

CHE Trinity Inc.

Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the
Year Ended June 30, 2014, Supplemental
Consolidating Schedules as of and for the Year Ended
June 30, 2014, and Independent Auditors' Reports

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CHE TRINITY INC.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
CHE Trinity Inc.
Livonia, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of CHE Trinity Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Corporation"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2014, and the related consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the consolidated financial statements of Baycare Health System, the Corporation's investment in which is accounted for by the use of the equity method. The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Corporation include its investment in the net assets of Baycare Health System of \$1,770,927 as of June 30, 2014, respectively, and its equity method income from Baycare Health System of \$288,196 for the year then ended. The consolidated financial statements of Baycare Health System for the year ended December 31, 2013, were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Baycare Health System, is based on the report of the other auditors and the procedures that we considered necessary in the circumstances with respect to the inclusion of the Corporation's equity investment and equity method income in the accompanying consolidated financial statements taking into consideration the differences in fiscal years.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CHE Trinity Inc. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2014, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

October 3, 2014

CHE TRINITY INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2014

(In thousands)

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:

| | | |
|---|----|------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 901,282 |
| Investments | | 3,231,318 |
| Security lending collateral | | 187,882 |
| Assets limited or restricted as to use - current portion | | 274,202 |
| Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$545.3 million | | 1,475,579 |
| Estimated receivables from third-party payors | | 155,527 |
| Other receivables | | 269,110 |
| Inventories | | 206,226 |
| Assets held for sale | | 207,989 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | | 140,359 |
| Total current assets | | <u>7,049,474</u> |

ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - Noncurrent portion:

| | | |
|---|--|------------------|
| Held by trustees under bond indenture agreements | | 53,652 |
| Self-insurance, benefit plans and other | | 672,537 |
| By Board | | 2,891,790 |
| By donors | | 308,572 |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | | <u>3,926,551</u> |

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Net 6,592,913

INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES 2,257,555

GOODWILL 153,773

OTHER ASSETS 452,923

TOTAL ASSETS \$ 20,433,189

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS**CURRENT LIABILITIES:**

| | | |
|--|----|------------------|
| Commercial paper | \$ | 239,961 |
| Short-term borrowings | | 1,123,620 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | | 96,038 |
| Accounts payable | | 685,748 |
| Accrued expenses | | 275,960 |
| Salaries, wages and related liabilities | | 656,467 |
| Current portion of self-insurance reserves | | 197,040 |
| Payable under security lending agreements | | 187,882 |
| Liabilities held for sale | | 257,991 |
| Estimated payables to third-party payors | | 323,546 |
| Total current liabilities | | <u>4,044,253</u> |

LONG-TERM DEBT - Net of current portion 3,619,237

SELF-INSURANCE RESERVES - Net of current portion 920,799

ACCRUED PENSION AND RETIREE HEALTH COSTS 727,873

OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES 577,565

Total liabilities 9,889,727

NET ASSETS:

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| Unrestricted net assets | 10,125,003 |
| Noncontrolling ownership interest in subsidiaries | 38,090 |
| Total unrestricted net assets | <u>10,163,093</u> |
| Temporarily restricted net assets | 293,306 |
| Permanently restricted net assets | 87,063 |
| Total net assets | <u>10,543,462</u> |

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS \$ 20,433,189

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CHE TRINITY INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (In thousands)

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| UNRESTRICTED REVENUE: | |
| Patient service revenue, net of contractual and other allowances | \$ 12,395,306 |
| Provision for bad debts | <u>(620,011)</u> |
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | 11,775,295 |
| Capitation and premium revenue | 689,053 |
| Net assets released from restrictions | 28,366 |
| Other revenue | <u>1,093,765</u> |
| Total unrestricted revenue | <u>13,586,479</u> |
| EXPENSES: | |
| Salaries and wages | 5,870,246 |
| Employee benefits | 1,202,093 |
| Contract labor | <u>102,504</u> |
| Total labor expenses | 7,174,843 |
| Supplies | 2,153,313 |
| Purchased services | 1,494,036 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 707,707 |
| Occupancy | 581,579 |
| Medical claims | 284,449 |
| Interest | 159,228 |
| Other | <u>649,186</u> |
| Total expenses | <u>13,204,341</u> |
| OPERATING INCOME BEFORE OTHER ITEMS | 382,138 |
| Pension curtailment gain | 149,734 |
| Pension settlement loss | (195,987) |
| Asset impairment charges | (91,279) |
| Restructuring costs | (45,720) |
| Consolidation costs | (42,856) |
| Litigation accrual | <u>(36,448)</u> |
| OPERATING INCOME | 119,582 |
| NONOPERATING ITEMS: | |
| Investment income | 609,010 |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates | 265,815 |
| Change in market value and cash payments of interest rate swaps | (25,514) |
| Other, including income taxes | <u>(17,488)</u> |
| Total nonoperating items | <u>831,823</u> |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | 951,405 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST | <u>(14,135)</u> |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES, net of noncontrolling interest | <u>\$ 937,270</u> |

| | Controlling Interest | Noncontrolling Interest | Total |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS: | | | |
| Excess of revenue over expenses | \$ 937,270 | \$ 14,135 | \$ 951,405 |
| Net assets released from restrictions for capital acquisitions | 25,739 | - | 25,739 |
| Net change in retirement plan related items - consolidated organizations | 28,402 | - | 28,402 |
| Net change in retirement plan related items - unconsolidated organizations | 44,219 | - | 44,219 |
| Other | 13,934 | (7,079) | 6,855 |
| Increase in unrestricted net assets before discontinued operations | 1,049,564 | 7,056 | 1,056,620 |
| Discontinued operations | | | |
| Loss from operations | (39,199) | - | (39,199) |
| Losses on substitutions of membership interests | (85,883) | - | (85,883) |
| Increase in unrestricted net assets | 924,482 | 7,056 | 931,538 |
| TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS: | | | |
| Contributions | 68,354 | - | 68,354 |
| Net investment gain | 15,757 | - | 15,757 |
| Net assets released from restrictions | (54,105) | - | (54,105) |
| Other | (6,354) | - | (6,354) |
| Increase in temporarily restricted net assets | 23,652 | - | 23,652 |
| PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS: | | | |
| Contributions for endowment funds | 3,621 | - | 3,621 |
| Net investment gain | 2,858 | - | 2,858 |
| Other | (12,094) | - | (12,094) |
| Increase in permanently restricted net assets | (5,615) | - | (5,615) |
| INCREASE IN NET ASSETS | 942,519 | 7,056 | 949,575 |
| NET ASSETS - July 1, 2013 | 9,562,853 | 31,034 | 9,593,887 |
| NET ASSETS - June 30, 2014 | \$ 10,505,372 | \$ 38,090 | \$ 10,543,462 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CHE TRINITY INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(In thousands)

OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

| | | |
|---|----|------------------|
| Increase in net assets | \$ | 949,575 |
| Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 707,707 |
| Provision for bad debts | | 620,011 |
| Asset impairment charges | | 91,279 |
| Asset impairment charge and other non-cash items - discontinued operations | | 37,022 |
| Restructuring costs | | 30,892 |
| Litigation accrual | | 36,448 |
| Losses on substitutions of membership interests | | 85,883 |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates | | (320,639) |
| Deferred retirement items - consolidated organizations | | (28,402) |
| Deferred retirement items - unconsolidated organizations | | (44,219) |
| Change in net unrealized and realized gains on investments | | (571,787) |
| Change in market values of interest rate swaps | | 13,359 |
| Restricted contributions and investment income received | | (26,510) |
| Other adjustments | | 11,657 |
| Changes in: | | |
| Patient accounts receivable | | (691,299) |
| Other assets | | (59,010) |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | (30,734) |
| Estimated receivables from third-party payors | | 13,258 |
| Estimated payables to third-party payors | | (69,534) |
| Self-insurance reserves | | 73,341 |
| Accrued pension and retiree health costs | | (28,990) |
| Other liabilities | | (600) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities of discontinued operations | | <u>(24,155)</u> |
| Total adjustments | | <u>(175,022)</u> |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | <u>774,553</u> |

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | |
| Purchases of investments | (3,107,406) |
| Proceeds from sales of investments | 3,056,208 |
| Purchases of property and equipment | (1,013,473) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment | 14,047 |
| Acquisitions | (3,768) |
| Dividends received from unconsolidated affiliates | 39,551 |
| Increase in assets limited as to use and other changes | (18,290) |
| Net cash used in investing activities of discontinued operations | (12,961) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | <u>(1,046,092)</u> |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | |
| Proceeds from issuance of debt | 664,194 |
| Repayments of debt | (379,241) |
| Net decrease in commercial paper | (128,961) |
| Increase in financing costs and other | (3,655) |
| Proceeds from restricted contributions and restricted investment income | 26,510 |
| Net cash used in investing activities of discontinued operations | (4,395) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | <u>174,452</u> |
| NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | (97,087) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year | <u>998,369</u> |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year | <u>\$ 901,282</u> |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: | |
| Cash paid for interest (net of amounts capitalized) | \$ 155,268 |
| New capital lease obligations for buildings and equipment | 4,388 |
| Accruals for purchases of property and equipment and other long-term assets | 92,001 |
| Unsettled investment trades, purchases | 120,562 |
| Unsettled investment trades, sales | 135,756 |
| Decrease in security lending collateral | 34,299 |
| Decrease in payable under security lending agreements | (34,299) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CHE TRINITY INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

1. ORGANIZATION AND MISSION

Effective May 1, 2013, CHE Trinity Inc. (the “Corporation”) became the sole member of Catholic Health East, a Pennsylvania nonprofit corporation (“CHE”), and Trinity Health Corporation, an Indiana nonprofit corporation (“Trinity Health”) creating a unified Catholic national health system that enhances the mission of service to people and communities across the United States. This transaction was accounted for as a merger and thus the Corporation’s balance sheet was recorded at its historical basis under the carryover method. Transition and integration are ongoing with the Corporation incurring \$42.9 million of expenses for the year ended June 30, 2014, as a result of the transaction, which are included in consolidation costs in the statement of operations and changes in net assets.

The Corporation has adopted a fiscal year end of June 30. Effective July 1, 2013, CHE changed its fiscal year end from December 31 to June 30 in order to align CHE’s year end with the Corporation. These statements reflect the adoption of a June 30 fiscal year end.

The Corporation is sponsored by Catholic Health Ministries, a Public Juridic Person of the Holy Roman Catholic Church. The Corporation operates a comprehensive integrated network of health services including inpatient and outpatient services, physician services, managed care coverage, home health care, long-term care, assisted living care, and rehabilitation services located in 20 states. The operations are organized into Regional Health Ministries (“RHMs”). The mission statement for the Corporation is as follows:

We, CHE Trinity Inc., serve together in the spirit of the Gospel as a compassionate and transforming healing presence within our communities.

Community Benefit Ministry – Consistent with its mission, the Corporation provides medical care to all patients regardless of their ability to pay. In addition, the Corporation provides services intended to benefit the poor and underserved, including those persons who cannot afford health insurance or other payments such as copays and deductibles because of inadequate resources and/or are uninsured or underinsured, and to improve the health status of the communities in which it operates. The following summary has been prepared in accordance with the Catholic Health Association of the United States’, *A Guide for Planning and Reporting Community Benefit*, 2013 Edition.

The quantifiable costs of the Corporation's community benefit ministry for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| Ministry for the poor and underserved: | |
| Charity care at cost | \$ 242,064 |
| Unpaid cost of Medicaid and other public programs | 325,575 |
| Programs for the poor and the underserved: | |
| Community health services | 21,345 |
| Subsidized health services | 46,962 |
| Financial contributions | 9,707 |
| Community building activities | 1,221 |
| Community benefit operations | 2,880 |
| Total programs for the poor and underserved | <u>82,115</u> |
| Ministry for the poor and underserved | <u>649,754</u> |
| Ministry for the broader community: | |
| Community health services | 13,914 |
| Health professions education | 102,401 |
| Subsidized health services | 43,543 |
| Research | 4,407 |
| Financial contributions | 28,301 |
| Community building activities | 2,306 |
| Community benefit operations | 2,491 |
| Ministry for the broader community | <u>197,363</u> |
| Community benefit ministry | <u>\$ 847,117</u> |

The Corporation provides a significant amount of uncompensated care to its uninsured and underinsured patients, which is reported as bad debt at cost and not included in the amounts reported above. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Corporation reported bad debt at cost (determined using a cost-to-charge ratio applied to the provision for bad debts) of \$196.1 million.

Ministry for the poor and underserved represents the financial commitment to seek out and serve those who need help the most, especially the poor, the uninsured and the indigent. This is done with the conviction that healthcare is a basic human right.

Ministry for the broader community represents the cost of services provided for the general benefit of the communities in which the Corporation operates. Many programs are targeted toward populations that may be poor, but also include those areas that may need special health services and support. These programs are not intended to be financially self-supporting.

Charity care at cost represents the cost of services provided to patients who cannot afford health care services due to inadequate resources and/or are uninsured or underinsured. A patient is classified as a charity patient in accordance with the Corporation's established policies as further described in Note 4. The cost of charity care is calculated using a cost-to-charge ratio methodology.

Unpaid cost of Medicaid and other public programs represents the cost (determined using a cost-to-charge ratio) of providing services to beneficiaries of public programs, including state Medicaid and indigent care programs, in excess of governmental and managed care contract payments.

Community health services are activities and services for which no patient bill exists. These services are not expected to be financially self-supporting, although some may be supported by outside grants or funding. Some examples include community health education, free immunization services, free or low cost prescription medications, and rural and urban outreach programs. The Corporation actively collaborates with community groups and agencies to assist those in need in providing such services.

Health professions education includes the unreimbursed cost of training health professionals such as medical residents, nursing students, technicians and students in allied health professions.

Subsidized health services are net costs for billed services that are subsidized by the Corporation. These include services offered despite a financial loss because they are needed in the community and either other providers are unwilling to provide the services or the services would otherwise not be available in sufficient amount. Examples of services include free-standing community clinics, hospice care, mobile units and behavioral health services.

Research includes unreimbursed clinical and community health research and studies on health care delivery.

Financial contributions are made by the Corporation on behalf of the poor and underserved to community agencies. These amounts include special system-wide funds used for charitable activities as well as resources contributed directly to programs, organizations, and foundations for efforts on behalf of the poor and underserved. Amounts included here also represent certain in-kind donations.

Community building activities include the costs of programs that improve the physical environment, promote economic development, enhance other community support systems, develop leadership skills training, and build community coalitions.

Community benefit operations include costs associated with dedicated staff, community health needs and/or asset assessments, and other costs associated with community benefit strategy and operations.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Corporation and all wholly owned, majority-owned, and controlled organizations. Investments where the Corporation holds less than 20% of the ownership interest are accounted for using the cost method. All other investments that are not controlled by the Corporation are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The Corporation has included its equity share of income or losses from investments in unconsolidated affiliates in other revenue and in nonoperating equity gains in unconsolidated affiliates in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. All material intercompany transactions and account balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management of the Corporation to make assumptions, estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, and related disclosures of commitments and contingencies, if any. The Corporation considers critical accounting policies to be those that require more significant judgments and estimates in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements, including the following: recognition of net patient service revenue, which includes contractual allowances, provisions for bad debts and charity care; recorded values of investments, derivatives, and goodwill; reserves for losses and expenses related to health care professional and general liabilities; and risks and assumptions

for measurement of pension and retiree medical liabilities. Management relies on historical experience and other assumptions believed to be reasonable in making its judgments and estimates. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – For purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include certain investments in highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments – Investments, inclusive of assets limited or restricted as to use, include marketable debt and equity securities. Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value and are classified as trading securities. Investments also include investments in commingled funds, hedge funds and other investments structured as limited liability corporations or partnerships. Commingled funds and hedge funds that hold securities directly are stated at the fair value of the underlying securities, as determined by the administrator, based on readily determinable market values or based on net asset value, which is calculated using the most recent fund financial statements. Limited liability corporations and partnerships are accounted for under the equity method.

Investment Earnings – Investment earnings include interest, dividends, realized gains and losses on investments, holding gains and losses, and equity earnings. Investment earnings on assets held by trustees under bond indenture agreements, assets designated by the Board for debt redemption, assets held for borrowings under the intercompany loan program, assets held by grant-making foundations and assets deposited in trust funds by a captive insurance company for self-insurance purposes in accordance with industry practices are included in other revenue in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. Investment earnings from all other investments and board designated funds are included in nonoperating investment income unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law.

Derivative Financial Instruments – The Corporation periodically utilizes various financial instruments (e.g., options and swaps) to hedge interest rates, equity downside risk and other exposures. The Corporation's policies prohibit trading in derivative financial instruments on a speculative basis. The Corporation recognizes all derivative instruments on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value.

Securities Lending – The Corporation participates in securities lending transactions whereby a portion of its investments are loaned, through its agent, to various parties in return for cash and securities from the parties as collateral for the securities loaned. Each business day the Corporation, through its agent, and the borrower determine the market value of the collateral and the borrowed securities. If on any business day the market value of the collateral is less than the required value, additional collateral is obtained as appropriate. The amount of cash collateral received under securities lending is reported as an asset and a corresponding payable in the consolidated balance sheet and is up to 105% of the market value of securities loaned. At June 30, 2014, the Corporation had securities loaned of \$207.1 million, and received collateral (cash and noncash) totaling \$212.7 million, relating to the securities loaned. The fees received for these transactions are recorded in investment income on the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets.

Assets Limited as to Use – Assets set aside by the Board for future capital improvements, future funding of retirement programs and insurance claims, retirement of debt, held for borrowings under the intercompany loan program, and other purposes over which the Board retains control and may at its discretion subsequently use for other purposes, assets held by trustees under bond indenture and certain other agreements, and self-insurance trust and benefit plan arrangements are included in assets limited as to use.

