and subject to the guidance in SSAP No. $43 R-$ an-Back $d$ and Structured Securities. Includes prime, subprime, Alt-A mortgages, as well as home equity loans $\quad \mathrm{b}$ me equity lines of credit.

## Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securitied

Those securities directly 1 nu . ${ }^{\circ}$ ctis, secured by a lien on one or more parcels of commercial real estate with one or more struct es lo ated oi the real estate and subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 43R-Loan-Backed and Structured Secut es. _oo include those securities secured by liens on one- to four-family residential properties.

## Other Loan-Backed ane ructured Securities:

Those sec rities bject to the guidance in SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities not included in t. defi itiong Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities or Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.

## STRUCTURED SECURITIES (SSAP No. 43R-LOAN-BACKED AND STRUCTURED SECURITIES) FLOW CHART



## SECURITIES SUBJECT TO MODIFIED FILING EXEMPT PROCESS



## SECURITIES SUBJECT TO MODELING



## STOCK EXCHANGE LIST

This is not a comprehensive list of stock exchanges. If a stock exchange is not listed, refer to www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml. If a stock exchange is not found in one of the sources above, use a description or abbreviation that accurately identifies the exchange.

| Abidjan Stock Exchange | CI | Japanese Securities Dealers Association (JASDAQ) | Q |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AEX Options and Futures Exchange | E | Johannesburg Stock Exchange | J |
| AEX Stock Exchange | AS | Kabu.com PTS | KAB |
| Alpha Trading Sytems | AL | Karachi Stock Exchange | KA |
| American Stock Exchange | A | Kazakhstan Stock Exchange | KZ |
| Amman Stock Exchange | AM | Korea Stock Exchange | KS |
| Australian Stock Exchange | AX | Korean Futures Exchange | KFE |
| Bahrain Stock Exchange | BH | KOSDAQ (Korea) | KQ |
| Barcelona Stock Exchange - CATS Feed | MC | Kuala Lumpur Stock E han | KL |
| Barcelona Stock Exchange - Floor Trading | BC | Kuwait Stock Excha re | KW |
| Beirut Stock Exchange | BY | Kyoto Stock Exchange | KY |
| Belfox | b | Lagos Stock Excr ${ }^{\text {ge }}$ | LG |
| Berlin Stock Exchange | BE | Latin Americarorke pain (LATIBEX) | LA |
| Berne Stock Exchange | BN | Le Nour ${ }^{\text {a Marci }}$ | LN |
| Bilbao Stock Exchange | BI | Lima stock rchan ee | LM |
| BlockBook ATS | BBK | Lisbor sa k nange (Portugal) | LS |
| Bombay Stock Exchange | BO | Lon ${ }^{1 /} \mathrm{n}$ Stoc. Exchange | L |
| Boston Stock Exchange | B | saka tock Exchange | LZ |
| Botswana Share Market | BT | Lu mboug Stock Exchange | LU |
| Bremen Stock Exchange | BM | Madras otock Exchange | MD |
| Brussels Stock Exchange | B | nat id Stock Exchange - Floor Trading | MA |
| Cairo and Alexandria Stock Exchange | CA | M- a Stock Exchange | MT |
| Calcutta Stock Exchange |  | Mauritius Stock Exchange | MZ |
| Canadian Ventures Exchange |  | Medellin Stock Excahnge | ML |
| Channel Islands | CH | Mexican Stock Exchange | MX |
| Chicago Board Options Exchange |  | Milan Stock Exchange | MI |
| Chicago Stock Exchange | $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{N}$ | MONEP Paris Stock Options | p |
| Chile Electronic Exchange | CE | Montreal Exchange | M |
| CHI-X Exchange | INS | Moscow Inter Bank Currency Exchange | MM |
| Cincinnati Stock Exchange | C | Moscow Stock Exchange | MO |
| Colombo Stock Exchange | CM | Munich Stock Exchange | MU |
| Copenhagen Stock Exchange | CO | Muscat Stock Exchange | OM |
| Dehli Stock Exchange | DL | Nagoya Stock Exchange | NG |
| Doha Securities Market | QA | Nairobi Stock Exchange | NR |
| Dubai Financial Market | DU | Namibia Stock Exchange | NM |
| Dubai International Finapoiol Ex ${ }^{\text {ana ge }}$ | DI | NASDAQ | OQ |
| Dusseldorf Stock Exch age | D | NASDAQ Dealers - Bulletin Board | OB |
| Electronic Stock vcha re of enezuela | EB | NASDAQ Japan | OJ |
| Frankfurt Stock Exa nge | F | National Stock Exchange of India | NS |
| Fukuoka St | FU | NewEx (Austria) | NW |
| Ghana Stock * change | GH | New York Stock Exchange | N |
| Hamburg Stock b change | H | New Zealand Stock Exchange | NZ |
| Hanover Stock Exchange | HA | NYSE Match Point | MP |
| Helsinki Stock Exchange | HE | Occidente Stock Exchange | OD |
| Hong Kong Stock Exchange | HK | Osaka Stock Exchange | OS |
| Iceland Stock Exchange | IC | Oslo Stock Exchange | OL |
| Interbolsa (Portugal) | IN | Pacific Stock Exchange | P |
| International Securities Exchange (ISE) | Y | Paris Stock Exchange | PA |
| Irish Stock Exchange | I | Philadelphia Stock Exchange | PH |
| Istanbul Stock Exchange | IS | Philadelphia Stock Exchange Options | X |
| Jakarta Stock Exchange | JK | Phillipine Stock Exchange | PS |

Pink Sheets (National Quotation Bureau)
Prague Stock Exchange
Pure Trading
RASDAQ (Romania)
Riga Stock Exchange
Rio de Janeiro OTC Stock Exchange (SOMA)
Russian Trading System
Santiago Stock Exchange
Sao Paulo Stock Exchange
Sapporo Stock Exchange
Saudi Stock Exchange
SBI Japannext
SBI Stock Exchange (Sweden)
Shanghai Stock Exchange
Shenzhen Stock Exchange
Singapore Exchange - Derivatives
Singapore Stock Exchange
St. Petersburg Stock Exchange
Stockholm Stock Exchange
Stuttgart Stock Exchange
Surabaya Stock Exchange
SWX Quotematch AG
SWX Swiss Exchange

| PNK | Sydney Futures Exchange | SFE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PR | Taiwan OTC Securities Exchange | TWO |
| PT | Taiwan Stock Exchange | TW |
| RQ | Tallinn Stock Exchange | TL |
| RI | Tel Aviv Stock Exchange | TA |
| SO | Thailand Stock Exchange | BK |
| RTS | Third Market | TH |
| SN | Tokyo Commodity Exchange | TCE |
| SA | Tokyo Financial Futures Exchange | TFF |
| SP | Tokyo Stock Exchange | T |
| SE | Toronto Options Exchange | K |
| JNX | Toronto Stock Exchange | TO |
| SBI | Tradepoint Stock Exchange | TP |
| SS | Tunis Stock Exchange | TN |
| SZ | Turqoise | TQ |
| SIM | Ukraine PFTS | PFT |
| SI | Valencia Stock Exchar | VA |
| PE | Vienna Stock Exchane | VI |
| ST | Vilnus Stock Exchange | VL |
| SG | virt-x | VX |
| SU | Xetra | DE |
| QMH | Zagreb S. Exch nge | ZA |
| S | Zimbabwe S ck F change | ZI |



## SUMMARY INVESTMENT SCHEDULE

This schedule was developed to assist regulators in identifying and analyzing the risks inherent in a portfolio of securities as well as identifying the differences in valuation and admission between those practices prescribed or permitted by the state of domicile and those set forth in the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. This schedule includes only those assets from the general account. The line captions were developed with the intention of grouping securities with common risk characteristics together. These groupings were determined based upon a review of schedules within the NAIC Annual Statement and the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income for A Bank With Domestic and Foreign Offices (FFIEC 031, also known as the "Call Report").
 amount presented in Column 1, Line 12.
Column 3 - Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement - A nt
This column represents the admitted value of an asset den mine by applying the valuation procedures and admission criteria prescribed or permitted by $t^{1}$ s. te or omicile (i.e., the basis of admitted assets reported in the Annual Statement). A variation be reen thamounts in Column 1 and Column 3 would indicate that a reporting entity valued or adir ed an asset differently under its state law than it would have under the NAIC Accounting Practices an Procedures Manual. An example includes a case where an entity was required to nonadmi an asset wider its state investment law but was not required to nonadmit under the NAIC Ac vunt rac ices and Procedures Manual because there are no investment limits within the Manual. nother ample includes a case where an entity was not able to admit an asset under the NAI Aco untir Practices and Procedures Manual (i.e., it did not meet the requirements of SSAP No. -Assets a 4 Nonadmitted Assets) but was able to admit the asset under the basket clause within the stat $\eta v e s t m e$ law.
$\begin{array}{cl}\text { Column } 4- & \text { Admitted Assets as Reported in we Annual Statement - Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral } \\ \text { Amount }\end{array} \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { This column repr sents Schrdule DL, Part } 1 \text { (Page 2, Line 10) reflected in their respective investment } \\ & \\ & \text { categories }\end{aligned}$
Line 12, Total I . rested Assets should equal Column 3, Line 9, Securities Lending.
Column 5 - Admi Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement - Total Amount
F or Lirn 1 through 8, Line 10 and Line 11, Column 5 should equal Column 3 plus Column 4.
For _ne 12, Column 5 should equal Column 3, Line 12 plus Column 4, Line 12 minus Column 3, 9.

Column 6
Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement - Percentage
Amount represents the percentage of the individual Column 5 line item to the Total Invested Assets amount presented in Column 5, Line 12.

Include: The value of all U.S. Treasury securities.
All bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, and bonds, including those issued under the Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS) program and those that are "inflation-indexed."

Exclude: All obligations of U.S. Government agencies.
Detached Treasury security coupons and ex-coupon Treas y surities held as the result of either their purchase or stripping of such secu ies anu rariations of coupon stripping that have been marketed with name such as CATS (Certificates of Accrual on Treasury Securities), TGR reasury Investment Growth Receipts), COUGAR (Certificates Go rrmel Receipts), LION (Lehman Investment Opportunity Notes), and FT (Earmeasury Receipts).

Line $1.2 \quad-\quad$ U.S. Government Agency Obligations (Excluding Mortgage-Back d Se rities)
Include: The value of all U.S. Governin nt a tncy obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities).

Exclude: All holdings of U.S. Goverrment cued r-guaranteed mortgage pass-through securities.

Collateralized mortgas oblis tions (CMOs), real estate mortgage investments conduits (REMICs), CIMO and keMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities (such as interest-omy strips (IOs), principal-only strips (POs), and similar instrenent al by U.S. Government agencies and corporations.

Particip corr in pu Is of Federal Housing Administration (FHA) Title I loans, whic generally onsist of junior lien home improvement loans.

Line $1.21 \quad-\quad$ Issued by U.S. Government Ag

r ie value of all obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities) that have issued by U.S. Government agencies. For purposes of this schedule, a Government agency is defined as an instrumentality of the U. . Government whose debt obligations are fully and explicitly guaranteed to the timely payment of principal and interest by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Include, among others, debt securities (but not mortgage-backed securities) of the following U.S. Government agencies:

Export-Import Bank (Ex-Im Bank)
Federal Housing Administration (FHA)
Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA)
Maritime Administration
Small Business Administration (SBA)
Small Business Administration (SBA) "Guaranteed Loan Pool Certificates," which represent an undivided interest in a pool of SBA-guaranteed portions of loans for which the SBA has further guaranteed the timely payment of scheduled principal and interest payments
Participation certificates issued by the Export-Import Bank and the General Services Administration


Line 1.42 - Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions and Political Subdivisions General Obligations

Include: $\quad$ The value of all obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities) that have been issued by Political Subdivisions of U.S. States, Territories and Political Subdivisions. Political Subdivisions of U.S. States, Territories and Possessions, for purposes of this schedule, include general obligations that are securities whose principal and interest will be paid from the general tax receipts of the Political Subdivision (the counties, municipalities, school districts, irrigation districts, and drainage and sewer districts) of the NAIC members. NAIC members are composed of the 50 states, the District of on bia, American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, nd the J.S. Virgin Islands.

Line 1.43 - Revenue and Assessment Obligations
Include: The value of all revenue and assessment ob ation that are securities whose debt service is paid solely from the reven es the projects financed by the securities rather than from general tax funds.

Line 1.44 - Industrial Development and Similar Obligations
Include: The value of all industrial develo ment ponds (IDB) and similar obligations. IDBs and similar obligation ar issus under the auspices of states or political subdivisions for the benef of a pate party or enterprise where that party or enterprise, rather thar e go rnment entity, is obligated to pay the principal and interest on the obligat

Line 1.5 - Mortgage-backed Securities (Inclu es R ir ititic and Commercial MBS)
Include: The y at atr residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities, incly ing morts ge pass-through securities, collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO real f tate mortgage investment conduits (REMICs), CMO and REMIC rid als, and stripped mortgage-backed securities (such as interest-only wrips (IOs), principal-only strips (POs), and similar instruments).

Exclude: St rities backed by loans extended under home equity lines, (i.e., revolving


D onds issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) that are collateralized by mortgages, (i.e., mortgage-backed bonds, and mortgage-backed bonds issued by non-U.S. Government issuers).

Participation certificates issued by the Export-Import Bank and the General Services Administration.

Participation certificates issued by a Federal Intermediate Credit Bank.

Include: The value of all holdings of mortgage pass-through securities. In general, a mortgage pass-through security represents an undivided interest in a pool that provides the holder with a pro rata share of all principal and interest payments on the residential mortgages in the pool, and includes certificates of participation in pools of residential mortgages. U.S. Government-issued participation certificates (PCs) that represent a pro rata share of all principal and interest payments on a pool of resecuritized participation certificates that, in turn, are backed by residential mortgages, (e.g., FHLMC Giant PCs).

Exclude: All collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), 1 estan mortgage investment conduits (REMICs), CMO and REMIC resio ls, and stripped mortgage-backed securities (such as interest-only rips Os), principal-only strips (POs), and similar instruments).

Line $1.511 \quad-\quad$ Issued or Guaranteed by GNMA
Include: $\quad$ The value of all holdings of mortgage pass-th. ugh securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Associá 'n (G) MA).


Include:
The value onall holdings of mortgage pass-through securities issued by others〈.g., other depository institutions, insurance companies, state and local housing au orities in the U.S.) that are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government.

Include:


The value of all mortgage-backed securities other than pass-through securities. Other mortgage-backed securities include all classes of collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) and real estate mortgage investments conduits (REMICs), CMO and REMIC residuals and similar interests, stripped mortgage-backed securities (such as interest-only strips (IOs), principal-only strips (POs), and similar instruments).

Line 1.521 eed or Guaranteed by GNMA, FNMA, FHLMC, or VA
Include:
The value of all classes of CMOs and REMICs, CMO and REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA). For purposes of this schedule, also include REMICs issued by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) in this item.

Include: The value of all classes of CMOs, REMICs, CMO and REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage backed securities issued by non-U.S. Government issuers (e.g., other depository institutions, insurance companies, state and local housing authorities in the U.S.) for which the collateral consists of GNMA (Ginnie Mae) pass-throughs, FNMA (Fannie Mae) pass-throughs, FHLMC (Freddie Mac) participation certificates, or other mortgage-backed securities (i.e., classes of CMOs or REMICs, CMO or REMIC residuals, and stripped mortgage-backed securities) issued or guaranteed by FNMA, FHLMC, GNM/, OHA.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Line } 1.523- & \text { All Other } \\ & \text { Include: } \quad \text { The value of all CMOs, REMICs, CMO an } \\ & \text { REN IC res luals, and stripped }\end{array}$ mortgage-backed securities issued by non-ए.S o verm issuers (e.g., other depository institutions, insurance companies , te an local housing authorities in the U.S.) for which the collateral does ot co ciot of GNMA (Ginnie Mae) pass-throughs, FNMA (Fannie Mae) pass-t oughs, FHLMC (Freddie Mac) participation certificates, or other mor age-bc ped securities (i.e., classes of CMOs or REMICs, CMO or REM Nosic and stripped mortgage-backed securities) issued or guaranteed * FNM FHLMC, GNMA, or VA.

Line 2 - Other Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities (Ex-ua or Strat-term)
Include:
The value of all debt \% urith that cannot properly be reported within Line 1, above.

Bond Mutua Fun as dentified by the SVO as listed in the Purposes and Procedures inual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office, Part Si, ou ion (h) and Exchange Traded Funds listed in the Purposes and rocedure Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office, Part Six, Sectio $2(\mathrm{i})$.

Line $2.1 \quad-\quad$ Unaffiliated Domestic Scurities (h.cludes Credit Tenant Loans and Hybrid Securities)
Include: $\quad \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{h}}$ value of all unaffiliated domestic debt securities. Unaffiliated domestic debt curnes includes but is not limited to bonds, notes, debentures, equipment trust ce ificates, and commercial paper issued by unaffiliated U.S.-chartered iporations, detached U.S. Government security coupons and ex-coupon U.S. Government securities held as the result of either their purchase or the stripping of such securities, and treasury receipts such as CATS, TIGRs, COUGARs, LIONs, and ETRs.

Other U.S. issuers not reportable elsewhere within Line 1.
Line 2.2

Include:
The value of all unaffiliated foreign debt securities. Unaffiliated foreign debt securities include bonds, notes, debentures, equipment trust certificates, and commercial paper issued by unaffiliated non-U.S.-chartered corporations.

Line 2.3 - Affiliated Securities
Include: The value of all affiliated debt securities. Affiliated debt securities include bonds, notes, debentures, equipment trust certificates, and commercial paper issued by affiliated non-U.S.-chartered corporations.

The value of all investments in mutual funds and other equity securities. Such securities include, but are not limited to, mutual funds that invest solely in U.S. Government securities, common stock of the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), preferred stock and unrestricted voting common stock of the Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae), and common stock of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac).

Line $3.1 \quad-\quad$ Investments in Mutual Funds
Include: $\quad$ Include only mutual funds reported in Schedule D, Part 2, ction 2
Line $3.2 \quad-\quad$ Preferred Stocks
Include:
The value of all investments in the preferred stoc of anded andiated entities. Preferred stock which may or mas ot bu vublicly traded and may include shares against which exchange -adea al options are outstanding include redeemable preferred stock, mandat v sinking fund preferred stock, perpetual preferred stock, including onrec emable preferred stock and preferred stock redeemable at the on ie issuer. Redeemable preferred stock is defined as preferred ${ }^{+}$ck th must be redeemed by the issuing enterprise or is redeemable at th optic of the reporting entity. It includes mandatory sinking fund pren dor K and payment-in-kind (PIK) preferred stock.

Exchange Traded Funds ted in the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment A arysic Olrce, Part Six, Section 2.

Line $3.3-\quad$ Publicly Traded Equity Securities (EX rding D ferred Stocks)
Include: The alue of all vestments in the equity securities of affiliated and unaffiliated entitie Publicly traded equity securities includes but is not limited to equity securities radr on a public exchange, master limited partnerships trading as common sto cond american deposit receipts only if the security is traded on - e New York, American, or NASDAQ exchanges, and publicly traded common sto k warrants.
Line 3.4 - Other Equ y Se rities

Include:
The value of all equity securities of affiliated and unaffiliated entities not reported in Lines 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.5. Other equity securities includes but is not limited to:
(1) Equity securities not traded on a public exchange (e.g., private equities).
(2) Master limited partnership common stock not traded on the New York, American, or NASDAQ exchanges.

Line 3.5
Other Equity Interests Including Tangible Personal Property under Lease
Include:
The value of all investments in tangible property under lease.

Include:

Exclude: From loans secured by real estate:
Obligations (other than securities and lease, of tates and political subdivisions in the U.S. that are secured b, real tate.

All loans and sales contracts indirectly re osent, other real estate.
Loans to real estate companies, real e te investment trusts, mortgage lenders, and foreign non-governme $\neq l$ ent res that specialize in mortgage loan originations and that sery oes for other lending institutions when the real estate mortg a or sil ilar liens on real estate are not sold to the bank but are merely pledge as cr lateral.

Bonds issued by the edera Vational Mortgage Association or by the Federal Home b in rtgage Corporation that are collateralized by residential mortgages.

Pooled side ti mo tgages for which participation certificates have been issued or 8 rantoo by the Government National Mortgage Association, the ceur in ional Mortgage Association, or the Federal Home Loan ortgage © rporation.

Line $4.1 \quad-\quad$ Construction and Land Develop. ant
Include: re value of loans secured by real estate made to finance land development
the process of improving land - laying sewers, water pipes, etc.)
P epanatory to erecting new structures or the on-site construction of industrial,
co mercial, residential, or farm buildings. For this item, "construction" includes
only construction of new structures, but also additions or alterations to existing structures and the demolition of existing structures to make way for new structures.

Loans secured by vacant land, except land known to be used or usable for agricultural purposes, such as crop and livestock production.

Loans secured by real estate the proceeds of which are to be used to acquire and improve developed and undeveloped property.

Loans made under Title I or Title X of the National Housing Act that conform to the definition of construction stated above and that are secured by real estate.

Exclude: Loans to finance construction and land development that are not secured by real estate.

Include: The value of loans secured by farmland and improvements thereon, as evidenced by mortgages or other liens. Farmland includes all land known to be used or usable for agricultural purposes, such as crop and livestock production. Farmland includes grazing or pastureland, whether tillable or not and whether wooded or not. Include loans secured by farmland that are guaranteed by the Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) or by the Small Business Administration (SBA) and that are extended, serviced, and collected by any party other than FmHA or SBA.

Exclude: Loans for farm property construction and land developmen purpos.
Line 4.3 - Single Family Residential Properties
Include: $\quad$ The value of loans secured by real estate as en en sy mortgages (FHA, FmHA, VA, or conventional) or other liens C onfar property containing one to four dwelling units (including vacation home ore than four dwelling units if each is separated from other units $b$, dividing walls that extend from ground to roof (e.g., row houses, townt ses, o the like), mobile homes where (a) state laws define the purchase $\rho$ a mobile home as the purchase or holding of real property and 1 ere (b) the loan to purchase the mobile home is secured by that mobile home as viden ed by a mortgage or other instrument on real property, individual 0 . 1 mm dwelling units and loans secured by an interest in individual co erative pousing units, even if in a building with five or more dwelling unt ana housekeeping dwellings with commercial units combined where use is pi varily residential and where only one to four family dwelling units are i volyed.


Line $4.4 \quad-\quad$ Multifamily Residential Droperties
Include: Th value of all other nonfarm residential loans secured by real estate as idenced by mortgages (FHA and conventional) or other liens that are not re ortable in Line 4.3.

Nonfarm properties with five or more dwelling units in structures (including apartment buildings and apartment hotels) used primarily to accommodate households on a more or less permanent basis.

Five or more unit housekeeping dwellings with commercial units combined where use is primarily residential.

Cooperative-type apartment buildings containing five or more dwelling units.

Loans for multifamily residential property construction and land development purposes. Loans secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties.

Include: The value of loans secured by real estate as evidenced by mortgages or other liens on business and industrial properties, hotels, motels, churches, hospitals, educational and charitable institutions, dormitories, clubs, lodges, association buildings, "homes" for aged persons and orphans, golf courses, recreational facilities, and similar properties.

Exclude: Loans for nonfarm nonresidential property construction and land development.

| Line 5 | Real Estate Investments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Include: |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Line 5.1, Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 4 Coly min 3, Page 2, Assets.
Line 5.2, Column 3 should equal the amount reported . ine 4. Column 3, Page 2, Assets.
Line 5.3, Column 3 should equal the amount reporth Lint.1.3, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.


Col\up 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 9, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.
Line 9 - Secrities ding (Reinvested Collateral Line 10, Asset Page)
lude: The value of securities lending.
'umn 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 10, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 10 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short-term Investments
Include: The value of cash (Schedule E, Part 1), cash equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2 including money market mutual funds) and short-term investments (Schedule DA, Part 1).

Line 11 - Other Invested Assets
Include: The value of all other invested assets that have not been included in Lines 1 to 10 above.

Line 12 - Total Invested Assets
Sum of Lines 1 to 11 . The amount reported in Column 3 should equal $t^{1}$ e amu nt of total invested assets reported in Line 12 Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

## SCHEDULE A - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

## REAL ESTATE

| Line 1 | - | Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Report the book/adjusted carrying value excluding accrued interest of real estate owned as of December 31, of the prior year's statement. |
| Line 2.1 | - | Actual Cost at Time of Acquisitions |
|  |  | Report the actual cost at the time the asset was originally acquired. Do inclur additional <br>  |
| Line 2.2 | - | Additional Investment Made After Acquisition |
|  |  | On a year-to-date basis, report additions and improvements that inc sed the investment subsequent to the time the asset was originally acquired. |
| Line 3 | - | Current Year Change in Encumbrances |
|  |  | Report as a positive number any decreases in encumbin es rep ted on real estate for the year. Report as a negative number any increases in encumbrans rep ted on real estate for the year. |
| Line 4 | - | Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals |
|  |  | Report the total gain (loss) on disposal of reares. te for the year. |
| Line 5 | - | Deduct Amounts Received on DisF sals |
|  |  | This is the consideration rece cau the and should include not only real estate fully disposed but also real estate partially isposed. |
| Line 6 | - | Total Foreign Exchange Chango $\mathrm{v}^{\text {B }} \mathrm{Bk} /$ Adjusted Carrying Value |
|  |  | Report the unrealized \& eign exchange gain or loss for the year. |
| Line 7 | - | Deduct Current Yarso thereThan-Temporary Impairment Recognized |
| Line 8 | - | Ded ct Current Yeur's Depreciation |
|  |  | lude: Depreciation that was recorded on property during the current year that was later classified as property held for sale. |
|  |  | Include the unrealized valuation gain/loss for separate account only |
| Line 9 |  | Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period |
|  |  | The amount in Line 9 should tie to the Assets Page, Column 1, the sum of all types of real estate included in Lines 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3. |

Report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts related to real estate loans.
Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.
Line 11 - Statement Value at End of Current Period
Report the statement value of real estate owned as of December 31, current year. This should agree


## SCHEDULE B - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

## MORTGAGE LOANS

Line $1 \quad$ Book Value/Recorded Investment excluding Accrued Interest on December 31 of Prior Year

| Report the book value/recorded investment (excluding accrued interest) of mortgages owned as of |
| :--- |
| December 31 of the prior year's statement. |

Line 2.1 - Actual Cost at Time of Acquisitions
Report the actual amount loaned for the mortgages at the time the asset was on inally a quired. The cost of acquiring the assets includes any additional amounts that are to be canita. ed. Accordingly, there may be a premium or discount on such loans resulting from a differen e beth en the amount paid and the principal amount. Do not include additional expenditures aner th time $g$ initial acquisition. These amounts are reported on Line 2.2.

Line $2.2 \quad-\quad$ Additional Investments Made After Acquisitions
Report additional amounts that increased the mortgage during e year sabsequent to the time the asset was originally acquired, e.g., increases in the loan. Incly add loans on mortgages that were subsequently disposed during the year.

Line $3-\quad$ Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other

$\quad$ Report the other capitalized past due interes $\frac{1}{}$ oth items for the year.
Line 4 - Accrual of Discount
Report the total amount of discount at rued $f_{\infty}$ he year as included in Schedule B, Part 1, Column 10 and Schedule B, Part 3, Colur 19. fer SSAP No. 37-Mortgage Loans for accounting guidance.

Line 5 - Unrealized Valuation Increa (Decrea )
Report the total amount of noncas increases and decreases in the book value/recorded investment (excluding accrued int est) for the year.

Include: ee anount on mortgage loans still owned as of the reporting date and the an punt on mortgage loans disposed and reported on Schedule B, Part 3, lumn 8.

Line $6 \quad$ - Tota Gain (Loss) on Disposal
Renort the (loss) on disposal of mortgages for the year.
Line 7
duct mounts Received On Disposals
siderations received on mortgages disposed during the year.

Report the total amount of premium, mortgage interest points, and commitment fees amortized for the year as included in Schedule B, Part 1, Column 10 and Schedule B, Part 3, Column 9. Refer to SSAP No. 37-Mortgage Loans for accounting guidance.

| Line 9 | - | Total Foreign Exchange Change In Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year. |
| Line 10 | - | Deduct current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized |
|  |  | Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year. |
| Line 11 | - | Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest at End of Cu ent Pe od |
|  |  | Report the book value/recorded investment (excluding accrued inte t) ot prtgages owned as of the end of the year. |
| Line 12 | - | Total Valuation Allowance |
|  |  | Report as a negative number the aggregate outstandrat aluath allowance related to impaired loans as set forth in SSAP No. 37-Mortgage Loans. |
| Line 14 | - | Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts |
|  |  | Report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts lated oo mortgage loans. |
|  |  | Include: The amount ft the noli that is in excess of any investment limitation. |
| Line 15 | - | Statement Value at End of Cy crit |
|  |  | Report the statement value mortgas s owned as of December 31, current year. This should agree with Page 2, Column 3, of the can ear's statement. |



## SCHEDULE BA - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

## LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS

| Line 1 | - | Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Long-Term Invested Assets Owned, December 31 of Prior Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Report the book/adjusted carrying value of other long-term invested assets and collateral loans owned as of December 31 prior year shown on Page 2, Column 1 of the prior year's statement. |
| Line 2.1 | - | Actual Cost at Time of Acquisition |
|  |  | Include: The actual cost at the time the asset was originally acquire |
|  |  | The cost of acquiring the assets including broker's comn sion and incidental expenses of effecting delivery. |
|  |  | Exclude: $\quad$ Additional expenditures after the time of the tial a viisition or encumbrances or impairments. |
| Line 2.2 | - | Additional Investment Made After Acquisition |
|  |  | Include: <br> The actual cost (including Bre sf co missions and incidental expenses of affecting delivery) to increase inve nent in the original assets. |
|  |  | Improvements to the asset ibsequ to acquisition. |
|  |  | Activity on investments so durrng the year. |
| Line 3 | - | Capitalized Deferred Interest and C, her |
|  |  | Report the other capitalized p cuu inter and other items for the year. |
| Line 4 | - | Accrual of Discount |
|  |  | Report the total amourt of discount accrued for the year as included in Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 14 and Sched BA, Part 3, Column 10. |
| Line 5 | - | Unrealized Value ron m reaue (Decrease) |
| Line 6 | - | Totol Gair ${ }^{\text {(T) }}$ Ss) on Disposal |



## SCHEDULE D - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

## BONDS AND STOCKS

| Line $1 \quad$ Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Bonds and Stocks, December 31 of Prior Year |  |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $\quad$ Report the book/adjusted carrying value of Bonds and Stocks owned as of December 31 on |


| Line 2 | Cost of Bonds and Stocks Acquired |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Report the actual cost to acquire bonds and stocks for the year. The cost of ace iring th investment <br> should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the Account Practices and <br> Procedures Manual. |
| Line 3 | $\quad$ Accrual of Discount |

Report the total amount of discount accrued for the year, includ ${ }^{1} \mathrm{~g}$ th amount on bonds and stocks still owned as of the reporting date and reported on Schedule D, Pa 1, Column 13 and Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Column 16, and the amount on bonds and ocks risposed in the current year and reported on Schedule D, Part 4, Column 12.

| Line 4 | Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease) |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | Report the total unrealized valuation increase (de sase) to the year. |

Line 5 - Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals
Report the profit (loss) on sales of onds in sto for the year.
Line 6 - Deduct Consideration for Bor dir Sto Disposed of During the Year
Report the total consideratio received on bonds and stocks for the year.
Line 7 - Deduct Amortization of Dremium
Report the total amount ${ }^{\text {s }}$ premium amortized for the year, including the amount on bonds and stocks still owned as of ae in ortmg date and reported on Schedule D, Part 1, Column 13 and Schedule D, Part 2, Se ion Colun 1 16, and the amount on bonds and stocks disposed in the current year and reported on hea D Part 4, Column 12.

Line 8 - Tota Foreign Excnange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
Remort the $n$ ealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
Line 9
duct ( arrent Year’s Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

Line 10
Total Investment Income Recognized as a Result of Prepayment Penalties and/or Acceleration Fees
Report only the total investment income recognized, using the information recorded in Schedule D, Part 4, Column 20, for bonds and stocks that were sold, disposed or otherwise redeemed during the year, as a result of a prepayment penalty and/or acceleration fee. Line 10 should equal Note 5, Line 5R(2).

The amount in Line 11 should tie to the Assets Page, Column 1, the sum of the lines for Bonds, Line 1, Preferred Stocks, Line 2.1 and Common Stocks, Line 2.2.

Line 12
Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts
Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.
The amount of any goodwill that exceeds the surplus limit au. as described in SSAP No. 68-Business Combinations and Goodwill.

The amount to be reported here should tie to the Assets Page, Column , the im of the lines for Bonds, Line 1, Preferred Stocks, Line 2.1, and Common Stocks, Line 2.2.

Line 13 - Statement Value of Bonds and Stocks, Current Period
This amount should tie to the Assets Page, Column 3, the sum of the 'ines for Bonds, Line 1, Preferred Stocks, Line 2.1, and Common Stocks, Line 2.2.

## SCHEDULE D - SUMMARY BY COUNTRY

## LONG-TERM BONDS AND STOCKS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Enter summarized amounts in the appropriate columns by the specified major classifications, subdividing into United States, Canada, and Other Countries where applicable. For purposes of this schedule, investments in Other Countries are considered Foreign Investments. For the definition of Foreign Investment, and Domestic Investment, see instructions to the Supplemental Investment Risk Interrogatories.

Column $2-\quad$ Fair Value
For certain bonds, values other than actual market may appear in this column.


Sch 'ule D, Part 1 instructions for details.)

Exclude: Accrued interest.
Column 3 - Actual Cost
Include:
Brokerage and other related fees, to the exte they not exceed the fair market value at the date of acquisition.

Exclude: Accrued interest.
Lines 8
through 11 - Bonds - Industrial and Miscellaneous, SVO Id tit forms, Bank Loans and Hybrid Securities (Unaffiliated)

Include:

Columns 1, 2 and 3 should agree with Columns 6, 8 and 9, respectively, in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2.

Column 1 should equal Column 1, Line 2.2 of the assets page.

## SCHEDULE D - PART 1A - SECTION 1

## QUALITY AND MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF ALL BONDS OWNED DECEMBER 31 BY MAJOR TYPE AND NAIC DESIGNATION

The schedule summarizes the aggregate book/adjusted carrying value of all bond holdings, including those in Schedule DA and Schedule E, Part 2 by quality, designation, maturity and bond categories. Include short-term and cash equivalent bonds in the category that most closely resembles their credit risk.

The maturity category for a particular holding is determined by the following criteria:
a. Serial issues and mandatory fixed prepayment obligations valued on an amor abs may be distributed based on the par value of each scheduled repayment date and the finalinsta rent and adjusted for any discount or premium. Such holdings reported at market may be distrib ted $b_{u}$ ed on market value by applying market rate to each scheduled repayment.
b. (i) Mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities se curities are considered loan-backed securities and subject to the guidance in SSAP N 43ヶ I gan-Backed and Structured Securities) should be distributed based on the anticipated futur prepayment cash flows used to value the security.
(ii) Other bonds with optional prepayment provisio , houla be distributed based on the expected future prepayments used to value the security.
(iii) Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the $S^{5 \times}$, and $b$ change Traded Funds - as Identified by the SVO (as described in the Investment heat General Instructions) should be reported in Column 6, "No Maturity Date" in Section 9 " SV O Identified Funds." Only funds reported in Section 9 would be reported in Colur a 6 .
c. Place all holdings in default as to princip, or ipto est in the "Over 20 years" category in the absence of definitive information as to final starn retual bonds should also be included in this category.
d. Consider obligations without ma rity date and payable on demand to be due within one year if in good standing. Otherwise, include in the ver years" category, or earlier if justifiable.

There are 14 sections to this schedule: Sectir is 1 through 10 for each of the 10 bond categories, Section 11 for total bonds current year, Section 12 for total bonds prior y r, Section 13 for total bonds publicly traded and Section 14 for total bonds privately placed. The 10 bond categor 5 Co bint corresponding subtotals from Schedule D, Part 1; Schedule DA, Part 1; and Schedule E, Part 2 as follo s, an for $e_{c} h$ of those 10 bond categories, the total line for Column 7 of each section should equal the sum of the subtot ine ho in below:

Section 1. U.S. Go rrpments
Line 0500999 Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 0599999 from Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and I ne 05. 9999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 2.

Lines 1099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, эrt 2, Column 7.

Section 3. U.S. States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed
Lines 1799999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

## Section 4. U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed

Lines 2499999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 5. U.S. Special Revenue \& Special Assessment Obligations, etc., Non-Guaranteed
Lines 3199999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and in Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

## Section 6. Industrial \& Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)

Line 3899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 3899999 from Schedulo DA, Dart 1, Column 7; and Line 3899999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 7. Hybrid Securities
Lines 4899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Dart Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 8. Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates
Lines 5599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Scheu le D , Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 9. SVO Identified Funds
Lines 6099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Cc amm 11; whedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

## Section 10. Bank Loans

Lines 6599999 from Schedule D Part 1, ' olumn 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

The quality designation used is the "NAIC D signation" that appears with each bond as listed in the Valuations of Securities. Include short-term and cash equivalent bonds the category that most closely resembles their credit risk. For each Section 1 through 14, seven lines of information are "ows, which are numbered in a format "X.Y" where the number " X " is the number of the section and the imbe "Y" i the order of the line within the section. The lines within each section are categorized as follows for Section


Column 11 is to ntain publicly traded securities; i.e., those securities that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the Valuations of Securries. Any securities outside the CUSIP/PPN/CINS coding system will be considered to be publicly traded for Annual Statement purposes (e.g., short-term investments). Exclude bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144.

Column 12 is to contain privately placed securities as identified with Private Placement Numbers (PPN) in the Valuations of Securities. A PPN can be differentiated by the presence of a *, \#, or @ sign appearing in either the sixth, seventh or eighth digit of the nine-digit CUSIP-like number. Include bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144 that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the Valuations of Securities.

## Column 12 Footnote

Include bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A.
Include bonds that are freely tradable under SEC Rule 144 (e.g., that are presently held by, and for the immediately preceding three year period have been held by, persons unrelated to the issuer); however, there shall be excluded any such security containing a contractual restriction against resale (a "right of first refusal" provision is not considered a restriction against resale).

## Footnote (d)

| Provide the total book/adjusted carrying value amount reported in Section 11, Column 1 by ${ }^{\text {m }}$ IC de gnation that represents the amount of securities reported in Schedule DA and Schedule E, Part 2.

The sum of the amounts by NAIC designation (NAIC 1, NAIC 2, NAIC 3, NAIC 4, NAIC 5 and AIC 6) reported in the footnote should equal the sum of Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7, Lines 8399999 pi Scm e, Part 2, Column 7, Line 8399999.


## SCHEDULE D - PART 1A - SECTION 2

## MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF ALL BONDS OWNED DECEMBER 31 BY MAJOR TYPE AND SUBTYPE

The schedule summarizes the aggregate book/adjusted carrying value of all bond holdings, including those in Schedule DA and Schedule E, Part 2 by maturity, major bond categories and the subcategories of issuer obligations, and mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities.

The maturity category for a particular holding is determined by the following criteria:
a. Serial issues and mandatory fixed prepayment obligations valued on an amorti able asis may be distributed based on the par value of each scheduled repayment date and the final inst. "Iment and adjusted for any discount or premium. Such holdings reported at market may be distriby cu sea market value by applying market rate to each scheduled repayment.
b. (i) Mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities the ecurities are considered loan-backed securities and subject to the guidance in SSAP No. $4 \checkmark-$ Low-Backed and Structured Securities) should be distributed based on the anticipated fut e pr myment cash flows used to value the security.
(ii) Other bonds with optional prepayment provisi ns nour be ustributed based on the expected future prepayments used to value the security
(iii) Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SV anc ${ }^{\text {Fxhange Traded Funds - as Identified by the }}$ SVO (as described in the Investment Sch ules Guneral Instructions) should be reported in Column 6, "No Maturity Date" in Sec 9 VO Identified Funds." Only funds reported in Section 9 would be reported in Column-6.

There are 14 sections to this schedule: Sections 1 throug 10 for each of the 10 bond categories, Section 11 for total bonds current year, Section 12 for total bonds prio ear, Section 13 for total bonds publicly traded and Section 14 for total bonds privately placed. The 10 bond categories cont ne corresponding subtotals from Schedule D, Part 1; Schedule DA, Part 1; and Schedule E, Part 2 as follows, an 101 ch of those 10 bond categories, the total line for Column 7 of each section should equal the sum of the subte al lin s show below:

Section 1. U.S. Governments
Line 0599 ' 9 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 0599999 from Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Line 059 99 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 2.
All C her Go ernments
Lint 1099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Pait, , olumn 7.

Lines 1799999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 4. U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed
Lines 2499999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 5. U.S. Special Revenue \& Special Assessment Obligations, etc. Non-guaranteed
Lines 3199999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 6. Industrial \& Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)
Line 3899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 3899999 from Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Line 3899999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 7. Hybrid Securities
Lines 4899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Columı 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 8. Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates
Lines 5599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Fan 1, Cuımn 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 9. SVO Identified Funds
Lines 6099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Sc ule D . Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E,

## Section 10. Bank Loans

Lines 6599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column $1 \cdot$ Scredule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

For each major section the following subgroups, which are scribed the Investment Schedules General Instructions, shall be presented by maturity category:

Sections 1 through 8:

- Issuer Obligations
- Residential Mortgage-Backed $\mathrm{S}_{6}$ curities
- Commercial Mortgage-Bacl Sec vities
- Other Loan-Backed and S ucture Securities

Section 9:

- Exchange Tr ${ }^{\text {red }}$ Funds - as Identified by the SVO
- Bond Mutual Funu - as Identified by the SVO

Section 10:

- Bant oai - Iss ed
- Bank Lo a - Acquired

Sections $A$ through 14:

- Issuei Jbligations
- Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities
- SVO Identified Funds
- Bank Loans

Column 11 is to contain publicly traded securities; i.e., those securities that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the Valuations of Securities. Any securities outside the CUSIP/PPN/CINS coding system will be considered to be publicly traded for annual statement purposes (e.g., short-term investments). Exclude bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144.

Column 12 is to contain privately placed securities as identified with Private Placement Numbers (PPN) in the Valuations of Securities. A PPN can be differentiated by the presence of a *, \#, or @ sign appearing in either the sixth, seventh or eighth digit of the nine-digit CUSIP-like number. Include bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144 that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the Valuations of Securities.


## SCHEDULE DA - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

## SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Report the aggregate amounts required by type of short-term investment asset. The categories of assets to be reported are: bonds; mortgage loans; other short-term investment assets; and investments in parent, subsidiaries and affiliates. A grand total of all activity is also required.

Column $1 \quad-\quad$ Total

$$
\text { Equals the sum of Columns } 2 \text { through } 5 .
$$

Line 1 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year
In Column 1, report the book/adjusted carrying value per Schedule $A, P+1, C$ umn 7 of the prior year's annual statement.

Line $2-\quad$ Cost of Short-Term Investments Acquired
Report the aggregate cost of short-term investments acquired 'uring re year. A reporting entity may summarize all "overnight" transactions and report the ain as an increase in short-term investments on this line; all other transactions shall be a orded ross.

 all "overnight" insactions and report the net amount as a decrease in short-term investments on this line; allopther transuctions shall be recorded gross.

Line 7 - Dedwat Au ination of Premium
Colur in 1, report the total amount of amortization of premium during the year. The amortization of vremun should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the Accounting Practices and cedures Manual.

Line 8
Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
In Column 1, report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
Line 9 - Deduct Current Year’s Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.

Line 10 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, Current Year
Column 1 equals Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7, Total.
Line 11 - Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts

In Column 1, report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts as of the end of the current period.
Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.
Line 12 - Statement Value at End of Current Period


## SCHEDULE DB - PART A VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

## OPTIONS, CAPS, FLOORS, COLLARS, SWAPS and FORWARDS

The purpose of this schedule is to roll the information reported on Schedule DB, Part A, Sections 1 and 2 from the prior year to the end of the current reporting year.


## SCHEDULE DB - PART B - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

## FUTURES CONTRACTS

Line 1 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year
Show the total from the prior year. For purposes of this schedule, positive amounts should be reported for assets, and negative amounts should be reported for liabilities.

Line 2 - Cumulative Cash Change
Show the cash that the company received (paid) as initial margin for entering he futu es contracts (Section 1, Broker Name/Net Cash Deposits Footnote - Cumulative Cash Chanore C 'ımm).

Line 3.11 \& $3.12-\quad$ Change in the Variation Margin on Open Contracts - Highly Effectiv Hed as
Report the change in the variation margin on open contracts bet en yurs. Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts open in the prio vear futures contracts open in the current year.

Line 3.13 \& 3.14-

Line 3.21 \& 3.22-

Line 3.23 \& 3.24-
Change in the Variation Margin on Open Contracts - All $\varnothing$
Report the change in the variation margin on open con racts jetween years. Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts $0^{-7}$, the fior year from futures contracts open in the current year.

Change in adjustment to basis of hedged item
Report the change in variation m.gin nelt contracts between years that were adjusted into the hedged item(s). Report separately the hange ir variation margin on futures contracts open in the prior year from futures contracts or alir ecu ent year.

Change in amount recogniz
Report the change in variation màrin on open contracts between years that were recognized. Report separately the change 1 variation margin on futures contracts open in the prior year from futures contracts open in the cun nt year.

Line 3.3 - Subtotal t e ch nge in variation margin on open contracts used to adjust hedged item(s) and recognized sthe contracts.

Line $4.1 \quad-\quad$ Rep rt the cumulaive variation margin on contracts terminated during the year.
Line $4.21 \quad-\quad$ Renot the $n$ ount of gain (loss) adjusted into the hedged item(s) from terminated contracts during the ar.

Line 4.22 - Repunthe amount of gain (loss) recognized from terminated contracts during the year.
Line 4.3 Subtotal the total gain (loss) on terminated contracts during the year less the total gain (loss) on contracts terminated during the year that were recognized or basis adjusted into the hedged item(s).


## SCHEDULE DB - PART C - SECTION 1

## REPLICATION (SYNTHETIC ASSET) TRANSACTIONS (RSATs) OPEN

## ON DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Include all RSATs owned December 31 of current year, including those open on December 31 of the previous year, and those acquired during the current year.

Column $1 \quad-\quad$ RSAT Number
Enter the RSAT Number as administered by the CUSIP Division of Standard \& Pr or
Column $2-\quad$ Description of the RSAT
Enter a complete and accurate description of the RSAT, including adescr tion g the relationship of the Cash Instrument(s) and the Derivative(s) used to produce the relicai

Column $3-\quad$ NAIC Designation or Other Description of the RSAT

|  |  | Enter the NAIC Designation or, when the NAIC Designation not ap plicable, other description that will best identify the Risk-Based Capital and Asset $\mathrm{V}_{2}$ - on erve (if applicable) class of the RSAT, as if the RSAT was recorded on the appropriat ; vestm, it schedule. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Column 4 | - | Notional Amount of the RSAT |
|  |  | Enter the Notional Amount of the RSAT; e.g, e an unt on which the interest/coupon accrues. |
| Column 5 |  | Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of the RS |
|  |  | Enter the Book/Adjusted Carrying ve of RSAT as if the reporting entity had purchased and accounted for the specified arct. rorm ontities should document the determination of this value. For each individual RSAT Idicated in Column 1, report a total of all Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Derivative Instrument plu a total o all Book /Adjusted Carrying Value of the Cash Investment(s). Use formula below for referencu |
|  |  | Column $10+$ olumn 15 |
| Column 6 | - | Fair Value of the |
|  |  | Enter the $f_{5}$ valu ${ }^{c}$ the RSAT. Amortized or the Book/Adjusted Carrying values should not be substituted for ir value. For each individual RSAT indicated in Column 1, report a total of all Fair Vall of Derivative Instruments Open plus a total of all Fair Value of the Cash Investment(s) Held. Use ti. © ormula below for reference: |



## SCHEDULE DB - PART C - SECTION 2

## RECONCILIATION OF REPLICATION (SYNTHETIC ASSET) TRANSACTIONS OPEN

Use this schedule in both the quarterly and annual statements. Companies that are not required to file quarterly statement should leave those columns blank.

## Number of Positions

Enter the number of transactions that have unique RSAT numbers.

## Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transactions Statement Values

Enter "Statement Value" of the RSAT, as if the reporting entity had purchased and acco nted re specific asset. Companies should document the determination of this value. The values indicat-d sho Id be le aggregate of the values for all open replication (synthetic asset) transactions.

## Line 1 - Beginning Inventory <br> The number of positions and total replication (synthetic ass a tran actions statement value should agree with the previous period's (quarterly or annual ding ventory, Schedule DB, Part C, Section 2. Line 1 of each quarter should be the same a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ne 70 the previous quarter. <br> $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Line } 2 & \text { Opened or Acquired Transactions } \\ & \text { Provide the number of positions opened or quire and the aggregated replication (synthetic asset) }\end{array}$

 transactions statement values as of the acquisitio dates.
Line 5 - Positions I spos dof fo Failing Effectiveness Criteria
Enter the numb of positions that were disposed of during the period because the position was no long rffective. Aggregate the replication (synthetic asset) transactions statement values as of the dispow on dates.

Line 6
I ecreas in Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transaction Statement Value
Aggruated decreases in the statement value of the replication (synthetic asset) transactions held at any during the period.

Line 7
Ending Inventory
Show the net of Line 1 + Line 2 + Line 3 - Line 4 - Line 5 - Line 6.

## Year to Date Columns

Line 1 should be the same as the first quarter Line 1 . Lines 2 through 6 should be the sum of the quarters, through the end of the quarter being reported. Line 7 - Ending Inventory should be the same as Line 7 of the most recently completed quarter. Number of Positions and Total Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transaction Statement Value should agree with the current period's (quarterly or annual) Schedule DB, Part C, Section 2 totals.

## SCHEDULE DB - VERIFICATION

## BOOK/ADJUSTED CARRYING VALUE, FAIR VALUE AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE OF DERIVATIVES

The purpose of this schedule is to verify the amounts reported in each individual derivative schedule (Schedule DB, Part A, Section 1 and Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1) against those reported in the Counterparty Exposure schedule (Schedule DB, Part D).

## BOOK/ADJUSTED CARRYING VALUE CHECK

Line $1 \quad-\quad$ Total Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part A Sec in 1, Column 14.
Line 2 - Cumulative Variation Margin of highly effective derivatives found on schedt a DB, Part B, Section 1, Column 15 plus Total Ending Cash Balance found on Schedule DB, Part B, Secin 1, Broker Name/Net Cash Deposits Footnote.

Line 3 - Grand Total of Book/Adjusted Carrying Value from individual schedules (b ees $1+2$ ).
Line $4-\quad$ Total of all positive Book/Adjusted Carrying Value found on Scb ard D, Section 1, Column 5.
Line 5 - Total of all negative Book/Adjusted Carrying Value founu on So odulf DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 6.
Line 6 - Grand Total Check for Book/Adjusted Carrying Value ( nes $3-1-5$ ).

FAIR IALL 5 AE K
Line 7 - Total Fair Value of all derivatives fy nu Sch yle DB, Part A, Section 1, Column 16.
Line 8 - Total Fair Value of futures contraci found on schedule DB, Part B, Section 1 Column 13.
Line 9 - Grand Total of Fair Value from individuàıchedules (Lines $7+8$ ).
Line 10 - Total of all positive Fair Value und on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 8.
Line 11 - Total of all negat e Fa Value ound on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 9.
Line 12 - Grand Total Check for Pair Value (Lines 9-10-11).

Line 13 - Tota Doterne Exposure of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part A, Section 1, Column 21.
Line 14 - Total Potential Exposure of all futures found on Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1, Column 20.
Line 15 - Totar Potential Exposure of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 11.
Line 16 - Grand Total Check for Potential Exposure (Lines $13+14-15$ ).

## SCHEDULE E - PART 2 - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

## CASH EQUIVALENTS

| Column 1 | - | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Equals the sum of Columns 2, 3 and 4. |
| Line 1 | - | Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year |
|  |  | In Column 1, report the book/adjusted carrying value per Schedule E, Part 2, C arn 6 of the prior year's annual statement. |
| Line 2 | - | Cost of Cash Equivalents Acquired |
|  |  | Report the aggregate cost of cash equivalents acquired during the yoar |
| Line 3 | - | Accrual of Discount |
|  |  | In Column 1, report the total amount of accrual of discount ring tit year. The accrual of discount should be consistent with the accounting guidance cone the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. |
| Line 4 | - | Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease) |
|  |  | Report the total unrealized valuation increast 'ecre ${ }^{\circ}$ ) for the year. |
| Line 5 | - | Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals |
|  |  | In Column 1, report the gain (loss) on 'sposal cash equivalents. |
| Line 6 | - | Deduct Consideration Rece ed on Dis osals |
|  |  | Report the proceeds received on ${ }^{\text {'ispr al }}$ at cash equivalents. |
| Line 7 | - | Deduct Amortization \& Premium |
|  |  | In Column 1, rep it tri tota amount of amortization of premium during the year. The amortization of premium s ould e cons tent with the accounting guidance contained in the Accounting Practices and Procedures anu. |
| Line 8 | - | Tota Fnreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value |
|  |  | In Follumbeeport the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year. |
| Line 9 |  | L `duct ${ }^{\text {d }}$ arrent Year’s Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized |
|  |  | ort the other-than-temporary impairments for the year. |
| Line 10 |  | Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at end of Current Period |
|  |  | Column 1 equals Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7, Total. |

Line 11 - Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts
In Column 1, report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts as of the end of the current period. Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.

Line 12 - Statement Value at End of Current Period
In Column 1, report the statement value of as of the end of the current period. This amount should tie



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## SCHEDULE A - PART 1

## REAL ESTATE OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Real estate includes land, buildings and permanent improvements (includes real estate owned under contract of sale). Also include single real estate property wholly owned by an LLC that meets the criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments. All other real estate owned indirectly (such as through joint ventures) should be included in Schedule BA. The purpose for this schedule is to report individually each property owned, classified into categories that separately identify properties occupied by the reporting entity, properties held for the production of income, and properties held for sale. Report each Real Estate project under development in the category where it will ultimately reside, (e.g., a project under development that will be owned for the production of income should be reported in properties held for the production 1 m . ome category). Refer to SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments and SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real tate In estments for accounting guidance.

If the reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required gaps, the musi report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the sa. ont and location as the pre-printed total.


* Companies not holding health care delivery assets shrvuld t. the total for property occupied by the reporting entity on Line 0299999. Exclude all leasehold improvementcnaia v th cporting entity from Schedule A, including Health Care leasehold improvements.

For accounting guidance related to foreign clency transactions and translations, refer to SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations.

A description of the information requir aby ti columnar headings is as follows:
Column 1
Description
Shon scription of property, (e.g., apartment complex, land, shopping center, warehouse, etc).
Column 2


in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing nd ure non-insulated separate account filing.

Enter "!" in this column for all single real estate property wholly owned by an LLC that meets the criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments. For LLCs that do not meet criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments, report on Schedule BA.

If real estate is not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, it is to be identified by placing one of the symbols identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.

If the real estate is a single real estate property wholly-owned by an LLC that meets the criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments and is not under the exclusive control of the company, the "!" should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).

## Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the " $\wedge$ " should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).
Column 3 - City

For properties located in the U.S., list the city. If the city is unknown ndica the county. If the property is located outside the U.S., indicate city or province.
Column $4 \quad-\quad$ State

For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, $r t_{\text {, }}$ rt the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If in prop ry is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-char (1)Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instruc s.

Column 5 - Date Acquired

|  | For individual properties, |
| :--- | :--- |
| Column $6 \quad-\quad$ | Date of Last Appraisal |
|  | State date of last appraisal. |

Column 7 - Actual Cost
Include: The amo a ey ended to purchase the property along with the costs associated with acquirng title and other amounts such as additions and improvements < the time of purchase or subsequent) that have been capitalized, less all air unts received for sales of rights or privileges in connection with the property by ny cash recoveries received after acquiring title to the property.
r foreclosed properties or voluntary conveyances, include amounts transferred from the Mortgage Loan Account along with other costs that have been capitalized (at the time of purchase or subsequent). Include all amounts expended for taxes, repairs and improvements in excess of the income of the property other than interest, prior to the date of acquiring title.

Act al Cost recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be adjusted for other-than-temporary impunent. Refer to SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments, for the effects mpairments on the presentation of cost.

## Column 8

## Amount of Encumbrances

Properties may be mortgaged and the outstanding principal balance, excluding accrued interest, of all liens at December 31 of the current year should be reported in this column.


## ** Columns 18 through 22 will be electronic only. **

Column 18 - Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code
Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price, at which the real estate could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.
"1" for Level 1
"2" for Level 2
"3" for Level 3


The following is a listing of the valid method indicators for real atate sbow the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.
"a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pri" sei.
"b" for securities where the rate is determined by a st kex nange.
" $c$ " for securities where the rate is determ ed by broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the prio por for any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker mus eithe be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and sf ang secturies or be an underwriter of the security being valued. (Reporting entitic sha aze source "c" to capture any other method used by the reporting entity to obtain O ervable inputs resulting in a hierarchy Level 1 or Level 2.

"d" for securities wher the rate s determined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a corr of the pricing methodology used.
"e" for securities «ere the rate is determined by the unit price provided in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a co bina on of 1 erarchy and method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed firs and and ased to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use " 1 b " to repu Level 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to dete nine fair value.

For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.
For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.
The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General
Instructions or the following Web address:
www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml
For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.
For Method Code "d," leave blank.
For Method Code "e," leave blank.
Column 20 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for iss or as issigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leay _rk.

Column 21 - Postal Code
The postal code(s) reported in this column shou reflect he location of the underlying property. For properties located in U.S. states, territories \& pos ssions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP +4 code. If the property is located outside he U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Nultinle postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more tharmene al cl de and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties senarate by mas.

Example two U.S. postal c es and on United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).
Column 22 - Property Type
For property type, use e of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:


## SCHEDULE A - PART 2

## REAL ESTATE ACQUIRED AND ADDITIONS MADE DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only those new real estate investments and their encumbrances, but also any additions and permanent improvements to existing properties acquired in the current and prior periods and their encumbrances. Report individually each property acquired or transferred from another category (e.g., joint ventures, Schedule BA). Property acquired and sold during the same year should be reported in both Part 2 and Part 3.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner allu ocation as the pre-printed total.


Include: This column should be utilized to report the cost of original purchases. The amount expended to purchase the property along with the costs associated with acquiring title.

For foreclosed properties or voluntary conveyances, include amounts transferred from the Mortgage Loan Account along with other costs that have been capitalized (at the time of purchase).

Exclude: Amounts expended for additions and permanent improvem no at are reported in column 9.

The amount reported in the Actual Cost column included in Schedule A, F rt 2 ll néver differ from the actual consideration paid to purchase the investment. Any apprpriat adjust eents to the Actual Cost will be made in Schedule A, Part 1 or in Schedule A, Part 3 Refe ${ }^{\text {o Son }}$ No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments, for the effects of impairmen on tho resentation of cost.

Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Amount of Encumbrances

Column $8 \quad-\quad$ Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrance
Include: The actual cost plu cap lized improvements, less depreciation, less encumbrances and net adj tments.

Deduct: The amountof o ala temporary impairment write-downs required under SSAP No. 90- nairme or Disposal of Real Estate Investments.

Column 9 - Additional Investment Made At A Aluisition
This column should e utilized to report the amount expended for additions and permanent improvement.

Exclude:
A) ounts expended for original acquisitions that are reported in column 6.

## ** Columns 10 through 12 will be electronic only.

## Column 10 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

## Column 11 - Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the und $A y_{k} \gamma$ property. For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit " IP coat and not the ZIP +4 code. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and po cessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be enter il the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from inghes to low st value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example of two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom posta code - 1501,68104,E4 7SD).


## SCHEDULE A - PART 3

## REAL ESTATE DISPOSED DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only disposals of an entire real estate investment, but should also include partial disposals and amounts received during the year on properties still held. Report individually each property disposed or transferred to another category (e.g., joint ventures, Schedule BA). Properties acquired and disposed during the same year should be reported in both Part 2 and Part 3.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner allu ocation as the pre-printed total.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Property disposed. | . 0199999 |
| Property transferred | 0299999 |
| Totals ... | 0399999 |

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as ollo,
Column 1 - Description of Property
Show description of property, (e.g., apartmen mple land, shopping center, warehouse, etc).
Column 2 - City
For properties located in the lis the criy. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the property is located outside th U.S., h licat city or province.

Column 3 - State
For properties located U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. tes, territories and possessions. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories nos ssions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available ir he $l$, ting in the appendix of these instructions.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Disposal Dât
For vidual properties, state date property was sold using MM/DD/YYYY format. For properties transferi to another category, this column should not be completed.

Column 5
ame ot Purchaser
rovide the name of the entity to which the property was sold. For internal transfers, indicate "internal fer" in lieu of purchaser name.

The amount expended to purchase the property along with the costs associated with acquiring title and other amounts such as additions and improvements (at the time of purchase or subsequent) which have been capitalized, less all amounts received for sales of rights or privileges in connection with the property or by any cash recoveries received after acquiring title to the property.

For foreclosed properties or voluntary conveyances, include amounts transferred from the Mortgage Loan Account along with other costs that have been capitalized (at the time of purchase or subsequent). cal all amounts expended for taxes, repairs and improvements in excess f the $h$ ome of the property other than interest, prior to the date of acquirinotitle.

The Actual Cost recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be â.juste for g her-than-temporary impairment. Refer to SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Es te thements, for the effect of impairments on the presentation of cost.
Column 7 - Expended for Additions, Permanent Improvements and Changes in B cumbrances


Column 10 - Curtnt Year's Otrer-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
If thorea chte has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the a nount $f$ the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized c vital ly ses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.


Reductions to fair value on property newly classified as held for sale, in accordance with SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments.

Column 11 - Current Year's Change in Encumbrances
Report as a positive number any decreases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year.
Report as a negative number any increases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year.


## ** Columns 21 through 23 will be electronic only.

## Column 21 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

## Column 22 - Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the und $A y_{k} \gamma$ property. For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit " IP coat and not the ZIP +4 code. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and po cessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be enter il the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from inghes to low st value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal c de ( $5-0168104, E 47$ SD).



## SCHEDULE B - PARTS 1 AND 2

## MORTGAGE LOANS OWNED AND ACQUIRED - GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.

For accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations, refer to SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations.

Life and Fraternal insurers should use the lines marked with an asterisk. Property, Health and Title in urers in y choose to use the lines marked with an asterisk. If Property, Health and Title insurers do not use the lines markt with an asterisk, Lines 0799999, 1599999, 2399999 and 3199999 must be used. All subtotal lines (0899999, 16999, 9, 24, 9999, 3299999) and the grand total line 3399999 apply to all insurers.

## Mortgages in Good Standing:

Farm Mortgages* 0199999

Residential Mortgages — All Other* .................................................... ..... ............................................. 0399999
Commercial Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*......................... ...................................................... 0499999
Commercial Mortgages — All Other* ...................................... .............................................................. 0599999
Mezzanine Loans*............................................................... ........ ............................................................. 0699999
Mortgages in Good Standing Not Shown on Lines 0199999 th ugh v699999 ............................................. 0799999
Total Mortgages in Good Standing (sum of 0199999 tb ough 075 - 999)........................................................ 0899999

## Restructured Mortgages:

Farm Mortgages* ................................................. .................................................................................... 0999999
Residential Mortgages — Insured or Guà teed*... ................................................................................... 1099999
Residential Mortgages — All Other*............. ... ...................................................................................... 1199999
Commercial Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteev ....................................................................................... 1299999
Commercial Mortgages — All Other ............................................................................................................ 1399999
Mezzanine Loans*........................................................................................................................................ 1499999
Restructured Mortgages Not S Jwir $\mathrm{q}^{2}$ L.ies 0999999 through 1499999..................................................... 1599999
Total Restructured Mor ages sum of $) 999999$ through 1599999).............................................................. 1699999
Mortgages with Overdue Interest Ove ${ }^{\circ} 0$ Days, Not in the Process of Foreclosure:
Farm Mortgages* ․ ...................................................................................................................................... 1799999
Residential Mortares - Vsured or Guaranteed*.......................................................................................... 1899999
Residential M Itgagt — All Other* .............................................................................................................. 1999999
Comme ial M rrtgag , — Insured or Guaranteed*....................................................................................... 2099999
Commercla Moriz_ es — All Other* ............................................................................................................. 2199999
M _in I n. **........................................................................................................................................... 2299999
Mort ges with Overdue Interest Over 90 Days, Not in the Process of Foreclosure No hown on Lines 1799999 through 2299999

2399999
Total Mortyages with Overdue Interest Over 90 Days, Not in the Process of Foreclosure (sum of 1799999 through 2399999)

2499999

## Mortgages in the Process of Foreclosure:

Farm Mortgages* 2599999
Residential Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*.......................................................................................... 2699999
Residential Mortgages - All Other*
2799999
Commercial Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed*........................................................................................ 2899999
Commercial Mortgages — All Other* ............................................................................................................ 2999999
Mezzanine Loans*............................................................................................................................................ 3099999
Mortgages in the Process of Foreclosure Not Shown on Lines 2599999 through 3099999 ........................... 3199999
Total Mortgages in the Process of Foreclosure (sum of 2599999 through 3199999)..................................... 3299999
(sum of 0899999, 1699999, 2499999 and 3299999) $\qquad$ 3399999

## Mortgages in good standing:

## Total Mortgages

This section applies to loans on which all the original basic terms of the loan are ing met by the borrowers. It also includes loans on which all the basic terms of refinancing agreements at cu ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{m}$ met terms are being met by the borrowers. Insured or guaranteed loans are considered to be only thos ed or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the National Housing Act of Canada or $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{J}}$ + e Vet ans Administration. For loans subject to a participation agreement, include only the reporting entity’s sbare f boo value/recorded investment excluding accrued interest.

## Mortgages with restructured terms:

Restructured loans include commercial mortgage loan on which ane basic terms such as interest rate, maturity date,
 those loans whose basic terms are being met in au ordanco with the restructuring agreement. A maturing balloon mortgage that has been refinanced or exter cu a helo current market terms should be classified as a restructured loan. (A maturing balloon mortgage the has be retinanced or extended at current market terms should be considered a performing loan.) Current arket ter is are loan terms where the borrower pays a current market interest rate consistent with the collateral, ma. rity ate, and other terms of the mortgage.

A mortgage loan will no longer be or asidered in this category when one or more of the following events occur:
The loan is paid in $\mathrm{fu}^{y}$ or o ermse retired.
The loan becomb delin under the terms of the restructure agreement.
The loan is in the process of foreclosure.
The bormoner cesumed the original contractual terms on the current loan balance including payments, intere trate and loan duration. The borrower must have also made cash payments of any interest or rinc al for sone during the restructure.

If fare the are met, a loan will no longer be considered as restructured when all of the following conditions exis.

The loan-to-value ratio based upon the current appraisal cannot be greater than $80 \%$. Additionally, the loan-to-value ratio cannot be greater than the state of domicile’s limits for first mortgages. An independent appraiser must perform the current appraisal. The appraisal requirement does not apply to individual loans the lesser of $\$ 1$ million or $5 \%$ of capital and surplus. The aggregate of such exempted loans must not exceed $15 \%$ of total long-term mortgage holdings.

AND

The coupon rate after restructuring is a current market rate. Such coupon rates should be consistent with the coupon rate on new commercial mortgages of comparable terms made by the reporting entity in the quarter in which the restructure date occurred, or:

On the restructure date, not be less than the quarterly average of new commercial mortgage loan rates of loans of comparable terms from the Survey of Mortgage Commitments of Commercial Properties by the American Council of Life Insurers (ACLI), by more than $1 / 2$ of a percentage point difference.

AND

The restructured mortgage loan performs according to the new terms for at least two $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ ars.

## Mortgages with overdue interest over 90 days not in the process of foreclosure:

Show individually mortgages upon which interest is overdue more than 90 day or $u_{1}$ an maxes or other liens are delinquent more than one year.

## Mortgages in process of foreclosure:

This section applies to loans in the process of being foreclosed or lender. It also includes loans in which transfer of title is awaiting $\mathrm{e}_{\lambda_{1}}$ ir tion o redemption or moratorium period.

## SCHEDULE B - PART 1

## MORTGAGE LOANS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Report separately all mortgage loans owned and backed by real estate. Include non-conventional mortgage loans (e.g., loans that can be increased to their maximum loan value without incurring the cost of writing a new mortgage). Also include mezzanine real estate loans. For accounting and admission guidance related to mezzanine real estate loans, refer to SSAP No. 83-Mezzanine Real Estate Loans. Collateralized Mortgage Obligations, (residential mortgage-backed securities), should be included in Schedule D.

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follows:

## Column 1 - Loan Number

Report the mortgage loan number assigned by the reporting ontity. For fy eign denominated mortgages, indicate the principal indebtedness amount in its local currern

Column 2 - Code
Enter " $\wedge$ " in this column for all assets that are bifurcated betw n the rsulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If mortgage loans are not under the exclusive contro of th company as shown in the General Interrogatories, it is to be identified by placing ne fth symbols identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.

## Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asse betw ane sulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the " $\wedge$ " sh uld ann ar first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Invest cirt hea les General Instructions).

Column 3 - City
For mortgages in the US., list clı. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the mortgage is outside the U.S., indice the city or province.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ State
For mortga s in states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation fo U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. state territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations availa, in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

Column 5


If trum was made to an officer or director of the reporting entity/subsidiary/affiliate, enter "E". If loan was made directly to a subsidiary or affiliate enter "S". Otherwise, leave the column blank.

Column 6 Date Acquired

State date mortgage was acquired.


## ** Columns 16 through 19 will be electronic only.

## Column 16 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any mortgagor as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

## Column 17 - Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP cod atr not the ZIP +4 code. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessi s, use ut country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the undern, ing properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowes valut assuciated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal cod 5150. 68104,E4 7SD).


## SCHEDULE B - PART 2

## MORTGAGE LOANS ACQUIRED AND ADDITIONS MADE DURING YEAR

Report individually all mortgage loans acquired or transferred from another category (e.g., joint ventures, Schedule BA) but also any increases or additions to mortgage loans acquired or transferred in the current and prior periods. Mortgages acquired and disposed during the same year should be reported in both Part 2 and Part 3. Include non-conventional mortgage loans (e.g., loans that can be increased to their maximum loan value without incurring the cost of writing a new mortgage). Also include mezzanine real estate loans. For accounting and admission guidance related to mezzanine real estate loans, refer to SSAP No. 83-Mezzanine Real Estate Loans. Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (residential mortgage-backed securities) should be included in Schedule D.

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follows:
Column $1 \quad-\quad$ Loan Number
Report the mortgage loan number assigned by the reporting tity. or foreign denominated mortgages, indicate the principal indebtedness amount in its local urren ${ }^{2}$


For mortgages in the U.S., list city. If the city outside the U.S., indicate the city or province.


Column 7 - ctual ost at Time of Acquisition
Repu he actual amount loaned for the mortgages at the time the asset was originally acquired. The of acquiring the assets includes any additional amounts that are to be capitalized. Accordingly, there may be a premium or discount on such loans resulting from a difference between the amount paid and the principal amount. Do not include additional expenditures after the time of initial acquisition. These amounts are reported in Column 8.

Report additional amounts that increased the mortgage during the year subsequent to the time the asset was originally acquired, e.g., increases in the loan. Include additional loans on mortgages that were subsequently disposed during the year.

Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Value of Land and Buildings
Report the appraisal value of the property (for land and buildings). For loans subject to a participation agreement, include only the reporting entity's pro rata share of the appraised value as it relates to the reporting entity's interest in the mortgage loan.

## ** Columns 10 through 13 will be electronic only. **

Column 10 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any mor gor a assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave lank.


State the date the mortgage loan matures.

## SCHEDULE B - PART 3

## MORTGAGE LOANS DISPOSED, TRANSFERRED OR REPAID DURING THE YEAR

Report individually each mortgage that has had decreases in the balance as a result of being closed by repayment, partial repayment, disposed or transferred to another category (e.g., real estate, Schedule A). Do not report individual partial repayments, but aggregate all partial repayments by mortgage loan.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.


A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follow



For individual properties, state date mortgage was disposed using MM/DD/YYYY format. For mortgages transferred to another category and mortgages with partial payments, this column should not be completed.


Report the amount received during the year on mortgages disposed, including partial pay-downs of mortgages, sale of the mortgage or through transfer to another category (e.g., Schedule A). For those mortgages transferred to another category, only report the amount received for the period up to the time the loan was transferred.

| Column $16-$ | Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Disposal |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Enter the foreign currency exchange gain or loss. |
| Column $17-\quad$ Realized Gain (Loss) on Disposal |  |  |

Report the amount of any market gain or loss realized from the transfer, sale or maturity.
Exclude: $\quad$ Foreign currency gain (loss) reported in Column 16.

| Column $18-\quad$ Total Gain (Loss) on Disposal |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Enter the sum of Column 16 foreign exchange gain or loss, and Column 17 realized ain or loss. |

## ** Columns 19 through 22 will be electronic only. **

Column 19 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any morto ror as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, lea blant


The postal code(s) reported in this column should en th_ location of the underlying property. For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possess ns, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP +4 code. If the mortgage is located outside the $\delta$. sta 's, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal co should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code listed highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by


For property type, use one of the fowing codes to indicate the primary use of the property:





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## SCHEDULE BA - PARTS 1, 2 AND 3

## OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS - GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Include only those classes of invested assets not clearly or normally includable in any other invested asset schedule. Such assets should include any assets previously written off for book purposes, but which still have a market or investment value. Give a detailed description of each investment and the underlying security. If an asset is to be recorded in Schedule BA that is normally reported in one of the other invested asset schedules, make full disclosure in the Name or Description column of the reason for recording such an asset in Schedule BA.

For accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations, refer to SSAP No. 23_ Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, catea ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$, 0 subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the sp cified ubtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

## Group or Category

Line Number


Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Lic ility Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:
Fixed Income Instr__ .nnts
Unaffilintod ............................................................................................................................... 1399999
Affil ted... ......................................................................................................................................... 1499999
Common toc
Una. i iated ......................................................................................................................................... 1599999
ก1т d................................................................................................................................................. 1699999
Real Es te
Uiraffiliated ............................................................................................................................................ 1799999
Affiliated ................................................................................................................................................ 1899999
Mortgage Loans
Unaffiliated ......................................................................................................................................... 1999999
Affiliated .............................................................................................................................................. 2099999
Other
Unaffiliated ...................................................................................................................................... 2199999
Affiliated .............................................................................................................................................. 2299999


The following listing is intended to give examples of investments to be included in each category; however the list should not be considered all inclusive, and it should not be implied that any invested asset currently being reported in Schedules A, B or D is to be reclassified to Schedule BA:

## Oil and Gas Production

Include: Offshore oil and gas leases.

## Transportation Equipment

Include: $\quad$ Aircraft owned under leveraged lease agreements. Motor Vehicle Trust Certificates.

## Mineral Rights

Include: Investments in extractive materials.
Timber Deeds.
Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that Have the Underlying Charac istics of a Bond, Mortgage Loan or Other Fixed Income Instrument

Investments that fit into one of the other categories shou be ported in those categories and not as fixed or variable interest rate investments that hav the unde ying characteristics of a bond, mortgage loan or other fixed income instrument. As exam s (noin nclusive), collateral loans shall be reported in the designated collateral loan reporting lin (25 (79 or 269999) and surplus notes shall be reported in the designated capital notes reporting lines $2999 \gtrdot 9$ or 309999), although these items could be perceived to have underlying characterist es of hontr or other fixed income instruments.

Include: Fixed income instrum th that are not corporate or governmental unit obligat is heat D) or secured by real property (Schedule B).

For L and Fr ternal Insurers:
Any, investments deemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of a bond or other fixed income instrument which qualify for Filing Exemption or that have been reviewed and approved by the Securities Valuation Office (SVO) within this category.

## For Life and Fraternal Insurers:

Any investments deemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of a bond or other fixed income investment, but for which the Securities Valuation Office (SVO) has not yet affirmed that the specific BA investment (identified by CUSIP) fits in this category (as identified in the NAIC Valuation of Securities). Until affirmed by the SVO, report these BA investments in the category for "Any Other Class of Assets."

## Fixed Income Instruments

Investments that fit into one of the other categories should be reported in those categories and not as joint ventures or partnership interests for which the primary underlying investments are considered to be fixed income instruments. As examples (non-inclusive), collateral loans shall be reported in the designated collateral loan reporting lines (259999 or 269999) and surplus notes shall be reported in the designated capital notes reporting lines (299999 or 309999), although these items could be perceived to have underlying characteristics of bonds or other fixed income instruments.

