An Easy Guide to Diapering Rules for Licensed Child Care Homes



Diapering should be a special time for caregiver and baby. This is a chance for the child to bond with you and have your full attention. Because diapering is often a messy job, proper hygiene is essential to protect the health of you and the child.

Before you Begin...

- The changing table is fully intact, washable, and sanitizable
- Waterproof paper is used and covers the length and width of the changing surface
- One hand is kept on the child at all times
- The use of gloves is required when blood is present

The Diapering Process

- 1. The child's clothing is removed or moved
- 2. The soiled diaper is removed
- 3. The child is cleansed with a wipe
- 4. The waterproof paper is folded to cover the soiled area (if soiled)
- 5. Gloves are removed (if used)
- 6. A clean diaper is placed on the child and the child is redressed
- 7. The diapering waste is disposed of in a tightly covered, plastic-lined waste container
- 8. The waterproof paper is removed
- 9. Staff wash and sanitize the surface if soiled
- 10. Staff wash hands

It is Recommended That...

- Gloves are used
- Staff wash hands before beginning the diapering process
- Children wash hands after the diapering process
 - If an infant cannot be held at the sink, wash hands with a clean, wet, soapy disposable towel or washcloth and rinse hands using a second clean wet disposable towel or washcloth
 - Diaper wipes are not an acceptable alternative to infant hand washing
- The changing surface is washed and sanitized after each use

Social and Learning Opportunities

Diapering is a special bonding time between child and caregiver. Here are some things you can do to enhance that experience:

• Focus your attention exclusively on the child.



- Treat the child with respect.
- Talk with the child about what you are doing and what the child is experiencing, as this encourages language skills and helps build confidence.