Donor-Restricted Gifts – Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets to the Corporation are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date the gift is received. The gifts are reported as either temporarily or permanently restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reported as unrestricted contributions in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets.

Inventories – Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost of inventories is determined principally by the weighted average cost method.

Assets and Liabilities Held for Sale – The Corporation has classified certain long-lived assets as assets held for sale in the consolidated balance sheet when the assets have met applicable criteria for this classification. The Corporation has also classified as held for sale those liabilities related to assets held for sale.

Property and Equipment – Property and equipment, including internal-use software, are recorded at cost, if purchased, or at fair value at the date of donation, if donated. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of each class of depreciable asset and is computed using either the straight-line or an accelerated method and includes capital lease and internal-use software amortization. The useful lives of these assets range from 2 to 50 years. Interest costs incurred during the period of construction of capital assets are capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets.

Gifts of long-lived assets such as land, buildings, or equipment are reported as unrestricted support and are excluded from the excess of revenue over expenses, unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the donated assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash or other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as restricted support.

Goodwill – Goodwill represents the future economic benefits arising from assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognized.

Asset Impairments –

Property and Equipment – The Corporation evaluates long-lived assets for possible impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset, or related group of assets, may not be recoverable from estimated future undiscounted cash flows. If the estimated future undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying value of the assets, the impairment recognized is calculated as the carrying value of the long-lived assets in excess of the fair value of the assets. The fair value of the assets is estimated based on appraisals, established market values of comparable assets or internal estimates of future net cash flows expected to result from the use and ultimate disposition of the asset.

Goodwill – Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis or when an event or change in circumstance indicates the value of a reporting unit may have changed. Testing is conducted at the reporting unit level. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. Estimates

of fair value are based on appraisals, established market prices for comparable assets or internal estimates of future net cash flows and presume stable, improving or, in some cases, declining results at our hospitals, depending on their circumstances.

As of July 1, 2013, the consolidated balance sheet included goodwill of \$151.6 million. Additional goodwill of \$2.2 million was recorded during the year ended June 30, 2014 related to acquisitions.

Other Assets – Other assets includes long-term notes receivable, reinsurance recovery receivables, definite and indefinite-lived intangible assets, deferred financing costs, and prepaid pension and retiree health costs. The majority of the net balances of definite-lived intangible assets include noncompete agreements and physician guarantees with finite lives amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, which generally range from 5 to 22 years and 2 to 12 years, respectively. Indefinite-lived intangible assets primarily include trade names.

Short-Term Borrowings – Short-term borrowings include puttable variable rate demand bonds supported by self liquidity or liquidity facilities considered short-term in nature.

Other Long-Term Liabilities – Other long-term liabilities include deferred compensation, asset retirement obligations, interest rate swaps and deferred revenue from entrance fees. Deferred revenue from entrance fees are fees paid by residents of facilities for the elderly upon entering into continuing care contracts (net of the portion that is refundable to the resident) which are recorded as deferred revenue and amortized to income using the straight-line method over the estimated remaining life expectancy of the resident.

Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets – Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by the Corporation has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. Permanently restricted net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained by the Corporation in perpetuity.

Patient Accounts Receivable, Estimated Receivables from and Payables to Third-Party Payors and Net Patient Service Revenue – The Corporation has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Corporation's RHMs at amounts different from established rates. Patient accounts receivable and net patient service revenue are reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered. Estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors and other changes in estimates are included in net patient service revenue and estimated receivables from and payables to third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods, as final settlements are determined. Estimated receivables from third-party payors include amounts receivable from Medicare and state Medicaid meaningful use programs.

Self-Insured Employee Health Benefits – The Corporation administers self-insured employee health benefit plans for employees. The majority of the Corporation's employees participate in the programs. The provisions of the plans permit employees and their dependents to elect to receive medical care at either the Corporation's RHMs or other health care providers. Gross patient service revenue has been reduced by an allowance for self-insured employee health benefits which represents revenue attributable to medical services provided by the Corporation to its employees and dependents in such years.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts – The Corporation recognizes a significant amount of patient service revenue at the time the services are rendered even though the Corporation does not assess the patient's ability to pay at that time. As a result, the provision for bad debts is presented as a deduction from patient service revenue (net of contractual provisions and discounts). For uninsured and underinsured patients that do not qualify for charity care, the Corporation establishes an allowance to reduce the

carrying value of such receivables to their estimated net realizable value. This allowance is established based on the aging of accounts receivable and the historical collection experience by RHM and for each type of payor. A significant portion of the Corporation's provision for doubtful accounts relates to self-pay patients, as well as co-payments and deductibles owed to the Corporation by patients with insurance.

Premium and Capitation Revenue – The Corporation has certain RHMs that arrange for the delivery of health care services to enrollees through various contracts with providers and common provider entities. Enrollee contracts are negotiated on a yearly basis. Premiums are due monthly and are recognized as revenue during the period in which the Corporation is obligated to provide services to enrollees. Premiums received prior to the period of coverage are recorded as deferred revenue and included in accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheet.

Certain of the Corporation's RHMs have entered into capitation arrangements whereby they accept the risk for the provision of certain health care services to health plan members. Under these agreements, the Corporation's RHMs are financially responsible for services provided to the health plan members by other institutional health care providers. Capitation revenue is recognized during the period for which the RHM is obligated to provide services to health plan enrollees under capitation contracts. Capitation receivables are included in other receivables in the consolidated balance sheet.

Reserves for incurred but not reported claims have been established to cover the unpaid costs of health care services covered under the premium and capitation arrangements. The premium and capitation arrangement reserves are classified with accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheet. The liability is estimated based on actuarial studies, historical reporting, and payment trends. Subsequent actual claim experience will differ from the estimated liability due to variances in estimated and actual utilization of health care services, the amount of charges, and other factors. As settlements are made and estimates are revised, the differences are reflected in current operations.

Income Taxes – The Corporation and substantially all of its subsidiaries have been recognized as tax-exempt pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Corporation also has taxable subsidiaries, which are included in the consolidated financial statements. Certain of the taxable subsidiaries have entered into tax sharing agreements and file consolidated federal income tax returns with other corporate taxable subsidiaries. The Corporation includes penalties and interest, if any, with its provision for income taxes in other nonoperating items in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets.

Excess of Revenue Over Expenses – The consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets includes excess of revenue over expenses. Changes in unrestricted net assets, which are excluded from excess of revenue over expenses, consistent with industry practice, include the effective portion of the change in market value of derivatives that meet hedge accounting requirements, permanent transfers of assets to and from affiliates for other than goods and services, contributions of long-lived assets received or gifted (including assets acquired using contributions, which by donor restriction were to be used for the purposes of acquiring such assets), net change in retirement plan related items, discontinued operations, extraordinary items and cumulative effects of changes in accounting principles.

Adopted Accounting Pronouncements –

On July 1, 2013, the Corporation adopted Accounting Standard Update (“ASU”) 2011-11, “*Disclosures About Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*.” This guidance contains new disclosure requirements regarding the nature of an entity's rights of setoff and related arrangements associated with its financial instruments and derivative instruments. The adoption of this guidance had no impact on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

On July 1, 2013, the Corporation adopted ASU 2012-02, “*Intangibles Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Indefinite-lived Intangible Assets for Impairment.*” This guidance provides entities the option of first assessing qualitative factors about the likelihood that an indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired to determine whether further impairment assessment is necessary. It also enhances the consistency of the impairment testing guidance among long-lived asset categories by permitting entities to assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to calculate the asset’s fair value when testing an indefinite-lived intangible asset for impairment. The adoption of this guidance had no impact on the Corporation’s consolidated financial statements.

On July 1, 2013, the Corporation adopted ASU 2012-05, “*Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Not-for-Profit Entities: Classification of the Sale Proceeds of Donated Financial Assets in the Statement of Cash Flows.*” This guidance provides clarification on how entities classify cash receipts arising from the sale of certain donated financial assets in the statement of cash flows. The adoption of this guidance had no impact on the Corporation’s consolidated statement of cash flows.

On July 1, 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued ASU 2013-01, “*Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures About Offsetting Assets and Liabilities.*” This guidance provides clarification on the scope of the offsetting disclosure requirements in ASU 2011-11. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Corporation’s consolidated financial statements.

Forthcoming Accounting Pronouncements –

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-04, “*Obligations Resulting From Joint and Several Liability Arrangements for Which the Total Amount of the Obligation is Fixed at the Reporting Date,*” which requires entities to measure obligations within the scope of this guidance at the reporting date. This guidance is effective for the Corporation beginning July 1, 2014. The Corporation has not yet evaluated the impact this guidance may have on its consolidated financial statements.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-11, “*Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists.*” This guidance requires entities to present an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit, with some exceptions. This guidance is effective for the Corporation beginning July 1, 2014. The Corporation does not expect this guidance to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08, “*Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity.*” This guidance amends the definition of a discontinued operation and requires entities to provide additional disclosures about discontinued operations as well as disposal transactions that do not meet the discontinued operations criteria. This guidance is effective for the Corporation beginning July 1, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The Corporation has not yet evaluated the impact this guidance may have on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, “*Revenue From Contracts With Customers.*” This guidance outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. This guidance is effective for the Corporation beginning July 1, 2017. The Corporation has not yet evaluated the impact this guidance may have on its consolidated financial statements.

3. INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates – The Corporation and certain of its RHM's have investments in entities that are recorded under the cost and equity methods of accounting. At June 30, 2014, the Corporation maintained investments in unconsolidated affiliates with ownership interests ranging from 0.7% to 51.0%. The Corporation's share of equity earnings from entities accounted for under the equity method was \$320.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, of which \$54.8 million is included in other revenue and \$265.8 million is included in nonoperating items in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. The most significant of these investments include the following:

BayCare Health System – The Corporation has a 50.4% interest in BayCare Health System Inc. and Affiliates (“BayCare”), a Florida not-for-profit corporation exempt from state and federal income taxes. BayCare was formed in 1997 pursuant to a Joint Operating Agreement (“JOA”) among the not-for-profit, tax-exempt members of the CHE BayCare Participants, Morton Plant Mease Health Care, Inc., and South Florida Baptist Hospital, Inc. (collectively, the “Members”). BayCare consists of three community health alliances located in the Tampa Bay area of Florida including St. Joseph's-Baptist Healthcare Hospital, St. Anthony's Health Care, and Morton Plant Mease Health Care. The Corporation has the right to appoint nine of the twenty-one voting members of the Board of Directors of BayCare, therefore the Corporation accounts for BayCare under the equity method of accounting. At June 30, 2014, the Corporation's investment in BayCare totaled \$1,770.9 million.

Gateway Health Plan – The Corporation has a 50.0% interest in Gateway Health Plan, L.P. and Subsidiaries (“GHP”), a Pennsylvania limited partnership. GHP has two general partners, Highmark Ventures Inc. formerly known as Alliance Ventures, Inc., and Mercy Health Plan, each owning 1%. In addition to the general partners, there are two limited partners, Highmark Inc. and Mercy Health Plan, each owning 49%. At June 30, 2014, the Corporation's investment in GHP totaled \$178.9 million.

Catholic Health System, Inc. – The Corporation has a one-third interest in Catholic Health System, Inc. and Subsidiaries (“CHS”). CHS, formed in 1998, is a not-for-profit integrated delivery healthcare system in western New York jointly sponsored by the Sisters of Mercy, Ascension Health System, the Franciscan Sisters of St. Joseph, and the Diocese of Buffalo. CHE, Ascension Health System, and the Diocese of Buffalo are the corporate members of CHS. CHS operates several organizations, the largest of which are four acute care hospitals located in Buffalo, New York: Mercy Hospital of Buffalo, Kenmore Mercy Hospital, Sisters of Charity Hospital, and St. Joseph Hospital. At June 30, 2014, the Corporation's investment in CHS totaled \$68.0 million.

Emory Healthcare/St. Joseph's Health System – The Corporation has a 49% interest in Emory Healthcare/St. Joseph's Health System (“EH/SJHS”). EH/SJHS operates several organizations, including two acute care hospitals, St. Joseph's Hospital of Atlanta and John's Creek Hospital. At June 30, 2014, the Corporation's investment in EH/SJHS totaled \$60.3 million.

Condensed consolidated balance sheets of BayCare, GHP, CHS and EH/SJHS as of June 30, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

| | <u>Baycare</u> | <u>GHP</u> | <u>CHS</u> | <u>EH/SJHS</u> |
|-------------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------|
| Total assets | \$5,390,589 | \$643,593 | \$872,106 | \$430,434 |
| Total liabilities | \$1,676,157 | \$285,835 | \$662,733 | \$289,101 |

Condensed consolidated statements of operations of BayCare, GHP, CHS and EH/SJHS for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

| | <u>Baycare</u> | <u>GHP</u> | <u>CHS</u> | <u>EH/SJHS</u> |
|--|----------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| Revenue, net | \$2,591,325 | \$1,849,055 | \$939,581 | \$368,190 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses | \$576,392 | \$32,377 | \$42,821 | (\$33,832) |

The following amounts have been recognized in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets related to the investments in BayCare, GHP, CHS and EH/SJHS for the year ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| | <u>Baycare</u> | <u>GHP</u> | <u>CHS</u> | <u>EH/SJHS</u> |
|--|-------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Other revenue | \$ - | \$ 15,996 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated organizations | 288,196 | - | 14,260 | (26,446) |
| Other changes in unrestricted net assets | 9,282 | (3,948) | 36,781 | (7,382) |
| Changes in restricted net assets | 462 | - | - | - |
| | <u>\$ 297,940</u> | <u>\$ 12,048</u> | <u>\$ 51,041</u> | <u>\$ (33,828)</u> |

The unaudited summarized financial position and results of operations for the entities accounted for under the equity method excluding BayCare, GHP, CHS and EH/SJHS as of and for the period ended June 30, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

| | <u>Medical Office Buildings</u> | <u>Outpatient and Diagnostic Services</u> | <u>Ambulatory Surgery Centers</u> | <u>Physician Hospital Organizations</u> | <u>Other Investees</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|----------------------------|--------------|
| Total assets | \$ 87,931 | \$ 106,813 | \$ 72,113 | \$ 26,845 | \$ 512,647 | \$ 806,349 |
| Total liabilities | \$ 69,872 | \$ 38,732 | \$ 42,502 | \$ 21,609 | \$ 280,263 | \$ 452,978 |
| Net assets | \$ 18,059 | \$ 68,081 | \$ 29,611 | \$ 5,236 | \$ 232,384 | \$ 353,371 |
| Revenue, net | \$ 18,103 | \$ 145,907 | \$ 134,207 | \$ 35,474 | \$ 682,900 | \$ 1,016,591 |
| Excess of revenue over expenses | \$ 3,454 | \$ 16,245 | \$ 40,508 | \$ (421) | \$ 20,080 | \$ 79,866 |

Discontinued Operations –

The Corporation has several entities that met the criteria for being presented as discontinued operations for the year ended June 30, 2014, the most significant of which include the following:

Mercy Health System of Maine (“Mercy Maine”) – Effective October 1, 2013, membership of Mercy Maine was assumed by Eastern Maine Health System (“EMHS”) via a membership substitution. Substantially all assets and liabilities transferred to EMHS on that date. As a result of the transfer, a loss on membership transfer of \$80.7 million was recorded in unrestricted net assets. The consolidated financial statements present the operations of Mercy Maine as a discontinued operation. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Corporation reported revenue of \$55.5 million and loss on operations of \$0.4 million in discontinued operations in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets.

Saint Michael's Medical Center – On February 8, 2013, Saint Michael's Medical Center entered into an asset purchase agreement under which the hospital would be acquired by Prime Healthcare Services. The majority of assets and liabilities of Saint Michael's Medical Center have been classified as held for sale on the consolidated balance sheet. The transaction is pending subject to approval by the state of New Jersey. The consolidated financial statements present the operations of Saint Michael's Medical Center as a discontinued operation. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Corporation reported revenue of \$194.2 million and losses on operations of \$15.0 million in discontinued operations in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. As of June 30, 2014, assets held for sale of \$127.9 million and liabilities held for sale of \$257.9 million and consisted of (in thousands):

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| Patient accounts receivable | \$ 21,475 | Current portion of long-term debt | \$ 4,490 |
| Other current assets | 9,418 | Accounts payable & accrued expenses | 17,085 |
| Property and equipment | 81,465 | Other current liabilities | 8,546 |
| Other assets | <u>15,559</u> | Long-term debt, net of current portion | <u>227,799</u> |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 127,917</u> | Total liabilities | <u>\$ 257,920</u> |

Saint James Mercy Hospital ("SJM") – During December 2013, the Board of Directors of SJMH approved a plan to undergo a visioning plan and to transfer the majority of the operations of SJMH. Certain assets and liabilities of SJMH have been classified as held for sale on the consolidated balance sheet. The consolidated financial statements present the operations of SJMH as a discontinued operation. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Corporation reported revenue of \$40.3 million and loss on operations of \$6.2 million in discontinued operations in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. As of June 30, 2014, assets held for sale were \$12.1 million. The majority of assets held for sale consist of property and equipment.

Mercy Health Partners, North ("North") – On May 8, 2014, the Corporation entered into a non-binding letter of intent with Munson Health under which substantially all of the healthcare operations located in Cadillac, Michigan and Grayling, Michigan would be acquired by Munson Healthcare. Discussions are subject to a definitive agreement. The letter of intent will remain in effect until the execution of a definitive agreement or the letter of intent is terminated by either party. Certain assets and liabilities of North have been classified as held for sale on the consolidated balance sheet. The consolidated financial statements present the hospital operations of North as a discontinued operation. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Corporation reported revenue of \$150.2 million and loss on operations of \$13.4 million impairment, which includes a \$13.0 million asset impairment, in discontinued operations in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. As of June 30, 2014, assets held for sale of \$44.7 million consisted of (in thousands):

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Inventories | \$ 3,369 |
| Assets limited or restricted as to use | 2,313 |
| Property and equipment | 36,710 |
| Investments in unconsolidated affiliates | <u>2,314</u> |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 44,706</u> |

4. NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE

A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

Medicare – Acute inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid primarily at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Certain items are reimbursed at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports and audits thereof by the Medicare fiscal intermediaries.