Include: Leveraged Buy-out Fund.
A fund investing in the "Z" strip of Collateralized M itgage Obingations.
For Life and Fraternal Insurers:

Exclude:
Any investments deemed by the repting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of fixed H vome instruments which qualify for Filing Exemption or that ho bee reviewed and approved by the Securities Valuation Offic an in this category.

For Life and Fraternal Insurers:
Any investments feemeu by the reporting entity to possess the underlying Ch acter tics of fixed income instruments, but for which the Securities Va ation Office (SVO) has not affirmed that the specific BA inves nent (idterufied by CUSIP) fits in this subcategory. Until affi, ned ne SVO, report these BA investments in the "Other" subcal ory oft is category.

## Common Stocks

Include:
Venture nita Funds.
Real Estate
Include:

## Other

Include: Limited partnership interests in oil and gas production.
Forest product partnerships.
Investments within the Joint Venture and Partnership Interests category that do not qualify for inclusion in the "Fixed Income Instruments," "Common Stocks," "Real Estate" or "Mortgage Loans" subcategories.

Reporting should be consistent with the corresponding risk $\square$ capital factor for this investment category (i.e., Other Long-Term Assets,

## For Life and Fraternal Insurers:

## Surplus Debentures, etc.

Include:

## Collateral Loans

That portion of any subor 'ated lin 'ebtedness, surplus debenture, surplus note, debenture note, prem. in ne note, bond, or other contingent evidence of indebtedness that is repor $d$ in the surplus of the issuer.

This includes investments believed by theng entity to have the underlying characteristics of "Fixed come vstruments" but which do not qualify for Filing Exemption nd H venot been reviewed by the SVO, as well as those that have bee reviewed by the SVO and were determined to have the u. derlyir, characteristics of "Other" instruments.


Include:

## Non-collateral Loans

Refer troorn No. 1-Other Admitted Assets for a definition of collateral loans. In tb descripts n column, the name of the actual borrower and state if the borron $r$ is a pa ent, subsidiary, affiliate, officer or director. Also include the type of co 'ter held.


$\stackrel{1}{5}$
prrposes of this section, non-collateral loans are considered the unpaid pc tion of loans previously made to another organization or individual in which reporting entity has a right to receive money for the loan, but for which the reporting entity has not obtained collateral to secure the loan. Non-collateral loans shall not include those instruments that meet the definition of a bond, per SSAP No. 26R—Bonds, a mortgage loan per SSAP No. 37—Mortgage Loans, loan-backed or structured securities per SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities, or a policy or contract loan per SSAP No. 49—Policy Loans.

In the description column, provide the name of the actual borrower. For affiliated entities, state if the borrower is a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, officer or director. Refer to SSAP No. 20—Nonadmitted Assets and SSAP No. 25Affiliates and Other Related Parties for accounting guidance.

## Capital Notes

Include:
The portion of any capital note that is reported on the line for capital notes of the issuing insurance reporting entity.

## Low Income Housing Tax Credit

Include:

All Low Income Housing Tax Credit Investments (LIHTC or affordable housing) that are in the form of a Limited Partnership or a Limited Liability Company including those investments that have the following risk mitigation factors:
A. Guaranteed Low Income Housing Tax Credit Investments. There must be an all-inclusive guarantee from a CRP-rated entity that guarantees the yield on the investment.
B. Non-guaranteed Low Income Housing Tax Credit Inv tments.
I. A level of leverage below $50 \%$. For a 1 HTO Fund, the level of leverage is measured at the fund leveì
II. There is a Tax Credit Guarantee A , emem from General Partner or managing member. This agreem tt re ins the General Partner or managing member to reimburse ilt stors for any shortfalls in tax credits due to errors of complia, ce, for me life of the partnership. For a LIHTC Fund, a Tax Credinara is required from the developers of the lower tier LIH' roper, s to the upper tier partnership and all other LIHTC invesuments.
III. There are suffici t oper ing reserves, capital replacement reserves and/or opera, ${ }^{\text {st }}$ it guarantees present to mitigate foreseeable foreclosure risk a the time of the investment.

Non-qualifying LIHTCs should be 2 epor


[^8]
## Working Capital Finance Investment

Include: Investh nts in interest in a Confirmed Supplier Receivables (CSR) under a Working in $\quad$ a Finance Program (WCFP) that is designated by the SVO as ${ }^{r}$ eting the criteria specified in the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the

AIC Investment Analysis Office for an NAIC " 1 " or "2."

## ( rking Capital Finance Program (WCFP)

Open account program under which an Investor may purchase interests, or evidence thereof, in commercial non-insurance receivables. A
 WFCP is created for the benefit of a commercial investment grade obligor and its suppliers of goods or services, and facilitated by a financial intermediary.

## Confirmed Supplier Receivables (CSR)

A first priority perfected security interest claim or right to payment of a monetary obligation from the Obligor arising from the sale of goods or services from the Supplier to the Obligor the payment of which the Obligor has confirmed by representing and warranting that it will not protest, delay, or deny, nor offer nor assert any defenses against, payment to the supplier or any party taking claim or right to payment from the supplier.

See SSAP No. 105—Working Capital Finance Investments for accounting guidance.

## Any Other Class of Assets

Include: Investments that do not fit into one of the other categories. An example of items that may be included are reverse mortgages.

## For Life and Fraternal Insurers:

This includes investments believed by the reporting entity to fit the category of "Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that Have the Underlying Characteristics of a Bond, Mortgage Loan or Other Fixed Income Instrument," but which do not qualify for F Allty ${ }^{8}$ Exemption and have not been reviewed by the SVO, as well as hose th. ${ }^{t}$ have been reviewed by the SVO and were determined to he " ry y Other Class of Assets."

## SCHEDULE BA - PART 1

## OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Refer to SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accounting guidance.
Column 1 - CUSIP Identification
This column must be completed by Life and Fraternal insurers that file Schedule BA investments with the Securities Valuation Office.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are availab from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has reated a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard \& Poor’s CUSIP Bu eau. r r foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CUSIP Bureau. www. usip.c $n /$ cusip/index.htm.

If no CUSIP number exists, the CUSIP field should be zero-filled.
Column $2-\quad$ Name or Description
Show name of the asset, such as the name of a limited pa not applicable, show description of the asset.

## Column 3 - Code

Enter " $\wedge$ " in this column for all assets that at ifuro ted between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If long-term invested assets are int un exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, it is to be tentif: by placing one of the symbols identified in the Investment Schedules Gene 1 Mm uct ns in this column.

Separate Account Filing O. 'v:
If the asset is a bifurcated asse wotween the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account ${ }^{f \cdot}$ ng, the " $\wedge$ " should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the It astment Schedules General Instructions).

Column 4 - City
For real estate artnerships or joint ventures located in the United States, list city. If the city is unkl $V^{-n}$, indicate he county. If the investment is outside the U.S., indicate city or province. For other BA ano types, use the city of incorporation. If no city of incorporation, use the city of administrative

Column 5 offin - s ate
real estate partnerships or joint ventures located in U.S. states, territories and possessions report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for the U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the investment is outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

Column $6 \quad-\quad$ Name of Vendor or General Partner
Provide the name of the entity from which the property was acquired, or the name of the General Partner of the fund. For internal transfers, indicate "internal transfer" in lieu of a vendor name.

This column must be completed by Life and Fraternal insurers only. All other insurers may ignore this column and its instructions.

For Schedule BA investments with the underlying characteristics of a bond or a preferred stock instrument, insert the appropriate combination of the NAIC designation (1 through 6), administrative symbol and market indicator (A, J, K, L, U or V). List of valid administrative symbols are shown below.

Listing of valid NAIC designation, administrative symbol and market indicator $r$ inations can be found on the NAIC's website for the Securities Valuation Office (http://www.nair org/sh htm).

Following are valid administrative symbols for bonds and preferred stock, cerv to a Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office for the arolica on of ti ese symbols.

Column 8 - Date Originally Acquired
State the date the investment $\mathrm{w}_{\text {u }}$ orig ally acquired.
Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Type and Strategy
Enter the numbe ich est describes the investment (applies to investments such as limited partnership and ledge i nds. If none applies, leave blank):

1. Privane ruity. Venture capital

2 Private equıy: Mezzanine financing
3. PI rate equity: LBOs
4. I dge fund: Global macro

Hedge fund: Merger arbitrage
7. Hedge fund: Fixed income arbitrage
8. Hedge fund: Convertible arbitrage
9. Hedge fund: Futures/Options/foreign exchange arbitrage
10. Hedge fund: Sector investing
11. Hedge fund: Distressed securities
12. Hedge fund: Emerging markets
13. Hedge fund: Multi-strategy


This amount represents depreciation expense for the period (where appropriate), amortization of premium and the accrual of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income. See Column 13 for discussion of an unrealized valuation increase (decrease) where the real estate is carried at fair value and (depreciation) and/or (amortization)/accretion has been recorded.


## ** Columns 21 through 26 will be electronic only. **

Column $21-\quad$ Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code
Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.

```
"1" for Level 1
```

"2" for Level 2
"3" for Level 3
The following is a listing of the valid method indicators to show men used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.
"a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pricing rvice
"b" for securities where the rate is determined by ock ex hange.
"c" for securities where the rate is determin v a o oker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing blicy any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker it en be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selling surittus or be an underwriter of the security being valued. (Reporting entities shal aulize so ce "c" to capture any other method used by the reporting entity to obtair obs wa puts resulting in a hierarchy Level 1 or Level 2. Documentation of this sourc thall the be included in Column 22.)
"d" for securities whe the rato is determined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintà a record the pricing methodology used.
"e" for securities where the ic is determined by the unit price published in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combinati chitrchy and method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed firt an the mod used to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use " 1 b " to " 0 "evel for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fail qlue.

The s dance in SSAP No. 100R—Fair Value allows the use of net asset value per share (NAV) instead of fair va e for certain investments. If NAV) is used instead of fair value leave blank.

For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.
For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.

## The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:

## www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.
For Method Code "d," leave blank.
For Method Code "e," leave blank.
If net asset value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the re rting on the should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.

Column $23-\quad$ Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LED for ny is uer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigne, lo ve bı, nk.

## Column 24 - Postal Code

Use only for securities included in the fo ${ }^{\circ}$ owino subvotal lines.
Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investin the thave the Underlying Characteristics of:
Mortgage Loans
Unaffiliated
0999999
Affiliated.
1099999
Joint Venture, Partn hip or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristio of:

postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. Outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

Property Type
Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.
Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:
Mortgage Loans
Unaffiliated
0999999
Affiliated.
1099999
Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that hre
Underlying Characteristics of:

Column 26

the date the mortgage loan matures.

## SCHEDULE BA - PART 2

## OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS ACQUIRED AND ADDITIONS MADE DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only those newly acquired long-term invested assets, but also any increases or additions to long-term invested assets acquired in the current and prior periods, including, for example, capital calls from existing limited partnerships.

Column $1 \quad-\quad$ CUSIP Identification
This column must be completed by Life and Fraternal insurers that file Scher ate A investments with the Securities Valuation Office.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are av flable from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, he N IC ha created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CNSIP vrea or foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CUSIP Burea www. sip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no CUSIP number exists, the CUSIP field should be zero-filled.
Column $2-\quad$ Name or Description
Show name of the asset, such as the name of a limited pa ners p. If not applicable, show description of the asset.

Column 3 - City
For real estate partnerships or joint ve cures locurd in the United States, list city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If th inv nit outside the U.S., indicate city or province. For other BA asset types, use the city of incorp Эtion I I $^{\text {s }}$ no city of incorporation, use the city of administrative office.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ State
Report the two-character U.S. posi. abbreviation for state for U.S. states, territories and possessions. For foreign countries, "port the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix on hese instructions.
Column 5 - Name of V indor or Gens al Partner
Provide the nat of the entity from which the property was acquired, or the name of the General Part r of the funa. For internal transfers, indicate "internal transfer" in lieu of a vendor name.

Column $6 \quad-\quad$ Dato Orig ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\text {la }}$ y Acquired
te the date the investment was originally acquired.


## ** Columns 12 through 15 will be electronic only.

## Column 12 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

## Column 13 - Postal Code

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.
Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Charactericticu f:


The postal code(s) reported this lumn should reflect the location of the underlying property. For U.S. states, territories and ossessions, se the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. Outside the U.S. states, territories and po essions use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the unt orl ing properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest y lue associared with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postar ${ }^{\text {des }}$ and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.
Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:
Mortgage Loans
Unaffiliated
0999999
Affiliated.


Column 15

```
_
```


## Maturity Date

Use only for acuin ; cluded in the following subtotal lines.
Fixed or Variable mterest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:
Mor rage Loans


Unaffiliated
0999999
Affiliated................................................................................................................ 1099999
the date the mortgage loan matures.

## SCHEDULE BA - PART 3

## OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS DISPOSED, TRANSFERRED OR REPAID DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only disposals of an entire "other invested asset", but should also include partial disposals and amounts received during the year on investments still held, including, for example, return of capital distributions from limited partnerships.

Column 1 - CUSIP Identification
This column must be completed by Life and Fraternal insurers that file Scher ate A investments with the Securities Valuation Office.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are av fable from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, he N IC ha created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CNSIP vrea or foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CUSIP Burea www. 'sip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no CUSIP number exists, the CUSIP field should be zero-filled.
Column $2-\quad$ Name or Description
Show name of the asset, such as the name of a limited pa ners p. If not applicable, show description of the asset.

Column 3 - City
For real estate partnerships or joint ver ares locared in the U.S., list city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the investm it is le U.S., indicate city or province. For other BA asset types, use the city of incorporation. If city ncorporation, use the city of administrative office.

Column 4 - State
Report the two-character U.S. p tal obreviation for state for U.S. states, territories and possessions. For foreign countries, report the theee-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix f these instructions.

Column $5-\quad$ Name of Purchas or tur of Disposal investment was therwise disposed of.

State the date the asset was originally acquired.

## Column 7 - Disposal Date

State the date the investment was sold or otherwise transferred or repaid. Reporting entities may total on one line if the investment is repaid on more than one date, and should utilize the date of last repayment in those cases.

Column 8 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances, Prior Year
Report the balance at December 31 of the prior year.
 in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrving or ha ing carried (in the previous year) the security at Fair Value. This includes a reversal of the lis unn lized amount at the date of disposal. See SSAP No. 48—Joint Ventures, Partnerships, and mited $\downarrow$ ability Companies for accounting guidance.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealim capital gains (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Su prus Account (Page 4 - Life, Property, Fraternal \& Title and Page 5 - Health).

Include: The dif nerr bet en the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the $C$ rent year Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column. Calculate as current year Fair Val e minus prior year Fair Value minus current year (Depreck ion or (Amortization)/Accretion.

Column $10-\quad$ Current Year's (Depre ation) or (Amortization)/Accretion
This amount rep esert dt ${ }_{\text {preciation }}$ expense for the period (where appropriate), amortization of premium id th accru l of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as crean investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization or remium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income. See column 9 for (iscussion of an unrealized valuation increase (decrease) where the real estate is carried at fair value d (depreciation) and/or (amortization)/accretion has been recorded.

Column 11 - Carrent Year’s Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
If truwoset has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount . the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.


## ** Columns 21 through 24 will be electronic only.

## Column 21 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

## Column 22 - Postal Code

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.
Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Charactericticu $f$ :


The postal code(s) reported this lumn should reflect the location of the underlying property. For U.S. states, territories and ossessions, se the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. Outside the U.S. states, territories and po essions use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the unt orl ing properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest $y$ lue assoclated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example of two U.S nos ${ }^{\text {º }}$ codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).


Property Type
Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.
Fixed or Variable Interest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:
Mortgage Loans
Unaffiliated
0999999
Affiliated.
1099999
Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that hre
Underlying Characteristics of:


1999999
Affiliated...................................................................................................... 2099999

Column 24
-
Real Estate
Mortgage Loans
Unaffiliated $\qquad$

Fixed or Variable nterest Rate Investments that have the Underlying Characteristics of:
Mo rage Loans


Unaffiliated
0999999
Affiliated................................................................................................................ 1099999
the date the mortgage loan matures.


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## SCHEDULE D - PART 1

## LONG-TERM BONDS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Bonds are to be grouped as listed below and each category arranged alphabetically (securities included in U.S. States, Territories and Possessions; U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions; and U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions should be listed with a state abbreviation in the column provided for electronic data capture).

Refer to SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations.

Short Sales:
Selling a security short is an action by a reporting entity that results with the i orting entity recognizing proceeds from the sale and an obligation to deliver the sold security. For sonto accounting purposes, obligations to deliver securities resulting from short sales shall be reported contra 'ssets (negative assets) in the investment schedule, with an investment code in the code column deriling the item as a short sale. The obligation (negative asset) shall be initially reflected at fair value, with cm ges in fair value recognized as unrealized gains and losses. These unrealized gains and losses shall be lized ron settlement of the short sale obligation. Interest on short sale positions shall be accrued periodic ana orted as interest expense.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following requil cat gories or subcategories described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions, it shall report the $\mathrm{ab}_{\mathrm{b}}$ tal a rount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the me man yer and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)
Issuer Obligations ..... 1199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 1499999
Subtotals - U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed) ..... 1799999
U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)
Issuer Obligations ..... 1899999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1999999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2099999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 2199999
Subtotals - U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed) ..... 2499999
U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteea
Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Sul Jivisio
Issuer Obligations ..... 2599999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2699999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2799999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 2899999
Subtotals - U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessmen Ob igath 's and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agenci ana uthori es of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions ..... 3199999
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)Issuer Obligations.3299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Secirities ..... 3599999
Subtotals - Industrial and Miscellaneous (o affil d) ..... 3899999
Hybrid Securities
Issuer Obligations ..... 4299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Secu ties ..... 4399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securı ..... 4499999
Other Loan-Backed and Str ctured Securities ..... 4599999
Subtotals - Hybrid Securitic ..... 4899999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affili?
Issuer Obligati is. ... .......... ..... 4999999
Residential Mor , ge-b a Securities ..... 5099999
Commercial Mortga ${ }_{8}$-Backed Securities ..... 5199999
Other Ld $n$-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 5299999
Subtotals - rent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates ..... 5599999
SVO Identified
Exch nge Tr led Funds - as Identified by the SVO ..... 5899999
b nd in tou Funds - as Identified by the SVO ..... 5999999
Subu als - SVO Identified Funds ..... 6099999
Bann oans
?nk Loans - Issued ..... 6399999
Bank Loans - Acquired. ..... 6499999
Subtotals - Bank Loans ..... 6599999

## Total Bonds

Subtotals - Issuer Obligations ..... 7799999
Subtotals - Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 7899999
Subtotals - Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 7999999
Subtotals - Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 8099999
Subtotals - SVO Identified Funds ..... 8199999
Subtotals - Bank Loans ..... 8299999
Subtotals - Total Bonds ..... 8399999

List all bonds and certificates of deposit owned December 31, of current year, except bonds and certif tes of deposit in banks or other similar financial institutions with maturity dates or repurchase dates under repurchase ao eeme of one year or less from the acquisition date. Exclude cash equivalents as described in SSAP No. 2R-Cash, Cash Fquivalents, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments with original maturities of three months or less.

The security identifier reported (Column 1 for CUSIP, CINS, PPN or Column 33 for ISIN) mast the me as the identifier used when filing securities with the NAIC pursuant to the Purposes and Procedures Marn of mAIC Investment Analysis Office instructions.

## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ CUSIP Identification

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly isst ecur es are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placmein securi es, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standara \& Po ${ }^{\prime}$, CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard \& Poo, s Cu IP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN number exi then port a valid ISIN (Column 33) security number. The CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

Column 2 - Description
Give a description of all bo ds owIt As,appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that ru orted in C umn 31, Issuer and Column 32, Issue. This does not preclude the company from including additi aal detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be used as né

For Bond Mutual Funa - as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by the SVO, enter the cete ame of the fund. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include dat con stent th that reported.

For Certifi $A$, of Dcposit Account Registry Service (CDARs) or other similar services that have a maturity of great than one year, individually list the various banking institutions that are financially respo ble for honoring certificates of deposit. As appropriate, the name of the name of the banking institutio should follow from the registry of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (F 1L ) (www.ffiec.gov/nicpubweb/nicweb/SearchForm.aspx).

FO. Is (Collateralized Debt Obligations) or CLOs (Collateralized Loan Obligations), indicate what . CDO/CLO collateral is, such as high-yield bonds, corporate loans, etc. If the collateral is of mixed lype, indicate "Mix," in addition to the largest type of collateral in the mix. If the collateral is derived synthetically, indicate "synthetic."

```
Column 3 - Code
```

Enter "*" in this column for all SVO Identified Funds designated for systematic value.
Enter "@" in this column for all Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds.
Enter "\$" in this column for Certificates of Deposit under the FDIC limit.
Enter " $\&$ " in this column for TBA (To Be Announced) securities.
Enter " $\wedge$ " in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If bonds are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the $G$ eral Irmerrogatories, they are to be identified by placing one of the codes identified in the Investmant hedules General Instructions in this column.

If the security is an SVO Identified Fund designated for system tic Va e, ricipal STRIP bond or other zero coupon bond, Certificates of Deposit under the FDIC lrat or a TBA (To Be Announced) security and is not under the exclusive control of the company, th""*", จ" "\$" or "\&" should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in th Investment Schedules General Instructions).

## Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the in ila $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{p}}$, rate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the " $\wedge$ " should appe first an may be used simultaneously with the"*", "@", "\$" or "\&" with the "^" preceding soth characters ("*", "@", "\$" or "\&") depending on the asset being reported, immediatelv fo wed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Ins ${ }^{+}$uctions).

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Foreign
Insert the appropriate cod in the co imn based on the list provided in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Bond Characteristics
If bonds have one or are of the following characteristics, then list the appropriate number(s) separated by com nas. none of the characteristics apply, then leave the column blank.

1. Bonce at arcallable at the discretion of the issuer, provided that in no instance will the call price be $b$ 'ow par, based on a specified formula for the payoff amount (generally discounting ature cash flows at then current interest rates which is generally referred to as a "make whole ca' provision").
nds that are callable at the discretion of the issuer, provided that in no instance will the call py ce be below par with a specified payoff amount based on a fixed schedule.
Bonds that are callable at the discretion of the issuer at a price that can be less than par.
Bonds in which the timing of payments of principal, as well as the amounts and timing of payments of interest, can vary based on a pool of underlying assets or an index. This should include agency and non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS); some commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS); as well as similar loan-backed or structured securities. This excludes those flagged with \#1, 2 or 3.
2. Variable coupon bonds where the interest payments vary during the life of the transaction, but NOT as is typical based on a fixed spread over a well-established interest rate index (such as LIBOR, prime rate or a government bond yield). (This includes coupons that vary based on the performance of indices that are not interest rate related, such as equity indices, commodity prices or foreign exchange rates. This also includes coupons where the spread to the index is not fixed for the entire life of the transaction. This excludes basic floating rate and adjustable rate notes with fixed spread over an interest rate index.)
3. Terms that may result in principal (or initial investment) not being repaid in full for reasons other than a payment default by the issuer or defaults within a pool of assets underlying a loan-backed or structured security. (This includes insurance-linked eect ities, such as catastrophe bonds, interest-only strips (IOs), mortgage-referenced transa ions or, other issuer obligations that are not actually backed by a pool of assets but where the ligation to pay is tied to an index or performance or a pool of assets.)
4. Bonds where the issuer's obligation to make payments is deter ine by eerformance of a different credit other than that of the issuer, which could eith affiliated or unaffiliated. (These securities are often referred to as credit-linked notes. 1 doe not include loan-backed or structured securities.)
5. Mandatory convertible bonds. Bonds that are mandat ily co rvertible into equity, or, at the option of issuer, convertible into equity, or whos ns ride for payment in the form of equity instead of cash.
6. Other types of options solely at the discret of issuer that could affect the timing or amount of payments of principal or interest not ou rwise reported in 1-8.

## Column $6 \quad-\quad$ NAIC Designation and Administrative Symb

Provide the appropriate NAIC designat on ough 6) and administrative symbol combination for each security. List of valid administrative symbs shown below.

Listing of valid NAIC des onation nd a.ministrative symbol combinations can be found on the NAIC's website for the Se rities Vall tion Office (www.naic.org/svo.htm).

For Bond Mutual Funds - as Idein ${ }^{\text {c }} \mathrm{d}$ by the SVO, enter 1.
Following are valid au. inistrative symbols for bonds. Refer to the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Invest $\quad+{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\text {ºn }}$ vsis Office for the application of these symbols.


Refer to the flow chart in the Investment Schedules General Instructions for instruction on how to determine the NAIC designation for structured securities.

This column should contain the actual consideration paid to purchase the security. The Actual Cost column amount should be adjusted for: pay downs and partial sales (both reported in Schedule D, Part 4) and subsequent acquisitions of the same issue (reported in Schedule D, Part 3). Actual cost will need to be adjusted due to "other-than-temporary impairments" recognized, for use when determining realized gain/(loss) at disposition.

Include: Brokerage and other related fees, to the extent they do not exceed the fair value at the date of acquisition.

Cost of acquiring the bond or stock including brok s coin nission and incidental expenses of effecting delivery, transaction fees on re-pooling of securities, and reductions for origination fees in endea to compensate the reporting entity for interest rate risks (i.e., poirns).

Accrued interest.
All other costs, including internal costs or co 's paid to an affiliated reporting entity related to origination, purchase comy mment to purchase bonds, are charged to expense when incurred.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Column } 8 \quad & \text { Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value } \\ & \text { Report rate used for determining fair valy } \\ & \begin{array}{l}\text { For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mu. } \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \quad \text { Falue or net asset value as of and Exchange Traded Funds), enter the per share fair }\end{array}$

For U.S. Treasury Inflation rndexed ecurities enter the VOS rate (provided in the Valuation of Securities) multiplied by the int ion atio.

## Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Fair Value

The fair value st rald oth price which, when multiplied by the notional amount (Column 10, Par Value) res its in the dol ir amount that would be received (excluding accrued interest) if the security was sold at

The ${ }^{〔}$ air value incruded in this column (calculated from the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value column) shoul e the amount used in any comparison of fair value to another valuation method (e.g., book valun or atized cost) that is prescribed by the accounting/valuation rules.

1 r loan jacked securities, the prospective or retrospective methods are used in determining amortized valu

Exclude: Accrued interest.
For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter the amount representing the number of shares owned at year-end times the rate specified in Column 8.

For U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Securities, Fair Value should utilize the VOS rate multiplied by the inflation ratio.

Enter the par value of the bonds owned adjusted for repayment of principal. For mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities, enter the par amount of principal to which the reporting entity has a claim. For interest only bonds without a principal amount on which the reporting entity has a claim, use a zero value. Enter the statement date par value for bonds with adjustable principal. An interest only bond with a small par amount of principal would use that amount.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter Zero (0).

## Column 11 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Securities excluding SVO Identified fund and mandatory convertible bonds:
This should be the amortized value or the lower of amortized variue of fair va le, depending upon the designation of the bond (and adjusted for any other-than-trmnor of the current reporting year.

Include: The original cost of acquiring the bond, incl ting brokerage and other related fees.

Amortization of premium or ac al of count, but not including any accrued interest paid thereon.

Amortization of deferred cas ination and commitment fees.
Deduct: A direct write-down fo a decline in the fair value of a bond that is other-than-tempor $y$.

All other costs, ncludin internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated reporting entity rate ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$. rination, purchase or commitment to purchase bonds, are char d to expu se when incurred. Cost should also be reduced by payments attribu d to the covery of cost.


NAIC esignation $1-5^{*}$ Enter amortized cost
NAIC Desgnation $6 \quad$ Enter the lower of fair value or amortized cost
For renting entities not maintaining an AVR:
JAIC Designations $1-2$ Enter amortized cost
NAIC Designations 3-6 Enter the lower of fair value or amortized cost
*NOTE: An exception exists for Treasury Inflation Adjusted Securities under INT 01-25, where the book/adjusted carrying value may include an unrealized gain. See INT 0125, Accounting for U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Securities, for accounting guidance.

## Mandatory Convertible Bonds:

The amount should be the lower of amortized cost or fair value during the period prior to conversion.

## SVO Identified Funds:

The amount should be fair value unless the reporting entity has designated a qualifying security for systematic value. The election of using systematic value is irrevocable.

NOTE: Use of systematic value is effective Dec. 31, 2017. This effective date requires entities to either report SVO-Identified investments at fair value on the effective date, or to identify the SVO-Identified investments with a code to identify use of systematic value. If the investment is coded for systematic value, the investment will be reported in the 2017 annual financial statements using the measurement method utilized throughout 2017. For these investments, beginning Jan. 1, 2018, reporting entity shall report the investment using the calculated systematic val meth detailed in SSAP No. 26R—Bonds.

Refer to SSAP No. 26R—Bonds.
For reporting entities maintaining an AVR:
NAIC Designation 1-5 Enter fair value or systematic ${ }^{\text {'ме }}$
NAIC Designation $6 \quad$ Enter fair value
For reporting entities not maintaining an AVR:
NAIC Designations 1-2 Enter fair value o syst nat value NAIC Designations 3-6 Enter fair valu

Column 12 - Unrealized Valuation crease/(Decrease)
The total unreal eu qlut ion increase/(decrease) for a specific security will be the change in Book/Adjy ted arrying Value that is due to carrying or having carried (in the previous year) the security at $\$$ Va Tus this amount could be:

The differenc due to changing from Amortized Cost in the previous year to Fair Value in the ent year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculated as current year Fair Value minu. current year Amortized Value);

The lifference of moving from Fair Value in the previous year to Amortized Cost in the current s Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculate as prior year Amortized Value minus prior year Fair Value); or

The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculate as current year Fair Value minus prior year Fair Value minus current year Accrual of Discount/(Amortization of Premium)).

Include
For SVO-identified funds, the change from the prior reported BACV to fair value/net asset value. If an SVO-identified fund no longer qualifies for systematic value, the difference from systematic value in prior year to fair value/net asset value in current year.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains or (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

This amount should equal the current reporting year's amortization of premium or accrual of discount (regardless of whether or not the security is currently carried at Amortized Cost). The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.

Include The (Amortization)/Accretion of SVO Identified Funds designated for reporting at systematic value.

## Column $14 \quad-\quad$ Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

If the security has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this olunt should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this colmn a to be eported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the calculat n or Income.

Column 15 - Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Valu
This is a positive or negative amount that is defined as the porm of thetal change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value for the year that is attributable to foreign $\rightarrow$ erences for a particular security. The amounts reported in this column should be inct $d$ d as $\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{t}}$ t unrealized foreign exchange capital gain/(loss) in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

Show rate of interest as stated on the face o the bond. Where the original stated rate has been renegotiated, show the latest modified rat . For long eerm bonds with a variable rate of interest, use the last rate of interest. For short-tern bon arious issues of the same issuer, use the last rate of interest. All information reported in thin field me be numeric value.

For SVO Identified Funds sond Mut $\mathfrak{l}$ Funds Exchange Traded Funds) and Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds, ter nums ic zero (0).

I r secu ties that pay interest annually, provide the first 3 letters of the month in which the interest is nalu (..g., JUN for June). For securities that pay interest semi-annually or quarterly, provide the first . or of each month in which interest is received (e.g., JD for June and December, and MJSD for March, June, September and December). For securities that pay interest on a monthly basis, include "MON" for monthly. Finally, for securities that pay interest at maturity, include "MAT" for maturity.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds Exchange Traded Funds) and Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds, enter N/A.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds) enter the amount of distributions received in cash or reinvested in additional shares.

Include: $\quad$ The proportionate share of interest directly related to the ecuritio reported in this schedule.

Report amounts net of foreign withholding tax.
Column 21 - Acquired Date
For public placements use trade date, not settlement date. For priv te placements, use funding date. Each issue of bonds or stocks acquired at public offerings on in. re tha one date may be totaled on one line and the date of last acquisition inserted.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and whan e Traded Funds), enter date of last purchase.

Column 22 - Stated Contractual Maturity Date
For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual unds.ana-xxchange Traded Funds), leave blank.
For perpetual bonds, enter 01/01/999s
For mandatory convertible onds use a conversion date.
** Columns 23 through 34 will be electronic only.


Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued (e.g., "MO" for Missouri).
U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Positions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued.
U.S. Special Revenue, Special Assessments Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued. Use "US" for federal agency issues.

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.
" 1 " for Level 1
"2" for Level 2
"3" for Level 3
The following is a listing of the valid method indicators for bonds to sh w the retnod used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.
" a " for securities where the rate is determined by a pricing serv
"b" for securities where the rate is determined by a stock exchario
"c" for securities where the rate is determined by custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing polio or any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must either ap roved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selling sec sith or an underwriter of the security being valued.
"d" for securities where the rate is determ ed by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of ae pricing nethodology used.
"e" for securities where the rate determ" ed by the unit price published in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combination of hiera hy and y ethod indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the method us to etermine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use " 1 b " to report Level 1 for the lur value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value.

The guidance in SAP $\quad$. $N 0$ ——Fair Value allows the use of net asset value per share (NAV) instead of fair vall for rrtain i vestments. If NAV is used instead of fair value, leave blank.

Column $25 \quad-\quad$ Source Used to ${ }^{2}$ btain Fair Value
For M, 'od Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.
or Me od Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.
the listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:

## www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.

For Method Code "d," leave blank.
For Method Code "e," leave blank.
If net asset value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the reporting entity should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)
Residential Mortgage-Backed/ Securities 3399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities 3499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities 3599999

Enter one of the following codes to indicate collateral type. Pick exactly one collataral type for each reported security. For securities that fit in more than one type, pick the predon nant ne. Judgment may need to be used when making selections involving prime, Alt-A and subp me, as here are no uniform definitions for these collateral types. In the description field, us thre tions like ABS, CDO or CLO to disclose the type of the loan-backed/structured security.

1 Residential Mortgage Loans/RMBS
Include all types of residential first lien mortgage loans s con + ral (e.g., prime, subprime, Alt-A).

2 Commercial Mortgage Loans/CMBS
Include all types of commercial mortgage ${ }^{\text {loarin as sllateral (e.g., conduits, single name, }}$ etc.).

3 Home Equity
 first liens and are deemeaioans indi iduals. Bonds that are collateralized by home equity loans/lines of credit are consit red ct-backed securities (ABS) rather than RMBS.

4 Individual Obliga ons - Crea Card, Auto, Student Loans and Recreational Vehicles
Include bonds collatera. er sy individual obligations. Do not include individual obligations that have a rea ${ }^{2}$ state aspect.

5 Corporate/Indus in Obligations - Tax Receivables, Utility Receivables, Trade Receivables, Small B sines Uoans, Commercial Paper

Ine, ${ }^{\text {lo }}$ e bollateralized by corporate or industrial obligations (sometimes referred to as comme ial obligations).

6
ease Transactions - Aircraft Leases, Equipment Leases and Equipment Trust Certificates
nclude bonds collateralized by leases. Equipment leases are loans on heavy equipment. Equipment trust certificates are certificates that entitle the holder to the lease payments on the underlying assets.

## CLO/CBO/CDO

Include bank loans, which securitize CLOs; investment grade and high-yield corporate bonds, which securitize CBOs; and corporate bonds and structured securities, which securitize CDOs.

Include manufactured housing loans and mobile home loans as collateral. These are not typical residential mortgage loans, and when they securitize bonds, they are considered ABS.

Real estate loans secured by the obligation of a single (usually investment grade) company to pay debt service by means of rental payments under a lease, where real estate is pledged as collateral also referred to as credit tenant lease, sale-leaseback or CTL.

Other
Include other collateral types that do not fit into categories 1 through 9.

## For Columns 27 through 29, make whole call information is not required.

## Column 27 - Call Date

Report the call date used to calculate the Effective Date of Maturity. If c ' ${ }^{\text {l }}$ date does not affect the Effective Date of Maturity field but exists, report the call date. If tl rr is can uate, leave blank.
Column 28 - Call Price

Report the call price used to calculate the Effective Date of turity if call price does not affect the Effective Date of Maturity field but exists, report the call It is no call price, leave blank.
Column 29 - Effective Date of Maturity
On bonds purchased at a premium, the maturity te pro cing the lowest amortized value should be used. See SSAP No. 26R-Bonds. For loarn ${ }^{1 / D a c h ~ d ~ a n d ~ s t r u c t u r e d ~ s e c u r i t i e s, ~ i n c l u d e ~ t h e ~ e f f e c t i v e ~}$ date of maturity that results from the estimat casi flows, incorporating appropriate prepayment assumptions. If call data does not affect th Leffectir Date of Maturity field, leave blank.

Column 30 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Le al Entity denvier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local


Column 31 - Issuer
Issuer Definition:
The name the gar entity that develops, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financ $q$ its perati ns and may be domestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. issur tegally responsible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, aterial developments and any other operational activities as required by the alations of their jurisdictions.
$\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{b}}$ orth entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- 3loomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S\&P/CUSIP
- Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documentation for the transaction. Issuer is the name of the legal entity that can be found on documents such as SEC Form 424B2, Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indentures, as appropriate. The name used should be as complete and detailed as possible to enable others to differentiate the legal entity issuing the security from another legal entity with a similar name.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.

Issue information provides detailed data as to the type of security being reported (e.g., coupon, description of security, etc.). Below are examples of what could be provided, but additional information should be provided as appropriate for the security.

6\% Senior 2018
7\% Subordinated Debenture 03/15/2022
3\% NY Housing Authority Debenture 2035
The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S\&P/CUSIP
- Descriptions used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal do umentation for the transaction.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or other ise mCi te tranche information.

## Column 33 - ISIN Identification

The International Securities Identification Numbe (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by the International Organization for Star rdizan (ISO). It is used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, options and fur res. ISIN numbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of th ir re ctive countries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN numucr on $y$ if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.

Column 34 - Capital Structure Code
Please identify the capital structu the security using the following codes consistent with the SVO Notching Guidelines ir Part One, Section 3 of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis $O_{i,}$ e:

Capital strusture s som times referred to as rank or payment priority and can be found in feeds from the source. lis'ea n the sue and Issuer column.

As a general rult, security is senior unsecured debt unless legal terms of the security indicate another posi in the capital structure. Securities are senior or subordinated, and are secured or unsecured. Municip bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association securities (FNMA or Fannie Mae) and Fr Hor Loan Mortgage Corporation securities (FHLMC or Freddie Mac) generally are senior bt, tho gh there are examples of subordinated debt issued by Fannie and Freddie. $1^{\text {st }}$ Lien is a type of st uritv interest and not capital structure but could be used to determine which capital structure 'esignation the security should be reported under. The capital structure of "Other" should rarely be

Capital structure includes securities subject to SSAP No. 26R—Bonds and SSAP No. 43R—LoanBacked and Structured Securities.

1. Senior Secured Debt

Senior secured is paid first in the event of a default and also has a priority above other senior debt with respect to pledged assets.
2. Senior Unsecured Debt

Senior unsecured securities have priority ahead of subordinated debt for pa mens the event of default.
3. Subordinated Debt

Subordinated is secondary in its rights to receive its pring nal at int payments from the borrower to the rights of the holders of senior debt (e.g, for in $\eta$-backed and structured securities, this would include mezzanine tranches).
(Subordinated means noting or designating a debt ligati m whose holder is placed in precedence below secured and general unsecured $f$ ors another debtholder could block payments to that holder or prevent that holder $0^{+1}$ at sub dinated debt from taking any action.)
4. Not Applicable

Securities where the capital structut 1 th ugh 3 above do not apply (e.g., Line 5899999 Exchange Traded Funds - as Identifie - the VO and Line 5999999 Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO).

## SCHEDULE D - PART 2 - SECTION 1

## PREFERRED STOCKS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Stocks are to be grouped as listed below and arranged alphabetically, showing a subtotal for each category.
Short Sales:

Selling a security short is an action by a reporting entity that results with the reporting entity recognizing proceeds from the sale and an obligation to deliver the sold security. For statutory accounting purposes, obligations to deliver securities resulting from short sales shall be reported as contra-asset (IIV 'ative assets) in the investment schedule, with an investment code in the code column detailing the iten as a sir_rt sale. The obligation (negative asset) shall be initially reflected at fair value, with changes in foir whe recognized as unrealized gains and losses. These unrealized gains and losses shall be realized upor settle ent of the short sale obligation. Interest on short sale positions shall be accrued periodically and reforted sinter st expense.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required catego sor s. 'rategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified shtota lipe number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

NOTE: See the Investment Schedules General Instructions for the follo $\quad$ :

- Category definitions for stocks.
- Foreign column code list.
- Code column list of codes and definition fors curities not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity.
- List of stock exchange names and abbr vlations.

| Category | Line Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) . | . 8499999 |
| Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates.. | 8599999 |
| Total Preferred Stocks | 8999999 |

Only transferable shares (i.e., can be bought d sold) of savings and loan or building and loan associations are to be reported in this schedule.

conferation or thre certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has created a special numb, ralled a PPN to be assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use - CIN ${ }^{\text {th }}$ t is assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

I no val CUSIP, CINS or PPN number exists then report a valid ISIN (Column 27) security number. The uSIP field should be zero-filled.

## Column 2

Give a description of all preferred stocks owned, including redeemable options, if any, and location of all banks, trust and miscellaneous companies. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported in Column 25, Issuer and Column 26, Issue. This does not preclude the company from including additional detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be used as needed.

For Exchange Traded Funds, enter complete name of the fund. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported for Column 25, Issuer.

Enter " $\wedge$ " in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If preferred stocks are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, they are to be identified by placing one of the codes identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.

## Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the insulated separate account filing nd the on-insulated separate account filing, the " $\wedge$ " should appear first, immediately followed by th appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).

## Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Foreign

Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the list pro idea the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Rate Per Share
Insert the market rate for preferred stocks not in good stan ing.
Column $8 \quad-\quad$ Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
The chart below details the appropriate valuation nethod for this column. The Purposes \& Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis गाice may dllow other valuation methods for preferred stock investments in Subsidiary, Controk d or tif lat (SCA) companies.
Deduct: Cash dinen on Payment In Kind stock during the stock dividend period. A dir to write- own for a decline in the fair value of a stock that is other-than ${ }^{\text {tem }}$ orary.

For reporting entities intaining an AVR:
NAIC Desig atlon RPı-RP3 Enter book value
NAIC Sesic ation l P4 - RP6 Enter the lower of book value or fair value
NAIC Des ration P1 - P3
Enter book value
NAIC Designcion P4 - P6
Enter the lower of book value or fair value
Formort $r$ ntities not maintaining an AVR:

NA 2 Designation RP1 - RP2 Enter book value
nC Designation RP3 - RP6
NAIC Designations P1 - P2
NAIC Designations P3 - P6

Enter the lower of book value or fair value Enter fair value Enter the lower of book value or fair value

The amount reported in this column should equal:
Book/Adjusted Carrying Value reported in the Prior Year statement (or Actual Cost for newly acquired securities)
plus "Total Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"
plus "Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"
plus Changes due to amounts reported in Schedule D, Parts 3, 4 and 5
Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Rate Per Share Used to Obtain Fair Value
Report rate used for determining fair value.

The fair value should be the price which, when multiplied by the notional amount (Column 6, Par Value), or times the number of securities held if Column 6 contains no Par Value, results in the dollar amount that would be received (excluding accrued dividends) if the security was sold at fair value.

The fair value included in this column (calculated from the Rate Used to Obtair ran. Value column) should be the amount used in any comparison of fair value to another valuati metho (e.g., book value or amortized cost) that is prescribed by the accounting/valuation rules.

Column 11 - Actual Cost
This amount should contain the actual consideration paid to purc e the ecurity. The Actual Cost column amount should be adjusted for: partial sales of unaffilia d pro orrod stock and any return of capital for preferred stock in SCA companies (both reported in Sc. dule D, Part 4); and subsequent acquisitions of the same unaffiliated preferred stock and addin nal in stments in the preferred stock in SCA companies (both reported in Schedule D, Part ?he al Cost recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be adjusted for other-than-temporary , airme, s.

Include: $\quad$ Cost of acquiring the pre ${ }^{\text {fris }}$ sto , including broker's commission and incidental expenses of ecting lelivery, but not including any accrued dividends paid thereo Cost hould be reduced by payments attributed to the recovery of cost.
Column 13 - Dividends - Amount Received Duîng Y
Include: The pr vortm ate are of investment income directly related to the securities repo d in this hedule.

Report amounts net of foreign wh hing tax.
Column 14 - Dividends - Nonadmit 1 Declared but Unpaid
This should equ the onaimitted amount of dividends declared but unpaid for a specific security, based upo the ssessm nt of collectability required by SSAP No. 34-Investment Income Due and Accrued ane ny 0 ar quirements for nonadmitting investment income due and accrued.

## Column 15 - Unr olized Valuation Increase/(Decrease)

The total ealized valuation increase/(decrease) for a specific security will be the change in F ook/A iusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying, or having carried (in the previous year), the curity Fair Value. Thus this amount could be:

The difference due to changing from Amortized Cost in the previous year to Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculated as current year Fair Value minus current year Amortized Value);

The difference of moving from Fair Value in the previous year to Amortized Cost in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculate as prior year Amortized Value minus prior year Fair Value);

The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year’s Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculate as current year Fair Value minus prior year Fair Value minus current year Accrual of Discount/(Amortization of Premium)) or

The increase/(decrease) for a specific investment in a Subsidiary, Controlled or Affiliated (SCA) company that results from the reporting entity's share of undistributed earnings and losses.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains or (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus (Page 4).
Column $16 \quad-\quad$ Current Year’s (Amortization)/Accretion

This amount should equal the current reporting year's amortization of premium or scrual of discount (regardless of whether or not the security is currently carried at Amort Led 0 st ). The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to irvestm tt inco ee in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts aro o bu ported as decreases to investment income.

Column 17 - Current Year’s Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
If the security has suffered an "other-than-temporary ir *me, this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amo s in th column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) anu $n$ the alculation of Net Income.

Column $18 \quad-\quad$ Total Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
This column should equal the net of: Unrealize Valuarion Increase/(Decrease) plus
Cu ent Year-(Amortization)/Accretion minus
$\triangle \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{Cl}}$ Yr's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized.
This amount, plus any foreis exu ngi ajustment related to these amounts (reported in the Total Foreign Exchange Change / Book/A usted Carrying Value column), should represent the difference between the current repo ing yea s Book/Adjusted Carrying Value and the prior year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value xcl ding changes due to amounts reported in Schedule D, Parts 3, 4 and 5).

Column 19 - Total Foreign Exchange hange in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
This is a p sitive or nega ive amount that is defined as the portion of the total change in Book/Adjusted Carrying $V_{c}$ e fo tho urrent year that is attributable to foreign exchange differences for a particular security. The an runts reported in this column should be included as net unrealized foreign exchange capi ${ }^{\text {l }}$ ain/(loss) in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

Column $20-$ NAICDes ration and Administrative Symbol/Market Indicator
ovide he appropriate combination of NAIC designation (1 through 6), administrative symbol and marmundicator (A, J, K, L, U or V) for each security. List of valid administrative symbols are shown 'ow.

Listing of valid NAIC designation, administrative symbol and market indicator combinations can be found on the NAIC's website for the Securities Valuation Office (www.naic.org/svo.htm).

Exchange Traded Funds should be reported as perpetual securities.

Following are valid administrative symbols for preferred stock. Refer to the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office for the application of these symbols.

S Additional or other non-payment risk assigned by the SVO or SSG
FE Filing Exempt assigned by the SVO
YE Year-end carry over assigned by the SVO
IF Initial filing - insurer reported designation with Admin Symbol assigned by the SVO
PL Private Letter Rating assigned by the SVO
PLGI Private Letter Rating - insurer assigned and reported on General lr errog ory
Z Insurer assigned and reported subject to limitation
GI Insurer assigned and reported on General Interrogatory
F $\quad$ Sub-paragraph D Company - insurer self-designate ${ }^{1}$

* Limited to NAIC Designations 6 - insurer assigned


## Column 21 - Date Acquired

For public placements use trade date, not settlemen da e. Fo private placements, use funding date. Each issue of stocks acquired at public offerings on than 9 e date may be totaled on one line and the date of last acquisition inserted.

For Exchange Traded Funds, enter date of lat + rarc se

## ** Columns 22 through 27 will be electronic only.

Column 22 - Fair Value Hierarchy Level an hod sea to Obtain Fair Value Code
Whenever possible, fair van should r oresent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair valut thoul only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listil. of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.

"3" for Lever
The follo ing is a listing of the valid method indicators for preferred stocks to show the method used $b$ the porting entity to determine the Rate Per Share Used to Obtain Fair Value.
or securities where the rate is determined by a pricing service.
"b" for securities where the rate is determined by a stock exchange.
" c " for securities where the rate is determined by a broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing policy for any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must either be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selling securities or be an underwriter of the security being valued.
" $d$ " for securities where the rate is determined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of the pricing methodology used.
"e" for securities where the rate is determined by the unit price published in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combination of hierarchy and method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the method used to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use " 1 b " to report Level 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value.

The guidance in SSAP No. 100R—Fair Value allows the use of net asset value (NAV) per share instead of fair value for certain investments. If NAV is used instead of fair value, leave blank.

Column 23 - Source Used to Obtain Fair Value
For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.
For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.
The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Inve ment chedules General Instructions or the following Web address:
www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml
For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian sed.
For Method Code "d," leave blank.
For Method Code "e," leave blank.
If net asset value (NAV) is used instead o fair 'ıe, the reporting entity should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.

Column 24 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Leg Entr, Ide ifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI mber has en assigned, leave blank.

Column 25 - Issuer
Issuer Definition:
The name the gai entity that develops, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financ ig its operati ns and may be domestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. " issu legally responsible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, raterial developments and any other operational activities as required by the nonlations of neir jurisdictions

Tb ort entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- 3loomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S\&P/CUSIP
- Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documentation for the transaction. Issuer is the name of the legal entity that can be found on documents such as SEC Form 424B2, Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indentures, as appropriate. The name used should be as complete and detailed as possible to enable others to differentiate the legal entity issuing the security from another legal entity with a similar name.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.

Issue
Issue information provides detailed data as to the type of security being reported.
The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S\&P/CUSIP
- Descriptions used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documer fo the transaction.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.
Column 27 - ISIN Identification
The International Securities Identification Numbering (ISIN) avstem in international standard set up by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO, It $j$ used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, options and futur I $\mathbb{I N}$. mbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of their respective intries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN number only if ova do 0 SIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.


## SCHEDULE D - PART 2 - SECTION 2

## COMMON STOCKS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Stocks are to be grouped as listed below and arranged alphabetically, showing a subtotal for each category.
Short Sales:
Selling a security short is an action by a reporting entity that results with the reporting entity recognizing proceeds from the sale and an obligation to deliver the sold security. For statutory accounting purposes, obligations to deliver securities resulting from short sales shall be reported as contra-asset (IIV 'ative assets) in the investment schedule, with an investment code in the code column detailing the iten as a sir_rt sale. The obligation (negative asset) shall be initially reflected at fair value, with changes in foir whe recognized as unrealized gains and losses. These unrealized gains and losses shall be realized upor settle ent of the short sale obligation. Interest on short sale positions shall be accrued periodically and re $e_{\mathrm{F}}$ orted s inter st expense.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required catego or s. 'categories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified ${ }^{4}$ btota line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

## NOTE: See the Investment Schedules General Instructions for the follu ing:

- Category definitions for stocks.
- Foreign column code list.
- Code column list of codes and definit ons frecurities not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity.


Shares of all mutual fy ds, Ic ardless of the underlying security, whether specialized or a mixture of bonds, stock, money market instrume or her typ of investments, except money market mutual funds that are reported in Schedule E, Part 2 as
 Funds.

Only transferablo hares (i.e., can be bought and sold) of savings and loan or building and loan associations are to be reported in this schedule.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN number exists then report a valid ISIN (Column 24) security number. The CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

## Column 2 - Description

Give a description of all common stocks owned, redeemable options, if anv ant -ddress (city and state) of all banks, trust and insurance companies, savings and loan or bu ding a d løan associations and miscellaneous companies. As appropriate, the reporting entio is coura ed to include data consistent with that reported in Column 22, Issuer and Column 23, Iss ine aoes not preclude the company from including additional detail to provide a con ate accurate description. Abbreviations may be used as needed.

Column 3 - Code
Enter " $\wedge$ " in this column for all assets that are bifurca r betwe $n$ the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If common stocks are not under the exclusive ontro f the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, they are to be identified by, aciirs one of the codes identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this columir:

## Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated assen the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing die " $\wedge$ " si, uld appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Inves ent Sch dules General Instructions).


Thist is the Fair Varue (adjusted for any other-than-temporary impairment) as of the end of the current report year, except for common stock in Subsidiary, Controlled or Affiliated (SCA) companies acconted ander another valuation method (e.g., equity method).
e amo nt reported in this column should equal:
Book/Adjusted Carrying Value reported in the Prior Year statement
(or Actual Cost for newly acquired securities)
"Total Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"
"Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"
Changes due to amounts reported in Schedule D, Parts 3, 4 and 5

| Column 7 | Rate Per Share Used to Obtain Fair Value |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | Report rate used for determining fair value. |

Column $8 \quad-\quad$ Fair Value

The fair value should be the price which, when multiplied by the number of shares held, results in the dollar amount that would be received (excluding accrued dividends) if the security was sold at fair value.

The fair value included in this column (calculated from the Rate Used to Obtain ran Value column) should be the amount used in any comparison of fair value to another valuati metho (e.g., book value or amortized cost) that is prescribed by the accounting/valuation rules.

## Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Actual Cost

This column should contain the actual consideration paid to purc e the ecurity. The Actual Cost column amount should be adjusted for: partial sales of unaffilia $\mathrm{CO} m \mathrm{~m}$ stock and any return of capital for common stock in SCA companies (both reported in Sci dule D, Part 4); and subsequent acquisitions of the same unaffiliated common stock and additio al inv soments in the common stock in SCA companies (both reported in Schedule D, Part 3). Th stur st recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be adjusted for other-than-temporary impan ants.

Include: Original cost of acquiring th co mon tock including broker's commission and the incidental expenses of fecting delivery. Return of capital is included as a reduction of cost. Fo ubsi ?ries and affiliates, include changes in capital contributions.

## Column 11 _ Dividends - Amount Received Dur ig th

For Mutual Funds (excluding ourr Mut l Funds - as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by th SVO), ei or the amount of distributions received in cash or reinvested in additional shares.

Include: The proportnate share of investment income directly related to the securities - borted in this schedule.

Report amounts $y$ c Ol reigh withholding tax.
Column 12 - Dividends - Dnà itt Declared but Unpaid
This should equal he nonadmitted amount of dividends declared but unpaid for a specific security, based on the assessment of collectibility required by SSAP No. 34-Investment Income Due and Acconed an yy other requirements for nonadmitting investment income due and accrued.

The total unrealized valuation increase/(decrease) for a specific security will be the change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying or having carried (in the previous year) the security at Fair Value. Thus this amount could be:

The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column; or

The increase/(decrease) for a specific investment in a Subsidiary, Controlled or Affiliated (SCA) company that results from the reporting entity's share of undistributed earning dir losses.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains or (losses) in the xhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

Column 14 - Current Year’s Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
If the security has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairme", theroumn should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this CO mn are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the calcul ron of Net Income.

Column 15 - Total Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
This column should equal the net of:

```
Unrealized Valuation \$ reas 'Decrease)
minus Current Year’s Other-Tha. Temporary Impairment Recognized.
```

This amount, plus any foreign ex hang s USt hent related to these amounts (reported in the Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/A usted arying Value column), should represent the difference between the current repor 1 g 'ar's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value and the prior year's Book/Adjusted Carrying V ae (exclù ng amounts reported in Schedule D, Parts 3, 4 and 5).

Column $16 \quad-\quad$ Total Foreign Exchange Chango $\cap \mathrm{B}$ sk/Adjusted Carrying Value
This is a positive or ner tive amount that is defined as the portion of the total change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value for the - rent year that is attributable to foreign exchange differences for a particular security. The am ants poned in this column should be included as net unrealized foreign exchange capital gai (loss in the apital and Surplus Account (Page 4).
Column $17 \quad-\quad$ NAIC Market h licator
Insert NAIC market indicator for such security printed in the Valuation of Securities. If this market indinor ${ }^{n}$. available, the reporting entity should include a market indicator of "A," "J," "K," "L," " $b$ " or V" as appropriate. For the meaning and applicability of suffixes and designations, please refer the $m$ st recent version of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis

For public placements use trade date, not settlement date. For private placements, use funding date. Each issue of stocks acquired at public offerings on more than one date may be totaled on one line and the date of last acquisition inserted.

## ** Columns 19 through 24 will be electronic only.

## Column 19 - Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.
"1" for Level 1
"2" for Level 2
"3" for Level 3
The following is a listing of the valid method indicators for com on sks to show the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Per Share Used to Obta. Fair Value.
"a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pri" sei.
" $b$ " for securities where the rate is determined by a si k ex nange.
" c " for securities where the rate is determ" ed by broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the prio $\mathrm{po}^{\mathrm{ov}}$ for any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker mus eithe be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and sf ang securdies or be an underwriter of the security being valued.
"d" for securities where ne is etermined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to mainta a record the pricing methodology used.
" e " for securities where tho ' te , determined by the unit price published in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combination of h , rarchy and method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and ane $n$ tho. used to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use " 1 b " t repo Level for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine to valu.

The ruidance in S $\triangle A P$ No. 100R—Fair Value allows the use of net asset value (NAV) per share instead of fai lue for certain investments. If NAV is used instead of fair value, leave blank.

For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.
For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.
The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:

## www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.

For Method Code "d," leave blank.
For Method Code "e," leave blank.
If net asset value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the re rting ity should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.

Column 21 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LÉV for ~v ic uer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assignf, le re brank.

Column 22 - Issuer
Issuer Definition:
The name of the legal entity theps, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financing its operations a mas be mestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. The issuer is le ally respoi ible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, material de lopmen, and any other operational activities as required by the regulations of their jurisdict

The reporting entity is acouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomb rg
- Inv ictil Dat Corporation (IDC)

Thomso Reuters
S\&P/CUSIP
Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documentation for the transaction. Issuer s the name of the legal entity that can be found on documents such as SEC Form 424B2, Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indentures, as appropriate. The name used should be as complete and detailed as possible to enable others to differentiate the legal entity issuing the security from another legal entity with a similar name.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.

Column 23 - Issue
Issue information provides detailed data as to the type of security being reported.
The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S\&P/CUSIP
- Descriptions used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documer fo the transaction.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.

Column 24 - ISIN Identification
The International Securities Identification Numbering (ISIN) evstem in international standard set up by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO, It $j$ used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, options and futur I $\mathbb{I N}$. mbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of their respective intries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN number only if ova do 0 SIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.


## SCHEDULE D - PART 3

## LONG-TERM BONDS AND STOCKS ACQUIRED DURING CURRENT YEAR

This schedule should include a detailed listing of all securities that were purchased/acquired during the current reporting year that are still owned as of the end of the current reporting year (amounts purchased and sold during the current reporting year are reported in detail on Schedule D, Part 5 and only in subtotal in Schedule D, Part 3). This should include all transactions that adjust the cost basis of the securities. Thus, it should not be used for allocations of TBAs to specific pools subsequent to initial recording in Schedule D, Part 3 or other situations such as CUSIP number changes. The following list of items provides examples of the items that should be included:

Purchases of securities not previously owned;
Subsequent purchases of investment issues already owned;
Acquisition of a new stock through a stock dividend (e.g., spin off); and
Any increases in the investments in SCA companies that adjust the cost basi (e.g., cuburnent capital infusions [investments] in SCA companies valued using the equity method).

This schedule should NOT be used for stock splits to show increases in the number of sha s ; nor should it be used for stock dividends to show increases in the number of shares (unless the stock shares recein as di ends are in a stock that is not already owned by the reporting entity - e.g., received in a spin off). Rather, for $c^{+\cdots} \mathrm{sp}$ ad stock dividends of an already owned stock, adjustments for the appropriate columns should be made in $h$ dule $L$ Part 2, Section 1 and in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2.

Bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks are to be grouped separately show. $r$ a subtotal for each category.
Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by SVO and Exchange Trac. 'Funt- as Identified by SVO, which are described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions, are to be in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{ded} \mathrm{CN}$ Identified Funds.

Bonds are to be grouped as listed below and each cakgory ang d alphabetically (securities included in U.S. States, Territories and Possessions; U.S. Political Subdivisione of Su ns, Titories and Possessions; and U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guara ceed liga ns of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions should be listed with a stat abbreviatic in the column provided for electronic data capture).
 the subtotal amount of the corresponding cate ory or suus category, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed al or grand total line and number:

NOTE: See the Investment Scher aes en al Instructions for the following:

- Category fini uns fo bonds and stocks.
- Foreign colum code list.

Category
Line Number
Bonds:
U.S. Gc $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ nts .... ....................................................................................................................................... 0599999

All Other vert iss ....................................................................................................................................... 1099999
$\mathrm{U} \subset \mathrm{ctanc}_{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{t}$ itories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)..................................................................... 1799999
U.S. olitical Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)............................. 2499999
U.S. Spu ial Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations
of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions ......................................... 3199999

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ........................................................................................................ 3899999
Hybrid Securities .................................................................................................................................................. 4899999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates...................................................................................................................... 5599999
SVO Identified Funds........................................................................................................................................... 8199999
Bank Loans......................................................................................................................................................... 8299999
Subtotals - Bonds - Part 3................................................................................................................................... 8399997
Summary item from Part 5 for Bonds................................................................................................................. 8399998
Subtotals - Bonds ............................................................................................................................................. 8399999

## Preferred Stocks:

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ..... 8499999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates ..... 8599999
Subtotals - Preferred Stocks - Part 3 ..... 8999997
Summary item from Part 5 for Preferred Stocks ..... 8999998
Subtotals - Preferred Stocks ..... 8999999
Common Stocks:
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ..... 9099999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates. ..... 9199999
Mutual Funds. ..... 9299999
Subtotals - Common Stocks - Part 3 ..... 9799997
Summary item from Part 5 for Common Stocks ..... 9799998
Subtotals - Common Stocks. ..... 9799999
Subtotals - Preferred and Common Stocks ..... 9899999
Totals9999999

Include all bonds and stocks acquired during the year except for those acquired and fully disp ed or during the year. Include repoolings of mortgage-backed/asset-backed securities (e.g., giantization/megatiz ion of FHLMC or FNMA mortgage-backed securities). Only those bonds and certificates of deposit with mat rity at me of acquisition in excess of one year are to be included. Exclude cash equivalents and short term investmenton de riv d in SSAP No. 2R—Cash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments with original maturities on $r$ e mon hs or less.

A bond acquisition is recorded on the trade date, not the settlement date, $\mathrm{xce}_{\mathrm{F}}$ for the acquisition of private placement bonds that are recorded on the funding date.

Enter as a summary item the totals of Columns 8,9 and 21 of Part 5 r boin preferred stocks and common stocks.

## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ CUSIP Identification

CUSIP numbers for all purchasea rubliclv issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certific? . ru pri te placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned b the Standard \& Poor’s CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{s}}$, the Stan ard \& Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN h, nber exists then report a valid ISIN (Column 14) security number. The CUSIP field shoul be zero-filled.

## Column 2 - Description

Give a des ir tio of all bonds and preferred and common stocks. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encourag , oncrue data consistent with that reported in Column 12, Issuer and Column 13, Issue. This does not p . clude the company from including additional detail to provide a complete and accur description. Abbreviations may be used as needed.

Fr infied Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter complete name of
e funs As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that
maturity of greater than one year, individually list the various banking institutions that are financially
responsible for honoring certificates of deposit. As appropriate, the name of the banking institutions
should follow from the registry of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC)
(www.ffiec.gov/nicpubweb/nicweb/SearchForm.aspx).
For CDOs (Collateralized Debt Obligations) or CLOs (Collateralized Loan Obligations), indicate what the CDO/CLO collateral is, such as high-yield bonds, corporate loans, etc. If the collateral is of mixed type, indicate "Mix," in addition to the largest type of collateral in the mix. If the collateral is derived synthetically, indicate "synthetic."
Column $3 \quad-\quad$ Foreign

Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the list provided in the Investment Schedules
General Ins.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Date Acquired
For public placements use trade date, not settlement date. For private placements, use funding date. Each issue of bonds or stocks acquired at public offerings on more than one date may be totaled on one line and the date of last acquisition inserted.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Fun enter date of last purchase.

Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Name of Vendor
The items with reference to each issue of bonds and stocks acquire ${ }^{+}{ }^{+}$pubr offerings may be totaled in one line and the word "various" inserted.

Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Actual Cost
This is the recorded cost of the investment purchase ring e current year and still held as of the end of the current year. This amount would also be repor din t e Actual Cost column of Schedule D, Part 1 for bonds, Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1 fo pri prreu stock, and Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2 for common stock. The amount reported in the "ctual 0 st Column included in Schedule D, Part 3 will never differ from the actual considt, ion id to purchase the security. Any appropriate adjustments to the Actual Cost will be made $\square$ the detail listing schedules (Schedule D, Part 1; Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1; and Sc' caule D, art 2, Section 2) or in Schedule D, Part 4, as appropriate.

Include: $\quad$ Cost of acqu ing a bond or stock, including broker's commission and other relat fees, to the extent they do not exceed the fair value at the date of acquis ion.

Transaction ces on repooling of securities, and reductions for origination fees - tended to compensate the reporting entity for interest rate risks (i.e. points).

Exclude:
? cru. d interest and dividends.
other costs, including internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated reporting entity related to origination, purchase or commitment to purchase bonds shall be charged to expense when incurred.

mo gage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities, enter the par amount of principal puruweed on a security on which the reporting entity has a claim. For interest only bonds without a n. cipal amount on which the reporting entity has a claim, use a zero value. Enter the statement date par value for bonds with adjustable principal. An interest only bond with a small par amount of principal would use that amount.

For preferred stock, enter par value per share of stock if any.
For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter 0.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter amount of dividends on shares acquired between the dividend declaration date and the ex-dividend date.

## ** Columns 10 through 14 will be electronic only. **

| Column 10 | State Abbreviation |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Applies to: |  |
|  |  | U.S. States, Territories and Possessions |
|  |  | Include appropriate state abbreviation for the tate here tl e security is issued (e.g., "MO" for Missouri). |
|  |  | U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and oosit |
|  |  | Include appropriate state abbreviation fo the sta e-where the security is issued. |
|  |  | U.S. Special Revenue, Special Asse $n$ ents bligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authoritres of overp nents and Their Political Subdivisions |
|  |  | Include appropriate state $a^{\text {w }}$ reviatio for the state where the security is issued. Use "US" for federal a, acy wes. |

Column 11 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity dentifio (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI nur er mob assigned, leave blank.

Column 12 - Issuer
Issuer Definition:
The name of the ral entity that develops, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financing its spera ons and may be domestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. Che i suer is egally responsible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditic an and developments and any other operational activities as required by the regulations $f$ their jurisdictions
The $r_{4}$ rting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- 3loomberg

Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)

## Thomson Reuters

- S\&P/CUSIP
- Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documentation for the transaction. Issuer is the name of the legal entity that can be found on documents such as SEC Form 424B2, Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indentures, as appropriate. The name used should be as complete and detailed as possible to enable others to differentiate the legal entity issuing the security from another legal entity with a similar name.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.

Issue
Issue information provides detailed data as to the type of security being reported (e.g., coupon, description of security, etc.). Below are examples of what could be provided, but additional information should be provided as appropriate for the security.

6\% Senior 2018
7\% Subordinated Debenture 03/15/2022
3\% NY Housing Authority Debenture 2035
The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S\&P/CUSIP
- Descriptions used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal do rmentation for the transaction.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or other ise ancm te tranche information.

## Column 14 - ISIN Identification

The International Securities Identification Numbe (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by the International Organization for Star rdizan (ISO). It is used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, options and fure res ISIN numbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of th ir re ctive countries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN numucr on $y$ if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.


## SCHEDULE D - PART 4

## LONG-TERM BONDS AND STOCKS SOLD, REDEEMED OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF DURING CURRENT YEAR

This schedule should include a detailed listing of all securities that were sold/disposed of during the current reporting year that were owned as of the beginning of the current reporting year (amounts purchased and sold during the current reporting year are reported in detail on Schedule D, Part 5 and only in subtotal in Schedule D, Part 4). This should include all transactions that adjust the cost basis of the securities (except other-than-temporary impairments that are not part of a disposal transaction). Thus, it should not be used for allocations of TBAs to specific pools subsequent to initial recording in Schedule D, Part 3 or other situations such as CUSIP number changes. The following list of items prov axamples of the items that should be included:

Pay downs of securities still owned (including CMO prepayments);
Subsequent partial sales of investment issues still owned;
Reallocation of the cost basis of an already owned stock to the cost basis of á in stoor received as a dividend (e.g., spin off); and

Any decreases in the investments in SCA companies that adjust the cost bas no including other-than-temporary impairments alone (e.g., subsequent return of capital from investren III CAmpanies valued using the equity method).

Bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks are to be grouped separately tho ing a subtotal for each category.

## Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO and Exchange rade Funds - as Identified by the SVO, which are described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions, are to $\Delta$ included in SVO Identified Funds.

Bonds are to be grouped as listed below and each cailgory ang id alphabetically (securities included in U.S. States, Territories and Possessions; U.S. Political Subdivisions of S. tes, To stories and Possessions; and U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guara cea liga no of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions should be listed with a state abbreviatı in the column provided for electronic data capture).

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for a of ne following required categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding caterory or sutcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed t al or grand total line and number:


## Preferred Stocks:

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ..... 8499999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates ..... 8599999
Subtotals - Preferred Stocks - Part 4 ..... 8999997
Summary item from Part 5 for Preferred Stocks ..... 8999998
Subtotals - Preferred Stocks ..... 8999999
Common Stocks:
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ..... 9099999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates ..... 9199999
Mutual Funds. ..... 9299999
Subtotals - Common Stocks - Part 4 ..... 9799997
Summary item from Part 5 for Common Stocks ..... 9799998
Subtotals - Common Stocks. ..... 9799999
Subtotals - Preferred and Common Stocks ..... 9899999
Totals9999999
A bond disposal is recorded on the trade date, not the settlement date.
Include all bonds and stocks disposed of during the year except for those acquired and $\mathrm{h}^{\mathrm{l}} \mathrm{v}$ disposed of during the year. Include repoolings of mortgage-backed/asset-backed securities (e.g., giantization, egat zation of FHLMC or FNMA mortgage-backed securities). Only those bonds and certificates of deposit wit mar rity at time of acquisition in excess of one year are to be included. See SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Stryctur Secui ties for additional guidance. Exclude cash equivalents as described in SSAP No. 2R—Cash, Cash Equivalents, rafts, Short-Term Investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Enter as a separate summary item the totals of Columns 8 to 20 of 5 , to bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks.

## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ CUSIP Identification

CUSIP numbers for all purchased puricly ssued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate -or p rate placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be signea v thu Standard \& Poor’s CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assignec v the Stan ard \& Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPA w oer exists then report a valid ISIN (Column 26) security number. The CUSIP field should zero-filred.

## Column 2 - Description

Give a des iptic of al bonds and preferred and common stock, including location of all banks, trust and misce ,on con anies. If bonds are serial issues, give amounts maturing each year. As appropriate, L reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported in Colymn 24, Issu $\Rightarrow$ and Column 25, Issue. This does not preclude the company from including addite al detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be used as needed.
Fr $\sim$ lu ified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter complete name of e func As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that ry prted or Column 24, Issuer.


Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARs) or other similar services that have a maturity of greater than one year, individually list the various banking institutions that are financially responsible for honoring certificates of deposit. As appropriate, the name of the name of the banking institutions should follow from the registry of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) (www.ffiec.gov/nicpubweb/nicweb/SearchForm.aspx).

For CDOs (Collateralized Debt Obligations) or CLOs (Collateralized Loan Obligations), indicate what the CDO/CLO collateral is, such as high-yield bonds, corporate loans, etc. If the collateral is of mixed type, indicate "Mix," in addition to the largest type of collateral in the mix. If the collateral is derived synthetically, indicate "synthetic."

Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the list provided in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Disposal Date
For public placements use trade date, not settlement date. For private placements, use funding date. Each issue of bonds or stocks disposed of at public offerings on more than one date may be totaled on one line and the date of last disposal inserted.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Fun enter date of last disposal.

Column 5 - Name of Purchaser
If matured or called under redemption option, so state and give pric ${ }^{4}{ }^{+}$whio called.
Column 7 - Consideration
Include:

Exclude:
In the determination of this


For Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by tir VO nd Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by the SVO, enter price received at sale, usually the hu her or shares sold times the selling price per share.
Column 8 - Par Value
For mortgage-backed/loan-ba neur st ctured securities, enter the par amount of principal sold on a security on which the repo ang entity as a claim. For interest only bonds without a principal amount on which the reporting entity 'as a clai 1 , use a zero value. Enter the sale date par value for bonds with adjustable principal. An intere on bond with a small par amount of principal would use that amount.

For preferred stock, ente sar value per share of stock if any.
For SVO I entif d Func (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter 0.
Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Actual Cost
This the recorded cost of the investment purchased prior to the current reporting year and sold during the rent reporting year. This amount will come from the prior reporting year's Actual Cost c lumn f Schedule D, Part 1 for bonds, Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1 for preferred stock, and hedulf D, Part 2, Section 2 for common stock. However, it will need to be adjusted due to otherthatruntorary impairments recognized during the current year.

Accrued interest and dividends.


Deduct: A direct write-down for a decline in the fair value of a bond that is other-than-temporary.

Exclude: Accrued Interest.
This should equal the Actual Cost Column amount (adjusted for other-than-temporary impairments recognized) for each specific common stock and for each preferred stock that is not amortizable; and the Amortized Cost (adjusted for other-than-temporary impairments recognized) at disposal date for each specific redeemable preferred stock that is amortizable.
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Column } 17 \quad-\quad \text { Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Disposal } \\ & \text { Report the foreign exchange gain or loss on disposal. }\end{aligned}$
Column 18 - Realized Gain (Loss) on Disposal
This should be the difference between the Consideration column qmount and the Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at Disposal Date, excluding any portion tor is a wbutable to foreign exchange differences.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and E, hang Traded Funds), enter the difference between the consideration, Column 7 and aggregat $\mathrm{co}^{\text {Con nn }} 9$ at date of sale.

For securities sold, redeemed or otherwise as ose f, which generate investment income as a result of a prepayment penalty and/or acceleration fee, he arrount of realized gain (loss) reported is equal to the Par value of the investment (Column ${ }^{\prime}$ ¢ Iess the - ACV at the Disposal Date (Column 16).
Column $19 \quad-\quad$ Total Gain (Loss) On Disposal
Enter the sum of Column 17 , foreign $\epsilon$ change gain or (loss), and Column 18, realized gain or (loss).
Column 20 - Bond Interest/Stock Dividends a cei d During Year
For Mutual Funds (ina Iding Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by he SVO), enter the amount of distributions received in cash or reinvested in additional shares

Include:
Te proportionate share of investment income directly related to the securities reported in this schedule.

Repo mounts net of foreign withholding tax.
or sec ities sold, redeemed or otherwise disposed of, which generate investment income as a result a prep yment penalty and/or acceleration fee; the amount of investment income reported is equal to the rana consideration received (Column 7) less the Par value of the investment (Column 8).


For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), leave blank.
For perpetual bonds, enter 01/01/9999.

## ** Columns 22 through 26 will be electronic only. **

Column 22 - State Abbreviation
Applies to:

## U.S. States, Territories and Possessions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued (e.g., "MO" for Missouri).
U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Positions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the s.ate $w$, are the ecurity is issued.
U.S. Special Revenue, Special Assessments Obly tions nd all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governn nts a d Their Political Subdivisions

Include appropriate state abbreviation fo the sta e where the security is issued. Use "US" for federal agency issues

Column $23-\quad$ Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier ( I ) for y issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been as, gnea, 'eave blank.

Column 24 - Issuer
Issuer Definition:
The name of the leg entity th develops, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financing its operations $\neg$ d may $\downarrow$ domestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. The issuer is legally 'spr isible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, material developients and any other operational activities as required by the regulations of the urisdictions.

The reporting ent y is couraged to use the following sources:

- Blo nbè
- Interactir Data Corporation (IDC)

Thomson Reuters

- S\&P/CUSIP

Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documentation for the transaction. Issuer is the name of the legal entity that can be found on documents such as SEC Form 424B2, Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indentures, as appropriate. The name used should be as complete and detailed as possible to enable others to differentiate the legal entity issuing the security from another legal entity with a similar name.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.

Issue information provides detailed data as to the type of security being reported (e.g., coupon, description of security, etc.). Below are examples of what could be provided but additional information should be provided as appropriate for the security.

