Grade 2 ELA Content Connectors



Second Grade English/Language Arts 2016	
Indiana Academic Standards	Content Connectors
Reading: Literature	
2.RL.1: Read and comprehend a variety of literature within a range of complexity appropriate for grades 2-3. By the end of grade 2, students interact with texts proficiently and independently at the low end of the range and with scaffolding as needed at the high end.	2.RL.1.a.1: Read a variety of literature.
2.RL.2.1: Ask and answer questions (e.g., who was the story about; why did an event happen; where did the story happen) to demonstrate understanding of main idea and key details in a text.	2.RL.2.1.a.1: Choose, find, or label the story elements (e.g., who was the story about; where did the story happen) to demonstrate understanding of character, setting, and plot in a text.
2.RL.2.2: Recount the beginning, middle, and ending of stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral.	2.RL.2.2.a.1: Choose, find, or label the beginning, middle, and ending of stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures. 2.RL.2.1.a.2: Identify the main idea, lesson or moral.
2.RL.2.3: Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and how characters affect the plot.	2.RL.2.3.a.1: Identify the characters in a story. 2.RL.2.3.a.2: Identify the events in a story.
2.RL.2.4: Make predictions about the content of text using prior knowledge of text features, explaining whether they were confirmed or not confirmed and why.	2.RL.2.4.a.1: Make predictions about what will happen next in a story. 2.RL.2.4.a.2: Find text features in a given text (e.g., bolded words, headings, title, etc.)
2.RL.3.1: Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action.	2.RL.3.1.a.1: Identify the beginning, middle, and ending of stories.



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2.RL.3.2: Acknowledge differences in the points of view of	2.RL.3.2.a.1: Identify dialogue as words spoken by characters, usually enclosed in
characters and identify dialogue as words spoken by characters,	quotation marks.
usually enclosed in quotation marks.	2 Di 2 2 - 2 Idealif dha difference hal
	2.RL.3.2.a.2: Identify the difference between communication between
	characters and communication to self.
2 DL 44 The Sefermation of the Alberta Research and Security 11 at a Section and Security 11	2 DL 4.4 - 4 Librarit Thankson La 4.3 Constitutible III at a 12- and a contact and a c
_	2.RL.4.1.a.1: Identify the character(s) from the illustrations and words in a print
a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its	or digital text.
characters, setting, or plot.	2.RL.4.1.a.2: Identify the setting(s) from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text.
2.RL.4.2: Compare and contrast versions of the same stories from	2.RL.4.2.a.1: Compare and contrast the characters in versions of the same stories
different authors, time periods, or cultures from around the world.	from different authors, time periods, or cultures from around the world.
	2.RL.4.2.a.2: Compare and contrast the setting(s) in versions of the same stories
	from different authors, time periods, or cultures from around the world.
Reading: Nonfiction	
2.RN.1: Read and comprehend a variety of nonfiction within a range	2.RN.1.a.1: Read a variety of nonfiction texts.
of complexity appropriate for grades 2-3. By the end of grade 2,	
students interact with texts proficiently and independently at the	
low end of the range and with scaffolding as needed at the high	
end.	
2.RN.2.1: Ask and answer questions about the main idea and	2.RN.2.1.a.1: Choose, find, or label details in a text.
supporting facts and details in a text to confirm understanding.	
2.RN.2.2: Identify the main idea of a multiparagraph text and the	2.RN.2.2.a.1: Identify the main idea of a paragraph in a multiparagraph text.
topic of each paragraph.	
2.RN.2.3: Describe the connection between a series of historical	2.RN.2.3.a.1: Label Identify the first, middle, and last of a series of historical
events, scientific ideas or concepts, and steps in a process or	events, scientific ideas or concepts, in a text.
procedure in a text.	
2.RN.3.1: Use various text features (e.g., table of contents, index,	2.RN.3.1.a.1: Define various text features (e.g., table of contents, index,
headings, captions) to locate key facts or information and explain	headings, captions) in a text.
how they contribute to and clarify a text.	