Medicaid – Reimbursement for services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, per diem payments, discounts from established charges, fee schedules, and cost reimbursement methodologies with certain limitations. Cost reimbursable items are reimbursed at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports and audits thereof by the Medicaid fiscal intermediaries.

Other – Reimbursement for services to certain patients is received from commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for reimbursement includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, per diem payments, and discounts from established charges.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as significant regulatory action including fines, penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Charity Care – The Corporation provides services to all patients regardless of ability to pay. In accordance with the Corporation's policy, a patient is classified as a charity patient based on income eligibility criteria as established by the Federal Poverty Guidelines. Charges for services to patients who meet the Corporation's guidelines for charity care are not reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Patient service revenues, net of contractual and other allowances (but before the provision for bad debts), recognized during the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

| | | |
|----------------------|----|-------------------|
| Medicare | \$ | 4,690,876 |
| Blue Cross | | 2,538,707 |
| Medicaid | | 1,609,374 |
| Uninsured | | 489,355 |
| Commercial and Other | | <u>3,066,994</u> |
| Total | \$ | <u>12,395,306</u> |

A summary of net patient service revenue before provision for bad debts for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Gross charges: | |
| Acute inpatient | \$ 17,030,436 |
| Outpatient, nonacute inpatient, and other | 19,025,984 |
| Gross patient service revenue | <u>36,056,420</u> |
| Less: | |
| Contractual and other allowances | (22,695,773) |
| Charity care charges | <u>(965,341)</u> |
| Net patient service revenue before provision for bad debts | <u><u>\$ 12,395,306</u></u> |

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

A summary of property and equipment at June 30, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Land | \$ 318,368 |
| Buildings and improvements | 7,655,128 |
| Equipment | 5,190,900 |
| Capital leased assets | <u>192,754</u> |
| Total | 13,357,150 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (7,324,759) |
| Construction in progress | <u>560,522</u> |
| Property and equipment, net | <u><u>\$ 6,592,913</u></u> |

At June 30, 2014, commitments to purchase property and equipment of approximately \$424 million were outstanding. Significant commitments are primarily for facility expansion at existing campuses and related infrastructures at the following RHMs: Holy Cross Hospital in Silver Spring, Maryland - \$153 million; Mercy Health System of Chicago (“MHSC”) in Chicago, Illinois - \$56 million; and Loyola University Health System (“LUHS”) in Chicago, Illinois - \$53 million. Costs of these projects are expected to be financed by proceeds from bond issuances, available funds, future operations of the hospitals and contributions.

As part of the acquisition of LUHS that occurred in fiscal year 2012, the Corporation has committed to spend at least \$300 million on capital projects for LUHS through fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. This amount may be increased to \$400 million if certain operating thresholds are met. Through June 30, 2014, approximately \$154 million of capital expenditures have been accrued on capital projects for LUHS. In addition, as part of the acquisition of MHSC that occurred in fiscal year 2012, the Corporation has committed to spend at least \$140 million for capital, information systems and equipment needs to support the operations of MHSC through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. This amount may be increased to \$150 million if certain operating thresholds are met. Through June 30, 2014, approximately \$65 million of capital expenditures have been accrued on such MHSC projects.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Corporation recorded total impairment charges of \$91 million included in asset impairment charges in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. Material adverse trends in the most recent estimates of future undiscounted cash flows of certain hospitals indicated that the carrying value of the long-lived assets was not recoverable from the estimated future cash flows. The Corporation believes the most significant factors contributing to the

continuing adverse financial trends include reductions in volumes of insured patients and shifts in payor mix. Fair value was determined using a third party valuation. Impairments were recorded at the following locations because fair value estimates were lower than carrying value: Mercy Suburban Hospital, Pennsylvania – \$32.7 million; Mount Carmel West, Columbus, Ohio – \$19.2 million; St. Francis, Wilmington, Delaware – \$15.5 million; St. Francis, Trenton, New Jersey – \$5.9 million; and other Southeast Michigan locations – \$17.2 million.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

A summary of short-term borrowings and long-term debt at June 30, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| Short-term borrowings: | |
| Variable rate demand bonds with contractual maturities through 2048. Interest payable monthly at rates ranging from 0.02% to 0.19% during 2014 | <u>\$ 1,123,620</u> |
| Long-term debt: | |
| Tax-exempt revenue bonds and refunding bonds: | |
| Fixed rate term and serial bonds, payable at various dates through 2048. Interest rate ranges from 2.0% to 7.62% during 2014 | \$ 2,922,513 |
| Variable rate term bonds, payable at various dates through 2048. Interest rate ranges from 0.48% to 4.1% during 2014 | 465,410 |
| Notes payable to banks. Interest payable at rates ranging from 0.03% to 6.7%, fixed and variable, payable in varying monthly installments through 2032 | 11,675 |
| Capital lease obligations (excluding imputed interest of \$64.6 million at June 30, 2014) | 132,985 |
| Mortgage obligations. Interest payable at rates ranging from 1.0% to 11.0% during 2014 | 111,161 |
| Other | <u>35,299</u> |
| Total long-term debt | 3,679,043 |
| Less current portion, net of current discounts | (96,038) |
| Unamortized premiums, net | <u>36,232</u> |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion | <u>\$ 3,619,237</u> |

Contractually obligated principal repayments on short-term borrowings and long-term debt are as follows (in thousands):

| | <u>Short-Term Borrowings</u> | <u>Long-Term Debt</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Years ending June 30: | | |
| 2015 | \$ 24,910 | \$ 96,038 |
| 2016 | 26,215 | 102,434 |
| 2017 | 27,890 | 93,778 |
| 2018 | 30,200 | 95,081 |
| 2019 | 29,400 | 104,007 |
| Thereafter | <u>985,005</u> | <u>3,187,705</u> |
| Total | <u>\$ 1,123,620</u> | <u>\$ 3,679,043</u> |

A summary of interest costs on borrowed funds primarily under the revenue bond indentures during the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| Interest costs incurred | \$ 174,203 |
| Less capitalized interest | <u>(14,975)</u> |
| Interest expense included in operations | <u>\$ 159,228</u> |

Obligated Group and Other Requirements – The Corporation has debt outstanding under a Master Trust Indenture dated October 3, 2013, as amended and supplemented, the Amended and Restated Master Indenture (“ARMI”). The ARMI permits the Corporation to issue obligations to finance certain activities. Obligations issued under the ARMI are joint and several obligations of the Corporation, CHE and Trinity Health (the “Obligated Group”). Proceeds from tax-exempt bonds and refunding bonds are to be used to finance the construction, acquisition and equipping of capital improvements. Certain RHMs of the Corporation constitute designated affiliates and the Corporation covenants to cause each designated affiliate to pay, loan or otherwise transfer to the Obligated Group such amounts necessary to pay the amounts due on all obligations issued under the ARMI. The Obligated Group and the designated affiliates are referred to as the Credit Group.

The Credit Group does not include certain Affiliates that borrow on their own or are members of a separate New York obligated group, but which are included in the Corporation’s consolidated financial statements. St. Peter’s Hospital of the City of Albany (“St. Peter’s”) currently is a member and the Obligated Group Agent of an obligated group created under that certain Master Trust Indenture dated as of January 1, 2008, between St. Peter’s and Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company, as Master Trustee. St. Peter’s received approval from the New York State Department of Health to permit the entry into that obligated group of additional entities within St. Peter’s Health Care Services, Northeast Health, Inc. and Seton Health System, Inc.

The Obligated Group agrees in the ARMI to cause Designated Affiliates to grant to the Master Trustee security interests in their Pledged Property in order to secure all Obligations issued under the Master Indenture. The Designated Affiliates when combined with the current Members of the Obligated Group represent no less than 85% of the consolidated net revenues of the Credit Group. The aggregate amount of obligations outstanding using the ARMI (other than obligations that have been advance refunded) were \$4,264 million at June 30, 2014.

There are several conditions and covenants required by the ARMI with which the Corporation must comply, including covenants that require the Corporation to maintain a minimum debt service coverage and limitations on liens or security interests in property, except for certain permitted encumbrances, affecting the property of the Corporation or any material designated affiliate (a designated affiliate whose total revenues for the most recent fiscal year exceed 5% of the combined total revenues of the Corporation for the most recent fiscal year). Long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2014, excluding amounts issued under the ARMI, is generally collateralized by certain property and equipment.

MHSC has obtained a mortgage loan in the amount of approximately \$66 million that is insured by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”) under the Federal Housing Administration’s Section 242 Hospital Mortgage Insurance Program. Final closing of this HUD-insured loan occurred on June 30, 2014, at which time the remaining proceeds of this loan were disbursed to MHSC. At June 30, 2014, the unpaid principal balance of this loan was \$63.1 million. The loan collateral includes MHSC’s main hospital campus, two MHSC satellite facilities and personal property (including deposit accounts) of both MHSC and its affiliate Mercy Foundation, Inc. MHSC’s payment obligations under the two mortgage notes evidencing this loan are guaranteed by Trinity Health. The

mortgage loan agreements with HUD contain various covenants including: those relating to limitations on incurring additional debt; transactions with affiliates; transferring or disposing of designated property; use of funds and other assets of the mortgaged property; financial performance; required reserves; insurance coverage; timely submission of specified financial reports; and restrictions on prepayment of the mortgage loan. Mercy Health System of Chicago and Trinity Health provided covenants to HUD not to interfere in the performance of MHSC's obligations under the HUD-insured loan documents.

The Corporation issued \$627 million in tax-exempt variable rate hospital revenue bonds (the "Series 2013 Bonds") and remarketed \$89 million in CHE tax-exempt, variable rate hospital revenue bonds under the ARMI. Proceeds were used to retire \$44 million of CHE's then outstanding fixed rate hospital revenue bonds, \$120 million of CHE's then outstanding variable rate hospital revenue bonds and \$269 million of Trinity Health's then outstanding taxable commercial paper obligations. The remaining proceeds of the Series 2013 Bonds will be used to finance, refinance and reimburse a portion of the costs of acquisition, construction, renovation and equipping of health facilities, and to pay related costs of issuance. These transactions resulted in a loss from extinguishment of debt of \$1.6 million recorded in other nonoperating items in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets.

Commercial Paper – The Corporation's commercial paper program is authorized for borrowings up to \$600 million. At June 30, 2014, the total amount of commercial paper outstanding was \$240 million. Proceeds from this program are to be used for general purposes of the Corporation. The notes are payable from the proceeds of subsequently issued notes and from other funds available to the Corporation, including funds derived from the liquidation of securities held by the Corporation in its investment portfolio. The interest rate charged on borrowings outstanding during the year ended June 30, 2014 ranged from 0.06% to 0.17%.

Liquidity Facilities – In July 2013, the Corporation renewed the Trinity Health credit agreements (collectively, the "Credit Agreements") previously entered into between Trinity Health and U.S. Bank National Association, which acts as an administrative agent for a group of lenders thereunder. The Credit Agreements establish a revolving credit facility for the Corporation, under which that group of lenders agree to lend to the Corporation amounts that may fluctuate from time to time. In October 2013, the Corporation exercised its option to increase by \$200 million the 2013 Credit Agreements from \$731 million to \$931 million. Amounts drawn under the 2013 Credit Agreements can only be used to support the Corporation's obligation to pay the purchase price of bonds which are subject to tender and that have not been successfully remarketed, and the maturing principal of and interest on commercial paper notes. Of the \$931 million available balance, \$150 million expires in July 2014, \$175 million expires in July 2015, \$321 million expires in July 2016 and \$285 million expires in July 2017. The Credit Agreements are secured by Obligations under the Master Indenture. As of June 30, 2014, there were no amounts outstanding on these credit agreements. In July 2014, the Corporation renewed and extended the Credit Agreements for an additional year through an amendment and restatement of the 2013 Credit Agreements.

The Corporation also maintains a CHE general purpose facility of \$300 million, of which \$42 million is related to letters of credit. At the Corporation's direction, this general purpose facility was reduced to \$45 million effective March 14, 2014. As of June 30, 2014, there were no draws on this general purpose credit facility.

In addition, in July 2013, the Corporation renewed a Trinity Health three year general purpose credit facility of \$200 million. As of June 30, 2014, there were no amounts outstanding under this credit facility.

Standby Letters of Credit – The Corporation entered into various standby letters of credit totaling approximately \$17.3 million at June 30, 2014. These standby letters of credit are renewed annually and are available to the Corporation as necessary under its insurance programs and for unemployment liabilities. There were no draws on these letters of credit during the year ended June 30, 2014.

7. PROFESSIONAL AND GENERAL LIABILITY PROGRAMS

The Corporation operates a wholly owned insurance company, Venzke Insurance Company, Ltd. (“Venzke”) that qualifies as a captive insurance company and provides certain insurance coverage to the Corporation’s RHMs under a centralized program. The Corporation is self-insured for certain levels of general and professional liability, workers’ compensation and certain other claims. The Corporation has limited its liability by purchasing reinsurance and commercial coverage from unrelated third-party insurers.

Effective January 1, 2014, all assets and liabilities of Stella Maris Insurance Company, Ltd. (“Stella Maris”), which qualified as a captive insurance company, merged into Venzke. Policies issued and reinsurance purchased by Stella Maris prior to January 1, 2014 and all losses previous to January 1, 2014 have been assumed by Venzke.

The Corporation’s current self-insurance program includes \$20 million per occurrence for the first layers of professional liability, as well as \$10 million per occurrence for hospital government liability, \$5 million per occurrence for errors and omission liability, and \$1 million per occurrence for directors’ and officers’ liability. Additional layers of professional liability insurance are available with coverage provided through other insurance carriers and various reinsurance arrangements. The total amount available for these subsequent layers is \$100 million in aggregate. The Corporation self-insures \$750,000 per occurrence for workers’ compensation in most states, with commercial insurance providing coverage up to the statutory limits, and self-insures up to \$500,000 in property damage liability with commercial insurance providing coverage up to \$1 billion.

The liability for self-insurance reserves represents estimates of the ultimate net cost of all losses and loss adjustment expenses, which are incurred but unpaid at the consolidated balance sheet date. The reserves are based on the loss and loss adjustment expense factors inherent in the Corporation’s premium structure. Independent consulting actuaries determined these factors from estimates of the Corporation’s expenses and available industry-wide data. The Corporation discounts the reserves to their present value using a discount rate of 3.0%. The reserves include estimates of future trends in claim severity and frequency. Although considerable variability is inherent in such estimates, management believes that the liability for unpaid claims and related adjustment expenses is adequate based on the loss experience of the Corporation. The estimates are continually reviewed and adjusted as necessary.

Claims in excess of certain insurance coverage and the recorded self-insurance liability have been asserted against the Corporation by various claimants. The claims are in various stages of processing, and some may ultimately be brought to trial. There are known incidents occurring through June 30, 2014 that may result in the assertion of additional claims, and other claims may be asserted arising from services provided in the past. While it is possible that settlement of asserted claims and claims that may be asserted in the future could result in liabilities in excess of amounts for which the Corporation has provided, management, based upon the advice of Counsel, believes that the excess liability, if any, should not materially affect the consolidated financial position, operations or cash flows of the Corporation.

8. PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

Deferred Compensation – The Corporation has nonqualified deferred compensation plans at certain RHMs that permit eligible employees to defer a portion of their compensation. The deferred amounts are distributable in cash after retirement or termination of employment. As of June 30, 2014, the assets under these plans totaled \$137.8 million and liabilities totaled \$145.1 million.

Defined Contribution Benefits – The Corporation sponsors defined contribution pension plans covering substantially all of its employees. These programs vary by location and are funded by employee voluntary contributions, subject to legal limitations. Employer contributions to these plans include varying levels of matching and non-elective contributions. The employees direct their voluntary contributions and employer contributions among a variety of investment options. Trinity Health suspended the majority of employer matching contributions for the fiscal year 2014. Contribution expense under the plans totaled \$68.8 million for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Noncontributory Defined Benefit Pension Plans (“Pension Plans”) – Substantially all of the Corporation’s employees participate in qualified, noncontributory defined benefit pension plans. Certain non-qualified, supplemental plan arrangements also provide retirement benefits to specified groups of participants.

CHE maintains several defined benefit pension plans. One of the plans is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Security Act of 1974 (“ERISA”). The remaining plans have Church Plan status as determined by the Internal Revenue Service and are not governed by ERISA. The majority of the CHE qualified defined benefit plans are frozen and participants are no longer accruing benefits in those plans. Funding for the ERISA plan is made in accordance with ERISA requirements. Funding for the Church Plans varies by plan but generally is based on plan liabilities with amortization of any under or over funding, over a seven year period.

Trinity Health maintains three defined benefit pension plans, two of which have frozen benefits and are subject to the provisions of ERISA. The third plan, the Trinity Health Pension Plan, has church plan status. For the majority of plan participants in the Trinity Health Pension Plan, prior to June 30, 2010, benefits were based on years of service and employees’ highest five years of compensation at which time an accrued frozen benefit was calculated for all active participants. As of July 1, 2010, participants accrue benefits based on a cash balance formula, which credits participants annually with a percentage of eligible compensation based on age and years of service, as well as an interest credit based on a benchmark interest rate. A transition adjustment was provided to participants who were vested as of June 30, 2010, whose age and service met certain requirements at that date. The transition adjustment applies to the pension benefit earned through June 30, 2010 and increased compensation under the final average pay formula over a five-year period. Effective June 2014, the Trinity Health Pension Plan was amended to freeze all future benefit accruals as of December 31, 2014. As a result of this amendment, the Trinity Health Pension Plan projected benefit obligation decreased \$49.5 million, and the Corporation recognized a curtailment gain of \$149.7 million in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. Because this plan has Church Plan status, funding in accordance with ERISA is not required. The Corporation’s adopted funding policy for its qualified plan, which is reviewed annually, is to fund the current normal cost based on the accumulated benefit obligation at the plans’ December 31 year-end, and amortization of any under or over funding over a ten-year period.

