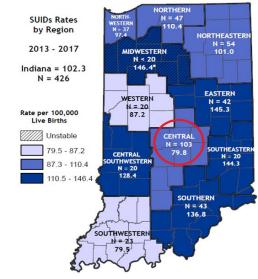
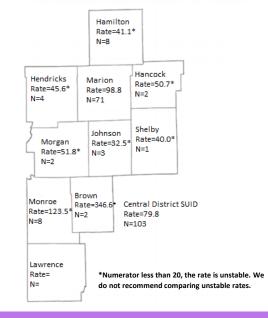
## **INDIANA SUDDEN UNEXPECTED INFANT DEATH** *Central Hospital Region 2013-2017*

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Mortality Report, Tables 2 and 8 (http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/mortality/2017/index.html)



"Numerator less than 20, the rate is unstable. We do not recommend comparing unstable rates. Source: Indiana State Department of Health, Division of Maternal and Child Health. Created November 27, 2018



### PRACTICES TO REDUCE INFANT MORTALITY

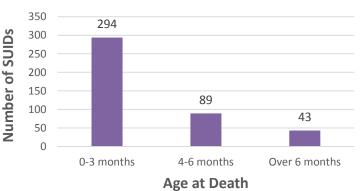
- Use a firm sleep surface, such as a mattress in a safety-approved crib, covered by a fitted sheet.
- Always place your baby on his or her back to sleep, for naps and at night.
- Do not use pillows, blankets, sheepskins, or crib bumpers anywhere in your baby's sleep area.
- Do not smoke or let anyone smoke around your baby.
- Baby should not sleep in an adult bed, on a couch, or on a chair alone, with you, or with anyone else
- Breastfeed your baby to reduce the risk of SIDS.

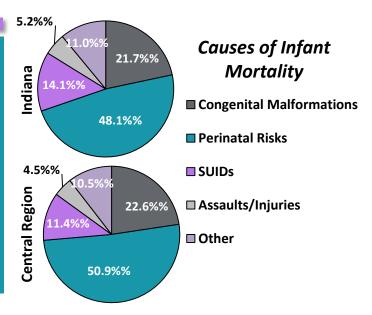
### SUDDEN UNEXPECTED INFANT DEATH (SUID) FACTS

- SUID is defined as the death of an infant less than 1 year of age that occurs suddenly and unexpectedly, and whose cause of death is not immediately obvious before investigation.
- The three commonly reported types of SUID include the following: Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS), unknown cause and Accidental Suffocation and Strangulation in Bed (ASSB).
- Of the 426 SUID from 2013-2017, 103 occurred in the Central Hospital Region.

# Out of every 10 SUIDs, 9 were between 0-6 months at death.

Indiana SUIDs Number by Age at Death: 2013-2017





# **INDIANA SUDDEN UNEXPECTED INFANT DEATH** *Central Hospital Region 2013-2017*

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Mortality Report, Tables 2 and 8 (http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/mortality/2017/index.html)

|  | Number of<br>SUID | Number of Infant<br>Deaths | SUID Rates per<br>100,000 Birth<br>Outcomes | % of Deaths due to<br>SUIDS |
|--|-------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|  | 2013-2017         | 2013-2017                  | 2013-2017                                   | 2013-2017                   |
| BROWN  | 2                 | 5                          | 346.6*                                      | 40.0                        |
| HAMILTON   | 8                 | 95                         | 41.1*                                       | 8.4                         |
| HANCOCK  | 2                 | 14                         | 50.7*                                       | 14.3                        |
| HENDRICKS  | 4                 | 51                         | 45.6*                                       | 7.8                         |
| JOHNSON  | 3                 | 46                         | 32.5*                                       | 6.5                         |
| LAWRENCE   | 2                 | 13                         | 82.6*                                       | 15.4                        |
| MARION   | 71                | 603                        | 98.8  | 11.8                        |
| MONROE   | 8                 | 39                         | 123.5*                                      | 20.5                        |
| MORGAN   | 2                 | 18                         | 51.8*                                       | 11.1                        |
| SHELBY   | 1                 | 23                         | 40.0*                                       | 4.3                         |
| <b>CENTRAL REGION</b>  | 103               | 907                        | 79.8  | 11.4                        |
| INDIANA  | 426               | 3029                       | 102.3                                       | 14.1                        |
| *Unstable rate due to fewer than 20 SUIDS (numerator). We do not recommend comparing |                   |                            |   |                             |

\*Unstable rate due to fewer than 20 SUIDS (numerator). We do not recommend comparing unstable rates.

#### WHAT A SAFE SLEEP ENVIRONMENT LOOKS LIKE









Indiana State Department of Health, Division of Fatality Review and Prevention, February 13th, 2019 For more information about the Safe Sleep program, visit SafeSleep.isdh.in.gov or email <u>SafeSleep@isdh.in.gov</u>