2.RN.3.2: Identify how a nonfiction text can be structured to compare and contrast, to describe a procedure, and to explain a cause and effect relationship.	2.RN.3.2.a.1: Identify how a nonfiction text can be structured compare and contrast (e.g. events, characters or settings). 2.RN.3.2.a.2: Identify how a nonfiction text can be structured to describe a procedure (e.g. sequential order). 2.RN.3.2.a.3: Identify how a nonfiction text can be structured to explain a cause and effect relationship (e.g. first, then).
2.RN.3.3: Identify what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe in the text.	2.RN.3.3.a.1: With support, identify the author's purpose in a text (e.g., to Persuade, to Inform, to Entertain).
2.RN.4.1: Describe how an author uses facts to support specific points in a text.	2.RN.4.1.a.1: With guidance and support, recognize how an author uses facts to support specific points in a text.
2.RN.4.2: Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.	2.RN.4.2.a.1: Compare and contrast basic similarities in between two texts on the same topic.2.RN.4.2.a.2: Compare and contrast basic differences between two texts on the same topic.
Reading: Vocabulary	·
2.RV.1: Use words, phrases, and strategies acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to literature and nonfiction texts to build and apply vocabulary.	2.RV.1.a.1: Use and express vocabulary related to literature and nonfiction texts.
2.RV.2.1: Use context clues (e.g., words and sentence clues) and text features (e.g., table of contents, headings) to determine the meanings of unknown words.	2.RV.2.1.a.1: With guidance and support, use context clues (e.g., words and sentence clues) to determine the meanings of unknown words.
2.RV.2.2: Identify relationships among words, including common synonyms and antonyms, and simple multiple-meaning words (e.g., change, duck).	2.RV.2.2.a.1: With guidance and support, match simple multiple-meaning words (e.g., change, duck, tank).
2.RV.2.4: Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root, and identify when a common affix is added to a known word.	2.RV.2.4.a.1: Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root.
	2.RV.2.4.a.2: Identify when an affix is added to a known root word.



2.RV.2.5: Consult reference materials, both print and digital (e.g., dictionary), to determine or clarify the meanings of words and phrases.	2.RV.2.5.a.1: Consult reference materials, both print and online (e.g., dictionary, picture dictionary), to determine or clarify the meanings of words and phrases.
2.RV.3.1: Recognize that authors use words (e.g., regular beats, repeating lines, simile, alliteration, onomatopoeia, idioms) to provide rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song.	2.RV.3.1.a.1: With guidance and support, recite or repeat the rhythm of a story, poem, or song.
2.RV.3.2: Determine the meanings of words and phrases in a nonfiction text relevant to a second grade topic or subject area.	2.RV.3.2.a.1: With guidance and support, determine the meanings of words and phrases in a nonfiction text.

Second Grade English/Language Arts 2016	
Indiana Academic Standards	Content Connectors
Writing: Genres	
2.W.1: Write routinely over brief time frames and for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences; apply reading standards to write in response to literature and nonfiction texts.	2.W.1.a.1: With guidance and support, select a topic and write to share information in response to a topic in nonfiction text.
2.W.2.1: Form letters correctly and space words and sentences properly so that writing can be read easily by another person.	2.W.2.1.a.1: Write letters, words, and sentences.
2.W.2.2: Students are expected to build upon and continue applying concepts learned previously.	2.W.2.2.a.1: Students are expected to build upon and continue applying concepts learned previously.
2.W.3.1: Write a logically connected paragraph or paragraphs, which introduce an opinion, with a concluding statement or section and multiple reasons to explain why a certain course of action should be followed.	2.W.3.1.a.1: With guidance and support, write multiple sentences related to the same topic.
2.W.3.2: Write a paragraph or paragraphs on a topic that introduce a topic, provide facts and details about the topic, and provide a concluding statement.	2.W.3.2.a.1: With guidance and support, a paragraph on a topic, providing details about the topic.



 2.W.3.3: Develop topics for friendly letters, stories, poems, and other narrative purposes that — • Include a beginning. • Use temporal words to signal event order (e.g., first of all). • Provide details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings. • Provide an ending. 	2.W.3.3.a.1: With guidance and support, write a friendly letter, including a beginning, middle and end.
 2.W.4: Apply the writing process to – Generate a draft by developing, selecting and organizing ideas relevant to topic, purpose, and genre; revise writing, using appropriate reference materials, by adding details (e.g., organization, sentence structure, word choice); edit writing for format and conventions (e.g., spelling, capitalization, usage, punctuation); and provide feedback to other writers. Use available technology to publish legible documents. 	 2.W.4.a.1: Use a graphic organizer or template to outline the beginning, middle, and end to a story. 2.W.4.a.2: Select the correct spelling, capitalization, and punctuation of words and phrases from a list of up to three choices. 2.W.4.a.3: Use available technology to publish legible documents.
 2.W.5: With support, conduct short research on a topic. Find information on a topic of interest (e.g., cardinals). Identify various visual and text reference sources. Organize, summarize, and present the information, choosing from a variety of formats. 	2.W.5.a.1: With guidance and support, select a topic and find information using various visual and text reference sources. 2.W.5.a.2: Use graphic organizer or other aids to show information on topic.
2.W.6.1: Nouns/Pronouns - Writing sentences that include common, proper, possessive, and collective nouns, irregular plural nouns, and personal and possessive pronouns.	2.W.6.1a.1: Nouns/Pronouns - Write sentences that include a variety of nouns and pronouns.