Effective December 2013, the majority of the CHE and Trinity Health Plans were amended to implement a voluntary lump sum distribution window. The amendments provided the opportunity for certain eligible participants to elect to receive a full distribution of their pension benefits as a lump sum during the program window period from March 24, 2014 to May 2, 2014. To be eligible a participant

must have terminated employment on or before December 31, 2013. As a result of this program, the Plans' projected benefit obligations decreased \$698.4 million for benefits paid, and the Corporation recognized a settlement loss of \$196 million in the consolidated statement of operations and consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets.

Postretirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits ("Postretirement Plans") – The Corporation sponsors both funded and unfunded contributory plans to provide health care benefits to certain of its retirees. All of the Postretirement Plans are closed to new participants. The plans cover certain hourly and salaried employees who retire from certain RHMs. Medical benefits for these retirees are subject to deductibles and co-payment provisions. Effective January 1, 2011, the funded plans provide benefits to certain retirees at fixed dollar amounts in Health Reimbursement Account arrangements for Medicare eligible participants.

The following table sets forth the changes in projected benefit obligations, accumulated postretirement obligations, and changes in plan assets and funded status of the plans for both the Pension and Postretirement Plans for the year ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| | <u>Pension Plans</u> | <u>Postretirement Plans</u> |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Change in Benefit Obligation: | | |
| Benefit obligation, beginning of year | \$ 6,244,763 | \$ 107,865 |
| Service cost | 149,138 | 628 |
| Interest cost | 331,554 | 5,297 |
| Actuarial loss (gain) | 448,872 | (302) |
| Benefits paid | (198,505) | (5,081) |
| Medicare Part D reimbursement | - | 111 |
| Curtailments | (49,449) | - |
| Settlements | (698,354) | - |
| Benefit obligation, end of year | <u>6,228,019</u> | <u>108,518</u> |
| Change in Plan Assets: | | |
| Fair value of plan assets, beginning of year | 5,491,447 | 84,523 |
| Actual return on plan assets | 699,893 | 15,338 |
| Employer contributions | 230,360 | 1,329 |
| Benefits paid | (198,505) | (5,081) |
| Settlements | (698,354) | - |
| Fair value of plan assets, end of year | <u>5,524,841</u> | <u>96,109</u> |
| Unfunded amount recognized June 30 | <u>\$ (703,178)</u> | <u>\$ (12,409)</u> |
| Recognized in other long-term assets | \$ 8,258 | \$ 4,028 |
| Recognized in accrued pension and retiree health costs | \$ (711,436) | \$ (16,437) |

Actuarial losses incurred in the pension plans during the year ended June 30, 2014 are primarily related to changes in discount rates used to measure the plans' liabilities.

The accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for the qualified defined benefit pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

| | <u>Pension Plans</u> |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Accumulated benefit obligation | \$ 6,182,463 |
| Fair value of plan assets | <u>5,524,841</u> |
| Funded status | <u><u>\$ (657,622)</u></u> |

Components of net periodic benefit cost for the year ended June 30, 2014 consisted of the following (in thousands):

| | <u>Pension Plans</u> | <u>Postretirement Plans</u> |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Service cost | \$ 149,138 | \$ 627 |
| Interest cost | 331,554 | 5,297 |
| Expected return on assets | (398,683) | (6,008) |
| Amortization of prior service cost | (27,345) | (5,763) |
| Recognized net actuarial loss | <u>104,089</u> | <u>(167)</u> |
| Net periodic benefit cost (income) before curtailments/settlements | \$ 158,753 | \$ (6,014) |
| Curtailment gain | (149,734) | - |
| Settlement loss | <u>195,987</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Net periodic benefit cost (income) | <u><u>\$ 205,006</u></u> | <u><u>\$ (6,014)</u></u> |

The amounts in unrestricted net assets, including amounts arising during the year and amounts reclassified into net periodic benefit cost, are as follows (in thousands):

| | Pension Plans | | | All Plans Grand Total |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Net Loss (Gain) | Prior Service Cost | Total | |
| Balance at July 1, 2013 | \$ 1,813,218 | \$ (221,844) | \$ 1,591,374 | |
| Curtailments | 100,285 | | 100,285 | |
| Settlements | (195,987) | | (195,987) | |
| Reclassified into net periodic benefit cost | (104,089) | 27,345 | (76,744) | |
| Arising during the year | 147,643 | - | 147,643 | |
| Balance at June 30, 2014 | <u>\$ 1,761,070</u> | <u>\$ (194,499)</u> | <u>\$ 1,566,571</u> | |

| | Postretirement Plans | | | All Plans Grand Total |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Net Loss (Gain) | Prior Service Credit | Total | |
| Balance at July 1, 2013 | \$ 3,287 | \$ (10,159) | \$ (6,872) | \$ 1,584,502 |
| Curtailments | - | - | - | 100,285 |
| Settlements | - | - | - | (195,987) |
| Reclassified into net periodic benefit cost | 167 | 5,763 | 5,930 | (70,814) |
| Arising during the year | (9,529) | - | (9,529) | 138,114 |
| Balance at June 30, 2014 | <u>\$ (6,075)</u> | <u>\$ (4,396)</u> | <u>\$ (10,471)</u> | <u>\$ 1,556,100</u> |

The following are estimated amounts to be amortized from unrestricted net assets into net periodic benefit cost during fiscal year 2015 (in thousands):

| | Pension Plans | Postretirement Plans |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Amortization of prior service credit | \$ (5,877) | \$ (564) |
| Recognized net actuarial loss (gain) | 31,580 | (261) |
| Total | <u>\$ 25,703</u> | <u>\$ (825)</u> |

Assumptions used to determine benefit obligations and net periodic benefit cost as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

| | Pension Plans | Postretirement Plans |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Benefit Obligations: | | |
| Discount rate | 4.60% - 5.20% | 4.00% - 4.75% |
| Rate of compensation increase in 2014 | | |
| Graduated to 4% by 2017 | 2.50% | N/A |
| Net Periodic Benefit Cost: | | |
| Discount rate | 4.95% - 5.70% | 4.40% - 5.20% |
| Expected long-term return on plan assets | 7.00% - 7.50% | 7.50% |
| Rate of compensation | 3.0% | N/A |

Approximately 93% of the Corporation's pension plan liabilities are measured using the 4.90% discount rate at June 30, 2014.

The Corporation utilizes a pension liability driven investment strategy in determining its asset allocation and long-term rate of return for plan assets. This risk management strategy uses a glide path methodology based on funded status to initiate asset allocation changes across the efficient frontier. Efficient frontier analysis models the risk and return trade-offs among asset classes while taking into consideration the correlation among the asset classes. Historical market returns and risks are examined as part of this process, but risk-based adjustments are made to correspond with modern portfolio theory. Long-term historical correlations between asset classes are used, consistent with widely accepted capital markets principles. Current market factors, such as inflation and interest rates, are evaluated before long-term capital market assumptions are determined. The long-term rate of return is established using the efficient frontier analysis approach with proper consideration of asset class diversification and rebalancing. Peer data and historical returns are reviewed to check for reasonableness and appropriateness.

Health Care Cost Trend Rates – Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the postretirement plans. The postretirement benefit obligation includes assumed health care cost trend rates as of June 30, 2014 as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------------|------|
| Medical and drugs, pre-age 65 | 7.5% |
| Medical and drugs, post-age 65 | 7.5% |
| Ultimate trend rate | 5.0% |
| Year rate reaches the ultimate rate | 2023 |

A one-percentage point change in assumed health care cost trend rates would have the following effects at June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| | <u>One-Percentage- Point Increase</u> | <u>One-Percentage- Point Decrease</u> |
|--|---|---|
| Effect on postretirement benefit obligation | \$ 3,358 | \$ (2,861) |
| Effect on total of service cost and interest cost components | \$ 209 | \$ (176) |

The Corporation's investment allocations at June 30, 2014 by investment category are as follows:

| Investment Category: | Pension Plans | Postretirement Plans |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5% | 1% |
| Marketable securities: | | |
| U.S. and non-U.S equity securities | 10% | - |
| Equity mutual funds | 7% | - |
| Debt securities | 33% | 32% |
| Other investments: | | |
| Commingled funds | 14% | 67% |
| Hedge funds | 24% | - |
| Private equity funds | 6% | - |
| Other | 1% | - |
| Total | <u>100%</u> | <u>100%</u> |

The Corporation employs a total return investment approach whereby a mix of equities and fixed income investments are used to maximize the long-term return of plan assets for a prudent level of risk. Risk tolerance is established through careful consideration of plan liabilities, plan funded status, and corporate financial condition. The investment portfolio contains a diversified blend of equity and fixed-income investments. Furthermore, equity investments are diversified across U.S. and non-U.S. stocks, as well as growth, value, and small and large capitalizations. Other investments, such as hedge funds, interest rate swaps, and private equity are used judiciously to enhance long-term returns while improving portfolio diversification. Derivatives may be used to gain market exposure in an efficient and timely manner; however, derivatives may not be used to leverage the portfolio beyond the market value of the underlying investments. Investment risk is measured and monitored on an ongoing basis through quarterly investment portfolio reviews, annual liability measurements, and periodic asset/liability studies. For the majority of the Corporation's pension plan investments, the combined target investment allocation at June 30, 2014 was global and traditional equity securities 30%; long/short equity 10%; fixed income obligations 40%; hedge funds 15%; and alternative debt 5%.

The following table summarizes the Pension and Postretirement Plans' assets measured at fair value at June 30, 2014 (in thousands). See Note 10 for definitions of Levels 1, 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

| | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Total Fair Value |
|---|---|--|--|---------------------------------|
| Pension Plans: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 294,057 | \$ 602 | \$ - | \$ 294,659 |
| Equity securities | 551,831 | 1,897 | - | 553,728 |
| Debt securities | | | | |
| Government and government agency obligations | - | 538,138 | - | 538,138 |
| Corporate bonds | - | 1,132,025 | - | 1,132,025 |
| Asset backed securities | - | 69,621 | 2,467 | 72,088 |
| Mutual funds | | | | |
| Equity mutual funds | 369,515 | 6,954 | - | 376,469 |
| Fixed income mutual funds | 107,318 | - | - | 107,318 |
| Commingled funds | | | | |
| Equity commingled funds | - | 716,472 | - | 716,472 |
| Fixed income commingled funds | - | 66,950 | - | 66,950 |
| Hedge funds | - | 671,757 | 672,245 | 1,344,002 |
| Private equity | - | - | 309,163 | 309,163 |
| Other | 13,803 | 26 | - | 13,829 |
| | <u>\$ 1,336,524</u> | <u>\$ 3,204,442</u> | <u>\$ 983,875</u> | <u>\$ 5,524,841</u> |
| Total pension plans' assets at fair value | | | | |
| Postretirement Plans: | | | | |
| Mutual funds | | | | |
| Short term investment mutual funds | \$ 1,188 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,188 |
| Fixed income mutual fund | 30,862 | - | - | 30,862 |
| Equity commingled fund | - | 63,819 | - | 63,819 |
| Other | 240 | - | - | 240 |
| | <u>\$ 32,290</u> | <u>\$ 63,819</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 96,109</u> |
| Total postretirement plans' assets at fair value | | | | |

Unfunded capital commitments related to Level 3 private equity investments totaled \$119.5 million at June 30, 2014.

The Corporation's policy is to recognize transfers between all levels as of the beginning of the reporting period. There were no significant transfers to or from Levels 1 and 2 during the year ended June 30, 2014.

See Note 10 for the Corporation's methods and assumptions to estimate the fair value of equity and debt securities, mutual funds, commingled funds, and hedge funds.

Private Equity – These assets include several private equity funds that invest primarily in the United States, Asia and Europe, both directly and on the secondary market, pursuing distressed opportunities and natural resources, primarily energy. These funds are valued at net asset value, which is calculated using the most recent fund financial statements.

Other – Represents unsettled transactions relating primarily to purchases and sales of plan assets, accrued income, and derivatives. Due to the short maturity of these assets and liabilities, the fair value is equal to the carrying amounts. Concerning derivatives, the Pension Plans are party to certain agreements, which are designed to manage exposures to equities and interest rate risks. These instruments are used for the purpose of hedging changes in the fair value of assets and actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits that result from interest rate changes, or as an efficient substitute for traditional securities. The fair value of the derivatives is estimated utilizing the terms of the derivative instruments and publicly available market yield curves. The Pension Plans’ investment policies specifically prohibit the use of derivatives for speculative purposes.

The following table summarizes the changes in Level 3 Pension Plan assets for the year ended June 30 (in thousands):

| | Asset Backed | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| | <u>Securities</u> | <u>Hedge Funds</u> | <u>Private Equity</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Balance at July 1, 2013 | \$ - | \$ 767,942 | \$ 251,228 | \$ 1,019,170 |
| Realized gain | - | 3,787 | 9,576 | 13,363 |
| Unrealized (loss) gain | 5 | 70,891 | 26,584 | 97,480 |
| Purchases | 2,462 | - | 78,006 | 80,468 |
| Sales | - | (126,903) | (44,681) | (171,584) |
| Settlements | - | 35,418 | (11,550) | 23,868 |
| Transfers out to Level 2 | - | (78,890) | - | (78,890) |
| Balance at June 30, 2014 | <u>\$ 2,467</u> | <u>\$ 672,245</u> | <u>\$ 309,163</u> | <u>\$ 983,875</u> |

Transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 were made for direct hedge funds where initial lock-up periods expired during fiscal year 2014.

The preceding methods may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Corporation believes the valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Expected Contributions – The Corporation expects to contribute \$192.2 million to its Pension Plans and \$1.4 million to its Postretirement Plans during the year ended June 30, 2015 under the Corporation’s stated funding policy.

Expected Benefit Payments – The Corporation expects to pay the following for pension benefits, which reflect expected future service as appropriate, and expected postretirement benefits, before deducting the Medicare Part D subsidy (in thousands):

| | <u>Pension Plans</u> | <u>Postretirement Plans</u> | <u>Postretirement Medicare Part D Subsidy</u> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 2015 | \$ 293,899 | \$ 7,475 | \$ 97 |
| 2016 | 296,896 | 7,549 | 93 |
| 2017 | 315,274 | 7,696 | 89 |
| 2018 | 334,068 | 7,789 | 83 |
| 2019 | 352,511 | 7,843 | 76 |
| Years 2020 - 2024 | 1,959,666 | 38,456 | 296 |

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Leases – The Corporation leases various land, equipment and facilities under operating leases. Total rental expense, which includes provisions for maintenance in some cases, was \$202 million for the year ended June 30, 2014.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under operating leases as of June 30, 2014, that have initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year (in thousands):

| Years ending June 30: | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| 2015 | \$ 141,356 |
| 2016 | 113,831 |
| 2017 | 97,093 |
| 2018 | 78,476 |
| 2019 | 61,978 |
| Thereafter | <u>186,425</u> |
| Total | <u>\$ 679,159</u> |

Litigation and Settlements –

Saint Alphonsus Regional Medical Center and its subsidiary Saint Alphonsus Diversified Care, Inc. (together, “Saint Alphonsus”) have been involved in litigation arising out of the withdrawal of Saint Alphonsus from an imaging center partnership. The matter first went to trial in 2007, was appealed and tried a second time in 2011. In the second trial, the jury held against Saint Alphonsus in the amount of \$52 million, which was offset by the value of Saint Alphonsus’ partnership interest, which, together with interest, was approximately \$6.6 million at the time of judgment. Saint Alphonsus appealed the second jury verdict to Idaho Supreme Court. On June 16, 2014, the Idaho Supreme Court affirmed the jury award, which, when combined with attorney fees, costs and interest, is a total judgment of approximately \$56 million. The Corporation recorded management’s estimation for damages of \$20 million in fiscal year 2007. As a result, an additional litigation accrual of \$36 million was recorded in the fiscal year 2014 consolidated statement of operations and statement of changes in net assets. The judgment was paid subsequent to year end.

CHE Trinity, Inc. as successor to CHE is the defendant in a purported class action lawsuit in New York state court brought by Emmet & Co, Inc., and First Manhattan Co, with respect to one series of bonds issued for the benefit of CHE. Plaintiffs allege that CHE breached the Indenture relating to those bonds and violated the covenant of good faith and fair dealing in the exercise of its optional redemption rights for those bonds in connection with CHE's tender offer for those bonds. This lawsuit is similar to an earlier action by the plaintiffs against CHE and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, one of the Corporation's underwriters, that was dismissed in 2013. The present lawsuit was preceded by plaintiff's unsuccessful 2014 request that the Trustee bring an action against CHE on the bonds in question. The Corporation believes that the tender and redemption process was properly conducted. The Corporation's management does not believe that this matter, if decided adversely, would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Corporation. In June 2013, CHE received a notice from the IRS that these transactions were under audit, asking for information. CHE does not believe it has any direct exposure as these bonds are held by Merrill Lynch and is fully cooperating in the investigation.

On March 29, 2013, the CHE was notified that it is a defendant in a lawsuit which challenges the church plan status of the CHE Employee Pension Plan. In response thereto, CHE has filed a motion to dismiss the complaint which is now pending before the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. At this point, it is not possible to assess the exposure, if any, related to these claims and no amount has been reserved at this time.

