

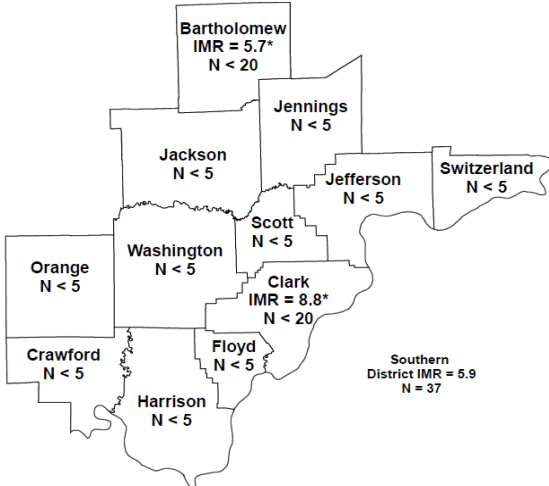
INFANT MORTALITY

Southern Hospital Region 2017

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Mortality Report, Tables 2 and 8 (<http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/mortality/2017/index.html>)

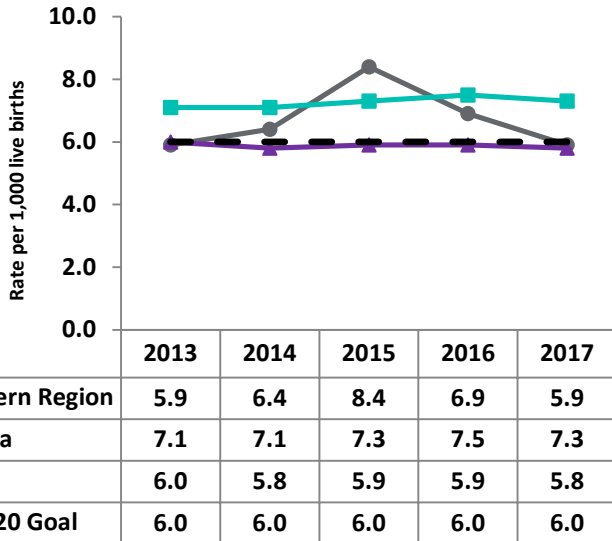
INFANT MORTALITY FACTS

- Infant mortality is defined as the death of a baby before his or her first birthday
- The infant mortality rate (IMR) is the number of babies who die in the first year of life, per 1,000 live births
- Of the 602 Indiana infant deaths in 2017, 37 occurred in the Southern Hospital Region
- Black infants are 2.6 times more likely to die than white infants in Indiana

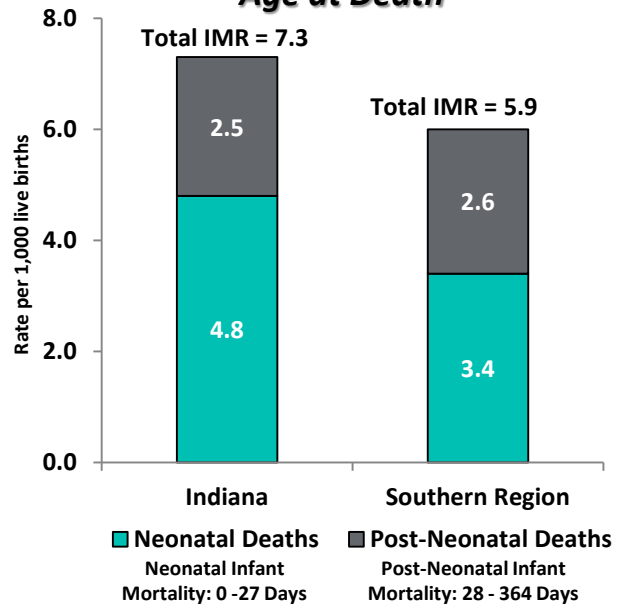


* Numerator less than 20, the rate is unstable. We do not recommend comparing unstable rates.
Note: Rates have been suppressed if numerator is less than 5, including zero.

Infant Mortality Rates 2013 - 2017



Infant Mortality Rates by Age at Death

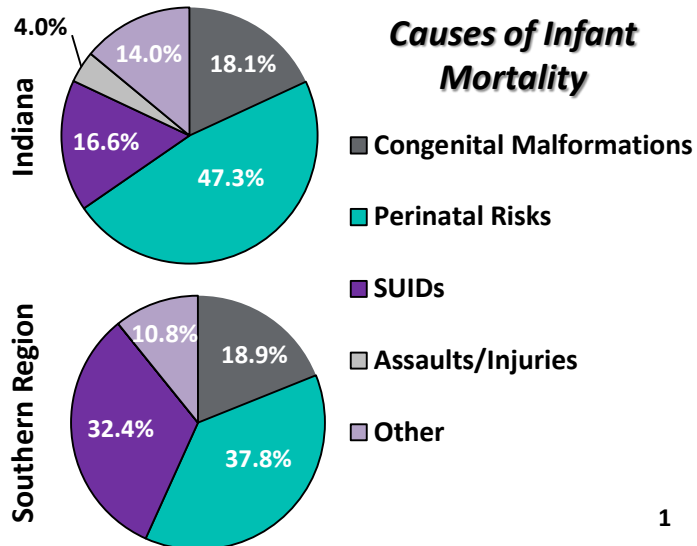


Note: Age specific mortality rates may not exactly equal the overall infant mortality rate due to rounding.