Writing sentences that use the past tense of frequently	2.W.6.1b.a.1: Verbs - Write a sentence that uses the past tense of an irregular verbs (e.g. break, broke). 2.W.6.1b.a.2: With guidance and support, understand the functions of an action verb and a linking verb.
2.W.6.1c: Adjectives/Adverbs - Writing sentences that use adjectives and adverbs.	2.W.6.1c.a.1: Adjectives/Adverbs - sentence that include a variety of adjectives 2.W.6.1.c.a.2: With guidance and support, write a sentence that include a variety of adverbs.

declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences.	2.W.6.1e.a.1: With guidance and support, write simple sentences.
1816	2.W.6.1e.a.3: Label declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences with appropriate symbols.
2.W.6.2a: Capitalization - Capitalizing greetings, months, and days	2.W.6.2a.a.1: Capitalize greetings.
of the week, titles and initials in names, and proper nouns, including holidays and geographic names.	2.W.6.2a.a.2: Capitalize months and days of the week.
	2.W.6.2a.a.3: Capitalize titles and initials in names.
	2.W.6.2a.a.4: Capitalize proper nouns, including holidays and geographic names.
 2.W.6.2b: Punctuation - Correctly using a period, question mark, or exclamation mark at the end of a sentence. 	2.W.6.2b.a.1: Use a period, question mark, or exclamation mark at the end of a sentence.
 Using an apostrophe to form contractions and singular possessive nouns. 	2.W.6.2b.a.2: Use an apostrophe to form contractions and singular possessive nouns.
 Using commas in greetings and closings of letters, dates, an to separate items in a series. 	d 2.W.6.2b.a.3: Locate and identify a comma in a sentence.
 2.W.6.2c: Spelling - Correctly spelling words with short and long vowel sounds, rcontrolled vowels, and consonant-blend patterns. Generalizing learned spelling patterns (e.g., word families) when writing words. Correctly spelling common irregularly-spelled gradeappropriate high frequency words. 	2.W.6.2c.a.1: Correctly spell common high frequency words and apply knowledge of word families.
Speaking and Listening	
2.SL.1: Listen actively and adjust the use of spoken language (e.g., conventions, vocabulary) to communicate effectively with a variety of audiences and for different purposes.	2.SL.1.a.1: Attend to and adjust the use of language (e.g., conventions, vocabulary) to communicate effectively with a variety of audiences and for different purposes.
2.SL.2.1: Participate in collaborative conversations about gradeappropriate topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger	2.SL.2.1.a.1: Have direct communication opportunities with adults and sameaged peers in small and larger groups.
groups.	
2.SL.2.2: Standard begins in third grade.	2.SL.2.2.a.1: Be prepared to participate in discussions with multiple exchanges.



2.SL.2.3: Listen to others, take one's turn in respectful ways, and speak one at a time about the topics and text under discussion.	2.SL.2.3.a.1: Participate in multiple turn communication exchanges.
2.SL.2.4: Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.	2.SL.2.4.a.1: Ask questions about a topic.
2.SL.2.5: Build on others' talk in conversations by linking comments to the remarks of others.	2.SL.2.5.a.1: Adding comments to a discussion.
	2.SL.3.1.a.1: Demonstrate an emerging understanding of familiar text, presented audiotorially, visually, or information presented through media by answering questions.
2.SL.3.2: Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says to clarify comprehension, gather information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.	2.SL.3.2.a.1: Ask and answer question about a provided topic.
2.SL.4.1: Using appropriate language, recite poems and rhymes, and tell a story or recount an experience, in an organized manner, with appropriate facts and careful attention to sensory details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences and at an appropriate pace.	2.SL.4.1.a.1: Using preferred mode of communication, tell a story or an experience.
2.SL.4.2: Create simple presentations that maintain a clear focus, using various media when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	2.SL.4.2.a.1: With guidance and support, create a simple presentation on a clear topic, using various media.
2.SL.4.3: Give and follow multi-step directions.	2.SL.4.3.a.1: Follow multi-step directions. 2.SL.4.3.a.2: Give multi-step directions.

Second Grade English/Language Arts 2016



Indiana Academic Standards	Content Connectors
Media Literacy	
2.ML.1: Recognize the role of the media in informing, persuading, entertaining, and transmitting culture.	2.ML.1.a.1: Recognize that the role of media is to inform, entertain, or persuade the audience.
2.ML.2.1: Recognize that media can be sources for information, entertainment, persuasion, interpretation of events, and transmission of culture.	2.ML.2.1.a.1: Recognize that people, use different media sources for different purposes. (E.g. a magazine entertains, the weather informs.)