The Corporation is involved in other litigation and regulatory investigations arising in the course of doing business. After consultation with legal Counsel, management estimates that these matters will be resolved without material adverse effect on the Corporation's future consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Health Care Regulatory Environment – The health care industry is subject to numerous and complex laws and regulations of federal, state and local governments. These laws and regulations include, but are not limited to, matters such as licensure, accreditation, privacy, government health care program participation requirements, government reimbursement for patient services, and fraud and abuse. Compliance with such laws and regulations is complex and can be subject to future government interpretation as well as regulatory enforcement actions, including fines, penalties and exclusion from government health care programs such as Medicare and Medicaid. The Corporation and its RHM's periodically receive notices from governmental agencies requesting information regarding billing, payment, or other reimbursement matters, or notices of the initiation of government investigations. The healthcare industry in general is experiencing an increase in these activities as federal and state governments increase their enforcement activities and institute new programs designed to identify potential irregularities in reimbursement or quality of patient care. Based on the information received to date, management does not believe the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's future consolidated financial position or results of operations.

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Corporation's consolidated financial statements reflect certain assets and liabilities recorded at fair value. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the Corporation's consolidated balance sheet include: cash; cash equivalents; equity securities; debt securities; mutual funds; commingled funds; hedge funds; securities lending collateral; and derivatives. Defined benefit retirement plan assets are measured at fair value on an annual basis. Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for disclosure only include debt.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value should be based on assumptions that market participants would use, including a consideration of non-performance risk.

To determine fair value, the Corporation uses various valuation methodologies based on market inputs. For many instruments, pricing inputs are readily observable in the market; the valuation methodology is widely accepted by market participants and involves little to no judgment. For other instruments, pricing inputs are less observable in the marketplace. These inputs can be subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of considerable judgment. The use of different assumptions, judgments and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

The Corporation assesses the inputs used to measure fair value using a three level hierarchy based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) prices for identical instruments in active markets

Level 2 – Other observable inputs, either directly or indirectly, including:

- Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets
- Quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in non-active markets (few transactions, limited information, non-current prices, high variability over time, etc.)
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the instrument (interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, default rates, etc.)
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by other observable market data

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that cannot be corroborated by observable market data

Valuation Methodologies – Exchange-traded securities whose fair value is derived using quoted prices in active markets are classified as Level 1. In instances where quoted market prices are not readily available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices and/or other market data for the same or comparable instruments and transactions in establishing the prices, discounted cash flow models and other pricing models. These models are primarily industry-standard models that consider various assumptions, including time value and yield curve as well as other relevant economic measures. The inputs to these models depend on the type of security being priced but are typically benchmark yields, credit spreads, prepayment speeds, reported trades and broker-dealer quotes, all with reasonable levels of transparency. Generally, significant changes in any of those inputs in isolation would result in a significantly different fair value measurement. The Corporation classifies these securities as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy.

The Corporation maintains policies and procedures to value instruments using the best and most relevant data available. The Corporation's Level 3 securities are primarily investments in hedge funds. The fair values of Level 3 investments in these securities are predominately valued using a net asset value per share, which is provided by third-party administrators; however, in some cases they are obtained directly from the investment fund manager. The Corporation did not adjust the prices obtained. Third-party administrators do not provide access to their proprietary valuation models, inputs, and assumptions. Accordingly, the Corporation reviews the independent reports of internal controls for these service providers. In addition, on a quarterly basis, the Corporation performs reviews of investment consultant

industry peer group benchmarking and supporting relevant market data. Finally, all of the fund managers of the Corporation's Level 3 securities have an annual independent audit performed by an accredited accounting firm. The Corporation reviews these audited financials for ongoing validation of pricing used. Based on the information available, we believe that the fair values provided by the third-party administrators and investment fund managers are representative of prices that would be received to sell the assets at June 30, 2014.

In instances where the inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the fair value measurement has been determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The Corporation's assessment of the significance of a particular item to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, including the consideration of inputs specific to the asset.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies the Corporation used for instruments recorded at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy:

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheet approximate their fair value. Certain cash and cash equivalents are included in investments and assets limited or restricted as to use in the consolidated balance sheet.

Commercial Paper – The fair value of commercial paper is based on amortized cost. Commercial paper is designated as Level 2 investments with significant observable inputs including security cost, maturity and credit rating. Commercial paper is classified as either cash and cash equivalents or marketable securities in the consolidated balance sheet depending upon the length to maturity when purchased and are included in cash and cash equivalents or debt securities in the fair value table.

Security Lending Collateral – The security lending collateral is invested in a Northern Trust sponsored commingled collateral fund, which is comprised primarily of short-term securities. The fair value amounts of the commingled collateral fund are determined using the calculated net asset value per share (or its equivalent) for the fund with the underlying investments valued using techniques similar to those used for marketable securities noted below.

Equity Securities – Equity securities are valued at the closing price reported on the applicable exchange on which the security is traded, or are estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities.

Debt Securities – Debt securities are valued using quoted market prices and/or other market data for the same or comparable instruments and transactions in establishing the prices, discounted cash flow models and other pricing models. These models are primarily industry-standard models that consider various assumptions, including time value and yield curve as well as other relevant economic measures.

Mutual Funds – Mutual funds are valued using the net asset value based on the value of the underlying assets owned by the fund, minus liabilities, divided by the number of shares outstanding, and multiplied by the number of shares owned.

Commingled Funds – Commingled funds are developed for investment by institutional investors only and therefore do not require registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Commingled funds are recorded at fair value based on either the underlying investments that have a readily determinable market value or based on net asset value, which is calculated using the most recent fund financial statements. Commingled funds are categorized as Level 2 unless they have a redemption restriction greater than 95 days, in which case they are categorized as Level 3.

Hedge Funds – The Corporation invests in various hedge fund strategies. These funds utilize either a direct or a “fund-of-funds” approach resulting in diversified multi-strategy, multi-manager investments. Underlying investments in these funds may include equities, fixed income securities, commodities, currencies and derivatives. These funds are valued at net asset value, which is calculated using the most recent fund financial statements. Hedge funds are categorized as Level 2 unless they have a redemption restriction greater than 95 days, in which case they are categorized as Level 3.

The Corporation classifies its equity and debt securities, mutual funds, commingled funds and hedge funds as trading securities. The amount of holding gains for fiscal year 2014 included in the excess of revenue over expenses related to securities still held at June 30, 2014 were \$471.6 million.

Equity Method Investments – The Corporation accounts for certain other investments using the equity method. These investments are structured as limited liability corporations and partnerships and are designed to produce stable investment returns regardless of market activity. These investments utilize a combination of “fund-of-funds” and direct fund investment strategies resulting in a diversified multi-strategy, multi-manager investments approach. Some of these funds are developed by investment managers specifically for the Corporation’s use and are similar to mutual funds, but are not traded on a public exchange. Underlying investments in these funds may include other funds, equities, fixed income securities, commodities, currencies and derivatives. Audited information is only available annually based on the limited liability corporations, partnerships or funds’ year-end. Management’s estimates of the fair values of these investments are based on information provided by the third-party administrators and fund managers or the general partners. Management obtains and considers the audited financial statements of these investments when evaluating the overall reasonableness of the recorded value. In addition to a review of external information provided, management’s internal procedures include such things as review of returns against benchmarks and discussions with fund managers on performance, changes in personnel or process, along with evaluations of current market conditions for these investments. Investment managers meet with the Corporation’s Investment Subcommittee of the Finance and Stewardship Committee of the Board of Directors on a periodic basis. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuations, values may differ materially from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed. The balance of these investments at June 30, 2014 was \$1,416 million. Unfunded capital commitments related to equity method investments totaled \$75.9 million at June 30, 2014.

Cash and cash equivalents, equity and debt securities, mutual funds, commingled funds, hedge funds, and equity method investments totaled \$8,427 million at June 30, 2014.

Interest Rate Swaps – The fair value of the Corporation’s derivatives, which are mainly interest rate swaps, are estimated utilizing the terms of the swaps and publicly available market yield curves along with the Corporation’s nonperformance risk as observed through the credit default swap market and bond market and based on prices for recent trades. These swap agreements are classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy.

The following table presents information about the fair value of the Corporation's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recorded at June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Total Fair Value |
|--|--|---|--|------------------------|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,585,907 | \$ 38,630 | \$ - | \$ 1,624,537 |
| Security lending collateral | - | 187,882 | - | 187,882 |
| Equity securities | 988,848 | 5,674 | 972 | 995,494 |
| Debt securities: | | | | |
| Government and government agency obligations | - | 445,517 | 1,529 | 447,046 |
| Corporate bonds | - | 350,744 | 583 | 351,327 |
| Asset backed securities | - | 81,376 | 100 | 81,476 |
| Bank loans | - | 64,126 | - | 64,126 |
| Other | - | 10,599 | - | 10,599 |
| Mutual funds: | | | | |
| Equity mutual funds | 847,924 | - | - | 847,924 |
| Fixed income mutual funds | 596,739 | - | - | 596,739 |
| Real estate investment funds | 10,682 | - | - | 10,682 |
| Other | 16,384 | - | - | 16,384 |
| Commingled funds | - | 774,926 | - | 774,926 |
| Hedge funds | - | 657,781 | 344,544 | 1,002,325 |
| Interest rate swaps | - | 32,258 | - | 32,258 |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 4,046,484</u> | <u>\$ 2,649,513</u> | <u>\$ 347,728</u> | <u>\$ 7,043,725</u> |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 148,885</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 148,885</u> |

The Corporation's policy is to recognize transfers between all levels as of the beginning of the reporting period. There were no significant transfers to or from Levels 1 and 2 during the year ended June 30, 2014.

The following table summarizes the changes in Level 3 assets for the year ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| | Equity Securities | Government and Government Agency Obligations | Corporate Bonds | Asset Backed Securities | Hedge Funds | Total |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Balance at July 1, 2013 | \$ 1,449 | \$ - | \$ 2,886 | \$ - | \$ 376,807 | \$ 381,142 |
| Realized gain | - | (2) | (99) | - | 2,287 | 2,186 |
| Unrealized (loss) gain | - | (609) | (96) | - | 30,197 | 29,492 |
| Purchases | - | 2,140 | 1,230 | 100 | 14,170 | 17,640 |
| Settlements | (3) | - | (4,638) | - | (17,243) | (21,884) |
| Transfers (to) from Level 2 | (474) | - | 1,300 | - | (61,674) | (60,848) |
| Balance at June 30, 2014 | \$ 972 | \$ 1,529 | \$ 583 | \$ 100 | \$ 344,544 | \$ 347,728 |

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share – The Corporation holds shares or interests in investment companies at year-end, included in commingled funds and hedge funds, where the fair value of the investment held is estimated based on the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment company. There were no unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2014. The fair value and redemption rules of these investments are as follows as of June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| | Fair Value | Redemption Frequency | Redemption Notice Period |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Commingled funds | \$ 774,926 | Daily - Monthly | 0 - 60 days |
| Hedge funds | 1,002,325 | Monthly, quarterly, semi-annually | 30 - 95 days |
| Total | \$ 1,777,251 | | |

The hedge fund category includes equity long/short hedge funds, multi-strategy hedge funds and relative value hedge funds. Equity long/short hedge funds invest both long and short, primarily in U.S. common stocks. Management of the fund has the ability to shift investments from value to growth strategies, from small to large capitalization stocks, and from a net long position to a net short position. Multi-strategy hedge funds pursue multiple strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility. Relative value hedge fund's strategy is to exploit structural and technical inefficiencies in the market by investing in financial instruments that are perceived to be inefficiently priced as a result of business, financial or legal uncertainties. Investments representing approximately 6.1% of the value of the investments in this category can only be redeemed bi-annually subsequent to the initial investment date. Investment representing 18.4% of the investments in this category can only be redeemed at the rate of 25% per quarter.

The commingled fund category primarily includes investments in funds that invest in financial instruments of U.S. and non-U.S. entities, primarily bonds, notes, bills, debentures, currencies, and interest rate and derivative products.

The composition of investment returns included in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Dividend, interest income and other | \$ 130,961 |
| Realized gain, net | 196,727 |
| Realized equity gain, other investments | 24,528 |
| Change in net unrealized gain on investments | <u>350,532</u> |
| Total investment return | <u><u>\$ 702,748</u></u> |
| Included in: | |
| Operating income | \$ 75,123 |
| Nonoperating items | 609,010 |
| Changes in restricted net assets | <u>18,615</u> |
| Total investment return | <u><u>\$ 702,748</u></u> |

In addition to investments, assets restricted as to use include receivables for unconditional promises to give cash and other assets net of allowances for uncollectible promises to give. Unconditional promises to give consist of the following at June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| | |
|--|-------------------------|
| Amounts expected to be collected in: | |
| Less than one year | \$ 24,359 |
| One to five years | 34,761 |
| More than five years | <u>5,840</u> |
| | 64,960 |
| Discount to present value of future cash flows | (2,819) |
| Allowance for uncollectible amounts | <u>(6,030)</u> |
| Total unconditional promises to give, net | <u><u>\$ 56,111</u></u> |

Patient Accounts Receivable, Estimated Receivables from Third-Party Payors and Current Liabilities – The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheet approximate their fair value.

Long-Term Debt – The carrying amounts of the Corporation’s variable rate debt approximate their fair values. The fair value of the Corporation’s fixed rate long-term debt is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, based on current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements. The fair value of the fixed rate long-term revenue and refunding bonds was \$3,195 million at June 30, 2014. Under the fair value hierarchy, these financial instruments are valued primarily using Level 2 inputs. The related carrying value of the fixed rate long-term revenue and refunding bonds was \$2,923 million at June 30, 2014. The fair values of the remaining fixed rate capital leases, notes payable to banks, and mortgage loans are not materially different from their carrying values.

11. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Derivative Financial Instruments – In the normal course of business, the Corporation is exposed to market risks, including the effect of changes in interest rates and equity market volatility. To manage these risks the Corporation enters into various derivative contracts, primarily interest rate swaps. Interest rate swaps are used to manage the effect of interest rate fluctuations.

Management reviews the Corporation's hedging program, derivative position, and overall risk management on a regular basis. The Corporation only enters into transactions it believes will be highly effective at offsetting the underlying risk.

Interest Rate Swaps – The Corporation utilizes interest rate swaps to manage interest rate risk related to the Corporation's variable interest rate debt, variable rate leases and a fixed income investment portfolio. Cash payments on interest rate swaps totaled \$15.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 and are included in nonoperating income.

Certain of the Corporation's interest rate swaps contain provisions that give certain counterparties the right to terminate the interest rate swap if a rating is downgraded below specified thresholds. If a ratings downgrade threshold is breached, the counterparties to the derivative instruments could demand immediate termination of the swaps. Such termination could result in a payment from the Corporation or a payment to the Corporation depending on the market value of the interest rate swap.

Effect of Derivative Instruments on Excess of Revenue over Expenses – The following table represents the effect derivative instruments had on the Corporation's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| <u>Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments</u> | <u>Location of Net Gain (Loss) Recognized in Excess of Revenue over Expenses or Unrestricted Net Assets</u> | <u>Amount of Net Gain (Loss) Recognized in Excess of Revenue over Expenses</u> |
|--|---|--|
| Excess of Revenue over Expenses: | | |
| Interest rate swaps | Change in market value and cash payment on interest rate swaps | \$ (25,514) |
| Interest rate swaps | Investment income | (593) |
| | | <u>\$ (26,107)</u> |

Balance Sheet Effect of Derivative Instruments – The following table summarizes the estimated fair value of the Corporation's derivative financial instruments at June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| <u>Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments</u> | <u>Consolidated Balance Sheet Location</u> | <u>Fair Value</u> |
|--|--|-------------------|
| Asset Derivatives: | | |
| Interest rate swaps | Investments | \$ 5,855 |
| Interest rate swaps | Other assets | 26,403 |
| Total asset derivatives | | <u>\$ 32,258</u> |
| Liability Derivatives: | | |
| Interest rate swaps | Other long-term liabilities | <u>\$ 148,885</u> |

The counterparties to the interest rate swaps expose the Corporation to credit loss in the event of non-performance. At June 30, 2014, an adjustment for non-performance risk reduced derivative assets by \$1.0 million and derivatives liabilities by \$11.2 million.

12. TEMPORARILY AND PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by the Corporation has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. Permanently restricted net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained in perpetuity. Temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets at June 30, 2014 are available for the following purposes (in thousands):

| Temporarily Restricted Net Assets: | |
|---|-------------------|
| Education and research | \$ 20,252 |
| Building and equipment | 103,683 |
| Patient care | 47,712 |
| Cancer Center/research | 14,753 |
| Services for elderly care | 33,767 |
| Other | 73,139 |
| Total | <u>\$ 293,306</u> |
| Permanently Restricted Net Assets: | |
| Hospital operations | \$ 25,844 |
| Medical programs | 7,465 |
| Scholarship funds | 5,033 |
| Research funds | 9,787 |
| Community service funds | 14,211 |
| Other | 24,723 |
| Total | <u>\$ 87,063</u> |

The Corporation's endowments consist of funds established for a variety of purposes. Endowments include both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the Board to function as endowments. Net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. The Corporation considers various factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds.

The Corporation employs a total return investment approach whereby a mix of equities and fixed income investments are used to maximize the long-term return of endowment funds for a prudent level of risk. The Corporation targets a diversified asset allocation to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints. The Corporation can appropriate each year all available earnings in accordance with donor restrictions. The endowment corpus is to be maintained in perpetuity. Certain donor-restricted endowments require a portion of annual earnings to be maintained in perpetuity along with the corpus. Only amounts exceeding the amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity are expended.