6\% Senior 2018
7\% Subordinated Debenture 03/15/2022
3\% NY Housing Authority Debenture 2035
The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S\&P/CUSIP
- Descriptions used in either the relevant SEC filing or egal do umentation for the transaction.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or other ise acm te tranche information.

## Column 26 - ISIN Identification

The International Securities Identification Numbe (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by the International Organization for Star rdizan (ISO). It is used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, options ind fure res ISIN numbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of th ir re ctive countries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN numucr on $y$ if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.


## SCHEDULE D - PART 5

## LONG-TERM BONDS AND STOCKS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR AND FULLY DISPOSED OF DURING CURRENT YEAR

This schedule should include a detailed listing of all securities that were both purchased/acquired and sold/disposed of during the current reporting year (amounts purchased and sold during the current reporting year are also reported in subtotals in Schedule D, Parts 3 and 4).

Reporting entities should track information separately for securities purchased in different lots rather than using some type of averaging for the issue in aggregate. Thus, this schedule should only be used when an entire lot of a surity has been purchased and sold during the current reporting year (even when different lots of the same security stik xist on he reporting entity's books).

As with Schedule D, Parts 3 and 4, this schedule should not be used for a transaction units it fects le cost basis of the securities. Thus, it should not be used for allocations of TBAs to specific pools subsequent to H tiar in in schedule D , Part 3 or other situations such as CUSIP number changes.

Bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks are to be grouped separately, showing subtota. for each category. Bonds should be grouped and arranged alphabetically as described in the instructions for Schedun D, Pai 1. (Securities included in U.S. States, Territories and Possessions; U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Te ries Possessions; and U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed sligat ns of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions should be listed with a state abbi vatio in the column provided for electronic data capture).

## Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO and Exchang Trau d Funds - as Identified by the SVO that are described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions are to $\Delta$ included in SVO Identified Funds.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any $\left\langle\mathrm{f}\right.$ the $f_{0}{ }_{\circ} \mathrm{wl}_{\mathrm{w}} \mathrm{g}$ required categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subca gory h the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or ratru tal , e number:

NOTE: See the Investment Schedules Genera str ctions for the following:

- Category definitions $f$ bonds and stocks.
- Foreign column code lis


Bonds:

All Other Govf nint ts ..................................................................................................................................................................................................................................... 1099999
U.S. States, T ritorie and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)..................................................................... 1799999
U.S. Polit $\mathfrak{\imath l}$ S לdivi ons of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)............................. 2499999
U.S. Speciai venue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations

1rgan and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions ........................................ 3199999
Indusu 1 and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ....................................................................................................... 3899999
Hybrid St yrities ............................................................................................................................................... 4899999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates................................................................................................................... 5599999
SVO Identified Funds......................................................................................................................................... 8199999

Subtotals - Bonds ................................................................................................................................................. 8399998
Preferred Stocks:
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ...................................................................................................... 8499999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates..................................................................................................................... 8599999
Subtotals - Preferred Stocks.............................................................................................................................. 8999998
Common Stocks:
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ..... 9099999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates ..... 9199999
Mutual Funds. ..... 9299999
Subtotals - Common Stocks ..... 9799998
Subtotals - Preferred and Common Stocks ..... 9899999
Totals ..... 9999999

Only those bonds and certificates of deposit with maturity at time of acquisition in excess of one yea an to be included. Include repoolings of mortgage-backed/asset-backed securities (e.g., giantization/megatization of GHLM or FNMA mortgage-backed securities). Refer to SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities for à vunting guidance. Exclude cash equivalents as described in SSAP No. 2R—Cash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts, and S ort-1 mm Mvestments with original maturities of three months or less.

A bond acquisition or disposal is recorded on the trade date, not the settlement date, est to the acquisition of private placement bonds, use the funding date.

## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ CUSIP Identification

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued ${ }^{\text {curiti }} \mathrm{s}$ are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placemb se nties, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Stand rd \& or's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard ool CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN number nists, the eport a valid ISIN (Column 26) security number. The CUSIP field should be zero-fil ${ }^{2}$ d.

Column 2 - Description
Give a description of all bó ${ }^{1} \mathrm{~s}$ and pre erred and common stocks, including location of all banks, trust and miscellaneous companies. As a propriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported in C.mn 24, Issuer and Column 25, Issue. This does not preclude the company from inclue ng additional detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be $u$. $d$ as needed.

For SVO I entif d Fun ; (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter complete name of the fund. app priz e, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported for Co mn 24 , Issuer.

For $($ tificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARs) or other similar services that have a maturity ${ }^{\text {a }}$ greater than one year, individually list the various banking institutions that are financially r opons 'le lor honoring certificates of deposit. As appropriate, the name of the name of the banking i stitutio s should follow from the registry of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (Fira, (www.ffiec.gov/nicpubweb/nicweb/SearchForm.aspx).

For CDOs (Collateralized Debt Obligations) or CLOs (Collateralized Loan Obligations), indicate what the CDO/CLO collateral is, such as high-yield bonds, corporate loans, etc. If the collateral is of mixed type, indicate "Mix," in addition to the largest type of collateral in the mix. If the collateral is derived synthetically, indicate "synthetic."

## Column 3 - Foreign

Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the list provided in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

For public placements use trade date, not settlement date. For private placements, use funding date. Reporting entities may total on one line each issue of bonds or stocks acquired at public offerings on more than one date and insert the date of last acquisition.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter date of last purchase.

## Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Name of Vendor

The items with reference to each issue of bonds and stocks acquired at public of rings in y be totaled in one line and the word "various" inserted.

Column 6 - Disposal Date
For public placements use trade date, not settlement date. For prı e pla ments, use funding date. Reporting entities may total on one line each issue of bonds or $s t o^{1 / k} \mathrm{dim}_{\mathrm{on}}$ of at public offerings on more than one date and insert the date of last disposal.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and F $\rightarrow$ aded Funds), enter date of last disposal.

Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Name of Purchaser

Column 9 - Actual Cost
This is the recorded cost of an inves, ent tha was purchased during the current reporting year and sold during the current reporti syo

Include: Cost acquirin the bond or stock, including broker's commission and other related to to the extent they do not exceed the fair value at the date of acquisition.
A. rued interest and dividends.


A other costs, including internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated reporting dity related to origination, purchase or commitment to purchase bonds, are charged to expense when incurred.

In the determination of this amount, the broker's commission and incidental expenses of effecting delivery.

Accrued interest and dividends.
For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter price received at sale, usually the number of shares sold times the selling price per share.

This should equal the Actual Cost column amount (adjusted for other-than-temporary impairments recognized) for each specific common stock and for each preferred stock that is not amortizable and Amortized Cost (adjusted for other-than-temporary impairments recognized) at disposal date for each specific bond and for each specific redeemable preferred stock that is amortizable.

Deduct: A direct write-down for a decline in the fair value of a bond that is other-than-temporary.

Exclude: Accrued interest.
Column 13 - Current Year’s (Amortization)/Accretion
This amount should equal the current reporting year's amortization ef prei ium or accrual of discount up to the disposal date. The accrual of discount amounts in this column re to reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, y ile the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.


This amount, plus any foreign vch ge adjustment related to these amounts (reported in the Total Foreign Exchange Change in Booh Adjusted Carrying Value column), should represent the difference between the current porting year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at Disposal Date and the security's Actual Cost (a wisted for any other-than-temporary impairment recognized).

Column $16-\quad$ Total Fore $n$ Ex hange hange in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

The total foreig exchange change for a specific security will be the amount necessary to reverse the
net ffect of unrearzed foreign exchange gains (losses) recognized while the security was owned by the ce. any. This includes the reversal of unrealized increase (decrease) recorded in previous year(s).

[^9]This should be the difference between the Consideration column amount and the Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at Disposal Date, excluding any portion that is attributable to foreign exchange differences.

For securities sold, redeemed or otherwise disposed of, which generate investment income as a result of a prepayment penalty and/or acceleration fee; the amount of realized gain (loss) reported is equal to the Par value of the investment (Column 8) less the BACV at the Disposal Date (Column 11).

| Column $19 \quad-\quad$ Total Gain (Loss) On Disposal |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Report the sum of Column 17, foreign exchange gain or (loss), and Column 18 reat od gain or (loss). |
| Column $20 \quad-\quad$ Interest and Dividends Received During Year |  |

For Mutual Funds (including Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified s the K O and Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by the SVO), enter the amount of distributins re pived in cash or reinvested in additional shares.

Include:
The proportionate share of investro inco directly related to the securities reported in this schedule.

Report amounts net of foreign withholding tax.
For securities sold, redeemed or otherwise a oseu f, which generate investment income as a result of a prepayment penalty and/or acceleration tee, he arrount of investment income reported is equal to the total consideration received (Column o) less the par value of the investment (Column 8).

## ** Columns 22 through 26 will be electronic only.

Column 22 - State Abbreviation
Applies to:
U.S. States, Territories and Possessions
(In lude appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued in g., "MO" for Missouri).
U.S. rolitical Subdivisions of States, Territories and Positions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued.
U.S. Special Revenue, Special Assessments Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued. Use "US" for federal agency issues.

Column $23-\quad$ Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

Issuer Definition:
The name of the legal entity that develops, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financing its operations and may be domestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. The issuer is legally responsible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, material developments and any other operational activities as required by the regulations of their jurisdictions

The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S\&P/CUSIP
- Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal docume ztion for the transaction. Issuer is the name of the legal entity that can be found on cum nts such as SEC Form 424B2, Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indent res as a ropriate. The name used should be as complete and detailed as possible to enable ou rs to $c$ fferentiate the legal entity issuing the security from another legal entity with a sime ${ }^{(1)}$ no

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal $\Upsilon$ oth
wise.
Column 25 - Issue
Issue information provides detailed datu-ds to the type of security being reported (e.g., coupon, description of security, etc.). Below art varipres of what could be provided but additional information should be provided as appror ate for he surity.

6\% Senior 2018
7\% Subordinated Debenture ~/ / / 2022
3\% NY Housing A hority Debenture 2035
The reporting entitwen raged to use the following sources:

- Intera
- Interac ve Data Corporation (IDC)

Thomson Reuters

Column 26

## ISIN Identification

The International Securities Identification Numbering (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). It is used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, options and futures. ISIN numbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of their respective countries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN number only if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.

## SCHEDULE D - PART 6 - SECTION 1

## VALUATION OF SHARES OF SUBSIDIARY, CONTROLLED OR AFFILIATED COMPANIES

If a reporting entity has any common stock or preferred stock reported for any of the following required categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:


\# - Include in this category ar hearmenties that file the Health Risk-Based Capital formula.
*NOTE: Inve rent Subsidary shall mean any subsidiary, other than a holding company, engaged or organized primarit, in the ownership and management of investments for the reporting entity. An investment $\mathrm{sy}^{\prime}$ rary not include any broker dealer or a money management fund managing funds other than t ose of he parent company. The following criteria are applicable:
2. The investment subsidiary's total liabilities are $5 \%$ or less of total assets;
3. Combining the pro-rata ownership shares of the assets of all the investment subsidiaries with the owning reporting entity's assets does not violate any state requirements concerning diversification of investments or limitations on investments in a single entity; and
4. The investment subsidiary's book/adjusted carrying value does not exceed the imputed value on a statutory accounting basis. If the book/adjusted carrying value does exceed the imputed statutory value, the reporting entity may either nonadmit the excess or categorize such subsidiary in the "All Other Affiliates" category.

## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ CUSIP Identification

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard \& Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN number exists, then report a valid ISIN (Column 16) security number. The CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

## Column 2 - Description

List the preferred and common stocks for each subsidiary, controlled or affiliated (CA) company, as defined in the General section of these instructions. The description should e the tme as provided for Schedule D, Part 2, Sections 1 and 2.

Column 3 - Foreign
Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the list provic $d$ in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ NAIC Company Code
If not applicable, the NAIC Company Code field st?ut be z.o-filled.
Column $5 \quad-\quad$ ID Number
Enter one of the following as appropr ce for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule F (Property and Title) c Sch d, S Life, Health and Fraternal) General Instructions for more information on these identificati number s.


* AIINs or CP Ns are only reported if the entity is a reinsurer that has had an AIIN or CRIN number signed or should have one assigned due to transactions being reported on Schedul F ropurty and Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and Fraternal) of another re ortin entity

If not applicabl for the entity, leave blank.


## Column 6 - NAIC Valuation Method

Include the NAIC valuation method as detailed SSAP No. 97-Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.

Use the following codes to indicate a specific valuation method:

| CODE | Valuation Method |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8a | Market Value |
| 8bi | Investment in U.S. Insurance Company SCAs |
| 8bii | Investments in Non-Insurance SCA Entities Statutory Basis |
| 8biii | Investments in nNn-Insurance SCA Entities GAAP Basis |
| 8biv | Investments in Foreign Insurance Company SCA Enties |

Any NAIC Valuation Method which has not been approved by the th gg or SUB 1 or SUB 2 form with the NAIC SCA Group and which is entered by the reporting rity wder its own judgment shall have the letter "Z" appended to the method designation.

Column 7 - Do Insurer’s Assets Include Intangible Assets Conne od with. olding of Such Company’s Stock?
State whether the assets shown by the reporting enth in statement include, through the carrying value of stock of the SCA company valued un er thr SSAP No. 97-Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities, intangible assets arising tof purchase of such stock by the reporting entity or the purchase by the SCA Company of the ck or a lower-tier company controlled by the SCA Company. For purposes of this question, ingib sets at purchase shall be defined as the excess of the purchase price over the tangible net wo otal assets less intangible assets and total liabilities) represented by such shares as recorded inmedi ely prior to the date of purchase, on the books of the company whose stock was pur ${ }^{ }$

Column $8 \quad-\quad$ Total Amount of Such Inta ible Asse
If the answer in Column 7 is ", give the total amount of intangible assets involved whether admitted or nonadmitt a. The intangible assets shown for the SCA Company should include any intangible assets that à included in the SCA Company's carrying value of the stock of one or more lower-tier compar ont led by the SCA Company. In all cases, the current intangible assets equal the intangi ${ }^{1}$ e as ets at, urchase, as defined above, minus any write-off thereof between the date of purchase $a^{7}$ he $\because$ tem ht date. If any portion of the total amount of intangible assets is required to be nonadmitte $\rightarrow$ all $\triangle$ CA companies combined in accordance with SSAP No. 97-Investments in Subsidiary, Cont Iled and Affiliated Entities and SSAP No. 68-Business Combinations and Goodwill state total amount nonadmitted in the footnote at the bottom of the this section of the schedule.
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Column } 10 & - & \text { Nonadmitted Amount } \\ \text { Provide the amount nonadmitted, if any, included in Column } 2 \text { of the Asset page. } \\ \text { Column } 11 & - & \begin{array}{l}\text { Stock of Such Company Owned by Insurer on Statement Date Number of Shares and } \\ \text { Column } 12\end{array} \\ \text { Stock of Such Company Owned by Insurer on Statement Date } \% \text { of Outstanding }\end{array}\right\}$

State the number of shares of stock of the SCA Company owned by the reporting entity on the statement date and the percent owned of the outstanding shares of the same class.
** Column 13 through 16 will be electronic only. **
Column 13 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer ass ned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.
Column 14 - Issuer

Issuer Definition:
The name of the legal entity that develops, io ic ers at sells securities for the purpose of financing its operations and may be domestic or for on go ernments, corporations or investment trusts. The issuer is legally responsible for throb ratio $\sqrt{ }$ of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, material developments and an other perational activities as required by the regulations of their jurisdictions

Do not report ticker symbols, either inter al or otherwise.
The issuer information should be the ne as vided for Schedule D, Part 2, Sections 1 and 2.
Column 15 - Issue
Issue information provides detan d $d$ as to the type of security being reported.
Do not report ticker sy- bols, either internal or otherwise.
The issue inform an our be the same as provided for Schedule D, Part 2, Sections 1 and 2.
Column 16 - ISIN Identir ation
The 'ntornational securities Identification Numbering (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by tk , International Organization for Standardization (ISO). It is used for numbering specific secuities, has stocks, bonds, options and futures. ISIN numbers are administered by a National I ambe ${ }^{\text {g }}$ Agency (NNA) in each of their respective countries, and they work just like serial numbers those securities. Record the ISIN number only if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Coremer 1.

## SCHEDULE D - PART 6 - SECTION 2

If a reporting entity has any common or preferred stocks reported for any of the following required categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

|  |  | Category | Line Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Preferred S |  |  | 999 |
| Common S |  |  | 0299999 |
| Totals - Pr | red | Common Stocks | 0399999 |
| Column 2 | - | Name of Lower-Tier Company |  |
|  |  | List each company that is contr the outstanding stock, either di controlled. Do not include comp | olling block of hat are also so on 1. |
| Column 3 | - | Name of Company Listed in S |  |
|  |  | If more than one SCA Comp complete Columns 4 through 6 | Company and |
| Column 4 | - | Total Amount of Intangible As |  |
|  |  | As explained in the instruc ons of the stock of the lower-tie bases the amount shown on the | ets at purchase ing entity also |
| Column 5 | - | Stock in Lower-Tier Co npany O | f Shares and |
| Column 6 | - | Stock in Lower-Tier Coun any O | standing |
|  |  | These figu es re esent t e prop Company. | particular SCA |

## ** Column 7 will be electronic only.

## Column 7

Prove the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local rrating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.


## SCHEDULE DA - PART 1

## SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Include all investments whose maturities (or repurchase dates under repurchase agreement) at the time of acquisition were one year or less except those defined as cash or cash equivalents in accordance with SSAP No. 2R-Cash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments. All short-term investments owned at Dec. 31 of current year should be separated into bonds, mortgage loans, other short-term invested assets and investments in parent, subsidiaries and affiliates. Within each category, investments should be arranged alphabetically.

Refer to SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accounting guidance relate to reign currency transactions and translations.

Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements shall be shown gross when reported in the Sched e DA. If trese transactions are permitted to be reported net in accordance with SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Netw.ing of Assets ind Liabilities, the investment schedule shall continue to provide detail of all transactions (gross), with the net a our om the valid right to offset reflected in the financial statements (page 2 and page 3 of the statutory financia reported net when a valid right to offset exists, including the gross amount, the amount ffset, nd the net amount reported in the financial statements are required per SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Netting of Assets anc. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ iabilities.

## Short Sales:

Selling a security short is an action by a reporting entity that cults with the reporting entity recognizing proceeds from the sale and an obligation to deliver the ron sec. ity. For statutory accounting purposes, obligations to deliver securities resulting from short sales all be ported as contra-assets (negative assets) in the investment schedule, with an investment code ir eco column detailing the item as a short sale. The obligation (negative asset) shall be initially reflected at ' Fi ir value, with changes in fair value recognized as unrealized gains and losses. These unrealized gair and lossto shall be realized upon settlement of the short sale obligation. Interest on short sale positions slatll be ale periodically and reported as interest expense.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for ary the llowing required categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amounts of the corresponding catege or subci egory with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total orrand tot line and number:

NOTE: See the Investment Schedules General Insuctions for the following:

- Category definitions for honds.
- Foreign colamn code $l_{i}$ and matrix for determining code.
- Code colur list odes and definitions for securities not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity

Category Line Number
Bonds:
U.S. Gov

Issut Obligations.
0199999
Resiuertial Mortgage-Backed Securities .......................................................................................... 0299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities........................................................................................... 0399999
Ower Loan-Backed and Structured Securities .................................................................................... 0499999
Subtotals - U.S. Governments .............................................................................................................. 0599999
All Other Governments
Issuer Obligations
0699999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ............................................................................................. 0799999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities............................................................................................ 0899999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ...................................................................................... 0999999
Subtotals - All Other Governments ..................................................................................................... 1099999
U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)
Issuer Obligations ..... 1199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 1499999
Subtotals - U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed) ..... 1799999
U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)
Issuer Obligations ..... 1899999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1999999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2099999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 2199999
Subtotals - U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed). ..... 2499999
U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guarantee Obliz tionsof Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions
Issuer Obligations ..... 2599999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2699999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2799999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 2899999
Subtotals - U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessmen ${ }^{+} \mathrm{Ob}^{\text {gat. ns and all }}$ Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Aut ities o Governments and Their Political Subdivisions ..... 3199999
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)
Issuer Obligations ..... 3299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Sec rities ..... ..... 3599999
Subtotals - Industrial and Miscellaneous ( nattiliatc a) ..... 3899999
Hybrid Securities
Issuer Obligations ..... 4299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Sec ities ..... 4399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Secuir ..... 4499999
Other Loan-Backed and Str tured Securities ..... 4599999
Subtotals - Hybrid Securit ..... 4899999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affilia+ ${ }^{+}$
Issuer Obligati is. ..... 4999999
Residential Moi ge- acke Securities ..... 5099999
Commercial Mortga a-Backed Securities ..... 5199999
Other Lo n-Backed anıStructured Securities ..... 5299999
Subtotals * 'arent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Bonds ..... 5599999
SVO Identified
Exch nge Tr fed Funds - as Identified by the SVO. ..... 5899999

- nd rutua Funds - as Identified by the SVO ..... 5999999
Sub tals - SVO Identified Funds ..... 6099999
Barı Coans
Jank Loans - Issued ..... 6399999
Barik Loans - Acquired ..... 6499999
Subtotals - Bank Loans. ..... 6599999

| Subtotals - Issuer Obligations | 7799999 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Subtotals - Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities. | 7899999 |
| Subtotals - Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities | 7999999 |
| Subtotals - Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities | . 8099999 |
| Subtotals - SVO Identified Funds. | 8199999 |
| Subtotals - Bank Loans. | 8299999 |
| Subtotals - Bonds. | 8399999 |
| Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates |  |
| Mortgage Loans . | 8499999 |
| Other Short-Term Invested Assets | 8599999 |
| Subtotals - Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates. | 8699999 |
| Mortgage Loans. | 8799999 |
| Other Short-Term Invested Assets | 9099999 |
| Total Short-Term Investments. | .. 9199999 |

## Column 1 - Description

Give a complete and accurate description of all sonds, acludi g identifying the kind of investment vehicle if other than short-term bond. Identify "re $\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{P}} \mathrm{s}$ " column 1; and for "repos," show the repurchase date. For collateral loans, the type of curito held and fair value of the securities should be included in the description.

## Column 2 - Code

Enter "*" in this column for all SVO ${ }^{*}$ entified ${ }^{\prime}$ ands designated for systematic value.
Enter "@" in this column fr all Princ al S RRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds.
Enter " $\wedge$ " in this column for at ssets hat are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate acco at filing.

If short-term investmerit are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, th $-y$ a to e identified by placing one of the codes identified in the Investment Schedules sene al Inst uctions in this column.

If the security an SVO Identified Fund designated for systematic value or Principal STRIP bond or othe zero couporim ond and is not under the exclusive control of the company, the "*" or "@" should appea irst, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General structions).
s parat Account Filing Only:
If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the " "" should appear first and may be used simultaneously with the "**" or "@"with the " $\wedge "$ preceding the "*" or "@"depending on the asset being reported, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions)

Column 3 - Foreign
Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the matrix provided in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

## Column 4 - Date Acquired

For public placements, use trade date not settlement date. For private placements, use funding date. Reporting entities may total on one line each issue of bonds or stocks acquired at public offerings on more than one date and insert the date of last acquisition.

Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Name of Vendor

Reporting entities may total on one line purchases of various issues of the same issuer of short-term investments and insert the word "various."

Column 6 - Maturity Date
Reporting entities may total on one line purchases of various issues of the oan is or short-term investments and insert the appropriate maturity date.

## Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Securities excluding SVO Identified fund and mandatory convertic boi
This should be the amortized value or the lower of amors ad ve or fair value, as appropriate (and adjusted for any other-than-temporary imnairy an as the end of the current reporting year.

Include: The original cost of acc rin the vestment, including brokerage and other related fees.

Amortization of pre ium or accrual of discount, but not including any accrued intere or dividtrds paid thereon.

Amortizatio of dofe ed origination and commitment fees.
Deduct:
direct ite-cown for a decline in the fair value that is other-thanporary.

Exclude:
All oth costs, including internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated reporting entity related to origination, purchase or commitment to purchase, are charged to expense when incurred. Cost should also be reduced by nyments attributed to the recovery of cost.

Accrued interest or dividends.
Mandatory Conv tible Bonds:
The rmount should be the lower of amortized cost or fair value during the period prior to veran.

O Id tified Funds:
The amount should be fair value unless the reporting entity has designated a qualifying security for systematic value. The election of using systematic value is irrevocable.

NOTE: Use of systematic value is effective Dec. 31, 2017. This effective date requires entities to either report SVO-Identified investments at fair value on the effective date, or to identify the SVO-Identified investments with a code to identify use of systematic value. If the investment is coded for systematic value, the investment will be reported in the 2017 annual financial statements using the measurement method utilized throughout 2017. For these investments, beginning Jan. 1, 2018, the reporting entity shall report the investment using the calculated systematic value method detailed in SSAP No. 26R—Bonds.

The amount reported in this column should equal:

|  | Actual Cost |
| :--- | :--- |
| plus | Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)Total in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value |
| plus | Current Year’s (Amortization)/Accretion |
| minus | Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized |
| plus | Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value |
| plus | Changes due to acquisitions or disposals. |

Column 8 - Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)
The total unrealized valuation increase (decrease) for a specific security the be change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying or having carried (in the revious year) the security at Fair Value.

Include For SVO-identified funds, the change from the rion orted BACV to fair value/net asset value. If an SVO-identify func no longer qualifies for systematic value, the difference from sy emat value in prior year to fair value/net asset value in current year.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capit sins in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Accourt

Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion
This amount should equal the current report year amortization of premium or accrual of discount (regardless of whether the security is currently rarrieu at Amortized Cost). The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be repor a as incinases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amrtiza of remium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.

Include


Column 10 - Current Year’s Other-Tban-Temponary Impairment Recognized
If the security has sut ed an other-than-temporary impairment, this column should contain the amount of the dir ct $h=$ e- $\mathrm{c} w \mathrm{wn}$ recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital los s in e Exhi it of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

Column 11 - Total Foreign E . hange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
This mositive or negative amount that is defined as the portion of the total change in Book/Adjusted Carming lore for the year that is attributable to foreign exchange differences for a particular security. $T$ ee ant unts reported in this column should be included as net unrealized foreign exchange capital 5 in (los) in the Capital and Surplus Account.


Enter the par value of the bonds owned adjusted for repayment of principal. For mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities, enter the par amount of principal to which the company has claim. For interest-only bonds without a principal amount on which the company has a claim, use a zero value. Enter the statement date par value for bonds with adjustable principal. An interest-only bond with a small par amount of principal would use that amount.

Include: Cost of acquiring the issue, including brokers' commission and incidental expenses of effecting delivery.

Exclude: Accrued interest.
Column $15 \quad-\quad$ Nonadmitted Interest Due \& Accrued
This should equal the nonadmitted amount of due and accrued interest for a specific security, based upon the assessment of collectibility required by SSAP No. 34-Investment Incor e b ${ }^{\circ}$ e and Accrued and any other requirements for nonadmitting investment income due and accrued

Column 16 - Rate of Interest
Show rate of interest as stated on the face of the issue. Where the righ stated rate has been renegotiated, show the latest modified rate. Short-term bonds with vous is yes of the same issuer use the last rate of interest. All information reported in this field must a in reric value.

For Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds, enter meric arro (0).
 recognized. All information reported in this mL be a numeric value.

Column 18 - Interest - When Paid
Insert initial letters of months in whintero is payable. For securities that pay interest annually, provide the first three letter or m mo th in which the interest is paid (e.g., JUN for June). For securities that pay interest mi-annuc y or quarterly, provide the first letter of each month in which interest is received (e.g., J Jor June and December, and MJSD for March, June, September and December). For securities that $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{v}}$ v ir erest on a monthly basis, include "MON" for monthly. Finally, for securities that pay interest at mararity, include "MAT" for maturity.

For Principal STRIP Bon ${ }^{\text {º }}$ s or other zero coupon bonds, enter N/A.
Column 19 - Interest - mou Recei ed During Year
Include:
The proportionate share of investment income directly related to the securities



## SCHEDULE DB

## DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

All derivatives, regardless of maturity date, are to be reported on Schedule DB. Forward commitments where a reporting entity cannot determine at the inception of the contract, with certainty, if delivery will be made at the earliest opportunity are essentially forward contracts and should be reported on Schedule DB.

This schedule should be used to report derivative instruments. Specific accounting procedures for each derivative instrument will depend on the definition below and documented intent that best describes the instrument. Uses of derivative instruments that are reported in this schedule include hedging, income generation, replication and other. State ve nent laws and regulations should be consulted for applicable limitations and permissibility on the use of derivati instru ents. If the derivative strategy meets the definition of hedging as outlined in SSAP No. 86-Derivatives, then tho un orlying derivative transactions composing that strategy should be reported in that category of Schedule DB. If the ur aerlyn derivative strategy does not meet the definition of hedging as per SSAP No. 86-Derivatives, then the t.iderly ng del vative transactions composing that strategy should be reported as either hedging other, replication, income g neras $\eta$ on wer.

## DEFINITIONS OF DERIVATIVE INSTR ${ }^{-}$-

A hedge transaction is "Anticipatory" if it relates to:
a. A firm commitment to purchase assets or incur liabilities;
b. An expectation (but not obligation) to purchase assets or cur liabilities in the normal course of business.
"Underlying Interest" means the asset(s), liability(ies) owthe ires (s) underlying a derivative instrument, including, but not limited to, any one or more securities, currencies, rates, ndicec ommodities, derivative instruments, or other financial market instruments.
"Option" means an agreement giving the buyer th right to $\downarrow$ y or receive, sell or deliver, enter into, extend or terminate, or effect a cash settlement based on the actual or exp ted rice, level, performance or value of one or more Underlying Interests.
"Warrant" means an agreement that gives the ver the right to purchase an underlying financial instrument at a given price and time or at a series of prices and time ace diits to a schedule or warrant agreement.
"Cap" means an agreement oblig, ng ther er to make payments to the buyer, each payment under which is based on the amount, if any, that a reference p e, level, performance or value of one or more Underlying Interests exceed a predetermined number, sotetimes callea he strike/cap rate or price.
"Floor" means an agreemont ob $r$ ing the seller to make payments to the buyer, each payment under which is based on the amount, if any, that a I edete ined number, sometimes called the strike/floor rate or price exceeds a reference price, level, performance or 'ye o one or nore Underlying Interests.
"Collar" p . seller of a ditt ont Option, Cap or Floor.
"Swap" means an agreement to exchange or net payments at one or more times based on the actual or expected price, level, performance or value of one or more Underlying Interests or upon the probability occurrence of a specified credit or other event.
"Forward" means an agreement (other than a Future) to make or take delivery of, or effect a cash settlement based on, the actual or expected price, level, performance or value of one or more Underlying Interests.
"Future" means an agreement traded on an exchange, Board of Trade or contract market to make or take delivery of, or effect a cash settlement based on, the actual or expected price, level, performance or value one or more Underlying Interests.
"Option Premium" means the consideration paid (received) for the purchase (sale) of an Option.
"Financing Premium" means that the premium cost to acquire or enter into the derivative is paid at the end of the derivative contract or throughout the derivative contract.
"Swaption" means an agreement granting the owner the right, but not the obligation, to enter into an un rrlying vap.
"Margin Deposit" means a deposit that a reporting entity is required to maintain with a broker with i pect to the Futures Contracts purchased or sold.

## DEFINITION OF NOTIONAL AMOUN

The definition below is intended to be a principle for determining notiona frall rivative instruments. To the extent a derivative type is not explicitly addressed in a through c , notional should D repo ed in a manner consistent with this principle.
"Notional amount" is defined as the face value of a financiar strun in a derivatives transaction as of a reporting date, which is used to calculate future payments in the reporting rrency. Notional amount may also be referred to as notional value or notional principal amount. The notional anount re $\mathrm{e}_{\text {ported should remain static over the life of a trade }}$ unless the instrument is partially unwound or has a c ntrac a lortizing notional. The notional amount shall apply to derivative transactions as follows:
a. For derivative instruments other than fut es contra s (e.g., options, swaps, forwards), the notional amount is either the amount to which interest rates are app. $d$ in ord to calculate periodic payment obligations or the amount of the contract value used to determine the cash obir atio. Non-U.S. dollar contracts must be multiplied or divided by the appropriate inception foreign currency rate.
b. For futures contracts, with a U.S. नllar-denominated contract size (e.g., Treasury note and bond contracts, Eurodollar futures) or underly g, nownal amount is the number of contracts at the reporting date multiplied by the contract size (value one oint m ltiplied by par value).
c. For equity index and similar tures, the number of contracts at the reporting date is multiplied by the value of one point multiplied $\ v$ the transacion price. Non-U.S. dollar contract prices must be multiplied or divided by the appropriate incepti, foreign currency rate.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR SCHEDULE DB

Each derivative instrument should be reported in Parts A, B or C according to the nature of the instrument, as follows:
Part A: Positions in Options,* Caps, Floors, Collars, Swaps, and Forwards**
Part B: Positions in Futures Contracts
Part C: Positions in Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transaction

* Warrants acquired in conjunction with public or private debt or equity that are more appropriately reported in other schedules do not have to be reported in Schedule DB.
** Forward commitments that are not derivative instruments (for example, the commitment nurchase a GNMA security two months after the commitment date or a private placement six months cer enmitment date) should be disclosed in the Notes to Financial Statements, rather than on Schedule D

All derivatives, regardless of maturity date, are to be reported on Schedule DB. Forwai Jmir tments where the reporting entity cannot determine at the inception of the contract, with certainty, if delivery will be ma $\quad \mathrm{a}$ at the earliest opportunity are essentially forward contracts and should be reported on Schedule DB.

The reporting entity may be required to demonstrate the intended hedging characterist un er state statute in order to report in this derivative "Hedge Other" category.

The fair value is the value at which the instrument(s) could be exc nge : a current transaction. Amortized or book/adjusted carrying values should not be substituted for fair value, ublio varket quotes are the best indication of fair value. The reporting entity should document the determination of $f$ ir yar

Part D should be used to report the counterparty exposure (i.e., ${ }^{\dagger}$ expo to credit risk on derivative instruments) to each counterparty (or guarantor, as appropriate).

Derivatives shall be shown gross when reported in theredi. Dv. If these transactions are permitted to be reported net in accordance with SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Nf ang of ssets,and Liabilities, the investment schedule shall continue to provide detail of all transactions (gross), with e net am unt from the valid right to offset reflected in the financial statements (pages $2 \& 3$ of the statutory financial sta ments . Disclosures for items reported net when a valid right to offset exists, including the gross amount, the amount offset, an .e net amount reported in the financial statements are required per SSAP No. 64-Offsetting and Netting of Asset and Liabilities.


## SCHEDULE DB - PART A <br> SECTIONS 1 AND 2

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

In each section, separate derivative instruments into the following categories:


## Total Purchased Options

| Subtotal - Call Options and Warrants | 0369999999 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Subtotal - Put Options | 0379999999 |
| Subtotal - Caps | 0389999999 |
| Subtotal - Floors | 0399999999 |
| Subtotal - Collars | 0409999999 |
| Subtotal - Other | 0419999999 |
| Subtotal - Total Purchased Options | 0429999999 |

## Written Options

## Hedging Effective

Call Options and Warrants
0439999999
Put Options........................................................................................................................................................ 0449999999
Caps ..................................................................................................................... .......... 0459999999
Floors ......................................................................................................................... 0469999999
Collars .............................................................................................. ............................. 0479999999
Other .................................................................................................... ......................... 0489999999
Subtotal - Hedging Effective ............................................................. ................................ 0499999999
Hedging Other
Call Options and Warrants .......................................... .................................................. 0509999999
Put Options.............................................................................. .......................................... 0519999999
Caps ............................................................................. ............................................... 0529999999
Floors .................................................................................................................................. 0539999999
Collars ........................................................... ...... .......................................................... 0549999999
Other ................................................................................................................................ 0559999999
Subtotal - Hedging Other ................................................................................................... 0569999999
Replications
Call Options and Warrants ... _..... ..... .................................................................................. 0579999999
Put Options....................... .............. ............................................................................. 0589999999
Caps ............................................... ............................................................................... 0599999999
Floors .............................................................................................................................. 0609999999
Collars ................................................................................................................................ 0619999999
Other ......................... ......................................................................................................... 0629999999
Subtotal - Replications. ..................................................................................................... 0639999999 Income Generation

Call Options id Vrrı is ...................................................................................................... 0649999999
Put Options...... .................................................................................................................. 0659999999
Cap . . ................................................................................................................................. 0669999999
Floor ................................................................................................................................ 0679999999
Collors.... ............................................................................................................................... 0689999999
C her .. .............................................................................................................................. 0699999999
btotal Income Generation.................................................................................................. 0709999999
Other
Call Options and Warrants ..................................................................................................... 0719999999
Put Options............................................................................................................................. 0729999999
Caps ....................................................................................................................................... 0739999999
Floors ...................................................................................................................................... 0749999999
Collars.................................................................................................................................. 0759999999
Other ...................................................................................................................................... 0769999999
Subtotal - Other ...................................................................................................................... 0779999999

## Total Written Options

Subtotal - Call Options and Warrants ..... 0789999999
Subtotal - Put Options ..... 0799999999
Subtotal - Caps ..... 0809999999
Subtotal - Floors ..... 0819999999
Subtotal - Collars ..... 0829999999
Subtotal - Other ..... 0839999999
Subtotal - Total Written Options ..... 0849999999

## Hedging Effective


Hedging Other
Interest Rate ..... 0919999999
Credit Default. ..... 0929999999
Foreign Exchange ..... 0939999999
Total Return ..... 0949999999
Other ..... 0959999999
Subtotal - Hedging Other ..... 0969999999
Replication
Interest Rate ..... 0979999999
Credit Default. ..... 0989999999
Foreign Exchange ..... 0999999999
Total Return ..... 1009999999
Other ..... 1019999999
Subtotal - Replication ..... 1029999999
Income Generation
Interest Rate ..... 1039999999
Credit Defrelt. ..... 1049999999
Foreign Ex hrong ....... ..... 1059999999
Total Returi . . ............. ..... 1069999999
Other ..... 1079999999
Subte - Income Generation. ..... 1089999999
Other
terest ate ..... 1099999999
C. dit $D$ fault ..... 1109999999
reign Exchange ..... 1119999999
l Return ..... 1129999999
Other ..... 1139999999
Subtotal - Other ..... 1149999999
Total Swaps
Subtotal - Interest Rate ..... 1159999999
Subtotal - Credit Default ..... 1169999999
Subtotal - Foreign Exchange ..... 1179999999
Subtotal - Total Return ..... 1189999999
Subtotal - Other ..... 1199999999
Subtotal - Total Swaps ..... 1209999999

## Forwards



Totals

## Definitions:

## Hedging Effective:



> A derivative transaction that is used in hedging transact ans meet the criteria of a highly effective hedge as described in SSAP No. 86-Derivatives, 4 lith a valued and reported in a manner that is consistent with the hedged asset or liability. Th seta actions have been voluntarily designated and are effective as of the reporting date.

## Hedging Other:


 of one or more risk factors. TV tran cacti is not part of an effectively designated relationship as described under SSAP No. 86- erivatives

## Replication

A derivative transaction el ere into in conjunction with other investments in order to reproduce the investment characteristics $f$ otherwise permissible investments as described under SSAP No. 86Derivatives. A derivat $n$ ns ion entered into by a reporting entity as a hedging or income generation transaction sha no be co sidered a replication (synthetic asset) transaction. These transactions are considered to bu ali ions is of the reporting date.

Income Generation:
A derivative transaction written or sold to generate additional income or return to the reporting entity as describ Ide AP No. 86-Derivatives.

Other:
A do vative transaction written or sold by the reporting entity used for means other than (1) Hedging Efrecuve; (2) Hedging Other; (3) Replication; or (4) Income Generation (definitions listed above or referenced in SSAP No. 86-Derivatives). When this subcategory is utilized, a description of the use should buincluded in the footnotes to the financial statements.

## Value of One (1) Point:

The monetary value of a one (1) point move in a futures position published by the exchange. May also be referred to as "Lot Size," "Lots" or "Points" by the exchange.

Interest rate and currency swaps (where receive/(pay) notional amounts are denominated in different currencies), are filed under the "Foreign Exchange" swap subcategory.

## SCHEDULE DB - PART A - SECTION 1

## OPTIONS, CAPS, FLOORS, COLLARS, SWAPS AND FORWARDS OPEN DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Include all options, caps, floors, collars, swaps and forwards owned on December 31 of the current year, including those owned on December 31 of the previous year, and those acquired during the current year.

## Column 1 - Description

Give a complete and accurate description of the derivative instrument including a description of the underlying securities, currencies, rates, indices, commodities, derivative instrume $s$, $o$ other financial market instruments.

Include details such as:

- For options, the basis. For example, caps should include the rlying interest rate (e.g., CMS 5 year) and frequency of the reset (typically thi mont a);
- For credit default swaps, the name of the reference entity sing issuer or an index) and the equity ticker symbol, if available;
- For currency derivatives, report the currency and rribu pay/receive (or buy/sell) legs of the transaction; and
- For baskets, note that it is a basket and inclut the rive equity tickers, if applicable.
- For derivatives with financing premiunh inclua information on the terms of the financing premium, including whether it is dut erioa. ally or at maturity, and the next payment date.

Where leveraging is a feature of the pay aent ternt, the multiplier effect will be clearly presented in the description.

For swaptions, include the he nu her, the tenor of the option (i.e., time from effective date to maturity date of the option ${ }^{2}$ pect), ant the start and end dates of the underlying swap.

If traded on an exchange, dit lose ticker symbol. Indicate the maturity of the underlying, as appropriate.
Do not use internal des iptions or identifiers unless provided as supplemental information.
Column $2-\quad$ Description of Itr $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{s})$ I dged, Used for Income Generation or Replicated
Describe the sse ar abilities hedged, including CUSIP(s) when appropriate. For example, "Bond Portfolio Hedge, "VAGLB Hedge," "Fixed Annuity Hedge," "Investment in Foreign Operations," etc.

If heo ng a specific bond, report the CUSIP and a complete and accurate description of the bond; if multiole USIPs, note that there are multiple CUSIPs and report the equity ticker or name of the v amà parent, as applicable.

It adr ig a guaranteed investment contract or funding agreement, report as "GIC Hedge" or "FA ədge."

For a foreign operations hedge, report as "Net Investment in Foreign Operations."
For annuity hedging, describe whether hedging fixed or variable annuities.
If hedging a specific mortgage loan asset, report as "Mortgage Loan" and provide the corresponding loan number reported on Schedule B, Part 1, Column 1.

Describe the assets against which derivatives are written in income-generation transactions.
If a replication, report the RSAT Number and Description of the RSAT (Columns 1 and 2 from Schedule DB, Part C, Section 1).

## Column 3 - Schedule/Exhibit Identifier

Identify the Schedule or Exhibit of the hedged item(s), such as Schedule A, B, BA, D Part 1, D Part 2, Section 1; or D, Part 2, Section 2, if appropriate. Otherwise "N/A."

Use clear abbreviations for schedules, such as D 1 (Schedule D, Part 1) D 2-1 (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1), D 2-2 (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2), etc.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Type(s) of Risk(s)
Identify the type(s) of risk(s) being hedged: "Interest Rate," "Credit," "Du atlo" "Currency," "Equity/Index," "Commodity" or, if reporting other risks, provide a description f the ink within the field or in the footnote listed at the end of this section.

If footnoted, please enter a reference code in this column (e.g., $a, b, c$, etc then disclose the description of the risk in Schedule DB footnotes for each reference code sea res schedule.

In the event there is more than one type of risk, use the most relev $n t$ ris
Column $5-\quad$ Exchange, Counterparty or Central Clearinghouse
Show the name, followed by the Commodity Futurt rading Commission's Legal Entity Identifier
(LEI), if an LEI number has been assigned, of the excharr cov terparty or central clearinghouse.
If exchange-traded, show the name and the LEI c he exc nge, Board of Trade or contract market.
If OTC traded, show the name and the LEI of runterparty and the guarantor upon whose credit the reporting entity relies.


Show the trade date of the ginal trai action.
The reporting entity may sumn rizr on one line all identical derivative instruments with the same exchange or counterparty showing ne last trade date, but only if the instruments are identical in their terms; e.g., type, matuni y, expiration or settlement, and strike price, rate or index.
Column $7 \quad$ Date of Maturity iEג ration
Show the do of ${ }^{\text {Star }}$ y or expiration of the derivative, as appropriate.


Show the notional amount. Notional amounts are to be reported as an absolute (non-negative) value. Guidance for determining notional is included in the Schedule DB General Instructions and SSAP No. 86-Derivatives.

If the replication (synthetic asset) transactions are not denominated in U.S. dollar, convert it into U.S. dollar equivalent in accordance with SSAP No. 23-Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations.


Show the strike price, rate or index for which payments are received (paid), or an option could be exercised or which would trigger a cash payment to (by) the reporting entity on a derivative.

Forward exchange rate must be stated as: Fx Currency per US\$ (Fx/US\$).
For credit derivatives, state "credit event" when the payment is triggered by a standard International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) defined credit event.

Describe non-standard credit event in footnotes to the annual statement.
For example, for a credit default swap sold at $0.50 \%$ per annum, show " 0.50 /(crea. event)," or for an interest swap with $4.5 \%$ received, LIBOR $+0.50 \%$ paid, show " 4.50 / ( $\mathrm{L}+0$ o o 0 )."
Column 11 - Cumulative Prior Year(s) Initial Cost of Undiscounted Premium (Pecein h) Pu d
For derivatives opened in prior reporting years, show the mula ve undiscounted, remaining premium or other payment (received) paid since the derivative contra was entered into.

If a derivative has been partially terminated, the termin of the premium is reported in Schedule DB, Part A, Section 2.

Column 12 - Current Year Initial Cost of Undiscounted Premiur (h reivo) Paid
For derivatives opened in the current repory ye or for derivatives in which premiums are paid throughout the derivative contract, show the un scounted premium or other payment (received) paid in the current year.

Refetc SSAP No. 66-Derivatives for further discussion.
Column $15-\operatorname{Cod}$
sert * in this column if the book/adjusted carrying value is combined with the book/adjusted carrys value of assets or liabilities hedged; the book/adjusted carrying value is combined with the b. k/adjusted carrying value of underlying/covering assets; or if the amount is combined with consideration paid on underlying/covering assets.

Insert \# in this column if the book/adjusted carrying value was combined in prior years with the book/adjusted carrying value of assets or liabilities hedged.

Insert @ in this column if the income/expenses is combined with income/expenses on assets or liabilities hedged.

Insert $\wedge$ in this column if the derivative has unpaid financing premiums.

Column 17 - Unrealized Valuation Increase/(Decrease)

For purposes of this schedule, increases should be reported when the nge results in an increase to the asset or a decrease to the liability. A decrease should be rep $d$ whe change results in a decrease to the asset or an increase to the liability.

The total unrealized valuation increase/(decrease) for a spev ${ }^{\text {cic }}$ ds rivative will be the change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying rin ving carried (in the previous year) the derivative at Fair Value.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealize ca ${ }^{\text {tal }}$ sains/(losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Acc unt.

Column 18 - Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adiuste Carrying Value
This is a positive or negative amoum tha aefir d as the portion of the total change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value for the year that is trib ole to foreign exchange differences for a particular derivative.

The amounts reported in this solumn hould be included as net unrealized foreign exchange capital gain/(loss) in the Capital and Sür 'res Account.

For purposes of this edule, positive amounts should be reported when the change results in an increase to the asset or a lecrease to the liability. A negative amount should be reported when the change results in deci se oo the asset or an increase to the liability.

Column 19 - Current Ye (Amu ation)/Accretion
For "poses of this schedule, positive amounts should be reported when the change results in an increass o the asset or a decrease to the liability. A negative amount should be reported when the cb res. in a decrease to the asset or an increase to the liability.

Column $20-A$ iustm nt to the Carrying Value of Hedged Item
represents the amortized book/adjusted carrying value used to adjust the basis of the hedged item(s) during the current year.

## Column 21 - Potential Exposure

Potential Exposure is a statistically derived measure of the potential increase in derivative instrument risk exposure, for derivative instruments that generally do not have an initial cost paid or consideration received, resulting from future fluctuations in the underlying interests upon which derivative instruments are based.

For collars, swaps other than credit default swaps and forwards, the Potential Exposure $=0.5 \% \mathrm{x}$ "Notional Amount" x Square Root of (Remaining Years to Maturity).

For credit default swaps, enter the larger of notional amount or maximum potentia $\rho \mathrm{d}$, 'ent.
For purchased credit default swaps bought for protection, the amount reported will b zero.
If the maximum potential exposure cannot be determined, enter ${ }_{2}$ ro a d expl in in the Notes to Financial Statement.

Disclose in the footnotes to the annual statement any assets, held ther parties that the reporting entity can obtain and liquidate to recover all or a ration of the amounts paid under the derivative.

Column 22 - Credit Quality of Reference Entity
Only applies to credit default swaps (for other derivativ, le e blank)
Disclose:

- NAIC designation of the reforenco antity; or, if not available, then
- NAIC designation 10 quil the reference entity, if it is CRP rated; or, if not available, then
- The reportip entity own credit assessment translated into an NAIC designation equivalent ith a "*" t indicate that the designation is based on the reporting entity’s own internal e Juatio of the reference entity's creditworthiness.

For first loss type of ba eet credit default swaps, use the lowest designation in the basket.
For other types or other structures, determine a designation that fairly represents the likelihood $r^{6}$ cre it loss

Column 23 - Hedge Effeca ness a Inception and at Year-end
For n ge transactions show as a percentage expressed as (XX / YY), where "XX" shows the hedge effective "ss percentage at inception and "YY" shows the hedge effectiveness percentage on D cen er J of the current year.

Fu ex mple, 100.45\% hedge effectiveness at inception and $94.90 \%$ hedge effectiveness on नcember 31 of the current year is reported as "100 / 95."

Round to the nearest whole percentage. Do not use decimals.
When hedge effectiveness cannot be calculated, enter a reference code number in this column (e.g., 0001, 0002, etc.) then disclose the financial or economic impact of the hedge at the end of the reporting period in Schedule DB footnotes for each reference code number used in the schedule.

A reference code number may be used multiple times in this column to indicate the same explanation.
For example: 0001 Reduces bond portfolio duration by .2 years.
a) Fair Value Hedges:

How much of the change in value of the hedged item(s) was hedged by the change in value of the derivative, both:

- At the inception of the derivative transaction.
- On December 31st end of the current year.
b) Cash Flow Hedges:

How much of the change in cash flows or present value of cash flows of th hedg item(s) was hedged by the change in cash flows or present value of cash flows of the de rative, both:

- At the inception of the derivative transaction, and
- At the end of the current year.


## ** Columns 24 through 31 will be electronic only.

## Column $24 \quad-\quad$ Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fan lue ode

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the ar ount $f m$ ney the reporting entity would receive (pay) in order to close the derivative position at th mat prece. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market price-based value ca. ot be ovtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value lever dicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.
"1" for Level 1
"2" for Level 2
"3" for Level 3


The following is a listin of the valid method indicators for derivatives to show the method used by the reporting entity to det ine the Fair Value.
"a" Forderi atives there the fair value is determined by a pricing service.
"b" For rivat where the fair value is determined by a stock exchange.
For derivatives where the fair value is determined by a broker or the reporting entity's ustodian. To use this method 1) the broker must be approved by the reporting entity as a de. ative counterparty; and 2) the reporting entity shall obtain and retain the pricing policy of he broker or custodian that provided the quotations.

For derivatives where the fair value is determined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of the pricing methodology used.

Enter a combination of hierarchy and method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the method used to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use " 1 b " to report Level 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value.

For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.
For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.
The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web site:
www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml
For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.
For Method Code "d," leave blank.
Column $26-\quad$ Method of Clearing (C or U)
Indicate whether derivative transaction is cleared through a centre clear rhouse with a "C" or not cleared through a centralized clearinghouse with a "U."

Column 27 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LED for ally vurterparty as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assig, t, leav blank.
${ }^{* *}$ Columns 28 through 31 are for derivatives with financing premiu. $\mathbf{s}^{* *}$

| Column 28 | - | Total Undiscounted Premium Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Report the total, undiscounted (contr |
| Column 29 | - | Unpaid Undiscounted Premium |

Report the undiscounted (r ntractual) ost to acquire/enter into the derivative unpaid by the reporting entity.

Column 30 - Fair Value of Derivative Excludin_ mpact of Financing Premiums
Reflect the fair value the derivative adjusted to exclude the impact of discounted future settled premiums. For ex nit in fair value of the derivative reported in column 16 has been reduced due to expecte cash outflo s representing the reporting entity's future payment of financing premiums, the conside on tho future premium cash outflows shall be removed from the reported fair value of the derivativ captured in this column.
(At ab isition, a derivative may be reported with a net zero fair value in column 16 as the value of the derivativ and the net present value of future financing premiums owed from the acquisition of the d Ava e nray offset. The fair value reported in column 30 shall reflect the fair value of the derivative ithout, 1 offset for the future financing premiums.)

Column $31 \quad$ _ $\quad$ nrealized Valuation Increase/Decrease, Excluding Impact of Financing Premiums
Reflect the unrealized gain or unrealized loss reported for the derivative adjusted to exclude the impact from discounted future settled premiums. For example, if the valuation increase/valuation decrease reported in column 17 includes "losses" to recognize the net present value of the financing cost owed by the reporting entity, those "losses" shall be removed from the unrealized valuation increase/decrease reflected in this column.

## SCHEDULE DB - PART A - SECTION 2

## OPTIONS, CAPS, FLOORS, COLLARS, SWAPS AND FORWARDS TERMINATED <br> DURING CURRENT YEAR

Include all options, caps, floors, collars, swaps and forwards which were terminated during the current reporting year, both those that were owned on December 31 of the previous reporting year, and those acquired and terminated during the current year.

## Column 1 - Description

Give a complete and accurate description of the derivative instrument including a au cription of the underlying securities, currencies, rates, indices, commodities, derivative instrums s , or ower financial market instruments.

Include details such as:

- For options, the basis. For example, caps should inc de th underlying interest rate (e.g. CMS 5 year) and frequency of the reset (typically tbree $n$ ntbs);
- For credit default swaps, the name of the reference entity (a ygle issuer or an index) and the equity ticker symbol, if available;
- For currency derivatives, report the currency desci ee the pay/receive (or buy/sell) legs of the transaction; and
- For baskets, note that it is a basket and in ude top five equity tickers, if applicable.
- For derivatives with financing prer ms lude information on the terms of the financing premium, including whether it is due pe dically or at maturity, and the next payment date.

Where leveraging is a feature of $t^{2} \mathrm{e}$ pas, $n t \mathrm{~ms}$, the multiplier effect will be clearly presented in the description.

If traded on an exchange, asclose e ticker symbol. Indicate the maturity of the underlying, as appropriate.

Do not use internal descriptions ontifiers unless provided as supplemental information.
Column 2 - Description of Item(s) adged, Used for Income Generation, or Replicated
Describe the ass is or qbirties hedged, including CUSIP(s) when appropriate. For example, "Bond Portfolio I dge, "VAG B Hedge," "Fixed Annuity Hedge," "Investment in Foreign Operations," etc.

If hedging a sp ific bond, report the CUSIP and a complete and accurate description of the bond; if multiole CUSIPs, note that there are multiple CUSIPs and report the equity ticker or name of the ultim, narent, as applicable.
neds g a guaranteed investment contract or funding agreement, report as "GIC Hedge" or "FA odge."
a foreign operations hedge, report as "Net Investment in Foreign Operations."
For annuity hedging, describe whether hedging fixed or variable annuities.
If hedging a specific mortgage loan asset, report as "Mortgage Loan" and provide the corresponding loan number reported on Schedule B, Part 1, Column 1.

Describe the assets against which derivatives are written in income-generation transactions.
If a replication, report the RSAT Number and Description of the RSAT (Columns 1 and 2 from Schedule DB, Part C, Section 1).

Identify the Schedule or Exhibit of the hedged item(s), such as Schedule A; B; BA; D, Part 1; D, Part 2, Section 1; or D, Part 2, Section 2, if appropriate. Otherwise "N/A."

Use clear abbreviations for schedules, such as D 1 (Schedule D, Part 1) D 2-1 (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1), D 2-2 (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2), etc.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Type(s) of Risk(s)
Identify the type(s) of risk(s) being hedged: 'Interest Rate," "Credit," "Du ato ""Currency," "Equity/Index," "Commodity" or, if reporting other risks, provide a description f the ink within the field or in the footnote at the end of this section.

If footnoted, please enter a reference code in this column (e.g., $a, b, c$, etc then disclose the description of the risk in Schedule DB footnotes for each reference code rea rese schedule.

In the event there is more than one type of risk, use the most relev nt ris




For hedge transactions show as a percentage expressed as (XX / YY), where "XX" shows the hedge effectiveness percentage at inception and "YY" shows the hedge effectiveness percentage at termination.

For example, $100.45 \%$ hedge effectiveness at inception and $94.90 \%$ hedge effectiveness on December 31 of the current year is reported as " 100 / 95 ."

Round to the nearest whole percentage. Do not use decimals.
When hedge effectiveness cannot be calculated, enter a reference code nu ber in his column (e.g., 0001, 0002, etc.) then disclose the financial or economic impact of the heds at the end of the reporting period in Schedule DB footnotes for each reference code number sed in the schedule.

A reference code number may be used multiple times in this column to in icat same explanation.

For example: 0001 Reduces bond portfolio duration by . 2 s ars.
a) Fair Value Hedges:

How much of the change in value of the hedg, em(s) vas hedged by the change in value of the derivative, both:

- At the inception of the derivative trans tion; a. ${ }^{\text {d }}$
- At termination.
b) Cash Flow Hedges:

How much of the chang ash or present value of cash flows of the hedged item(s) was hedged by the change ash ms w present value of cash flows of the derivative, both:

- At the inception of a deri ative transaction; and
- At terminati

Column 26 - Legal Entity, entin (LEI)
Prow the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any counterparty as assigned by a designated Locail $O_{\text {, }}$ rating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

## **Columns 37 th. ugh 20 ar for derivatives with financing premiums**

Column 27 a Undiscounted Premium Cost
Report the total, undiscounted (contractual) cost to acquire/enter into the derivative.
Column 28 - Unpaid Undiscounted Premium Cost
Report the undiscounted (contractual) cost to acquire/enter into the derivative unpaid by the reporting entity.

Reflect the fair value of the derivative adjusted to exclude the impact of discounted future settled premiums. For example, if the fair value of the derivative reported in column 16 has been reduced due to expected cash outflows representing the reporting entity's future payment of financing premiums, the consideration of those future premium cash outflows shall be removed from the reported fair value of the derivative captured in this column.
(At acquisition, a derivative may be reported with a net zero fair value in column 16 as the value of the derivative and the net present value of future financing premiums owed from the acquisition of the derivative may offset. The fair value reported in column 30 shall reflect the fair $v$ de $f$ the derivative without an offset for the future financing premiums.)

Column $30 \quad-\quad$ Unrealized Valuation Increase/Decrease, Excluding Impact of Financing Pr miun
Reflect the unrealized gain or unrealized loss reported for the derivative dius. 10 exclude the impact from discounted future settled premiums. For example, if the va tion rrease/valuation decrease reported in column 17 includes "losses" to recognize the net prent va eof the financing cost owed by the reporting entity, those "losses" shall be removed "om the unrealized valuation increase/decrease reflected in this column.

## SCHEDULE DB - PART B <br> SECTIONS 1 AND 2

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

In each Section, separate derivative instruments into the following categories:


## Replication:

A derivative transaction entered into in conjunction with other investments in order to reproduce the investment characteristics of otherwise permissible investments described under SSAP No. 86Derivatives. A derivative transaction entered into by a reporting entity as a hedging or income generation transaction shall not be considered a replication (synthetic asset) transaction. These transactions are considered to be replications as of the reporting date.

## Income Generation:

A derivative transaction written or sold to generate additional income or return to the reporting entity as described under SSAP No. 86-Derivatives.

Other:
A derivative transaction written or sold by the reporting entity used for me as oth than (1) Hedging Effective, (2) Hedging Other, (3) Replication, or (4) Income Generation finit on listed above or
 be included in the footnotes to the financial statements

## SCHEDULE DB - PART B - SECTION 1

## FUTURES CONTRACTS OPEN

## DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Include all futures contracts positions open December 31 of current year, including those which were open on December 31 of previous year, and those acquired during current year.

In the Broker Name/Net Cash Deposits footnote, list, in alphabetical sequence, brokers with whom cash deposits have been made, cumulative changes made to the deposits and the beginning and ending cash balances.

Column 1 - Ticker Symbol
If traded on an exchange, disclose the ticker symbol.
Column $2-\quad$ Number of Contracts
Show the total number of contracts open on Dec. 31 of the repoting ${ }^{\text {ar as }}$ absolute (non-negative) value.

Column 3 - Notional Amount
Show the total notional amount of the futures position Der 31 of the reporting year as absolute (non-negative) value. Guidance for determining ou $\rightarrow$ al $\quad$ included in the Schedule DB General Instructions and SSAP No. 86-Derivatives.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Description
Give a complete and accurate des iptic the derivative instrument, including a description of the underlying securities, currencies, rate indicoc commodities, derivative instruments or other financial market instruments.

For derivatives with financin premiur s, include information on the terms of the financing premium, including whether it is due perlo 'cal' or at maturity, and the next payment date.

Do not use internal de iptions or identifiers unless provided as supplemental information.
Column 5 - Description of Ite $n(\mathrm{~S})$ edg d, Used for Income Generation, or Replicated
Describe the sse ar abilities hedged, including CUSIP(s) when appropriate. For example, "Bond Portfolio Hedge, "VAGLB Hedge," "Fixed Annuity Hedge," "Investment in Foreign Operations," etc.
If hec ${ }_{0}$ g a specific bond, report the CUSIP and a complete and accurate description of the bond; if multinle verPs, note that there are multiple CUSIPs and report the equity ticker or name of the r imato arent, as applicable.

If lruoing a guaranteed investment contract or funding agreement, report as "GIC Hedge" or "FA dge."

For a foreign operations hedge, report as "Net Investment in Foreign Operations." For annuity hedging, describe whether hedging fixed or variable annuities.

If hedging a specific mortgage loan asset, report as "Mortgage Loan" and provide the corresponding loan number reported on Schedule B, Part 1, Column 1.

Describe the assets against which derivatives are written in income generation transactions.
If a replication, report the RSAT Number and Description of the RSAT (Columns 1 and 2 from Schedule DB, Part C, Section 1).

| Column 6 | - | Schedule/Exhibit Identifier |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Identify the Schedule or Exhibit of the hedged item(s), such as Schedule A; B; BA; D Part 1; D, Part 2 Section 1; or D, Part 2, Section 2, if appropriate. Otherwise "N/A." |
|  |  | Use clear abbreviations for schedules, such as D 1 (Schedule D, Part 1) D 2-1 (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1), D 2-2 (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2), etc. |
| Column 7 | - | Type(s) of Risk(s) |
|  |  | Identify the type(s) of risk(s) being hedged: "Interest Rate," "Credit," "Du ato" "Currency," "Equity/Index," "Commodity" or, if reporting other risks, provide a description f the $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{K}}$ within the field or in a footnote listed in this Schedule. |
|  |  | If footnoted, please enter a reference code in this column (e.g., $a, b, c$, etc then disclose the description of the risk in Schedule DB footnotes for each reference code rea re schedule. |
|  |  | In the event there is more than one type of risk, use the most |
| Column 8 | - | Date of Maturity or Expiration |
|  |  | Show the date of maturity or expiration of the derivati as app priate. |
| Column 9 | - | Exchange |
|  |  | Show the name and the Commodity Futures ading Commission's Legal Entity Identifier (LEI), if an LEI number has been assigned, for the exchange $\eta$ whirch the contract was transacted. |
| Column 10 | - | Trade Date |
|  |  | Show the trade date of the ori mar |
|  |  | The reporting entity may surize one line all identical derivative instruments with the same exchange or counterparty show. $\quad$ tb last trade date, but only if the instruments are identical in their terms (e.g., type, maturity, expiratı, or settlement, and strike price, rate or index). |
| Column 11 | - | Transaction Price |
|  |  | Show the I ice a which ie futures contract was originally purchased or sold. |
|  |  | If several positi $s$ of the same futures contract are summarized, show the weighted average price. |
| Column 12Column 13 | - | Repo . Date Price |
|  |  | ue |
| Column 13 |  | Report the net unsettled futures position from the time lag (typically one day with U.S. futures brokers) between the change in the cumulative variation margin (Columns 15 and 18) and the actual settlement with the futures brokers. |
|  |  | This represents the pending cash settlement of the futures position. |

Represents the statement value of the futures position, with any nonadmitted assets added back, and is determined based on how the futures contract is being used, in accordance with SSAP No. 86Derivatives.

Note that any cash deposits placed with the broker are included in the Broker Name/Net Cash Deposits footnote only and not in the Book/Adjusted Carrying Value.

## Column 15 - Highly Effective Hedges - Cumulative Variation Margin

On long contracts, show the number of contracts (Column 2) times the $\mathrm{d}^{\text {a }}$ erence etween the reporting date price (Column 12) and transaction price (Column 11) times the futur value of one (1) point (Column 22).

On short contracts, show the number of contracts (Column 2 time the erence between the transaction price (Column 11) and the reporting date price (Colv ${ }^{7}$ 12) mes the futures value of one (1) point (Column 22).

An exception is that this column would not be populated fo highly effective futures of forecasted transaction or firm commitments.

Column 16 - Highly Effective Hedges - Deferred Variation Margin
This represents the variation margin that has een de rred and therefore not recognized as an unrealized or realized gain (loss) or as invesu. int int me.

Note: If the entire amount of the variatic maroin was deferred, the amount reported will be the same as is reported in Column 15.

Column 17 - Highly Effective Hedges - C ang Va ition Margin Gain (Loss) Used to Adjust Basis of Hedged Item

This represents the variation ma. in $y$ ed in the current year to adjust the basis of a hedged item.
Column 18 - Cumulative Variation argin for All Other Hedges
On long contrac s, shi we number of contracts (Column 2) times the difference between the reporting te pi e (Co mn 12) and transaction price (Column 11) times the futures value of one (1) point (Coluı

On thort contracis, show the number of contracts (Column 2) times the difference between the $\operatorname{tr}$ action price (Column 11) and the reporting date price (Column 12) times the futures value of one (1) $\mathrm{po}_{\mathrm{s}}+$ ' Column 22).

## Column 19

ange Variation Margin Gain (Loss) Recognized in Current Year
represents the variation margin recognized as an unrealized or realized gain (loss) or as investment income for the year.

This column will be populated for highly effective futures hedging at fair value and All Other futures.
This column will not be populated for highly effective futures hedging at amortized cost.

Potential Exposure is a statistically derived measure of the potential increase in derivative instrument risk exposure, for derivative instruments that generally do not have an initial cost paid or consideration received, resulting from future fluctuations in the underlying interests upon which derivative instruments are based.

For futures, the Potential Exposure = (Initial Margin per contract on the valuation date, set by the exchange on which contract trades) $x$ (the number of contracts open on the valuation date).

Column 21 - Hedge Effectiveness at Inception and at Year-end
For hedge transactions show, as a percentage expressed as (XX / YY), whero "X, shows the hedge effectiveness percentage at inception and "YY" shows the hedge effective ess pu centage at reporting date.

For example, $100.45 \%$ hedge effectiveness at inception and $4.90 \%$ hedge effectiveness on December 31 of the current year is reported as "100 / 95."

Round to the nearest whole percentage. Do not use decimals.
When hedge effectiveness cannot be calculated, en a re rence code number in this column (e.g., 0001, 0002, etc.) then disclose the financial or eco omic mpact of the hedge at the end of the reporting period in Schedule DB footnotes for each ence ode number used in the schedule.

A reference code number may be used multip ime in this column to indicate the same explanation.
For example: 0001 Reduces bond ortfolio turation by 2 years.
a) Fair Value Hedges:

How much of the cb age in va e ot the hedged item(s) was hedged by the change in value of the derivative, both:

- At the inception of the crivative transaction; and
- At reporting 'ate.
b)


How ch or che change in cash flows or present value of cash flows of the hedged item(s) was hedged by he change in cash flows or present value of cash flows of the derivative, both:

At the inception of the derivative transaction; and
At reporting date.
Column 22

- Varm One (1) Point

This represents the monetary value of a one (1) point move in a futures position published by the exchange. This monetary value of one (1) point is utilized in the calculation of the futures' variation margin.

## ** Columns 23 through 29 will be electronic only.

Column $23-\quad$ Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code
Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.
"1" for Level 1
"2" for Level 2
"3" for Level 3
The following is a listing of the valid method indicators for deriva ives show the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.
"a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pri sei.
"b" for securities where the rate is determined by a si ck ex nange.
"c" for securities where the rate is determ ed by broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pric $\mathrm{po}^{\mathrm{ov}} \mathrm{v}$ for any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker mus either be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and sf ang sectraies or be an underwriter of the security being valued.
"d" for securities where ne is etermined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to mainta a record the pricing methodology used.

Enter a combination of hierarch, and nethod indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the mothod used $\sqrt{\text { ot }}$ determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use " 1 b " to report Levo 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value.

For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.
For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.

## The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:

## www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.
For Method Code "d," leave blank.
Column $25 \quad-\quad$ Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any col erpan assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blâ

## **Columns 26 through 29 are for derivatives with financing premiums*

Column 26 - Total Undiscounted Premium Cost
Report the total, undiscounted (contractual) C to a uire/enter into the derivative.
Column 27 - Unpaid Undiscounted Premium Cost
Report the undiscounted (contractual) ost t quire/enter into the derivative unpaid by the reporting entity.

Column $28-\quad$ Fair Value of Derivative, Exu ding Im act of Financing Premiums
Reflect the fair value $r$ the derivative adjusted to exclude the impact of discounted future settled premiums. For examp if the fair value of the derivative reported in column 16 has been reduced due to expected cash outflow representing the reporting entity's future payment of financing premiums, the consideration of tho e furure premium cash outflows shall be removed from the reported fair value of the deri ative apture in this column.
(At acquisition, derivative may be reported with a net zero fair value in column 16 as the value of the deritive and the net present value of future financing premiums owed from the acquisition of the derivau may offset. The fair value reported in column 30 shall reflect the fair value of the derivative $w^{i+1}+{ }^{+}$ant for the future financing premiums.)
realiz d Valuation Increase/Decrease, Excluding Impact of Financing Premiums
Tect the unrealized gain or unrealized loss reported for the derivative adjusted to exclude the impact from discounted future settled premiums. For example, if the valuation increase/valuation decrease reported in column 17 includes "losses" to recognize the net present value of the financing cost owed by the reporting entity, those "losses" shall be removed from the unrealized valuation increase/decrease reflected in this column.

## SCHEDULE DB - PART B - SECTION 2

## FUTURES CONTRACTS TERMINATED

 DURING CURRENT YEARInclude all futures contracts which were terminated during current reporting year, both those that were open on December 31 of previous reporting year, and those acquired and terminated during current year.

| Column $1 \quad-\quad$ Ticker Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | If traded on an exchange, disclose the ticker symbol. |


| Column $2-\quad$ Number of Contracts |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The number of futures contracts terminated during the current year as absol te (nor negative) value. |

Column 3 - Notional Amount
Show the total notional amount of the futures position terminate durin eurrent year as absolute (non-negative) value. Guidance for determining notional is inclua d in the Schedule DB General Instructions and SSAP No. 86-Derivatives.

Column 4 - Description
Give a complete and accurate description of the rive strument, including a description of the underlying securities, currencies, rates, indices, nodirs, derivative instruments or other financial market instruments.

For derivatives with financing premiums nctude h. ormation on the terms of the financing premium, including whether it is due periodis lly ond rate and the next payment date.

Do not use internal description ans unless provided as supplemental information.
Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Description of Item(s) Heas d, Used fc Income Generation, or Replicated
Describe the assets or liabilities sed, including CUSIP(s) when appropriate. For example, "Bond Portfolio Hedge," "VA LB Hedge," "Fixed Annuity Hedge," "Investment in Foreign Operations," etc.

If hedging a specif. hona report the CUSIP and a complete and accurate description of the bond; if multiple C ${ }^{\text {S }}$ SIP note hat there are multiple CUSIPs and report the equity ticker or name of the ultimate pa $a^{\circ} \square^{\prime \prime}$, à applir able.

If hedging a gua anteed investment contract or funding agreement, report as "GIC Hedge" or "FA Heds

If ing pecific mortgage loan asset, report as "Mortgage Loan" and provide the corresponding an nui ber reported on Schedule B, Part 1, Column 1.

Destroe the assets against which derivatives are written in income generation transactions.

Schedule DB, Part C, Section 1).
Column $6 \quad-\quad$ Schedule/Exhibit Identifier
Identify the Schedule or Exhibit of the hedged item(s), such as Schedule A; B; BA; D, Part 1; D, Part 2, Section 1; or D, Part 2, Section 2, if appropriate. Otherwise "N/A."

Use clear abbreviations for schedules, such as D 1 (Schedule D, Part 1) D 2-1 (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1), D 2-2 (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2), etc.

| Column $7-$ | Type(s) of Risk(s) |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | Identify the type(s) of risk(s) being hedged: "Interest Rate," "Credit," "Duration," "Currency," |
| "Equity/Index,""Commodity" or, if reporting other risks, provide a description of the risk within the |  |
| field or in a footnote listed in this Schedule. |  |
|  | If footnoted, please enter a reference code in this column (e.g., a, b, c, etc.) then disclose the | description of the risk in Schedule DB footnotes for each reference code used in the schedule.

In the event there is more than one type of risk, use the most relevant risk.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Column } 8 \quad & \quad \text { Date of Maturity or Expiration } \\ & \text { Show the date of maturity or expiration of the derivative, as appropriate. } \\ \text { Column } 9 — & -\quad \text { Exchange }\end{array}$
 LEI number has been assigned, for the exchange on which the contra was transacted.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Column } 10 \quad-\quad \text { Trade Date } \\ & \text { Show the trade date of the original transaction. }\end{array}$
The reporting entity may summarize on one lin all idt tical derivative instruments with the same exchange or counterparty showing the last tu da but only if the instruments are identical in their terms (e.g., type, maturity, expiration or settlemb + ana strike price, rate or index).


Column 12 - Termination Date
Show the date when the rivative position was terminated.
The report ig er ity ma summarize on one line all identical instruments with the same exchange or counterparty $4 \sin _{6}$ tho test termination date.

## Column 13 - Terr ination Price

Themrice wich the position was closed.
Column 14
dicate xercise, Expiration, Maturity or Sale

## Column 15

## Cumulative Variation Margin at Termination

On long contracts, show the number of contracts (Column 2) times the difference between the termination price (Column 13) and transaction price (Column 11) times the futures value of one (1) point (Column 20).

On short contracts, show the number of contracts (Column 2) times the difference between the transaction price (Column 11) and the termination price (Column 13) times the futures value of one (1) point (Column 20).

## Column 16 - Change in Variation Margin Gain (Loss) Recognized in Current Year

This represents the variation margin recognized as realized gains (losses), or as investment income in the current year.

## Column 17

## Column 18 - Change in Variation Margin Deferred

This represents the variation margin that has been deferred and, thereforo no recognized as an unrealized or realized gain (loss) or as investment income.

Column 19 - Hedge Effectiveness at Inception and at Termination
For hedge transactions, show as a percentage expressed as (XX -YY ), vore "XX" shows the hedge effectiveness percentage at inception and "YY" shows the ho re effectiveness percentage at termination.

For example, 100.45\% hedge effectiveness at a tion d $94.90 \%$ hedge effectiveness on December 31 of the current year is reported as " 100 / 95 .

Round to the nearest whole percentage. Do not un decima
When hedge effectiveness cannot be calcula ${ }^{\text {d }}$ enter a reference code number in this column (e.g., 0001, 0002, etc.) then disclose the Anancial economic impact of the hedge at the end of the reporting period in Schedule DB fo tnot - ea h reference code number used in the schedule.

A reference code number may re un mand iple times in this column to indicate the same explanation. For example: 0001 K ${ }^{\text {ruces }}$ boi 1 portfolio duration by 2 years.
a) Fair Value Hedger:

How much of the hange in value of the hedged item(s) was hedged by the change in value of the derivat se, b h:

- fthe $n$ on of the derivative transaction; and
- At term nation.
b)

Flow Hedges:
H w much of the change in cash flows or present value of cash flows of the hedged item(s) was dged by the change in cash flows or present value of cash flows of the derivative, both:

- At the inception of the derivative transaction; and
- At termination.

This represents the monetary value of a one (1) point move in a futures position published by the exchange.