PRACTICES TO REDUCE INFANT MORTALITY

- Improve overall health for women of child-bearing age
- Promote early & adequate prenatal care
- Decrease early elective deliveries before 39 weeks
- Decrease prenatal smoking & substance abuse
- Increase breastfeeding duration & exclusivity
- Support birth spacing & interconception wellness
- Promote the ABC's of safe sleep: place baby to sleep alone, on his or her back, in a crib

Causes of Infant Mortality



Southern Hospital Region 2017

For more information on birth outcomes in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Natality Report, Table 32 (<http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/natality/2017/index.html>)

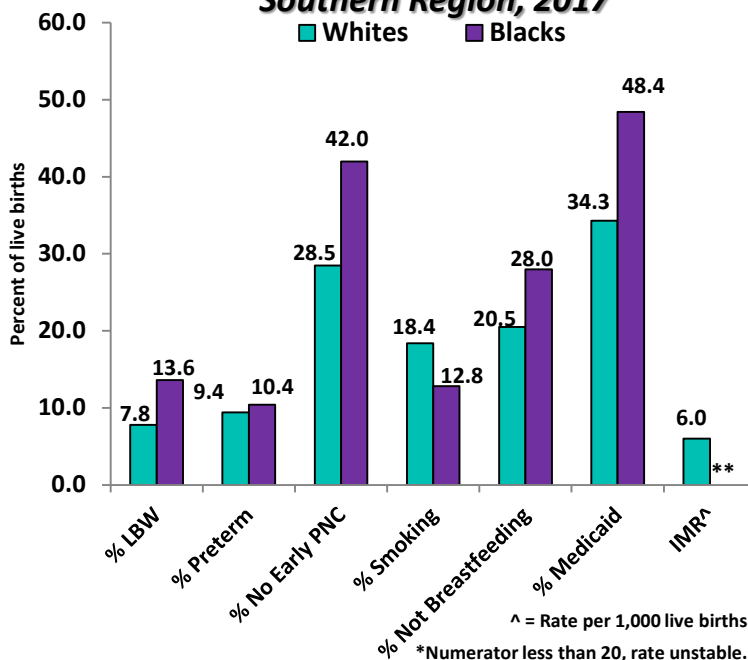
INDIANA QUICK FACTS

- Smoking rates among pregnant women continue to be much higher than the national rate
- Almost 1/3 of pregnant women do not receive early PNC
- Black women in Indiana are more likely to have a LBW or preterm baby & not get early PNC
- White women in Indiana are more likely to smoke during pregnancy

SOUTHERN REGION QUICK FACTS

- There were 6, 234 births in the Southern Region
- Lower percentage of low birthweight births and preterm births when compared to Indiana
- Higher percentage of women receiving PNC in the first trimester
- Higher percentage of women smoking during pregnancy
- Lower percentage of women breastfeeding at hospital discharge

Outcomes by Race Southern Region, 2017



LBW = Low Birthweight PNC = Prenatal Care IMR = Infant Mortality Rate

	% LBW (< 2,500 G)	% PRETERM (< 37 WKS GESTATION)	% NO EARLY PNC (1 ST TRIMESTER)	% SMOKING	% NOT BREASTFEEDING	% MOTHER ON MEDICAID
BARTHOLOMEW	7.4	5.8 ^S	28.8	12.6	12.4 ^S	31.6 ^S
CLARK	7.3	9.5	28.0	11.6	20.7	30.6 ^S
CRAWFORD	8.3*	9.1*	34.7	30.6 ^S	25.6	44.6
FLOYD	10.5	12.1	27.1	10.3	15.7	28.7 ^S
HARRISON	8.9	11.5	26.7	16.6	18.7	33.7
JACKSON	7.8	9.1	34.4	23.1 ^S	24.3 ^S	42.2
JEFFERSON	7.7	9.0	22.3	28.2 ^S	31.1 ^S	43.4
JENNINGS	5.8	8.1	29.4	28.0 ^S	24.5	46.1
ORANGE	5.1	6.3	34.6	23.6 ^S	18.1	43.3
SCOTT	7.3	9.1	33.8	25.1 ^S	33.1 ^S	45.8
SWITZERLAND	8.0*	8.8*	40.7	20.4	27.4	38.1
WASHINGTON	9.0	12.7	39.8	20.5	17.4	37.6
SOUTHERN REGION	7.9	9.3	29.8	17.0	20.2	35.4
INDIANA	8.3	9.9	31.4	13.5	18.1	41.0

*= Unstable rate due to fewer than 20 birth outcomes.

S = Significantly different from state.