The following table summarizes net asset composition by type of fund at June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

| | Unrestricted Net Assets | Temporarily Restricted Net Assets | Permanently Restricted Net Assets | Total |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|
| Donor-restricted endowment funds | \$ - | \$ 36,340 | \$ 87,063 | \$ 123,403 |
| Board-designated endowment funds | 90,942 | - | - | 90,942 |
| Total endowment funds | <u>\$ 90,942</u> | <u>\$ 36,340</u> | <u>\$ 87,063</u> | <u>\$ 214,345</u> |

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2014 include (in thousands):

| | Unrestricted Net Assets | Temporarily Restricted Net Assets | Permanently Restricted Net Assets | Total |
|--|------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|
| Endowment net assets, July 1, 2013 | \$ 78,848 | \$ 31,598 | \$ 92,678 | \$ 203,124 |
| Investment return: | | | | |
| Investment gain | 5,522 | 4,235 | 1,238 | 10,995 |
| Change in net realized and unrealized gains | <u>5,200</u> | <u>1,557</u> | <u>1,620</u> | <u>8,377</u> |
| Total investment return | 10,722 | 5,792 | 2,858 | 19,372 |
| Contributions | 38 | 131 | 3,621 | 3,790 |
| Transfer to create a board designated endowment | 1,161 | - | - | 1,161 |
| Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditures | (5,601) | (1,606) | - | (7,207) |
| Other | <u>5,774</u> | <u>425</u> | <u>(12,094)</u> | <u>(5,895)</u> |
| Endowment net assets, June 30, 2014 | <u>\$ 90,942</u> | <u>\$ 36,340</u> | <u>\$ 87,063</u> | <u>\$ 214,345</u> |

The table below describes the restrictions for endowment amounts classified as temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets as of June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets:

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Term endowment funds | \$ 4,783 |
| The portion of perpetual endowment funds subject a purpose restriction | <u>31,557</u> |
| Total endowment funds classified as temporarily restricted net assets | <u>\$ 36,340</u> |

Permanently Restricted Net Assets:

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Investment to be held in perpetuity, the income from which is expendable to support health care services | \$ 62,912 |
| Endowments requiring income to be added to the original gift | 13,939 |
| Other | <u>10,212</u> |
| Total | <u>\$ 87,063</u> |

Funds with Deficiencies – Periodically the fair value of assets associated with the individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor requires the Corporation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. Deficiencies of this nature are reported in unrestricted net assets. These deficiencies result from unfavorable market fluctuations and/or continued appropriation for certain programs that was deemed prudent by the Corporation.

13. RESTRUCTURING CHARGES

During fiscal year 2014, management authorized and committed the Corporation to undertake a comprehensive performance improvement plan to realign its cost structure. The Corporation had a workforce reduction as part of the plan. As a result of these actions, restructuring charges of \$46 million have been included in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets. The restructuring charges are primarily for severance and termination benefits. As of June 30, 2014, \$15 million in benefits have been paid.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 3, 2014, the date the consolidated financial statements were issued. The following subsequent events were noted:

Merger of Entities – CHE Trinity Inc., CHE and Trinity Health were merged into one legal corporation, with Trinity Health being the surviving legal corporation on July 1, 2014.

Consolidation of Siouxland Surgery Center, LLP (“Siouxland”) – Effective July 1, 2014, a joint venture was created between Mercy Health Services – Iowa, Corp. (“Mercy”) and USP Health Ventures, LLC (“USP”), (collectively, “Mercy/USP”). Mercy owns a controlling interest of 55.71% and USP owns the remaining 44.29% interest of the joint venture. Mercy/USP then entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with SSC Physician Investors, LLC (“Physician Investors”), whereby Mercy contributed 30.9% of their pre-existing ownership of Siouxland and USP contributed their newly acquired 24.6% ownership of Siouxland, resulting in Mercy/USP owning a controlling interest of 55.54% of Siouxland with the remaining 44.46% interest owned by Physician Investors. As a result of the transaction, Mercy reported a gain of \$40.3 million in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets in July, 2014. Siouxland operates a surgical specialty hospital and medical facility in Dakota Dunes, South Dakota and has operating revenue of \$64 million annually. Summarized consolidated balance sheet information for Mercy/USP as of July 1, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| Cash | \$ 4,178 | Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 9,409 |
| Patient accounts receivable | 11,191 | Current portion of long-term debt | 1,031 |
| Other current assets | 3,539 | Long-term debt, net of current portion | 12,075 |
| Property and equipment | 24,133 | Total liabilities acquired | <u>\$ 22,515</u> |
| Goodwill | 134,947 | | |
| Other assets | <u>799</u> | Unrestricted net assets | \$ 57,265 |
| Total assets acquired | <u>\$ 178,787</u> | Unrestricted noncontrolling interest | <u>99,007</u> |
| | | Total net assets | <u>\$ 156,272</u> |

Litigation – On July 17, 2014, Trinity Health Corporation (now CHE Trinity Inc.) was notified that it is a defendant in a lawsuit filed in the United States District Court District of Maryland that challenges the church plan status of the Trinity Health Employee Pension Plan. This is similar to other purported class action cases that have been brought against large Catholic health care systems, including one making similar allegations with respect to the Catholic Health East employee pension plan. This is one of six such challenges filed against Catholic health systems across the country. At this point, it is not possible to assess the exposure, if any, related to these claims and CHE Trinity Inc. has not reserved any amounts at this time related to either the existing challenge with respect to the Catholic Health East employee pension plan or the recently filed lawsuit against Trinity Health Corporation.

* * * *

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATING SCHEDULES

To the Board of Directors of
CHE Trinity Inc.
Livonia, Michigan

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The supplemental consolidating schedules (the "Schedules") listed in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. These Schedules are the responsibility of CHE Trinity Inc.'s management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. Such Schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such Schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion such Schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

October 3, 2014

CHE TRINITY INC.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance

Sheets - Information

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | Saint Agnes Medical Center, Fresno | Saint Alphonsus Health System, Oregon-Idaho | Mercy Medical Center, Clinton | Mercy Medical Center, Dubuque | North Iowa Mercy Medical Center, Mason City | Mercy Medical Center, Sioux City | Loyola University Health System, Chicago |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments | \$ 102,787 | \$ 269,704 | \$ 44,806 | \$ 45,696 | \$ 71,167 | \$ 30,295 | \$ 233,717 |
| Assets limited as to use - current portion | 451 | 906 | 2 | 489 | 25 | 82 | 8,139 |
| Patient and other receivables, net | 57,969 | 113,145 | 12,507 | 22,773 | 50,824 | 29,617 | 234,812 |
| Other current assets | <u>7,982</u> | <u>13,948</u> | <u>1,634</u> | <u>7,002</u> | <u>7,920</u> | <u>4,332</u> | <u>29,042</u> |
| Total current assets | 169,189 | 397,703 | 58,949 | 75,960 | 129,936 | 64,326 | 505,710 |
| ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent portion: | | | | | | | |
| Held by trustees | - | 5,879 | 320 | - | 7,929 | 9,103 | 13,658 |
| By Board | 267,477 | 139,847 | 49,380 | 30,633 | 124,976 | 18,364 | 11,066 |
| By donors | <u>7,293</u> | <u>4,949</u> | <u>962</u> | <u>4,135</u> | <u>1,607</u> | <u>1,895</u> | <u>25,058</u> |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | 274,770 | 150,675 | 50,662 | 34,768 | 134,512 | 29,362 | 49,782 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, Net | 203,543 | 402,688 | 31,234 | 55,437 | 109,970 | 45,049 | 527,565 |
| OTHER ASSETS | <u>32,494</u> | <u>65,096</u> | <u>6,365</u> | <u>11,066</u> | <u>24,942</u> | <u>36,670</u> | <u>91,640</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ 679,996</u> | <u>\$ 1,016,162</u> | <u>\$ 147,210</u> | <u>\$ 177,231</u> | <u>\$ 399,360</u> | <u>\$ 175,407</u> | <u>\$ 1,174,697</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | \$ 46,829 | \$ 170,939 | \$ 13,988 | \$ 17,384 | \$ 42,020 | \$ 23,248 | \$ 180,334 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT, Noncurrent portion | 101,980 | 240,736 | 18,106 | 31,650 | 89,640 | 76,462 | 428,986 |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | 2,031 | 7,474 | 1,472 | 1,127 | 10,927 | 13,826 | 153,891 |
| NET ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | 521,412 | 591,158 | 112,679 | 122,446 | 255,222 | 59,922 | 378,352 |
| Restricted | <u>7,744</u> | <u>5,855</u> | <u>965</u> | <u>4,624</u> | <u>1,551</u> | <u>1,949</u> | <u>33,134</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 679,996</u> | <u>\$ 1,016,162</u> | <u>\$ 147,210</u> | <u>\$ 177,231</u> | <u>\$ 399,360</u> | <u>\$ 175,407</u> | <u>\$ 1,174,697</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance

Sheets - Information

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, Chicago | Saint Joseph Regional Medical Center, South Bend | Saint Mary's Health Care, Grand Rapids | Mercy Health Partners, Muskegon | Mercy Health Services, North | Saint Joseph Mercy Health System, Ann Arbor | St. Joseph Mercy, Oakland |
|---|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments | \$ 52,564 | \$ 89,727 | \$ 78,725 | \$ 119,302 | \$ 35,750 | \$ 460,806 | \$ 106,333 |
| Assets limited as to use - current portion | 17,015 | 300 | 121 | 406 | - | 2,359 | 1,246 |
| Patient and other receivables, net | 55,902 | 59,861 | 72,978 | 66,217 | 19,220 | 193,238 | 40,251 |
| Other current assets | <u>4,749</u> | <u>9,149</u> | <u>13,353</u> | <u>11,136</u> | <u>46,419</u> | <u>23,374</u> | <u>10,584</u> |
| Total current assets | 130,230 | 159,037 | 165,177 | 197,061 | 101,389 | 679,777 | 158,414 |
| ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent portion: | | | | | | | |
| Held by trustees | - | 5,090 | 3,481 | 7,366 | 2,128 | 10,563 | 1,838 |
| By Board | - | - | 299,091 | 12,089 | 28,371 | 123,378 | - |
| By donors | - | <u>12,568</u> | <u>9,229</u> | <u>5,083</u> | - | <u>37,755</u> | <u>7,662</u> |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | - | 17,658 | 311,801 | 24,538 | 30,499 | 171,696 | 9,500 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, Net | 202,170 | 369,665 | 245,000 | 101,745 | - | 703,016 | 286,136 |
| OTHER ASSETS | <u>11,270</u> | <u>22,601</u> | <u>29,423</u> | <u>35,332</u> | <u>1,413</u> | <u>174,105</u> | <u>26,946</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ 343,670</u> | <u>\$ 568,961</u> | <u>\$ 751,401</u> | <u>\$ 358,676</u> | <u>\$ 133,301</u> | <u>\$ 1,728,594</u> | <u>\$ 480,996</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | \$ 56,957 | \$ 40,325 | \$ 47,063 | \$ 56,352 | \$ 16,031 | \$ 160,407 | \$ 42,895 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT, Noncurrent portion | 61,600 | 323,788 | 174,677 | 127,545 | 46,710 | 554,841 | 127,538 |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | 18,008 | 6,777 | 3,668 | 10,623 | 2,226 | 20,527 | 5,826 |
| NET ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | 200,370 | 185,241 | 516,643 | 158,666 | 66,014 | 954,262 | 295,902 |
| Restricted | <u>6,735</u> | <u>12,830</u> | <u>9,350</u> | <u>5,490</u> | <u>2,320</u> | <u>38,557</u> | <u>8,835</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 343,670</u> | <u>\$ 568,961</u> | <u>\$ 751,401</u> | <u>\$ 358,676</u> | <u>\$ 133,301</u> | <u>\$ 1,728,594</u> | <u>\$ 480,996</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance

Sheets - Information

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | St. Joseph Mercy, Port Huron | Mount Carmel Health System, Columbus | Holy Cross Hospital, Silver Spring | Trinity Continuing Care Services | Trinity Home Health Services | Trinity Health Consolidated Labs | Trinity Health International |
|---|------------------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments | \$ 12,166 | \$ 682,269 | \$ 303,127 | \$ 38,832 | \$ 24,429 | \$ 3,883 | \$ 862 |
| Assets limited as to use - current portion | - | 710 | 2,739 | - | 20 | - | - |
| Patient and other receivables, net | 8,849 | 174,622 | 59,679 | 22,458 | 17,396 | 5,085 | 1 |
| Other current assets | <u>1,885</u> | <u>28,095</u> | <u>6,982</u> | <u>1,360</u> | <u>334</u> | <u>2,652</u> | <u>2</u> |
| Total current assets | 22,900 | 885,696 | 372,527 | 62,650 | 42,179 | 11,620 | 865 |
| ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent portion: | | | | | | | |
| Held by trustees | 538 | 16,973 | 51 | - | - | - | - |
| By Board | 13,956 | 389,170 | - | - | - | - | - |
| By donors | <u>1,291</u> | <u>7,638</u> | <u>6,630</u> | <u>136</u> | <u>288</u> | - | - |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | 15,785 | 413,781 | 6,681 | 136 | 288 | - | - |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, Net | 25,955 | 600,653 | 369,937 | 124,790 | 2,424 | 2,767 | - |
| OTHER ASSETS | <u>8,580</u> | <u>131,447</u> | <u>49,729</u> | <u>5,799</u> | <u>3,445</u> | <u>971</u> | - |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ 73,220</u> | <u>\$ 2,031,577</u> | <u>\$ 798,874</u> | <u>\$ 193,375</u> | <u>\$ 48,336</u> | <u>\$ 15,358</u> | <u>\$ 865</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | \$ 8,357 | \$ 166,927 | \$ 84,898 | \$ 23,125 | \$ 12,914 | \$ 6,929 | \$ 510 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT, Noncurrent portion | 30,332 | 477,724 | 355,781 | 101,229 | 564 | 2,375 | - |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | 732 | 16,711 | 3,396 | 1 | 13 | 176 | - |
| NET ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | 32,508 | 1,361,867 | 345,430 | 68,884 | 34,537 | 5,878 | 355 |
| Restricted | <u>1,291</u> | <u>8,348</u> | <u>9,369</u> | <u>136</u> | <u>308</u> | - | - |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 73,220</u> | <u>\$ 2,031,577</u> | <u>\$ 798,874</u> | <u>\$ 193,375</u> | <u>\$ 48,336</u> | <u>\$ 15,358</u> | <u>\$ 865</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance

Sheets - Information

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | Trinity Health Warde Lab LLC | Mercy Primary Care Center, Detroit | Venzke Insurance Company | Trinity Information Services | System Office | Eliminations and Other | Trinity Health |
|---|------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments | \$ 318 | \$ 4,033 | \$ 70 | \$ 65,404 | \$ 226,914 | \$ - | \$ 3,103,686 |
| Assets limited as to use - current portion | - | - | 94,170 | - | 107,008 | - | 236,188 |
| Patient and other receivables, net | - | 15 | 21,801 | 14,841 | 187,057 | (164,517) | 1,376,601 |
| Other current assets | 46 | - | 374 | 33,972 | 25,653 | - | 291,979 |
| Total current assets | 364 | 4,048 | 116,415 | 114,217 | 546,632 | (164,517) | 5,008,454 |
| ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent portion: | | | | | | | |
| Held by trustees | - | - | 491,384 | 1,456 | 79,723 | - | 657,480 |
| By Board | - | - | - | - | 1,033,562 | - | 2,541,360 |
| By donors | - | 457 | - | - | 547 | - | 135,183 |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | - | 457 | 491,384 | 1,456 | 1,113,832 | - | 3,334,023 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, Net | 8,174 | 508 | - | 297,924 | 32,497 | - | 4,748,847 |
| OTHER ASSETS | 1 | - | - | - | 4,728,726 | (3,776,765) | 1,721,296 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 8,539 | \$ 5,013 | \$ 607,799 | \$ 413,597 | \$ 6,421,687 | \$ (3,941,282) | \$ 14,812,620 |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | \$ 213 | \$ 549 | \$ 103,916 | \$ 47,999 | \$ 1,856,571 | \$ (162,112) | \$ 3,065,568 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT, Noncurrent portion | 6,990 | - | - | - | 3,120,701 | (3,227,070) | 3,272,885 |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | - | - | 486,043 | 358,076 | 1,444,934 | (545,929) | 2,022,556 |
| NET ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | 1,336 | 4,007 | 17,840 | 7,522 | (1,072) | (5,907) | 6,291,474 |
| Restricted | - | 457 | - | - | 553 | (264) | 160,137 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | \$ 8,539 | \$ 5,013 | \$ 607,799 | \$ 413,597 | \$ 6,421,687 | \$ (3,941,282) | \$ 14,812,620 |