This monetary value of one (1) point is utilized in the calculation of the futures' variation margin.

## ** Column 21 through 25 will be electronic only. **

| Column $21-$ | Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for |
|  | Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assign |


| Column $22-$ | Total Undiscounted Premium Cost |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | Report the total, undiscounted (contractual) cost to acquir |

Column 23 - Unpaid Undiscounted Premium Cost
Report the undiscounted (contractual) cost to ace re/ento into the derivative unpaid by the reporting entity.

Column $24-\quad$ Fair Value of Derivative, Excluding Imp cof Finarreng Premiums
Reflect the fair value of the derivat adjuct $d$ to exclude the impact of discounted future settled premiums. For example, if the car lue the derivative reported in column 16 has been reduced due to expected cash outflows spresentin the reporting entity's future payment of financing premiums, the consideration of those fu re premi $m$ cash outflows shall be removed from the reported fair value of the derivative captured in this olv h.
(At acquisition, a derive ive may be reported with a net zero fair value in column 16 as the value of the derivative and the net p . sent value of future financing premiums owed from the acquisition of the derivative may of set. Te tir value reported in column 30 shall reflect the fair value of the derivative without an fffse for the ture financing premiums.)

Column $25-\quad$ Unrealized Vat tion Increase/Decrease, Excluding Impact of Financing Premiums
Refle, he unrealized gain or unrealized loss reported for the derivative adjusted to exclude the impact from disc ${ }^{n}$ ed future settled premiums. For example, if the valuation increase/valuation decrease portes in column 17 includes "losses" to recognize the net present value of the financing cost owed the reporting entity, those "losses" shall be removed from the unrealized valuation incrunc/decrease reflected in this column.

## SCHEDULE DB - PART D - SECTION 1

## COUNTERPARTY EXPOSURE FOR DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS OPEN DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Counterparty Exposure to any one counterparty is the exposure to credit risk associated with the use of derivative instruments with that counterparty. This section displays the Book/Adjusted Carrying Value exposure and Fair Value exposure to each counterparty, net of collateral. Also displayed is the total potential exposure for each counterparty for Schedule DB, Parts A and $B$.

On the first line, show the aggregate sum for exchange traded derivatives, also known as listed derivat ves rutures (Line 0199999999). (Exchange-Traded Derivatives are executed over a centralized trading venue known as ${ }^{\wedge}$, excha. ge and then booked with a central counterparty known as a clearing house.)

On the next six lines, show separately six groups of OTC (over-the-counter) derivative coluterpa ties by NAIC Designation. (Lines 0299999999 through 0799999999)

Then show the aggregate sum for centrally cleared derivatives. (Line 0899999999) This'ine is sed to show centrally cleared derivatives that are not considered exchange-traded.

The final line will show a total of all derivatives listed in the lines above. (Line $0 \times 0099$
Within each group, list the counterparties or central clearinghouses in alprabetıo ordf .
For each counterparty with a master agreement, show on a second lin app vable, totals for derivative instruments not covered by the master agreement.

Use additional lines, as needed, if multiple master agreements N1th the Cuanterparty exist that do not provide for netting of offsetting amounts by the reporting entity against the ount co pon termination in the event that the counterparty defaults.

Show subtotals for each group.
If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for an of he following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotaivine number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.

Aggregate Sum of Exchange-Traa
Den ati
0199999999
Over-The-Counter
Total NAIC 1 Designat in ....................................................................................................................................... 0299999999
Total NAIC 2 Desi adt ................................................................................................................................ 0399999999
Total NAIC Desi vation ........................................................................................................................................... 0499999999
Total NAIC 4 Des nation.................................................................................................................................. 0599999999
Total NA, 5 Designation.................................................................................................................................. 0699999999
Total NAIC 6 \& 2 esignation................................................................................................................................... 0799999999
Aggregate Sum of Central Clearinghouses (Excluding Exchange-Traded)................................................................ 0899999999
Total (Sum of 0199999999, 0299999999, 0399999999, 0499999999, 0599999999, 0699999999, 0799999999 and 0899999)

0999999999

Column 1 - Description of Exchange, Counterparty or Central Clearinghouse
The first line for the Aggregate Sum of Exchange-Traded Derivatives.
On subsequent lines, show the name and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission’s Legal Entity Identifier (LEI), if an LEI number has been assigned, for the counterparty or central clearinghouse.

Include the name and the LEI of the central clearinghouse and the derivatives clearing member, where appropriate.

Column $2-\quad$ Master Agreement (Y or N)
The lines for the Aggregate Sum of Exchange-Traded Derivatives (Line 01S 199995, and for the Aggregate Sum of Central Clearinghouses (Line 0899999999) should be left blank.

For OTC counterparties, indicate " Y " if:

1. The reporting entity has a written International Swaps an Der tives Association (ISDA) master agreement with the counterparty that provides for the tting of offsetting amounts by the reporting entity against the counterparty upon terminatio in the event that the counterparty defaults, or if such netting provisions of an ISDA mas or agre sent are either incorporated by reference in transaction confirmations or are otherw a $a$ ntractual provisions to which derivative instrument confirmations with the erpar y are subject, or if the reporting entity has a written non-ISDA master agreement ith count rparty that provides for the netting of offsetting amounts or the right of offset by thep entity against the counterparty upon termination in the event that the counterpart defa ${ }^{1}$ s; and
2. The domiciliary jurisdiction of such nterp ty is either within the United States or if not within the United States, is withira fo ion (non-United States) jurisdiction listed in the Purposes and Procedures Manual of th AIC Investment Analysis Office as eligible for netting.
Column $3-\quad$ Credit Support Annex (Y or N)
The lines for the Aggrege Sum of Exchange-Traded Derivatives (Line 0199999999) and for the Aggregate Sum of Central C aringhou es (Line 0899999999) should be left blank.

For OTC counterparties, indicate if:
The reporting eit $y$ has an additional annex to the International Swaps and Derivatives Association ( $1 \sim$ ) in ter agreement called a Credit Support Annex (CSA). The CSA agreement with $\dagger^{\prime}$ e cr interpc ty provides functionality of collateral postings against net counterparty exposa a cess a threshold amount. This limits the net exposure the reporting entity has to a derivative ounterparty in the event of a counterparty default.
Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Fair we of Acceptable Collateral
Le blain or the aggregate reporting of Exchange-Traded Derivatives (Line 0199999999). OTC counterparties, show the Fair Value of acceptable collateral pledged by the counterparty.
central clearinghouses, this amount would be the net positive variation margin received by the reporting entity.
"Acceptable collateral" means cash, cash equivalents, securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or Canadian governments or their government-sponsored enterprises, letters of credit, publicly traded obligations designated 1 by the SVO, government money market mutual funds, and such other items as may be defined as acceptable collateral in the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office. For purposes of this definition, the term "letter of credit" means a clean, irrevocable and unconditional letter of credit issued or confirmed by, and payable and presentable at, a financial institution on the list of financial institutions meeting the standards for issuing such letter of credit published pursuant to the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office. The letter of credit must have an expiration date beyond the term of the subject transaction.

For Columns 5 and 6, Book/Adjusted Carrying Values that are debit balances on the balance sheet are positive numbers; those that are credit balances are negative numbers.

Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Contracts with Book/Adjusted Carrying Value $>0$ (i.e., debit balance on balance sheet)
On the first line, show the aggregate sum for exchange traded derivatives that have a positive Book/Adjusted Carrying Value.

For futures, this equals the sum of the positive cumulative variation margin for highly effective futures (Part B, Section 1, Column 15), plus the sum of the ending balance of all cash deposits with brokers (Part B, Section 1, Broker Name/Net Cash Deposits Footnote - Ending Cash Balar ee).

On subsequent lines, show the sum of the Book/Adjusted Carrying Values of all de rative instruments with the counterparty or central clearinghouse that have a positive statemen valut

On the first line, show the sum of the statement values in panthe s of all exchange traded derivatives that have a negative Book/Adjusted Carrying Value.

For futures, this equals the sum of the negative cumulative iatio argin for highly effective futures (Part B, Section 1, Column 15).

On subsequent lines, show the sum of the Book/ dj ted arrying Values in parentheses ( ) of all derivative instruments with the counterparty or cen al clearinghouse that have a negative Book/Adjusted Carrying Value.

Column 7 - Exposure Net of Collateral (Book/Adjust a Carrviris Value)
For the aggregate reporting of Excinge-Tra d Derivatives (Line 0199999999), show amount in Column 5.

For OTC counterparties, in o maste agreement is in place, show the sum of the Book/Adjusted Carrying Values of all derivatin ins aments with the counterparty that has a positive Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, less any Acceptab. Collateral (Column 5 - Column 4).

For OTC counterparties ith a master agreement in place and central clearinghouses, show the net sum of the Book/Adj oteu Cariying Values of all derivative instruments, less any acceptable collateral (Column 5 - Co mn 6 - Column 4).

This amount strold not be less than zero.
 would be credit balances nes tive numbers.

Column 8 ( ntract with Fair Value $>0$ (i.e., debit balance on the balance sheet)

Column 9
Contracts with Fair Value $<0$ (i.e., credit balance on the balance sheet)
Show the sum of the market values in parentheses () of all derivative instruments that have a negative market value.

For the aggregate reporting of Exchange-Traded Derivatives (Line 0199999999), show amounts in Column 8.

For OTC counterparties, if no master agreement is in place, show the sum of the market values of all derivative instruments with the counterparty that has a positive market value, less any acceptable collateral (Column 8 - Column 4).

For OTC counterparties with a master agreement in place, exchange-traded derivatives and central clearinghouses show the net sum of the market values of all derivative instruments fes any acceptable collateral (Column 8 + Column 9 - Column 4).

This amount should not be less than zero.
Column 11 - Potential Exposure
Show the potential exposure for Parts A and B for Exchan ${ }^{\circ}-\operatorname{Tra}{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ D Derivatives in aggregate (Line 0199999999) and for each OTC counterparty and central cleain rhouse.

Column 12 - Off-Balance Sheet Exposure
For Exchange-Traded Derivatives (Line 01999999y9) sin v Co mn 11.
For central clearinghouses:
Show [Column 5 + Column 6 - Column 4 - Colunın 11] - Column 7 but not less than zero.
For OTC counterparties:
If Column 2 = yes; show cour on 5 Column 6 - Column $4+$ Column 11] - Column 7 but not less than zero.

If Column $2=$ no; show $\mathrm{Co} \quad \mathrm{mv}$.
Optional: If there s no master netting agreement, companies may still encounter double-counting in cases here a premium is received for an off-balance sheet derivative transaction,
and
** Column 13 will be electronic on,


## SCHEDULE DB - PART D - SECTION 2

## COLLATERAL FOR DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS OPEN DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Under derivative contracts, collateral may be pledged to exchanges, counterparties, clearing brokers or central clearinghouses by the reporting entity as well as pledged by the exchanges, counterparties, clearing brokers or central clearinghouses to the reporting entity. This section displays the collateral pledged by the reporting entity in the first table and the collateral pledged to the reporting entity in the second table.

Each exchange, counterparty, derivatives clearing member or central clearinghouse may be listed more nat ance in each of the tables. For example, if initial and variation margin are posted at the same exchange; if more than e type fecurity is pledged to the same counterparty; if more than one corporate bond is pledged by a central clearingho

Total Collateral Pledged by Reporting Entity $\qquad$ .0199999999

Total Collateral Pledged to Reporting Entity $\qquad$ 0299999999


Show the name and the Commodity Futures Tradi g Co mission's Legal Entity Identifier (LEI), if an LEI number has been assigned, for the e cbans Board of Trade, contract market, counterparty, derivatives clearing member or central cleari ${ }_{\text {, }}$ ouse is holding collateral pledged by the reporting entity or that has pledged collateral to the rortint ity.
Column $2-\quad$ Type of Asset Pledged
Describe the type of asset pledges or Nceived as collateral. For example, "Cash," "Treasury," "Corporate," "Municipal," oan-back 4 and Structured," "Mortgage" and "Other."

Column 3 - CUSIP Identification
Enter the CUSIP/PPN NS number of the asset pledged or received as collateral, when appropriate. If no CUSIP/PPN/C ${ }^{n-2}$ num pr exists, the field should be zero-filled.
Column $4-\quad$ Descriptio
Give a complete nd accurate description of the asset pledged or received as collateral, including coupy when appropriate.
Column 5 Value

Report the amortized value or the lower of amortized value or fair value, depending on the designation of the asset (and adjusted for any other-than-temporary impairment), as of the end of the current reporting year.

Include: The original cost of acquiring the asset, including brokerage and other related fees.

Amortization of premium or accrual of discount, but not including any interest paid thereon.

Amortization of deferred origination and commitment fon
Deduct: A direct write-down for a decline in the fair value f a bond that is other-than-temporary.

Exclude: All other costs, including internal costs or costs aid to an affiliated reporting entity related to origination, purchase or co nitment to purchase bonds, are charged to expense when incurred. Co. shoul valso be reduced by payments attributed to the recovery of cost.

Accrued interest.
Book/Adjusted Carrying Value does not apply to sllatera pledged to a reporting entity in which there has not been a default (i.e., Off-Balance Shet oollà ral).

Column 8 - Maturity Date

Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Type of Margin (I, V or IV
Enter "I" for initial margin Io ass s that have been pledged or received by the reporting entity as initial margin.

Enter "V" for variation margin for assets that have been pledged or received by the reporting entity as variation marg a.

Enter "IV" rr bertial and variation margin for assets that have been pledged or received by the reporting en ${ }^{+v}$ as initial and variation margin.
** Column 10 will be elec. nic only. *

Column 10 - 10 gal Er ity Identifier (LEI)
vide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for counterparty as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.


## SCHEDULE DL - PART 1

## SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL ASSETS

Reinvested Collateral Assets Owned December 31 Current Year (Securities lending collateral assets reported in aggregate on Line 10 of the asset page and not included on Schedules A, B, BA, D, DB and E.)

This schedule should include a detailed listing of reinvested collateral assets that were owned as of the end of the current reporting year. For Schedule DL, reinvested collateral assets are collateral currently held as part of a securities lending program administered by the reporting entity or its agent (affiliated or unaffiliated) that can be resold or repledged. This is the currently held collateral, meaning original collateral if it is still in the original form received or th it invested asset resulting from the disposal and/or reinvestment of the original collateral. See SSAP No. 103R—Trar ors ana Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities for accounting guidance.

Include reinvested collateral assets from securities lending programs where the progrankis ad inister d by the reporting entity's unaffiliated agent (i.e., collateral is received by the reporting entity's unaffiliatec oge at can be resold or repledged). These securities will be reported in aggregate on the Assets page, Line 10.

For reinvested collateral assets from securities lending programs where the program is adi nistered by the reporting entity's affiliated agent (i.e., collateral is received by the reporting entity's affiliated age that $c m$ be resold or repledged), the securities may be reported on Schedule DL, Part 1 if reported in aggregate he sage, Line 10 or reported on Schedule DL, Part 2 if reported in other investment schedules (e.g., Schedult , B, B , D, DA and E), but not both.

Reinvested collateral assets reported on Schedule DL, Part 1 are excludrlin mon or investment schedules (e.g., Schedules A, B, BA, D, DA and E).

Bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks are to be grouped separate

Securities borrowing and securities lending transactions hall transactions are permitted to be reported net in accordan with SAP No. 64-Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities, the investment schedule shall continue ${ }^{\dagger}$ pro de a il of all transactions (gross), with the net amount from the valid right to offset reflected in the financial stat nents (pa s $2 \& 3$ of the statutory financial statements). Disclosures for items reported net when a valid right to offset $\mathrm{e}_{\lambda}{ }^{+} \mathrm{s}$, inclu ng the gross amount, the amount offset, and the net amount reported in the financial statements are required per $S \checkmark \quad$ D $N^{\top} .64-$ Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities.

Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by th SVO and Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by the SVO, which are described in the Investment Schedules Gene. Instructions, are to be included in SVO Identified Funds.

If an insurer has any detail lin rep rted fo any of the following required categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corre ona tegory or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as e pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

NOTE: See the Invest, nt Schedules General Instructions for the following:

- Creg V derinitions for bonds and stocks.

C de cr umn list of codes and definitions for securities not under the exclusive control of the ^eporang entity.

- Frow chart for determining the NAIC designation for structured securities.

List of stock exchange names and abbreviations.

## Bonds (Schedule D, Part 1 type):

## U.S. Governments

Issuer Obligations ..... 0199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 0499999
Subtotals - U.S. Governments ..... 0599999
All Other GovernmentsIssuer Obligations0699999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0799999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0899999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 0999999
Subtotals - All Other Governments ..... 1099999
U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed) Issuer Obligations. ..... 1199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 1499999
Subtotals - U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (b vect and Guaranteed) ..... 1799999
U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and P sse is (Direct and Guaranteed) Issuer Obligations ..... 1899999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Ser sities ..... 1999999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed curities... ..... 2099999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured s curi es ..... 2199999
Subtotals - U.S. Political Su divisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guad nteed) ..... 2499999
U.S. Special Revenue and Spe al A. essanent Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies nd A thoritis of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions Issuer Obligations. ..... 2599999
Resident l Mortgage-backed Securities ..... 2699999
Commercial Tortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2799999
Other Loair acked and Structured Securities ..... 2899999
ubto ls - V S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations andall Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governmentsand Their Political Subdivisions3199999
Industria. nd Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)
Issuer Obligations ..... 3299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 3599999
Subtotals - Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ..... 3899999

## Hybrid Securities

Issuer Obligations ..... 4299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 4399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 4499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 4599999
Subtotals - Hybrid Securities ..... 4899999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates
Issuer Obligations ..... 4999999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 5099999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 5199999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 5299999
Subtotals - Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates ..... 5599999
SVO Identified Funds
Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by the SVO. ..... 5899999
Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO ..... 5999999
Subtotals - SVO Identified Funds ..... 6099999
Bank Loans
Bank Loans - Issued ..... 6199999
Bank Loans - Acquired. ..... 6299999
Subtotals - Bank Loans. ..... 6399999
Total Bonds
Subtotals - Issuer Obligations ..... 6499999
Subtotals - Residential Mortgage- ${ }^{-}$acko $\operatorname{Sec}$ ities ..... 6599999
Subtotals - Commercial Mortg e-Backed ecurities ..... 6699999
Subtotals - Other Loan-Backed anu Truct ed Securities ..... 6799999
Subtotals - SVO Identified Finds ..... 6899999
Subtotals - Bank Loans. ..... 6999999
Subtotals - Total Bon ..... 7099999
Stocks:
Preferred Stocks:Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)7199999
Parent, Suis diaries and Affiliates ..... 7299999
Total ${ }^{\circ}$ cor ed -.ocks ..... 7399999
Comme Stoc s:Inu ctriarand Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)7499999
rarn, jubsidiaries and Affiliates ..... 7599999
Mutual Funds ..... 7699999
Total Common Stocks ..... 7799999
Total Preferred and Common Stocks. ..... 7899999
Real Estate (Schedule A type) ..... 8699999
Mortgage Loans on Real Estate (Schedule B type) ..... 8799999
Other Invested Assets (Schedule BA type) ..... 8899999
Short-Term Invested Assets (Schedule DA, Part 1 type) ..... 8999999
Cash (Schedule E, Part 1 type) ..... 9099999
Cash Equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2 type). ..... 9199999
Other Assets. ..... 9299999
Totals ..... 9999999
Column 1 - CUSIP IdentificationCUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities the av ilable rom the broker'sconfirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NA s created a specialnumber called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard \& Poor’s CL \& Bu qu. For foreign securities,use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard \& Poor’s CUSIP Bureau: in w.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.
For Lines 0199999 through 7799999, if no valid CUSIP, CN S or P number exists, then report a valid ISIN (Column 11) security number. The CUSIP field choult ho ero-filled.
The CUSIP reported for this column should be dewrmint in a) anner consistent with the instructions of other schedules for the lines shown below:

The CUSIP number should b zero-fill $d$ for the following lines:
Real Estate (Sched a A type) ..... 8699999
Mortgage Loans ô Peal Estate (Schedule B type) ..... 8799999
Short-Term ved d A. ets (Schedule DA, Part 1 type) ..... 8999999
Cash chec le E, P rt 1 type). ..... 9099999
Other Fo. ts.... ..... 9299999
Column $2-\quad$ Desa ion
G: on $r_{\mathrm{F}}$ cte and accurate description of all bonds and preferred and common stocks as listed in thealuatio s of Securities.
or Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by the , enter complete name of the fund.
For Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARs) or other similar services that have a maturity of greater than one year, individually list the various banking institutions that are financially responsible for honoring certificates of deposit.

Column 3 - Code
Enter "*" in this column for all SVO Identified Funds designated for systematic value.
Enter "@" in this column for all Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds.
Enter "\$" in this column for Certificates of Deposit under the FDIC limit.
Enter " $\&$ " in this column for TBA (To Be Announced) securities.
Enter " $\wedge$ " in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If assets are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the $G$ eral Irmerrogatories, they are to be identified by placing one of the codes (identified in the Investmant hedules General Instructions) in this column.

If the security is an SVO Identified Fund designated for system tic va e, minal STRIP bond or other zero coupon bond, certificates of deposit under the FDIC li ${ }^{2}$ or a BA (To Be Announced) security and is not under the exclusive control of the company, th""*", จ" "\$" or "\&" should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in th Investment Schedules General Instructions).

## Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the in ila $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{p}}$, rate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the " $\wedge$ " should appe first at " may be used simultaneously with the "*", "@", "\$" or "\&" with the "^" preceding soth characters ("*", "@", "\$" or "\&") depending on the asset being reported, immediatelv fo wed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Ins' uctions).

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ NAIC Designation and Administrative vmb Narket Indicator
The NAIC Designation an Administ tive Symbol/Market Indicator reported for this column should be determined in a mannei onsisten with the instructions of other schedules for the lines shown below:
Lines 0199999 that Igh 7099999 .................. Schedule D, Part 1, Column 6
Lines 7199999 throuts 7399999 ................... Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Column 20
Lines 749999 thro sh 7799999 ................... Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Column 17
Line 8c 99

For Tines 869999., 8799999, 8999999, 9099999, 9199999 and 9299999, the column should be left blank

[^10]The value reported for this column should be determined in a manner consistent with the fair value column instructions of other schedules for the lines shown below:
Lines 0199999 through 7099999 .................. Schedule D, Part 1, Column 9
Lines 7199999 through 7399999 .................. Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Column 10
Lines 7499999 through 7799999 .................... Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Column 8
Line 8699999 .......................................... Schedule A, Part 1, Column 10
Line 8799999 ................................................. FV of the underlying collateral S heat B, Part 1
Line 8899999 ................................................... Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 1I

For those lines where the same type of investment is reported on other sch tules b t do not have a fair value column, report the amount consistent with instructions for the foll wil.
$\qquad$ Report BACV, Schea DA, Part 1, Column 7
Line 9099999 Report Balance, Sc. dule E Part 1, Column 6
Line 9199999 $\qquad$ Report BACV, scher lle E Part 2, Column 7

Column $6 \quad-\quad$ Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
The value reported for this column should be det mint in a manner consistent with the instructions of other schedules for the lines shown below


The maturity dai reported for this column should be determined in a manner consistent with the instr ons of other schedules for the lines shown below:
Li es L_ 9999 through 7099999 ................... Schedule D, Part 1, Column 22
Line 8999999 ................................................. Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 6

The following lines are considered assets with no maturity date and should be left blank:

| 7199999 through 7399999 | Preferred Stock (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1 type) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7499999 through 7799999 | Common Stock (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2 type) |
| 8699999 | Real Estate (Schedule A type) |
| 8799999 | . Mortgage Loans on Real Estate (Schedule B type) |
| 8899999 | Other Invested Assets (Schedule BA type) |
| 9299999 | Other Assets |

## ** Columns 8 through 11 will be electronic only. **

## Column 8 - Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.
" 1 " for Level 1
"2" for Level 2
"3" for Level 3
The following is a listing of the valid method indicators to show me ased by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.

> "a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pricing orvice
" $b$ " for securities where the rate is determined $b_{j}$ as $s c k t$ - hange.
" c " for securities where the rate is determined by bro er or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing plicy for a y y broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must ither $b$ approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selliit, secut ies or be an underwriter of the security being valued.
"d" for securities where the rate i det ned by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of tre prir ang methodology used.
"e" for securities where e rat is do rmined by the unit price published in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combination of hierarcli, an method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the mod used $w$ determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use " 1 b " to report Lev 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value

The guida e in SAP N.100R-Fair Value allows the use of net asset value per share (NAV) instead of fair value $r$ cer investments. If NAV) is used instead of fair value leave blank.

For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.
For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.

## The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:

## www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.
For Method Code "d," leave blank.
For Method Code "e," leave blank.
If net asset value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the rerting on the should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.

Column $10 \quad-\quad$ Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LFI) an mortgagor, issuer or counterparty as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If $r L^{\top}$ nuı, Jer has been assigned, leave blank.

## Column 11 - ISIN Identification

The International Securities Identificatio Numbering (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by the International Organization for da lization (ISO). It is used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, opt is and atures. ISIN numbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) ir cacir ${ }^{\text {c }}$ the respective countries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record ae ISIN i mber only if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.

The ISIN reported for this column suould be determined in a manner consistent with the instructions of other schedules for the nes shown below:
Lines 01999 9 thro gh 099999 .................................... Schedule D, Part 1, Column 1
Lines 1099 thro gh 7399999 ..................................... Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Column 1
Lines 749s 99 through 7799999 .................................... Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Column 1

[^11]
## General Interrogatories:

1. The total activity for the year represents the net increase (decrease) from the prior year-end to the current year-end.
2. The average balance for the year is the average daily balance.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Average daily balance: } & \text { Total of daily balances divided by the number of days. Always calculate based on a } \\
\text { 365/366 day year. If data is missing for a given date (e.g., weekend, holiday), count the } \\
\text { previous day's value multiple times. The actual day count for the year }(365 / 366) \text { would } \\
\text { serve as the denominator in the average calculation. }
\end{array}
$$



## SCHEDULE DL - PART 2

## SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL ASSETS

Reinvested Collateral Assets Owned December 31 Current Year (Securities lending collateral assets included on Schedules A, B, BA, D, DB and E and not reported in aggregate on Line 10 of the asset page.)

This schedule should include a detailed listing of reinvested collateral assets that were owned as of the end of the current reporting year. For Schedule DL, reinvested collateral assets are collateral currently held as part of a securities lending program administered by the reporting entity or its agent (affiliated or unaffiliated) that can be resold or repledged. This is the currently held collateral, meaning original collateral if it is still in the original form received or th it invested asset resulting from the disposal and/or reinvestment of the original collateral. See SSAP No. 103R—Trar ors ana Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities for accounting guidance.

Include reinvested collateral assets from securities lending programs where the progranisis ad inister $d$ by the reporting entity (i.e., collateral is received by the reporting entity that can be resold or repledged).

For reinvested collateral assets from securities lending programs where the program is minn are by the reporting entity's affiliated agent (i.e., collateral is received by the reporting entity's affiliated agent that an be resold or repledged), the securities may be reported on Schedule DL, Part 2 if reported in other investment hedule pe.g., Schedules A, B, BA, D, DA and E) or reported on Schedule DL, Part 1 if reported in aggregate on the As nag he 10, but not both.

Reinvested collateral assets reported on Schedule DL, Part 2 are included in thi other nvestment schedules (e.g., Schedules A, B, BA, D, DA and E).

Bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks are to be grouped sepat. sly, owing a subtotal for each category.
Securities borrowing and securities lending transactions shall e shown oross when reported in the Schedule DL. If these transactions are permitted to be reported net in acconance is AP No. 64-Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities, the investment schedule shall continue to provia detai ${ }^{1}$ all transactions (gross), with the net amount from the valid right to offset reflected in the financial stater its ges \& 3 of the statutory financial statements). Disclosures for items reported net when a valid right to offset $f$ ists, incli ing the gross amount, the amount offset, and the net amount reported in the financial statements are required pe SSAP No 34 -Offsetting and Netting of Assets and Liabilities.

Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO ana Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by the SVO that are described in the Investment Schedules Ger ral Instructions are to be included in SVO Identified Funds.

If an insurer has any detail lines repe cea $r$ an $y$ of the following required categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the cor spol ling ce egory or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location the printed total or grand total line and number:

## NOTE: See the Inve tment Schedwes General Instructions for the following:

- Categor definitions for bonds and stocks.
- ode ce umn list of codes and definitions for securities not under the exclusive control of the I cortir s entity.


## Bonds (Schedule D, Part 1):

## U.S. Governments

Issuer Obligations ..... 0199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 0499999
Subtotals - U.S. Governments ..... 0599999
All Other GovernmentsIssuer Obligations0699999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0799999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0899999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 0999999
Subtotals - All Other Governments ..... 1099999
U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed) Issuer Obligations. ..... 1199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 1499999
Subtotals - U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (b vect and Guaranteed) ..... 1799999
U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and P sse is (Direct and Guaranteed) Issuer Obligations ..... 1899999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Ser sities ..... 1999999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed curities... ..... 2099999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured s curi es ..... 2199999
Subtotals - U.S. Political Su divisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guad nteed) ..... 2499999
U.S. Special Revenue and Spe al A. essment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies nd A thoritis of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions Issuer Obligations.. ..... 2599999
Resident l Mortgage-bácked Securities ..... 2699999
Commercial Tortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2799999
Other Loair acked and Structured Securities ..... 2899999
ubto Is - V S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations andall Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governmentsand Their Political Subdivisions3199999
Industria. nd Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)
Issuer Obligations. ..... 3299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 3599999
Subtotals - Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ..... 3899999

## Hybrid Securities

Issuer Obligations ..... 4299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 4399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 4499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 4599999
Subtotals - Hybrid Securities ..... 4899999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates
Issuer Obligations ..... 4999999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 5099999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 5199999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 5299999
Subtotals - Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates ..... 5599999
SVO Identified Funds
Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by the SVO. ..... 5899999
Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO ..... 5999999
Subtotals - SVO Identified Funds ..... 6099999
Bank Loans
Bank Loans - Issued ..... 6199999
Bank Loans - Acquired. ..... 6299999
Subtotals - Bank Loans. ..... 6399999
Total Bonds
Subtotals - Issuer Obligations ..... 6499999
Subtotals - Residential Mortgage- ${ }^{-}$acko $\operatorname{Sec}$ ities ..... 6599999
Subtotals - Commercial Mortg e-Backed ecurities ..... 6699999
Subtotals - Other Loan-Backed anu. Truct ed Securities ..... 6799999
Subtotals - SVO Identified Finds ..... 6899999
Subtotals - Bank Loans. ..... 6999999
Subtotals - Total Bon ${ }^{r}$ ..... 7099999
Stocks:
Preferred Stocks:Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)7199999
Parent, Suis diaries and Affiliates ..... 7299999
Total ${ }^{\circ}$ criv ed .ocks ..... 7399999
Comme Stoc s:Inu ctriarand Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)7499999
rarm, ubsidiaries and Affiliates ..... 7599999
Mutual Funds ..... 7699999
Total Common Stocks ..... 7799999
Total Preferred and Common Stocks. ..... 7899999
Real Estate (Schedule A) ..... 8699999
Mortgage Loans on Real Estate (Schedule B) ..... 8799999
Other Invested Assets (Schedule BA) ..... 8899999
Short-Term Invested Assets (Schedule DA, Part 1) ..... 8999999
Cash (Schedule E, Part 1) ..... 9099999
Cash Equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2) ..... 9199999
Other Assets ..... 9299999
Totals ..... 9999999
Column 1 - CUSIP IdentificationCUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities ate atable rom the broker'sconfirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NA s created a specialnumber called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard \& Poor’s CL \& Bu qu. For foreign securities,use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard \& Poor’s CUSIP Bureau: in 'w.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.
For Lines 0199999 through 7799999, if no valid CUSIP, CN or P number exists, then report a valid ISIN (Column 11) security number. The CUSIP field choult ho ero-filled.
The CUSIP reported for this column should be same for 'ee sec rity as reported in other schedules for the lines shown below:

The CUSIP number should b rero-fill $d$ for the following lines:

Column $2-\quad$ Des - ion
aluatio s of Securities.
or Bond Mutual Funds - as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds - as Identified by the , enter complete name of the fund.
For Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARs) or other similar services that have a maturity of greater than one year, individually list the various banking institutions that are financially responsible for honoring certificates of deposit.

Enter "*" in this column for all SVO Identified Funds designated for systematic value.
Enter "@" in this column for all Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds.
Enter "\$" in this column for Certificates of Deposit under the FDIC limit.
Enter " $\&$ " in this column for TBA (To Be Announced) securities.
Enter " $\wedge$ " in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If assets are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the $G$ eral Intrrogatories, they are to be identified by placing one of the codes (identified in the Investmant hedules General Instructions) in this column.

If the security is an SVO Identified Fund designated for systemtic va e, ricipal STRIP bond or other zero coupon bond, certificates of deposit under the FDIC li ${ }^{2}$ or a BA (To Be Announced) security and is not under the exclusive control of the company, th""*", จ" "\$" or "\&" should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in th Investment Schedules General Instructions).

## Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the in ila $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{p}}$, rate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the " $\wedge$ " should appe first at " may be used simultaneously with the "*", "@", "\$" or "\&" with the "^" preceding soth characters ("*", "@", "\$" or "\&") depending on the asset being reported, immediatelv fo wed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Ins' uctions).

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ NAIC Designation and Administrative vmb Narket Indicator
The NAIC Designation an Administ tive Symbol/Market Indicator reported for this column should be same for the security as ro ,rted in her schedules for the lines shown below:

| Lines 0199999 thro ${ }^{\text {gh 70999 }}$ ¢ ................. Schedule D, Part 1, Column 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| nes 7199 | Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Column 20 |
| es 749999 | Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Column 17 |
| Line 8 999¢ | Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 7 |

For Lines 869 '99, 8799999, 8999999, 9099999, 9199999 and 9299999, the column should be left blan

Refor to a flow chart in the Investment Schedules General Instructions for instruction on how t dete nine the NAIC designation for structured securities.

The value reported for this column should be same for the security as reported in other schedules for the lines shown below:


## ** Columns 8 through 11 will be electronic only. **

## Column 8 - Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.
" 1 " for Level 1
"2" for Level 2
"3" for Level 3
The following is a listing of the valid method indicators to show me ased by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.

> "a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pricing orvice
" $b$ " for securities where the rate is determined $b_{j}$ as $s c k t$ - hange.
" $c$ " for securities where the rate is determined by bro er or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing plicy for a y y broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must ither $b$ approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selliit, secut ies or be an underwriter of the security being valued.
"d" for securities where the rate i det ned by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of tre prir ang methodology used.
"e" for securities where e rat is do rmined by the unit price published in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combination of hierarcli, an method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the mod used $w$ determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use " 1 b " to report Lev 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value

The guida e in SAP N.100R-Fair Value allows the use of net asset value per share (NAV) instead of fair value $r$ cer investments. If NAV) is used instead of fair value leave blank.

For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.
For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.

## The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:

## www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.
For Method Code "d," leave blank.
For Method Code "e," leave blank.
If net asset value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the rerting on should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.

Column 10 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LFI) an mortgagor, issuer or counterparty as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If $r L^{\top}$ nuı, Jer has been assigned, leave blank.

## Column 11 - ISIN Identification

The International Securities Identificatio Numberirg (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by the International Organization for ada lization (ISO). It is used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, opt is apd atures. ISIN numbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) ir cacir ${ }^{\text {c }}$ the respective countries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record ae ISIN i mber only if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.

The ISIN reported for this column ohould be same for the security as reported in other schedules for the lines shown below

Lines 01999 9 thro gh 099999 ..................................... Schedule D, Part 1, Column 1<br>Lines 1cə9 thro gh 7399999 .................................... Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Column 1<br>Lines 749 ' 99 through 7799999 .................................... Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Column 1<br>The I number should be zero-filled for the following lines:

Rec Estate (Schedule A) ........................................................................................................ 8699999
Mo gage Loans on Real Estate (Schedule B) ....................................................................... 8799999
Other Invested Assets (Schedule BA)................................................................................... 8899999
Short-Term Invested Assets (Schedule DA, Part 1)............................................................... 8999999
Cash (Schedule E, Part 1) ...................................................................................................... 9099999
Cash Equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2).................................................................................. 9199999
Other Assets ........................................................................................................................... 9299999

## General Interrogatories:

1. The total activity for the year represents the net increase (decrease) from the prior year-end to the current year-end.
2. The average balance for the year is the average daily balance.

Average daily balance: Total of daily balances divided by the number of days. Always calculate based on a 365/366 day year. If data is missing for a given date (e.g., weekend, holiday), count the previous day's value multiple times. The actual day count for the year (365/366) would serve as the denominator in the average calculation.



## SCHEDULE E - PART 1 - CASH

This schedule shows all banks, trust companies, savings and loan and building and loan associations in which the company maintained deposits at any time during the year and the balances, if any (according to Reporting Entity's record), on December 31 of the current year. Certificates of deposit in banks or other similar financial institutions with maturity dates of one year or less from the acquisition date and other instruments defined as cash in accordance with SSAP No. 2R-Cash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments should be reported in this schedule. All Cash Equivalents should be reported in Schedule E, Part 2. Long-term certificates of deposit are to be reported in Schedule D.

In each case where the depository is not incorporated and subject to government supervision, the word "PRIVATE" in capitals and in parentheses - (PRIVATE) - should be inserted to the left of the name of the depository

Report separately all deposits in excess of $\$ 250,000$ or less than ( $\$ 250,000$ ). Deposits not exceedino $\$ 20,000$ or not less than $(\$ 250,000)$ in federally insured depositories may be combined. Deposits in foreign bank ac ounts ray be combined to the extent that the amount on deposit does not exceed the lesser of $\$ 250,000$ or the amo. nt of the for ign guarantee. The amount combined should be reported opposite the caption, "Deposits in (insert number debo torm at do not exceed the allowable limit." However, any reporting entity that does not maintain total deposits is ny on depository of more than $\$ 250,000$ is required to list its primary depository; and all entities must list all dep sitorn where the total deposits or overdrafts (as represented by the absolute value) exceed $5 \%$ of the total cash as reported oir qge 2 of the annual statement.

For Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARs) or other similar ices have a maturity of one year or less, each individual banking institution providing a certificate of deposit $s$ d d be viewed separately to determine if the balance maintained by the reporting entity at that banking institution meets the riteri set forth above (i.e., does not exceed $\$ 250,000$ or is not less than $(\$ 250,000)$ in federally insured depositorie ion coning with other depository balances. If not, it should be listed individually on the schedule.

Cash in Reporting Entity's Office should be reported in this schedule.
The total of all Cash on Deposit at December 31 plus Cash in wep ting Entity's office (Total Cash, on a gross basis), less any applicable nonadmitted amounts (e.g., nonadmittea ash rac ting from state-imposed limitations), should equal the parenthetical amount reported as cash on the Assets age.

If the reporting entity has any detail lines reporte ${ }^{\text {T }}$ or any 0 the following required groups, categories, or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding sup Category, or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-prithed total or grand total line and number:

$\underline{\text { Line Number }}$
Deposits in (insert number depositories vat do not exceed
$\quad$ allowable limits in ar
ne depository - Open Depositories ................................................................................. 0199998
Totals - Open Depositor: ........................................................................................................................................ 0199999
Deposits in (insert num er) dep sitories that do not exceed
allowable lh its in onv depository - Suspended Depositories ....................................................................... 0299998
Totals - Sumanded Dt $\mathrm{E}_{1}$ sitories ..................................................................................................................................... 0299999
Total Cash ori ${ }^{\text {Deposit ........................................................................................................................................................ } 0399999}$
Cash in Company Office............................................................................................................................................... 0499999
Total Cash......................................................................................................................................................................... 0599999

## Column 1 - Depository

Give full name and location. Indicate whether the depository is a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate. Give maturity date in the case of certificates of deposit or time deposits.

## Column 2 - Code

Enter " $\wedge$ " in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If cash is not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the Genera nllt rogatories, it is to be identified by placing one of the symbols identified in the Investmen Schea 'es General Instructions in this column.

## Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the insulated separate sount ing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the " $\wedge$ " should appear first, immedia* ly fo "wod by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions,

## Column $3 \quad-\quad$ Rate of Interest

Show the rate as stated on the face of the note. Where ori nal stated rate has been renegotiated show the latest modified rate. All information repo ea this reld must be a numeric value.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Amount of Interest Received During Year
Include: Investment income alrectly roxated to the securities reported in this schedule.
Column $7 \quad-\quad *$ Column

Place an "*" in this colv a when e reporting entity is taking credit for the estimated amount recoverable in a suspended a osit.
** Column 8 will be electronic only.

Column $8-\quad$ Legal Entity Iden nler El,
Provide the 1-chinat Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any depository as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

## SCHEDULE E - PART 2 - CASH EQUIVALENTS

List all investments owned whose maturities (or repurchase dates under repurchase agreement) at the time of acquisition were three months or less, and defined as cash equivalents in accordance with SSAP No. 2R-Cash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments. Include Money Market Mutual Funds.

Refer to SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations.

Short Sales:
Selling a security short is an action by a reporting entity that results with the reportity renizing proceeds from the sale and an obligation to deliver the sold security. For statutorv ac runting purposes, obligations to deliver securities resulting from short sales shall be reported as contr asse (negative assets) in the investment schedule, with an investment code in the code column detain ing th item s a short sale. The obligation (negative asset) shall be initially reflected at fair value, with thang in value recognized as unrealized gains and losses. These unrealized gains and losses shall be realiz upoit ottlement of the short sale obligation. Interest on short sale positions shall be accrued periodically and repor dos interest expense.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required canorie or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amounts of the corresponding category or subcategory with the sper line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and num

## NOTE: See the Investment Schedules General Instructions or tho rowing:

- Category definitions for bonds.
- Code column list of codes and def: nitions fr securities not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity.

Category
$\underline{\text { Line Number }}$
Bonds:
U.S. GovernmentsIssuer Obligations.0199999
Residential Mortgage- acked Securities ..... 0299999
Commerc Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0399999
Other Loan-b rked and Structured Securities ..... 0499999
Subto als - 'S. Governments ..... 0599999
All Othe fov nmen ;
Issut Obligations ..... 0699999
Resiumtial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0799999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 0899999
O. .er Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 0999999
Subtotals - All Other Governments ..... 1099999U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)Issuer Obligations.1199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 1499999
Subtotals - States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed) ..... 1799999
U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)
Issuer Obligations ..... 1899999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 1999999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2099999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 2199999
Subtotals - Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed) ..... 2499999
U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligationsof Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions
Issuer Obligations ..... 2599999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2699999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 2799999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 2899999
Subtotals - Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities Governments and Their Political Subdivisions ..... 3199999
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)
Issuer Obligations ..... 3299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 3499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 3599999
Subtotals - Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) ..... 3899999
Hybrid Securities
Issuer Obligations ..... 4299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 4399999
Commercial-Backed Securities ..... 4499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securit -........ ..... 4599999
Subtotals - Hybrid Securities ..... 4899999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Bond
Issuer Obligations ..... 4999999
Residential Mortgage-Backe Securities ..... 5099999
Commercial Mortgage-Ba ${ }^{\wedge}$ ed Securities ..... 5199999
Other Loan-Backed and Struc red Securities ..... 5299999
Subtotals - Parent, Sy ssidia es and Affiliates Bonds ..... 5599999
SVO Identified Funds
Exchange Traded Fu. ${ }^{\text {t }}$ - as Identified by the SVO ..... 5899999
Bond $\mathrm{M}^{-12}$ Funds - as Identified by the SVO ..... 5999999
Subtotals ${ }^{\text {Kn }}$ VO Identified Funds ..... 6099999
Bank Loans
Bank oans- Issued ..... 6399999
b k L n Acquired ..... 6499999
Subl als - Bank Loans. ..... 6599999
Total onds
Su. t totals - Issuer Obligations ..... 7799999
Subtotals - Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 7899999
Subtotals - Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities ..... 7999999
Subtotals - Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities ..... 8099999
Subtotals - SVO Identified Funds ..... 8199999
Subtotals - Bank Loans ..... 8299999
Subtotals - Bonds ..... 8399999
Sweep Accounts. ..... 8499999
Exempt Money Market Mutual Funds - as Identified by SVO ..... 8599999
All Other Money Market Mutual Funds ..... 8699999
Other Cash Equivalents ..... 8799999
Total Cash Equivalents ..... 8899999

A money market fund shall be reported in this schedule as an Exempt Money Market Mutual Fund if money market fund is identified by the SVO as meeting the required conditions found in Part Six, Section 2(b)(i) of the rurposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office. All money market mutual funds that are it identified by the SVO on the U.S. Direct Obligations/Full Faith and Credit Exempt List shall be reported in thi sum duls as an all other money market mutual fund."


If the asset is bifurcated asset between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated s arate account filing, the " $\wedge$ " should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (ide ified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).

Column $4 \quad-\quad 1$ ate Ac hired
public placements use trade date, not settlement date. For private placements, use funding date. issue of bonds or stocks acquired at public offerings on more than one date may be totaled on one line and the date of last acquisition inserted.


## SCHEDULE E - PART 3 - SPECIAL DEPOSITS

The amounts reported in this schedule also are included in the various asset schedules of the company.
Exclude from this schedule all deposits or operating accounts in financial institutions that the company uses in the normal course of its business.

Column $1 \quad-\quad$ Type of Deposit
Include in this column, one of the following indicators:
B - Bond
S - Stocks
M - Mortgages
C - Certificates of Deposit
R - Real Estate
ST - Cash/Short-Term Investments
O - Other (Use this symbol when multiple types for sets are on deposit within a particular jurisdicti n.)

Column 2 - Purpose of Deposit
The following are examples of suggested entro for su ing the purpose of the deposit:


If ne ded, you ma, enter multiple purposes in Column 2, if the totals in Columns 3 through 6 include multi deposits.

Columns 3 and 4
vosits or the Benefit of All Policyholders
nort only the statutory deposit held for the benefit of all policyholders. DO NOT INCLUDE deposits held for a special purpose. Reporting entities must report these special purpose deposits in Columns 5 and 6.

Columns 5
and 6 - All Other Special Deposits
Report any deposits not included in Column 3 and 4 which are held for any special or statutory purpose.

Include: Deposits held for a special purpose.
Deposits to secure reinsurance obligations.
Deposits to satisfy a particular claim or litigation (list separe cly,
Deposits held for the benefit of all policyholders (reportod in vlumns 3 and 4).
Deposits or operating accounts in financial inswitutio sthat le company uses in the normal course of its business.

Columns 3 and $5 \quad-\quad$ Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Enter the balance sheet value of each deposit.
Columns 4 and 6

Fair Value
Enter the fair value of each special deposit.
Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 58 - Aggregate Alien a OUther
List separately each deposit to sed rein ance obligations and reflect these amounts in the appropriate parts of the reinsy aIct shea 'es.

List separately each deposit atisfy a articular claim or litigation.


## SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION EXHIBIT

Each reporting entity shall file with its state of domicile and any state that requests it in writing a Supplemental Compensation Exhibit for such directors, officers, and employees and in such manner as provided below.

The Exhibit shall be filed as a supplement to each reporting entity's annual statement to the domiciliary Department on or before March 1. The purpose of the Exhibit is to provide information to the regulator concerning payments to senior management and directors that could negatively impact a reporting entity's financial condition.

Insurers that are part of a group of insurers or other holding company system may file amounts paid to officers and employees of more than one insurer in the group or system either on a total gross basis or by allocation to edo insurer.

Compensation shall consist of any and all remuneration paid to or on behalf of an officer, employeo or rector covered by this requirement, including, but not limited to, wages, salaries, bonuses, commissions, stock grant gains from the exercise of stock options, and any other emolument.

## Supplemental Compensation Exhibit

- A table disclosing the total of all compensation paid to the named office iovided.
- The table shall cover a three-year period, although companies mav pi se in the required disclosures over the first three years of reporting.
- For awards of stock, the dollar amount reported shall e bas upon the aggregate grant date value of awards computed in accordance with SSAP No. 104R-Share-Basca ${ }^{\text {ayme }}$ ts.
- Provide a narrative description of any material fac rs pacessary to gain an understanding of the information disclosed in the tables in Part 4.


## Part 2

## Officer and Employee Compensation

Reporting entities shall disclose the compensath of:

1. All individuals serving is th princi al executive officer ("PEO") or acting in a similar capacity during the last completed fiscal year, reg fless s ompensation level;
2. All individuals serving as the rincipal financial officer ("PFO") or acting in a similar capacity during the last completed fiscal yt regardless of compensation level;
3. The reporting e , most highly compensated executive officers, other than the PEO and PFO, who were serving as exe utive ficers at the end of the last completed fiscal year; and
4. The next $\sim$ mithe compensated employees whose individual total compensation exceeds $\$ 100,000$.

The determi tion as which executive officers are most highly compensated shall be made by reference to total compensation to the last completed fiscal year provided; however, no disclosure need be provided for any executive officer, other than the PEO win PFO, whose total compensation, as so reduced, does not exceed $\$ 100,000$.

If the PEO or PFO served in that capacity during any part of a fiscal year with respect to which information is required, information should be provided as to all of his or her compensation for the full fiscal year. If a named executive officer (other than the PEO or PFO) served as an executive officer of the reporting entity (whether or not in the same position) during any part of the fiscal year with respect to which information is required, information shall be provided as to all compensation of that individual for the full fiscal year.

Definitions. For purposes of this disclosure:

1. The term "stock" means instruments such as common stock, restricted stock, restricted stock unitc. phantom stock, phantom stock units, common stock equivalent units or any similar instruments that do not have optr -like features, and the term option means instruments such as stock options, stock appreciation rights and silh 'ar instraments with option-like features. The term stock appreciation rights (SARs ) refers to SARs payable ; ch stock, including SARs payable in cash or stock at the election of the registrant or a named executive o icer. te term "equity" is used to refer generally to stock and/or options.
2. The terms "date of grant" or "grant date" refer to the grant date determine or in ancial statement reporting purposes pursuant to SSAP No. 104R—Share-Based Payments.


The dollar value of the base salary (cash and non asi, vaia o the named officer or employee during the fiscal year covered.
Column 4 - Bonus
The dollar value of any bonus (casiana ni-ca h) paid to the named officer or employee during the fiscal year covered.
Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Stock Awards
For awards of stock, the aggres ant date value computed in accordance with SSAP No. $104 R$ -


Any termination, including without limitation through retirement, resignation, severance or constructive termination (including a change in responsibilities) of such executive officer's employment with the reporting entity's and its subsidiaries

## Column 9 - All Other Compensation

All other compensation for the covered fiscal year that the reporting entity could not properly report in any other column. Each compensation item that is not properly reportable in other columns, regardless of the amount of the compensation item, must be included.

Such compensation must include, but is not limited to:

- Perquisites and other personal benefits, or property, unless the aggregate amount of such compensation is less than $\$ 10,000$;
- All "gross-ups" or other amounts reimbursed during the fiscal year for the pâ nent onaxes;
- Reporting entity contributions or other allocations to vested and un ested efined contribution plans;
- A change in control of the reporting entity;
- The dollar value of any insurance premiums paid by, or on befr ${ }^{\prime}$ of, the reporting entity during the covered fiscal year with respect to life insurance the benefit of a named officer or employee; and
- The dollar value of any dividends or other earr ngs $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{id}}$ h stock or option awards, when those amounts were not factored into the grant dat fail ₹lue required to be reported for the stock or option award.


## Part 3

## Director Compensation

Reporting entities shall also disclose all compensat paid or on behalf of all directors, other than full-time officers and employees of the reporting entity whose total compen it included service as a director and is disclosed under Part 2. Amounts disclosed must include all compe sation paid for services on board and committees, as well as any other compensation for any other activity or servic such as consulting agreements.

## Part 4



Provide a narrative descrip of any material factors necessary to gain an understanding of the information disclosed in the Part 2 and Part 3 tables.


## LIFE, HEALTH AND ANNUITY GUARANTY ASSOCIATION MODEL ACT ASSESSMENT BASE RECONCILIATION EXHIBIT

The exhibit for any state, District of Columbia and Puerto Rico in which the company is licensed should be submitted to that jurisdiction. In addition, an exhibit should be prepared for any state, District of Columbia and Puerto Rico in which the company received any direct premiums or deposits. DO NOT SUBMIT exhibits for American Samoa, Guam, U.S. Virgin Islands, Canada, Northern Mariana Islands and other alien jurisdictions. A copy of each jurisdiction and a grand total page for the exhibits that are submitted should be sent to the state of domicile and the NAIC Support and Services Office.

Only companies that are members of the life, health and annuity guaranty associations should complete this exhibit. If a company is unsure if it is a member of a life, health and annuity guaranty association, it should contac ate rate life, health and annuity guaranty associations in its state of domicile or state(s) where it is licensed to write lin health. and annuity business.

For the purpose of these instructions, references to Schedule T apply to the Life and Halth 'ank at references to the Exhibit of Premiums and Losses apply to the Property blank.

The columnar headings correspond to the annual statement, Schedule T (Life or Healtk blann ore Exhibit of Premiums and Losses (Property blank) as follows:

| Health Blank Schedule T Column Reference | Col. 6 <br> Life \& Annuity Premiums \& Other Considerations (In part) | Col. 6 <br> Life \& Annuity Premiums \& Other Considerations (In part) | Col. 2-5 <br> Accidont <br> Health I cura Premi ans | Col. 9 <br> eposit-Type Contract Funds | Col. 6 <br> Life \& Annuity <br> Premiums \& Other <br> Considerations <br> (In part) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Col. 1 | Col. 2 |  | Col. 4 | Col. 4 |
| Base Exhibit | Life Insurance Premiums | Annuity Considerations | Premiums | Deposit-Type Contract Funds | Other Considerations |


| Life Blank <br> Schedule T Column <br> Reference | Col. 2 <br> Life Contracts - Life Insurance Premiums | Col. 3 <br> Life ntracts Annuity Considerations | Col. 4 <br> Accident and Health Insurance Premiums | Col. 7 <br> Deposit-Type Contract Funds | Col. 5 <br> Other Considerations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Base Exhibit | Col. 1 <br> Life Insurapce Premiums | Col. 2 <br> nutity nsiderations | Col. 3 <br> A \& H Premiums | Col. 4 <br> Deposit-Type <br> Contract Funds | Col. 4 <br> Other <br> Considerations |



In the event that this detailed information is not available in the reporting entity's accounting records, recognized allocation to estimation processes may be utilized if consistently applied.

Adjustments to the exhibit may be required by states that have not adopted the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Model Act (\#520).

## PURPOSE OF THE LIFE, HEALTH AND ANNUITY GUARANTY ASSOCIATION MODEL ACT ASSESSMENT BASE RECONCILIATION EXHIBIT

It is desirable to display on one page the various types of annuity considerations, deposit-type contract funds and other considerations received directly by the reporting entity, separated by state, as is currently reported in the applicable Schedule T or Exhibit of Premiums and Losses However, it is not possible to use such data for state guaranty association assessments without further modification. This is because of: (a) the limits placed on certain considerations for assessment purposes, (b) the variations by states in designation of "funds" for assessments, and (c) other factors that are interpreted differently by the individual states.

As a result, the NAIC has developed a specific exhibit, the Life, Health \& Annuity Guaranty Ase cta on Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit ("Base Reconciliation Exhibit") which uses the state fig ss in S wedule T or Exhibit of Premiums and Losses as the starting point for development of the guaranty association ascocsmb base (as defined in the NAIC Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Model Act (\#520)). States should nr use heaule T or Exhibit of Premiums and Losses as the basis for guaranty association assessments, but instead use A e Ba Reco ciliation Exhibit as the starting point.

## Introduction

These instructions are intended to assist companies in completing the Life, Health and Annt by Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit (Base Reconciliation Exhibit) and strm the Life, Health and Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit ( ${ }_{i}$ stmen Exhibit).

The Base Reconciliation Exhibit starts with premiums, deposit-type contry. nds , Id other considerations as reported in the applicable Schedule T or Exhibit of Premiums and Losses and then mal neces. ry adjustments (both positive and negative) to establish the premium assessment base as defined by the curren , ode (ct \#520). The Base Reconciliation Exhibit must be completed for each state (as well as the District of Columbia and orto rico) in which the company is licensed or does business.

Should you have questions about how to fill out the Base conril cion Exhibit, and the answers are not provided in the
 Instructions manual, your company attorney, sarticular State Insurance Departments, or particular State Guaranty Association Administrators.

The Base Reconciliation Exhibit has four columns: Coramn 1 is for all individual and group life insurance premiums; Column 2 is for all individual and group allos ted annuity amounts (whether called premiums, deposit-type contract funds, or other considerations); Column 3 is for all int vidual and group accident and health premiums; and Column 4 is for all unallocated annuity amounts (whether a nea renmams, deposit-type contract funds, or other considerations).


## Base Reconciliation Exhibit

## Premiums, Considerations and Deposits from Schedule T or the Exhibit of Premiums and Losses

Line $1 \quad-\quad$ These amounts must exactly match the amounts reported by your company on Schedule $T$ or the Exhibit of Premiums and Losses for all lines of business.

## Modifications to Premiums, Considerations and Deposits

Lines 2 through 10 are required to adjust amounts reported on your company's Annual Statement Schedule T to its Assessable Premium Base and are critical in transforming premium data prepared for Annual Stateme . pu voses into data suitable for Guaranty Association purposes.

Line 2 - Enter any life, annuity or health premiums, deposit-type contract fund and hei considerations, received by your company that were not reported on Schedule T or the Exhib of Premiums and Losses and therefore not included in Line 1 above. The total of Lin 2 d equal Line $2.1+$ Line 2.2. Such amounts should be reported in the appropriate colup base on whether such amounts relate to life insurance, annuity, accident and health, or annuity ahd de ${ }^{\text {st }}$-type business. Include all amounts received for insurance contracts. Guaranteed investmert contract receipts, universal life insurance deposits and any other amounts received by the con $n$ ny fo covered contracts that were not reported on the company's Schedule $T$ or the Exhibit of D iun dosses (sometimes referred to as FASB 97 deposit reporting), must be reported on L 2. An rity amounts entered on Lines 1 and 2 must include, but are not limited to, amounts received $r$ im ediate or deferred annuity contracts, structured settlement agreements, lottery contrac s oup muity contracts, guaranteed interest or investment contracts, deposit administration cont ts and located or unallocated funding obligations. In addition, allocate by state and include on he 2 nounts reported on the applicable Schedule T as Company Contributions for Employee Benetil lans (Line 60 (Health blank) or 90 (Life blank) of Schedule T), Dividends Applied to Purcl ase Paid-up Additions and Annuities, Dividends Applied to Shorten Endowment or Premium-Zayin D ィOG Premium or Annuity Considerations Waived Under Disability or Other Contract Provision and ac fregate Other Amounts Not Allocable by State.

Line $2.1 \quad-\quad$ Enter fees and charges for avestmen management, administration and contract guarantees from the Separate Account associat with y riable contracts reduced by any contractholder dividends representing a return of such ft an charges. Specifically, in the case of variable annuity products, those portions of fees and charges aid to the general account with respect to living and death benefit guarantees, M\&E chae es and annual contract charges. In the case of variable life products with guaranteed death beneft the portion of fees/charges paid to the general account would include the cost of insurance $\mathbb{I n}$ a dition to M\&E charges and annual contract charges. Because the fees and charges ar rep table $\quad /$ state, a reporting entity may use either a seriatim, i.e., specific contract identificatio y s. an allocation method. An appropriate allocation method would be to calculate a ratio of fee it ame to total variable premium for the product line and multiply the ratio by the state sped fic variable pıemium.

Line 2.2 - Entom any ${ }^{\text {brr }}$ life, annuity or health premiums, deposit-type contract funds and other considerations, ceive by your company that were not reported on Schedule T or the Exhibit of Premiums and sses. practices were deducted from the amounts reported on Line 1 or 2 . For the most part these deductions represent current year benefit payouts, transfers, surrenders or withdrawals.

Enter any amounts deducted prior to determining amounts included in Lines 1 and 2. Companies reporting net amounts on Lines 1 and 2 must complete Lines 3.1 through 3.99 in order to provide gross premiums and deposits. Amounts reported on these lines should include transfers to separate accounts, GIC rollovers to other companies, surrenders, excess interest, and any other amounts deducted from or not included in the company's gross premium figures. Amounts that were reported as "Deposit-Type Contract Funds and Other Considerations" (Column 4) in the year of receipt a a nsferred in the current year to "Annuity Considerations" (Column 2), as individuals are "a uitizeu", are to be included on Line 3.3 of Column 4 if these amounts were deducted from the ah unts reported on Lines 1 or 2.

As an example, most pension plan unallocated annuities provide for the wran on annuity payout benefit ("annuitization") for an individual. In the year of the re ibt on the consideration for the unallocated annuity that consideration, subject to limitations, is the bed ded in the total assessment base reported in Line 11, Column 4. In the year of annuitization, th amounts transferred to fund the annuity payout benefits are to be included in the total assessnn t base reported in Line 11, Column 2. There should be no corresponding reduction to the total as mer reported in Line 11, Column 4 for the amount transferred to fund the annuitization. he ext nt that such amounts would not have been included in an assessment base. When an annuity ayov benefit is, pursuant to that contract, purchased for an individual from monies previou ${ }^{2} y$ nosin d with the Company, it is assumed that there is no new contract, rather it is an internal ra ser onds, i.e., no new funds have been received by the Company.

In order to correctly report amounts su sect to asocssment in Columns 2 and 4, companies should maintain transaction level detail $\mathrm{f} \star$ eac $d$ osi type contract. On a cumulative basis, the assessable premium can never be less than $\$ 0$ on vy give contract. For example, the following will illustrate the correct reporting of deposit ypt ontr th that partially or fully annuitize in a model act state (i.e., assessable premium $y$ to $\$ 5 \mathrm{mb}$ ion per unallocated annuity contract). The amount reported on Line 7.4 is a balancing amo nt such f at the assessable premium for any unallocated contract never exceeds $\$ 5$ million nor is less $n . \eta$ over the life of the contract. The same approach applies to any state that covers unallocrted annults. irrespective of the limits. In this example, there is a $\$ 50$ million unallocated contract in Year 1 and the company reports $\$ 5$ million in Column 4. If the contract is completely annuitized $n$ vear 2 , the company must report $\$ 50$ million in Column 2 as allocated premium and $\$ 5$ mm on m Line 3.3 (as an add-back) in the unallocated premium column. The Company oulc report deduction of $\$ 5$ million on Line 7.4 in Column 4 in the second year, since it has reportec e fu million received in Column 2 by the end of the second year. On a cumulative basis, $\$ 0$ is repu ${ }^{\text {ted }}$ in Column 4. The Company has not subjected to assessment more premium than it has oceived.
(Millions of Dollars)

| Example <br> Contract |  | YEAR 1 |  |  |  | YEAR 2 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Col. 2 | Col. 4 |  |  | Col. 2 | Col. 4 |
| Deposit | 50 | X | X |  | 0 | X | X |
| Annuitize | 0 | X | X |  | 50 | X | X |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amt. Rep. <br> Lines 1 \& 2 | X | 0 | 50 |  | X | 50 | -50 |
| Amt. Rep. <br> Line 3.3 | X | X | 0 |  | X | 0 |  |
| Amt. Rep. <br> Line 5 | X | 0 | 50 |  | X | 50 | 0 |
| Amt. Rep. <br> Line 7.4 | X | X | 45 |  | X | 0 | 5 |
| Amt. Rep. <br> Line 11 | X | 0 | 5 |  | X | 50 | -5 |
|  |  | X | 0 | 5 |  | X |  |
| Cumulative <br> All Years <br> Line 11 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |

Four additional examples will further illustrate the ree reporting of deposit type contracts that partially or fully annuitize in a model act state. these vamples, it can be seen that at any point in time, the Company has never included $n$ in assessable premium base (Columns 2 and 4 combined) than what was received by the Cornp ny our that period of time. Also, the Company never included more than $\$ 5$ million of assessab premit. in Column 4 at any point in time.
(Millions of Dollars)

| Contract <br> \#1 |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Yr} \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Yr 2 |  |  |  |  |  | Yr 4 |  |  | Yr 5 |  |  | Cum |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{Col}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \end{array}$ |  | Col | $\mathrm{Col}$ |  | $\mathrm{Col}^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ |  | Col | $\mathrm{Col}$ |  | Col 2 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\mathrm{Col}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ |
| Deposit | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 5 | , | X | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 25 | X | X |
| Annuitize | 1 | X | X | 3 | X | X | 2 | X | X | 1 | X | X | 8 | X | X | 15 | X | X |
| Amt. Rep. Lines 1 \& 2 | X | 1 | 4 | X | $\bigcirc$ | , | X | 2 | 3 | X | 1 | 4 | X | 8 | -3 | X | 15 | 10 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 3.3 | X | X | 1 |  |  | 3 | X | X | 2 | X | X | 1 | X | X | 8 | X | X | 15 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 5 | X | 1 | 2 | X | 3 | 5 | X | 2 | 5 | X | 1 | 5 | X | 8 | 5 | X | 15 | 25 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 7.4 | X | X |  | - | X | 4 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 20 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 11 |  |  |  | X | 3 | 1 | X | 2 | 0 | X | 1 | 0 | X | 8 | 0 | X | 15 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cumulative All Years Line 11 |  | 1 | 4 | X | 4 | 5 | X | 6 | 5 | X | 7 | 5 | X | 15 | 5 | X | X | X |

For Contract \#1, the Company received $\$ 25$ million of deposits and included $\$ 20$ million in the assessable premium base ( $\$ 15$ million as annuity considerations and $\$ 5$ million as deposit funds) over the five-year period.
(Millions of Dollars)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Contract } \\ \# 2 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Yr} \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Yr 2 |  |  | Yr 3 |  |  | Yr 4 |  |  | Yr 5 |  |  | Cum |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Deposit | 10 | X | X | 10 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 35 | X | X |
| Annuitize | 1 | X | X | 3 | X | X | 2 | X | X | 1 | X | X | 28 | X | X | 35 | X | X |
| Amt. Rep. Lines 1 \& 2 | X | 1 | 9 | X | 3 | 7 | X | 2 | 3 | X | 1 | 4 | X | 28 | -23 | X | 35 | 0 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 3.3 | X | X | 1 | X | X | 3 | X | X | 2 | X | X | 1 | X | X |  |  | X | 35 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 5 | X | 1 | 10 | X | 3 | 10 | X | 2 | 5 | X | 1 | 5 | X |  |  | Y | 35 | 35 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 7.4 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 10 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 5 |  | X | 10 | X | X | 35 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 11 | X | 1 | 5 | X | 3 | 0 | X | 2 | 0 | X | 1 | 0 |  |  | -5 | X | 35 | 0 |
| Cumulative <br> All Years <br> Line 11 | X | 1 | 5 | X | 4 | 5 | X | 6 | 5 | X |  |  |  | 35 | 0 | X | X | X |

For Contract \#2, the Company received \$35 lion deposits and included $\$ 35$ million in the assessable premium base ( $\$ 35$ million as an ; y co iderations and $\$ 0$ as deposit funds) over the fiveyear period.
(Millions of Dollars)


For Contract \#3, the Company received $\$ 20$ million of deposits and included $\$ 20$ million in the assessable premium base ( $\$ 15$ million as annuity considerations and $\$ 5$ million as deposit funds) over the five-year period.
(Millions of Dollars)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Contract } \\ \# 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\mathrm{Yr}$ |  |  | Yr 2 |  |  | Yr 3 |  |  | Yr 4 |  |  | Yr 5 |  |  | Cum |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Col} \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Deposit | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 5 | X | X | 25 | X | X |
| Annuitize | 1 | X | X | 6 | X | X | 0 | X | X | 0 | X | X | 8 | X | X | 15 | X | X |
| Amt. Rep. Lines 1 \& 2 | X | 1 | 4 | X | 6 | -1 | X | 0 | 5 | X | 0 | 5 | X | 8 | -3 | X | 15 | 10 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 3.3 | X | X | 1 | X | X | 6 | X | X | 0 | X | X | 0 | X | X |  |  | X | 15 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 5 | X | 1 | 5 | X | 6 | 5 | X | 0 | 5 | X | 0 | 5 | X |  |  |  | 15 | 25 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 7.4 | X | X | 1 | X | X | 6 | X | X | 3 | X | X | 5 |  |  |  | X | X | 20 |
| Amt. Rep. Line 11 | X | 1 | 4 | X | 6 | -1 | X | 0 | 2 | X | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | X | 15 | 5 |
| Cumulative <br> All Years <br> Line 11 | X | 1 | 4 | X | 7 | 3 | X | 7 | 5 |  |  |  |  | 15 | 5 | X | X | X |

For Contract \#4, the Company received $\$ 25 m^{\text {i }}$ ion o. deposits and included $\$ 20$ million in the assessable premium base ( $\$ 15$ million as ark a conderations and $\$ 5$ million as deposit funds) over the five-year period. Contract \#4 is different tia Contact \#1 in that after Year 2, only \$3 million has been included in Column 4 since $\$ 7$ milli nof the $\$$ million of deposits received has annuitized. For Year 3, $\$ 2$ million is included in Clume 4 ing the cumulative total to $\$ 5$ million, since a total of $\$ 15$ million has been received, but onk $\$ 7$ milli has annuitized.

You must provide a clear explanat 1 or any amounts listed on Lines 3.501, 3.502, 3.503, etc. Line 3.99 (Total), should re ${ }_{\mathrm{F}}$, sent the ifference between gross and net premiums for each column.

Line $4.1 \quad-\quad$ Transfer amounts received to $\wedge_{\text {d }}$ annuity contracts qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b) (somet nes referred to as tax-sheltered annuities) from the Annuity Considerations column (Column 2) to th Deposit-Type Contract Funds and Other Considerations column (Column 4). This transfer line no do completed by companies that report 403(b) annuity amounts in the Life Contracts Anr ity Co siderations column 3 (Life blank) or Life \& Annuity Premiums \& Other Considerati , C. 1 mp ś in part (Health blank) of Schedule T. All 403(b) amounts in that column should be trans rred to Column 4 of the Base Reconciliation Exhibit, whether the 403(b) contract was issued to a goveriniental or non-governmental policyholder. The amount entered as a negative in the Annu Considerations column must exactly match the amount entered as a positive in the DepositTyne Corn ${ }^{a C}$ F Funds and Other Considerations column.

OTE: n 1995, the NAIC adopted changes to Section 6.A(1)(b) and 6.A(1)(c) of the Model \#520 which effectively reclassified contracts issued under a governmental retirement plan established under Section 401, 403(b) or 457 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code from the unallocated annuity to the allocated annuity account (Non-governmental 401 and 403(b) contracts funded by an unallocated annuity contract remain in the unallocated annuity account). Although now inconsistent with the adopted change, Base Exhibit, Line 4.1 must continue to be completed in accordance with the instructions in the preceding paragraph since no state has yet adopted this change. Changes to future annual statement instructions, forms or formula charts will be considered at such future date if and when adopted by individual state(s).

Line 4.2 - Transfer any allocated annuity amounts included in the Deposit-Type Contract Funds and Other Considerations column (Column 4) to the Annuity Considerations column (Column 2), except for amounts received to fund annuity contracts qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b) contracts. This includes all allocated annuity contracts, regardless of whether the annuity is in deferred or payout status, whether the annuity is group or individual, and whether the annuity is qualified or non-qualified for tax purposes.

According to Model \#520, an "unallocated annuity contract means any annuity contract or group annuity certificate that is not issued to and owned by an individual, except to the extent of any annuity benefits guaranteed to an individual by a reporting entity under such contract or certificate." An annuity is considered allocated unless it is unallocated. Examples of unallocat a a vuity contracts might be guaranteed investment contracts, deposit administration contracts, arin unallouted funding agreements where no contract or agreement issued by the reporting entity, nor any otificate issued by the reporting entity thereunder, guarantees individual benefits to specificall idens. ied individuals.

Group annuities may be allocated or unallocated. (The term "unallocate" is oynonymous with the term "group".) A group contract or certificate that guarantees annu bent to to an individual (this is not the guarantee typically found in a guaranteed investmen cont. at or deposit administration contract which allows the pension trustee or administrator to purcha an annuity for a plan participant at a guaranteed purchase rate) should be considered allocate In ac mion to contracts under which periodic payments are being made to individuals, gro ant contracts should be considered allocated if the reporting entity is obligated under the tract L on the request of an individual (or his or her beneficiary) to make either partial or full cash wh draw l payments, which may be subject to plan or statutory restrictions, to the individual (or ber heficiary).

The reporting entity will be considered to be igat upon the request of an individual to make either partial or full cash withdrawal payments if with 'awars or death benefit payments are made from that participant's account maintained (by the cporting witity or its designee) under the terms of the group annuity contract and regardless of heth ach equests are submitted to the reporting entity directly by the individual (or his or her ben ficiarve or indirectly through the plan trustee, administrator, sponsor or contract holder cate rech of the individual. As discussed in Line 4.1, the NAIC adopted a change to Mod \#520 tho reciassifies governmental retirement plans established under Section 401, 403(b) and 45 f the Int nal Revenue Code to the allocated annuity account. However, until adopted by a state legislatu. $4 \Gamma$ (b) annuities should remain in the Deposit-Type Contract Funds and Other Considerations column (_olumn 4) to be consistent with existing statutes that require that these contracts be inclu ed with unallocated annuities for assessment purposes where applicable. Note that the amount entered a negative in the Deposit-Type Contract Funds and Other Considerations column must exa ay li, tch he amount entered as a positive in the Annuity Considerations column.

Line 4.3 - Transfer an nalmande annuity amounts included in the Annuity Considerations column (Column 2) to the Deposit vpe Contract Funds and Other Considerations column (Column 4). The amount ente ${ }^{\circ}$ d-as a negatı in the Annuity Considerations column must exactly match the amount entered as a posi - in the Deposit-Type Contract Funds and Other Considerations column.

## Development of Amounts Included in Lines 1 Through 5 That Should Be Deducted in Determining the Base

Lines 6 through 9.99 are deductions from assessable premium based on the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Model Act (\#520) provisions. Companies must be careful not to deduct the same premium or deposits on more than one line. For example, amounts deducted on Line 6.1 as non-guaranteed separate account deposits should not be deducted a second time on Line 7.3 if those separate account deposits represent unallocated annuity deposits for a pension plan contract in excess of $\$ 5$ million. Companies may only deduct amounts on Lines 6 through 9.99 (except for amounts on Line 8) to the extent those amounts have been included on Lines 1 through 5 of the Base Reconciliation Exhibit.

Lines 6.01 -
$6.99-\quad$ Enter amounts received for any portion of a policy or contract not guaranteed by ate porting entity, or under which the investment risk is borne entirely by the policy or contract ${ }^{2}$ der. I se amounts are those specified at the time of deposit as intended for deposit in separate account. Amounts entered on these lines are typically non-guaranteed separate account premiums. D NO INOLUDE on these lines amounts transferred to any guaranteed separate accounts. Tw typ of ar uity contracts that should NOT be reported on Line 6 are: (i) modified guaranteed annuitie mar djusted annuities, or other contracts where the amounts payable on at least one future ate do not (or may not) depend solely on the investment performance of assets in the separate ace unts, nd (ii) guaranteed investment contracts issued to fund pension plans even if there are not morta ${ }^{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{v}$ guarantees or only incidental mortality guarantees. Such contracts are not properly includar on me 6 since the reporting entity retains an investment risk.

Amounts entered on Line 6 should correspond io ann nts ported on the Annual Statement of Separate Accounts to the extent amounts are inclu ${ }^{\text {Lin }} \mathbf{s} 1$ through 5 of the Base Reconciliation Exhibit. Specify deductions and indicate where hamo th were reported in the Annual Statement. Lines $6.1-6.99$ should not include transfer, a s arate account except to the extent such transfers represent current year premiums included on L 'es 1 through 5 of the Base Reconciliation Exhibit. Companies must specifically identify de actions or Lines 6.01 through 6.99 and indicate where such amounts are reported in the Annul Sta ant blue book) and where they are reported on Lines 1 through 5 of the Base Reconciliation a hibit

Lines 7.1 -
$7.4-\quad$ Enter unallocated amounts theet th descriptions provided on Lines 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3.
Line 7.1 - Allows a deduction for nny unallouated annuity contract that is not issued to or in connection with a specific employee, urin or association of natural persons benefit plan or a government lottery. An example of an approp te Line 7.1 deduction would be amounts received to fund a municipal guaranteed inves nent ontruct.

Line $7.2 \quad-\quad$ Allows a de ctio for ny unallocated annuity contract issued to an employee benefit plan protected under the Feder Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC). Employee benefit plans protected by the $\Gamma B C C$ are defired benefit plans only, and do not include defined contribution plans.

