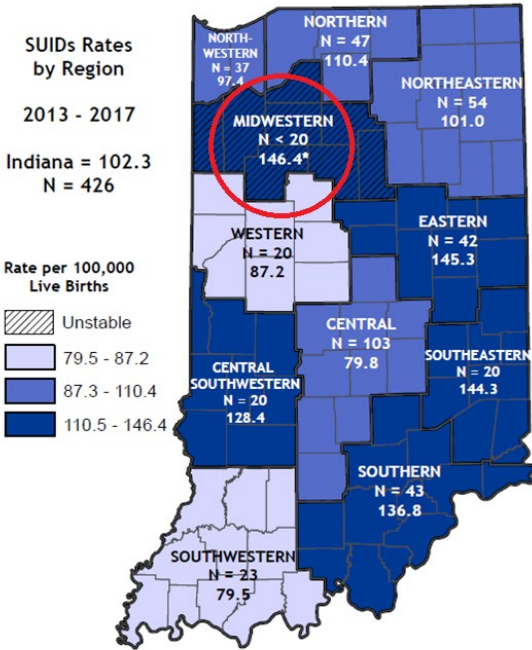


INDIANA SUDDEN UNEXPECTED INFANT DEATH

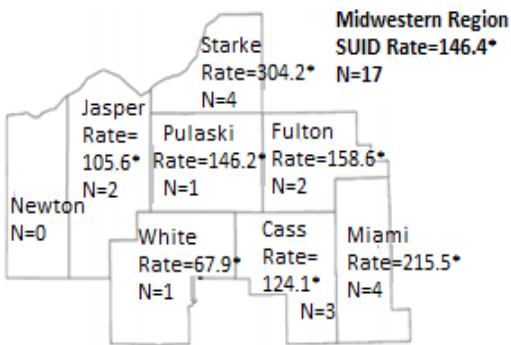
Midwestern Hospital Region 2013-2017

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Mortality Report, Tables 2 and 8 (<http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/mortality/2017/index.html>)

SUID Rates and Counts 2013-2017 by County and Hospital Region



*Numerator less than 20, the rate is unstable. We do not recommend comparing unstable rates.
Source: Indiana State Department of Health, Division of Maternal and Child Health. Created November 27, 2018



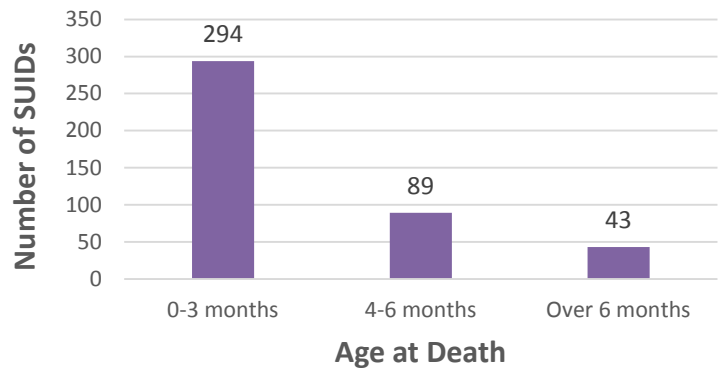
*Numerator less than 20, the rate is unstable. We do not recommend comparing unstable rates.

SUDDEN UNEXPECTED INFANT DEATH (SUID) FACTS

- SUID is defined as the death of an infant less than 1 year of age that occurs suddenly and unexpectedly, and whose cause of death is not immediately obvious before investigation.
- The three commonly reported types of SUID include the following: Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS), unknown cause and Accidental Suffocation and Strangulation in Bed (ASSB).
- Of the 426 SUID from 2013-2017, 17 occurred in the Midwestern Hospital Region

Out of every 10 SUIDs, 9 were between 0-6 months at death.

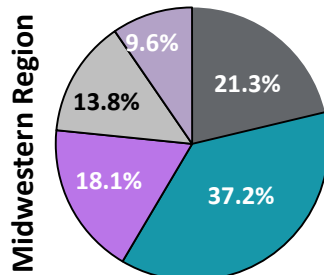
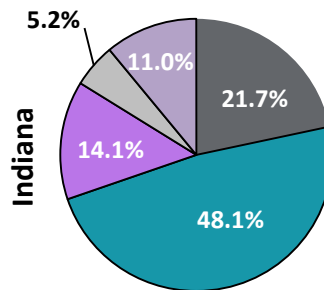
Indiana SUIDs Number by Age at Death: 2013-2017



PRACTICES TO REDUCE INFANT MORTALITY

- Use a firm sleep surface, such as a mattress in a safety-approved crib, covered by a fitted sheet.
- Always place your baby on his or her back to sleep, for naps and at night.
- Do not use pillows, blankets, sheepskins, or crib bumpers anywhere in your baby's sleep area
- Do not smoke or let anyone smoke around your baby
- Baby should not sleep in an adult bed, on a couch, or on a chair alone, with you, or with anyone else
- Breastfeed your baby to reduce the risk of SIDS

Causes of Infant Mortality



- Congenital Malformations
- Perinatal Risks
- SUIDs
- Assaults/Injuries
- Other

INDIANA SUDDEN UNEXPECTED INFANT DEATH

Midwestern Hospital Region 2013-2017

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Mortality Report, Tables 2 and 8 (<http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/mortality/2017/index.html>)

| | Number of SUID | Number of Infant Deaths | SUID Rates per 100,000 Birth Outcomes | % of Deaths due to SUIDS |
|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | 2013-2017 | 2013-2017 | 2013-2017 | 2013-2017 |
| CASS | 3 | 22 | 124.1* | 13.6 |
| FULTON | 2 | 14 | 158.6* | 14.3 |
| JASPER | 2 | 19 | 105.6* | 10.5 |
| MIAMI | 4 | 16 | 215.5* | 25.0 |
| NEWTON | 0 | 3 | 0.0* | 0.0 |
| PULASKI | 1 | 5 | 146.2* | 20.0 |
| STARKE | 4 | 7 | 304.2* | 57.1 |
| WHITE | 1 | 8 | 67.9* | 12.5 |
| MIDWESTERN REGION | 17 | 94 | 146.4* | 18.1 |
| INDIANA | 426 | 3029 | 102.3 | 14.1 |

***Unstable rate due to fewer than 20 SUIDS (numerator). We do not recommend comparing unstable rates.**

WHAT A SAFE SLEEP ENVIRONMENT LOOKS LIKE



Indiana State
Department of Health