CHE TRINITY INC.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance

Sheets - Information

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | St. Peter's Health Partners, Albany | Sisters of Providence Health System, Inc., Springfield | St. James Mercy Health System, Inc., Hornell | Mercy Health System of SEPA, Philadelphia | St. Mary Medical Center, Langhorne | Lourdes Health System, Camden | St. Francis Medical Center, Trenton |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments | \$ 312,979 | \$ 21,888 | \$ 1,403 | \$ 158,195 | \$ 280,141 | \$ 48,685 | \$ 20,160 |
| Assets limited as to use - current portion | 6,766 | 246 | - | - | 2,194 | 121 | 279 |
| Patient and other receivables, net | 140,265 | 41,316 | 4,416 | 82,378 | 63,278 | 77,931 | 12,087 |
| Other current assets | <u>17,879</u> | <u>6,163</u> | <u>13,932</u> | <u>16,574</u> | <u>12,798</u> | <u>11,061</u> | <u>5,118</u> |
| Total current assets | 477,889 | 69,613 | 19,751 | 257,147 | 358,411 | 137,798 | 37,644 |
| ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent portion: | | | | | | | |
| Held by trustees | 41,975 | 2,147 | - | 385 | - | - | - |
| By Board | 130,021 | 4,020 | - | 10,000 | - | - | 2,518 |
| By donors | <u>77,872</u> | <u>5,907</u> | <u>517</u> | <u>5,085</u> | <u>10,472</u> | <u>1,747</u> | <u>1,757</u> |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | 249,868 | 12,074 | 517 | 15,470 | 10,472 | 1,747 | 4,275 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, Net | 659,550 | 99,469 | 890 | 125,512 | 237,418 | 147,286 | 53,786 |
| OTHER ASSETS | <u>38,960</u> | <u>9,775</u> | <u>7,506</u> | <u>203,164</u> | <u>1,403</u> | <u>43,960</u> | <u>2,602</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ 1,426,267</u> | <u>\$ 190,931</u> | <u>\$ 28,664</u> | <u>\$ 601,293</u> | <u>\$ 607,704</u> | <u>\$ 330,791</u> | <u>\$ 98,307</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | \$ 176,647 | \$ 47,522 | \$ 9,605 | \$ 115,821 | \$ 72,499 | \$ 73,209 | \$ 29,529 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT, Noncurrent portion | 332,453 | 50,980 | 7,414 | 154,085 | 132,772 | 194,067 | 77,842 |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | 82,545 | 3,059 | 10,108 | 15,358 | 6,317 | 15,867 | 2,201 |
| NET ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | 749,716 | 83,254 | 1,013 | 309,178 | 384,071 | 45,965 | (13,023) |
| Restricted | <u>84,906</u> | <u>6,116</u> | <u>524</u> | <u>6,851</u> | <u>12,045</u> | <u>1,683</u> | <u>1,758</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 1,426,267</u> | <u>\$ 190,931</u> | <u>\$ 28,664</u> | <u>\$ 601,293</u> | <u>\$ 607,704</u> | <u>\$ 330,791</u> | <u>\$ 98,307</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance

Sheets - Information

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | Saint Francis Healthcare, Wilmington | St. Mary's Health Care System, Inc., Athens | Holy Cross Hospital, Inc., Ft. Lauderdale | Mercy Community Health, Inc., West Hartford | St. Joseph's of the Pines, Inc., Southern Pines | Mercy Medical Corporation, Daphne | Pittsburgh Mercy Health System, Inc., Pittsburgh |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments | \$ 21,240 | \$ 54,910 | \$ 37,191 | \$ 1,712 | \$ 18,395 | \$ 3,462 | \$ 25,460 |
| Assets limited as to use - current portion | - | 1,468 | 1,771 | 742 | - | 376 | - |
| Patient and other receivables, net | 14,060 | 26,068 | 68,253 | 3,005 | 5,261 | 1,180 | 10,016 |
| Other current assets | <u>6,478</u> | <u>4,974</u> | <u>29,658</u> | <u>1,063</u> | <u>250</u> | <u>76</u> | <u>1,540</u> |
| Total current assets | 41,778 | 87,420 | 136,873 | 6,522 | 23,906 | 5,094 | 37,016 |
| ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent portion: | | | | | | | |
| Held by trustees | - | 3,449 | 15,202 | 1,176 | - | - | 230 |
| By Board | - | 15,172 | 48,298 | 130 | - | 6,700 | 100,306 |
| By donors | <u>322</u> | <u>2,840</u> | <u>16,663</u> | <u>277</u> | <u>392</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>8,610</u> |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | 322 | 21,461 | 80,163 | 1,583 | 392 | 6,700 | 109,146 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, Net | 32,109 | 117,565 | 238,858 | 27,426 | 66,530 | 3,532 | 10,170 |
| OTHER ASSETS | <u>250</u> | <u>1,298</u> | <u>22,089</u> | <u>37</u> | <u>712</u> | <u>209</u> | <u>-</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ 74,459</u> | <u>\$ 227,744</u> | <u>\$ 477,983</u> | <u>\$ 35,568</u> | <u>\$ 91,540</u> | <u>\$ 15,535</u> | <u>\$ 156,332</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | \$ 23,051 | \$ 29,618 | \$ 62,668 | \$ 8,151 | \$ 6,316 | \$ 3,144 | \$ 9,710 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT, Noncurrent portion | 113,038 | 57,833 | 135,127 | 27,868 | 50,619 | 12,088 | 3,419 |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | 1,297 | 881 | 46,449 | 16,751 | 34,481 | 2,948 | 1,179 |
| NET ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | (63,249) | 135,804 | 216,810 | (17,842) | (268) | (3,021) | 133,414 |
| Restricted | <u>322</u> | <u>3,608</u> | <u>16,929</u> | <u>640</u> | <u>392</u> | <u>376</u> | <u>8,610</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 74,459</u> | <u>\$ 227,744</u> | <u>\$ 477,983</u> | <u>\$ 35,568</u> | <u>\$ 91,540</u> | <u>\$ 15,535</u> | <u>\$ 156,332</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance

Sheets - Information

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | St. Joseph's Health System, Inc., Atlanta | Mercy Hospital, Inc., Miami | Baycare Health System | Catholic Health System, Inc. | Global Health Ministry | Allegheny Franciscan Ministries | SJSA Foundation |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments | \$ 185,119 | \$ 606 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 819 | \$ 132,091 | \$ 10,037 |
| Assets limited as to use - current portion | 255 | - | - | - | 73 | - | 919 |
| Patient and other receivables, net | 1,203 | 379 | - | - | 5 | - | - |
| Other current assets | <u>318</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(1)</u> | <u>13</u> | <u>30</u> |
| Total current assets | 186,895 | 986 | - | - | 896 | 132,104 | 10,986 |
| ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent portion: | | | | | | | |
| Held by trustees | - | 4,145 | - | - | - | - | - |
| By Board | 27,916 | - | - | - | - | - | 955 |
| By donors | <u>20,711</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>20,217</u> |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | 48,627 | 4,145 | - | - | - | - | 21,172 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, Net | 10,616 | - | - | - | - | 25 | 36 |
| OTHER ASSETS | <u>60,331</u> | <u>3,857</u> | <u>1,770,927</u> | <u>68,009</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>7</u> | <u>-</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ 306,469</u> | <u>\$ 8,988</u> | <u>\$ 1,770,927</u> | <u>\$ 68,009</u> | <u>\$ 896</u> | <u>\$ 132,136</u> | <u>\$ 32,194</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | \$ 3,262 | \$ 28,290 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 29 | \$ 4,250 | \$ - |
| LONG-TERM DEBT, Noncurrent portion | 2,222 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | 1,121 | 4,084 | - | - | - | - | 1,621 |
| NET ASSETS: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | 274,305 | (23,386) | 1,747,060 | 65,856 | 794 | 127,886 | 9,437 |
| Restricted | <u>25,559</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>23,867</u> | <u>2,153</u> | <u>73</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>21,136</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 306,469</u> | <u>\$ 8,988</u> | <u>\$ 1,770,927</u> | <u>\$ 68,009</u> | <u>\$ 896</u> | <u>\$ 132,136</u> | <u>\$ 32,194</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance

Sheets - Information

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | Maxis Health System | Mercy Uihlein Health Corp. | Intracoastal | Mercy Health System Of Maine, Portland | Saint Michael's Medical Center, Newark | CHE System Office | Eliminations and Other | Catholic Health East |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|---|--|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments | \$ 594 | \$ - | \$ 353 | \$ - | \$ 25,034 | \$ 52,813 | \$ (196,492) | \$ 1,216,795 |
| Assets limited as to use - current portion | 8 | - | - | - | 9,658 | 13,138 | - | 38,014 |
| Patient and other receivables, net | 424 | - | - | - | - | 25,189 | (123) | 576,591 |
| Other current assets | <u>3,101</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>127,917</u> | <u>3,833</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>262,776</u> |
| Total current assets | 4,127 | - | 353 | - | 162,609 | 94,973 | (196,615) | 2,094,176 |
| ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - | | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent portion: | | | | | | | | |
| Held by trustees | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 68,709 |
| By Board | 4,394 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 350,430 |
| By donors | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>173,389</u> |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | 4,394 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 592,528 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, Net | 169 | - | - | - | - | 13,119 | - | 1,844,066 |
| OTHER ASSETS | <u>17</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,261</u> | <u>22,805</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>2,259,179</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ 8,707</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 353</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 163,870</u> | <u>\$ 130,897</u> | <u>\$ (196,615)</u> | <u>\$ 6,789,949</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | \$ 40,591 | \$ 981 | \$ 237 | \$ 3,353 | \$ 382,975 | \$ 96,883 | \$ (196,615) | \$ 1,031,726 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT, Noncurrent portion | 6,352 | - | - | - | 10,127 | 39,001 | - | 1,407,307 |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | 120 | 1,102 | 116 | - | 6,952 | 4,506 | - | 259,063 |
| NET ASSETS: | | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | (38,356) | (2,083) | - | (3,354) | (238,994) | (9,493) | - | 3,871,494 |
| Restricted | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>2,810</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>220,359</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 8,707</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 353</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 163,870</u> | <u>\$ 130,897</u> | <u>\$ (196,615)</u> | <u>\$ 6,789,949</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance****Sheets - Information****June 30, 2014****(In thousands)**

| | Eliminations | CHE TRINITY INC. |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and investments | \$ - | \$ 4,320,481 |
| Assets limited as to use - current portion | - | 274,202 |
| Patient and other receivables, net | (52,976) | 1,900,216 |
| Other current assets | <u>(180)</u> | <u>554,575</u> |
| Total current assets | (53,156) | 7,049,474 |
| ASSETS LIMITED OR RESTRICTED AS TO USE - | | |
| Noncurrent portion: | | |
| Held by trustees | - | 726,189 |
| By Board | - | 2,891,790 |
| By donors | <u>-</u> | <u>308,572</u> |
| Total assets limited or restricted as to use - noncurrent portion | - | 3,926,551 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, Net | - | 6,592,913 |
| OTHER ASSETS | <u>(1,116,224)</u> | <u>2,864,251</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ (1,169,380)</u> | <u>\$ 20,433,189</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | \$ (53,041) | \$ 4,044,253 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT, Noncurrent portion | (1,060,955) | 3,619,237 |
| OTHER LIABILITIES | (55,382) | 2,226,237 |
| NET ASSETS: | | |
| Unrestricted | 125 | 10,163,093 |
| Restricted | <u>(127)</u> | <u>380,369</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | <u>\$ (1,169,380)</u> | <u>\$ 20,433,189</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.
**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**
June 30, 2014
(In thousands)
Unrestricted revenue:

| | Saint Agnes Medical Center, Fresno | Saint Alphonsus Health System, Oregon-Idaho | Mercy Medical Center, Clinton | Mercy Medical Center, Dubuque | North Iowa Mercy Medical Center, Mason City | Mercy Medical Center, Sioux City |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ 383,895 | \$ 703,471 | \$ 88,661 | \$ 123,766 | \$ 300,653 | \$ 176,294 |
| Other | 8,186 | 34,199 | 2,827 | 33,772 | 55,939 | 18,739 |
| Total unrestricted revenue | <u>392,081</u> | <u>737,670</u> | <u>91,488</u> | <u>157,538</u> | <u>356,592</u> | <u>195,033</u> |

Expenses:

| | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Labor costs | 199,126 | 354,534 | 48,008 | 67,156 | 180,512 | 106,975 |
| Purchased services | 57,010 | 125,819 | 13,449 | 24,520 | 61,444 | 31,751 |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | 32,203 | 49,791 | 8,422 | 10,167 | 21,315 | 12,810 |
| Other | 109,705 | 173,114 | 19,119 | 48,545 | 90,052 | 45,699 |
| Total expenses | <u>398,044</u> | <u>703,258</u> | <u>88,998</u> | <u>150,388</u> | <u>353,323</u> | <u>197,235</u> |

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (5,963) 34,412 2,490 7,150 3,269 (2,202)

Other (1,176) (37,272) (74) (38) - (543)

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) (7,139) (2,860) 2,416 7,112 3,269 (2,745)

NONOPERATING ITEMS:

| | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | 33,900 | 39,218 | 8,621 | 6,916 | 18,063 | 3,776 |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other | (48) | (134) | (14) | (125) | 25 | - |
| Total nonoperating items | <u>33,852</u> | <u>39,084</u> | <u>8,607</u> | <u>6,791</u> | <u>18,088</u> | <u>3,776</u> |

EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES 26,713 36,224 11,023 13,903 21,357 1,031

LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST - (83) 7 - (4,745) -

EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest \$ 26,713 \$ 36,141 \$ 11,030 \$ 13,903 \$ 16,612 \$ 1,031

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ 26,002 | \$ 32,875 | \$ 9,684 | \$ 11,833 | \$ 16,181 | \$ 399 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | <u>(7,292)</u> | <u>(1,710)</u> | <u>191</u> | <u>1,098</u> | <u>(605)</u> | <u>84</u> |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | 18,710 | 31,165 | 9,875 | 12,931 | 15,576 | 483 |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | <u>510,446</u> | <u>565,848</u> | <u>103,769</u> | <u>114,139</u> | <u>241,197</u> | <u>61,388</u> |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | <u>\$ 529,156</u> | <u>\$ 597,013</u> | <u>\$ 113,644</u> | <u>\$ 127,070</u> | <u>\$ 256,773</u> | <u>\$ 61,871</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.
**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**
June 30, 2014
(In thousands)
Unrestricted revenue:

Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts

Other

Total unrestricted revenue

Expenses:

Labor costs

Purchased services

Depreciation, amortization and interest

Other

Total expenses

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS

Other

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)

NONOPERATING ITEMS:

Investment income and interest rate swaps

Loss from early extinguishment of debt

Other

Total nonoperating items

EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES

 LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE
TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST

 EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling
interest

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS

NET ASSETS, Beginning of year

NET ASSETS, End of year

| | Loyola University Health System, Chicago | Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, Chicago | Saint Joseph Regional Medical Center, South Bend | Saint Mary's Health Care, Grand Rapids | Mercy Health Partners, Muskegon | Mercy Health Services, North |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Unrestricted revenue: | | | | | | |
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ 1,152,104 | \$ 232,868 | \$ 359,594 | \$ 453,283 | \$ 476,340 | \$ - |
| Other | 96,352 | 15,636 | 17,852 | 103,246 | 55,993 | - |
| Total unrestricted revenue | 1,248,456 | 248,504 | 377,446 | 556,529 | 532,333 | - |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Labor costs | 698,436 | 126,219 | 170,348 | 248,670 | 266,183 | - |
| Purchased services | 83,652 | 39,299 | 63,111 | 86,656 | 75,972 | - |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | 68,149 | 16,611 | 39,957 | 35,118 | 27,957 | - |
| Other | 369,243 | 71,228 | 103,522 | 148,719 | 137,233 | - |
| Total expenses | 1,219,480 | 253,357 | 376,938 | 519,163 | 507,345 | - |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS | 28,976 | (4,853) | 508 | 37,366 | 24,988 | - |
| Other | 7,131 | - | (381) | - | - | - |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 36,107 | (4,853) | 127 | 37,366 | 24,988 | - |
| NONOPERATING ITEMS: | | | | | | |
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | 17,978 | 203 | 7,982 | 35,782 | 11,816 | - |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other | (203) | - | (179) | 22 | 14 | - |
| Total nonoperating items | 17,775 | 203 | 7,803 | 35,804 | 11,830 | - |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | 53,882 | (4,650) | 7,930 | 73,170 | 36,818 | - |
| LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST | - | (438) | - | (601) | (44) | - |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest | \$ 53,882 | \$ (5,088) | \$ 7,930 | \$ 72,569 | \$ 36,774 | \$ - |
| CHANGES IN NET ASSETS | | | | | | |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ 40,644 | \$ 5,945 | \$ 4,801 | \$ 64,292 | \$ 33,402 | \$ (7,457) |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | 10,162 | (2,123) | 1,667 | 210 | (11) | (420) |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | 50,806 | 3,822 | 6,468 | 64,502 | 33,391 | (7,877) |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | 360,680 | 203,283 | 191,603 | 461,491 | 130,765 | 76,211 |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | \$ 411,486 | \$ 207,105 | \$ 198,071 | \$ 525,993 | \$ 164,156 | \$ 68,334 |

CHE TRINITY INC.
**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**
June 30, 2014
(In thousands)
Unrestricted revenue:

| | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ 1,314,834 | \$ 352,155 | \$ 70,594 | \$ 1,014,276 | \$ 397,194 | \$ 152,632 |
| Other | 109,697 | 25,315 | 6,598 | 536,555 | 17,004 | 39,977 |
| Total unrestricted revenue | <u>1,424,531</u> | <u>377,470</u> | <u>77,192</u> | <u>1,550,831</u> | <u>414,198</u> | <u>192,609</u> |

Expenses:

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Labor costs | 739,982 | 186,227 | 40,137 | 597,122 | 211,638 | 103,530 |
| Purchased services | 156,931 | 60,213 | 11,802 | 181,305 | 60,559 | 27,655 |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | 101,521 | 29,235 | 6,061 | 95,003 | 27,470 | 15,271 |
| Other | 347,403 | 104,829 | 22,021 | 607,173 | 90,909 | 39,028 |
| Total expenses | <u>1,345,837</u> | <u>380,504</u> | <u>80,021</u> | <u>1,480,603</u> | <u>390,576</u> | <u>185,484</u> |

| | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS | 78,694 | (3,034) | (2,829) | 70,228 | 23,622 | 7,125 |
| Other | <u>(16,069)</u> | <u>(6,162)</u> | <u>(4,081)</u> | <u>(19,216)</u> | <u>(326)</u> | <u>(300)</u> |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 62,625 | (9,196) | (6,910) | 51,012 | 23,296 | 6,825 |

NONOPERATING ITEMS:

| | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | 47,206 | 11,691 | 2,649 | 91,745 | 23,262 | 2,714 |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | - | - | - | - | - | (579) |
| Other | 526 | - | 1 | 2,326 | (1) | - |
| Total nonoperating items | <u>47,732</u> | <u>11,691</u> | <u>2,650</u> | <u>94,071</u> | <u>23,261</u> | <u>2,135</u> |

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|---------|--------|-------|
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | 110,357 | 2,495 | (4,260) | 145,083 | 46,557 | 8,960 |
|---------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|---------|--------|-------|

| | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------|--------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST | <u>(1,110)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(103)</u> | <u>(3,702)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
|---|----------------|----------|--------------|----------------|----------|----------|

| | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest | <u>\$ 109,247</u> | <u>\$ 2,495</u> | <u>\$ (4,363)</u> | <u>\$ 141,381</u> | <u>\$ 46,557</u> | <u>\$ 8,960</u> |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ 98,839 | \$ 392 | \$ (5,004) | \$ 133,048 | \$ 45,428 | \$ 7,727 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | <u>2,755</u> | <u>2,565</u> | <u>285</u> | <u>(605)</u> | <u>(2,516)</u> | <u>(30)</u> |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | 101,594 | 2,957 | (4,719) | 132,443 | 42,912 | 7,697 |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | <u>891,225</u> | <u>301,780</u> | <u>38,518</u> | <u>1,237,772</u> | <u>311,887</u> | <u>61,323</u> |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | <u>\$ 992,819</u> | <u>\$ 304,737</u> | <u>\$ 33,799</u> | <u>\$ 1,370,215</u> | <u>\$ 354,799</u> | <u>\$ 69,020</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.