Line 7.3 - Allows a ${ }^{3}$ action for unallocated annuity premiums in excess of $\$ 5$ million for unallocated ,vernt ant lotteries and for any unallocated employee, union or association of natural persons benefit nns the is not: (a) governmental retirement plan established under Sections 401, 403(b) or 457 of the U.S. ...cernal Revenue Code, or (b) protected under the Federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation. 7.3 should only include those amounts in excess of $\$ 5$ million. For example, for a $\$ 15$ million guaranteed investment contract issued to an employee benefit plan, the company should report $\$ 10$ million (i.e., amounts in excess of $\$ 5$ million) on Line 7.3. Do not include on Lines 7.1, 7.2 or 7.3 amounts that have been reported as transfers or deductions on any other lines (e.g., Lines 4.2, 6, 7.1, 7.2 or 7.3).

Line 8
-
Enter dividends and experience rating credits, but only if such amounts were not guaranteed in advance. Examples of items that might be reported on Line 8 include: (i) non-guaranteed amounts that constitute a return of premiums collected in the current year and paid out of divisible surplus; and (ii) non-guaranteed experience rating credits that were not already deducted in determining Lines 1 and 2. Excess interest should not be deducted as dividends.

Lines 9.01 -
9.99 - Enter any other deductible amounts with a clear explanation of the nature of such deduction on Lines 9.01, 9.02, 9.03, etc. An example of an appropriate deduction is the premiums received for the Federal Employee Health Benefits Plan contracts in the Accident and Health column (Column 3). Deductions are not permitted for premiums received for the Federal Employee G ou $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{F}}$ ife Insurance. Line 9 should not be used as a substitute for deductions that are to be reporte ${ }^{\text {( }}$ on any $f$ the above lines. Deductions are not permitted in the first three columns for amountc rea ved in excess of coverage limits specified in the Guaranty Laws (i.e., a reporting entity canr st dea t tamounts received or contract values in excess of $\$ 100,000$ related to allocated annuity ontra( \&).

## Model Act Base

Line 11 - Line 11 equals Line 5 minus Line 10.

# ADJUSTMENTS TO THE <br> LIFE, HEALTH AND ANNUITY GUARANTY ASSOCIATION MODEL ACT ASSESSMENT BASE RECONCILIATION EXHIBIT 

To be filed on or before April 1.

## Introduction

The purpose of the Adjustments to the Life, Health and Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base | Reconciliation Exhibit (Adjustments Exhibit) is to collect premium information needed by State Guaranty Associations to make assessments. The Adjustments Exhibit must be prepared with the same care and accuracy th uld be used in preparing the Annual Statement, since the information is being provided to the Guaranty Fund Associa승 ns.

These instructions are intended to assist companies in completing the Adjustments Exhibit. CO $\sqrt{ }{ }^{(P A}$. ES MUST READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY AND REFER TO THE RELEVANT GUAYANT ASS CIATION ACTS, WHERE APPROPRIATE.

Only companies that are members of the life, health and annuity guaranty associatio sho ${ }^{1} d$ complete this exhibit. If a company is unsure if it is a member of a life, health and annuity guaranty association it $s$, puld contact the state life, health and annuity guaranty associations in its state of domicile or state(s) where it is lh nsed write life, health and annuity business.

The Adjustments Exhibit has four columns: Column 1 is for all individual ana roup ife insurance premiums; Column 2 is for all individual and group allocated annuity amounts (whether called rein rms, eposits, or considerations); Column 3 is for all individual and group accident and health premiums; and Colun 4 is $\leadsto$ all unallocated annuity amounts (whether called premiums, deposits, or considerations). However, the Adjus ints h hibit requires annuity information only for states that have not adopted the most recent Life and Health Insurance Gu ^anty Association Model Act (\#520). Companies are required to complete each line of the Adjustments Exhibit for 1 states, Drotrict of Columbia and Puerto Rico in which they were licensed or had business during the reporting year, xce f $f$ the states that use the Base Reconciliation Exhibit for their respective assessment premium base (these states may o ident; ed by referring to the respective assessment premium base formulas). DO NOT SUBMIT the Adjustme 5 Lbit or American Samoa, Guam, U.S. Virgin Islands, Canada, Northern Mariana Islands and other alien jurisdict ons. If you company writes only life and/or accident and health insurance, there is no need to submit the Adjustments Exhibi vou may nter any miscellaneous adjustment your company may have to life and accident and health business on Line 9 of the se $\bar{F}$, hibit pursuant to the applicable instructions.)

Should you have questions about how to fill t the Adjustments Exhibit, and the answers are not provided in the instructions below, you may wish to consult the Model \#, 0, particular State Guaranty Acts, the Annual Statement Instructions, your company attorney, particular State Insu ace epa. ments, or particular State Guaranty Association Administrators.

## Adjustments to the Base Reconc tion $^{{ }^{5}}{ }^{\mathrm{vV}}$, oit

All Lines (except Lines 53, 6.4 and 9) of Column 4 (Unallocated Annuity Considerations and Other Unallocated Fund Deposits) and Line 2 of Cok, 2 (Allocated Annuity and Other Allocated Fund Deposits) must be completed for all states in which your company is licens dor did business during the survey year, except for those states that use the Base Reconciliation Exhibit or th $r$ respective assessment premium base. (These states may be identified by referring to the respective asses rent remiu a base formulas). DO NOT SUBMIT the Adjustments Exhibit for American Samoa, U.S. Virgin Islands, ?nau, vorthern Mariana Islands and other alien jurisdictions.

Deductions re ted to unallocated annuity contracts MUST be detailed on Lines 3 through 9, where appropriate. Deductions on Line 10 relate ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{o}$ amounts received on unallocated annuity contracts WILL NOT be allowed.

The amount from Line 11 of the Base Reconciliation Exhibit should be transferred to Line 1 of the Adjustments Exhibit.

Line 2 - All 403(b) annuities are included in Column 4 (Unallocated Annuity and Other Unallocated Fund Deposits) on the Base Reconciliation Exhibit and must be transferred to Column 2 (Allocated Annuity and Other Allocated Fund Deposits) for certain states that have not adopted the most recent Model \#520 in its entirety. The amount to be transferred from Column 4 to Column 2 represents the amount of 403(b) annuity premiums included in Line 1 of the Adjustments Exhibit, regardless of whether it was originally reported in Column 2 or Column 4 of the Base Reconcil ato Exhibit. Those companies that originally reported 403(b) premiums in Column 4 of the Base concil tion Exhibit must transfer such amounts to Column 2 even though no original transfer wac requ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{d}$ on Line 4.1 of the Base Reconciliation Exhibit.

Lines 3.1
and $3.2-\quad$ Companies that have unallocated funding obligations that are not sued or in connection with a specific employee, union, or association of natural persons benefi vlan orvernment lottery (Line 7.1 of the Base Reconciliation Exhibit) must report such amounts on $\leq$ es 3.1 and 3.2. Line 3.2 should include any amounts reported on Line 3.1.

Lines 4.1, 4.2
4.3 and $4.5 \quad-\quad$ Companies that have unallocated funding obligations issu dof and government lotteries or employee, union, or association of natural persons benefit plats at ar established under Sections 401, 403(b) or 457 on e U.S. Internal Revenue Code, or (b) protected by the Federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corpo on In st report such amounts on Lines 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3. Line 4.4 equals the sum of Lines 4.1, 4.2 anc. 4.3. Lines 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3 are mutually exclusive. Line 4.5 needs to be completed for Minne ota busiltos only.

Lines 5.1, 5.2
5.3 and $5.4 \quad-\quad$ Companies that have unallor cu ${ }^{2}$ din obligations issued to fund governmental retirement plans established under Sections 01 and 4. of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code must report such amounts on Lines 5.1, 5.2 and 5.3. La 5.2 sho Id include the amounts reported on Line 5.1. Line 5.3 needs to be completed for New Jersey bing only. Line 5.4 needs to be completed for Minnesota business only.

Lines 6.1, 6.2
6.4 and 6.5

Lines 7.1, 7.2
and 7.3
ompan es that have unallocated annuity contracts issued to an employee benefit plan protected by the deral ension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (Line 7.2 of the Base Reconciliation Exhibit) must repu wach amounts on Lines 7.1 and 7.2. Line 7.2 should include the amounts reported on Line 7.1. 7.3 needs to be completed for New Jersey business only.

Line 8
Companies that have unallocated funding obligations issued to fund government lotteries must report such amounts up to $\$ 5$ million per contract holder. This line should be completed for New Jersey business only.

Line 9

Line 10

Line 11 - Represents the preliminary assessment base calculation for those states that have not adopted the most recent Model \#520.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 10 for Other Deductions
The company must provide a clear explanation of the amounts inclukd on ine 10 Amounts deducted on any other lines on the Base Reconciliation Exhibit or Adjustments hib would not be reported here, since to do so would amount to a duplicate deduction. Line 1 houlu ot be used as a substitute for deductions that are to be reported on any of the above li s. In addition, deductions are not permitted in the first three columns for amounts received in excess 0 coverage limitations specified in the Guaranty Laws (e.g., a reporting entity cannot deduct amou. 's rece ved or contract values in excess of $\$ 100,000$ related to allocated annuity contracts).

NOTE: $\quad$ Cross check for Adjustments Exhibit Lines 3.2, 4.3 and \% Col mn 4
The aggregate amounts on Adjustments Exhibit" nes 3.24 .3 and 7.2 should equal the aggregate of the amounts on Base Exhibit Lines 7.1, 7.2 ar 7.3 s the amount reported on Base Exhibit Line 3.3.

## SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTMENT RISKS INTERROGATORIES

This set of Supplemental Interrogatories is to assist regulators in identifying and analyzing the risks inherent in the entity's investment portfolio. The Supplemental Investment Risks Interrogatories apply only to general account assets. These lines were determined based upon the investment categories contained in the NAIC Statutory Statement and considered as invested assets. The reported amounts are to be consistent with net admitted amounts reported by the entity in the statement and supporting schedules, not on a consolidated basis. Compute the percentage calculations by dividing the reported amount by the total admitted assets reported in Line 1 of the Interrogatories unless otherwise indicated. It is recommended that the first step in responding to this set of Interrogatories is for the person preparing this document to read through the Interrogatories to gain an understanding of the reporting requirements.

All reporting entities must answer Interrogatories 1 through 4, 11 through 16, 18, 19 and, if applicable throug 23. Answer each Interrogatory 5 through 10 only if the reporting entity's aggregate holdings in foreign inyoctmen as addressed in Interrogatory 4 equals or exceeds $2.5 \%$ of the reporting entity's total admitted assets. Answer iterro tory 17 only if the reporting entity's aggregate holdings in mortgage loans as addressed in Interrogatory 1 equ s or e ceeds $2.5 \%$ of the reporting entity's total admitted assets. For Life and Fraternal blanks, responses are to exclu $\mathrm{St}_{\mathrm{p}}$.ae Accounts. For the Property/Casualty blank, responses are to exclude Protected Cell Accounts.

If listing a Supranational, put Supranational and the union or member on the line (Exanr ${ }^{\prime}$ e: Supranational - World Trade Organization).
The following definitions apply to interrogatories 4 through 10 , unless otheri. defiri d by state statute.

Foreign investment: An investment in a foreign, isdic on, or an investment in a person, real estate or asset domiciled in a foreign ju viction. An investment shall not be deemed to be foreign if the issuing perc n, qualitned primary credit source or qualified guarantor is a domestic jurisdictio or a on omiciled in a domestic jurisdiction, unless:
(a) The iss ag p sorl a shell business entity; and
(b) The in estment ; not assumed, accepted, guaranteed or insured or otherwise backed bj dr aestic jurisdiction or a person, that is not a shell business entity, demiciled in domestic jurisdiction.

Domestic jurisdiction:

## Foreign jurisdiction:

Shell business entity:
A uusiness entity having no economic substance, except as a vehicle for owning interests in assets issued, owned or previously owned by a person domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction.


A guarantor against which a reporting entity has a direct claim for full and timely payment, evidenced by a contractual right for which an enforcement action can be brought in a domestic jurisdiction.

The credit source to which a reporting entity looks for payment as to an investment and against which a reporting entity has a direct claim for full and timely payment, evidenced by a contractual right for which an enforcement action can be brought in a domestic jurisdiction.

Supranational:
Entities with more than one sovereign government as a member

Line $1 \quad-\quad$ Report the reporting entity's total admitted assets as reported on Page 2 of the annual statement.
Report the total net admitted assets for the current year, Page 2, Assets, Column 3, excluding Separate Account, Protected Cell or Segregated Account business.

Line 2 - Report the single 10 largest exposures to a single issuer/borrower/investment.
Determine the ten largest exposures by first, aggregating investments from all investment categories (except the excluded categories) by issuer. The first six digits of the CUSIP number can be used as a starting point; however, please note that the same issuer may have more than one unique series of the first six digits of the CUSIP. For example, the reporting entity owns br ads issued by the XYZ Company of $\$ 500,000$ and common stock of the XYZ Company of $\$ 66^{\circ} 000$. li. addition the reporting entity has a mortgage loan to the XYZ Company of $\$ 300,000$. The totar xposure to Issuer XYZ Company is $\$ 1.4$ million ( $\$ 500,000+\$ 600,000+\$ 300,000$ ).

Excluding: U.S. government securities (Part Six, Section 2 $2^{(1)}$ government agency securities (Part Six, Section 2(e)), those U. S fove nent money market funds (Part Six, Section 2(f)) listed in the Purposes $\square$ Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office as exempt; F -perty occupied by the company; and policy loans. Also exclude asse types at are investment companies (mutual funds) and common trust funds the diversified within the meaning of the Investment Company Ao of 1940 , Section 5(b) (1)].

In Column 2, list the categories of securities that are cluc in the total for each issuer (e.g., bonds, mortgage loans, etc.)

Line $3-\quad$ Report by NAIC designation, the amounts din perco tages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in bonds and preferred stocks.

Report the total amount for each bcateoor . The amounts reported in the bond subcategories should be consistent with tb unn reported in Schedule D, Part 1A, Section 1, Column 7, Lines 11.1 - 11.6. Schedulr $D$, Part $\&$, Section 1 is reported gross and will not tie to this line if any amounts are reported and no admitted r bonds and preferred stocks on the asset page.

Line $4-\quad$ Report the amounts and percentacs of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in foreign investments (regardless of whether there is any foreign currency exposure) and unhedged foreign currency exposure.

Line 4.02 - Report the ggre ate an unt of foreign investments as determined by the rules or statutes of the state of domicile ga ${ }^{1}$ ess whether there is any foreign currency exposure).

Line $4.03 \quad-\quad$ Repert the portion of the aggregate amount of foreign investments that supports insurance liabilities denor ated in that same foreign currency.

Tre an unt reported in 4.03 should be included in all answers to Lines 5 through 10.
Line 4.04

- $\mathrm{Re}_{\mathrm{F}}$ ne amount of the insurance liabilities associated with the investments reported in 4.03 and that a denominated in the same currency.

Lines 5-10 shou , be answered only if the reporting entity's aggregate foreign investments exceed $2.5 \%$ of total admitted assets (response to $\mathbf{~} .01$ is no). The NAIC designations for Lines 5, 6, 8 and 9 relate to country ratings, not investment ratings. If the country does not have a rating, include the investment in the NAIC-3 or below category.

Line 5 - Report the aggregate foreign investment exposure (regardless of currency exposure) categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation. Aggregate foreign investments first by foreign jurisdiction and then by NAIC sovereign designation.

The sovereign ratings and designation equivalents are available on the NAIC Web site.

Line 6 - Within each of the following three categories of NAIC country sovereign designations, which are available on the NAIC Web site (1, 2, and 3 or below), identify the two countries in which the company has its largest aggregate foreign investment exposures (regardless of currency exposure), and report the dollar value and percentage of company investments issued within each of those countries.

Line $8 \quad-\quad$ Report the aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation. Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposures first by foreign jurisdiction and then by NAIC sovereign designation.

The sovereign ratings and designation equivalents are available on the NAIC Web site.
Line 9 - Within each of the following three categories of NAIC country sovereign do gnation which are available on the NAIC Web site (1, 2, and 3 or below), identify the two coun ies in which the company has its largest aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposures, ind rt , rt the dollar value and percentage of company investments issued within each of those untri

Line 10 - Report the 10 largest non-sovereign (i.e., non-governmental) expc res to foreign issuer/borrower/ investment.

Determine the ten largest foreign exposures by first agg rating wnestments from all foreign investment categories by issuer. See example in Lin In investment does not have an NAIC designation, indicate the investment category, r., mo gage loan, in the NAIC Designation Column after first indicating any available NAIC designa ons fr that issuer/borrower.

Line 11 - Report the amounts and percentages of the rep ing ent y's total admitted assets held in Canadian investments, including Canadian-currency omı ted investments, Canadian insurance liabilities ("Canadian Investments") and unhedged Canadic currency exposure.

Line 11.03 - Report the aggregate amount of Cadia I est lents that support insurance liabilities denominated in Canadian currency.

The amount listed in Line 1.03 shouk be included in all answers to Line 11.
Line 11.04 - Report the aggregate amount o the asurance liabilities associated with the investments reported in Line 11.03.

Line 11.05 - Unhedged Canadian Cun ncy Exposure
If the repo ing tity's ggregate Canadian investments exceed $2.5 \%$ of total admitted assets, answer this questio

Line 12 - Rep the aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in invest, nts with contractual sales restrictions (defined as investments having restrictions that prevent inyontmert ${ }^{{ }^{\mathrm{f}} \mathrm{r}} \mathrm{m}$ being sold within 90 days).

Line 12.02
e agg egate amount reported in this line is limited to investments with contractual restrictions. It doesur include, for instance, investments that have procedural requirements to be met prior to sale or rnal company restrictions.

Line 13.02
through 13.11

Line 14 - Report the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total dmit dasu neld in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities (included in other equity securities) and e ${ }^{1}$ uding securities eligible for sale privately placed equities (included in other equity securities) and e nding cocurities eligible for sale
under Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 144a restrictions.

Line 14.02 - The amount reported in this line is a subset of the Line $1 \sim$ at excludes any public securities,
any affiliated equity interests and any securities th an bo sold under SEC Rule 144 or under Rule 144a without any volume restrictions.

Line 15 - Report the amounts and percentages of the ren ting enty's total admitted assets held in general partnership interests (included in other equity currm $\varsigma$ ).
Line 15.02 - Report the aggregate amount of all gener A partnersmp interests reported in Schedule BA. The amount excludes limited partnership intere $\omega_{s}$ or,$L \square$ investments.

Lines 15.03
through 15.05

Line 16 - With respect to mortgace loans rt, orted in Schedule B, report the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total Amitted assets.

Line 16.02
through 16.11 -
Report the amounts and percentages of admitted assets held in the ten largest equity interests (including investments in the shares of mutual funds, preferred stocks, publicly traded equity securities, and other equity securities (including Schedule BA equity interests), and excluding money market and bond mutual funds listed in Part Six, Sections 2(f) and (g) of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office as exempt or NAIC 1).

Determine the ten largest equity interests by first aggregating investments included in this line by issuer. For example, the reporting entity owns preferred stock of the XYZ Company of \$600,000 and common stock of the XYZ Company of $\$ 300,000$. The total is $\$ 900,000(\$ 600,000+\$ 300,000)$. The reporting entity also owns bonds issued by the XYZ Company of $\$ 500,000$ that ar en ${ }^{1} 1$ ded from this calculation because bonds are debt instruments. Other equity securities inc fe par. erships and Limited Liability Companies (LLC) and any other investments reported in Schedu. BA classified as equity.
excludes limited partnership intere or c o investments. reported in Schedule BA. The amount

Report the details of the th e largest pneral partnership interests if the aggregate amount reported in Interrogatory 15.01 exceeds $5 \%$ of ac nitted assets.

The aggre ate $n$ rtgage nterest represents the combined value of all mortgages secured by the same property or ne g oun properties.

Rep rt the details of the ten largest mortgage interests if the aggregate amount exceeds $2.5 \%$ of admit, 'assets.

The amounts reported 16.1 . 16.14 and 16.16 should be consistent with the corresponding subtotals reported in Column 8 of Schedule B, $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{L}}+1$.

Line 17 hort the aggregate mortgage loans having the indicated loan-to-value ratios as determined from the most current appraisal as of the annual statement date.

Line 17.01
through 17.05 - For each mortgage loan, determine its loan-to-value ratio and assign it to one of the five loan-to-value categories, separated into residential, commercial or agricultural. Aggregate the amounts for each category and calculate the percent of admitted assets.

## Line 18.02

through 18.06

Line 19 - Report the amounts and percentages of potential exposure (defined as the amount determined in accordance with the Annual Statement Instructions) for mezzanine real estate loans.

Line 19.01 - If the response is yes, the reporting entity need not complete the remainder of Interrogatory 19.
Line $20-\quad$ Report the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted asse subjec , to securities lending agreements, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreemonts, lollar repurchase agreements and dollar reverse repurchase agreements.

Line 20.01
through 20.05
Report the aggregate amount for each category at year-end and at th and on quarter. Calculate the percentage of admitted assets at year-end.

Line 21 - Report the amounts and percentages for warrants not attache 0 othe rinancial instruments, options, caps and floors.

Line 21.01
through 21.03
Report the aggregate amount for each category a cula the percentage of admitted assets. The amounts should also agree with amounts reported Scheu le DB.

Line 22 - Report the amounts and percentages of potein exposure (defined as the amount determined in accordance with the Annual Statement In ructions) for collars, swaps and forwards.

Line 22.01
through 22.04 -
Report the aggregate amount rean ory at year-end and at the end of each quarter. Calculate the percentage of admitted ass at year nd. The amounts should also agree with amounts reported in Schedule DB.

Line 23 - Report the amounts and percentases of potential exposure (defined as the amount determined in accordance with the $A \sim$ ual Statement Instructions) for futures contracts.

Line 23.01
through 23.04 - Report the ggre ate am unt for each category at year-end and at the end of each quarter. Calculate the percentage adrin ard assets at year-end. The amounts should also agree with amounts reported in Schedule DB.


## VARIABLE ANNUITIES SUPPLEMENT PARTS 1 AND 2

This supplement is to be filed on or before April 1.
For variable annuities (VAs) with guaranteed benefits, disclose the type(s) of guaranteed benefit(s), the number of contracts or certificates with those benefits, the amount of the benefit base related to each type of benefit, the net amount at risk for death benefits and the guaranteed annual payout for income and withdrawal benefits, the gross amount of the reserve for the guaranteed benefit(s), the portion of the contract/certificate account value related to contract/certificate funds in the General Account or the Separate Account, and the percent of the guaranteed benefit reinsured.
"Type" shall include a summary description of the type of benefit. Examples are provided in the table lustrat below. For those guaranteed benefits that include waiting periods before any benefit can be realized, include tho len th of the original waiting period in the description

- A separate line shall be created for each combination of Guaranteed Death Benefit anu quar ued Living Benefit.
o See the illustration in the table below for an example.
o For a category with only one guarantee, show "None" in the other coll n .
- Each contract/certificate shall be included in one and only one line.
o For a contract with multiple living benefits, determine the most app riate crassification.
A separate chart shall be prepared for individual contracts and for group con ats wir individual certificates. In each chart, show the amount of any reinsurance reserve credit being taken separately for tre ies th affiliated captive reinsurers and for other reinsurers.

For purposes of this supplement, a Guaranteed Living Benefit (GLb s de ed as a contract/certificate, agreement or rider in which the insurance entity guarantees specified payouts during a de ned period, which may include the lifetime of the insured(s). For VAs, these guaranteed payouts are typically m de roarararss of the performance of the contractual account value that is used to determine cash surrender values and wit wal penefits.


Report the Benefit Base (defined in the contract/certificate) as of the valuation date as the basis for the guaranteed value. If ne uarantee exists, enter $\$ 0$.
Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Benefit Base For auara teea Living Benefit (GLB) (Col 2)
Report the f efit (defined in the contract/certificate) as of the valuation date as the basis for the
Column $6 \quad-\quad$ Net Fuaranteed valu If no guarantee exists, enter $\$ 0$.

[^12]Column 8 - Account Value - General Account

Column 9 - Account Value - Separate Account
Column $10 \quad-\quad$ Reserve for Guaranteed Benefits (Total Reserve Less Base Adjusted Reserve)
Total gross reserve for guarantees as defined in AG-43 or VM 21 as applicable in excess of the base contract reserve. Reserves calculated according to AG-43 and VM-21 are allocated to individual contracts or certificates following the guidance of Appendix 6 of AG-43 or Section 8 of VM-21. Report in column 10 the excess of this per policy reserve over the base contra 10 erve. For base contract reserve, the company may use CSV or Base Adjusted Reserve (defined AppeIt x 3, A.3.2D of AG-43 or Section 5, B.4. of VM-21) for that contract or certificate.

Column 11 \&
Column 12 - Percentage of Guaranteed Benefits Reinsured
Show percentage of the Guaranteed Benefit ceded to all reinsurers
Line 3 - Total Net of Reinsurance
Line 3 Total Net of Reinsurance should equal the + otal $L$ te for Column 10 minus the sum of Line 1 Reserve Credit from Affiliated Captive Kéinsur ace a d Line 2 Reserve Credit from Other Reinsurance.

Illustration:


## SCHEDULE SIS

## STOCKHOLDER INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT

The Stockholder Information Supplement shall be completed by all stock companies incorporated in the U.S.A. that have 100 or more stockholders. Such supplement shall be filed with the insurance commissioner of the company's domiciliary state as a part of its annual statement. The information required to be contained in this supplement is to be furnished to the best of the knowledge of the company. Where appropriate, the company should obtain the required information, in writing, from its directors or officers and from any person known to the company to be the beneficial owner of more than $10 \%$ of any class of its equity securities.

The term "officer" means a president, vice-president, treasurer, actuary, secretary, controller and vother jerson who performs for the company functions corresponding to those performed by the foregoing officers.

## INFORMATION REGARDING MANAGEMENT AND DIREETO S

1. This information applies to any person who was a director or officer of the cor any a ny time during the year. However, information need not be given for any portion of the year during wheh su porson was not a director or officer of the company.
2. Include under "Other Employee Benefits" information for such items ac ing as, deferred compensation plans, thrift plans, profit-sharing plans, etc., or other contracts, authorizas ror ai ngements, whether or not set forth in any formal document. Briefly describe such "plans" and the basis non hich directors or officers participate therein, if not previously described in a prior "Stockholder nis nati, 1 Supplement" indicating date thereof. Company cost of benefits accrued or set aside need not be stat with . pect to payments computed on an actuarial basis under any plan that provides for fixed benefits on ro eme at a specified age or after a specified number of years of service.
3. Information need not be included as to paymats insurance, group hospitalization or similar group pa,
to or benefits received from, group life or accident nents oenefits.
4. If it is impractical to state the amount $s$ the estin ted annual benefits proposed to be made upon retirement, the aggregate amount set aside or accrued date in espect of such payment should be stated, together with an explanation of the basis for future payments.
5. Attach separate sheets if necessary fully answer questions.


## STATEMENT OF BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

| Column $1-\quad$ Name and Title |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Indicate relationship of the person to the company, for example: "director,", "director and <br> vice-president," "beneficial owner of more than $10 \%$ of the company's common stock," etc. |

Column $2-\quad$ Title of Security
The statement of the title of a security should be such as to clearly identify the security, even though there may be only one class, for example: "common stock," " $4 \%$ convertible prefe eu tock," etc.

Column $3 \quad-\quad$ Nature of Ownership
Under the "Nature of Ownership", state whether ownership of securines is direct" or "indirect." If the ownership is indirect (i.e., through a partnership, corporation, rust otm chtity), indicate in a footnote or other appropriate manner the name or identity of the $m$, um $u$ ugh which the securities are indirectly owned. The fact that securities are held in the nan of a hroker or other nominee does not, of itself, constitute indirect ownership. Securities owned indiro ly shall be reported on separate lines from those owned directly and from those owned through differ ent type of indirect ownership.
Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Number of Shares Owned at the End of Prior Year anc 7
Column $8 \quad-\quad$ Number of Shares Owned at the End of Current Year
In the case of securities owned indirectly, the $\epsilon$ re amo int of securities owned by the partnership, corporation, trust or other entity shall be st. d. T. re may also be indicated in a footnote or other appropriate manner the extent of the security ho 'rr's miterest in such partnership, corporation, trust or other entity.

If a transaction in securities of the co vith the company or one of its subsidiaries, so state. If it involved the purchase of ccur is the pugh the exercise of options, so state. If any other purchase or sale was effected othery se than in the open market, that fact shall be indicated. If the transaction was not a purchase or sale, dicate it character, for example, gift, stock dividend, etc., as the case may be.

Any additional inform ion or explanation deemed relevant by the company should be included as a footnote or in other appis riate manner.

Column $9-\quad$ Percentage of $V$ ting Si ck Directly and Indirectly Owned or Controlled at the End of the Current Year

Rep rt the percentage of voting stock directly and indirectly owned or controlled at the end of the curre, ear by each director, officer and/or any other entity/person who directly or indirectly, own, contal ho rith the power to vote, or hold proxies representing $10 \%$ of more of the voting interests ct the e ity. See SSAP No. 25-Affiliates and Other Related Parties for the definition of control.

## MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT INSURANCE EXPERIENCE EXHIBIT

Medicare Supplement is defined as those forms which are qualified as Medicare Supplement under the Federal Certification Requirements or the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act and Regulation, or that are filed under other state programs to satisfy separate form filing requirements for Medicare Supplement forms.

This exhibit should be completed on a direct basis and should include all Medicare Supplement insurance acquired through assumption of a block of business. In the event that a policyholder of the company relocates to another state, experience under that policy is to continue to be reported in the state in which the policy was originally issued. The nationwide aggregate earned premium on all Medicare supplement policies should be disclosed in the annual statement General Interrogatory related to Medicare Supplement insurance.

This exhibit is to be completed on a state basis.
In the event that a refiling of any state page is warranted, the amended page should be filed rith the NAI and with the state.

1. Experience on policies issued more than three years prior to the reporting ye shou be shown separately as indicated on the form. For example, for the reporting year ended December 21,218 (filed on March 1, 2019), experience on policies issued in 2015 and prior should be shown separately from at of policies issued in 2016 and later. For group insurance, the year of issue should be based on when a cert reate was issued, if available. Otherwise, use the master policy year of issue.
2. Allocation of reserves on a state-by-state basis should rely orir sounc actua al principles and be consistent as to methodology from year to year.
3. Include membership or policy fees, if any, with premiums
4. Include mass marketed group insurance subject to indi raual loss ratio standards with individual.
5. Subtract dividends from premiums earned.
6. Do not adjust incurred claims nor premiy is earned re changes in policy (additional) reserves.

## DEFINITIONS

Column 1 - Compliance with OBP

Column 3 - Standardize Mean aro upplement Benefit Plan
Mea s the standar plans A-N as required by Section 9E of the Model Regulation to Implement the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act. This includes all plans identified A-N issued prior to a state’s revisions to its regulatory program and identified as a s andar plan at the time of issue. Policies issued prior to the effective date of this state's revisions to Medi are supplement regulatory program pursuant to the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (Obin) of 1990, and no longer offered in a state, should be designated with "P." Policies not meeting \& her of these definitions should be designated with "O." This includes policies issued in MN, MA, and WI (states that qualified for and received a waiver under federal law from the A-N requirements). A policy issued in these three states that did not require changes, as the result of modifications to the state regulatory program should be reported as "O." All policies identified as "O" must be explained in Medicare Supplement General Interrogatory 4. Theoretically, a policy should never be identified as "O" except in those states receiving a waiver from the A-N requirements.

## Column 5 - Plan Characteristics

Means one or more of the following identifiers of the features of a policy or certificate form (all applicable identifiers must be shown).
" 1 " Means inclusion of new or innovative benefits.
"2" Means direct response solicited.
"3" Means agent solicited.
"4" Means underwritten policy or certificate.
" 5 " Means the policy or certificate is guaranteed issued to all applicant .
" 6 " Means the policy is offered to individuals eligible for Medicare vren of disability.
" 7 " Means the policy or certificate was assumed from anothe carri
Column 6 - Date Approved

Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Date Approval Withdrawn
Means the date the policy form approval was, thdir on by the insurance department.
Column $8 \quad-\quad$ Date Last Amended

Means the date of approval of a ride or endo ement for this policy form. Do not reflect the date of optional riders added to an i

Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Date Closed
Means the date when thepolicy fon is no longer actively marketed or offered for sale in this state.
Column 10 - Policy Marketing Trade ?me
Means the tle o name i hder which a policy is (was) marketed.
Columns 12
\& $16 \quad-\quad$ Inculed Claims
Incumod C irts equal paid claims plus the change in claim reserves. Claim reserves include only those paid abilities for claims that have been incurred. Incurred claims in this exhibit do not include licy (a ditional) reserves.
sum of Columns 11 and 15, and the sum of Columns 12 and 16, Lines 0199999 and 0299999 for all states should equal the amounts disclosed in the General Interrogatories, Part 2, Line 1.2 minus Line 1.3 and Line 1.5, respectively.

Columns 14
\& $18 \quad-\quad$ Number of Covered Lives
Means the number of individuals covered under the policy form as of December 31 of the reporting year.

## TRUSTEED SURPLUS STATEMENT

The Trusteed Surplus Statement must be completed by each United States branch of a non-U.S. insurer licensed to do any insurance business in any state. The Trusteed Surplus Statement shall be submitted together with its accompanying schedules and the inventory(ies) of trusteed assets. The Trusteed Surplus Statement shall be submitted together with the annual statement (showing business transacted by the U.S. branch of the non-U.S. insurer in the United States) on or before March 1.

## Page 1

## Affidavit of U.S. Managers, General Agents, or Attorneys

1. The Trusteed Surplus Statement shall be signed and verified by the United States Manager, aten ney-in-act or a duly empowered assistant United States manager of the non-U.S. insurer.
2. In the case of a Canadian life insurance company, the title United States Maninger all re r to the president, vice-president, secretary, or treasurer of the company at its home office in Canada.

## Affidavit of Trustee

Each trustee must execute an Affidavit of Trustee.

## Page 2

## Schedule A - Deposits with State Officers

1. Include only securities deposited with insurance departmbs or fficers of the various states and territories of the United States for the protection of all of the company's po cyhorders or policyholders and creditors within the United States. For each state and territory, provide comple and accurate description of each of the assets deposited therein.
2. Exclude special state deposits that are pos officers of any state in trust for the security of the policyholders, or policyholders and cred irs in that articular state.
3. Line 1.99, minus Line 1.98 where appropriat sho d agree with the total of special deposits held for the benefit of all policyholders, claimants and creditors in Sch七ule E, Part 3 of the annual statement.

## Schedules B, C, and D - Deposits With Unitu'State Trustees

1. List in Schedules B, C, id D, otals o the assets held by the categories pre-printed therein.
2. A U.S. branch having depos with two or more U.S. trustees should list the assets deposited with one trustee in Schedule B and $t$ a assets deposted with other trustees in Schedules C and D. The trustee holding the assets listed under Schedule B 'ould execute the first Affidavit of Trustee and the trustees holding the assets listed in Schedules C and n shou ${ }^{(1)}$ xecute the respective affidavits.

In the eft th there re more than three separate trusts, attach additional affidavits and corresponding schedules.
3. Ea dor submit to the U.S. Manager for inclusion with the Trusteed Surplus Statement, an inventory of each sset held by that trustee. Such inventory shall include the location of the assets (if there is more than one location, indicate which assets are at which location), the complete and accurate description of each asset, the information required to be provided in the Columns 3 through 5 of Schedules B, C, and D of this supplement, and as much additional information as is available (e.g., number of shares of stocks). The subtotal of each category of assets should agree with the amounts shown on Page 2 and Schedules B, C, and D.
4. If market or admitted asset values are not known by the trustee, such information shall be inserted on the inventory by the U.S. Manager.

## Page 3

## Liabilities and Trusteed Surplus

| Line $1 \quad$ Total Liabilities |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Should agree with the amount reported on Annual Statement Page 3, Line 28 of the annual statement. |

Additions to Liabilities
Liabilities used to offset admitted assets in the annual statement.
Line $2-\quad$ Aggregate Write-ins for Additions to Liabilities
Enter the total of write-ins listed in schedule "Detail of Write-ins Ag.egat ' at Lir 2 for Additions to Liabilities."

Deductions From Liabilities
No item of deduction should exceed the net asset value thereo United States branch.

Line 4 - Amounts Recoverable From Reinsurers
Line 4.1 - Authorized Companies
Include: Any reinsurance reco rable on paid losses from authorized companies that are included cthe asst on Page 2, Line 16.1, Column 3 of the annual stateme

Line 4.2 - Unauthorized onl P ies
Include:
reinsur nce recoverable on paid losses from unauthorized companies that a in uded in the asset on Page 2, Line 16.1, Column 3 of the annual statemen.

Line 4.3 - Certifiea ompanies


Any reinsurance recoverable on paid losses from certified companies that are included in the asset on Page 2, Line 16.1, Column 3 of the annual statement.


Line 8.2 - Premium notes
Should agree with the amount reported on Page 2, Line 6, inside amount, of the annual statement.

Line 9 - Aggregate Write-ins for Other Deductions From Liabilities
Enter the total of write-ins listed in schedule "Detail of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 9 for Other Deductions From Liabilities."

Line 12 - Trusteed Surplus
The excess of Total Gross Assets reported and the Total Adjusted Liabilities reported on Line 11 of this page. Total Gross Assets are the Total Trusteed Assets reported in Schedules A, B, C and D on Page 2 of the Trusteed Surplus Statement.

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 2 for Additions to Liabilities
List separately each category of additions to liabilities for which there is no pre-pt tealine on Page 3. Include: Any credit balances included in deductions from a ets in annual statement

Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 9 for Other Deductions From Liabilities
List separately each category of other deductions from liabili on Page 3.

Include: Commissions and Expense Allon nces Due, Experience Rating and Other Refunds Due, and other rec ${ }^{\circ}$ ya 'es on, reinsurance ceded to authorized insurers that was not included in L, 4.1 à ve. Amounts receivable from unauthorized insurance companies be cluded but only to the extent that a liability for such unauthorized recovè bles is included in Line 1 above.

Amounts if ny, agt 2, Line 22, Column 3 of the annual statement as "Net adjustmen in asco+ and liabilities due to foreign exchange rates" which are attr' atao to L steed assets.

## WORKERS' COMPENSATION CARVE-OUT SUPPLEMENT

The Workers' Compensation Carve-out Supplement shall be completed by those reporting entities that assume or cede workers' compensation carve-out business.

Workers' compensation carve-out business is defined as reinsurance (including retrocessional reinsurance) assumed by life and health insurers of medical, wage loss and death benefits of the occupational illness and accident exposures, but not the employers liability exposures, of business originally written as workers compensation insurance.


## PART 3 - OSSES IID AND INCURRED

Refer to SSAP No. 55—Unpaid Claims, Losses and Lo Ad stment Expenses for accounting guidance. Column 1 - Reinsurance Assumed
 Column 4 - It Loss s Unpaid Current Year
Column 5
Net Losses Unpaid Prior Year
Companies that are correcting tabular reserves to exclude medical losses must restate net losses unpaid
prior year to reflect the cumulative effect of this change.

Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Percentages
Percentages are calculated by dividing Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Part 3, Column 6 by Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Part 1, Column 4, and multiplying by 100.

## PART 4 - UNPAID LOSSES AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES

Refer to SSAP No. 55—Unpaid Claims, Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses for accounting guidance.
Column 1

| $\& 2$ | Reported Losses |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Include: |

All losses, which have been reported in any way to the Home Office of the company on or before December 31 of the current year. Provision for losses of the current year or prior years, if any, reported after that date would be made in Columns 4 and 5 as Incurred But Not Reported.


Report loss adjustment exp ases incui ad by the reinsurer. Do not report loss adjustment expenses by and assumed from the reinsu

Total to agree with Schedule P, Paı1, Column 36, total multiplied by 1000.

## SCHEDULE F - REINSURANCE

NOTE: Certified reinsurer status applies on a prospective basis, and is determined by the state of domicile of the ceding insurer. As such, it is possible that a ceding insurer will report reinsurance balances applicable to a single assuming insurer under multiple classifications within Schedule S. For example, with respect to a certified reinsurer that was considered unauthorized prior to certification, balances attributable to contracts entered into prior to the assuming insurer's certification would be reported in the unauthorized classification, while balances attributable to contracts entered into or renewed on or after the assuming insurer's certification would be reported in the certified classification. Proper classification of such balances is essential to ensure accurate reporting of collateral requirements applicable to specific balances and the corresponding calculation of the liability for unauthorized and/or certified reinsurance.

## Index to Schedule F

Part 1 - Assumed Reinsurance
Part 2 - Ceded Reinsurance

## ID Number

Schedule F requires that the "ID Number" be reported for assuming or ceding nntitif s.
Reinsurance intermediaries should not be listed, because Schedu F is i tended to identify only risk-bearing entities.

## Use of Federal Employer Identification Number

The Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) mus be reported for each U.S.-domiciled insurer and U.S. branch of an alien insurer. The FEIN should not ${ }^{\prime}$, remed as the "ID Number" for other alien insurers even if the federal government has issued such a number.

## Alien Insurer Identification Number (AIIN)

In order to report transactions involving ien co panies correctly, the appropriate Alien Insurer Identification Number (AIIN) must be included on Schedur F istead of the FEIN. The AIIN number is assigned by the NAIC and is listed in the NAIC Listing of $C$ mpanies. if an alien company does not appear in that publication, contact the NAIC Financial Systems and Servi s Department, Company Demographics Analyst at FDRCCREQ@NAIC.ORG for numbers assigned since the lact nub ration or for information on having a number assigned.

Newly assigned number are i corpor ed in revised editions of the NAIC Listing of Companies, which are available semi-annually. The NAIC " so pr aes this information to annual statement software vendors for incorporation into the software.


## Pools and Association Numbers

In order to report transactions involving non-risk bearing pools or associations consisting of non-affiliated companies correctly, the company must include on Schedule F the appropriate Pool/Association Identification Number. These numbers are listed in the NAIC Listing of Companies. The NAIC Pool/Association Identification Number should be used instead of any FEIN that may have been assigned. If a pool or association does not appear in that publication, contact the NAIC Financial Systems and Services Department, Company Demographics Analyst at FDRCCREQ@NAIC.ORG for numbers assigned since the last publication or for information on having a number assigned.

Newly assigned numbers are incorporated in revised editions of the NAIC Listing of Companies wh th are available semi-annually. The NAIC also provides this information to annual statement software vendors. or incoreration into the software.

Alien pools and associations should be reported on Schedule F under the category "Oth Non- .S. Insurers" rather than under "Pools, Associations and Similar Facilities." Pools and associations coirs tiins affiliated companies should be listed by individual company names rather than by pool or association ntific ion.

## Certified Reinsurer Identification Number (CRIN)

In order to report transactions involving certified reinsurers, corr appropriate Certified Reinsurer Identification Number (CRIN) must be included on Schedule F ins d of th FEIN or Alien Insurer Identification Number (AIIN). The CRIN is assigned by the NAIC and is listed, in a NA C Listing of Companies. If a certified reinsurer does not appear in that publication, contact the $\mathrm{N}^{\prime} \mathrm{IO}$ Fina sial Systems and Services Department, Company Demographics Analyst at FDRCCREQ@NAICORC or num. .rs assigned since the last publication or for information on having a number assigned.

Newly assigned numbers are incorporated in revised er arns.of tive NAIC Listing of Companies, which are available semi-annually. The NAIC also provides this infomati an statement software vendors for incorporation into the software.

## NAIC Company Code

Company codes are assigned by the NAIC a d listed in the NAIC Listing of Companies. The NAIC does not assign a company code to insurers demiciled oc.side of the U.S. or to non-risk bearing pools or associations. The "NAIC Company Code" field shoul be zero filled for those organizations. Non-risk bearing pools or associations are assigned a Pool/Association Ident, "cation Number. See the "Pool and Association Numbers" section above for details on assignment of Pool/ ssou tion-Identification Numbers. Risk-bearing pools or associations are assigned a company code. If a rein arer -reinst ed has merged with another entity, report the company code of the surviving entity.

If a risk-bearing ettity (e.g., risk-bearing pools or associations) does not appear in the NAIC Listing of Companies, contact the NAI. Financial Systems and Services Department, Company Demographics Analyst at FDRCCREQ@NAIC.O Cor numbers assigned since the last publication or for information on having a number assigned. Nev y assi, ned company codes are incorporated in revised editions of the NAIC Listing of Companies, which a ava able s mi-annually. The NAIC provides this information to annual statement software vendors for incorporatio into software.

## Domiciliary risdiction

In those parts of Schedule F requiring disclosure of the "Domiciliary Jurisdiction" for each domestic reinsurer or U.S. branch listed, the column should be completed with the state where the reinsurer maintains its statutory home office. For pools and associations enter the state where the administrative office of such pool or association is located. For alien reinsurers, this column should be completed with the country where the alien is domiciled. Enter the two-character U.S. postal code abbreviation for the domiciliary jurisdiction for U.S. states, territories and possessions. A comprehensive listing of three-character (ISO Alpha 3) abbreviations for foreign countries is available in the appendix of these instructions.

## Lloyd's of London

The following procedure will apply as respects annual statement filings for 1995 and subsequent years:
Cessions to Lloyd's under reinsurance agreements having an inception date on or before July 31, 1995, and which are not amended or renewed thereafter should continue to be reported using the collective Lloyd's number, AA-1122000, on an aggregated basis, under "Authorized - Other Non-U.S. Insurers." As respects continuous reinsurance agreements, the anniversary date shall be deemed to be the renewal date of the agreement. Any revision of terms and conditions shall be deemed to be an amendment of the reinsurance agreement.

Cessions to Lloyd's under reinsurance agreements having an inception, amendment or $r$ wal da on or after August 1, 1995, must be reported using the specific number of each subscribing sumdica as listed in the alien section of the NAIC Listing of Companies. Such syndicates should be listea indrvidually, under "Authorized - Other Non-U.S. Insurers."

Syndicates for which an identification number does not appear in the NA List of Companies must be treated as unauthorized as respects cessions under reinsurance agreeme ${ }^{*} \mathrm{~s}$ hat $n \mathrm{n}$ an inception, amendment or renewal date on or after August 1, 1995, and should be reported, on an aggregated basis, under "Unauthorized - Other Non-U.S. Insurers," using a new collective numb r, AA M23000.

Reinsurance assumed from syndicates at Lloyd's should contiln o be I orted on Schedule F, Part 1 using the original collective Lloyd's number, AA-1122000.

## Dates

All dates reported in Schedule F must be in the format MiMA D/Y YYY. For example, December 31, 2011, should be reported as 12/31/2011.

## Determination of Authorized Status

The determination of the authorized, un athorized certified status of an insurer or reinsurer listed in any part of Schedule F shall be based on the status oi at insure or reinsurer in the reporting company's state of domicile.

## U.S. Intercompany Pooling Arrangements.

Participation in intercompany poon $r$ arrangements, whereby assumed business written by any company participating in the pool is ce a m to the lead company and then redistributed among pool members, shall be reflected under the apI opria e cate $\xi_{\xi}$ ries in Schedule F (e.g. cessions from participating affiliates to the lead company for that compa anc in e ceded schedule for the affiliates). Subsequent redistribution of the pooled business from the lead comp $7 y$ to participating affiliates shall be reported in similar fashion (e.g. cessions to the affiliates in the ceder schedule ror the lead company, and as an assumption from the lead company for each of the affiliates participat in the pool).

Cessions to raffilic ed reinsurers, whether prior to cession of the pooled business to the lead company or subsequ th theto, sl all be reported in the usual manner in the ceded schedules for the company or companies effecting su h ceuns, or identified as parties to the reinsurance agreement under which such cessions are effected, as g., both the initial cessions to the lead company and the subsequent cessions of pooled business from 'he lead company to the participating affiliates shall reflect any applicable cessions to unaffiliated reinsurers).

## Alien Reinsurers Maintaining Beneficiary U.S. Trust Accounts

Certain alien reinsurers have established multiple beneficiary trust accounts for the purpose of collateralizing obligations arising in connection with reinsurance assumed from U.S. ceding entities, and have been granted authorized reinsurer status in a number of states. Ceding entities domiciled in a state that has granted such status to an alien reinsurer should report cessions to such reinsurer, using the appropriate Alien Insurer Identification Number under "Authorized - Non-U.S. Insurers" to the extent that obligations attributable to such cessions have been collateralized via the alien reinsurer's multiple beneficiary U.S. trust account.

Amounts recoverable from such alien reinsurers that have not been collateralized via a multiple beneficiary U.S. trust account should continue to be reported under "Unauthorized - Other Non-U.S. Insurers."

## Captive Affiliate Line Category

For the purpose of reporting a reinsurer as captive affiliate on Schedule F, the cartive a filiate ne categories shall include affiliated non-traditional insurers/reinsurers.

## Definition of Affiliated Non-Traditional Insurer/Reinsurer

This disclosure is intended to capture cessions to affiliated ins arance entities that are subject to a financial solvency regulatory system separate from that r erally oplicable to traditional insurers and/or reinsurers in the ceding entity's domestic jurisdiction. The finiti $n$ of "Affiliate" is established in the NAIC Model Holding Company Act. An affiliated $r$ ndit nal insurer/reinsurer is an insurance or reinsurance company that reinsures risks only from s pare or affiliates, and is subject to a financial solvency regulatory system separate from that ge, cally oplicable to traditional insurers and/or reinsurers in the ceding entity's domestic jurisdiction. For the urpose of annual statement reporting, this definition shall be presumed to include the following, su' ject to thecedant's rebuttal to its domicile:

1. An affiliated insurance or reinsurance mpar licensed, authorized or otherwise granted the authority to operate in a single United , tates, risan ion under any captive insurer law, special purpose insurer law, or other similar law se grate from hose applicable to traditional insurers and/or reinsurers.
2. An affiliated insurance or reinsurame company licensed, authorized or otherwise granted the authority to operate in any juris ction outside the United States under any captive insurer law, special purpose insurer law, or other simu ar law separate from those applicable to traditional insurers and/or reinsurers in that non-Unite stat juns.siction.
3. Any other ateurance or reinsurance company that by law, regulation, or order contract is authorized to ins or reinsure only risks from its parent or affiliate.

## SCHEDULE F - PART 1

## ASSUMED REINSURANCE

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, categories, or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number.

## Group or Category

Total Affiliates
U.S. Intercompany Pooling

U.S. Non-Pool
$\qquad$
Other .
0399999
Total.
.......
0499999
Other (Non-U.S.)
Captive
0599999
Other ...................................................................................... ................................................ 0699999
Total ................................................................................... .......................................................... 0799999
Total Affiliates
0899999
Total Other U.S. Unaffiliated Insurers \#.
0999999
Pools and Associations
Mandatory Pools, Associations or Other Similar racilit......
1099999
Voluntary Pools, Associations or Other Simi rcilı s.................................................................................. 1199999
Total Pools and Associations................................. ..........
1299999
Total Other Non-U.S. Insurers............................................. ....................................................................................... 1399999
Totals
9999999
\# Unaffiliated U.S. branches o alien nsurer, should be included with "Total Other U.S. Unaffiliated Insurers."
Reinsurance assumed from pools $r$ associations may be reported in the name of the pool or association instead of in the names of the insurers that ceded the rinsurance to the pool or association.

Column 1
Numb er
Ser one of the following as appropriate for the entity bein
Scnedule F General Instructions for more information on these id
Federal Employer Identification Number
Alien Insurer Identification Number
(FEIN)
(AIIN)
Pool/Association Identification Number
(CRIN)

Column 6 - Reinsurance on Paid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses
Report loss adjustment expenses due and payable to the reinsured.

## Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Known Case Losses and LAE

Known case reserves, obtained from Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Part 4, Column 1, must be combined with assumed LAE. There is no direct tie-in to Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Part 4 or Schedule P.

Column $8 \quad-\quad$ Totals of Columns $6+7$ for each category.
Column $9 \quad-\quad$ Contingent Commissions Payable
Profit commissions generated from assumed reinsurance contracts due th to sured. Report commissions net of return profit commissions. Negative commissions are $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{F}}$ ssible, e., when a contingent commission is receivable.

Column 10 - Assumed Premiums Receivable
Amounts reported should be net of commissions payable.

## SCHEDULE F - PART 2

## CEDED REINSURANCE

If a reporting entity has amounts reported for any of the following required groups, categories, or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, categories, or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total line and number.

## |

Group or Category
Total Authorized
Affiliates
Affiliates - U.S. Intercompany Pooling ............................................................................. 0199999

## Total Certified

Affiliates


* Pools and Associations consisting of affiliated companies s' ould he lisred by individual company names.
\# Alien Pools and Associations should be reported on Scbodure F ur er the category "Other Non-U.S. Insurers."


## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ ID Number

Enter one of the follo ing as appropriate for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule F Gener trù ons for more information on these identification numbers.


Column $4 \quad-\quad$ O 1 Int ary surisdiction
Re art a two-character U.S. postal code abbreviation for the domiciliary jurisdiction for U.S. states, ritories and possessions. A comprehensive listing of three-character (ISO Alpha 3) abbreviations for rorgn countries is available in the appendix of these instructions.

If a reinsurer has merged with another entity, report the domiciliary jurisdiction of the surviving entity.
For pools and associations, enter the state where the administrative office of such pool or association is located.

Special Code "2" - Reinsurance Contracts Ceding 75\% or More Direct Premiums Written
Each individual contract, except those listed below, that provides for the cession of $75 \%$ or more of direct premiums written under such cession during the year should be identified by inserting a 2 in this column. The reinsurance transactions so identified shall include both treaty and facultative cessions of direct business written by the company.

Exclude: Intercompany reinsurance transactions with affiliates.
Reinsurance transactions involving any group, association bool organization of insurers that engage in joint underwriting activities and 'ich are subject to examinations by any state regulatory authority or wh ch $\mathrm{o}_{\mathrm{A}}$ ratepursuant to any state or federal statutory or administrative autk rizat n.

Any reinsurance transaction in which the at tal g. is premium ceded is less than 5\% of policyholder surplus.


$\begin{aligned} \text { Column } 11- & \text { IBNR Loss Reserves } \\ & \text { Total multiplied by } 100 \text { rhould agree with Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Part 4, Column } 5 .\end{aligned}$
Column $14-$ Contingent Com ission
Include:
Column $17-\quad$ Other Ant ints Due to Reinsurers
should be netted with ceded balances payable i
clude: Funds held by the company under reinsurance treaties, which are included in Column 19.

Items entered in Column 17 may represent miscellaneous balances owed by the reinsured to the reinsurer on ceded transactions.

Column 18

- $\quad$ Net Amount Recoverable from Reinsurers

Offsets should be included to the extent allowable or appropriate.

## SCHEDULE $P$

There are six parts within Schedule P, Part 1 provides detailed information on losses and loss expenses. Part 2 provides a history of incurred losses and defense \& cost containment expenses. Part 3 provides a history of loss and defense \& cost containment payments. Part 4 provides a history of bulk and incurred but not reported (IBNR) reserves. Part 5 provides a history of claims. Part 6 provides a history of premiums earned.

Schedule P is intended to display a summary containing ten years of historical data for all lines of business. The casualty lines of business will display ten years of historical data in their respective sections of Schedule P.

In those instances where a reporting entity files an amended annual statement as a result of a restatemen $\mathrm{or}_{\mathrm{f}}$ ior year earned premium, losses or loss adjustment expenses, Schedule P must be restated and included in the amended nual susement.

Schedule P includes only the data for the reporting entity identified on the Jurat page of the Annu: State ent.
Earned premium is on a calendar-year basis. Losses incurred should be assigned to the year ith thic event occurred that triggered coverage under the contract. This may be a date of accident (occurrence polic , ${ }^{\text {) , a a }}$ 。 of report (claims-made policies), or a policy issue date (tail policies).

Retroactive reinsurance should not be reflected in Schedule P. The transferor in Sh an greement must record, without recognition of the retroactive reinsurance, its loss and loss adjustment expense vross basis on its balance sheet and in all schedules and exhibits. The transferee in such an agreement must r lude e retroactive reinsurance from its loss and loss expense reserves and from its schedules and exhibits.

A discount implicit in tabular reserves may be included in Schedule P art 1. shedule P, Part 2 is to be reported gross of ALL discounts. Otherwise, Schedule P is to be presented on a ir dis unted basis. Information in Schedule P is to be reported on an undiscounted basis in order to make effective use of the riangres in Parts 2, 3 and 4 . The reserves reported are expected to represent the ultimate amounts to be paid, includ ag anticipated inflation. Also, work papers relating to any discount amounts must be available for examination upd req 1 h tabular reserve discount does not need to be shown separately. Discounting (including the discount in tabula eseryoc is allowed only if expressly permitted by the state insurance department to which this Annual Supplem at is ing iled.

The reserves for unpaid losses and loss adjustmen, xpenses hould take into account the explicit or implicit impacts of the various factors affecting claim frequency or ultimate C im m .

For guidelines on completing Schedule P, se xamples immediately following the instructions for Schedule P, Part 6.
NOTE: Report all dollar amounts in che le rin thousands of dollars (\$000 omitted), by either rounding or truncating.

## SCHEDULE P - PART 1

Part 1 is the total of the workers compensation carve-out line.
The columnar headings provide instructions necessary for completion.
"Number of Claims Reported Assumed," Column 12, should include the cumulative number of claims reported through the annual statement. "Number of Claims Outstanding Assumed," Column 25, must be reported.

Cumulative subrogation received and losses and expenses paid should be reported for each specific year. For "prior," report only subrogation received and losses and expenses paid in current year.

In Schedule P, Part 1, subrogation received should be reported net of reinsurance, if any. Loss pavments re to be reported net of subrogation received.

Premiums earned and losses paid, unpaid, and incurred should reconcile with the Undervritiit anu estment Exhibit. The work papers that show a reconciliation explaining reinsurance, discounting and subrogat adju ment should be available for examination upon request.


Report cumulative amounts paid or received for specific years.
The loss adjustment expenses used to be divided in Schedule P in "aln vated" and "unallocated," which were terms that were never clearly defined. Effective January 1, 1998, a detailed defin ion or these expenses was adopted. The distinction is now between "Defense \& Cost Containment" and "Adjusting 8 other" Hee loss adjustment expenses are separated with the intent of identifying the "Defense \& Cost Containment" xpee as tose, which are correlated with the loss amounts, and the "Adjusting \& Other" as those expenses, which are corre ted witt claim, count or are general loss adjusting expenses. In projecting the necessary reserves for these expenses actur ios a different approach for each of the two types of expenses. It is the character of the expenses that is most im ortant, no whether the expenses were internal or external to the reporting entity.
"Defense \& Cost Containment" expenses include deferne, litigation and cost containment expenses, whether internal or external. "Defense" means defense by the orting entity in a contentious situation, whether a first party claim. The fees charged for reporting entity employees shou ' include overhead, just as an outside firm's charges would include. The expenses exclude expenses incurred in $\dagger^{\prime}$ cat. rmn.ation of coverage. These expenses include the following items:

1. Surveillance expenses;
2. Fixed amounts fol cost containnent expenses;
3. Litigation manađoment rnses;
4. Loss adj tme expe ses for participation in voluntary and involuntary market pools if reported by accident year;
5. Fe for appraisers, private investigators, hearing representatives, reinspectors and fraud investigators, if work $\rho$ in defense of a claim, and fees or salaries for rehabilitation nurses, if such cost is not included in losses;
6. Attorney fees incurred owing to a duty to defend, even when other coverage does not exist; and
7. The cost of engaging experts.
"Adjusting \& Other" Expenses are those expenses other than those above and which have been assigned to the "Loss Adjustment Expense" group in the Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Part 4, Expenses. These expenses include the following items:
8. Fees of adjusters and settling agents (but not if engaged in a contentious defense);
9. Loss adjustment expenses for participation in voluntary and involuntary market pools if reported by calendar year;
10. Attorney fees incurred in the determination of coverage, including litigation between the reporting entity and the policyholder; and
11. Fees and salaries for appraisers, private investigators, hearing representatives, reinspectors and aud in astigators, if working in the capacity of an adjuster.

The foregoing list is not intended to be all-inclusive. We are relying on the reporting entiles to se rea pnable judgment in particular situations.

The "Defense \& Cost Containment" expenses should be assigned to the accident year in wh the associated losses were assigned. The "Adjusting \& Other" expenses can be assigned in any justifiable way amon ${ }_{8}$ the accident years. The preferred way is to apportion these expenses in proportion to the number of claims reported, clo ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{d}$, or y ytstanding each year.

Please Note: This instruction is intended solely to give guidance on rep hg los adjustment expenses in Schedule P in the annual supplement. It is not intended to provide gaidanc on th types of expenses to include in loss adjustment expenses. These definitions of Defense \& Pos, ont. nment expense and Adjusting and Other expense are not intended to affect insurance or reinsu ce agi ments or other contractual agreements.

Column 24 is equal to Column 13 - Column $14+$ Column 15 - Co mn ró + Column 17 - Column $18+$ Column 19 Column 20 + Column 21 - Column 22.

Column 28, "Net," equals Column 26 - Column 27, which E. 'als Col mn $11+$ Column 24.

Column 32 and 33 require reporting of the disco it, if any, included on any line in Page 3 on liabilities for unpaid losses and expenses, in regard to non-tabular losses at expense. Columns 35 and 36 are the Column 24 unpaid losses and expenses net of the discount in Columns 32 and 33 . Co.mr 35 and 36 must be completed and should agree with net balance sheet reserves after discount. If the reporting entity reportson a pooling basis, then the percentage of that pool reported herein should be entered in Column 34. If some of th business is pooled and some is not, leave Column 34 blank.

Report in Column 23 the estimated amg att 0 . ntrupated subrogation that has been taken as credit (netted) in the reserves for unpaid losses and loss adjustmen expe ses rep rted in Column 24. (Note: Column 23 is a memo column only as the amounts contained therein have already bet ake into consideration in Columns 13 through 20).


## SCHEDULE P - PARTS 2, 3 AND 4

All amounts in Schedule P, Parts 2, 3 and 4 are reported net of reinsurance.
Schedule P, Part 2 provides a loss and expense development overview to test the adequacy of the reporting entity's reserves. Schedule P, Part 3 shows the payment patterns for cash flow projections, discounting calculations, and actuarial projections. Schedule P, Part 4 is an exhibit showing the historical bulk and IBNR reserves as reported. Part 4 does not show a development of these reserves, and it will not, by itself, provide a test of the adequacy of these reserves.

Schedule P, Parts 2, 3 and 4 have parallel formats and are the basic exhibits for actuarial and financial analyses. The same Line Titles that applied to Schedule P, Part 1 also apply to Parts 2,3 and 4.

All amounts are to be reported net of subrogation paid and anticipated.
All amounts in Parts 2 and 4 must be reported gross of both tabular and non-tabular discourting.
In Part 2, the "Development" in Column 11 and 12 should be the current year less the firs secor prior year, showing the (redundant) or adverse development.

Report all amounts in thousands of dollars (\$000 omitted), by either rounding or trunt ting.

## Loss Adjustment Expenses:

The triangles include only the "Defense \& Cost Containmen" s aus, rstment expenses. The old Schedule P, Parts 2, 3 and 4 contained only the previously termed " $a$ " cated loss adjustment expenses. Now the term "Defense \& Cost Containment" is used. As before, the asor for this is that "Defense \& Cost Containment" adjustment expenses correlate with loss amounts, but the "Aa, ting \& Other" adjusting expenses do not.

## Bulk and IBNR Reserves:

The Bulk and IBNR reserves for losses an exp ses intended to include reserves for incurred but not reported claims, for reopened claims, for develo nent on c se reserves of reported claims, and for aggregate reserves on newly reported claims without specific $c^{\circ}$ - reserve . The Bulk and IBNR reserves are the actuarially determined reserves and are included in the losses unpaiu nd is expenses unpaid reported in Schedule P, Parts 1 and 2.

These reserves include provision fer "defense and cost containment" expenses, unlike the reserves reported in the Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Эrrt 3.

## The Prior Line:

In Part 2, Line 1, Column 1 , include the loss and expense reserves (case + bulk + IBNR) previously reported at year-end of the lat year for all accident years prior to the last year. The subsequent development each year across Line 1 will relate tese reserves and will show the subsequent payments and outstanding reserves.
In Part 3, Lins 1, Co mn 1, the amount entered should always be "zero." In Line 1, Column 2, the amount should be the $1 \sim$ an expen e payments made in that year on the reserves reported in Part 2, Line 1, Column 1. (These payments 5 . rula have been included in Part 2, Line 1, Column 2.) In Line 1, Column 3, the amount should be th and anse payments made in that year and the preceding year on the reserves reported in Part 2, Line 1 , Colu. 7 2. (These payments should also have been included in Part 2, Line 1, Column 3.) Columns 4 through 10 should © tinue to cumulate the payments in the same way and tie into the Part 2 "prior" line.

In Part 4, Line 1, Column 1, the amount entered should be the bulk and IBNR that was included in Part 2, Line 1, Column 1, (which should equal the case reserves plus the bulk and IBNR). In fact, the entire Line 1 should be the bulk and IBNR included in Part 2, Line 1.

The "prior" line can be reconciled with the immediately preceding year's annual statement by breaking down the accident years in the preceding annual statement and properly summing the parts.

## SCHEDULE P - PART 5

Part 5 is a reporting of claim count information in one location, all of which should have been reported in the current or prior Annual Statements. Section 1 shows the number of claims closed with loss payment, as previously reported in Part 3, Column 12,. Section 2 shows the number of claims outstanding, as previously reported in Part 1, Column 26, for all years, since this information has always been required in Schedule P. Section 3 shows the number of claims reported, as previously reported in Part 1, Column 13.

All claim count information reported in Schedule P should be on a "direct and assumed" basis, and should reconcile. "Direct and assumed" means direct plus the proportion of a pool plus proportional reinsurance assumed. The same percentage used for dollar amounts should also be used for the claim counts.

## SCHEDULE P - PART 6

For Schedule P, Part 6, the premiums to be reported are exposure or coverage year eaßed p mium , recalculated each subsequent year to reflect audits retrospective adjustments based on loss experience, aceounth lab_c. Mechanically, the written premium file would be restated and the earned premium calculation repeated $\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{c}}$ year Dremium adjustments for policy periods that cover more than one calendar year should be proportionately disibut botween the calendar years covered by the policy period. The objective is to develop earned premiums by calendar yo of coverage consistent with the loss and Defense \& Cost Containment expense by accident year.

A further objective is to determine a more accurate loss and Defense \& Conta ment expense ratio and to be able to project the earned but unbilled premiums, which may be an asset or liâility. The re orting entity may use any method to recalculate the premiums, which will achieve this objective.

Example 1 in Exhibit B demonstrates how the sections would loo if all ears were retroactively determines and reported. Column 11 is for informational purposes and shows the distribution on remiums earned during the current year for the prior years. Premiums as reported in Schedule P, Part 1, Columns 1 c L, are alsushown at the bottom of the exhibit to demonstrate the relationship and to show how Part 6 reconciles with $P^{1} 1$.

The Prior Line should show the earned premium gusu nt a each respective year for prior years. For prior experience years (columns), Line 1 for a particular year of e erience ( can be determined from the prior year’s Schedule P, Part 6, as the sum of Lines 1 plus 2 for experience year ( x ( ( $\quad$ umn) mi us Line 2 for the preceding year $(\mathrm{x}-1)$.

Example 2 in Exhibit b shows the minimum reporting reydirement, which are accident years 1997 and subsequent plus total current year earned premiums by accident yea

The same features are applicable for Se aOn. on aded business.

Schedule P - Part 2 - Incurred Net Losses and Defense and Cost Containment Report at Year-End

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prior | Case+ Bulk <br> + IBNR rsvs <br> on <2009 @ <br> Ye 2009 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { paid in } 2010 \\ & + \text { rsvs on < } \\ & 2009 @ y e \\ & 2010 \end{aligned}$ | paid 2010 <br> thru 2011 + <br> rsvs on < <br> 2009 @ ye <br> 2011 | paid 2010 <br> thru 2012 + <br> rsvs on <br> < 2009 @ ye <br> 2012 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { paid } 2010 \\ & \text { thru } 2013+ \\ & \text { rsvs on } \\ & <2009 \text { @ ye } \\ & 2013 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | paid 2010 <br> thru 2014 + <br> rsvs on <br> < 2009 @ ye <br> 2014 | paid 2010 <br> thru 2015 + <br> rsvs on <br> < 2009 @ ye <br> 2015 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { paid } 2010 \\ & \text { thru } 2016+ \\ & \text { rsvs on } \\ & <2009 \text { @ ye } \\ & 2016 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | paid 2010 <br> thru 2017 + <br> rsvs on <br> < 2009 @ ye 2017 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { paid } 2010 \\ & \text { thru } 2018+ \\ & \text { rsvs on } \\ & <2009 \text { @ ye } \\ & 2018 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 2009 | paid in 2009 <br> rsvs on <br> 2009@ye <br> 2009 | paid thru <br> 2010+rsvs on 2009@ye 2010 | paid thru <br> 2011+rsvs on 2009@ye 2011 | paid thru <br> 2012+rsvs on 2009@ye 2012 | paid thru <br> 2013+rsvs on 2009@ye 2013 | paid thru <br> 2014+rsvs on <br> 2009@ye <br> 2014 | paid thru 2015+rsvs on 2009@ye 2015 | paid thru 2016+rsvs on 2009@ye 2016 | paid thru <br> 2017+rsvs on <br> 2 9@ <br> , <br> 17 | paid thru <br> 2018+rsvs on 2009@ye 2018 |
| 2010 |  | paid in 2010+rsvs on 2010@ye 2010 | paid thru <br> 2011+rsvs on <br> 2010@ye <br> 2011 | paid thru <br> $2012+$ rsvs on <br> $2010 @ y e$ <br> 2012 | paid thru 2013+rsvs on 2010@ye 2013 | paid thru 2014+rsvs on 2010@ye 2014 | paid thru $2015+$ rsvs on $2010 @$ ye 2015 | paid thru 2016+rs 2010@ ye 016 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { pas thru } \\ & 20 \\ & 20 \text { y ye on } \\ & 20 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | paid thru 2018+rsvs on 2010@ye 2018 |
| 2011 |  |  | paid in 2011+rsvs on 2011@ye 2011 | paid thru <br> $2012+$ rsvs on <br> $2011 @$ ye <br> 2012 | paid thru <br> $2013+$ rsvs on <br> $2011 @$ ye <br> 2013 | paid thru <br> $2014+$ rsvs on <br> $2011 @$ ye <br> 2014 | paid thru <br> $2015+$ rsvs <br> $2011 @ y$ <br> 2015 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { par hru } \\ & 016+\mathrm{s} \text { on } \\ & 2010 \end{aligned}$ | ald thru <br> $2017+$ rsvs on <br> $2011 @$ ye <br> 2017 | paid thru <br> $2018+$ rsvs on <br> $2011 @$ ye <br> 2018 |
| 2012 |  |  |  | paid in <br> $2012+$ rsvs on <br> $2012 @ y e$ <br> 2012 | paid thru 2013+rsvs on 2012@ye 2013 | paid thru 2014+rsvs on 2012@ye 2014 | paid thru 2015 vs on 2017 ye 15 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { id thru } \\ & 2 \text { ro rsvs on } \\ & 212 @ \text { ye } \\ & 2016 \end{aligned}$ | paid thru <br> $2017+$ rsvs on <br> $2012 @ y e$ <br> 2017 | paid thru <br> $2018+$ rsvs on <br> $2012 @ y e$ <br> 2018 |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  | paid in $2013+$ rsvs on $2013 @$ ye 2013 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Paie hru } \\ & 2014+\mathrm{r} \text { s on } \\ & 201 \mathrm{l}^{2} \mathrm{yt} \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | paid thi -15+ vs on 20.@ ye $\stackrel{15}{ }$ | paid thru <br> $2016+$ rsvs on <br> $2013 @$ ye <br> 2016 | paid thru <br> $2017+$ rsvs on <br> $2013 @$ ye <br> 2017 | paid thru <br> $2018+$ rsvs on <br> $2013 @ y e$ <br> 2018 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { aid } & \\ 14+\text { rsh } & \\ 20 \text { an } \\ 2014 \end{array}$ | paid thru $2015+$ rsvs on $2014 @$ ye 2015 | paid thru $2016+$ rsvs on $2014 @$ ye 2016 | paid thru $2017+$ rsvs on $2014 @$ ye 2017 | paid thru <br> $2018+$ rsvs on <br> $2014 @ y e$ <br> 2018 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  | paid in $2015+$ rsvs on $2015 @$ ye 2015 | paid thru <br> $2016+$ rsvs on <br> $2015 @$ ye <br> 2016 | paid thru <br> $2017+$ rsvs on <br> $2015 @ y e$ <br> 2017 | paid thru $2018+$ rsvs on $2015 @$ ye 2018 |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | paid in <br> 2016+rsvs on 2016@ye 2016 | paid thru 2017+rsv on 2016@ye 2017 | paid thru 2018+rsvs on 2016@ye 2018 |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | paid in <br> $2017+$ rsvs on <br> $2017 @$ ye <br> 2017 | paid thru <br> $2018+$ rsvs <br> on 2017@ ye <br> 2018 |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | paid in 2018+rsvs on 2018@ye 2018 |

NOTE: Figures are net of reis, ance, subrogation.
eserv Only. Subsequent development relates only to subsequent payments and reserves. From Pai 1: Column 11 - (Column 8 - Column 9) + Column 24 - (Column 21 - Column 22)

Schedule P - Part 3 - Cumulative Paid Net Losses and Defense and Cost Containment Expenses Reported at Year-End

| Prior | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Number of } \\ & \text { Claims } \\ & \text { Closed } \\ & \text { With } \\ & \text { Loss } \\ & \text { Payment } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Number of Claims Closed Without Loss Payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid |  |  |
|  |  | paid | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 |  |  |
|  |  | in | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru |  |  |
|  |  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |  |  |
|  |  | on < | on < | on < | on < | on < | on < | on < | on < | on < |  |  |
|  | 000 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 |  |  |
| 2009 | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid |  |  |
|  | in | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru |  |  |  |
|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 8 |  |  |
|  | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | Oir |  |  |  |
|  | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 | 2009 |  |  |  |
| 2010 |  | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | paid | Paid |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | in | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru | thru | hru | , |  |  |
|  |  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 7 | 018 |  |  |
|  |  | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | Oh | on |  |  |
|  |  | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 | 2010 |  |  |
| 2011 |  |  | paid |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | in | thru | thru | thru | thru | Iru |  | thru |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 016 | 2017 | 2018 |  |  |
|  |  |  | on | on | on | on | on |  | on | on |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 201 | 01 | 2011 | 2011 |  |  |
| 2012 |  |  |  | paid | paid | paid |  |  | paid | Paid |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | in | thru | thru |  | thru | thru | thru |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | $\bigcirc 15$ | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | on | on | on |  | on | on | on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 2012 | 2012 | 2017 | 01 | 2012 | 2012 | 2012 |  |  |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  | paid | p |  | paid | paid | paid |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | in |  |  | thru | thru | thru |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2012 |  | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | on | on | on | on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | -013 |  | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 |  |  |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  | p d | paid | paid | paid | paid |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | thru | thru | thru | thru |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | on | on | on | on | on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2014 | 2014 | 2014 | 2014 | 2014 |  |  |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  | paid | paid | paid | paid |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | in | thru | thru | thru |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | on | on | on | on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2015 | 2015 | 2015 | 2015 |  |  |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | paid | paid | paid |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | in | thru | thru |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | on | on | on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 |  |  |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | paid | paid |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | in | thru |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2017 | 2018 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | on | on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2017 | 2017 |  |  |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | paid |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | in |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2018 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | on |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2018 |  |  |

Notes: $\quad$ Figures are net of reinsurance.
Figures are net of subrogation received.
$\square$ From Part 1: Column 4 - Column 5 + Column 6 - Column 7
(or Column 11 - (Column 8 - Column 9)

Schedule P - Part 6 - Earned Premium Development
Example 1

|  | CUMULATIVE PREMIUMS EARNED DIRECT AND ASSUMED AT YEAR END (\$000 OMI, ${ }^{\text {FED }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | - | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| Year in Which |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Current |
| Premiums Were |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Year |
| Earned and Losses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Premium |
| Were Incurred | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 15 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | s Earned |
| 1. Prior | 10,000 | 6,000 | 4,000 | 3,000 | 2,200 | 1.500 | 1, | 600 | 300 | 100 | 100 |
| 2. 2009 | 350,000 | 354,000 | 356,000 | 357,000 | 357,800 | 358, ${ }^{7}$ | 35000 | 359,400 | 359,700 | 359,900 | 200 |
| 3. 2010 | XXXX | 355,000 | 359,000 | 361,000 | 362,000 | 362900 | 36,500 | 364,000 | 364,400 | 364,700 | 300 |
| 4. 2011 |  | XXXX | 360,000 | 364,000 | 366,000 | 3 3,00 | -67,800 | 368,500 | 369,000 | 369,400 | 400 |
| 5. 2012 |  |  | XXXX | 365,000 | 369,000 | 51,000 | 372,000 | 372,800 | 373,500 | 374,000 | 500 |
| 6. 2013 |  |  |  | XXXX | 370,000 | 374, ${ }^{\circ} 0$ | 376,000 | 377,000 | 377,800 | 378,500 | 700 |
| 7. 2014 |  |  |  |  | XXX ${ }^{\text {y }}$ | $\mathrm{V}^{5} 000$ | 379,000 | 381,000 | 382,000 | 382,800 | 800 |
| 8. 2015 |  |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 380,000 | 384,000 | 386,000 | 387,000 | 1,000 |
| 9.2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 385,000 | 389,000 | 391,000 | 2,000 |
| 10. 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 390,000 | 394,000 | 4,000 |
| 11. 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 395,000 | 395,000 |
| 12. Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 405,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sch. P - Part 1 EP | 360,000 | 365,000 | 370,000 | 375,000 | 80,000 | 385,000 | 390,000 | 395,000 | 400,000 | 405,000 | XXXX |

Example 2

|  | CUMULATIVE PREMIUMS EARNED DIRECT AND ASSUMED AT YEAR EN ${ }_{\text {L }}$ ( 0000 OMITTED) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |  |  | 10 | 11 |
| Year in Which |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Premiums Were |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Current |
| Earned and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Year |
| Losses Were |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Premium |
| Incurred | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 4 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | s Earned |
| 1. Prior |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |
| 2. 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 200 |
| 3. 2010 | XXXX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 300 |
| 4. 2011 |  | XXXX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 400 |
| 5. 2012 |  |  | XXXX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 500 |
| 6.2013 |  |  |  | XXXX | 370,000 | 74,69 | 376,000 | 377,000 | 377,800 | 378,500 | 700 |
| 7. 2014 |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 3, ${ }^{\circ} 00$ | 379,000 | 381,000 | 382,000 | 382,800 | 800 |
| 8. 2015 |  |  |  |  |  | YXXX | 380,000 | 384,000 | 386,000 | 387,000 | 1,000 |
| 9. 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 385,000 | 389,000 | 391,000 | 2,000 |
| 10. 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 390,000 | 394,000 | 4,000 |
| 11. 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 395,000 | 395,000 |
| 12. Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | XXXX | 405,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sch. P - Part 1 EP | 360,000 | 365,000 | 370,000 | 375,000 | 30,000 | 385,000 | 390,000 | 395,000 | 400,000 | 405,000 | XXXX |

## SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE O - PARTS 1 THROUGH 4

## DEVELOPMENT OF INCURRED LOSSES

The purpose of this schedule is to test the adequacy of reserves held on various types of accident and health insurance. The schedule allows for the development of a five-year trend of losses incurred by a specific year group of claimants.

