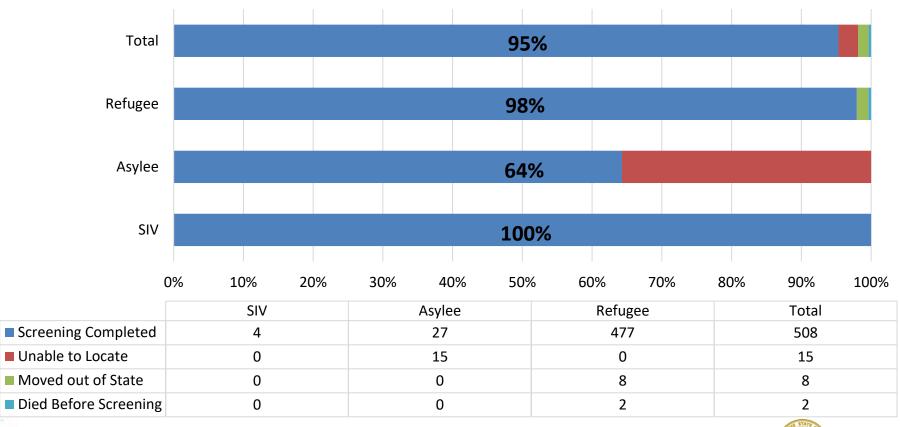
## Health assessment outcome of primary arrivals by visa type, Indiana, FFY 2018



<sup>\*</sup>An additional 8 arrivals were not eligible for a health assessment because ISDH was notified of them more than 90 days after their status grant date.



## Screening rates and percent positive by component among refugees with a completed assessment, Indiana, FFY 2018

Condition	Number (%) of Refugees Screened	Number (%) Positive
Tuberculosis*	496/508 (98%)	97 (20%)
Hepatitis B**	483/508 (95%)	15 (3%)
Hepatitis C	496/508 (98%)	6 (1%)
HIV	497/508 (98%)	7 (1%)
Intestinal parasites***	292/508 (57%)	48 (16%)
Hemoglobin (CBC)****	496/508 (98%)	66 (13%)
Lead (<17 yrs old)*****	197/214 (92%)	26 (13%)
Mental Health (≤14 yrs old)*****	309/328 (94%)	55 (18%)

<sup>\*</sup>Latent infection (95) or disease (2)



<sup>\*\*</sup>Positive for hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Screened with stool ova and parasite testing, positive for one or more pathogenic parasites

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Anemic per WHO cut-offs for age and gender

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup>Blood lead level ≥ 5mcg/dL

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup>Positive using RHS-15 mental health screening tool

## Pathogenic parasites found in refugees screened for intestinal parasites, Indiana, FFY 2018

Parasite	Frequency*	Percent among those screened for parasites
Blastocystis**	27	9%
Giardia	11	4%
Entamoeba	8	3%
Strongyloides	4	1%
Schistosomiasis	4	1%
Dientamoeba fragilis	1	<1%

<sup>\*</sup>Not mutually exclusive



<sup>\*\*</sup>There is scientific debate as to whether Blastocystis is pathogenic or non-pathogenic.