**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | Trinity Home Health Services | Trinity Health Consolidated Labs | Trinity Health International | Trinity Health Warde Lab LLC | Mercy Primary Care Center, Detroit | Venzke Insurance Company |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Unrestricted revenue: | | | | | | |
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ 116,632 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Other | 1,299 | 45,904 | 1,084 | 1,043 | 245 | 117,852 |
| Total unrestricted revenue | 117,931 | 45,904 | 1,084 | 1,043 | 245 | 117,852 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Labor costs | 88,374 | 10,171 | 588 | - | 1,245 | - |
| Purchased services | 10,634 | 16,435 | 58 | 165 | 365 | 559 |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | 1,212 | 1,476 | - | 731 | 68 | - |
| Other | 14,711 | 17,850 | 730 | 193 | 582 | 117,293 |
| Total expenses | 114,931 | 45,932 | 1,376 | 1,089 | 2,260 | 117,852 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS | 3,000 | (28) | (292) | (46) | (2,015) | - |
| Other | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 3,000 | (28) | (292) | (46) | (2,015) | - |
| NONOPERATING ITEMS: | | | | | | |
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | 2,128 | 376 | - | 13 | 313 | - |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other | (1) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total nonoperating items | 2,127 | 376 | - | 13 | 313 | - |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | 5,127 | 348 | (292) | (33) | (1,702) | - |
| LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST | (564) | - | - | - | - | - |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest | <u>\$ 4,563</u> | <u>\$ 348</u> | <u>\$ (292)</u> | <u>\$ (33)</u> | <u>\$ (1,702)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| CHANGES IN NET ASSETS | | | | | | |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ 4,361 | \$ 95 | \$ 375 | \$ (33) | \$ 610 | \$ 17,720 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | 125 | - | - | 1 | 43 | - |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | 4,486 | 95 | 375 | (32) | 653 | 17,720 |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | 30,359 | 5,783 | (20) | 1,368 | 3,811 | 120 |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | <u>\$ 34,845</u> | <u>\$ 5,878</u> | <u>\$ 355</u> | <u>\$ 1,336</u> | <u>\$ 4,464</u> | <u>\$ 17,840</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.

**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | THRE Services, LLC | Trinity Information Services | System Office | Eliminations and Other | Trinity Health |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Unrestricted revenue: | | | | | |
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 7,869,246 |
| Other | - | 404,084 | 596,250 | (1,064,357) | 1,281,291 |
| Total unrestricted revenue | - | 404,084 | 596,250 | (1,064,357) | 9,150,537 |
| Expenses: | | | | | |
| Labor costs | - | 149,778 | 252,140 | (99,773) | 4,747,326 |
| Purchased services | 437 | 105,699 | 31,591 | (471,719) | 855,372 |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | 3 | 94,993 | 117,237 | (210,791) | 601,990 |
| Other | 4 | 52,135 | 177,779 | (276,724) | 2,632,095 |
| Total expenses | 444 | 402,605 | 578,747 | (1,059,007) | 8,836,783 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS | (444) | 1,479 | 17,503 | (5,350) | 313,754 |
| Other | - | (8,200) | (73,874) | - | (160,581) |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | (444) | (6,721) | (56,371) | (5,350) | 153,173 |
| NONOPERATING ITEMS: | | | | | |
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | - | 4,860 | 103,520 | 4,391 | 479,123 |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | - | - | (1,347) | - | (1,926) |
| Other | (7) | - | (19,654) | - | (17,452) |
| Total nonoperating items | (7) | 4,860 | 82,519 | 4,391 | 459,745 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | (451) | (1,861) | 26,148 | (959) | 612,918 |
| LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST | - | - | - | 770 | (10,613) |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest | <u>\$ (451)</u> | <u>\$ (1,861)</u> | <u>\$ 26,148</u> | <u>\$ (189)</u> | <u>\$ 602,305</u> |
| CHANGES IN NET ASSETS | | | | | |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ 194 | \$ (1,769) | \$ 109,620 | \$ (936) | \$ 649,268 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | - | - | 41 | 25 | 3,940 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | 194 | (1,769) | 109,661 | (911) | 653,208 |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | (194) | 9,291 | (110,180) | (5,260) | 5,798,403 |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 7,522</u> | <u>\$ (519)</u> | <u>\$ (6,171)</u> | <u>\$ 6,451,611</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.
**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**
June 30, 2014
(In thousands)
Unrestricted revenue:

| | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------------|
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ 1,088,666 | \$ 302,065 | \$ - | \$ 639,857 | \$ 491,169 | \$ 442,876 |
| Other | 96,536 | 38,627 | 328 | 97,604 | 23,514 | 59,351 |
| Total unrestricted revenue | 1,185,202 | 340,692 | 328 | 737,461 | 514,683 | 502,227 |

Expenses:

| | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---------|-----|---------|---------|---------|
| Labor costs | 676,812 | 192,325 | 26 | 408,272 | 226,280 | 260,126 |
| Purchased services | 126,997 | 53,815 | 29 | 145,609 | 98,334 | 108,231 |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | 84,018 | 14,242 | 117 | 33,165 | 28,703 | 25,904 |
| Other | 279,980 | 70,692 | (1) | 147,641 | 129,690 | 113,043 |
| Total expenses | 1,167,807 | 331,074 | 171 | 734,687 | 483,007 | 507,304 |

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS 17,395 9,618 157 2,774 31,676 (5,077)

Other (993) - - (35,653) - (1,333)

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) 16,402 9,618 157 (32,879) 31,676 (6,410)

NONOPERATING ITEMS:

| | | | | | | |
|---|--------|------|-----|--------|--------|-------|
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | 31,354 | 907 | 118 | 15,064 | 14,190 | 1,668 |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | 124 | - | - | (62) | - | (197) |
| Other | (556) | (92) | - | - | (29) | (2) |
| Total nonoperating items | 30,922 | 815 | 118 | 15,002 | 14,161 | 1,469 |

EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES 47,324 10,433 275 (17,877) 45,837 (4,941)

LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST - - - - (705) (1,101)

EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest \$ 47,324 \$ 10,433 \$ 275 \$ (17,877) \$ 45,132 \$ (6,042)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ 43,609 | \$ 11,957 | \$ (6,716) | \$ 25,342 | \$ 49,571 | \$ (12,216) |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | 4,772 | 1,341 | 31 | 198 | 2,924 | (2,262) |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | 48,381 | 13,298 | (6,685) | 25,540 | 52,495 | (14,478) |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | 786,241 | 76,072 | 8,222 | 290,489 | 343,621 | 62,126 |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | <u>\$ 834,622</u> | <u>\$ 89,370</u> | <u>\$ 1,537</u> | <u>\$ 316,029</u> | <u>\$ 396,116</u> | <u>\$ 47,648</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.
**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**
June 30, 2014
(In thousands)
Unrestricted revenue:

| | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ 117,554 | \$ 116,798 | \$ 192,407 | \$ 428,502 | \$ 28,594 | \$ 13,684 |
| Other | 30,747 | 10,369 | 8,004 | 18,294 | 14,200 | 34,454 |
| Total unrestricted revenue | 148,301 | 127,167 | 200,411 | 446,796 | 42,794 | 48,138 |

Expenses:

| | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| Labor costs | 65,467 | 66,664 | 95,328 | 226,133 | 24,789 | 20,746 |
| Purchased services | 41,138 | 28,829 | 30,963 | 58,260 | 4,943 | 10,187 |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | 9,095 | 8,734 | 15,099 | 27,872 | 3,347 | 6,743 |
| Other | 38,562 | 28,170 | 53,973 | 123,526 | 7,454 | 10,632 |
| Total expenses | 154,262 | 132,397 | 195,363 | 435,791 | 40,533 | 48,308 |

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (5,961) (5,230) 5,048 11,005 2,261 (170)

Other (6,126) (15,501) - - - -

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) (12,087) (20,731) 5,048 11,005 2,261 (170)

NONOPERATING ITEMS:

| | | | | | | |
|---|------|-------|-------|--------|----|-------|
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | 294 | (114) | 4,847 | 8,243 | 70 | 1,098 |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | (23) | - | - | - | - | 1,341 |
| Other | (78) | (1) | (16) | 2,360 | 1 | - |
| Total nonoperating items | 193 | (115) | 4,831 | 10,603 | 71 | 2,439 |

EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES (11,894) (20,846) 9,879 21,608 2,332 2,269

LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST (1,406) - - (310) - -

EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest \$ (13,300) \$ (20,846) \$ 9,879 \$ 21,298 \$ 2,332 \$ 2,269

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ (14,815) | \$ (22,934) | \$ 13,155 | \$ 23,388 | \$ 1,630 | \$ 2,008 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | 507 | (403) | 3,375 | 506 | 189 | (91) |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | (14,308) | (23,337) | 16,530 | 23,894 | 1,819 | 1,917 |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | 3,043 | (39,590) | 122,882 | 209,845 | (19,021) | (1,793) |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | \$ (11,265) | \$ (62,927) | \$ 139,412 | \$ 233,739 | \$ (17,202) | \$ 124 |

CHE TRINITY INC.
**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**
June 30, 2014
(In thousands)
Unrestricted revenue:

| | Mercy Medical Corporation, Daphne | Pittsburgh Mercy Health System, Inc., Pittsburgh | St. Joseph's Health System, Inc., Atlanta | Mercy Hospital, Inc., Miami | Baycare Health System | Catholic Health System, Inc. |
|---|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ 7,078 | \$ 35,958 | \$ 841 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Other | 12,064 | 55,743 | 20,005 | 1,199 | - | - |
| Total unrestricted revenue | 19,142 | 91,701 | 20,846 | 1,199 | - | - |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Labor costs | 8,645 | 60,500 | 12,261 | 394 | - | - |
| Purchased services | 4,095 | 7,094 | 2,948 | 181 | - | - |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | 1,093 | 1,571 | 593 | 1 | - | - |
| Other | 4,085 | 19,879 | 3,202 | 623 | - | - |
| Total expenses | 17,918 | 89,044 | 19,004 | 1,199 | - | - |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS | 1,224 | 2,657 | 1,842 | - | - | - |
| Other | (186) | - | - | - | - | - |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 1,038 | 2,657 | 1,842 | - | - | - |
| NONOPERATING ITEMS: | | | | | | |
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | 786 | 5,878 | (8,944) | 806 | 288,196 | 14,259 |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total nonoperating items | 786 | 5,878 | (8,944) | 806 | 288,196 | 14,259 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | 1,824 | 8,535 | (7,102) | 806 | 288,196 | 14,259 |
| LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest | <u>\$ 1,824</u> | <u>\$ 8,535</u> | <u>\$ (7,102)</u> | <u>\$ 806</u> | <u>\$ 288,196</u> | <u>\$ 14,259</u> |
| CHANGES IN NET ASSETS | | | | | | |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ (716) | \$ 14,771 | \$ (8,343) | \$ (3,110) | \$ 297,478 | \$ 51,041 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | (4) | 2,072 | 5,609 | (1,559) | 461 | - |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | (720) | 16,843 | (2,734) | (4,669) | 297,939 | 51,041 |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | (1,925) | 125,181 | 302,598 | (18,717) | 1,472,988 | 16,968 |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | <u>\$ (2,645)</u> | <u>\$ 142,024</u> | <u>\$ 299,864</u> | <u>\$ (23,386)</u> | <u>\$ 1,770,927</u> | <u>\$ 68,009</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.
**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**
June 30, 2014
(In thousands)

| | Global Health Ministry | Allegany Franciscan Ministries | SJSA Foundation | Maxis Health System | Mercy Uihlein Health Corp. | Intracoastal |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Unrestricted revenue: | | | | | | |
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Other | 580 | 8,881 | 4,020 | - | - | - |
| Total unrestricted revenue | 580 | 8,881 | 4,020 | - | - | - |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Labor costs | 291 | 842 | 1,280 | 195 | (24) | - |
| Purchased services | 138 | 153 | 544 | - | - | - |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | (6) | 7 | 11 | 9 | - | - |
| Other | 101 | 7,879 | 417 | - | - | - |
| Total expenses | 524 | 8,881 | 2,252 | 204 | (24) | - |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS | 56 | - | 1,768 | (204) | 24 | - |
| Other | - | - | - | - | (1,045) | - |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 56 | - | 1,768 | (204) | (1,021) | - |
| NONOPERATING ITEMS: | | | | | | |
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | - | 5,384 | 112 | (717) | - | - |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total nonoperating items | - | 5,384 | 112 | (717) | - | - |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | 56 | 5,384 | 1,880 | (921) | (1,021) | - |
| LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest | <u>\$ 56</u> | <u>\$ 5,384</u> | <u>\$ 1,880</u> | <u>\$ (921)</u> | <u>\$ (1,021)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| CHANGES IN NET ASSETS | | | | | | |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ 56 | \$ 5,384 | \$ 1,881 | \$ 2,415 | \$ (768) | \$ - |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | (374) | - | (73) | - | - | - |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | (318) | 5,384 | 1,808 | 2,415 | (768) | - |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | 1,185 | 122,502 | 28,765 | (40,771) | (1,315) | - |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | <u>\$ 867</u> | <u>\$ 127,886</u> | <u>\$ 30,573</u> | <u>\$ (38,356)</u> | <u>\$ (2,083)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

CHE TRINITY INC.**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information****June 30, 2014****(In thousands)**

| | Mercy Health System Of Maine, Portland | Saint Michael's Medical Center, Newark | CHE System Office | Eliminations and Other | Catholic Health East |
|---|--|--|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Unrestricted revenue: | | | | | |
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,906,049 |
| Other | - | - | 138,384 | (142,985) | 529,919 |
| Total unrestricted revenue | - | - | 138,384 | (142,985) | 4,435,968 |
| Expenses: | | | | | |
| Labor costs | - | - | 80,167 | (1) | 2,427,518 |
| Purchased services | - | - | 42,816 | (126,640) | 638,664 |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | - | - | 4,365 | - | 264,683 |
| Other | - | - | 13,274 | (16,344) | 1,036,478 |
| Total expenses | - | - | 140,622 | (142,985) | 4,367,343 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS | - | - | (2,238) | - | 68,625 |
| Other | - | - | (41,139) | - | (101,976) |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | - | - | (43,377) | - | (33,351) |
| NONOPERATING ITEMS: | | | | | |
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | - | - | (13,548) | - | 369,951 |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | - | - | (880) | - | 303 |
| Other | - | - | (1) | - | 1,586 |
| Total nonoperating items | - | - | (14,429) | - | 371,840 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | - | - | (57,806) | - | 338,489 |
| LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST | - | - | - | - | (3,522) |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (57,806) | \$ - | \$ 334,967 |
| CHANGES IN NET ASSETS | | | | | |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ (80,249) | \$ (15,098) | \$ (76,926) | \$ (19,653) | \$ 282,142 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | (3,660) | 666 | - | 1 | 14,226 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | (83,909) | (14,432) | (76,926) | (19,652) | 296,368 |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | 80,556 | (221,752) | 67,433 | 19,652 | 3,795,485 |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | \$ (3,353) | \$ (236,184) | \$ (9,493) | \$ - | \$ 4,091,853 |

CHE TRINITY INC.**Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations
and Changes in Net Assets - Information**

June 30, 2014

(In thousands)

| | Eliminations | CHE TRINITY INC. |
|---|--------------|------------------------|
| Unrestricted revenue: | | |
| Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts | \$ - | \$ 11,775,295 |
| Other | (26) | 1,811,184 |
| Total unrestricted revenue | (26) | 13,586,479 |
| Expenses: | | |
| Labor costs | (1) | 7,174,843 |
| Purchased services | - | 1,494,036 |
| Depreciation, amortization and interest | 262 | 866,935 |
| Other | (46) | 3,668,527 |
| Total expenses | 215 | 13,204,341 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS | (241) | 382,138 |
| Other | 1 | (262,556) |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | (240) | 119,582 |
| NONOPERATING ITEMS: | | |
| Investment income and interest rate swaps | 237 | 849,311 |
| Loss from early extinguishment of debt | - | (1,623) |
| Other | 1 | (15,865) |
| Total nonoperating items | 238 | 831,823 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | (2) | 951,405 |
| LESS EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST | - | (14,135) |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - Net of noncontrolling interest | (2) | 937,270 |
| CHANGES IN NET ASSETS | | |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS | \$ 128 | \$ 931,538 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN RESTRICTED NET ASSETS | (129) | 18,037 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS | (1) | 949,575 |
| NET ASSETS, Beginning of year | (1) | 9,593,887 |
| NET ASSETS, End of year | (2) | 10,543,462 |