Schedule O, each part must be filled out for the Group Accident and Health, Credit Accident and Health, and Other Accident and Health lines for all companies which have those businesses. All accident and health business other than group and credit are meant to be included in "Other Accident and Health" lines. Examples of this type of business could include, among others, the waiver of premium benefit for life insurance or credit involuntary unemployment insurance. T ios companies that use similar data to calculate claim reserves and liabilities for lines of business other than accident and ealth in st include a similar exhibit for those lines. Report all dollar amounts in thousands (\$000 omitted).

## SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE O - PART 1

## CUMULATIVE NET AMOUNTS PAID POLICYHOLD. QS

Show cumulative paid claims by year paid and year incurred. Claims incurred to year shown on Line 2 should be included in the appropriate column on Line 1.

|  | 20142015 |  | 201 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prior | paid in 2014 <br> on <2014 | paid 2014 thru 2015 on <2014 | paia 14 ti <br> 2016 oII 2014 | paid 2014 thru <br> 2017 on <2014 | paid 2014 thru <br> 2018 on <2014 |
| Prior |  |  | 2016 Oil 2014 | 2017 on <2014 | 2018 on <2014 |
| 2014 | paid in 2014 <br> on 2014 | paid thru 2015 <br> on 2014 | $\text { (add tom } 142^{2016}$ | paid thru 2017 on 2014 | paid thru 2018 <br> on 2014 |
| 2015 |  | paid in 2015 $\text { on } 201$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { raid }^{\mu 1} \\ & \text { OL } 015 \end{aligned}$ | paid thru 2017 on 2015 | paid thru 2018 on 2015 |
| 2016 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { paid in } 2016 \\ & \text { on } 2016 \end{aligned}$ | paid thru 2017 on 2016 | paid thru 2018 <br> on 2016 |
| 2017 |  |  |  | paid in 2017 <br> on 2017 | paid thru 2018 on 2017 |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  | paid in 2018 <br> on 2018 |

2018


## SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE O - PART 3

## SUM OF NET UM , AT NE AMOUNT PAID POLICYHOLDERS AND CLAIM LIABILITY AND RESERVE OUTSTANDING AT END OF YEAR

Schedule O, $\mathrm{Pa}+3$ provides a claim cost development overview to show the adequacy of claim reserves for a particular incurral year at the nd of that year and at the end of subsequent years. The entry in line X and column Y is the cumulative claims incurred during year X and paid through the end of year Y for claims incurred in year X , plus the reserve at the end of year Y for claims incurred in year X .

## SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE O - PART 5

## RESERVE AND LIABILITY METHODOLOGY

Show the claim reserve and liability for each line of business. Indicate the methodology by which those items are calculated. For this purpose, the methodology can be either "Development," "Standard Factor," or "Other." All coverages using the Development Method must be shown in a separate table in Schedule O - Parts 1 through 4. Report all dollar amounts in thousands (\$000 omitted).

Column 1 - Methodology
Indicate for which lines of business actual claim run-out date is used in setting res. rves. r those lines of business, Parts 1 through 4 of Schedule O must be completed. For other lines business, Parts 1 through 4 are not needed.

Column 2 - Amount

Should equal the sum of Exhibit 6 (Claim Reserve), Line 16, Colv $\mathfrak{}$ n 1, nd Exhibit 8, Part 1, Total net of reinsurance, Line 4.4.

## MEDICARE PART D COVERAGE SUPPLEMENT

## NET OF REINSURANCE

The federal Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) created a prescription drug coverage, referred to as "Part D" coverage. This form is intended to capture information about the coverage net of reinsurance.

The form applies to the following stand-alone Medicare Part D coverage:
Stand-alone Part D coverage written through individual contracts;
Stand-alone Part D coverage written through group contracts and certificates; and
Part D coverage written on employer groups where the reporting entity is respo. sible or rep rting claims to the Centers for Medicare \& Medicaid Services (CMS).

The form does not apply to:
Part D coverage that is provided through a Medicare Advantage plan (referro to as rA-PD); and Employer coverage that is part of the employer's comprehensive ${ }^{\circ}$ ical corage and where the reporting entity does not provide claim data directly to CMS including instances whe the mployer and the medical provider are one and the same but the administration and reporting to CMS is ran ${ }^{l}$ ed $b$, a third party vendor.

The statutory accounting treatment of Medicare Part D coverage adu ssed by Interpretation 05-05 in the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual (INT 05-05). Although most of th coyerage is treated as an insured plan, a portion is treated as uninsured. Refer to INT 05-05 for specifics of the ar counting weatment, as well as for definitions of many of the capitalized terms used below.

Group "Uninsured" would be only the aspects of an co rage for which the entity has federal payments that are to be considered "Uninsured" per INT 05-05, e.g., payp ants for lo income subsidy (cost-sharing portion) and the group plan is an insured plan. Group coverage where the basic cove re is uni sured is not reported in this supplement.

Since a reporting entity may offer multiple preccription ding plans (PDPs) with varying benefits, it is possible for a portion of the entity's coverage to be subject to re "urance coverage and another portion to be part of the Part D Payment Demonstration, where no reinsurance coverag is provided. Where there is reinsurance coverage, the corresponding funds received or receivable are reported in L . es A . 1 though 12.3.

Repo are the amounts for coverage written through individual contracts. Amounts treated as insured bucinoss p ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ t ant to INT 05-05 should be reported in column 1. Amounts treated as uninsured business $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Grour overage Insured and to INT 05-05 should be re } \\ \text { Columns } 3 \\ \text { Columns } 4\end{array}\right\}$

Report here the amounts for coverage written through group contracts and certificates, including coverage of employer groups as described above. Amounts treated as insured business pursuant to INT 05-05 should be reported in column 3. Amounts treated as uninsured business pursuant to INT 05-05 should be reported in column 4.

## Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Total Cash

Report here the totals of Columns 1 through 4 for the indicated lines. This column is intended to measure the cash flow impact of the Part D coverage on the reporting entity (i.e., including both insured and uninsured business).
Line 1 - Premiums Collected

Line 1.11 - Standard Coverage with Reinsurance Coverage
Report the Beneficiary Premium (Standard Coverage Portion), Low-Income Subsidy (Premium Portion) and Direct Subsidy amounts received for PDPs that are subject to Reinsurance Coverage. These amounts represent the premium as approved by CMS (including the effect of the "health status risk adjustments") for the Part D coverages that qualify as Standard Coverage. Note that the actual coverage does not have to be identical to the "standard coverage" as defined by the MMA, but may instead be coverage approved as actuarially equivalent by CMS .

Line 1.12 - Standard Coverage without Reinsurance Coverage
Report the Beneficiary Premium (Standard Coverage Portion), Low- comt Suvsidy (Premium Portion), Direct Subsidy and Part D Payment Demonstration amouns rec ved fs PDPs that are not subject to Reinsurance Coverage. These amounts represent the pre iut approved by CMS (including the effect of the "health status risk adjustments") for tb Part $\quad$ coverages that qualify as Standard Coverage. Note that the actual coverage does not here to e identical to the "standard coverage" as defined by the MMA, but may instead be coverage app oved as actuarially equivalent by CMS.
 where actual loss experience falls within the va us Min 1-defined risk corridors). Amounts paid to
CMS should be reported as negative amour an wnts received from CMS should be reported as positive amounts.


Line $2-\quad$ Premiums Due and Uncollectea Ch age
$\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Exclude any receivab or payable for Risk Corridor Payment Adjustments, which should be reported } \\ & \text { on Lines } 4.1 \text { and 4.2. No that, per the reference in INT 05-05 to SSAP No. 84, receivables from CMS }\end{aligned}$ are not subject to ne $y$ dayrule for non-admission.
Line 4 - Risk Corrid Pay ant djustments - Change
The veporting entry will need to estimate the Risk Corridor Payment Adjustment that is receivable (Line 1) or payable (Line 4.2) at year-end for each PDP, consistent with the reported experience throunh yo nd. The receivable or payable should exclude any amounts already settled in cash, which $s$ ould reported in Line 1.13. An increase in a receivable or a decrease in a payable should be orted is a positive amount; a decrease in a receivable or an increase in a payable should be reported רs a a suative amount.

Line 5
Earned Premiums
Earned premium $=$ Premiums Collected + Change in Due and Uncollected Change in Unearned and Advance Premium + Change in Risk Corridor Payment Adjustments Payable/Receivable.

Note that Lines 5.11, 5.12, and 5.2 will exclude any amounts associated with the Risk Corridor Payment Adjustments, whereas Line 5.13 relates solely to the Risk Corridor Payment Adjustments.
Line 6 - Total Premiums

Sum of Lines 5.11 through 5.2 (Columns 1 and 3) and Sum of Lines 1.11 through 1.2 (Column 5).

| Line $7 \quad$ | Claims Paid |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Follow similar rules as for premiums above. |

Line 8 - Claims Reserves and Liabilities - Change
Follow similar rules as for premiums above.
Line 9 - Health Care Receivables - Change
For Lines 9.1 and 9.2, report the portion of Health Care Receivalles (harmay rebates, loans to providers, etc.) that relate to the Part D coverage that is included in i . $\mathrm{Su}_{r}$ cment. This does not include any amounts receivable for the Risk Corridor Payment A stme ${ }^{\circ}$ \&, which are reported on Line 4.1.

Line 10 - Claims Incurred
Claims Incurred $=$ Claims Paid + Change in Claim Reserves and Jiab ties Change in Health Care Recei

Line 11 - Total Claims
Sum of Lines 10.11 through 10.2 (Colum 51 and 3), and Sum of Lines 7.11 through 7.2 (Column 5).
Line 12 - Reinsurance Coverage and Low-Incon Costc aring
Line $12.1 \quad-\quad$ Claims Paid Net of Reimby sements $A$ plied
Report claims paid less amoun res ived for the following portions of any Part D coverage that is included in the supplement. These c.nounts are considered payments under an uninsured plan.

Low-Income Subsidv (C.t-Sharing Portion).

Line 12.2 - Reimburserive Rectved but Not Applied - Change
Repo the change during the year in the liability for amounts received from CMS that are in anticipas $\eta$ of future uninsured claim payments by the PDP sponsor.

Line 12.3
eimbui ements Receivable - Change
eport the change during the year for amounts due from CMS for uninsured claim payments already e by the PDP Sponsor. This will exclude amounts that are already reported on Line 12.2.

Line 12.4
Health Care Receivables - Change
Report any portion of Health Care Receivables (pharmacy rebates, loans to providers, etc.) that relate to uninsured Part D coverage that is included in this supplement.

Line 13
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Line } 14 & - & \text { Expenses Paid and } \\ \text { Line } 15 & - & \text { Expenses Incurred }\end{array}\right\}$
Report the allocated expenses relating to Part D coverage included in this supplement. The allocated expenses will be treated as relating entirely to the insured portion, to avoid the necessity of a separate allocation to the uninsured portion.

Line 16 - Underwriting Gain or Loss
Line 6 - Line 11 - Line 13 - Line 15.
Line 17 - Cash Flow Result (Column 5 only)


## VM-20 RESERVES SUPPLEMENT - PART 1

## Life Insurance Reserves by Product Type

(\$000 Omitted Except for Number of Policies)
This Supplement provides information on the reserves required to be calculated by Section VM-20 of the Valuation Manual. This includes the Net Premium Reserve and, as applicable, the Deterministic Reserve and the Stochastic Reserve. This Supplement also provides information regarding business where VM-20 of the Valuation Manual is not required to be applied. Only business issued on or after Jan. 1, 2017, valued by the requirements of VM-20 should be reported in Part 1. Companies that elect the three-year transition for some of their policies should not report those ollo in this part. Companies that elect the three-year transition period for all of their business or are otherwis exempud from the requirements of Section VM-20 are not required to complete Part 1 of this Supplement pursuant to the in ructions in Part 2 of this Supplement.

Part 1 of this Supplement breaks out, by product type, the prior year and current vear porn reserves on a Post-Reinsurance-Ceded and Pre-Reinsurance-Ceded basis as defined in Section 8.D of Sectio ${ }^{\mathrm{Y}} \mathrm{M}-2$ of the Valuation Manual. In addition, Part 1 of this Supplement shows, by product type for the current year, thom red Premium Asset, the Net Premium Reserve (NPR), the Deterministic Reserve (DR) and the Stochastic Reserve (Sk, where the NPR, DR and SR are as defined in Section VM-20 of the Valuation Manual. This Supplement is intem to do regulators in the analysis of reserves as determined under Section VM-20 of the Valuation Manual for both ther current year.

Section VM-20 of the Valuation Manual requires that the Post-Reinsurance-C led R serve be determined by three product groups - Term Insurance, Universal Life with Secondary Guarantees and lis her. he Term Insurance and ULSG should be reported on lines 1.1 and 1.2, respectively. Each of the other products 1 orted ${ }_{\mathrm{H}}$ lines $1.3-1.8$ should be determined as the sum of the policy reserves using the policy reserves determined 10 wh the allocation process of VM-20 Section 2. A similar process should be used for each of the pre-reinsurance-ceded rt

Section A: Columns 4 through 8 are to be comp ceu eac of the reserves in Columns 4 through 6 (NPR, DR, SR) is calculated according to the requirements of Sectic $V M-20$ o the Valuation Manual.

Section B: Columns 9 through 12 are to be comple or or if the reserves in Columns 9 and 10 (NPR, DR) are calculated according to the requirements of Section VM- 20 of the Valuation Manual.

Section C: Columns 13 through 15 are to bt ompleted only if the reserve in Column 13 (NPR) is calculated according to the requirements of Section VM-20 of $\mathrm{t}^{1}$ e Va, ation Manual.


Column 1 \& $2 \quad-\quad$ R voxted Reserve
Provide 'hereported reserve for the prior year and current year for each line item. Post-ReinsuranceCede is net of reinsurance ceded, and Pre-Reinsurance-Ceded includes reinsurance assumed and oxcluy s any reinsurance ceded. Sections 2 and 8 in the Valuation Manual further describe the rt,yured reserve and treatment of reinsurance.

## Column 4,9013 - Net Premium Reserve (NPR)

Report the Post-Reinsurance-Ceded and Pre-Reinsurance-Ceded Net Premium Reserve for the each product type. The Net Premium Reserve is defined in Section 3 in VM-20 of the Valuation Manual.

Column 5 \& 10 - Deterministic Reserve
Report the Post-Reinsurance-Ceded and Pre-Reinsurance-Ceded Deterministic Reserve for each product type. The Deterministic Reserve calculation is defined in Section 4 in VM-20 of the Valuation Manual.

Column 6 - Stochastic Reserve
Report the Post-Reinsurance-Ceded and Pre-Reinsurance-Ceded Stochastic Reserve for each product type. The Stochastic Reserve calculation is defined in Section 5 in VM-20 of the Valuation Manual.

Column 7, 11 \&14 - Number of Policies
Report the number of individual life insurance policies by product type and by the required VM-20 methodology used as described in Section A, Section B and Section C above. The number of policies should be prior to any reinsurance ceded and include reinsurance assumed.

Column 8, 12 \& 15 - Face Amount
Report the face amount of individual life insurance by product type a d by he required VM-20 methodology used as described in Section A, Section B and Setion abov. The face amount should be prior to any reinsurance ceded and include reinsurance as


This section of the Supplement should be completed when a reportin. entivy has elected to apply the three-year transition provided in Section II, Sub-section C under Life Insurance Pry acts of the Valuation Manual to some or all of its business. This Part 2 should include the values requested for the busin or thich the three-year transition has been elected and should not include values for any policies valued based on ${ }^{\mathrm{V}} \mathrm{M}-2^{2}$ his Part 2 allows the company to establish minimum
 Manual, for business otherwise subject to VM-20 equireme s and issued during the first three years following the Operative Date of the Valuation Manual. If a company does telect th sthree-year transition, but elects to apply VM-20 to a block of business issued on and after the Operative Date, thein uch ompany must continue to apply the requirements of VM-20 to this block of business, as well as future new iscues of this ype of business.

A company that elects to apply the three-vea ?nsition for all of its products within the scope of VM-20 does not have to complete Part 1 of the VM-20 Supplem at. a company applies VM-20 to a product or products, then Part 1 of this VM-20 Supplement will need to be comf eted.

## VM-20 RESERVES SUPPLEMENT - PART 3



## Life PBR Exemption

This sectio some should be completed by a company that has filed and been granted a Life PBR Exemption from its state domicile.

If a company has been granted a Life PBR Exemption, the company must indicate the source of the Life PBR Exemption, which could be defined in a state statute, a state regulation or in the NAIC-adopted Valuation Manual. If the source of the granted Life PBR Exemption is not the NAIC-adopted Valuation Manual, the company must disclose the criteria of the state's Life PBR Exemption that the company has met, and the company must disclose the minimum reserve requirements that are required by the state of domicile. If the minimum reserve requirements of the state of domicile are the same as those specified in the NAIC-adopted Valuation Manual, the company may indicate: "Same as NAIC VM".

Companies whose individual ordinary life business is exempted from the requirements of VM-20 pursuant to a Life PBR Exemption are not required to complete Part 1 of this VM-20 Supplement.

## VM-20 RESERVES SUPPLEMENT - PART 4

## Other Exclusions from Life PBR

Questions 1 and 2 of this section of the Supplement should be completed by a company that has filed and been granted a Single State Exemption from the reserve requirements of VM-20 by its state of domicile pursuant to requirements similar to the optional Section 15 of the NAIC Standard Valuation Law (\# 820). The response to question 2 should be "Yes" if the company has any business assumed that relates to issues outside the state of domicile.

Question 3 of this section of the Supplement should be completed by a company if all its life business is excluded from the requirements of VM-20 pursuant to Section II.B of the Valuation Manual.

Companies responding "Yes" to question 1 are not required to complete Part 1 of this VM- 20 Sunple ont if all of their individual ordinary life business was covered under the Single State Exemption. Companies resp ading "YES" to question 3 are not required to complete Part 1 of this VM-20 Supplement.


## LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE EXPERIENCE REPORTING FORMS 1 THROUGH 5

These reporting forms must be filed with the NAIC by April 1 each year.
The purpose of the Long-Term Care Insurance Experience Reporting Forms is to monitor the amount of such coverage and to provide data specific to this coverage on a nationwide basis. Long-term care expenses may be paid through life policies, annuity contracts and health contracts. When the long-term benefits portion of the contract is subject to rating rules based on the Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation (sections on required disclosure or rating practices to customers, loss ratio and premium rate increases), the adequacy of the pricing and reserve assumptions is critical to meeting the expectation of those sections.

For life or annuity products where no portion is subject to these rating rules, the products are not ing in aded in the reporting in these forms. Companies may use an assumption that long-term care benefits that are "incia tal" regardless of the date of issue, may be excluded. Incidental means that the value of long-term care benefits proy ded is ess than ten percent $(10 \%)$ of the total value of the benefits provided over the life of the policy (measured as of he da of iss e). If a policy form has had no policies in force and all claims on the policy form have been settled for more than ne $y$, then the policy form is no longer reported on Forms 1, 2 and 4.

Form 1 focuses on the critical assumptions of morbidity and persistency while still pres ting loss ratio data (without the level of detail in the original forms). As noted in the instructions specific to the form prior- var values will be filled in over time. Only information as of 2009 and subsequent years is required on the fo unt was required on the previous Long-Term Care Insurance Experience Reporting Forms. Companies are no a uired supply information for spaces on the forms corresponding to any year prior to adoption of the forms, unless that form ion was previously reported. Form 2 focuses on the developing level of funds from the issue age premium bis a conpares this to the active life reserve. As noted in the instructions specific to the form, prior-year values will be ed in or time. Form 3 focuses on the adequacy of claims reserves by presenting experience based on incurred year ver next several years. Because prior-year values should already be available; this form should be completed for at leas the current and past four years. If available, all prior years should be completed. Form 4 is to include life and annui products-nat are not exempt as outlined in the Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation. Form 5, which replates th C xperience Form C, requires information at the state level. In addition to the considerable changes in the structur and pose of the forms, the new forms are based on adding additional calendar years of experience to prior res 0 . mor appropriately compare the actual results with expectations, the expected values are based on the exposure at ae beginn $g$ or that year, not the original assumed sales distribution used when completing the original forms.

Because of the relatively small claim rates and variable hagth and size of long-term care claims, the statistical credibility of long-term care insurance experience is lowe than the amount of credibility assigned to similar amounts of experience on other types of health insurance. This should bo aken into account when reviewing experience and assessing the adequacy of reserves and the critical assumptions un erly, or thm.

The Long-Term Care Insurance E erie a porting Forms 1 through 5 should be filed whenever long-term care insurance has been sold, regardless of which ath al statement has been filed. These forms are not only applicable to companies filing the life, accident and heth annual staement. The list of the various annual statements is: life, accident and health, property/casualty, fraternal ${ }^{4}$ health.

Include under the Indi idual ortion both Individual policies and Group certificates if the group is approved by the state under statutes sit $\operatorname{lar}$ t Sectic $4 \mathrm{E}(4)$ of the Long-Term Care Insurance Model Act. Include under the Group portion group certificates if the gro $\sim$ is corpoved by the state under statutes similar to Section $4 \mathrm{E}(1)$, (2) or (3) of the model act.

Experience for LTC insurance should be reported separately by stand-alone LTC policy form or by rider where experience is to be reported by form. Reporting by rider is applicable only to riders having distinct premiums for LTC coverage that are attached to products other than stand-alone LTC policies. Experience under forms that provide substantially similar coverage and provisions, that are issued to substantially similar risk classes and that are issued under similar underwriting standards, may be combined. If this option is utilized, the forms combined should be identified in the column captioned "Policy Form."

Claims incurred will need to reflect the loss of future premiums. These will occur because of the waiver of premium provision in the contract, waiver due to spouse's benefit status or other provisions in the contract that make it paid-up or not subject to collection of additional premiums for some future period. The claim incurred in each year will include the amount of the reserve established to reflect the loss of future expected premiums. The effect in future years will depend on the manner in which premiums from these policies are reported in following periods. If the assumption $s{ }^{n}$ t the policy is paid-up (no future premiums to be collected), the reserve and experience fund would be the paid-up va and ture incurred claims will be only for LTC benefits. If the assumption is that future premiums (gross or net) will be con dered as "paid by waiver," the reserve and experience fund will include in the reserve the present value of future remiu 's to be waived and the premium waived will be reported as both earned premium and a portion of the incurred taims


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1

## OVERVIEW

Long-Term Care Insurance Experience Reporting Form 1 is intended to track actual claims and persistency against expected on a nationwide basis. Certain group business is reported separately from individual and some group business. (See Section 4(E) of the Long-Term Care Insurance Model Act.) Policy forms are grouped into three categories: comprehensive, institutional only or non-institutional. Yearly and cumulative comparisons are exhibited. Even though only policy form groupings are displayed, policy form level information should be kept. It may facilitate rating reviews by the regulators. If a policy form has had no policies in force and all claims on the policy form have been settled for more than one year, then the policy form is no longer reported on this form.

## DEFINITIONS AND FORMULAS

## Comprehensive

Policy forms that provide a combination of institutional or facility and non-stitu ane coverage. These include institutional only policies with non-institutional riders.

## Institutional Only

Policy forms that provide institutional coverage only.

## Non-Institutional Only

Policy forms that provide only non-institutional coverage.

## Current

Current calendar year of reporting.
Example: For a specific policy form cates, ry, the fi st year of issue was 2001. This Form 1 is required starting for the year 2009 and the reporting year is 2011. The arrent year would be 2011.

## Prior

The year immediately prior to ae yo on eporting.
Example: 2010

## $2^{\text {nd }}$ Prior



Three yo s prior to the year of reporting.
Example: Blank, because the first year of reporting is 2009.

## $4^{\text {th }}$ Prior

Four years prior to the year of reporting.
Example: Blank, because the first year of reporting is 2009.

## $5^{\text {th }}$ Prior

Five years prior to the year of reporting.
Example: Blank, because the first year of reporting is 2009.

## Form Inception-to-Date

Aggregate experience data since the adoption of this Form 1.
Example: Data from 2009 through 2011.
Actual and expected in force counts are sums of counts for all years since adoption form 1.

## Total Inception-to-Date

Aggregate experience data since issuance of policies.
Example: Data from 2001 through 2011.
Column 1 - Earned Premiums
Collected Premiums + Change in Due d. nit hs - Change in Advanced Premiums - Change in Unearned Premium Reserves.

Life, Accident \& Health, r aternal a d Property/Casualty Only
Total earned premiun st ald equal direct earned premiums for LTC business from Schedule H, Paxt 1, Line 2

Column $2-\quad$ Incurred Claims
If iy $\quad=$ Incurred year
$T>=$ Report year - incurred year
$\mathrm{V}=$ Discount rate
${ }_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{Paid}$ Clamıs ${ }_{\mathrm{i}}=$ Paid claims during claim duration t from claims incurred
in year iy, $\mathrm{t}=0,1,2,3, \ldots \mathrm{~T}$
Reserve $_{i y}=$ Case reserve at end of report year from claims incurred in iy
curred laims for incurred year iy :
For $\mathrm{T}=0$
${ }_{0}$ Paid Claims $_{\text {iy }} \times \mathrm{v}^{1 / 4}+{ }_{0}$ Case Reserve $_{\text {iy }} \times \mathrm{v}^{1 / 2}+{ }_{0} \mathrm{IBNR}_{\text {iy }} \times \mathrm{v}^{1 / 2}$.
For $\mathrm{T}>0$
${ }_{0}$ Paid Claims ${ }_{i y} \times \mathrm{v}^{1 / 4}+{ }_{1}$ Paid Claims $_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{1}+{ }_{2}$ Paid Claims $_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{2}+\ldots+$ ${ }_{\mathrm{T}}$ Paid Claims ${ }_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{\mathrm{T}}+{ }_{\mathrm{T}}$ Case Reserve ${ }_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{\mathrm{T}+1 / 2}+\left({ }_{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{IBNR}_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{\mathrm{T}+1 / 2}\right)$

This is the developed claim amounts for claims incurred during the specific calendar year. For each claim, the incurred claim equals the present values of all claim payments and the present value of any outstanding case reserve. This will be different from the reported financial incurred claims. The financial incurred claims, including the change in claim reserves that contains gain or loss due to reserve estimation different from actual payments for claims incurred in prior years.

For purposes of the present value calculation, assume all payments are made in the middle of the calendar year and the case reserve is at the end of the calendar year. The discount rate is the statutory valuation interest rate for case reserve. For the current calendar year, an Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) reserve should be assigned. If a portion of the IBNR is held for years other than the current calendar year, the value in the parentheses should be used.

The total case reserves and IBNR equal the portion of the direct liability attributab to long-term care business from Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 2.1 (life, accident \& health and frate al) p. sthe portion of the claim liabilities reported on Exhibit 6, Line 14 (life, accident \& heal ) and Line 13 (fraternal) attributable to LTC business for life, accident \& health and froterna ony dis amount includes accrued and unaccrued claims liabilities, which are incurred but p , yet p id, both reported and not reported.

The incurred claims should be consistent with the claims exhib on orm 3 .
Column 3 - Valuation Expected Incurred Claims
The expected claim cost for an individual cover ther a delicy in force ${ }^{1}$ at the beginning of the calendar year based on statutory active life rese morb ity assumption. This is the interpolation of successive policy year expected claim cosi ${ }^{\prime}$ alt overages in force at the beginning of the year. Simple averaging is acceptable.

An acceptable approximation is thexp cos cost multiplied by an exposure adjustment, where expected claim cost is the sum of dim during the year based on the valuation morbidity assumption of each life in for - at inning of the year. The valuation claim cost during the year is an interpolation of suc sssive cla $n$ costs by policy year. Other approximations may also be acceptable. Any changes in thod shy ld be disclosed on the form.

## The exposure adjustment is:

[Actual Numbo of Lives In Force at Beginning of Year - (Expected Deaths + Expected Lapses) 2] Acwal Number of Lives In Force at Beginning of Year,
where Expe d D the and Expected Lapses are based on valuation assumptions. They can be derived from a single verage decrement rate combining deaths and lapses, or specific decrement rates appl ing to actual exposures. If there is no in force at the beginning of the year, the expected claim cost c . be zero.


## Column $6 \quad-\quad$ New Claim Count

Number of claims that have at least one benefit payment made during the year after the elimination period but have no payments in previous years. If a claimant has prior claims, he or she should be counted if the current claim is considered as a new claim. For the purpose of including a claim in this count, payments that do not require satisfaction of the elimination period are excluded. A new claim should be included in the count even though it has terminated by the end of the year.

## Column 7 - Lives In Force End of Year

Actual number of lives in force at the end of the year. Joint policies should be chamber of lives.

Column 8 - Expected Lives In Force End of Year
Expected number of lives in force at the end of the year:
Actual Number of Lives In Force at Beginning of Year New Lives - Expected Deaths - Expected Lapses,
where Expected Deaths and Expected Lapses ar red aluation assumptions. They can be derived from a single average decreme te co bining deaths and lapses or specific decrement rates applying to actual exposures. Jo po cies should be counted by number of lives.

Column $9-\quad$ Actual to Expected Lives In Force
Actual number of lives in force as a per ntage of unpected number of lives in force at the end of the year.

1. Form 1 applies to direct business only
2. Prior years' figures, except for incurro claims, should be the same as the figures from prior years' Form 1.
3. Form Inception-to-Date figur s, exce $t$ for incurred claims, should be the corresponding figures from prior-year Form 1 plus the figures to the -ra year. No interest discounting is required to determine Form Inception-to-Date and Total Inception-to-Date ures.
4. If Incurred But Ne . eported reserves must be allocated by policy form, the allocation should be based on paid claims and chanosin Ca serves.
5. Use the luat $n$ assy hptions corresponding to the current reserves being held. They are not necessarily the original reserve assu ption if strengthening or release of reserves has been made in the past. The assumptions for each year sh dinn the actual in-force (age, gender, plan distribution), not the distribution originally expected or issue
6. An insurance company may use more refined methods in determining the required information than those described in the definitions and instructions. Methods must be consistent from report year to report year.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 2

## OVERVIEW

The purpose of Form 2 is to calculate a ratio of an experience reserve to the reported reserve by calendar year on a nationwide basis. Summary data by policy form is to be reported. Data for the current reporting year, as well as that reported in each of the prior two reporting years, is to be shown on Form 2.

The following formulae specify data by calendar duration ( $t$ ) and calendar year of issue $(\mathrm{n})$. Data at this detail is required for the calculation of the experience reserve, although only totals by policy form are illustrated. Experience data is notated by a superscript E to distinguish from valuation assumptions. The experience reserve reported in column 17 is veloped from: 1) the experience reserve at the end of the prior reporting year $(t-1) ; 2)$ valuation net premiums a inter $t$ rates; and 3) experience incurred claims, earned premiums, and actual persistency. The valuation net premiumcusi are the actual net premiums used for that reporting year. As an example, if a factor file method is used, the valu cion $n$ t premiums used to calculate the reserve factors would be used for Form 2.

For 2009, the experience reserve (column 13) was calculated using the reported reserve of thend of 2008 as the prior year's reserve. Similarly, for acquired business, the experience reserve as of the year-en follo in acquisition is set equal to the reported reserve as of that date. The experience reserve as of subsequent periods is a eloped from the first experience reserve reported in this form. If a policy form has had no policies in force and all clâs on tupolicy form have been settled for more than one year, then the policy form is no longer reported on this form.

Experience and valuation data are reported by base policy form. Rider iorms il be eported with the base forms to which they are attached.

Only summary data by reporting year is illustrated. The reporting $c_{c}$ pany hould have detail by calendar duration available upon request.


Column 3 - Last Year Issue
For closed blocks of business, nor he last year a policy was issued for the policy form. For open blocks of business, leave blank.

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Earned Premiums
${ }_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{EP}_{\mathrm{n}}$ Th direct earned premium in calendar duration t for all business of Calendar Total direct earned premiums should equal direct earned premiums for LTC business from Schedule H, Part 1, Line 2 for life, accident \& health, fraternal and property/casualty only.
Column 5 - I curre claims
$=$ The experience incurred claims of all business of CYI n in calendar duration t for the reporting year.
$=\left[(\text { Paid Claims })_{n}\right]+\left[{ }_{\mathrm{t}} \operatorname{CLiab}_{\mathrm{n}}^{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{x}\left(1+\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{n}}\right)^{-1 / 2}-\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{t}-1} \mathrm{CLiab}_{\mathrm{n}}^{\mathrm{E}}\right) \times\left(1+\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{n}}\right)^{1 / 2}\right]$
Where:

| $\mathrm{t}(\text { Paid Claims })_{\mathrm{n}}=$ | The paid claims of all business of CYI n in calendar duration t for the reporting <br> year. Paid claims is the total direct paid claims for LTC business from Exhibit 8, |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | Part 2, Line 1.1 for life, accident \& health and fraternal only. |



The new issues count during the reporting year. New Issues Current Year should equal issued during year from the Exhibit of Number of Policies (Accident and Health Insurance, Line 2) for LTC business for life, accident \& health and fraternal only.

Column $11-\quad$ In Force Count End of Year
${ }_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{IF}_{\mathrm{n}}=$ The in force count in calendar duration t for all business of CYI n at the end of the reporting year. In Force Count End of Years should equal in force end of year from the Exhibit of Number of Policies (Accident and Health Insurance, Line 9) for LT ~s siness for life, accident \& health and fraternal only.

Column 12 - Persistency Rate
(Column $11-.5 \times$ Column 10) $/($ Column $9+.5 \times$ Column 10)
Column 13 - Experience Policy Reserves
${ }_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{V}^{\mathrm{E}}{ }_{\mathrm{n}}=\left[\left(\mathrm{t}-1 \mathrm{~V}^{\mathrm{E}}{ }_{\mathrm{n}}\right)+{ }_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{n}}\right] \times\left(1+\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{n}}\right)-{ }_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{IC}{ }_{\mathrm{E}}^{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{x}\left(1+\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{n}}\right)^{1 / 2}$
Where:

Column 14 - Reported I licy eserve
The amount $\mathrm{re}_{\mathrm{f}}$ rted in annual statement Exhibit 6, Line 2 for life, accident \& health and fraternal only

Column $15-$ Exporiena D sported Ratio
(lumn $5=$ Column $13 /$ Column $14 \times 100$

## Section C-S. $\quad$ ?mary

Line 1 - Total Current - Individual $=$ Sum of each Section A, Line 1 (all policy forms)
Line $2-$ Total Prior - Individual $=$ Sum of each Section A, Line 2 (all policy forms)
Line $3-$ Total $2^{\text {nd }}$ Prior - Individual $=$ Sum of each Section A, Line 3 (all policy forms)
Line $4-$ Total Current - Group $=$ Sum of each Section B, Line 1 (all policy forms)
Line 5 - Total Prior - Group $=$ Sum of each Section B, Line 2 (all policy forms)
Line $6-$ Total $2^{\text {nd }}$ Prior - Group $=$ Sum of each Section B, Line 3 (all policy forms)
Line $7-$ Current Year Total $\quad=$ Section C, Line $1+$ Section C, Line 4

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 3

The purpose of this form is to test the adequacy of reserves held on long-term care policies. This form allows for the development of a seven-year trend of losses incurred by a specific year group of claimants. This form is to be prepared on a nationwide basis.

Report all dollar amounts in thousands (\$000 omitted).

## Part 1 - Total Amount Paid Policyholders

Show paid claims by year paid and year incurred. Claims are on a direct basis, including transfers bef ny reinsurance. Claims incurred prior to the year shown on Line 2 should be included in Column 1.

The "Prior" values in these sections will not be directly comparable to prior statements, as the crent ears statement will include an additional incurred year's values.

Transfer policies are defined as policies that are either purchased or sold, typically thro hass aption reinsurance. These policies will be recorded in these parts of this exhibit while the company owns them.

## Part 2 - Sum of Total Amount Paid Policyholders and Claim Liability and Rese out anding at End of Year

This section provides a claim cost development overview to show the ado i, ey of aim reserves for a particular incurral year at the end of that year and at the end of subsequent years. The entry in $L \in X a d$ Column $Y$ is the cumulative claims incurred during year $X$ and paid through the end of year $Y$ for claims incra in $y, Y$, plus the reserve at the end of year $Y$ for claims incurred in year X .

Claims are on a direct basis including transfers before any reinsuran Clawn incurred prior to the year shown on Line 2 should be included in Line 1, Columns 1 through 8.

The "Prior" values in these sections will not be directly co varable prior statements, as the current year's statement will include an additional incurred year's values.

Transfer policies are defined as policies that are her purc ased or sold, typically through assumption reinsurance. These policies will be recorded in these parts of this exhibit 'hile e company owns them.

## Part 3 - Transferred Reserves

Claim reserves for transfer claims (ac .... or sold) are shown here, by claim incurred year, starting from the year of transfer. For sold business, the en ies .e posi ye. For acquired business, the entries are negative. For years after the transfer year, the reserves are increased w

Claim reserves for the buyer are the reso ves initially set by the buyer, not necessarily equal to the reserves for the seller.

## Part 4 - Present Value of Inc. red Claims (Interest Adjusted Development of Incurred Claims)

Because claim reserves for lon duration claims are generally discounted, the year-to-year comparison in Part 2 is misleading to the extent inter in mes claim reserves is material. To show consistent values; paid claims; transferred reserves and claim reserves are dis unted to a common point in time (assumed to be July 1 of the incurred year).

- Paid 0 ims in the year of incurral are discounted one-quarter year.
- Paid claims subsequent to the year of incurral are assumed to be paid mid-year and discounted back to the midpoint of the incurred year.
- Outstanding claim reserves for a given incurred year plus transferred reserves from Part 3 are discounted from the valuation date to the midpoint of the incurred year.
- Negative results are possible for acquired business only. Negative results indicate downward development of ultimate claims.

If

| iy | $=$ Incurred year |
| :---: | :---: |
| T | $=$ Report year -incurred year |
| v | Discount rate |
| ${ }_{\mathrm{t}}$ Paid Claims ${ }_{\text {iy }}$ | $=$ Paid claims during current or prior calendar year t from claims incurred in year iy |
| ${ }_{\mathrm{t}}$ Case $^{\text {Reserve }}{ }_{\text {iy }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { Case reserve at end of calendar year } t \text { from claims } \\ & \text { incurred in iy } \end{aligned}$ |
| ${ }_{\mathrm{t}}$ Transferred Reserve $_{\text {iy }}$ | $=$ Transferred reserve at end of calendar year t from claims incurred in iy and |
| t | $=\mathrm{iy}, \mathrm{iy}+1, \mathrm{iy}+2, \ldots, \mathrm{iy}+\mathrm{T}$ |

then the Present Value of Incurred Claims for incurred year iy:
For $\mathrm{T}=0$

$$
{ }_{\text {iy }} \text { Paid Claims }{ }_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{1 / 4}+{ }_{\text {iy }} \text { Case Reserve }_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{1 / 2}+{ }_{\text {iy }} \mathrm{IBNR}_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{1 / 2}+\text { Trai ferru }
$$

For $\mathrm{T}>0$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& { }_{\text {iy }} \text { Paid Claims }{ }_{\text {iy }} \times \mathrm{v}^{1 / 4}+{ }_{\text {iy }+1} \text { Paid Claims }_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{1}+{ }_{\mathrm{iy}+2} \text { Paid Clain }{ }_{\mathrm{v}} \times \mathrm{v} \times+\ldots+{ }_{\mathrm{iy}+\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{Paid}^{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{Claims}_{\mathrm{iy}} \times \mathrm{v}^{\mathrm{T}}
\end{aligned}
$$

If a portion of the IBNR is held for years other than the current calendar year, the value in the parentheses should be used.
The total case reserves and IBNR equal the portion of the total direct bility tributable to LTC business from Exhibit 8, Part 2, Line 2.1 (life, accident \& health and fraternal) plus the por, of e claim liabilities reported on Exhibit 6, Line 14 (life, accident \& health) and Line 13 (fraternal) attributable to LTC sines for life, accident \& health and fraternal only. This amount includes accrued and unaccrued claims liabilitic that are ncurred but not yet paid, both reported and not reported.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 4

## OVERVIEW

Long-Term Care Insurance Experience Reporting Form 4 is intended to track life insurance and annuity products that have long-term care benefits provided by acceleration of certain benefits within these products. Include only the products that are not exempt as outlined in the Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation (sections on required disclosure or rating practices to customers, loss ratio, and premium rate increases also defined as "incidental" at the beginning of these experience forms instructions). This form is not to include stand-alone LTC products. Individual and group business is separated in this form.

## DEFINITIONS AND FORMULAS

## Current

Current calendar year of reporting.
Example: For a specific policy form category, the first year of issue was 2001 This 1 rm required starting for the year 2009 and the reporting year is 2010. The current year would be 2010.

## Prior

The year immediately prior to the year of reporting.
Example: 2009

## $2^{\text {nd }}$ Prior

Two years prior to the year of reporting.
Example: Blank, because the first year of $r$ ortm is $2 \cap 9$.
Total Inception-to-Date
Aggregate experience data since issuance of poltwes.
Example: Data from 2001 through 20.


The total number of long-term care accelerated claims for a calendar year. Only the long-term claims that have been triggered due to acceleration should be totaled.

Column 5 - Total Reserves
The total amount of non-claim reserves for these life insurance or annuity products.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 5

## OVERVIEW

For long-term care insurance reported in the Long-Term Care Insurance Experience Reporting Form 1, Form 2 and Form 3, these lines are the state's portion of the earned premium, incurred claims and number of in force count of lives at end of the year. A schedule must be prepared for each jurisdiction in which the company has long-term care direct earned premiums and/or has direct incurred claims. In addition, a schedule must be prepared that contains the grand total (GT) for the company.

## DEFINITIONS AND FORMULAS

Policy forms should be grouped by individual and group and reported on Lines 1 and 2, respectivelv Tho ubtotals for these two classes (i.e., individual and group) must be provided. Line 3 is the sum of Lines 1 and 2.

## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ Earned Premiums

Earned premiums reported should be the state amount that is inc udea the current year of Form 2, Part C, Column 4.

## Grand Total Page:

Line 1 should equal the amount ins arm 2 Part C, Column 4, Line 1.

Line 2 should equal the amn nt in Form 2, Part C, Column 4, Line 4.

Line 3 should equal amo in Form 2, Part C, Column 4, Line 7.
For Line 4 "Actual total reported expericruce th sugh prior year", the amount will be Line 5 from the previous year's report.

For Line 5 "Actual total r. orted exp ience through statement year": should be the state's allocated earned premium for the curren vear (reported on Line 3) added to the state's cumulative experience through prior year (as reported on e 4).

Column $2-\quad$ Incurred Claims
Incurred clims eporte should be the state amount that is included in the current year of Form 2, Part C, Co ${ }^{r} \mathrm{n}$. Incu ed claims should be paid claims in the state plus a reasonable allocation of claim reser less ure reported allocated portion of the prior year's claim reserve. The allocation method should bo onsistent from year-to-year when estimating reserves for each state.

Grand I al Page:
Line 1 should equal the amount in Form 2, Part C, Column 5, Line 1.
Line 2 should equal the amount in Form 2, Part C, Column 5, Line 4.
Line 3 should equal the amount in Form 2, Part C, Column 5, Line 7.
For Line 4 "Actual total reported experience through prior year", the amount will be Line 5 from the previous year's form.

For Line 5 "Actual total reported experience through statement year": This should be the state's allocated incurred claims for the current year (as reported on Line 3) added to the state's cumulative experience through prior year (as reported on Line 4).

## Column $3-\quad$ In Force Count End of Year

The In Force Count End of Year should be the state total used in calculating the In Force Count End of Year in Form 2, Part C, Column 11.

Grand Total Page:

Line 1 should equal the amount in Form 2, Part C, Column 11, Line 1.
Line 2 should equal the amount in Form 2, Part C, Column 11 Line 4.
Line 3 should equal the amount in Form 2, Part C, Column . Line 7.

## Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Lives In force End of Year

Actual number of lives in force at the end of the year. Joint polices sho ${ }^{1}$ d wownted by number of lives. Once the state forms are completed, the Lives In force End, Year r all states (Grand Total State Page) LTC Form 5, Column 4, Line 01 should equal LTC F cm , column 7, Line A01 + A09 + A17 and Form 5, Line 02 should equal Form 1, Line B01 + B09 + 17 . The number of lives for each state for individual policies should be based on the policies tha were ssued in that state. The number of lives for each state in group policies should be based or atern that were issued in that state.

## ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS BY LINES OF BUSINESS

## INTEREST SENSITIVE LIFE INSURANCE PRODUCTS REPORT

Filing date: This exhibit is to be filed no later than April 1.
This exhibit shows Lines 1 through 33 of the Life and Accident and Health Blank, Analysis of Operations by Line of Business, for interest and non-interest sensitive life insurance products. The purpose of this exhibit is to reflect the amount of revenue and expense attributable to each of these classifications.

An interest sensitive life insurance product is any product under the provisions of which separately identified interest credits are made to the product. They are distinguished by the existence of an indeterminate product value formich specified periodic charges are deducted and to which specified periodic interest is credited at a rate not determind at issüu

For purposes of the classification of products between interest and non-interest sensitive product apply the definition to the base policy. The allocation of amounts not directly allocable should follow the instructions foi Analys s of Operations by Lines of Business page. Allocation of receipts and expenses between interest and non-interes seris products should be consistent with the primary line of business allocations.

The columns on the Interest Sensitive Life Insurance Products Report for the Analysis of $O_{1}$ rations by Lines of Business are labeled as follows:
(References to present annual statement page totals are listed as needed.)


## ANALYSIS OF INCREASE IN RESERVES

## INTEREST SENSITIVE LIFE INSURANCE PRODUCTS REPORT

Filing date: This exhibit is to be filed no later than April 1.
This exhibit analyzes the development of life insurance policy reserves for interest and non-interest sensitive products by showing how the reserve may be traced mathematically from one year-end to the next.

An interest sensitive life insurance product is any product under the provisions of which separately identified interest credits are made to the product. They are distinguished by the existence of an indeterminate product value from which specified periodic charges are deducted and to which specified periodic interest is credited at a rate not determined ar

For purposes of the classification of products between interest and non-interest sensitive life insurance ${ }_{\mathrm{F}}$ oducts, apply the definition to the base policy. The allocation of amounts not directly allocable should follow the ir struct is nom Analysis of Increase in Reserves During the Year.

The columns on the Interest Sensitive Life Insurance Products Report for the Analysis of reas in Reserves are labeled as follows:
(References to annual statement page totals are listed as needed.)


Lines 2 through 6 and Lines 9 through 11 do not slude an unts related to the VM-20 Deterministic/Stochastic portion of the reserves, which are reported on Line 6.1.

Line 6 - Increase in Reserve on ccount of Change in Valuation Basis
Enter appropriate amou ts hiom Part A of Exhibit 5A, Changes in Bases of Valuation During the Year.
Line $6.1 \quad-\quad$ Change in E ess -20 Deterministic/Stochastic Reserve over Net Premium Reserve
As the line item dercribes, this is the change in excess of any Deterministic/Stochastic reserve over the amou of the VM-20 Net Premium Reserve.

Line 10


Line 11 - Reserves Released by Other Terminations (Net)
Enter reserves released by all causes in and other than by death in. The computation should be on a net basis so as to take account of revivals, increases, changes, etc.

Exclude Deterministic/Stochastic Reserves from the reporting of Reserves Released by Other Terminations (Net)

## CREDIT INSURANCE EXPERIENCE EXHIBIT

NOTE: The sections of these standardized instructions dealing with credit life coverages are not applicable to property and casualty companies. The sections of these instructions dealing with other than credit life and credit accident and health coverages are not applicable to life companies in those states that do not permit them to issue such coverages.

1. This exhibit must be filed with the NAIC by April 1 of each year. An exhibit must be filed for each state (jurisdiction). If the company does not write credit life, accident and health, unemployment, property or other insurance in a state or states, the forms may be filed indicating "NO" to the question on Page 1 of the exhibit. If "NO" is indicated, Pages 2 through 8 are unnecessary.
2. Data is to be reported for all life insurance, accident and health, unemployment, property or er insu. .nce written in the state for which the exhibit is being prepared in connection with loans or other credit trans tions entered into for personal, family or household purposes, under which the creditor is the primary be eficia r, without regard to the scope of any applicable credit insurance statute, the term of the insurante or he du tion of the credit transaction, but excluding the following: insurance written on a non-contributor, bas, nsurance written in connection with agricultural loans or other agricultural credit transactions th ugh aks or production credit associations, insurance written in connection with loans or other credit transact ns st ard by purchase money liens on residential real property, insurance written in connection with isolated tran actions not related to a plan or agreement of the reporting entity for insuring the debtors of the creditor. in view ve differences between these specifications and those applicable to other annual statement exhibit an an motance with the credit insurance data exhibited elsewhere in the annual statement.
3. The data reported is to be the direct business of the reporting ent $y 01 \mathrm{v}$; r , nsurance ceded is not to be deducted and reinsurance assumed is not to be included.
4. Copies of all work papers, calculations and other data used preparing this exhibit, including forms used in the conversion of actual earned premiums to earned prer aums at proma facie rates, must be maintained at the home office of the reporting entity and be availabl for ain tion by or submission to the respective insurance departments upon request. In addition, each comp ny shal prepare a nationwide summary of the state exhibits, which shall also be available for submissio co th. resp tive insurance departments upon request.
5. Gross Written Premiums (Line 1.1 - Parts 2, 3, 4, and 5)

Report gross premiums before deductions for divaends or experience rating refunds or credits.
6. Earned Premiums at Prima Facie Rate (Line 1.7 - Parts 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5)

As of December 31 of t e rep rting y ar, actual earned premiums are to be adjusted to the amount that would have been earned if all the insu nce for during the year had been written at rates actuarially equivalent to the current prima facie or statutory rates the rates in effect at the end of the reporting year). Utilizing credit life, credit accident and health, credit unemploymeir, credit property or other credit insurance earned premium conversion worksheets, the conversion mus performed for each premium rate (or schedule of rates) which is not actuarially equivalent to the current prim ${ }^{\text {facie }}{ }^{+t}$ and which had premiums earned during the year. (For the conversion of actual earned premiums on ousins $s$ for which prima facie rates have not been promulgated, see paragraph C., Special Instruct. s s.) he ear ed premium conversion worksheets call for actual earned premiums at prima facie rates on Line A; this is for ancing purposes only. If all actual earned premiums were written at rates actuarially equivalent to facie rates, Lines 1.6 and 1.7 will be equal and earned premium conversion worksheets need not be comp ted. Earned premium conversion worksheets are not to be submitted with the exhibit, but are to be retained in accordan $\stackrel{\text { with Instruction } 4 .}{ }$
A. Credit Life, Credit Unemployment, Credit Property, or Other Credit Insurance Earned Premium Conversion Worksheet

Actual earned premiums are converted to prima facie earned premiums by using a conversion factor that is the ratio of the current prima facie rate to the premium rate actually charged.
B. Credit Accident \& Health Earned Premiums Conversion Worksheet

Actual earned premiums are converted to prima facie earned premiums by using a conversion factor which is the average of the ratios of the current prima facie rates to the premium rates actually charged for 12,24 and 36 month terms.

## C. Special Instructions

In the absence of specific instructions adopted by an insurance department for the conversion of actual earned premiums on unregulated business in that state, the following shall apply:

1. For business written in states that have not promulgated any prima facie rates, act al eai ed premiums need not be converted; the amounts shown on Lines 1.6 and 1.7 will be equal.
2. For business written in states which have promulgated prima facie rates $t$ at appi only to insurance written in connection with transactions of specific durations (e.g., 10 year or ss). .e conversion factor for actual earned premiums on unregulated business (i.e., over 10 is), hall be based on the prima facie rate for regulated business, observing any class of business rate ait ventiars, where applicable.
3. Other Incurred Compensation (Line 3.2 - Parts 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5)

Include all experience refunds, retrospective rate credits, or $\mathrm{po}^{\text {licyb }}$ ruo divruends (excluding amounts paid to insureds), and anything else of value provided as compensation Al nounts should be stated on an incurred basis, (i.e., amounts should equal paid amounts plus the change durins tho vea in liabilities for incurred but unpaid compensation.)
8. Mean Insurance In Force (Line 5 - Part 1 only)

The average of the monthly amounts of insurance in $f$ ice shouluroe calculated and entered, without adjustment for reinsurance assumed or ceded. For joint coverag., the unt 1 force should equal twice the death benefit.
9. "Critical Period" Accident and Health Insu

Report in the "Other" column of the appic riate pag For purposes of this exhibit, "critical period" insurance is that
 loan. Coverages which are limited in number Ds statutory requirements should not be considered "critical period" coverages.
10. Part 4 Coverage Definitions
"Creditor Placed Insurar , ans ararance that is purchased unilaterally by the creditor, who is the named insured, subsequent to the te or the credit transaction, providing coverage against loss, expense or damage to property as a result of fire, the collision or other risks of loss that would either impair a creditor's interest or adversely affect th value of collateral. "Creditor Placed Home" means "Creditor Placed Insurance" on homes, mobile homes and Ou re real estate. "Creditor Placed Auto" means insurance on automobiles, boats or other vehicles.
"Single lir rest meres insurance that protects only the creditor's interest in the collateral securing a debtor's credit transaction.
"Dual terest" means insurance that protects the creditor's and the debtor's interest in the collateral securing the debtor's a dit transaction. "Dual Interest" includes insurance commonly referred to as "Limited Dual Interest."
"Credit Personal Property Insurance" means insurance written in connection with a credit transaction where the collateral is not a motor vehicle, mobile home or real estate and that:

1. Covers perils to the goods purchased through a credit transaction or used as collateral for a credit transaction and that concerns a creditor's interest in the purchased goods or pledged collateral, either in whole or in part; or
2. Covers perils to goods purchased in connection with an open-end credit transaction.

## 11. Part 5 Coverage Definitions

GAP insures the excess of the outstanding indebtedness over the primary property insurance benefits in the event of a total loss to a collateral asset. Primary property insurance refers to the underlying P\&C insurance policy insuring the property, such as automobile physical damage insurance. For reporting experience in the CIEE, "Personal GAP" refers to contributory coverage for which the borrower pays the premium for the insurance and receives a certificate or policy of coverage.
"Credit Family Leave" provides a monthly or lump sum benefit during an unpaid leave of absence from employment resulting from specified causes, such as illness of a close relative, adoption or birth of a child. If the Credit Family Leave benefit is included with the involuntary unemployment benefit without a specific ident ad charge, Credit Family Leave experience may be included with the Involuntary Unemployment Experience in rrt 3.

## 12. Part 6 Coverage Definitions

This exhibit is to be completed on a nationwide basis. The expense definition follo tho ased in the Insurance Expense Exhibit.

Single Premium $\qquad$ MOB $\qquad$ Single Life $\qquad$ Joint Life $\qquad$ Eit Closed-End $\qquad$

Actual Premium Rate Col. (3) XXX
A. Earned premiums at prima facie rate
B. Earned premiums at other than prima facie rates:

| Actual Earned <br> Premiums | Pr Facie <br> Col. (1) | Actual <br> Rate | Premium Rate <br> Col. (3) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Totals
To Line 1.6, Part 1 $\qquad$
C. State method ed to wiculate unearned premiums:


Note: Companies making a direct calculation of prima facie earned premium will complete only Col. 1 and Col. 4 Totals, and Line 1.3.

# EARNED PREMIUM CONVERSION WORKSHEET <br> PART 2 - Credit Accident \& Health Insurance STATE OF <br> Calendar Year 20 <br> $\qquad$ 

Plan of Benefits
SP, Closed-End $\qquad$ MOB, Open-End $\qquad$ MOB, Closed-End $\qquad$ Other $\qquad$

|  |  |  |  | Premium Rates Facie <br> Actual Earned <br> Premiums <br> Col. $(1)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | Earned |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

A. Earned Premium at prima facie rate
B. Earned Premium at other than prima facie rate:

1. a. Actual rate

b. Ratio
c. Average Ratio of Columns 2-3-4
d. Earned Premium
2. a. Actual rate
b. Ratio
c. Average Ratio of Columns 2-3-4
d. Earned Premium
3. a. Actual rate
b. Ratio
c. Average Ratio of Columns 2-3-4
d. Earned Premium Totals

C. State method used to calculate unearned premiums: (V) Rule of 78;
( ) Straight Line; ( ) Average of Rule 178 and Straight Line;
( ) Tabular Basis; ( ) Other, specify basi


* Prima Facie Earned Premiut in Column (5) are found by multiplying the Actual Earned Premium (Col. 1) by the Average Ratio sh wr in Line 1..

Note: Companies makins adecalculation of prima facie earned premium will complete only Column 1 and Column 5 Totals.

## EARNED PREMIUM CONVERSION WORKSHEET <br> PART 3 - Credit Unemployment Insurance STATE OF <br> $\qquad$ Calendar Year 20 <br> $\qquad$

30 Day Retro, SP $\qquad$ 30 Day Non-Retro, MOB $\qquad$
30 Day Non-Retro, SP $\qquad$ 30 Day Retro, MOB $\qquad$ Other__
Actual Earned
$\frac{\text { Premiums }}{\text { Col. (1) }}$

C. State method used to calculate unearned premiums:


Note: Companies making a direct calculation of prima fa eareor premium will complete only Col. 1 and Col. 4 Totals, and Line 1.3.


## EARNED PREMIUM CONVERSION WORKSHEET <br> PART 4 - Credit Property Insurance STATE OF <br> Calendar Year 20 <br> $\qquad$

Plan of Benefits $\qquad$ _

Single Interest $\qquad$ Dual Interest ___ Not Applicable $\qquad$

| Actual Earned | Prima Facie |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{\text { Premiums }}{\text { Col. }(1)}$ | $\underline{\text { Rate }}$ |
|  | Col. $(2)$ |


C. State method used to calculate unearned premiums:


Note: Companies making a direct calculation of prima racie remium will complete only Col. 1 and Col. 4 Totals, and Line 1.3.

# EARNED PREMIUM CONVERSION WORKSHEET <br> PART 5 - Other Credit Insurance STATE OF <br> Calendar Year 20 <br> $\qquad$ 

Plan of Benefits $\qquad$
Actual Earned
$\frac{\text { Premiums }}{\text { Col. (1) }}$

Prima Facie
Rate
Col. (2)
A. Earned premiums at prima facie rate $\qquad$
B. Earned premiums at other than prima facie rates:

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ $\square$
4. 
5. 
6. $\qquad$
Totals
To Line 1.6, Part 5
C. State method used to calculate unearned premiums:


Note: Companies making a direct calculation of primatacie remium will complete only Col. 1 and Col. 4 Totals, and Line 1.3.


## ACCIDENT AND HEALTH POLICY EXPERIENCE EXHIBIT

This exhibit is required to be filed no later than April 1.

1. The name of the company must be clearly shown at the top of each page or pages.
2. The Exhibit will show information concerning direct business written on policy forms approved for use in the United States with a final total for all policy forms (including non-U.S. policy forms) on the bottom line of the Exhibit.

The Exhibit will show information for each listed product for Individual, Group, and Other ous ess categories. Subtotals by product within the individual category are required for all columns.
3. A Summary Page shows a reconciliation with Schedule H for Individual, Group and C dit pu icies separately and in total for companies filing the Life, Accident and Health, Fraternal and Property, Zasuá v Ann al Statement, and a reconciliation of these policies in total only with the specified exhibits of the ratm nnual Statement for companies filing that statement.
4. This Exhibit should not include any data pertaining to double indemnity, waive f premiums and other disability benefits embodied in life contracts.
5. Include membership charges, modal loadings, and policy fees, if arr, ith pr niums earned (Column 1).

## DEFINITIONS

## Accident Only or AD\&D

Policies that provide coverage, singly or in combin an, for wath, dismemberment, disability, or hospital and medical care caused by or necessitated as a re or specified kinds of accidents. Types of coverage include student accident, sports accident, travel aca ent, hla ket accident, specific accident or accidental death and dismemberment (AD\&D).

## Administrative Services Only (ASO) and Admin trative rvices Contract (ASC)

An uninsured accident and health plaŋ is where administrator performs administrative services for a third party that is at risk, but has not issued an i surance policy. The health plan bears all of the insurance risk, and there is no possibility of loss or liability to the aa inistrator caused by claims incurred related to the plan. Under an ASO plan, claims are paid from a bank ar cour owned and funded directly by the uninsured plan sponsor; or, claims are paid from a bank account o ned y the dministrator, but only after receiving funds from the plan sponsor that are adequate to fully cover th clan ments. Under an ASC plan, the administrator pays claims from its own bank accounts, and only subsequen ${ }^{1} v$ receives reimbursement from the plan sponsor.

## Comprehensive/Major Me, al

Policies that F ovide ully insured indemnity, HMO, PPO, or Fee for Service coverage for hospital, medical, and surgicail xpen es. Th s category excludes Short-Term Medical Insurance, the Federal Employees Health Benefit Program a, now omprehensive coverage such as basic hospital only, medical only, hospital confinement in ald, outpatient indemnity, specified disease, intensive care, and organ and tissue transplant coverage as $w u$ as any other coverage described in the other categories of this exhibit.

Group business is further segmented under this category as follows (please note there is a separate category for Administrative Services Only/Administrative Services Contract business):

## Single Employer:

Group policies issued to one employer for the benefit of its employees. This would include affiliated companies that have common ownership.

Small Employer: Group policies issued to single employers that are subject to the definition of Small Employer business, when so defined, in the group's state of situs.

Other Employer: Group policies issued to single employers that are $t$ defind as Small Employer business.

## Multiple Employer Associations and Trusts:

Group policies that are issued to an association or to a trust. ' cate ary also includes policies issued to one or more trustees of a fund established or adoph by wr or more employers, or by one or more labor unions or similar employee organizations. Th organizations include those that are exempt and also those that are non-exempt from stá vide $c$ mmunity rating. This category does not exclude policies providing coverage to emp an all employers, as defined in the employer's state of situs.

## Other Associations and Discretionary Trusts:

Group policies issued to associations an usts 'at are not included in the Small Employer, Other Employer or Multiple Employer Associatio - and rirusts group categories. This category does not exclude insurance providing cover ge to elrployees of small employers, as defined in the employer's state of situs. This zates aOt include blanket and franchise accident and sickness insurance, and insurance for any roup th includes members other than employees, such as an association that has both ripro es narticipating employers and also individuals as members.

## Other Comprehensive/Major Me val:

Group policies providing con_rehensive or major medical benefits that are not included in any of the categories list d above.

## Contract Reserves

Reserves set up when, os to oss premium structure, the future benefits exceed the future net premium. Contract reserves are in addit $n$ to claim and premium reserves.

## Credit

Individual or oup p licies that provide benefits to a debtor for full or partial repayment of debt associated with a specific an o other edit transaction upon disability or involuntary unemployment of debtor, except in connection with first in rtga, oans. In some states, involuntary unemployment credit insurance is not included in health in Thintegory should not include that type of credit insurance in those states.

## Dental

Policies providing only dental treatment benefits such as routine dental examinations, preventive dental work, and dental procedures needed to treat tooth decay and diseases of the teeth and jaw. If dental benefits are part of a comprehensive medical plan, then include data under comprehensive/major medical category.

## Disability Income - Long-Term

Policies that provide a weekly or monthly income benefit for more than five years for individual coverage and more than one year for group coverage for full or partial disability arising from accident and/or sickness. Include policies that provide Overhead Expense Benefits. Does not include credit disability.

## Disability Income - Short-Term

Policies that provide a weekly or monthly income benefit for up to five years for individual coverage and up to one year for group coverage for full or partial disability arising from accident and/or sickness. Include policies that provide Overhead Expense Benefits. Does not include credit disability.

## Federal Employees Health Benefits Program (FEHBP)

Coverage provided to Federal employees, retirees and their survivors and admintered by the Jffice of Personnel Management.

## Group Business

Health insurance where the policy issued to employers, associations, trusts, or oth vgroups covering employees or members and/or their dependents, to whom a certificate of coverage mar pro d.

## Individual Business

Health insurance where the policy is issued to an individual rering e individual and/or their dependents in the individual market. This includes conversions from group

## Limited Benefit

Policies that provide coverage for vision, prescriph drya and/or any other single service plan or program. Also include short-term care policies that provid cor ge a less than one year for medical and other services provided in a setting other than an acute care unit the hosp 1

## Long-Term Care

Policies that provide coverage for ot less than one year for diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance, or personal care servict provided in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital, including policies that provide benefits ior gin ive impairment or loss of functional capacity. This includes policies providing only nursing ome vare, hy ne health care, community based care, or any combination. Do not include coverage provided unde omp sive/major medical policies, Medicare Advantage, or for accelerated death benefit-type products.

## Medicaid

Policies issued in ass riation with the Federal/State entitlement program created by Title XIX of the Social Security Act of 155 th tpays or medical assistance for certain individuals and families with low incomes and resources.

## Medicare

Policies sued as Medicare Advantage Plans providing Medicare benefits to Medicare eligible beneficiaries created by title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965. This includes Medicare Managed Care Plans (i.e., HMO and PPO) and Medicare Private Fee-for-Service Plans. This also includes all Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Coverage through a Medicare Advantage product and whether sold directly to an individual or through a group.

## Medicare Part D - Stand-Alone

Stand-alone Part D coverage written through individual contracts; stand-alone Part D coverage written through group contracts and certificates; and Part D coverage written on employer groups where the reporting entity is responsible for reporting claims to the Centers for Medicare \& Medicaid Services (CMS).

## Medicare Supplement

Policies that qualify as Medicare Supplement policy forms as defined in the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act. This includes standardized plans, pre-standardized plans and Medicare select.

## Other Business

Any business that is not included in the Individual Business or Group Business listed above, including credit insurance, stop loss/excess loss, administrative services only and administrative services contract.

## Other Group Business

Group policies providing health insurance benefits that are not included in any other groun husiir $\varsigma$ category of this exhibit should be reported as other group business.

## Other Individual Business

Individual policies providing health insurance benefits that are not includ in v other individual business category of this exhibit should be reported as other individual business.

## Other Medical (Non-Comprehensive)

Policies such as hospital only, hospital confinement, surgical ou vatie indemnity, intensive care, mental health/substance abuse, and organ and tissue transplant ( i clu ing cheduled type policies), etc. Expense reimbursement and indemnity plans should be included. Th catego does not include TRICARE/CHAMPUS Supplement, Medicare Supplement, or Federal Employee alth \& nefit Program coverage.

## Short-Term Medical

Policies that provide major medical coverage for a ort pari d of time, typically 30 to 180 days. These policies may be renewable for multiple periods.

## Specified/Named Disease

Policies that provide benefits only for the diag osis and/or treatment of a specifically named disease or diseases. Benefits can be paid as expense incer ed diem or as a principal sum.

## State Children's Health Insurance $\mathbf{P r}$ grat

Policies issued in associa nth Federal/State partnership created by title XXI of the Social Security Act.

## Stop Loss/Excess Loss

Individual or groun por io providing coverage to a health plan, a self-insured employer plan, or a medical provider providing cov rage insure against the risk that any one claim or an entire plan's losses will exceed a specified dollar ak punt.

## Student

Policies 'at cover students for both accident and health benefits while they are enrolled and attending school or college. These can be either individual policies or group policies sponsored by the school or college.

## TRICARE

Policies issued in association with the Department of Defense's health care program for active-duty military, active-duty service families, retirees and their families, and other beneficiaries.

## CROSS REFERENCES AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

## The Exhibit

Column 1 - Premiums Earned
Fractional premium loadings and policy fees must be included in the Earned Premiums.
The Policy Experience Exhibit requires that the Premiums Earned should be on a direct basis such that the grand total reported should equal:
A. Premiums Collected During the Year

Exhibit 1, Part 1, Lines $(6.1+10.1+16.1)$, Columns $(8+9+10)$.
B. Plus the Change in Deferred and Uncollected

Exhibit 1, Part 1, Lines (3.1+13.1), Columns (8+9+10).
C. Minus the Increase in Premium Reserves on Direct Busin ss On y Included in:

1. Unearned Premium Reserve

Exhibit 6, Line 1, Column 1.

Column 2 - Incurred Claims Amount
This column does not ‘lude the "Increase in Policy Reserves."
The Policy Expe enct Exh. it requires that the Incurred Claims should be on a direct basis such that the grand t tal re orted s ould equal:
A.

xhibit 8, Part 2, Line 6.1, Columns $(9+10+11)$.

the Change in Claim Reserves on Direct Business Only Included in:
Cxhibit 6, Line 14, Column 1.
Column 3
Change in Contract Reserves
The Policy Experience Exhibit requires that the change in contract reserves should be on a direct basis. This is the direct basis included in the sum of:

Line 2, Grand Total Individual, Group and Other Business of "D" Total Business should equal:
A. The Change in Additional Reserves

Exhibit 6, Lines $2+3$, Column 1. Current year minus prior year.
B. Plus the Change in the Reserve for Future Contingent Benefits

Exhibit 6, Line 4, Column 1. Current year minus prior year.
C. Less the Change in the Premium Deficiency Reserve

Footnote (a) Schedule H Part 2. Current year minus prior year.
Column 4 - Loss Ratio
This is the ratio of the Incurred Claims (Column 2) plus the Change in Contract
res (Column 3) to Earned Premiums (Column 1).

Column 5 - Number of Policies or Certificates as of Dec. 31
This is the number of individual policies or group certificates ispued inu covered under a group policy in force as of December 31 of the reporting year. It is t the mber of persons covered under individual policies or group certificates. Reasonable app xima are allowed when exact information is not administratively available to the reporting entity.

Column 6 - Number of Covered Lives
This is the total number of lives insured, including dep dent, under individual policies and group certificates as of December 31 of the reporting yar. Reas able approximations are allowed when exact information is not administratively availabl $o$ the $r$, orting entity.

Column 7 - Member Months
The sum of total number of lives asure a e-specified day of each month of the reported year. Reasonable approximations are allow whe act information is not administratively available to the reporting entity.

## SUMMARY

## Part 1

Columns 1 and 2 should ee cor dule H - Part 1, Column 1 minus the sum of Columns 3 and 5, Lines 2 and 3, respectively.

## Part 2

Columns 1 an 2 sho 'd agree to Schedule H - Part 1, Column 3, Lines 2 and 3, respectively.

## Part 3

Colu ns 1 and 2 should agree to Schedule H - Part 1, Column 5, Lines 2 and 3, respectively.

## Part 4

Columns 1 and 2 should agree to Schedule H - Part 1, Column 1, Lines 2 and 3, respectively. Column 3 should agree to Schedule H - Part 1 Line 6 less the change in premium deficiency reserve Footnote (a) Schedule H Part 2 current year minus prior year.

## ANALYSIS OF ANNUITY OPERATIONS BY LINES OF BUSINESS

This exhibit is required to be filed no later than April 1.
This exhibit shows Lines 1 through 33 of the Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business. Columns 4 and 8 of the Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business are segregated on this schedule into fixed annuities, indexed annuities, variable annuities general account, variable annuities separate account, and other annuities.

A company shall not omit the columns for any lines of business in which it is not engaged.
Include in the premium, benefit, withdrawal or other appropriate captioned lines of this analysis of o cra ans by lines of business, all separate accounts premiums, benefit, withdrawal or other types of transactions that are tran ferred or from the Separate Accounts Statement on Line 26. Such transactions are also to be reported as premiums honem withdrawals or other types of transactions in the analysis of operations by lines of business of the Separate Accou is Sta ment.

## Definitions:



Line 33 - Net gain from operations after dividends to policyholders and federal income taxes and before realized capital gains or (losses)

The sum of Columns 2 through 6 for Line 33 should equal Line 33, Column 4 of the Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business.

The sum of Columns 7 through 11 for Line 33 should equal Line 33, Column 8 of the Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business.

Line 34 - Policies/certificates in force end of year
In force for Individual (Columns 2 through 6) refers to number of policies In force for Group (Columns 7 through 11) refers to number of certificates

Column 1 should equal Line 9, Columns 1 plus 2 plus 4 of the Annuitic Sectiy 1 of the Exhibit of Number of Policies, Contracts, Certificates, Income Payable and colm alues In Force for Supplementary Contracts, Annuities, Accident and Health and Othe olicit

## ANALYSIS OF INCREASE IN ANNUITY RESERVES DURING THE YEAR

This exhibit is required to be filed no later than April 1.
This exhibit shows Lines 1 through 15 of the Analysis of Increase in Reserves During the Year. Columns 4 and 8 of the Analysis of Increase in Reserves During the Year are segregated on this schedule into fixed annuities, indexed annuities, variable annuities general account, variable annuities separate account, and other annuities.

This exhibit analyzes the development of life policy and contract reserves by showing how the reserve may be traced mathematically from one year-end to the next by taking account of its various theoretical components.

A company shall not omit the columns for any lines of business in which it is not engaged.

## Definitions:

Fixed Annuity: A fixed annuity is a policy or contract that has a spec ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{d}$ cre + ting rate periodically and unilaterally adjusted by the company not below mi imu motract rate. Include market value adjusted annuities.

A market value adjusted annuity is a fixed a provision that changes in the interest environment are taken into accou t $f$ the a nuity is surrendered.

Variable Annuity: A variable annuity is a policy or ceftat tha provides for annuity benefits that vary according to the investment experi e of a eparate account or accounts maintained by the insurer as to the policy or ca

An indexed annuity is a po -y or coltuct that is not a variable annuity and that contains a benefit in which tholu valu enefit is determined using an interest crediting based on the performance of an ndex on contract parameters.

The sum of Columns 7 through 11 for Line 15 should equal Line 15, Column 8 of the Analysis of Increase in Reserves During the Year.

NOTE: Line 10 is not applicable to annuities but is presented on the schedule for consistency with Analysis of Increase in Reserves During the Year.

## X-FACTORS ACTUARIAL OPINION

For all reporting entities that are required to submit an actuarial opinion on X-Factors per Appendix A-830 of the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, such document shall be filed with the state of domicile and electronically with the NAIC no later than March 1. The actuarial opinion should be filed in the same manner as the annual statement opinion.

## SEPARATE ACCOUNTS FUNDING GUARANTEED MIMIMUM BE EFI

 ACTUARIAL OPINIONA reporting entity that maintains any separate accounts governed by Model \#200 shall sp ait atictuarial opinion rendered by the valuation actuary with the state of domicile and electronically with the NAIC an yally varch 1 showing the status of the accounts as of the preceding December 31. The actuarial opinion shall be sup $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{F}}$ rted by a confidential actuarial memorandum prepared by the valuation actuary rendering the opinion and submit do to commissioner. The valuation actuary may be either the appointed actuary of the company or a qualified actur arsig by the appointed actuary to be the valuation actuary.

## SYNTHETIC GUARANTEED IN ES. EN CONTRACTS ACTUARIAL OPINION

A reporting entity that issues a synthetic guarant d invest ent contract subject to Model \#695 shall submit an actuarial opinion with the state of domicile and electronically b $^{\text {t }} t^{\prime}$ e NAIC and, upon request, a memorandum to the commissioner annually by March 1 following the Decem² ${ }^{2} 31$ varation date showing the status of the accounts as of the prior December 31. The actuarial opinion and men randum shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the commissioner.

I EASO TABLENESS OF ASSUMPTIONS CERTIFICATION REQUIRED BY ACTUARIAL GUIDELINE XXXV

For all rep tho . that are required to submit this certification, such document shall be filed with the state of domicile and "ctronically with the NAIC no later than March 1 . An example for a certification can be found in the Appendices of $\mathrm{AG} \sqrt{5}$.

## REASONABLENESS AND CONSISTENCY OF ASSUMPTIONS CERTIFICATION REQUIRED BY ACTUARIAL GUIDELINE XXXV

For all reporting entities that are required to submit this certification, such document shall be filed with the state of domicile and electronically with the NAIC no later than March 1 . An example for a certification can be found in the Appendices of AG 35.

## REASONABLENESS OF ASSUMPTIONS CERTIFICATION FOR IMPLIED GUARAN EED ATE METHOD REQUIRED BY ACTUARIAL GUIDELINE XXX ${ }^{\text {YI }}$

For all reporting entities that are required to submit this certification, such docum nt sh be filed with the state of domicile and electronically with the NAIC no later than March 1. An example for a rtification can be found in the Appendices of AG 36.

## REASONABLENESS AND CONSISTENCYOF ${ }^{\circ}$ CIV TIONS CERTIFICATION REQUIRED BY ACTUARIAL GUIDELINE XXXVI 'PDAT $D$ AVERAGE MARKET VALUE)

For all reporting entities that are required to omit this rertirication, such document shall be filed with the state of domicile and electronically with the NAIC no la than $y$ arch 1 . An example for a certification can be found in the Appendices of AG 36.


REASONABLEP - SS AND CONSISTENCY OF ASSUMPTIONS CERTIFICATION REQUIRED BV $\triangle C^{\prime}{ }^{\wedge}$ RIAL GUIDELINE XXXVI (UPDATED MARKET VALUE)

For all reporting antit s that are required to submit this certification, such document shall be filed with the state of domicile and electi icary with the NAIC no later than March 1. An example for a certification can be found in the Appendices

## C-3 RBC CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED UNDER C-3 PHASE I

Instructions for C-3 RBC Certifications state: "The risk-based capital submission is to be accompanied by a statement from the appointed actuary certifying that in his or her opinion the assumptions used for these calculations are not unreasonable for the products, scenarios and purpose being tested. This C-3 assumption Statement is required from the appointed actuary even if the cash flow testing for C-3 RBC is done by a different actuary."

This certification should be submitted with the state of domicile and electronically with the NAIC no later than March 1.

## C-3 RBC CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED UNDER C-3 Pr - SE I

The C-3 Phase II RBC instructions state the following: "Certification of the work done to the RBC level will be required to be submitted with the RBC filing. Refer to Appendices 10 and 11 of the AAA CAS 3 Phase II RBC Report (June
 the adequacy of the company's surplus or its future financial condition. The rary w 'l also note any material change in the model or assumptions from that used previously and the impact of such cnange (excl) ding changes due to a change in these NAIC instructions. Changes will require regulatory disclosure and may brsur ioregulatory review and approval."

The certification(s) should be submitted with the state of domicile a eleo nically with the NAIC no later than March 1.


## ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATIONS RELATED TO NNUITY NONFORFEITURE ONGOING COMPLIANCE

For all reporting entities that are required to s Conlity inded and Compliance for equity indexed anr aties, cuct document shall be filed with the state of domicile and electronically with the NAIC no later than March 1. n ex mple fy a certification can be found in the appendix of Model \#806.

## ARIAL OPINION REQUIRED BY MODIFIED GUARANTEED ANNUITY MODEL REGULATION

A reporting entity that issues a modified guaranteed annuity subject to Model \#255 shall submit an actuarial opinion with the state of domicile and electronically with the NAIC by March 1 following the December 31 valuation date, showing the status of the accounts as of the prior December 31. In the actuarial opinion the valuation actuary shall indicate whether the assets in the separate account are adequate to provide all future benefits that are guaranteed.

# ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATIONS RELATED TO HEDGING <br> REQUIRED BY ACTUARIAL GUIDELINE XLIII 

For all reporting entities that are required to submit an Actuarial Certification related to hedging required by Actuarial Guideline XLIII.

## FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION RELATED TO CLEARLY DEFINED HE GIN SMRATEGY REQUIRED BY ACTUARIAL GUIDELINE XLIII

For all reporting entities that are required to submit a certification by a financial officer lated clearly defined hedging strategy required by Actuarial Guideline XLIII.

MANAGEMENT CERTIFICATION THAT THE VALUAI N RLFLECTS MANAGEMENT'S INTENT REQUIRED BY ACTUAP AL GUIvÉLINE XLIII

For all reporting entities that are required to submit a certific ion benagement required by Actuarial Guideline XLIII.

## ACTU IRI CER IFICATION RELATED TO THE RESERVES

EQ ${ }^{T D T} \boldsymbol{\omega}$ BY ACTUARIAL GUIDELINE XLIII
For all reporting entitie that are required to submit an actuarial certification of reserves required by Actuarial Guideline XLIII.


## ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATION RELATED TO THE USE OF 2001 PREFERRED CLASS TABLES REQUIRED BY THE MODEL REGULATION PERMITTING THE RECOGNITION OF PREFERRED MORTALITY TABLES FOR USE IN DETERMINING MINIMUM RESERVE LIABILITIES

For all reporting entities that use the 2001 Preferred Class Tables permitted by the Model Regulation Permitting the Recognition of Preferred Mortality Tables for Use in Determining Minimum Reserve Liabilities (\#815).

## SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH CARE EXHIBIT - PARTS 1, 2 AND 3

The purpose of this supplemental exhibit is to assist state and federal regulators in identifying and defining elements that make up the medical loss ratio as described in Section 2718(b) of the Public Health Service Act (PHSA) and for purposes of submitting a report to the HHS Secretary, as required by Section 2718(a) of the PHSA. The supplemental exhibit is also intended to track and compare financial results of health care business as reported in the annual financial statements. Thus, the numbers included in this supplemental exhibit are not the exact numbers that will be utilized for rebate purposes due to possible revisions for claim reserve run-off subsequent to year-end, statistical credibility concerns and other defined adjustments. (See Cautionary Statement at www.naic.org/cmte_e_app_blanks.htm.)

A schedule must be prepared and submitted for each jurisdiction in which the company has written reomprehensive major medical health business, or has direct amounts paid, incurred or unpaid for provisions of hereservices. In addition, a schedule must be prepared and submitted that contains the grand total (GT) for the comnany. Yowever, insurers that have no business that would be included in Columns 1 through 9 or 12 of Part 1 for ANY of ae stà are not required to complete this supplement at all. If an insurer is required to file the supplement, then the intarer i ust co plete Parts 1 and 2 for each state in which the insurer has any health business, even if a particular state will show 0 en. . premiums reported in Columns 1 through 9 or 12 of Part 1 . Also, Part 3 must be completed for any state in $w$ the are non-zero amounts in Columns 1 through 9 of Part 1 . Companies should contact their domiciliary regulator obta waiver of the filing if the only reportable business in Columns 1 through 9 are comprised of closed blocks of sman roup, large group or individual business that, if totaled across all states, does not equal 1,000 lives in total.

## Run-Off and Reinsurance Business

Similarly, insurers in run-off (major medical claims incurred with o majo medical earned premiums) or that only has assumed and no direct written major medical business in any" he s. tes are not required to complete this supplement. However, $100 \%$ assumption reinsurance with novation (or $100 \%$ demrity reinsurance for administration of a block of business entered into prior to March 23, 2010 - see HHS 「 eg. 158.1vo (a)(3)) is treated as direct business for purposes of this supplement (included as direct business for he a ang reinsurer and excluded from direct business for the ceding insurer). Otherwise, the reinsurance data requit in thio supplement is only for use if an insurer writes direct major medical business and also assumes and/0 ceuo rucir isurance.

If an insurer has direct earned premiums to inc de in Co amns 1 through 9 or 12 of Part 1, but also has some business in run-off (major medical claims incurred for 2018 licy year and prior, with zero major medical earned premiums or no coverage in place), the run-off claims and expenses, esults should be reported in Part 1, Columns 1 through 9 or 12. (If an insurer files the supplement and as a state in which the only Columns 1 through 9 or 12 business is run-off business as defined above, the insurer ca report the run-off business for that state as if it was other health business; i.e., because the MLR is meaningl os lo thaw state, report zero for Columns 1 through 9 or 12 and include the run-off business along with any othe heal insurc ace reported in the Other Health Business columns of Parts 1 and 2.)

The allocation of premium and clain, hetween jurisdictions should be based upon situs of the contract. For purpose of this exhibit, situs of the contrt is defined as "the jurisdiction in which the contract is issued or delivered as stated in the contract." For individual bu, ss sold through an association, the allocation shall be based on the issue state of the certificate of coverage. When the ascosiatio i>made up of employers, it should be reported as large group or small group depending on the size of each employ r. For mployer business issued through a group trust, the allocation shall be based on the location of each employer. $<\mathrm{em}_{1}$ 'oyer $b$ siness issued through a multiple employer welfare association the allocation should be based on the location of ea en ${ }_{r}$ - yer.

Include only this schedule the business issued by this reporting entity. Business that is written by an unaffiliated entity as part of a packag rrovided to the consumer (e.g., inpatient written by this legal entity, outpatient written by unaffiliated separate entity) should not be included in this exhibit. Similarly, business written by an affiliated legal entity as part of a package provided as an option to the group employer (e.g., out of network coverage written by an affiliated entity and in-network coverage written via this legal entity) should not be included in this exhibit.

Comprehensive health coverage, Columns 1 through 3, includes business that provides for medical coverages including hospital, surgical and major medical. Include risk contracts and Federal Employees Health Benefit Plan (FEHBP), stand-alone plan and any other comprehensive plan addressed in PPACA and not excluded. Exclude mini-med plans, expatriate plans and student health plans, as these are reported in Columns 4 through 9 . Stand-alone plans (e.g., stand-alone pharmacy) excluding Medicare Part D stand-alone addressed in PPACA and not excluded should be reported in the appropriate column that corresponds to the details of the plan.

Do not include business specifically identified in other columns (e.g., uninsured business, Medicare Title XVIII, Medicaid Title XIX, vision only, dental only business, Insurance Program (SCHIP), Medicaid Program Title XXI risk contracts and short-term limited duration insurance). Stop-loss coverage for self-insured groups should be reported in Part 1, Column 11 (Other Health Business).


## COLUMN DEFINITIONS FOR SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH CARE EXHIBIT - PARTS 1 AND 2

Where specifically stated, the reporting instructions and definitions contained in the supplement should be used. When not specifically stated, use the annual statement instructions and definitions. Amounts reported in the columns below are mutually exclusive to each other and should not be duplicated in another column.

Column 1 - Comprehensive Health Coverage - Individual
Include: Health insurance where the policy is issued to an individual covering the individual and/or their dependents in the individual market. This includes group conversion policies.

Column 2 - Comprehensive Health Coverage - Small Group Employer
All policies issued to small group employers.
Include small group health plans. "Small group health plan" mean hear, plan offered in the small group market as such term is defined in state law, consistent with he giv n's state of situs reporting, in accordance with the Public Health Service Act.

Column 3 - Comprehensive Health Coverage - Large Group Employe
All policies issued to large group employers (incruding Feder Employees Health Benefit Plan and similar insured state and local fully insured progrars)

Include:
TRICARE plans.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Column } 4 & - & \text { Mini-med plans - Individual } \\ \text { Column 5 } & - & \text { Mini-med plans - Small Group En,loye } \\ \text { Column 6 } & -\quad \text { Mini-med plans - Large Group Emplo }\end{array}$
Include "mini-med" plans aso referi to as "limited benefit indemnity health insurance plans" in Section $158.120(\mathrm{~d})(3)$ of th MLR In rim Final Rule for policies that have a total annual limit of $\$ 250,000$ or less.

The definition of indivi ual, small group employer and large group employer is the same definition as used for Comprehensive Tealth Coverage (Columns 1 through 3) above.
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Column } 7 & - & \text { Expatriate lans Small Group } \\ \text { Column } 8 & - & \text { Expatriate } \mathrm{p} \text { is }-\quad \text { Group }\end{array}\right\}$
Incl de expatriate plians referenced in Section 158.120(d)(4) of the MLR Interim Final Rule as policies that F , ide coverage for employees, substantially all of whom are: working outside their country of citionshıp . orking outside of their country of citizenship and outside the employer's country of I' micir or non-U.S. citizens working in their home country.
Ther policies can be reported on a nationwide, aggregated basis, in the respective small group/large up columns. The amounts should be reported on the appropriate, domiciliary state page.

Column 9
Student Health Plans
Include student health plans referenced in Section 147.145(a) of the MLR Interim Final Rule
These policies can be reported on a nationwide, aggregated basis. The amounts should be reported on the appropriate, domiciliary state page.

## Column 10 - Government Business (Excluded by Statute)

Include government programs that are excluded by statute, such as Medicaid Title XIX, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), Medicaid Program Title XXI risk contracts and other federal or state government-sponsored coverage. Exclude Medicare Advantage Part C and Medicare Part D stand-alone plans subject to the ACA reported in Column 12.

## Column 11 - Other Health Business

Other Business (Excluded by Statute):
Health plan arrangements that do not provide comprehensive coverage as de ed by tatute.
Include short-term limited duration insurance and Medicare supple senta hearth coverage as defined under Section $1882(\mathrm{~g})(1)$ of the Social Security Act if of ased as a separate policy, including student health plans meeting this criteria. Include coveras sup non antal to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of title 10, United State Code, a sint or supplemental coverage provided under a group health plan, hospital or other fixed indent ty coverage, specified disease or illness coverage and other limited benefit plans as specit by regulations promulgated by HHS in consultation with the NAIC.

All other health care business included in the Acd ${ }^{\prime}$ ol and Yealth Experience Exhibit that is not reported in Columns 1 through 10 or 12, includiris the $\operatorname{sid}$-al he dental and vision coverages, longterm care, disability income, etc.

For insurers that assume health business vi gre te stop-loss reinsurance or other reinsurance that applied to a reinsured entity's or group of 'en ties’ ntire business that would not be allocable to comprehensive health coverage (individ, smal,oup and large group business), mini-med plans (individual, small group and large gro, bir ss), expatriate plans (small group and large group business) and student plans in Colur s 1 thro gh 9 of Parts 1 and 2 of the supplement: report such assumed reinsurance on Linf (rems) and Line 5.1 (claims) in Column 11 (Other Health Business) for the state page orresporn ing to the ceding insurer's state of domicile.

Column $12-\quad$ Medicare Advantage Part C ans Medi are Part D Stand-Alone Plans Subject to ACA
Include Medicare Adys Itage Part C plans as referenced in Section 1103 of Title 1, Subpart B of the federal Reconciliation $A$, and Medicare Part D plans as referenced in Section 1860D-12(b)(3)(D) of the federal Afford ore are tct.
These polic ca, he re orted on angregated basis on the domiciliary state page.

## SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH CARE EXHIBIT - PART 1

(To Be Filed By April 1 - Not for Rebate Purposes - See Cautionary Statement at www.naic.org/cmte_e_app_blanks.htm.)

| Column $14-$ | Uninsured Plans |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | Refer to SSAP No. 47—Uninsured Plans for additional guidance. |

Line 1.1 - Health Premiums Earned
Include:
Direct written premium plus the change in unearned premiunt serves.
Premiums earned on novated policies and on 100 assi nption reinsurance where policyholders have consented (via opt-iin or the to opt-out) to the replacement of the original policy issuer (inc ing a shere full servicing of premiums and claims have been transferred by th accuming reinsurer.

Columns 1 through 13 should equal Part 2, Line 1.11, Columns thror pir 13, respectively.
Line $1.2 \quad-\quad$ Federal High-Risk Pools
Include: $\quad$ Subsidies received or (ass ssints aid) under federal high-risk pools as provided in PPACA of $20^{n}$ [HR. 590 - cite sections for initial high-risk and
future-risk adjustment chan ms .

Line 1.3 - State High-Risk Pools
Include: $\quad$ Subsidies recein or aconts paid) under state high-risk pools.
Exclude: Item mcluded © Line 2.4.
Line $1.5 \quad-\quad$ Federal Taxes and Federal Asse
Refer to SSAP No. 101 -Income Taxes for "current income taxes incurred."
Include: Il rderal taxes and assessments allocated to health insurance coverage re orted under Section 2718 of the federal Public Health Service Act. Risk justment user fees shall be treated as government assessments.


Federal reinsurance contributions required under Section 1341 of the federal Affordable Care Act, including the assessments payable for administration expenses and U.S. Treasury assessments.

Federal income taxes on investment income and capital gains.

Include: Any industry-wide (or subset) assessments (other than surcharges on specific claims) paid to the state directly; premium subsidies that are designed to cover the costs of providing indigent care or other access to health care throughout the state; or market stabilization redistributions, or cost transfers for the purpose of rate subsidies, not directly tied to claims and that are authorized by state law.

Guaranty fund assessments.
Assessments of state industrial boards or other boards for 0 era ng expenses or for benefits to sick unemployed persons in connection th disa ility benefit laws or similar taxes levied by states.

Advertising required by law, regulation or run...ig, e eept ac ertising associated with investments.

State income, excise and business taxes oth that remium taxes.
State premium taxes plus state taxes sed orpolicy reserves, if in lieu of premium taxes.

In lieu of reporting state premiun taxe the reporting entity may choose to report payment for commu ty hene . expenditures** limited to the highest premium tax rate in the $s$ e for wich the report is being submitted, but not both.

Exclude: State sales taxes, compary does not exercise the option of including such taxes with tk cosi $f$, 000 and services purchased.

Any $p$ cuin of mmissions or allowances on reinsurance assumed that repre ents speci c reimbursement of premium taxes.

Any port $o^{f}$ ommissions or allowances on reinsurance ceded that represents specific reintursement of premium taxes.

Line 1.6a - Community Benefit Exp ditures (informational only)
Include: A bwed Community Benefit Expenditures described below and included here d on Line 1.6, limited to premiums earned on comprehensive health policies (individual, small group and large group business), mini-med plans (individual, small group and large group business) and expatriate plans. (small group and large group business) multiplied by the highest state premium tax rate applicable to entities subject to premium tax.

## EITHER*:

a. Payments to a state, by health plans, of premium tax exemption values in lieu of state premium taxes;
b. Payments by health plans for community benefit expenditures.** These payments must be state-based requirements to qualify for inclusion in this line item;
OR
c. Payments made by (federal income) tax-exempt health plans for community benefit expenditures.** (NOTE: If the instruction for Line 1.5 above is revised to exclude federal income taxes, then tax-exempt health plans may NOT include community benefit expenditures in this line.)

Exclude:
Any community benefit expenses in excess of the tax rate limitation. Such excess expenses will be reported on line 10.4a (informational) and included in line 10.4.

* These expenditures may not be double-counted between this category; a ${ }^{2}$ deral or state assessments for similar purposes included in Lines 1.5 or 1.6 ; or the uality aprovement expenses reported in Lines 6.1 through 6.4.
** Community benefit expenditures are for activities or programs that se to as ieve the objectives of improving access to health services, enhancing public health ant relir government burden. This includes activities that:
- Are available broadly to the public and serve low-income co cumers;
- Reduce geographic, financial or cultural barriers to act sing health services, and if ceased to exist would result in access problems (e.g., wng wa tintus or increased travel distances);
- Address federal, state or local public healu priori es, such as advancing health care knowledge through education or research tha hent rhe public;
- Leverage or enhance public health $\mathrm{de}_{\mathrm{f}}$ tment stivities, such as childhood immunization efforts; or
- Otherwise would become the respo sibility of government or another tax-exempt organization.

Line 1.7
-
 pren 'As written plus the change in unearned premium reserve that is transferred to the company assumntro the risk plus the change in reserve credit taken other than for unearned premiums.
rould c ree with Supplemental Health Care Exhibit, Part 2, Line 1.12 plus Line 1.13 less Line 1.14 fo each olumn.

Line 1.10 er Adjustments Due to MLR Calculations - Premiums

Any amounts excluded from premiums in Part 2 for MLR calculation purposes. Should agree with Supplemental Health Care Exhibit, Part 2, Line 1.15.

Include: Amounts charged by the reporting entity as a provider or intermediary for specified medical services (e.g., full professional, dental, radiology, etc.) provided to the policyholders or members of another insurer or reporting entity.

Unlike premiums that are collected from an employer group or individual member, risk revenue is the prepaid (usually on a capitated basis) payment, made by another insurer or reporting entity to the reporting entity in exchange for services to be provided or offered by such organization.

Health Statement:
Column 13 should equal Statement of Revenue and Expense, Line s, Cois nn 2.

Line 2.1 - Incurred Claims Excluding Prescription Drugs
Include:
Direct Paid Claims during ${ }^{1}$ Yeai
Report payment before ceded reinsurance, but net of risk-share amount ce rected.

## Change in Unpa ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Claim

Report he change between prior year and current year unpaid claims reserve including claims reported in the process of adjustment, P rce age withholds from payments made to contracted providers, reco, erable for anticipated coordination of benefits (COB) and subrogation.
in Incurred but not Reported
Report the change in claims incurred but not reported from prior year to current year. Except where inapplicable, the reserve included in these lines should be based on past experience, modified to reflect current conditions, such as changes in exposure, claim frequency or severity.

Change in Contract \& Other Claims Related Reserves (including the Change in Reserve for Rate Credits).

MLR rebates paid during the year.
Prescription drugs reported in Line 2.2.
Pharmaceutical rebates received during the year, reported in Line 2.3.
Medical incentive pools and bonuses.

Include: Expenses for prescription drugs and other pharmacy benefits covered by the reporting entity.

Exclude: Prescription drug charges that are included in a hospital billing that should be classified as Hospital/Medical Benefits on Line 2.1.

Line 2.3 - Pharmaceutical Rebates
Refer to SSAP No. 84—Health Care and Government Insured Plan Receive res for accounting guidance.

Line $2.4 \quad-\quad$ State Stop Loss, Market Stabilization and Claim/Census Based Assessment (Infor ational Only)
Any market stabilization payments or receipts by insurers that are dire volaims incurred and other claims based or census based assessments.

State subsidies based on a stop-loss payment methodology.
Unsubsidized state programs designed to address distribu ${ }^{+}$of H risks across health insurers via charges to low risk-carriers that are distributed to hign ; z carrı rs.

Refer to SSAP No. 35R—Guaranty Fund and Othe As. ssmuts for accounting guidance.
Line 3 - Incurred Medical Incentive Pools and Bonus
Arrangements with providers and other $r$ sk-sharing arrangements whereby the reporting entity agrees to either share savings or make in entiu $m$ ats to providers to promote quality improvements as defined in the PHSA (Section 2717).

Should agree to Supplemen A Health are Exhibit, Part 2, Line 2.11, for each column.
Health Statement:
Column 15 sh uld equal Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Part 2, Line 13, Column 1 minus 10.

Line 4 - Deductible Arau and At ise Detection/Recovery Expenses
This amount is he lesser of the expense reported in Part 3, Column 7, Lines 1.11, 2.11, 3.11, 4.11, 5.11 6.11, 7.11, 8.1 and 9.11, and the fraud and abuse recoveries reported in Part 2, Line 3, Columns $1,2,2,5,6,7,8$ and 9 , respectively.

Line 5.0
Total lin urred Claims (Lines $2.1+2.2-2.3+3$ )
Shon agree with Supplemental Health Care Exhibit, Part 2, Line 2.15.
Line 5.1
Net Assumed Less Ceded Reinsurance Claims Incurred
Assumed reinsurance claims paid plus the change in the assumed reinsurance claims liability and aggregate assumed reinsurance claims reserve less the ceded reinsurance claims paid plus the change in the ceded reinsurance claims liability and aggregate ceded reinsurance claims reserve less the change in claims related reinsurance recoverables.

Should agree with Supplemental Health Care Exhibit, Part 2, Line 2.16 plus Line 2.17, less Line 2.18, for each column.

## Line $5.2 \quad$ - Other Adjustments Due to MLR Calculation - Claims

Any amounts excluded from claims in Part 2 for MLR calculation purposes.
Deduct: $\quad$ MLR rebated incurred included in Line 5.0
Line $5.3 \quad-\quad$ Rebates Paid
MLR Rebates paid during the year.
Columns 1 through 3 should equal Note 24, Retrospectively Rated Contracts \& con acts Subject to Redetermination, Line 24D(8), Columns 1 through 3, respectively.

Sum of Columns 4 through 9 plus 12 should equal Note 24 , Retrospe fively Rated Contracts \& Contracts Subject to Redetermination, Line 24D(8), Column 4.

Line $5.4 \quad-\quad$ Estimated Rebates Unpaid at the End of the Prior Year
Should equal Line 5.5 from the prior year.
Columns 1 through 3 should equal Note 24, Retrospectiv Rat ontracts \& Contracts Subject to Redetermination, Line 24D(3), Columns 1 through 3, s ective •

Sum of Columns 4 through 9 plus 12 should e Notu 24, Retrospectively Rated Contracts \& Contracts Subject to Redetermination, Line 24D Colun 4.
Line 5.5 - Estimated Rebates Unpaid at the End of the Cuin nt Year
MLR rebates estimated but unpaid $s$ of on period.
Columns 1 through 3 should qua ote 4 , Retrospectively Rated Contracts \& Contracts Subject to Redetermination, Line 24D ر), Colum 1 through 3, respectively.

Sum of Columns 4 through 5 lus 12 should equal Note 24, Retrospectively Rated Contracts \& Contracts Subject to Redeterminatın, Line 24D(9), Column 4.

This cross-check is for thear-end annual statement accrual for the Public Health Service Act rebates to Supplemental reart Cane Exhibit, Part 1 April 1 filing. This amount may differ from the final payment $n$ de ir accord ace with the HHS filing.

Line 5.6 - Fee-for-Service nd Co-Pay Revenue (net of expenses)


Revenue recognized by the reporting entity for collection of co-payments from members and revenue derived from health services rendered by reporting entity providers that are not included in member policies.

Medical expenses associated with fee-for-service business.

Line 6.1 - Improve Health Outcomes
Include expenses meeting the definition of Improve Health Outcomes in Part 3, Column 1 that are not health information technology expenses.

Part 1, Column 1, Line 6.1 should tie to Part 3, Column 1, Line 1.10
Part 1, Column 2, Line 6.1 should tie to Part 3, Column 1, Line 2.10
Part 1, Column 3, Line 6.1 should tie to Part 3, Column 1, Line 3.10
Part 1, Column 4, Line 6.1 should tie to Part 3, Column 1, Line 4.10
Part 1, Column 5, Line 6.1 should tie to Part 3, Column 1, Line 5.10
Part 1, Column 6, Line 6.1 should tie to Part 3, Column 1, Line 6.10
Part 1, Column 7, Line 6.1 should tie to Part 3, Column 1, Line 10
Part 1, Column 8, Line 6.1 should tie to Part 3, Column 1, Line ${ }^{`} 10$
Part 1, Column 9, Line 6.1 should tie to Part 3, Column 1, LiA 9.10
Line $6.2 \quad$ - Activities to Prevent Hospital Readmissions
Include expenses meeting the definition of Improving ativitie to Prevent Hospital Readmissions in Part 3, Column 2 that are not health information technolos, exp ises.

Part 1, Column 1, Line 6.2 should tie to Part Column 2, Line 1.10
Part 1, Column 2, Line 6.2 should tie to Fat 3, Cowmn 2, Line 2.10
Part 1, Column 3, Line 6.2 should tic 0 P 3, Column 2, Line 3.10
Part 1, Column 4, Line 6.2 shoul tie to Par 3, Column 2, Line 4.10
Part 1, Column 5, Line 6 - Shou tie Part 3, Column 2, Line 5.10
Part 1, Column 6, Line 2 should e to Part 3, Column 2, Line 6.10
Part 1, Column 7, Line 6.2 S. 1 tie to Part 3, Column 2, Line 7.10
Part 1, Column 8, I me 6.2 should tie to Part 3, Column 2, Line 8.10
Part 1, Column O Lin 6.2 should tie to Part 3, Column 2, Line 9.10
Line 6.3 - Improve P ieyt fety a d Reduce Medical Errors
Include expense meeting the definition of Improve Patient Safety and Reduce Medical Errors in Part Zolumn 3 that are not health information technology expenses.

- 1, Jlumn 1, Line 6.3 should tie to Part 3, Column 3, Line 1.10

Part , Column 2, Line 6.3 should tie to Part 3, Column 3, Line 2.10
Part 1, Column 3, Line 6.3 should tie to Part 3, Column 3, Line 3.10
Part 1, Column 4, Line 6.3 should tie to Part 3, Column 3, Line 4.10
Part 1, Column 5, Line 6.3 should tie to Part 3, Column 3, Line 5.10
Part 1, Column 6, Line 6.3 should tie to Part 3, Column 3, Line 6.10
Part 1, Column 7, Line 6.3 should tie to Part 3, Column 3, Line 7.10
Part 1, Column 8, Line 6.3 should tie to Part 3, Column 3, Line 8.10
Part 1, Column 9, Line 6.3 should tie to Part 3, Column 3, Line 9.10

Include expenses meeting the definition of Wellness and Health Promotion Activities in Part 3, Column 4 that are not health information technology expenses.

Part 1, Column 1, Line 6.4 should tie to Part 3, Column 4, Line 1.10
Part 1, Column 2, Line 6.4 should tie to Part 3, Column 4, Line 2.10
Part 1, Column 3, Line 6.4 should tie to Part 3, Column 4, Line 3.10
Part 1, Column 4, Line 6.4 should tie to Part 3, Column 4, Line 4.10
Part 1, Column 5, Line 6.4 should tie to Part 3, Column 4, Line 5.10
Part 1, Column 6, Line 6.4 should tie to Part 3, Column 4, Line 6.10
Part 1, Column 7, Line 6.4 should tie to Part 3, Column 4, Line $\$ 10$
Part 1, Column 8, Line 6.4 should tie to Part 3, Column 4, Line 10
Part 1, Column 9, Line 6.4 should tie to Part 3, Column 4, Lin 9.10
Line $6.5 \quad-\quad$ Health Information Technology Expenses related to Health Imp vemf it
Include expenses meeting the definition of HIT Exp es for lealth Care Quality Improvements in Part 3, Column 5 that are health information technology xpe ses. Include ICD-10 conversion costs incurred up to $.3 \%$ of earned premium related to an improvement. (Refer to 45 CFR 158.150 of PPACA.) Exclude ICD-10 expenses related to clầ is adjù cation or maintenance.

Part 1, Column 1, Line 6.5 should tie to-Part Column 5, Line 1.10
Part 1, Column 2, Line 6.5 should ti to ${ }^{-14}$, Column 5, Line 2.10
Part 1, Column 3, Line 6.5 should a to 3, Column 5, Line 3.10
Part 1, Column 4, Line . 5 shoulo ie toPart 3, Column 5, Line 4.10
Part 1, Column 5, Line 6. should e to Part 3, Column 5, Line 5.10
Part 1, Column 6, Line 6.5 sho d tie to Part 3, Column 5, Line 6.10
Part 1, Column 7, ine 6.5 should tie to Part 3, Column 5, Line 7.10
Part 1, Colur 10 , ine .5 should tie to Part 3, Column 5, Line 8.10
Part 1, Colu n 9, L e 6.5 should tie to Part 3, Column 5, Line 9.10

Line $8.1 \quad-\quad$ Cost Containment Expenses not Included in Quality of Care Expenses in Line 6.6
Include: Expenses that actually serve to reduce the number of health services provided or the cost of such services. Exclude cost containment expenses that improve the quality of health care (reported in Line 6.6). The following are examples of items that shall be considered "cost containment expenses" only if they result in reduced levels of costs or services (see the instructions for Part 3 of this supplement for items that qualify for Quality Improvement instead of "cost containment"):

Post and concurrent claim case management activities ass cta with past or ongoing specific care;

Utilization review;
Detection and prevention of payment for fravdule requ. for reimbursement;
Expenses for internal and external appeals
Network access fees to preferrea provi or organizations and other network-based health plans (ing ocription drug networks), and allocated internal salaries a relat costs associated with network development and/or provider contr ting.

## Line $8.2 \quad-\quad$ All Other Claims Adjustment Expenses

All Other Claims Adjustment Expenses not Inclu ${ }^{\circ}$ od in Quality of Care Expenses in Line 6.6.
Include: Costs expec to aCu red in connection with the adjustment and recording of accident ana ealtb ams defined in SSAP No. 55-Unpaid Claims, Losses and Lr instr nt Expenses. Further, Claim Adjustment Expenses for Man sed Care eporting Entities are those costs expected to be incurred in conne ion with $1 e$ adjustment and recording of managed care claims defined in SSAP No. ${ }^{-5}$ - npaid Claims, Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses.

amples of other claim adjustment expenses are:

Estimating the amounts of losses and disbursing loss payments;
Maintaining records, general clerical and secretarial;
Office maintenance, occupancy costs, utilities and computer maintenance;

Supervisory and executive duties; and
Supplies and postage.
Line $10 \quad-\quad$ General and Administrative Expenses

$\quad$ General and Administrative Expenses not Included in Line 6.6 or Line 8.3.

Line $10.1 \quad-\quad$ Direct Sales Salaries and Benefits

Compensation (including, but not limited, to salaries and benefits) to employees of the company engaged in the activity of soliciting and generating sales to policyholders for the company.

Line $10.2 \quad-\quad$ Agents and Brokers Fees and Commissions
All expenses incurred by the company payable to a licensed agent, broker or p ducer ho is not an employee of the issuer in relation to the sale and solicitation of policies for the 0 omp vy.

Line $10.3 \quad-\quad$ Other Taxes (Excluding Taxes on Lines 1.5 through 1.7 above and Li. e 14 elow)
Include: Taxes of Canada or of any other foreign co try no specifically provided for elsewhere.

Sales taxes, other than state sales taxes, comp ry does not exercise option of including such taxes with the cost $0^{f}{ }^{\text {a }}$ ds services purchased.

Line 10.4a - Community Benefit Expenditures (informational only: alt ady ry ported in line 10.4)
Community benefit expenditures excluded from - 1.6 - je to tax rate limitation.
Line 16 - ICD-10 Implementation Expenses (Informationa only; already included in Line 8.2 and Line 6.5) Costs associated the implementation cons including the total cost of conversion, claims adjudication, maintenance and quality $\tau p r o$ vo ent allowance.

Line 16a - ICD-10 Implementation Ex enses (Inı mational only, already included in Line 6.5)
Include: Quality h ro cment ICD-10 conversion costs incurred up to $.3 \%$ of earned promium in L.e relevant state market. (Refer to 45 CFR 158.150 of PPACA.)

## OTHER INDICATORS

These should be allocated to jurisdictions in the same manner as premium.
Line $1 \quad-\quad$ Number of Certificates / Policies
This is the number of individual policies (for individual business) or certificates issued to individuals covered under a group policy in force as of end of the reporting period. It is not the number of persons covered under individual policies or group certificates. Reasonable approximations are allowed when exact information is not administratively available to the insurer.

Column 15 should equal Accident and Health Policy Experience Exhibit Column Line 42 - D1.
Line $2-\quad$ Number of Covered Lives
This is the total number of lives insured, including dependents, under div policies and group certificates as of the reporting period. Reasonable approximations a allow d when exact information is not administratively available to the insurer.

Column 15 should equal Accident and Health Policy Experient Exhil MColumn 6, Line D2 - D1.
Line 3 - Number of Groups
This is the total number of insurance groups issued so the of the reporting period.
Line 4 - Member Months
The sum of total number of lives insured on a nre-specified day of each month of the reported period. Reasonable approximations are all ved ex ct information is not administratively available to the insurer.

## ACA RECEIPTS, PAYMENTS, RECEIVABLES and PAYABLES TABLE

## Permanent ACA Risk Adjustment Program

The amounts from the lines below for Column 1, Individual Plans and Column 2, Small Group Employer Plans, are included in the amount reported on Line 1.1 of Part 2:

Line 1.0 Premium adjustments receivable/(payable)
Line 4.0 Premium adjustments receipts/(payments)

## Transitional ACA Reinsurance Program

The amounts from the lines below for Column 1, Individual Plans, are included in the mon eported on Line 2.17 and Line 2.18 of Part 2:

Line 2.0 Amounts recoverable for claims (paid \& unpaid)
Line 5.0 Amounts received for claims

## Temporary ACA Risk Corridors Program

The amounts from the lines below for Column 1, Individual P and olumn 2, Small Group Employer Plans, are included in the amount reported on Line 1.6 of Part 2:

Line 3.1 Accrued retrospective premium
Line 3.2 Reserve for rate credits or polity ex are efunds
 included in the amount reported on Line .5 of Part
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Line 6.1 } & \text { Retrospective premium rec red } \\ \text { Line 6.2 } & \text { Rate credits or policy experienue refunds paid }\end{array}$

## SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH CARE EXHIBIT - PART 2

Column 13 - Total
For Part 2, the GT (Grand Total) page:

- Column 13, Line 1.16 (Net Premiums Earned) should equal the Accident and Health Policy Experience Exhibit, Part 4, Column 1, Line 6 (Total) minus Line 2 (Other Forms Direct Business).
- Column 13, Line 1.11 (Total Direct Premiums Earned) minus Line 1.5 (Paid Rate Credits) minus Line 1.8 (Change in Reserve for Rate Credits) plus Line 1.15 ( Ot er $A$ iustments Due to MLR Calculation - Premiums) should equal the Accident and Heầ , Policy Experience Exhibit, Part 4, Column 1, Line 1 (U.S. Forms Direct Business).
- Column 13, Line 2.20 (Net Incurred Claims) minus Line 211 (ncurre Medical Incentive Pools and Bonuses) should equal the Accident and Health Poiv vone Exhibit, Part 4, Columns 2 plus 3, Line 6 (Total) minus Line 2 (Other Fort Dire Business).
- Column 13, Line 2.15 (Total Incurred Claims) minus ine 2. Paid Rate Credits) minus Line 2.9 (Reserve for Rate Credits Current Year) plus Liri 2.10 (Reserve for Rate Credits Prior Year) minus Line 2.11 (Incurred Medical Incens e Po lis and Bonuses) plus Line 2.19 (Other Adjustments Due to MLR Calculation - natr -) Sirvald equal the Accident and Health Policy Experience Exhibit, Part 4, Colums 2 s s, L e 1 (U.S. Forms Direct Business).

NOTE: If the reporting entity has a Premium Def cienc, Reserve, they will fail the crosschecks above due to the Accident and Health Flicy . merience Exhibit excluding Premium Deficiency Reserve. The reporting entity should ${ }_{p}$, vide , at explanation for the crosscheck failure.

Lines $1.1 \quad-\quad$ Direct Premiums Written
Include: Premiv $\mathrm{auj}_{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{tm}$ 's for contracts subject to redetermination where premium adju nents are based on the risk scores (health status) of covered enrollees, rather ban the tual loss experience of the policy (e.g., Medicare Advantage risk adjus nen and ACA risk adjustment). See SSAP No. 54R—Individual and Group Acci,ent and Health Contracts and SSAP No. 107-Risk-Sharing I ovisions of the Affordable Care Act for accounting guidance.


Report experience-rated refund liabilities less receivables under retrospectively rated contracts.
Include: MLR rebates accrued, premium stabilization reserves and risk corridor liabilities less receivables.

Line $1.9 \quad-\quad$ Premium Balances Written Off
Include: Agents' or premium balances determined to be uncollectible and written off as losses. Also include recoveries during the current year on odi ces previously written off. Include actual write offs, not reserves for debur statutory nonadmitted amounts.

Line 1.10 - Group Conversion Charges
If Line 1.1 has been reduced or increased by the amount of any $v$ versinarges associated with group conversion privileges between group and individual lines of bu iness in the annual statement accounting, enter the reverse of these charges on this line in the appl riate columns.

Line $1.11 \quad-\quad$ Total Direct Health Premiums Earned
Include: Direct written premium plus the chige ir unearned premium reserves.
Line $1.12 \quad-\quad$ Assumed Premium Earned from Non-affiliates
Include: Premiums assumed from oding entity per SSAP No. 61R—Life, Deposit-Type and Accident and $V$ calth Reltruurance.

Line $1.13 \quad-\quad$ Net Assumed Less Ceded Premiums in ned fro Affiliates
Include: Prem ams recei d from ceding entity and ceded premium per SSAP No. 61RLife, ь nosit-Ty ? and Accident and Health Reinsurance.

Line 1.14 - Ceded Premium Earned to Non-afinates
Include:
As ssments payable for reinsurance for issuers of individual policies per A AP No. 107-Risk-Sharing Provisions of the Affordable Care Act and ceded
pr mium per SSAP No. 61R—Life, Deposit-Type and Accident and Health insurance.

## Line 1.15 - Oth Adjustments Due to MLR Calculation - Premiums

Any amounts excluded from premium for MLR calculation purposes that are normally included in premiums for financial statement purposes.

MLR rebates or any other premium adjustment related to retrospectively rated contracts as those amounts are to be reported on Part 2 Line 1.5 through Line 1.8.

## Hospital/Medical Benefits

Include: Expenses for physician services provided under contractual arrangement to the reporting entity.

Salaries, including fringe benefits, paid to physicians for delivery of medical services. Capitation payments by the reporting entity to physicians for delivery of medical services to reporting entity subscribers.

Fees paid by the reporting entity to physicians on a fe or-serve basis for delivery of medical services to reporting entity subcrrib $\varsigma$. This includes capitated referrals.

Inpatient hospital costs of routine and anvillary cerve for reporting entity members while confined to an acute care hos

Charges for non-reporting entity physician su vices provided in a hospital are included in this line item only if includt as an mdefined portion of charges by a hospital to the reporting entity. cepa itemized or billed, physician charges should be included in o. a de ret rals, below.)

The cost of utilizing skilled riss ontintermediate care facilities.
Routine hospital servy inci es regular room and board (including intensive care units, coronary care its ard other special inpatient hospital units), dietary and nursing servic o, medicar-surgical supplies, medical social services and the use of cert in e nei and facilities for which the provider does not customarily ma a sear te charge.

Anci ary servic may also include laboratory, radiology, drugs, delivery room, physio therapy ervices, other special items and services for which charges are customai -m e in addition to a routine service charge.
© illed nursing facilities are primarily engaged in providing skilled nursing care at related services for patients who require medical or nursing care or at related services
I. ermediate care facilities are for individuals who do not require the degree of care and treatment that a hospital or skilled nursing-care facility provides, but that do require care and services above the level of room and board.

Expenses for other professional providers under contractual arrangement to the reporting entity.

Salaries, as well as fringe benefits, paid by the reporting entity to non-physician providers licensed, accredited or certified to perform specified clinical health services, consistent with state law, engaged in the delivery of medical services to reporting entity enrollees. Capitation payments by the reporting entity to such clinical service

Compensation to personnel engaged in activities in direct support of the provision of medical services.

Exclude: Professional services not meeting this definition. Report these services as administrative expenses. For example, exclude compensation to paraprofessionals, janitors, quality assurance analysts, administrative supervisors, secretaries to medical personnel and medical record clerks.

Outside Referrals
Include: Expenses for providers not under arrangement with the reporting entity to provide services, such as consultations or out-of-network providers.

## Emergency Room and Out-of-Area

Include: Expenses for other health delivery services, includino eme ency room costs incurred by members for which the reporting entity is responsible and out-of-area service costs for emergency physion an hospit 1 .

In the event a member is admitted to the he h car facility immediately after seeking emergency room service, emerge vore ic expenses are reported in this line, the expenses after admission are rep red in the hospital/medical line, provided the member is seeking ser ves in the service area. Out-of-area expenses incurred, whether emerger ar are reported in this line.

Line 2.1
aid Claims during the Year
Report payments net of risk share amo $\mathrm{nt} \mathrm{col}^{\mu \mathrm{O}}$, ed.

## Line 2.2

Report the outstanding liabilitie. ${ }^{\circ}$ or ${ }$ /alth care services related to claims in the process of adjustment, incurred but not reported amounts ithheld from paid claims and capitations.

aid Claims

Report the current year unpaid claims reserves, including claims reported in the process of adjustment, percentage withholds from payments made to contracted providers, recoverable for anticipated coordination of benefits (COB) and subrogation.

Incurred but not Reported

Report the claims incurred but not reported in the current year. Except where inapplicable, the reserve included in these lines should be based on past experience, modified to reflect current conditions, such as changes in exposure, claim frequency or severity.

The direct claims related portion of lawsuit liability as reported on the Liabilities Page 3, Line 4.2 (Life Statement), Line 1, (Health Statement) and Line 1 (Property Statement).

## Line $2.4 \quad-\quad$ Direct Claim Reserves Current Year

Report reserves related to health care services for present value of amounts not yet due on claims and the claims related portion for reserve for future contingent benefits.

Include: $\quad$ Amounts for the reserve for rate credits for the current year.

The direct claims related portion of lawsuit reserves as reported on the Liabilities Page 3, Line 2 (Life Statement), Line 7 (Health Statement) and Line 1 (Property Statement).

Line 2.6 - Direct Contract Reserve Current Year
Report the amount of reserves required when due to the gross premium sucture the future benefits exceed the future net premium. Contract reserves are in addition to claim lia ilitie and claim reserves. Refer to SSAP No. 54R—Individual and Group Accident and Heal, ronu cts ror guidance.

Include: $\quad$ Contract reserves and other claims related rt
Exclude: Premium deficiency reserves.
Line $2.8 \quad-\quad$ Paid Rate Credits
Report experience-rated premium refunds paid or eceir ${ }^{1}$ during the reporting year for retrospectively rated contracts.

Include: MLR rebates paid isk ardor premiums paid or received, and all other premium refunds aid ceived related to retrospectively rated contracts.

Line $2.9 \quad-\quad$ Reserve for Rate Credits Curren
Report experience-rated re nd liabiliti ; less receivables under retrospectively rated contracts.
Include: MLR reba accrued, premium stabilization reserves, and risk corridor l Jilities less receivables.

Line 2.11 - Incurred Medical In Dools and Bonuses
Arrangem tre whers ders and other risk-sharing arrangements whereby the reporting entity agrees to share savio witreontracted providers.

Line 2.12 - Net ith Care Receivables
$R$ por the wange between prior year health care receivables and current year health care receivables. fe amo nts on this line are the gross health care receivable assets, not just the admitted portion. This at vunt hould not include those health care receivables, such as loans or advances to non-related party spitals, established as prepaid assets that are not expensed until the related claims have been ived from the provider.

Line 2.13

## Group Conversion Charges

If Line 1.1 has been reduced or increased by the amount of any conversion charges associated with group conversion privileges between group and individual lines of business in the annual statement accounting, enter the reverse of these charges on this line. Otherwise, if group conversion charges were reported separately from premiums and claims on the annual statement, enter these charges on this line in the appropriate columns.

If multi-option coverage is provided to a single employer at blended rates, which are defined as cross-subsidized rates charged for coverage provided by a single employer through two or more affiliates, the reporting entity may make an adjustment to bring each affiliate's ratio of incurred claims to earned premium to equal the ratio calculated for that employer group in aggregate for the MLR reporting year. If the reporting entity chooses to make this adjustment, it must be made for a minimum of three years. (This does NOT include dual contract amounts for in network and out of network coverage.)

Line 2.15 - Total Incurred Claims
Should agree to Supplemental Health Care Exhibit, Part 1, Line 5.0.
Line 2.19 - Other Adjustments Due to MLR Calculation - Claims


Should agree to Supplemental Health Care Exhibit, Part 1, Line 5.0.

Include: Any amounts excluded from claims for N cat lation purposes that are normally included in claims for financia stato purposes. For example, premium deficiency reserves are excluded $\rightarrow m$ contract reserves for MLR purposes in Part 2; thus, premium defic cy re erves would be included on this Line. Include the adjustment for coverage amounts (if offsetting line 2.14 , report as a negative an nt).

Do Not Include MLR rebates or any othe miun adjustment related to retrospectively rated contracts as those an unts an to be reported on Part 2 Line 2.8 through Line 2.10.

Line 3 - Fraud and Abuse Recoveries that Reduce PAID Crums in Line 2.1 above (informational only) Include collected recoveries on paid $\alpha$ ims $\mathrm{onl}^{\text {nol }}$

Report the amount of direct wn on emium included in Column 13, Line 1.1 for stand-alone dental and vision policies.


## SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH CARE EXHIBIT - PART 3

This exhibit is intended to provide disclosure of expenses by major type of activity that improves health care quality, as defined below, as well as the amount of those expenses that is used for other activities, and reported separately for the comprehensive health coverage (individual, small group and large group business), mini-med plans (individual, small group and large group business), expatriate plans (small group and large group business) and student health plans.

This exhibit also shows the amount of qualifying HIT expenses, reported separately for the comprehensive health coverage (individual, small group and large group business), mini-med plans (individual, small group and large group business), expatriate plans (small group and large group business) and student health plans, broken down into the four categories of Quality Improvement expenses (see below); similarly, the Other than HIT qualifying Quality Impror cill + expenses are disclosed for each of the four categories of Quality Improvement expenses.

The definitions of Individual, Small Group and Large Group are found in the instructions for Part 1 anc or this supplement exhibit.

## Improving Health Care Quality Expenses - General Definition:

Quality Improvement (QI) expenses are expenses, other than those billed or alloca d by a provider for care delivery (i.e., clinical or claims costs), for all plan activities that are designed to imp ve he tol care quality and increase the likelihood of desired health outcomes in ways that are capable of brable ely measured and of producing verifiable results and achievements.

The expenses must be directed toward individual enrollees or $m y$ incur red for the benefit of specified segments of enrollees, recognizing that such activities may provide $k^{(1)}$ lth $\mathrm{im}_{\mathrm{F}}$ ovements to the population beyond those enrolled in coverage, as long as no additional costs art curi due to the non-enrollees other than allowable QI expenses associated with self-insured plans.

Qualifying QI expenses should be grounded in vide sast medicine, widely accepted best clinical practice or criteria issued by recognized professional medica societio, accreditation bodies, government agencies or other nationally recognized health care quality

They should not be designed primarily a contro or contain cost, although they may have cost-reducing or cost-neutral benefits, as long as the primary iv is ${ }^{\prime}$ to improve quality.

Qualifying QI activities are primari> designed to achieve the following goals set out in Section 2717 of the PHSA and Section 1311 of the PPACA:

- Improve l alth utcom s including increasing the likelihood of desired outcomes compared to a baseline anc sduc alth disparities among specified populations;
- Prevent hospital It dmissions;
- Imprơn vatient safety and reduce medical errors, lower infection and mortality rates;
- I creas welmess and promote health activities; or
E. 'ance the use of health care data to improve quality, transparency and outcomes.

NO - Expenses that otherwise meet the definitions for QI but were paid for with grant money or other funding sparate from premium revenues shall NOT be included in QI expenses.

## Column $1 \quad-\quad$ Improve Health Outcomes

Expenses for the direct interaction of the insurer (including those services delegated by contract for which the insurer retains ultimate responsibility under the insurance policy), providers and the enrollee or the enrollee's representatives (e.g., face-to-face, telephonic, Web-based interactions or other means of communication) to improve health outcomes as defined above.

This category can include costs for associated activities such as:

- Effective case management, care coordination and chronic disease management. including:
o Patient-centered intervention, such as:
- Making/verifying appointments;
- Medication and care compliance initiatives;
- Arranging and managing transitions from one seting arroner (such as hospital discharge to home or to a rehabilitation center);
- Programs to support shared decision-making with path ts, trerr families and the patient's representatives; and
- Reminding insured of physician appointme ter or other appropriate contact with specific providers;
0 Incorporating feedback from the insured to en monitor compliance;
o Providing coaching or other support to en enage ompliance with evidence-based medicine;
0 Activities to identify and encourage ence-vased medicine;
o Use of the medical homes mode as d $\frac{1}{}$ nea for purposes of Section 3602 of PPACA;
o Activities to prevent avoidab hospital dmissions;
o Education and parti patiolt sen nanagement programs; and
o Medication and compliar ce initiatives, such as checking that the insured is following a medically effective piscrib a regimen for dealing with the specific disease/condition and incorporating feedback $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ a the insured in the management program to effectively monitor compliance;
- Accreditation fan nationally recognized accrediting entity directly related to quality of care activitivs in uded ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Columns 1 through 5;
- Expens ass iat with identifying and addressing ethnic, cultural or racial disparities in effectivent of identified best clinical practices and evidence-based medicine;
- Ality reporting and documentation of care in non-electronic format; and
- $\quad$ ormation technology expenses to support these activities (report in Column 5 - see ins a ctions) including:

Data extraction, analysis and transmission in support of the activities described above; and
Activities designed to promote sharing of medical records to ensure that all clinical providers have access to consistent and accurate records from all participants in a patient's care.

## Column $2-\quad$ Activities to Prevent Hospital Readmission

Expenses for implementing activities to prevent hospital readmissions as defined above, including:

- Comprehensive discharge planning (e.g., arranging and managing transitions from one setting to another, such as hospital discharge to home or to a rehabilitation center) in order to help ensure appropriate care that will, in all likelihood, avoid readmission to the hospital;
- Personalized post-discharge counseling by an appropriate health care professional;
- Any quality reporting and related documentation in non-electronic form for activities to prevent hospital readmission; and
- Health information technology expenses to support these activities (renort Column 5 - see instructions) including:
o Data extraction, analysis and transmission in support of the activiti desc bed above; and
o Activities designed to promote sharing of medical records ensu that all clinical providers have access to consistent and accurate records from all praicip ats in a patient's care.


## Column 3 - Improve Patient Safety and Reduce Medical Errors

Expenses for implementing activities to improve pas safety and reduce medical errors (as defined above) through:

- The appropriate identification and use of best inical practices to avoid harm;
- Activities to identify and encourage ev, nce-oased medicine in addressing independently identified and documented clinical e ors or sarcy concerns;
- Activities to lower risk of facility acqured fections;
- Prospective prescription arug tiliza ion review aimed at identifying potential adverse drug interactions;
- Any quality reporting and Iated ocumentation in non-electronic form for activities that improve patient safety and reduce mear. 1 errors; and
- Health informatio technology expenses to support these activities (report in Column 5 - see instructions), inol, ${ }_{1}$ dins $_{4}$
o D a ex action, analysis and transmission in support of the activities described above; and
o Ac ties unged to promote sharing of medical records to ensure that all clinical providers have acu ss to consistent and accurate records from all participants in a patient's care.
Column 4 - Wellnes \& Health Promotion Activities
xpense for programs that provide wellness and health promotion activity as defined above ( $\quad$ far -to-fo-face, telephonic or Web-based interactions or other forms of communication), including:

Wellness assessment;

- Wellness/lifestyle coaching programs designed to achieve specific and measurable improvements;
- Coaching programs designed to educate individuals on clinically effective methods for dealing with a specific chronic disease or condition; and
- Public health education campaigns that are performed in conjunction with state or local health departments.
- Actual rewards/incentives/bonuses/reductions in co-pays, etc. (not administration of these programs) that are not already reflected in premiums or claims should be allowed as QI with the following restrictions:
o Only allowed for small and large employer groups, not individual business; and the expense amount is limited to the same percentage as the HIPAA incentive amount limit;
- Any quality reporting and related documentation in non-electronic form for wellness and health promotion activities;
- Coaching or education programs and health promotion activities designed to change member behavior (e.g., smoking, obesity); and
- Health information technology expenses to support these activities (Renort Column 5 - See instructions).


## Column 5 - HIT Expenses for Health Care Quality Improvements

The PPACA also contemplates "Health Information Technology" as a nction that may in whole or in part improve quality of care, or provide the technological infrastruc re to enhance current QI or make new QI initiatives possible. Include HIT expenses required accoi ${ }^{\text {p }}$ lish the activities reported in Columns 1 through 4 that are designed for use by health the electronic creation, maintenance, access or ed hge 0 health information, consistent with Medicare/Medicaid meaningful use requirements, m the llowiy g ways:

1. Monitoring, measuring or reporting clinical fectiv ess, including reporting and analysis costs related to maintaining accreditation by (ion ${ }^{1} \mathrm{l} \mathrm{y}$ recognized accrediting organizations, such as NCQA or URAC; or costs for public rep ting of quality of care, including costs specifically required to make accurate determin cions on fined measures (e.g., CAHPS surveys or chart review of HEDIS measures) ard cos \&f pu lic reporting mandated or encouraged by law;
2. Advancing the ability of onroh s, P-oviders, insurers or other systems to communicate patient-centered clinical or met al formation rapidly, accurately and efficiently to determine patient status, avoid armful dru interactions or direct appropriate care - this may include electronic health recora access le by enrollees and appropriate providers to monitor and document an individual patit, medical history;
3. Tracking whether specific class of medical interventions or a bundle of related services leads to better patient outcons;
4. Reformattin trans ittıng or reporting data to national or international government-based health organ ation for th purposes of identifying or treating specific conditions or controlling the spread ${ }^{\text {'is }}$ seaso, or
5. Provision of enctronic health records and patient portals.
6. ICD 10 conversion costs incurred up to $.3 \%$ of earned premium related to quality improvement.


Costs associated with establishing or maintaining a claims adjudication system, including costs directly related to upgrades in HIT that are designed primarily or solely to improve claims payment capabilities or to meet regulatory requirements for processing claims (e.g., costs of implementing new administrative simplification standards and code sets adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), 42 U.S.C. 1320d-2, as amended, including the ICD-10 conversion costs not related to quality improvement and ICD-10 conversion costs incurred that are in excess of $.3 \%$ of earned premium that are related to quality improvement.
a. Health Care Professional Hotlines: Expenses for health care professional hotlines should be included in Claims Adjustment Expenses to the extent they do not meet the criteria for the above defined columns of Improve Health Outcomes, Activities to Prevent Hospital Readmissions, Improve Patient Safety and Reduce Medical Errors, and Wellness \& Health Promotion Activities.
b. Prospective Utilization Review: Expenses for prospective utilization review should be included in Claims Adjustment Expenses to the extent they do not meet the criteria for the above defined columns of Improve Health Outcomes, Activities to Prevent Hospital Readmissions, Improve Patient Safety and Reduce Medical Errors, and Wellness \& Health Promotion Activities, AND the prospective utilization review activities are not conducted in accordance wru a program that has been accredited by a recognized accreditation body.

The following items are broadly excluded as not meeting the definitions above:

- All retrospective and concurrent utilization review;
- Fraud prevention activities (all are reported as cost containment, but Part 1, Line includes MLR recognition of fraud detection/recovery expenses up to the amount recovered that reduces incunt clatms);
- The cost of developing and executing provider contracts and fees assoc ted y th establishing or managing a provider network;
- Provider credentialing;
- Marketing expenses;
- Any accreditation fees that are not directly related to activ. so inc ded in Columns 1 through 5;
- Costs associated with calculating and administering ind lidee or employee incentives; and
- Any function or activity not expressly included in Coll rough 5.

NOTE: The NAIC will review requests to inc ae enso for broadly excluded activities and activities not described under Columns 1 through 5 above, pon an at quate showing that the activity's costs support the definitions and purposes therein, or otherwis suppor monitoring, measuring, or reporting health care quality improvement, the NAIC may recomin nd that the HHS Secretary certify those expenses as Quality Improvement.

The sections for comprehensive health cove re (individual, small group and large group business), mini-med plans (individual, small group and large grou bush oss) and expatriate plans (small group and large group business) are defined as per the comprehensive health co rage indivic al, small group and large group business), mini-med plans (individual, small group and large group business), e atria (small group and large group business) and student health plans columns in Parts 1 and 2 of this supplement.

For questions on definitions, ifer to the instructions for the Annual Statement Expenses Schedule (i.e., the Underwriting and Investment Exhibit, Part 2 P/ Health, and Exhibit 2 for Life and Fraternal), for the line references provided below. DIFFERENT FROM A/S I YPENSE REPORTING: For non-affiliated management agreements/outsourced services, report all amouns in th suppl ment's Line 1.2, 2.2, 3.2, 4.2, 5.2, 6.2, $7.2,8.2$ or 9.2 for Outsourced Services (not just those amounts less than lo or rotal expenses). Continue to allocate all affiliated management agreements/outsourced services to the appropr es as if the costs had been borne directly by the insurer.

Lines 1.1, 2.1,
3.1, 4.1, 5.1,
6.1, 7.1, 8.1
\& 9.1 -
Salaries
Life/Fraternal Statement:
Exhibit 2, Line 2 Salaries and wages
Exhibit 2, Line 3.11 Contributions for benefit plans for employees
Exhibit 2, Line 3.12 Contributions for benefit plans for agents
Exhibit 2, Line 3.21 Payments to employees under non-funded benefit plans
Exhibit 2, Line 3.22 Payments to agents under non-funded benefit plans
Exhibit 2, Line 3.31 Other employee welfare
Exhibit 2, Line 3.32 Other agent welfare

## Health Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 2 Salaries, wages and other benefits

## P/C Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 8.1 Salaries
U\&I Part 3, Line 9 Employee relations and ware
U\&I Part 3, Line 11 Directors' fees
Lines 1.2, 2.2,
3.2, 4.2, 5.2,
6.2, 7.2, 8.2
\& 9.2 -
Outsourced Services Include:

All no affiliatr 1 expenses for administrative services, claim management services, w rogramming, membership services, and other similar services, rf jardless or amount. Thus, non-affiliated amounts greater than the $10 \%$ - reshold that are reported in the various expense categories (e.g., salaries, rent) foi $V^{\prime}$ Expense Exhibit reporting will be backed out of the expense categories
 reported in Outsourced Services in the Supplemental Health Care Exhibit, 3. In addition, the non-affiliated amounts less than the $10 \%$ threshold will included in Outsourced Services (reported as follows in the A/S Expense Exhibit):

## Life/Fraternal Statement:

Exhibit 2, Line 4.5 Expense of investigation and settlement of policy claims Outsourced portion of Exhibit 2, Line 7.1 Agency expense allowance

## Health Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 14 Outsourced services including EDP, claims, and other services

## P/C Statement:

Outsourced portion of U\&I Part 3, Line 1.4 Net claim adjustment services Outsourced portion of U\&I Part 3, Line 2.8 Net commission/brokerage Outsourced portion of U\&I Part 3, Line 3 Allowances to manager and agents

Exclude:
Services provided by affiliates under management agreements.

Lines 1.3, 2.3,
3.3, 4.3, 5.3,
6.3, 7.3, 8.3
\& $9.3-\quad$ EDP Equipment and Software

## Life/Fraternal Statement:

Exhibit 2, Line 5.7 Cost or depreciation of EDP equipment and software

## Health Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 13 Cost or depreciation of EDP equipment and software

## P/C Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 15 Cost or depreciation of EDP equipment and so. var
Lines 1.4, 2.4,
3.4, 4.4, 5.4,
6.4, 7.4, 8.4
\& 9.4 -
Other Equipment (excluding EDP)

## Life/Fraternal Statement:

Exhibit 2, Line 5.6 Rental of equipment
Equipment amounts from Exhibit 2, Line 5 Co . or depreciation of furniture/equipment Health Statement:

Lines 1.5, 2.5,
3.5, 4.5, 5.5,
6.5, 7.5, 8.5
\& 9.5 -


Include:
Fees associated with the certification and accreditation of a health plan, including but not limited to: fees paid to Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care Organizations (JCAHO), National Committee on Quality Assurance (NCQA), and American Accreditation Health Care Commission (URAC).

Life/Fraternal Statement:
Applicable portion of Exhibit 2, Line 6.2 Bureau and association fees

## Health Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 5 Certification and Accreditation

## P/C Statement:

Applicable portion of U\&I Part 3, Line 5 Boards, bureaus and associations
Exclude: Rating agencies and other similar organizations.

Lines 1.6, 2.6,
3.6, 4.6, 5.6,
6.6, 7.6, 8.6

## \& 9.6 - <br> Other Expenses

Include: Any additional expenses not included in another category.
Life/Fraternal Statement:
Exhibit 2, Line 1 Rent
Exhibit 2, Line 4.1 Legal fees and expenses
Exhibit 2, Line 4.2 Medical examination fees
Exhibit 2, Line 4.3 Inspection report fees
Exhibit 2, Line 4.4 Fees of public accountant na dlting actuaries
Exhibit 2, Line 5.1 Traveling expenses
Exhibit 2, Line 5.2 Advertising
Exhibit 2, Line 5.3 Postage, express, ${ }^{\prime}$ egr , H h and telephone
Exhibit 2, Line 5.4 Printing ro stati hery
Furniture portion of Eribit , Line 5.5 Cost or depreciation of furniture/equipmer
Exhibit 2, Line 6. .ooks nd periodicals
Non-accreditat porth fexhibit 2, Line 6.2 Bureau and association fees
Exhibit , Lin $\quad$ In rance, except on real estate
Exb ${ }^{2} \sim$ Lin 6.4 Miscellaneous losses
xhibit 2, L 飞e 6.5 Collection and bank service charges
Exim it 2, I пе 6.6 Sundry general expenses
In house portion of Exhibit 2, Line 7.1 Agency expense allowance
Exhibit 2, Line 7.2 Agents' balances charged off (less \$__ recovered)
Exhibit 2, Line 7.3 Agency conferences other than local meetings
Exhibit 2, Line 9.1 Real estate expenses
Exhibit 2, Line 9.2 Investment expenses not included elsewhere
Exhibit 2, Line 9.3 Aggregate write-ins for expenses

## Health Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 1 Rent
U\&I Part 3, Line 3 Commissions
U\&I Part 3, Line 4 Legal fees
U\&I Part 3, Line 6 Auditing, actuarial and other consulting
U\&I Part 3, Line 7 Traveling expenses
U\&I Part 3, Line 8 Marketing and advertising
U\&I Part 3, Line 9 Postage, express and telephone
U\&I Part 3, Line 10 Printing and office supplies
U\&I Part 3, Line 11 Occupancy, depreciatrón an amort zation
U\&I Part 3, Line 15 Boards, bureaus anc. soch ion fees
U\&I Part 3, Line 16 Insurance, except rear te
U\&I Part 3, Line 17 Collection and ${ }^{\text {h }}$ ank se jice charges
U\&I Part 3, Line 18 Groun ser act ad aministration fees
U\&I Part 3, Line 21 Re... esta expes ses
U\&I Part 3, Line 24 In stms t expenses not included elsewhere
U\&I Part 3, Line ${ }^{-}$Agg gate write-ins

P/C Statement:

In house prion of V \& Part 3, Line 1.4 Net claim adjustment services
In couse $P_{P}$ rtion $f$ U\&I Part 3, Line 2.8 Net commission/brokerage
house pos on of U\&I Part 3, Line 3 Allowances to manager and agents
U\&I + + , Line 4 Advertising
Non-accreditation portion of U\&I Part 3, Line 5 Boards, bureaus and associations

U\&I Part 3, Line 6 Surveys and underwriting reports
U\&I Part 3, Line 7 Audit of assured's records
U\&I Part 3, Line 10 Insurance
U\&I Part 3, Line 12 Travel and travel items
U\&I Part 3, Line 13 Rent and rent items
U\&I Part 3, Line 16 Printing and stationery
U\&I Part 3, Line 17 Postage, telephone and telegraph, exchange and express
U\&I Part 3, Line 18 Legal and auditing
U\&I Part 3, Line 21 Real estate expenses
U\&I Part 3, Line 24 Aggregate write-ins

Lines 1.8, 2.8,
3.8, 4.8, 5.8,
6.8, 7.8, 8.8
\& $9.8 \quad-\quad$ Reimbursement by uninsured plans and fiscal intermediaries

## Life Statement:

Exhibit 2, Line 6.7 Group service and administration fees
Exhibit 2, Line 6.8 Reimbursements by uninsured plans

## Health Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 19 Reimbursements by uninsured plans
U\&I Part 3, Line 20 Reimbursements from fiscal intermediailas (e r., Me care, CHAMPUS, other governmental)

P/C Statement:

Lines 1.9, 2.9,
3.9, 4.9, 5.9,
6.9, 7.9, 8.9
\& 9.9 -
Taxes, Licenses and Fees
Life Statement:
Exhibit 3, Line 1 Real estate taves
Exhibit 3, Line 2 State insurance o varti licenses and fees
Exhibit 3, Line 3 State xes on priuns
Exhibit 3, Line 4 Other S te taxes $\mathrm{ncl} \$$ __ for employee benefits
Exhibit 3, Line 5 U.S. Social _curity taxes
Exhibit 3, Line 6 other taxes
Fraternal Statem at:
Exhibit, I ine , weal estate taxes
Fxhibit 3, Liil- 2 State insurance department licenses and fees
Exh it 3, Line 3 Other state taxes, incl \$__ for employee benefits
Ex. bit 3, Line 4 U.S. Social Security taxes
Exb bit 3, Line 5 All other taxes
ith Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 22 Real Estate Taxes
U\&I Part 3, Line 23.1 State and local insurance taxes
U\&I Part 3, Line 23.2 State premium taxes
U\&I Part 3, Line 23.3 Regulatory authority licenses and fees
U\&I Part 3, Line 23.4 Payroll taxes
U\&I Part 3, Line 23.5 Other (excluding federal income and real estate)

## P/C Statement:

U\&I Part 3, Line 8.2 Payroll taxes
U\&I Part 3, Line 20.1 State and local insurance taxes, deducting guaranty association credits of \$ $\qquad$
U\&I Part 3, Line 20.2 Insurance department licenses and fees
U\&I Part 3, Line 20.3 Gross guaranty association assessments
U\&I Part 3, Line 20.4 All other taxes, licenses and fees (excluding federal and foreign income and real estate)

U\&I Part 3, Line 22 Real estate taxes


## EXPENSE ALLOCATION SUPPLEMENTAL FILING

A single (not state-by-state), separate, regulator-only supplemental filing must be made by the insurer to provide a description of the method utilized to allocate QI expenses to each state and to each line and column on Part 3.

Additionally, companies reporting QI expenses in Part 3, Columns 1 through 5 must include a detailed description of such expense elements, including how the specific expenses meet the definitions above.

The definitions established in the Supplemental Health Care Exhibit apply to this supplemental filing, as well. For a new initiative that otherwise meets the definition of QI above but has not yet met the objective, verifiable results requirement, include an " $X$ " in the "New" column of the supplement and include in the description the expected time allr for the activity to accomplish the objective, verifiable results.

Expenses for prospective utilization review and the costs of reward or bonuses associated with we ness , health promotion that are included in QI should include an "E" in the "New" column. These will be review dor dhere ce to the definition and standards of QI and may be specifically incorporated into, or excluded from, the instruction for for future reporting purposes.


## SUPPLEMENTAL TERM AND UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE REINSURANCE EXHIBIT

## PART 1 - ALL CESSIONS OF TERM AND UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE WITH SECONDARY GUARANTEES

This exhibit is required to be filed no later than April 1.
Part 1 applies to all cessions of life insurance policies containing guaranteed non-level gross premiums, guaranteed non-level benefits and universal life insurance policies with secondary guarantees, regardless of the effective date 1 c cession or the issue date of the policies, excepting only reinsurance of:
(1) Policies that satisfy the criteria for exemption set forth in Section 6F or 6G of ne $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{A}}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Model Regulation (\#830), and which are issued before he la rof:
(a) The effective date of the NAIC Term And Universal Life In nance Deserve Financing Model Regulation (\#787) in the reporting entity’s state of domicile,
(b) The date on which the reporting entity begins to apply the "ovisic no VM -20 (as defined below) to establish the ceded policies’ statutory reserves, but ev ater than Jan 1, 2020;
(2) Portions of policies that satisfy the criteria for exemption set rth in Section 6E of Model \#830, and which are issued before the later of:
(a) The effective date of Model \#787 in the ortı. entity's state of domicile, and
(b) The date on which the reporting en a beoins apply the provisions of VM-20 to establish the ceded policies’ statutory reser, s, bl ios yent later than Jan. 1, 2020;

Any universal life policy that mee arr the llowing requirements:
(a) Secondary guarantee ped, if any is five (5) years or less;
(b) Specified premium for the so ondary guarantee period is not less than the net level reserve premium for the econdary guarantee period based on the Commissioners Standard Ordinary (CSO) valuation $\mathrm{tab}^{*}$ and valuation interest rate applicable to the issue year of the policy; and
(c) The i tial urrend charge is not less than one hundred percent (100\%) of the first-year annually of sp ific premium for the secondary guarantee period;

NOTE: For purposes of this Exhibit, the term "universal life with secondary guarantees" shall not clude the policies described in (3) above.
(5) $A_{1}$ varme life insurance policy that provides for life insurance, the amount or duration of which varies g to the investment experience of any separate account or accounts; or
(6)
ny group life insurance certificate unless the certificate provides for a stated or implied schedule of maximum gross premiums required in order to continue coverage in force for a period in excess of one year.

A cession described above shall be reported in Part 1, even if one or more of the following circumstances exist:

1. The domiciliary regulator of the reporting entity has issued a waiver of compliance with Actuarial Guideline XLVIII-Actuarial Opinion and Memorandum Requirements for the Reinsurance of Policies Required to be Valued under Sections 6 and 7 of the NAIC Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Model Regulation (Model 830) (AG48) to the reporting entity.
2. Regulation substantially similar to Model \#787 has not been adopted by the domiciliary regulator of the reporting entity.
3. The risks ceded arise under policies that meet the definition of "Grandfathered F (as defined below).
4. The risks ceded qualify for an exemption from AG48 pursuant to Section 3 t'ereor riom Model \#787 pursuant to Section 4 thereof.

Cessions shall be reported on a treaty-by-treaty basis.
NOTE: Cessions reported on this exhibit should be reported on Schedule S, Part Section 1 using only the codes XXXL (XXX Life) or AXXX (AXXX Life) as the type of business ce 'rd in olumn 6 of that schedule.

The terms below shall have the following definitions for the purposes of this ${ }^{7} \mathrm{t} 1$ :
A. Actuarial Method: The methodology used to deter the required Level of Primary Security, as described in Section 6 of Model \#787.
B. Covered Policies: Subject to the exemptions descin od in Section 4 of Model \#787, Covered Policies are those policies, other than Grandfathered Polic cs, of the rollowing policy types:

1. Life insurance policies with gua nteed n-level gross premiums and/or guaranteed non-level benefits, except for flexib pro ium niversal life insurance policies; or
2. Flexible premium univ al life i surance policies with provisions resulting in the ability of a policyholder to keep a polio, in $f$ fce over a secondary guarantee period.
C. Grandfathered Policies: dicies of the types described in Subsections B1 and B2 above that were:
3. Issued prior Jan 4, 2, 15; and
4. Ceded, of 1, 2014, as part of a reinsurance treaty that would not have met one of the exemptions et forth in Section 4 of Model \#787 had that section then been in effect.
D. Required, vel of Primary Security: The dollar amount determined by applying the Actuarial Method to the risko odea ${ }^{\text {in }}$ respect to Covered Policies but not more than the total reserve ceded.
E. Trim ry Sec rity: The following forms of security:

Cash meeting the requirements of Section 3A of the NAIC Credit for Reinsurance Model Law (\#785);

Securities listed by the Securities Valuation Office meeting the requirements of Section 3B of Model \#785, but excluding any synthetic letter of credit, contingent note, credit-linked note or other similar security that operates in a manner similar to a letter of credit, and excluding any securities issued by the ceding insurer or any of its affiliates; and
3. For security held in connection with funds withheld and modified coinsurance reinsurance arrangements:
a. Commercial loans in good standing of CM3 quality and higher;
b. Policy loans; and
c. Derivatives acquired in the normal course and used to support and hedge liabilities pertaining to the actual risks in the policies ceded pursuant to the reinsurance arrangement.
F. Other Security: Any asset, including any asset meeting the definition of Primary curity, \&ceptable to the commissioner of the ceding insurer's domiciliary state.
G. Valuation Manual: The Valuation Manual adopted by the NAIC as divscrib in Sf tion 11B(1) of the NAIC Standard Valuation Law (\#820), with all amendments adopted by the Alo are effective for the financial statement date on which credit for reinsurance is claimed.
H. VM-20: "Requirements for Principle-Based Reserves for Life Products, including all relevant definitions, from the Valuation Manual.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Column } 1- & \text { NAIC Company Code } \\ & \text { Provide the NAIC code of the assuming insurer. }\end{array}$
Column 2 - ID Number
Enter one of the following as app pria th assuming insurer reported on the schedule. See the Schedule S General Instructions for $n$ e infarr ation on these identification numbers.

| Federal Employer Ider iication N mber | (FEIN) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Alien Insurer Identificat $\chi^{\text {Numb }}$ | (AIIN) |
| Certified Reinsurer Identits tior Jumber | (CRIN) |

Column 3 - Name of Company

Column 4 - Reinsurer is ander or Domiciled in Another State and that Meets Certain Additional Statu rry Accounting and RBC Requirements (YES/NO)

Enter VES" if the reinsurance was ceded to an assuming insurer that meets the applicable reauiname of Section 2A, Section 2B or Section 2C of Model \#785, as adopted in the reporting € tity's tate of domicile, and in addition:

- Pares its statutory financial statements in compliance with the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, without any departures from NAIC statutory accounting practices and procedures pertaining to the admissibility or valuation of assets or liabilities that increase the assuming insurer's reported surplus and are material enough that they would need to be disclosed in the financial statement of the assuming insurer pursuant to SSAP No. 1-Accounting Policies, Risks \& Uncertainties, and Other Disclosures; and

2. Is not in a Company Action Level Event, Regulatory Action Level Event, Authorized Control Level Event, or Mandatory Control Level Event as those terms are defined in the NAIC Risk-Based Capital (RBC) for Insurers Model Act (\#312) when its RBC is calculated in accordance with the life RBC report, including overview and instructions for companies, as the same may be amended by the NAIC from time to time, without deviation.

## Column $5 \quad-\quad$ Reinsurer that is Licensed, Accredited or Domiciled in Another State and that Meets Certain

 Additional Non-affiliation, Statutory Accounting, Licensing, and RBC Requirements (YES/NO)Enter "YES" if the reinsurance was ceded to an assuming insurer that meets the applicable requirements of Section 2A, Section 2B or Section 2C of Model \#785, as adopted in the reporting entity's state of domicile, and that, in addition:

1. Is not an affiliate, as that term is defined in Section 1A of the NAIC Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act (\#440), of:
(a) The insurer ceding the business to the assuming insurer; or
(b) Any insurer that directly or indirectly ceded the business to that coding insurer;
2. Prepares statutory financial statements in compliance with the NAIC Accou ting Practices and Procedures Manual;
3. Is both:
(a) Licensed or accredited in at least 10 states (incluo ig its sate of domicile): and
(b) Not licensed in any state as a captive, $s_{\boldsymbol{I}}$, al pu ose vehicle, special purpose financial captive, special purpose life reinsurance mpar , limited purpose subsidiary or any other similar licensing regime; and

Column 6 - Certified Reinsurer (YES/NO)
Enter "YES" if the insurance was ceded to an assuming insurer that meets the applicable requirements of Section ${ }^{\top}$ E of the NAIC Credit for Reinsurance Model Law (\#785) and has been certified in the cf ang surv.'s domiciliary state or, if that state has not adopted a provision equivalent to Section E, in minin lm of five states.

Column $7 \quad-\quad$ Reinsurer Meen o Certain Size and Licensing Requirements (YES/NO)
Enter "ES" if the reinsurance was ceded to an assuming insurer that maintains at least $\$ 250$ million in anital ${ }^{n}$ surplus when determined in accordance with the NAIC Accounting Practices and I ocea es Manual, including all amendments thereto adopted by the NAIC, excluding the impact of v pern tted or prescribed practices; and is:

Licensed in at least 26 states; or
2. Licensed in at least 10 states, and licensed or accredited in a total of at least 35 states.

Column 8 Reinsurer Maintaining Trust Fund (YES/NO)
Enter "YES" if the reinsurance was ceded to an assuming insurer that meets the applicable requirements of Section 2D of the NAIC Credit for Reinsurance Model Law (\#785), as adopted in the reporting entity's state of domicile.


| Column $10 \quad-\quad$ Affiliate (YES/NO) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Enter "YES" if the assuming insurer identified in Column 3 is an affiliate. |


| Column $11 \quad-\quad$ Effective Date |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Provide the effective date of the reinsurance ceding arrangement. |
| Column $12 \quad-\quad$ Statutory Reserve |  |

State the dollar amount of the statutory reserve for the life it rance products containing guaranteed non-level gross premiums, guaranteed non-level benefit un in life insurance policies with secondary guarantees included in the ceded reinsuran or ntraci

Column 13 - Statutory Reserve Credit Taken
State the dollar amount of the total statutory, erve redit taken for life insurance products containing guaranteed non-level gross premiums, guarart od non-level benefits and universal life insurance policies with secondary guarantees inclu ea in the ceded reinsurance contract. For reserves subject to modified coinsurance, report the m difie $n$ St ance reserve.


State the dollar amount of statutong policy reserve credit taken (include the impact of any liability established as a resula frimary Security being less than the Required Level of Primary Security offset) for life insurance roducts containing guaranteed non-level gross premiums or guaranteed nonlevel benefits. Fo rest es subject to modified coinsurance, report the modified coinsurance reserve.

Column 15 - Universal L Stáarr Policy Reserve Credit Taken
Stat the dollar anvunt of statutory policy reserve credit taken for universal life insurance policies with secon v guarantees. For reserves subject to modified coinsurance, report the modified coinsurance


## SUPPLEMENTAL TERM AND UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE REINSURANCE EXHIBIT

## PART 2 - TRANSACTIONS SUBJECT TO PART 2A OR PART 2B DISCLOSURE

 (GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS)This exhibit is required to be filed no later than April 1. All capitalized terms used in Part 2 shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Part 1.

Part 2 applies to all cessions identified in Part 1 except cessions as to which Column 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 is repr teu. "YES."
A cession to which Part 2 applies shall be reported in Part 2A if:
a. Column 9 in Part 1 is reported as "YES" with respect to such cession; or
b. The cession is of risks under policies that meet the definition of "Grandfathe

All other cessions to which Part 2 applies shall be reported in Part 2B. In the event that a c sion contains both risks required to be reported in Part 2A according to the instructions above, and risks to be reporteu i Part 0 according to the instructions above, the reporting of the cession shall be bi-furcated accordingly between Part 2 B under the same Cession ID.

For purposes of Part 2, the word "collateral" shall mean assets retarned Ds the eding company through a modified coinsurance or funds withheld basis and assets held in trust by the assumig vire or the benefit of the ceding company, or, if the case of a letter of credit, in the possession of the ceding company held $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ trust for the benefit of the ceding company. Collateral also includes parental guarantees made payable to the ces, con vany.

For assets that would be admitted under the NAIC Accountinc Practices-and Procedures Manual if they were held by the reporting entity and without taking into consideration any ib ois permitted practices, and including assets held in trust, the values are to be determined according to statutory accoun ing par dures the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual as if such assets were held in the reportin cilt 's $g$ eral account. If the ceding company cannot determine the statutory accounting value of certain assets unde the NAI' Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual after making a diligent effort to do so, the ceding company can nort that asset using the value assigned to the asset for the purpose of determining the amount of reserve credit taken; provic d , b wever, any such assets must be reported on a line separate from those assets valued in accordance with the NALC Accountig Practices and Procedures Manual and the reporting entity shall provide a note indicating the basis for the vald tion used.

For all other assets, the values are to be nos that were assigned to the collateral in the reporting entity's Schedule S for the purpose of determining the amou of 1 serve $c$ edit allowed.

## SUPPLEMENTAL TERM AND UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE REINSURANCE EXHIBIT

## PART 2A - TRANSACTIONS SUBJECT TO PART 2 DISCLOSURE

 (GRANDFATHERED OR SPECIAL EXEMPTION)| Column 1 | - | Cession ID |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Enter a unique Cession ID for each line (01-99). |
| Column 2 | - | NAIC Company Code |
|  |  | Provide the NAIC code of the assuming insurer. |
| Column 3 | - | ID Number |

Enter one of the following as appropriate for the assuming insurer ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{ng} \mathrm{re}_{\mathrm{F}}$ red on the schedule. See the Schedule S General Instructions for more information on these iden. ication numbers.

Federal Employer Identification Number Alien Insurer Identification Number Certified Reinsurer Identification Number

Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Name of Company
Provide the name of the assuming insurer.
Column 5 - Effective Date or Prior Year Annual State nent Date
Provide the later of the effective of th cession or the annual statement date immediately preceding the current annual 9

## As of Effective Date or Prior Year's Annual Sta. nent

Column 6 - Statutory Reserve
State the dollar amount $f$ the statutory reserve for the life insurance products containing guaranteed non-level gross $\quad$ emm ns, juaranteed non-level benefits and universal life insurance policies with secondary uara ees ing uded in the ceded reinsurance contract.

Column 7 - Statutory Resei Credit Taken
State
insum
y ive
a of
colim
insumance mats containing guaranteed non-level gross premiums, guaranteed non-level benefits and ivers life insurance policies with secondary guarantees included in the ceded reinsurance contract of the date reported in Column 5. For reserves subject to modified coinsurance, report the modified colimunce reserve.
Column 8A $\quad-\quad$ "Economic Reserve" Level
State the value as of the date reported in Column 5 of:
(A) That portion of the statutory reserve credit that the reporting entity and the reporting entity's domestic regulator have agreed must be supported by assets admissible per the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and that cannot be financed; or
(B) If no such agreement exists, the reserves calculated by the method required under the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for the jurisdiction in which the reinsurer's affiliated group prepares GAAP financial statements; or
(C) If the agreement referenced in (A) does not exist and (B) does not ap ${ }^{1} v$, that portion of the reserve established by the reinsurer that the reinsure and insarer's domestic regulator have agreed must be supported by assets adinissibl per th NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and that cannot be finain
(D) If (A), (B) or (C) does not apply, the reserve requir by a pogulator in the jurisdiction of the reinsurer.

## Column 8B - "Economic Reserve" Level (Method Used)

Indicate the method used to calculate the amount stated In Colu n 8A by inserting (A), (B), (C) or (D) after the stated value.

## Column 9 - Primary Security

State the value as of the date reported in column s-of the Primary Security received by the reporting entity as collateral.

Column 10 - Other Security
State the value as of the date aported i Column 5 of all collateral that is not reported in Column 9.

## As of Current Year's Annual Statement

Column 11 - Statutory Reserve
State the flar nount fthe statutory reserve for the life insurance products containing guaranteed non-level $g$, s pirnir as, guaranteed non-level benefits and universal life insurance policies with secondary guara tees included in the ceded reinsurance contract.
Column 12 - Statut, Reserve Credit Taken
$\varsigma$ ate thr dollar amount of the statutory reserve credit taken by the reporting entity (include the impact
any $]$ ability established as a result of Primary Security being less than the Required Level of Primu- Security offset) for the life insurance products containing guaranteed non-level gross in miums, guaranteed non-level benefits and universal life insurance policies with secondary guarantees included in the ceded reinsurance contract as of the current annual statement date. For reserves subject to modified coinsurance, report the modified coinsurance reserve.

State the value as of the current annual statement date of:
(A) That portion of the statutory reserve credit that the reporting entity and the reporting entity's domestic regulator have agreed must be supported by assets admissible per the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and that cannot be financed; or
(B) If no such agreement exists, the reserves calculated by the method required under the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for the jurisdiction in which the reinsurer's affiliated group prepares GAAP financial statements; or
(C) If the agreement referenced in (A) does not exist and (B) does not ap ${ }^{1} v$, that portion of the reserve established by the reinsurer that the reinsure and insarer's domestic regulator have agreed must be supported by assets adinissibl per th NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and that cannot be finain
(D) If (A), (B) or (C) does not apply, the reserve requir by a pogulator in the jurisdiction of the reinsurer.

## Column 13B - "Economic Reserve" Level (Method Used)

Indicate the method used to calculate the amount stated $\mathrm{Col} m \mathrm{mn} 13 \mathrm{~A}$ by inserting (A), (B), (C) or (D) after the stated value.

Column 14 - Primary Security
State the value as of the current anny statemend date of the Primary Security received by the reporting entity as collateral.

Column 15 - Primary Security - Trust
State the value as of the rent an al statement date of any part of the collateral reported in Column 14 that is held in trust 1 the ,enefit of the reporting entity.
Column 16 - Primary Security - Fun s Withheld or Modified Coinsurance
State the value o or he current annual statement date of any part of the collateral reported in Column 1 that held b the reporting entity on a funds withheld basis or on a modified coinsurance basis.

Column $17 \quad-\quad$ Oth Security
Stata the ${ }^{17}$ e as of the current annual statement date of all collateral that is not reported in (olumi 4 .

## SUPPLEMENTAL TERM AND UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE REINSURANCE EXHIBIT

## PART 2B - TRANSACTIONS SUBJECT TO PART 2 DISCLOSURE (NON-GRANDFATHERED)

| Column $1-$ | Cession ID |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | Enter a unique Cession ID for each line (01 - 99). |

To differentiate between cessions that contain risks subject to the provisions of and those that contain risks subject to the provisions of a state regulation equivalent to Model $\boldsymbol{f}^{\mathbf{c}} 7$, appod an A or B after the cession ID.

In the event that a cession contains risks subject to both the provision of A 48 an the provisions of a state regulation equivalent to Model \#787, the reporting of the cesion s. 11 burcated accordingly and listed on two distinct lines.

Use "A" for cessions that contain risks subject to the provisions of $A=48$.
Use "B" for cessions that contain risks subject to the provi or ate regulation.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Column } 2-\quad \text { NAIC Company Code } \\ & \text { Provide the NAIC code of the assuming insurer. }\end{array}$
Column 3 - ID Number
Enter one of the following as appreriat fre assuming insurer being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule S General Instructions fo more in ormation on these identification numbers.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Federal Employer Iden ication 1 | mber | (FEIN) |
| Alien Insurer Identifica $\quad \eta$ Numb | (AIIN) |  |
| Certified Reinsurer Identifl ior Number | (CRIN) |  |

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Column } 4- & \text { Name of Company } \\ \text { Provide the name or tin ass...ning insurer. } \\ \text { Column } 5 & -\quad \text { Effective } D_{e} \text { or ear Annual Statement Date }\end{array}$
Provide the later of the effective date of the cession or the annual statement date immediately prece, or the current annual statement date.

 non-level gross premiums, guaranteed non-level benefits and universal life insurance policies with secondary guarantees included in the ceded reinsurance contract.

| Column 7 | - | Statutory Reserve Credit Taken |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | State the dollar amount of the statutory reserve credit taken by the reporting entity for the life insurance products containing guaranteed non-level gross premiums, guaranteed non-level benefits and universal life insurance policies with secondary guarantees included in the ceded reinsurance contract as of the date reported in Column 5. For reserves subject to modified coinsurance, report the modified coinsurance reserve. |
| Column 8 | - | Required Level of Primary Security |
|  |  | State the Required Level of Primary Security applicable to the covered policies or ate reported in Column 5. |
| Column 9 | - | Primary Security |
|  |  | State the value of the Primary Security received by the reportin ent as ateral as of the date reported in Column 5. |
| Column 10 | - | Other Security |
|  |  | State the value as of the date reported in Column 5 of all c (erat is not reported in Column 8. |
| As of Current Year's Annual Statement |  |  |
| Column 11 | - | Statutory Reserve |
|  |  | State the dollar amount of the statutory reserve or the life insurance products containing guaranteed non-level gross premiums, guaranteed ron-level bunefits and universal life insurance policies with secondary guarantees included in he c do rel surance contract as of the current annual statement date. |
| Column 12 | - | Statutory Reserve Credit T |
|  |  | State the dollar amount of the s. tuto reserve credit taken by the reporting entity (include the impact of any liability established as a Noult of Primary Security being less than the Required Level of Primary Security off t) for the life insurance products containing guaranteed non-level gross premiums, guaranteed on-level benefits and universal life insurance policies with secondary guarantees inclur $\mathrm{a} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{m}}$ the reded reinsurance contract as of the current annual statement date. For reserves sl ject modi ed coinsurance, report the modified coinsurance reserve. |
| Column 13Column 14 |  | Required Lever f Primary Security |
|  |  | Column 14 nary Security |
|  |  | State the value of the Primary Security received by the reporting entity as collateral as of the current annual statement date. |
|  |  | Should not be zero if an amount is reported in Column 12. |

If Column 13 is greater than Column 14, state the value as of the current annual statement date of any additional Primary Security received by the reporting entity after the as of date of the current annual statement as collateral to cover the difference.

Column 16 - Primary Security - Trust
State the value as of the current annual statement date of any part of the collateral reported in Column 14 and Column 15 that is held in trust by the assuming insurer for the benefit of the reporting entity.

Column 17 - Primary Security - Funds Withheld or Modified Coinsurance
State the value as of the current annual statement date of any part o the cl lateral reported in Column 14 and Column 15 that is held by the reporting entity on and uheld basis or on a modified coinsurance basis.

Column 18 - Other Security
State the value as of the current annual statement dat atateral that is not reported in Columns 14 and 15.

## ** Columns 19 through 20 will be electronic only.

Column 19 - Primary Security Shortfall
If Column 12 is greater than Column 14 and if Coramn 13 is greater than the sum of Column 14 and Column 15, state the difference betveen colun 13 and the sum of Column 14 and Column 15.

If Column 12 is equal to or 14 or if Column 13 is less than or equal to the sum of Column 14 and Column 15 eave this olumn blank.

Column 20 - Other Security Shortfall
If Column 12 is gre r than Column 14 and if Column 12 minus the sum of Column 14 and Column 15 is greater t n Column 18, state the difference between Column 12 and the sum of Column 14 and C runn 15.

If Column is er less than Column 14 or if Column 12 minus the sum of Column 14 and Column 15 is lt than or equal to Column 18, leave this column blank.


## SUPPLEMENTAL TERM AND UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE REINSURANCE EXHIBIT

## PART 3 - COLLATERAL FOR ALL TERM AND UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE REINSURANCE TRANSACTIONS REPORTED ON PART 2A OR PART 2B

This exhibit is required to be filed no later than April 1. All capitalized terms used in Part 3 shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Part 1.

Part 3 applies to all the cessions identified in Part 2A or Part 2B; provided, however, that if the reporting entity has not received any collateral in connection with a cession identified in Part 2A, the only information required is the Cession ID number, Name of Company, NAIC Company Code and ID Number. The reporting entity should prepar a varate page for each Cession ID reported in Part 2. The reporting entity should also provide a Grand Total page.

For each Cession ID, the information regarding the Name of the Company, the NAIC Company Code, the iD Number and the inception date or prior year annual statement date should match what was reported $f^{\prime}$ tho colur hs in Part 2 . Note: Only the numeric portion of the Cession ID is used. The identifiers ("A" and "B") provia for at $2 B$ are aggregated together for the purpose of this Exhibit.

For purposes of Part 3, the word "collateral" shall mean assets retained by a ceding company through a modified-coinsurance or funds withheld basis and assets held in trust by the a uming msurer for the benefit of the
 of the ceding company. Collateral also includes parental guarantees made pa, , e to ti ceding company.

For assets that would be admitted under the NAIC Accounting Practice an Pro zdures Manual if they were held by the reporting entity and without taking into consideration any prescribed or rmitte practices, and including assets held in trust, the values are to be determined according to statutory accountirs froct vres under the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual as if such assets were held in the reporting ent v's general account. If the ceding company cannot determine the statutory accounting value of certain assets und $A$ the NA. Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual after making a diligent effort to do so, the ceding compaly ca ort hat asset using the value assigned to the asset for the purpose of determining the amount of reserve credit taken, rovidod however, any such assets must be reported on a line separate from those assets valued in accordance arm N ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and the reporting entity shall provide a note indicating the asis for $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ valuation used.

For all other assets, the values are to be those that we ass oned to the collateral in the reporting entity's Schedule $S$ for the purpose of determining the amount of reserve oredit allow d.

## As of Effective Date or Prior Year's $f$ ant. Sta ement

Column 1 - Assets
Stat the value as of the latter of the effective date of the cession or the annual statement date imme tely preceding the current annual statement date for collateral held in each category identified.

F or the rand Total page, the total for Column 1 should equal the sum of Column 9 (Primary Security) P is Col mn 10 (Other Security) from Parts 2A and 2B

Column 2 'siliate or Parental Guarantee (YES/NO)
Enter "YES" if any asset identified in Column 1 as to which an affiliate of the reporting entity has issued a guarantee.

## As of Current Year's Annual Statement

Column 3 - Assets
State the value as of the current annual statement date for collateral held in each category identified.

For the Grand Total page, the total for Column 3 should equal Column 14 (Primary Security) from Parts 2A and 2B plus Column 17 (Other Security) from Part 2A plus Column 15 (Primary Security Remediation Adjustment) from Part 2B plus Column 18 (Other Security) from Part 2B.

## Column $4 \quad-\quad$ Affiliate or Parental Guarantee (YES/NO)

Enter "YES" if any asset identified in Column 3 as to which an affiliate of the orting entity has issued a guarantee.

For Lines 1 through 20, the reporting entity shall report the amount of assets in which ce terar pporting the cession was held corresponding to the categories shown below.

## Primary Security



Line 3 - NAIC 2 SVO-Listed Securi es
NAIC 2 SVO-Listed Securities ret $g$ the definition of Primary Security found in the instructions for Part 1.

Line $4-\quad$ NAIC 3 SVO-Listed Sec vities
NAIC 3 S O-Li ted Sec rities meeting the definition of Primary Security found in the instructions for Part 1.

Line 5
Line 6

| Line 7 | - | NAIC 6 SVO-Listed Securities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | NAIC 6 SVO-Listed Securities meeting the definition of Primary Security found in the instructions for Part 1. |
| Line 8 | - | Commercial Loans |
|  |  | Commercial loans meeting the definition of Primary Security found in the instructions for Part 1. |
| Line 9 | - | Policy Loans |
|  |  | Policy Loans meeting the definition of Primary Security found in the instructions or Par |
| Line 10 | - | Derivatives Acquired in the Normal Course |
|  |  | Derivatives acquired in the normal course meeting the definition of imar, ecurity found in the instructions for Part 1. |
| Other Security |  |  |
| Line 12 | - | Other Investments Admissible per the NAIC AP\&P Manu |
|  |  | Other investments admissible per the NAIC Accourting i rctic. and Procedures Manual. |
| Line 13 | - | Evergreen, Unconditional LOCs |
|  |  | Evergreen, unconditional letters of credit. |
| Line 14 | - | Other LOCs |
|  |  | Conditional letters of credit is neu qua fied U.S. banks. |
| Line 15 | - | Affiliate or Parental Guaran |
|  |  | Affiliate or parental guarantees. |
| Line 16 | - | LOC-Like Assets |
| Line 17 |  | Exc ©s of Loss Remsurance |
| Line 18 |  | 11 Othe Assets |

## SUPPLEMENTAL TERM AND UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE REINSURANCE EXHIBIT

## PART 4 - NON-COLLATERAL ASSETS SUPPORTING RESERVES FOR ALL AFFILIATE TERM AND UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE REINSURANCE TRANSACTIONS REPORTED ON PART 2A OR PART 2B

This exhibit is required to be filed no later than April 1. All capitalized terms used in Part 4 shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Part 1.

Part 4 applies to all the cessions identified in Part 2A or Part 2B in which the assuming insurer is an affiliate of the reporting entity. The reporting entity should prepare a separate page for each Cession ID required to be rep teo in Part 4 . The reporting entity should also provide a Grand Total page.

For each Cession ID, the information regarding the Name of the Company, the NAIC Company Code, the ID Number and the inception date or prior year annual statement date should match what was reported $f_{0}$ tho colur hs in Part 2 . Note: Only the numeric portion of the Cession ID is used. The identifiers ("A" and "B") provia forn 2B are aggregated together for the purpose of this Exhibit.

For assets that would be admitted under the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual if they were held by the reporting entity and without taking into consideration any prescribed or permitted pra ices, a rdi including assets held in trust, the values are to be determined according to statutory accounting procedures or JAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual as if such assets were held in the reporting entity's eral a ount. If the ceding company cannot determine the statutory accounting value of certain assets under the NAIC A ount g Practices and Procedures Manual after making a diligent effort to do so, the ceding company can report th $\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{a}}$ ot $\mathrm{u}_{\checkmark}$, g the value assigned to the asset for the purpose of determining the amount of reserve credit taken; provided, wever, ny such assets must be reported on a line separate from those assets valued in accordance with the NAIO ccou ing Practices and Procedures Manual and the reporting entity shall provide a note indicating the basis for the valuat. n useu. For all other assets, the values are to be those that were assigned to the assets on the financial statements of th assuming insurer.

## As of Effective Date or Prior Year's Annual Stat nems



In each category identified, state t.e value, as of the later of the effective date of the cession or the annual statement date i mediately preceding the current annual statement date, for all assets held by the assuming insurer iir upport of the cession and not held as collateral, but not including assets supporting liabili es n covered by the cession. If the assuming insurer holds assets supporting the cession ar oth $r$ liabi ties, the assuming insurer, for purposes of this Part 4, should make an
 include any asso reported in Part 3.
Column $2-\quad$ Affili, or Parental Guarantee (YES/NO)
I dicate $s$ to any asset identified in Column 1 as to which an affiliate of the reporting entity has issued a ruaran e.

## As of Curr von's. nual Statement

Column 3

## Non-Collateral Assets Supporting Reserves - Affiliate Transactions

In each category identified, state the value, as of the current annual statement date, for all assets held by the assuming insurer in support of the cession and not held as collateral, but not including assets supporting liabilities not covered by the cession. If the assuming insurer holds assets supporting the cession and other liabilities, the assuming insurer, for purposes of this Part 4, should make an allocation of assets by liability and should report here only the assets allocated to the cession. Do not include any asset reported in Part 3.

| Column $4-$ | Affiliate or Parental Guarantee (YES/NO) |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Enter "YES" if any asset identified in Column 3 as to which an affiliate of the reporting entity has |
|  | issued a guarantee. |

For Lines 1 through 17, the reporting entity shall report the amount of assets corresponding to the categories shown below.


| Line $12-$ | Evergreen, Unconditional LOCs |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | Evergreen, unconditional letters of credit. |

Line 13 - Other LOCs
Conditional letters of credit issued by qualified U.S. banks.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Line } 14 \quad & \text { Affiliate or Parental Guarantees } \\ & \text { Affiliate or parental guarantees. } \\ \text { Line } 15 \quad & \text { LOC-like Assets } \\ & \text { Synthetic letters of credit, contingent notes, credit-linked notes or ower si ilar se urities that operate }\end{array}$ in a manner similar to letters of credit.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Line } 16 & - & \text { Excess of Loss Re } \\ \text { Excess of loss rein } \\ \text { Line } 17 & - & \text { All Other Assets } \\ & & \text { All other Assets. }\end{array}$




## INSTRUCTIONS

## FOR COMPLETING SEPARATE ACCOUNTS ANNUAL STATEMENT BLANK

## INDEX

The annual statement shall contain an alphabetized index on the last page of the hard copy statement which references the title and page number of all of the pages that are required to be included in that filing. The NAIC shall maintain, and place on its Website at www.naic.org/cmte_e_app_blanks.htm, the alphabetized index for all statement types that is required to be included in the hard copy of the statement. The above is only required on the March 1 filing, and spec aca vexcludes any supplements.

## GENERAL

The instructions for completing the general account are to be followed to the extent $\overbrace{\text { plica }}{ }^{\text {lo }}$ This supplement provides additional instructions that are unique to the Separate Accounts Blank as well as some that liffer from those for the Life and Accident and Health Blank. Where there is a conflict with the Life Blank’s instructio c, use mese instructions. The reporting date must be plainly written or stamped at the top of all pages, exhibits and scher (aticate schedules) and also upon all inserted schedules and loose sheets.

Reinsurance of separate accounts business is subject to the same Transf $r$. Risin requirements for reinsurance accounting treatment as general account business. All reinsurance transactions in olving parate accounts business, if any, must be reported as reinsurance transactions in the general account annu stat 'ent, including reinsurance premiums, deposits, benefits, withdrawals, Schedule S (for separate accounts modified co curance reserves), Schedule T and where applicable, the Notes to Financial Statements and Schedule Y, Part 2.

If the assuming company does not receive funds to be inves sugh with modified coinsurance or coinsurance with funds withheld, the assuming company must account fr su reir urance in its general account statement. If the assuming company receives funds to be invested in support of the rein red variable benefit reserves, the assuming company must use its separate accounts statement for such reinsuranco ssumed.

The separate accounts statement reports only the operions of the separate accounts themselves. It assumes that the administration of the contracts is reflected in he general account statement - hence, administrative expense does not appear in the Separate Accounts Statement, premium and considerations are net of loading, and the expenses and taxes are those associated with the separate account iny stmr top.rations.
A separate distinct filing should b mau for eparate account products that are insulated from the general creditors of the general account and for separate acco tt products that are not insulated (i.e., an insurance company with both insulated and non-insulated products in the separate acount would submit two complete and different filings). Seed money and unsettled fees and expenses are allow * be reported with the corresponding product (insulated or non-insulated).

When completing the sulate blank, a reporting entity should only include those assets that are legally insulated by state law or statute. I rally insula d assets shall be equal to the reserves and supporting contract liabilities of the separate account. Such assets rovinegal protection to the separate account contract holder from the general account liabilities. All other asset eparate account that are not legally insulated by state law or statute shall be included in the non-insulated 7 ank.

| Scenario | $\frac{\text { Insulated }}{\text { S/A Blank }}$ | $\frac{\text { Non-insulated }}{\text { S/A Blank }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scenario 1: <br> Separate Account Insulated Assets $=$ Separate Account Liabilities <br> (For example, 100\% of investment proceeds, net fees is attributed to the contract holder.) <br> 40 bonds at $\$ 100$ par value $=\$ 4,000$ | The $\$ 4,000$ issue is associated with an insulated product; thus the entire $\$ 4,000$ would be reported in the insulated blank. | No amount . |
| Scenario 2: <br> Separate Account Assets > Separate Account Liabilities resulting in a "due to" the General Account <br> (For example, the contract specifies a ceiling on the investment return to contractholder; excess investment returns are retained by the reporting entity; the portion then retained by the general account is considered non-insulated.) <br> 40 bonds at $\$ 100$ par value $=\$ 4,000$ <br> Max to contractholder is $\$ 3,990$ | $\$ 3,990$ of the is is associated with insulated produc thus, this amount vould e included in the insulated blu. k. | The emaining $\$ 10$ is to the General Account; the $\$ 10$ would then be reported under the non-insulated blank. |
| Scenario 3: <br> Separate Account Non-insulated Assets $=$ Separate Accourit Liabilities <br> (For example, the asset supporting the contract was no approved by the state as a legally insulated product.) <br> The reporting entity owns 15 bonds at $\$ 100$ value th do not support an insulated product. $15 \text { bonds at } \$ 100 \text { par value }=\$ 1,500$ | No a nount. | The $\$ 1,500$ issue would be reported under the non-insulated blank. |

Receipts other than income fro nv tmen, are handled as a transfer from the general account. Similarly, amounts providing for the payment of bentit incruuing surrender benefits and various other payments, appear as transfers from the separate account to the general account. Then eventually paid, these items are reported in the general account statement. The assets and liabilities are stt y those which arise from the operations of the separate accounts themselves, i.e., policy and contract reserves and items re rd to the making of investments, including investment expenses and taxes due or accrued. Unpaid transfers due th gerr al account, such as surplus, contractual benefits, or contractual charges, would also appear on the liability page

The format of the ant al statement has been designed to facilitate data capture. Therefore, do not change the captions for pre-printed n . n , imm, columns and do not insert write-ins between pre-printed items, lines, or columns (however, these requirements do ot apply to the signature lines on the Jurat Page). An entry for which there is no specific pre-printed line title must be repor d with an identifying title (for example, Deferred option income) in the appropriate schedule for each applicable page or section thereof entitled DETAILS OF WRITE-INS AGGREGATED AT ITEM (or ON LINE)
FOR $\qquad$ . These write-in lines should be reported in descending order. The statement provides a limited number of lines for write-ins in each applicable section. These pre-printed write-in detail schedules should not be modified.

If there is not sufficient room in a write-in detail schedule to accommodate all write-ins to be reported therein, companies shall report the write-in detail overflow on pages sequentially numbered beginning with Page 21, followed by 21.1, 21.2, etc. In such instances, companies shall carry the summary of write-in overflow lines from this page to the prescribed line in the original write-in detail section.

Each overflow write-in section should adhere to the following example:

## Page 2

## Assets <br> DETAILS OF WRITE-INS AGGREGATED ON LINE 16 FOR OTHER-THAN-INVESTED-ASSETS



More than one detail section overflow may be ontered on ne page. However, the items should remain in page number order.
Whenever a reporting entity amends, changes, or otherwise modifies any previously filed information, the reporting entity should submit such changes with a ney sura oag., completed in all respects, along with new annual statement pages for all pages of the annual statement the cont in info nation different from the most recently filed pages. The amendment, change, or modification should be filed wit the YIC as well.


## JURAT PAGE

Enter all information completely as indicated by the format of the page.

## NAIC Group Code

Current Period
Enter the NAIC Group Code for the filing being processed.

## Prior Period

Enter the NAIC Group Code for the prior quarter.

## State of Domicile or Port of Entry

Alien companies doing business in the United States through a port of entry vuld mplete this line with the appropriate state. U.S. insurance entities should enter the state of domicile.

## Country of Domicile

U.S. branches of alien insurers should enter the three-character lu infer is the reporting company's country of domicile from the Appendix of Abbreviations. Domestic insurers shou 'ente "US" in this field.

Type of Separate Accounts
Indicate the type of separate accounts reported in the filing by hoosmg "insulated" or "non-insulated", but not both.

## Commenced Business

Enter the date when the reporting entity fi so me bligated for any insurance risk via the issuance of policies and/or entering into a reinsurance agreer int.

Statutory Home Office
As identified with the Certificatr of Authority in domiciled state.
Main Administrative Office
Location of the repor ig en main administrative office.
Mail Address
Reporting entity's ai`ing address, if other than the main administrative office address. May be a P.O. Box and the associ led $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{A}}$ code.

Primary Location Oi ${ }^{5}$ Ohond Records
Loca, in where examiners may review records during an examination.
Internet Website Address
Include the Internet Website address of the reporting entity. If none, and information relating to the reporting entity is contained in a related entity's Website, include that Website.

## Statutory Statement Contact

Name \& Email

Name and email address of the person responsible for preparing and filing all statutory filings with the reporting entity's regulators and the NAIC. The person should be able to respond to questions and concerns for the Separate Accounts.

Telephone Number \& Fax Number
Telephone and fax number should include area code and extension.

## To be filed in electronic format only:

Policyowner Relations Contact
Name

List person able to respond to calls regarding policies, premium payments, eto in individual policies.
Address
May be a P.O. Box and the associated ZIP code.
Telephone Number


The government relations co tact represents the person the company designates to receive information from state insurance epat qeirs regarding new bulletins, company and producer licensing information, changes in dep tmei al proc dures and other general communication regarding non-financial information.

Address


## Market Conduct Contact

Name

The market conduct contact represents the person the reporting entity designates to receive information from state insurance departments regarding market conduct activities. Such information would include (but not be limited to) data call letters, filing instructions, report cards, and inquires/questions about the reporting entity's market conduct.

Address

May be a P.O. Box and the associated ZIP code.
Telephone Number
Telephone number should include area code and extension.

Email Address
Email address of the market conduct contact person as described ab ve.
Cybersecurity Contact
Name
The cybersecurity contact represents the person the repo ing entity designates to receive information from regulatory agencies on active, developing and potent cybersecurity threats.

May be a P.O. Box and the asso
Telephone Number


Name
List I rson c le to respond to calls regarding locating policies on lost or forgotten life insurance policies.
Address
May be a P.O. Box and the associated ZIP code.
Telephone Number
Telephone number should include area code and extension.

## Email Address

Email address of the policy locator contact person as described above.

## ASSETS

Receivables from the General Account Statement must be excluded from the assets of the Separate Accounts Statement to eliminate the need for consolidating adjustments in the General Account Statement. Such receivables must be reported as a negative liability and netted against payables to the General Account Statement (see instructions for Page 3, Line 10, Other Transfers to General Account Due or Accrued (Net)).

Columns 1
\& $2-\quad$ General Account Basis and Fair Value Basis
Report in the General Account Basis column, Column 1, the assets of those sepa att ccounts whose assets are carried at the same basis as the general account. Include all separate counts hose assets support fund accumulation contracts (GICs), which do not participate in ut ${ }^{\text {'orlying portfolio }}$ experience, with fixed interest rate guarantee, purchased under a retiremf it plà or plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by an employer. Such assos mu be va ued as if the assets were held in the general account.

Report in the Fair Value Basis column, Column 2, the assets of rose narate accounts whose assets are carried at market value. Include separate account whose assu support all other policies and contracts and those liabilities being recorded at current interest tes

Contracts with assets held in a separate account whe , ee sep rate account's plan of operations was filed and approved prior to codification's effectrve da tha are continuing to be valued on the approved basis shall be reported in the General Acr un or $\mathrm{F}_{4} \mathrm{r}$ Value basis columns.

Further instruction in the determination or sprop ate valuation basis for amounts that are to be reported in the assets can be located in SSAP No. ${ }^{-6}$-Separate Accounts.
Column 3 - Total


## LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS

Columns 1
\& $2-\quad$ General Account Basis and Fair Value Basis
Report in the General Account Basis column, Column 1, the liabilities and, if any, surplus of those separate accounts whose assets are carried at the general account valuation basis, consistent with the reporting of general account basis assets of Page 2.

Report in the Fair Value Basis column, Column 2, the liabilities and, if any, surplus of those separate accounts whose assets are carried at fair value, consistent with the reporting of $f$ a me basis assets on Page 2.

Further instructions in the determination of appropriate valuation basis or an unts that are to be reported in the liabilities can be located in SSAP No. 56-Separate A

## Column $3 \quad-\quad$ Total

The amount to be reported equals the sum of Columns 1 and 2 .
Line 1 - Aggregate Reserve for Life, Annuity and Accident and Hf $\mathrm{COn}_{\mathrm{Cl}}$
If the company uses a modified reserving methou, such as C RVM or CRVM, for business in the Separate Accounts Statement, the modified resere 'ust $\Delta$ reported as a liability in the Separate Account Statement.

Line $2-\quad$ Liability for Deposit-Type Contracts (Exhibit 4, eposr-Type Contracts, Line 9, Column 1)
Include: Liabilities f co tor have no mortality or morbidity risk. Refer to SSAP No. 52- posi+ T pe Contracts for accounting guidance.

Line 10 - Other Transfers to General ccount D e or Accrued (Net) (including \$ $\qquad$ accrued for expense

Include: Roceivables .om the General Account as a negative amount.

Th excess, if any as of the statement date, of policyholder account values as
 propriate, over modified reserves used in the Separate Accounts Statement, sù h as the expense allowance provided by the use of CARVM or CRVM. Such - cess or expense allowance must be reported as a transfer to the general account in this line. All other forms of surplus covered by assets in the Separate Accounts Statement, such as asset values in excess of account values, seed monies and retention of other profits, must be reported as surplus in the Separate Accounts Statement until such time as the surplus is withdrawn from the separate account and paid to the general account.

In the parenthetical, report the amount of such excess or expense allowance, if any, included in Line 10. Exclude from the parenthetical disclosure all other types of accruals, such as accruals for fees and charges.

The inside amount for this line should equal the amount reported on Page 3, Transfers to Separate Accounts Due or Accrued Line, of the general account statement.

Include: Derivative liability amounts shown as credit balances on Schedule DB, Parts A and B, if any.

Line 13 - Payable for Securities
Include: Amounts that are due to brokers when a security has been purchased, but have not yet been paid.

Line $14 \quad-\quad$ Payable for Securities Lending
Include
Liability for securities lending collateral received by the repo ing entity that can be reinvested or repledged.

Line 18 - Contributed Surplus
Include: Only surplus transferred from the genel ac urt to establish a separate account, less any portion of such surplus sù equently returned to the general account.

Line 19 - Aggregate Write-ins for Special Surplus Funds
Enter the excess, if any, of the aggregate benefit ba or th aggregate reserve.
Line 21 - Surplus
Exclude: $\quad$ Surplus derived fr a the extess of policyholder account values as appropriate, over modifi res s , sh as the expense allowance provided by the use of CARVM or CK ${ }^{1} M$ (soo istructions for Line 10).

Include
All c eer forms $f$ surplus covered by assets in the Separate Accounts Statement, such a asset va les in excess of account values, seed monies and retention of other pro.


## SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS

Line $1.1 \quad-\quad$ Net Premiums and Annuity Considerations for Life and Accident and Health Contracts
Report premium and annuity considerations for life and accident and health contracts. Refer to SSAP No. 50—Classifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts, for life, accident and health deposit-type contract definitions and SSAP No. 51R—Life Contracts, and SSAP No. 52—Deposit-Type Contracts.

Include: Accrued net premiums required to maintain the larger of the aggregate reserves or the aggregate benefit base. All considerations for annuit primets, including pension products, for which purchases have been má for lividuals or individual certificateholders.

Experience rating refunds received.
Deduct: Premiums and annuity considerations retv od (o her than cash surrender values) including amounts returned during he ye. dee to recession of contracts not taken, "free-look" provision, reformatio or contract, other contractual return premium provisions, erroneously mputy a premiums or similar returns.

Line 2 - Transfers on Account of Deposit-type Contracts


Rep rt the amount of increase or (decrease), if any, in the excess of policyholder account values as apprc, ote, over modified reserves such as the expense allowance provided by the use of CARVM or CRVM, e, ling the portion reported in Exhibit 3A, if any. Such excess or expense allowance must repor as a transfer to the general account.

Line 11
Fee mosociated with Charges for Investment Management, Administration and Contract Guarantees
Enter the gross amount of accrued transfers of fees and charges to the general account, exclusive of amounts deducted in determining net investment income and of charges for taxes attributable to investment gains and income. Exclude any fees or charges otherwise includable in Line 9.1 that were payable to an entity other than the general account. Report such amounts as "Other fees associated with charges for investment management, administration and contract guarantees" in Line 9.3, Aggregate write-ins for other transfers from Separate Accounts.

Exclude: $\quad$ Any increase or (decrease) in reserves on account of change in valuation basis.
Line 17 - Net Gain from Operations (Including \$ $\qquad$ Unrealized Capital Gains)

In determining the unrealized capital gains or losses for disclosure in the caption, include only that portion of total unrealized gains or losses included in net gain from operations. This excludes the portion allocated and credited to separate account contract holders or policyholders. Disclose net unrealized losses as a negative amount.

Example:
a. Total unrealized capital gains included in Line 3
b. Unrealized capital gains credited to reserves included in Lines 12 in na
c. Amount of unrealized capital gains included in Lines 17 (a-b)
\$

Line 22 - Transfer from Separate Accounts of the Change in ${ }^{T}$ xp se lowances Recognized in Line 21
Report the amount of decrease or (increase, any in the excess of policyholder account values as appropriate, over modified reserves such as the nense allowance provided by the use of CARVM or CRVM, reported in Exhibit 3A and Line _2. Such _ncess or expense allowance must be reported as a transfer to the general account.


## ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS BY LINES OF BUSINESS

A company which is engaged in one or more insurance businesses which cannot be reported in Columns 2 through 8 on Page 5, shall add the amounts for each additional line of business and shall enter the total in Column 9 (All Other Lines of Business).


## ANALYSIS OF INCREASE IN RESERVES DURING THE YEAR

This exhibit shows how the reserve may be traced mathematically from one year-end to the next by taking account of its various theoretical components.

Lines 2 through 6 and Lines 8 through 11 do not include amounts related to the VM-20 Deterministic/Stochastic portion of the reserves, which are reported on Line 6.1.

Line 1 - Reserve December 31 of Prior Year
Enter total reserves from Line 16 of the prior year's Separate Accounts Statement.
Line $2-\quad$ Tabular Net Premiums and Considerations for Annuities and Supplementarv C tracts With Life Contingencies

Enter accrued transfers of tabular net premiums from the genoral a roun determined by the valuation basis employed.

Lines 3, 4 \& $9 \quad-\quad$ Increase or (Decrease) from Investment Results, Tabular Less ixctual Reserve Released and Tabular Cost

Show the increase or decrease before charges for mestrin nt magement, administration and contract guarantees.

If Line 3 is not available from accounting red is, th formulas indicated below may be used.
(1) On Life Insurance

Tabular Cost Minus Increase (0. Decrar ) From Investment Results on Life Insurance (C-I):
Reserve Dec. 31 of
Tabular premiums
Other increases Total

DEDUCT:


Tern Net rese os released by other terminations
Total deducion

- lance (C-I) $\qquad$
h. rease (or Decrease) from Investment Results (I):

One-half of reserve Dec. 31 of prior year $\qquad$
One-half of reserve Dec. 31 of current year
One-half of (C-I)
One-half of terminal reserves released by death
Total
Total multiplied by net investment return equals increase (if positive) or decrease (if negative) from investment results

Tabular Cost (C):
C-I
Add I
Total equals tabular cost
(2) On Annuities and Supplementary Contracts with Life Contingencies

Tabular Less Actual Reserve Released Plus Increase (or Minus Decrease) From Investment Results ( $\mathrm{T}-\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{I}$ ):

Reserve Dec. 31 of current year
Charges for investment management, administration and contract guarantees
$\qquad$
Transfers incurred during year on account of annuity, supplementary contract and disability payments
Net Transfer of reserves to general account during year
Total
DEDUCT:
Reserve Dec. 31 of prior year
Tabular considerations for annuities and supplementary contracts
Other increases
Total Deductions
Balance (T-A+I)
Increase (or Decrease) from Investment Results (I)
One-half of reserve Dec. 31 of prior year One-half of reserve Dec. 31 of current year Subtotal

Deduct one-half of (T-A+I)
Total
Total multiplied by net ivest rei rn equals increase (if positive) or deu ase (if egative) from investment results $\qquad$


Enter reserves released by all causes other than death. The computation should be on a net basis so as to take account of revivals, increases, changes etc.

Exclude Deterministic/Stochastic Reserves from the reporting of Reserves Released by Other Terminations (Net)

Line $16 \quad-\quad$ Reserve December 31 of Current Year
Enter total reserves minus the accident and health reserves from Exhibit 3 cur current year's Separate Accounts Statement.


## EXHIBIT OF CAPITAL GAINS (LOSSES)

Capital gains and losses, realized and unrealized, are to be calculated on the basis of original cost adjusted, as appropriate, for accrual of discount or amortization of premium and for depreciation.


## Column 1 - Description of Valuation Basis

State the valuation basis used for the reserve(s) in each separate account or each group of separate accounts for which the same valuation basis applies. Indicate whether the assets supporting the reserves are on a market value (MV) or an amortized cost/book value (BV) basis. Where applicable, state the table of mortality and the interest rate or range of rates as well as the valuation method. For annuities, indicate whether immediate, deferred or both.

If necessary, companies may add lines to report each reserve basis used.
The valuation assumption and valuation method abbreviations presented in a NAIC Annual Statement Instructions for Exhibit 5 of the Life and Accident \& Health f nnuai tatement should be used.

For any reserves valued under VM-20, include the entire CRVM re ve rt ired by VM-20 split into the following components with each component on a separate line


The balance of the reserve labeled "VM-20 Du ninist. and/or Stochastic (Excess over Net Premium)"

In addition, the following valuation methods and brevia. ons may be used:
NAV $\quad$ Net Asset Value -
Reserves determined by th al of the separate account's assets, such as traditional

IAV Indexed Acco at Value
Reserve determin by performance of an index, such as S\&P 500, not reduced for surrender charge, if any.
CSV Cash Surre ter Value -

2. VM-20 Net Premium: 2017 CSO @ 3.5\%
3. VM-20 Net Premium: 2017 CSO @ 4\%
4. VM-20 Deterministic and/or Stochastic (Excess over Net Premium)

## Annuities (excluding supplementary contracts)

1. Deferred Variable NAV MV
2. Deferred Mod Var IAV MV
3. Deferred X.X\%-X.X\% CARVM BV
4. Deferred X.X\%-X.X\% CSV BV
5. Deferred X.X\%-X.X\% OCAV MV
6. Immediate 1971 GAM XX\% MV

Miscellaneous Reserves
Include: $\quad$ Surrender values in excess of reserves othe ise ro vired and carried in this schedule.

## EXHIBIT 4 - DEPOSIT-TYPE CONTRACTS

This exhibit is intended to capture information about the activity for deposit-type contracts as defined in SSAP No. 52-Deposit-Type Contracts.

| Column 2 | - | Guaranteed Interest Contracts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Include: | Contracts that d risk. |
| Column 3 | - | Annuities Certain |  |
|  |  | Include: | Amounts settle e.g., certain im payouts, structu where payments |
|  |  | Exclude: | Amounts reporte |
| Column 4 | - | Supplemental Contracts (without life contingencies) |  |
|  |  | Include: | Amounts resulti life or annuity con |
| Column 5 | - | Dividend Accumulations, or Refunds |  |
|  |  | Include: | Amounts held o risk. |
| Column 6 | - | Premium and Other | Deposit Funds |
|  |  | Include: | Amo ats not incorp ate any |




## EXHIBIT 5 - RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTED ASSETS

Line 9.7 - Policy Loans (Net)
Enter the net amount disbursed to the general account if policy loan assets are maintained in the general account.

Line $12.1 \quad-\quad$ Fees associated with Investment Management, Administration and Contract Guarantees
Enter the gross amount of fees and charges paid, exclusive of charges for taxes attributable to investment gains and income.

## Line 27 - Increase in Policy Loans



## EXHIBIT 6 - GUARANTEED INSURANCE AND ANNUITY PRODUCTS

Lines 1
through $4 \quad-\quad$ Liabilities Associated with Guarantees

$$
\text { Include: } \quad \text { Separate account liabilities for products where: }
$$

1. The separate account benefits are guaranteed as to dollar amount and duration or
2. The policyholder's or contractholder's separate acc unt funds are guaranteed as to principal amount or stated rate of in rest on tated index.

Those separate account liabilities for any guarantee eatur in variable benefit products that are held in a separate accouni.* Th liabil y for the variable benefit portion of such products should be renorte in $\mathrm{L} \mathbf{N}_{0}$.

Exclude: The separate account liabilities for guar teed herefit features offered with variable benefit products which are minimal, s are annuity purchase rates.*

Line 5 - Total Liabilities Not Associated With Guarantees
Include: Separate account liabilities for orou cts w lere:

1. The separate acc nt be fits available to the policyholder or contractholder e a ormined by the non-guaranteed investment performance and/o narket value of the investments held in the separate account, (i.e , me henems are variable).
2. The bert its aro ariable but the product contains minimal guarantee $f$ atur such s annuity purchase rates.*

The so arate acy unt liabilities for the variable benefit portion of products that contain g. rap ce features. Where the liabilities for such features are held in a senarate accuant,* then the liability for the guaranteed benefit portion of such oducts should be reported in Lines 1 thru 4.

* NOTE: Although the NAIC Mr ael riabe Contract Law generally requires reserves for guaranteed benefits to be held in the gener acc unt, th re may be circumstances where the liability for guaranteed benefits offered with variable proc is is in a separate account. For example, an actuarial guideline is currently being developed that will ins oret the application of the NAIC Model Standard Valuation Law to variable annuities with guara tead living Denefits. It has not yet been determined whether the guideline will specify that reserves for se living benefits be held in the general account (as is required for minimum guaranteed death benefits amordir. ${ }^{+}$Actuarial Guideline XXXIV) or in a separate account. All such reserves for guaranteed living $b$ nefits hat are held in a separate account should be reported in Lines 1 thru 4, even if minimal.


## INTEREST MAINTENANCE RESERVE

Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR) requirements for investments reported in the Separate Accounts Statement are applied on an account by account basis. If an IMR is required for a separate account, all of the investments in that separate account are subject to the requirement. If an IMR is not required for a separate account, none of the investments in that separate account are subject to the requirement.

An IMR is required for separate accounts valued at book but is not required for separate accounts valued at market. For example, separate accounts for traditional variable annuities, or variable life insurance do not require an IMR because assets and liabilities are valued at market.

If an IMR is required for investments in the Separate Accounts Statement, it is kept separate from the eneral \&count IMR and accounted for in the Separate Accounts Statement.

The instructions for completion of the IMR for the Separate Accounts Statement are intorpoi ted in he instructions for completion of the IMR of the General Account Statement. Refer to those instructions for ruidà

## ASSET VALUATION RESERVE

Asset Valuation Reserve (AVR) requirements for investments reported in the Separate Accounts Statement are applied on an account by account basis. If an AVR is required for a separate account, all of the investments in that separate account are subject to the requirement. If an AVR is not required for a separate account, none of the investments in that separate account is subject to the requirement (except to the extent that such investments represent the company's capital and surplus interest in those investments).

Whether or not an AVR is required for separate account assets depends primarily on whether the reporting entity or policyholder/contract holder suffers the loss in the event of asset default or market value loss. An important exception to this is when specific state regulation provides an alternative to the AVR.

An AVR is required for separate account investments unless:

1. The asset default or market value risk is essentially borne directly by the potcyho ers, on
2. The regulatory authority for such separate accounts already explicitly pro "es for stablishment of a reserve for asset default risk where such reserves are essentially equivalent to the AV h

For example, assets supporting traditional variable annuities and variable life insura re do ot require an AVR because the policyholders/contract holders bear the risk of change in the value of assets. H ver, AVR is required for that portion representing the company's equity interest in the investments of such a sepa + accot $t$, (seed money interest, for example). Assets supporting typical modified guaranteed contracts or market value adjus dor racts do require an AVR because the company is responsible for credit related asset loss. Another category of ron racts equiring an AVR is contracts with book value guarantees similar to contracts generally found in the general acce it.

An example of the exception referred to in (2) above are contracts $w_{1}$ market value separate accounts funding guaranteed benefits where state regulation provides alternatives to the AVB

The following criteria are presented to assist in determinitio wher AVR or an IMR are required for investments in the Separate Accounts Statement:

Does Co. Suffer af y Other

| Assets | Liabilities | Asset ${ }^{\text {Loss? }}$ | vision? | AVR* | IMR | Example Product |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Market | Market | N | -- | No | No | Variable Annuity |
| Market | Marke |  | No | Yes | No | Modified Gtd. Annuity |
| Market | arket | Yes | Yes | No*** | No | MV S/A funding Gtd. Benefits |
| Book |  | No | -- | No | No | -- |
| Book |  | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | GIC in S/A |
| ok | Book | Yes | Yes | No*** | Yes | -- |

* However, an AVR is required for that portion representing the company's equity interest in the investments of such a separate account.
** But not less than adjusted cash surrender value.
*** You must establish an AVR reserve unless there is a statutory requirement for the equivalent of an AVR reserve for such products.

If an AVR is required for investments in the Separate Accounts Statement, it is combined with the General Account AVR and accounted for in the General Account Statement. Worksheets supporting the separate accounts portion of the reserve are included in the Separate Accounts Statement.

When the AVR Default Component covers assets valued at market, use one of the following two methods (applied consistently by separate account) to determine when a gain or loss (net of capital gains tax) is credited or charged to the AVR:

1. A gain or (loss) is recorded as for the general account rules, i.e., upon sale of an asset which has changed more than one designation category or upon asset default. Once an asset is in default, all subsequent market value changes are reflected in the AVR, or
2. A similar procedure to Method 1 above is followed but, additionally, a gain or (loss) is recordeu vhenever an asset held changes by more than one designation category. As there might be more than one such rent for a particular asset, e.g., a two designation downgrade followed by subsequent sale of the asse , the c nount harged the AVR is net of any prior amounts charged for that asset.

When an AVR is required for the company's equity or capital and surplus interest in the inve ments of a particular separate account that does not otherwise require an AVR, the AVR requirement is based on the c चpany's equity interest as of the statement date, expressed as a percent of total assets of the particular separate accor on the equity interest percentage has been determined, it is applied to the realized and unrealized capital gains and investments of that particular separate account to determine the amounts to be included in the separate ab nts da o used for development of the current AVR. If the company's equity interest in all such separate accounts is less than 10th f $1 \%$ of the company's total admitted assets, the equity interest in the investments of such separate accounts is $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{t}}+\mathrm{t}$ fro AVR requirements.

The instructions for completion of the AVR for the Separate AC ints atement are incorporated in the instructions for completion of the AVR of the General Account Statement. Refer to tho instructions for guidance.


## SCHEDULE DA -VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

## SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Report the aggregate amounts required by type of short-term invested asset. The categories of assets to be reported are: bonds, mortgage loans, other short-term invested assets, and investments in parent, subsidiaries and affiliates. A grand total of all activity is also required.

Line 1 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year
Report the market value per Page 2, Line 7, Column 1 of the prior year’s Separate Accounts Statement.
Line $2-\quad$ Cost of Short-Term Investments Acquired
Report the aggregate cost of short-term investments acquired during the y ar. A porting entity may summarize all "overnight" transactions and report the net amotint as on inc ease in short-term investments on this line; all other transactions shall be recorded gress.

Line $6-\quad$ Deduct Consideration Received on Disposal of Short-term Investrants
Report the proceeds received on disposal of short-term investin nts. A reporting entity may summarize all "overnight" transactions and report the net amount as crecu short-term investments on this line; all other transactions shall be recorded gross.

Line 12 - Statement Value at End of Current Period
Enter the amount of Line 10 less Line 11. I. amo t reported on this line should agree with Page 2, Line 7, Column 1.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR SCHEDULE DB

Each derivative instrument should be reported in Parts A, B or C according to the nature of the instrument, as follows:

```
Part A: Positions in Options, Caps, Floors, Collars, Swaps and Forwards*
Part B: Positions in Futures Contracts
Part C: Positions in Replicated (Synthetic) Assets
```

* Forward commitments that are not derivative instruments (for example, the commitment to pur hase a GNMA security two months after the commitment date, or a private placement six months after comitment date) should not be on Schedule DB (see General account instructions).

Part D should be used to report the counterparty exposure, (i.e., the exposure to credit risk $n$ dei vative istruments) to each counterparty (or guarantor as appropriate).

If the reporting entity engages in derivative instruments, the following adjustments shot be tode the Separate Accounts Statement:

Include, if a debit balance, the statement values individually for Parts be Separate Accounts Statement as follows:

Page 2, Line 8 - Derivatives
Include, if a credit balance, the statement values individua. for arts A and B in the Separate Accounts Statement as follows:

Page 3, Line 12 - Derivatives
See the general account instructions for complete inf ittan on ompleting Schedule DB.



## APPENDIX

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF BARCODES

It is the responsibility of the company to prepare and utilize barcodes correctly.
The upper right-hand corner of the jurat page, and other pages and forms as identified on the Document Identifier Codes listing, will be the location of a 17 -digit barcode symbol. The barcode standard to be utilized is the 3 of 9 (or 39) methodology. The barcode should be printed using at least a 24 -point font. In addition to the barcode symbols, the name of the reporting entity, the year, and the document code should be printed on the barcode label. When the barcode is printed as part of the page rather than an affixed label, the reporting entity's name need not be printed above the bar our

The barcode consists of the entity identifier (5 digits), the year (YYYY-4 digits), the document identifier $\quad$ digits), the state code (2 digits), if state specific page, the data indicator (1 digit) and a filing type identifier (1 digit

This 17th digit should utilize the following codes:

0 to represent the annual filings
1 to represent the March quarterly filing
2 to represent the June quarterly filing
3 to represent the September quarterly filing
4 to represent the Health Maintenance Organization's fo h qut ter filing
5 to represent amended annual filings
6 to represent amended March quarterly filing
7 to represent amended June quarterly fili
8 to represent amended September qu cerly filine

For filings of a reporting entity, the entity id ifier is the NAIC company code number.
The year is represented as the last four digits ftre filing year. For the 2018 annual statement due March 1, 2019, the year would be 2018.

The document identifier represents $n$ at page, schedule, exhibit, etc., is being filed. The respective identifiers for those documents requiring a bart dre included on the document identifier listing.

The state code representer me a ment identifier can be filed for each individual state (e.g., the state business pages). The two-digit code would b the sa ne as used on Schedule T. If it is not a state-specific form, the state code is 00 . The state code Other is 58 , and $\quad$ cod for $G$ and Total is 59. If the reporting entity has nothing to report on any state-specific supplemental schedule or exhibit, - barcode included in the Supplemental Exhibits and Schedules Interrogatories should contain a state code of 59 .

The data indicato represents if the document contains data. For filings containing data place a one (1) in this field. If the document is a NONE, place a zero (0) in this field.

The filing type identifier is used to indicate the filing of NAIC filing components or state mandated (state specific) filing requirements other than those required by the NAIC. For NAIC filing requirements, the type code is 0 . For state filing requirements, the type code is 1 .

If forms which are required to have a separate barcode as identified on the Document Identifier Codes listing are bound in the statement, these forms MUST have the barcode affixed to them. If a reporting entity submits with the March 1 filing a page requiring a barcode and that page has not been completed due to a later filing date, the barcode should not be affixed for the March filing. If the filing includes a page listing none schedules (and the state in which you are filing permits such a filing) and any of these schedules fall within that listing that requires a barcode, the barcode must be placed to the right of the name of the page, exhibit or schedule. On those forms which are completed on a by-state basis and are marked none because the company does not write that type of business or that particular state page is none, place the appropriate identifier with the data indicator of zero (0). State pages which have values reported must use the appropriate state barcode identifier from Schedule T. If any state requires the filing of a none "by-state basis" page, the name of the appropriate state must still be printed on the hard copy after "For the State of $\qquad$ ."

A listing of the Document Identifier Codes can be found at www.naic.org/cmte_e_app_blanks.htm.


The reporting entity is required to affix the appropriate barcode next to the respective Suppleme tal lir rrogatory using the document identifier code provided. Note that it is only Supplemental Interrogatories whi the porting entity has responded "NO" that it does not have to file a particular exhibit or form, and for which the phe sican, se or form is marked none that the appropriate barcode be affixed. For supplements that are state specific, the ly irro ance a barcode should be affixed is when that type of business is not written at all in any state.


## COUNTRY OF DOMICILE

## APPENDIX OF ABBREVIATIONS

This is a comprehensive list of ISO Alpha 3 country abbreviations: Please note the following exception. Use NAT for Native American Tribes.

| AFG | - | Afghanistan | COM | - | Comoros |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALA | - | Aland Islands | COG | - | Congo (Brazzaville) |
| ALB | - | Albania | COD | - | Congo, Democra crn rublic of the |
| DZA | - | Algeria | COK | - | Cook Islands |
| ASM | - | American Samoa | CRI | - | Costa Rica |
| AND | - | Andorra | CIV | - | Côte d'Ivo re |
| AGO | - | Angola | HRV | - | Crowia |
| AIA | - | Anguilla | CUB | - | Cuba |
| ATA | - | Antarctica | CYP | - | Cy - |
| ATG | - | Antigua and Barbuda | CZE | - | Crech poublic |
| ARG | - | Argentina | DNK | - | Deis ark |
| ARM | - | Armenia | DJI | - | Djibo IM |
| ABW | - | Aruba | DMA |  | $\checkmark$ dica |
| AUS | - | Australia | DOM |  | Dominican Republic |
| AUT | - | Austria | ECU |  | Ecuador |
| AZE | - | Azerbaijan | EGY |  | Egypt |
| BHS | - | Bahamas | SLV |  | El Salvador |
| BHR | - | Bahrain | G |  | Equatorial Guinea |
| BGD | - | Bangladesh | ER1 |  | Eritrea |
| BRB | - | Barbados | EST |  | Estonia |
| BLR | - | Belarus | 1 | - | Ethiopia |
| BEL | - | Belgium | FJV | - | Falkland Islands (Malvinas) |
| BLZ | - | Belize | RO | - | Faroe Islands |
| BEN | - | Benin | FJI | - | Fiji |
| BMU | - | Bermuda | FIN | - | Finland |
| BTN | - | Bhutan | FRA | - | France |
| BOL | - | Bolivia | GUF | - | French Guiana |
| BES |  | Bonaire, Sint Eustat' 5 and Saba | PYF | - | French Polynesia |
| BIH | - | Bosnia and Herzegovis | ATF | - | French Southern Territories |
| BWA | - | Botswana | GAB | - | Gabon |
| BVT | - | Bouvet ${ }^{\text {r a }}$ rand | GMB | - | Gambia |
| BRA | - | Brazil | GEO | - | Georgia |
| VGB | - | British Virgin ${ }^{\text {'slands }}$ | DEU | - | Germany |
| IOT | - | Blitish Indian Ocean Territory | GHA | - | Ghana |
| BRN | - | Brt, Darussalam | GIB | - | Gibraltar |
| BGR | - | Ruloraria | GRC | - | Greece |
| BFA | - | Burki a Faso | GRL | - | Greenland |
| BDI | - | Burun | GRD | - | Grenada |
| KHM | - | Cam.oodia | GLP | - | Guadeloupe |
| CMR |  | Sameroon | GUM | - | Guam |
| CAN |  | Canada | GTM | - | Guatemala |
| CPV |  | Cape Verde | GGY | - | Guernsey |
| CYM | - | Cayman Islands | GIN | - | Guinea |
| CAF | - | Central African Republic | GNB | - | Guinea-Bissau |
| TCD | - | Chad | GUY | - | Guyana |
| CHL | - | Chile | HTI | - | Haiti |
| CHN | - | China | HMD | - | Heard Island and McDonald Islands |
| CUW |  | Curaçao | VAT | - | Holy See (Vatican City State) |
| CXR | - | Christmas Island | HKG | - | Hong Kong, Special Administrative |
| CCK | - | Cocos (Keeling) Islands |  |  | Region of China |
| COL | - | Colombia | HND | - | Honduras |




## GENERAL EXPENSES AND TAXES, LICENSES AND FEES

General expenses include virtually all of the expenses of a life insurance company other than benefits to policyholders, commissions, and taxes, licenses and fees.

The statutory financial statement provides for two broad categories of general expenses (1) insurance, subdivided into life insurance, accident and health insurance, and all other lines of business, and (2) investment. In addition, the Analysis of Operations by Lines of business requires allocation of general expenses to more detailed lines of business. The Summary of Operations classifies the investment expense portion of general expenses as an offset to investment income while classifying general insurance expenses separately in the expense section of the summary.

Report expenses incurred by the reporting entity for uninsured accident and health plans on a gross ba ${ }^{+{ }^{+}}$by typ of expense; however, administrative fees and expense reimbursements relating to uninsured business are reduced in a general expense and general insurance expenses are to be reported in the Summary of Operations net of such fees ad rei bursements.

## Classification of Expenses

Note the following points with respect to specific classifications of expenses:

Exhibit 2 - General Expenses
Line 1 - Rent
Rent expense includes, in addition to ent naid or leased properties, an estimated amount that represents "rent" for properties ow ed a d ccu led by the company. Report the offset to this amount as investment income. Net rents receil for or perty under sublease against rent expense.

Line $2-\quad$ Salaries and Wages
Salaries and wages, in addition vir ally all direct payments of compensation to employees, salaries and wages should includ all paymı.ts to directors for attendance at board or committee meetings.

Line 3 - Contributions for Beneth Dlans for Employees and Agents
The instru ions or "Co tributions for benefit plans for employees and agents" provide for payments of past serv cos ex excluded from general expenses, if reported in surplus. This relates to the practice follow by some companies of reporting past service cost as a surplus item rather than as an expese The alternative treatment still exists.

Line 4.1
Expenses
gal fe s and expenses should include the cost of outside counsel as well as court costs and similar naymurs to the extent that these costs do not relate to the claims or investment functions. Exclude ries and expenses of in-house counsel.

Line 4.2

## Medical Examination Fees

Medical examination fees relate to costs incurred in connection with the issuance of policies, reinstatements, policy changes, and applications for employment, but not to medical fees incurred in connection with the welfare of employees or the settlement of claims.

The classification entitled "Expense of investigation and settlement of policy claims" relates to payments to outsiders for adjusting and settling claims. It does not include payments to employees engaged in this function.

Line 5.1 - Traveling Expenses
Exclude from "Traveling expenses" those expenses properly chargeable to the caption "Real estate expenses" or those expenses that the reporting entity would properly classify as agency expenses. Include costs relating to company owned automobiles, including depreciation.

Line $5.2 \quad-\quad$ Advertising
Advertising should include all costs relating to advertising for new insura e bus less except salaries and expenses of an advertising department.

Line $5.5 \quad-\quad$ Cost or Depreciation of Furniture and Equipment
The general practice with respect to "Cost or depreciation furnit re and equipment" is to either (1) charge depreciation to this expense classification ar rite the remaining asset balance to surplus as a nonadmitted asset; or (2) to charge expo r tures . r furniture and equipment directly to expense, in which case, those expenditures would be inclu led in his classification.

Line 6.6 - Sundry General Expenses
Report as general expenses, amounts paid to rents for administering group, credit, or individual blocks of business.

Line 9.1 - Real Estate Expenses
Real estate expenses inclur all costs xcept salaries and wages of company employees that relate to real estate, whether occupie. $v$ the co pany or not.

## Exhibit 3 - Taxes, Licenses and Fees

Taxes, licenses and fes gen al include all payments to federal, state, local and foreign governments with the exception of dera ne ne taxes.

## Functional Costs

General expensen are to be reported on a functional basis unless specifically permitted and then only if (1) services ar inde ${ }_{F}$ ndently organized; (2) rent, salaries and wages, and other major items of direct expense are charted the nctiol ; and (3) adequate accounting for the functional classifications is maintained. Those expense classificatio - trim ompanies may specifically report on a functional basis are rent, salaries and wages, other en ent welfare and printing and stationery.

## Allocation of Expenses

As stated above, companies must allocate general expenses to life insurance, accident and health insurance or investment expense. The all other lines of business category should include the corporate overhead line of business where that normal designation exists. In addition, the Analysis of Operations by Lines of Business requires allocation of general insurance expenses to more detailed lines of business. The Annual Statement Instructions discuss the allocation of receipts and expenses to lines of business.

The Annual Statement Instructions state that the company shall employ those principles and methods that reflect the actual incidence of cost by lines of business. Companies should consider the relative time spent, the extent of usage, and the varying volume of work performed. The instructions further state that companies shoulr odo the allocations upon objective measurement rather than estimates unless the cost of the measurement clearly utweig, the benefit derived. Where estimates are used, individuals familiar with the nature of the activity should m. 'e these estimates and thoroughly responsible persons should review these estimates.

The Annual Statement Instructions also state that companies should not use gent al hates such as premium volume, number of policies and insurance in force unless the incidence of cost close related to the indices or there is no more appropriate basis. In no event should such indices be used te distin ute claims costs to secondary lines of business.

Taxes, licenses and fees are generally allocated to the same line of bur items to which the specific tax, license or fee relates. For examples, premium taxes would follow . llocat n of premiums while real estate taxes would be classified as an investment expenditure. As with general xpen e, the overriding allocation principle should be that of reasonableness.

## General Expenses Due or Accrued

The amount included in the balance sheet under this c pron repreents the company's liability for general expenses applicable to the current year that are unpaid at sear-c are a number of guidelines to consider with respect to whether an item represents a liability of the comp ny attb statement date. Distinguish between (1) bills for items
 accruals, the liability should be establish a so that e ch period bears its pro rata share of the expense even though no bill has been received. Accrual payroll, ar examp e, represents the cost for the period from the last payroll to period-end.

Generally, the liability for purchar of supplies and materials should be established as of the receipt date or shipment date, if FOB. If a compan, has an irrevocable contract as of the statement date, the liability must be established even though the su prles rinterials have not been received.

## Taxes, Licenses and Fees Due or

Taxes, licenses ant fres that arevnpaid but applicable to the accounting period should be accrued and reported as a liability in the bal sheet. With respect to premium taxes and state income taxes, the amount accrued should relate to the relatad pro ${ }^{\text {in }} \mathrm{ms}$ or taxable income recorded in the period, less prepayments of those taxes. Payroll taxes accrued shoulu include all unpaid taxes applicable to salaries and wages that have been paid, plus taxes applicab to a crued ayroll.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ These requirements have been developed, in part, based upon the requirements set forth in Title 17-Commodity and Securities Exchanges, Chapter IISecurities and Exchange Commission (SEC), Part 229--Standard Instructions for Filing Forms Under Securities Act of 1933, Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975, Regulation S-K, Section 229.303 (Item 303) Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. These requirements have also incorporated certain interpretative guidance as set forth in Release No. 33-6835, SEC Interpretation: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Certain Investment Company Disclosures (issued May 18, 1989), Release No. 33-8040, Cautionary Advice Regarding Disclosure About Critical Accounting Policies (issued December 12, 2001) and Release No. 33-8056, Commission Statement about Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (issued January 22, 2002).

[^1]:    .naic.org/cmte_e_app_blanks.htm
    If this is an amendment, change or modification of previously filed information, state the amendment number (each amendment made by a reporting entity should be sequentially numbered), the date this amendment is being filed, and the number of annual statement pages being changed by this amendment.

[^2]:    a.. Default (Fair Value of

    Securities Sold/Outstanding
    for Which the Repo
    Agreement Defaulted)
    b.. Counterparty*
    
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    $\qquad$ .....................................

[^3]:    * S1 - Sub-1, S2 - Sub-2 or RDF - Resubmission of Disallowed Filing
    ** I - Immaterial or M - Material

[^4]:    11B(2)b2 rrent Year Total (Column 1) should equal 11B(2)a1(b) Total (Column 1)

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ The term "reported" is intended to reflect the measurement basis for which the asset or liability is classified within its underlying SSAP. For example, a bond with an NAIC designation of 2 is considered an amortized cost measurement and is not included within this disclosure even if the amortized cost and fair value measurement are the same. An example of when such a situation may occur includes a bond that is written down as other-then-temporarily impaired as of the date of financial position. The amortized cost of the bond after the recognition of the other-than-temporary impairment may agree to fair value, but under SSAP No. 26R this security is considered to still be reported at amortized cost.

[^6]:    Rep rimg enins must have procedures to capture and maintain changes in a member's residence and/or employ ent location and/or policyowner location when notified through renewals or other procedures and must use the chang to allocate premium and other considerations. It is not necessary to anticipate unreported changes in allocation at any specific reporting date.

    For all group policies, the premium and other considerations associated with a member should be the basis of determining the amount of premium to report in a jurisdiction. If information is not available to associate a specific premium to each member, an allocation can be made based on the number of covered persons in a state or territory compared to the total number of the group's covered members and apply that ratio to the total group premium and other considerations.

[^7]:    'ose U.S. government issues not listed in Part Six, Section 2(e) of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NA, Investment Analysis Office, yet included in Part Two, Section 4(c)(ii). This category also includes bonds that are issued by states, territories, possessions and other political subdivisions that are issued for a specific financing project rather than as general obligation bonds.

[^8]:    

[^9]:    $T$ ne ant ints reported in this column should be included as net unrealized foreign exchange capital in (los ) in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

    Column 17 Oign Exchange Gain (Loss) On Disposal
    Report the foreign exchange gain or loss on disposal.

[^10]:    F efer the flow chart in the Investment Schedules General Instructions for instruction on how t deter ine the NAIC designation for structured securities.

[^11]:    Rec. Estate (Schedule A type)
    8699999
    Mo gage Loans on Real Estate (Schedule B type)................................................................ 8799999
    Other Invested Assets (Schedule BA type)........................................................................... 8899999
    Short-Term Invested Assets (Schedule DA, Part 1 type)....................................................... 8999999
    Cash (Schedule E, Part 1 type)............................................................................................... 9099999
    Cash Equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2 type).......................................................................... 9199999
    Other Assets........................................................................................................................... 9299999

[^12]:    eath b nefit Net Amount at Risk is defined as the greater of $a$ ) zero and $b$ ) the difference between the arant ed Death Benefit and the Account Value as of the valuation date. Report the sum of the NAR for an contracts/certificates.

    Column 7
    Guaranteed Annual Income Amount For Guaranteed Living Benefit (GLB) (Col 2)
    Report the total annual income/withdrawal benefits available if the income/withdrawal guarantees were elected on the valuation date. If no GLB/GMWB is available on the valuation date for a particular contract/certificate (e.g. due to a waiting period), use $\$ 0$. Note, for GLB and GMWB previously elected, show the guaranteed amount based on the prior elections. For GMAB, use $\$ 0$ since this is not an income benefit. Disclosures for GMAB shall be provided in the AG 43 Memorandum.

