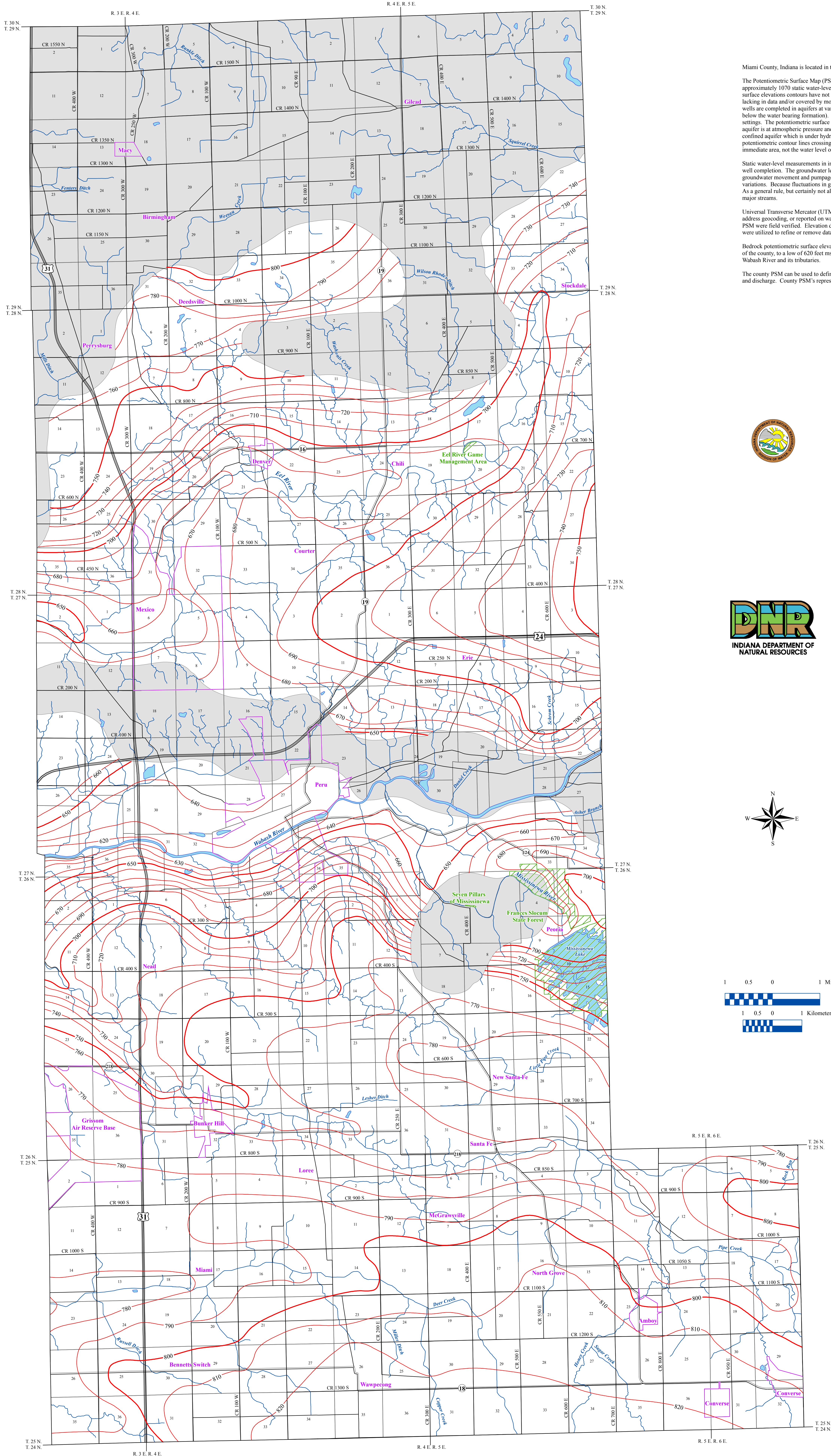


POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP OF THE BEDROCK AQUIFERS OF MIAMI COUNTY, INDIANA



Miami County, Indiana is located in the north-central section of the state and lies within the Upper Wabash River Basin.

The Potentiometric Surface Map (PSM) of the bedrock aquifers of Miami County was mapped by contouring the elevations of approximately 1070 static water-levels reported on well records received primarily over a 50 year period. The bedrock potentiometric surface elevations contours have not been extended through some portions of northern and central Miami County. These areas are lacking in data and/or covered by more prolific unconsolidated deposits that limit the necessity to complete wells in bedrock. These wells are completed in aquifers at various depths, and typically, under confined conditions (bounded by impermeable layers above and below the water bearing formation). However, some wells were completed under unconfined (not bounded by impermeable layers) settings. The potentiometric surface is a measure of the pressure on water in a water bearing formation. Water in an unconfined aquifer is at atmospheric pressure and will not rise in a well above the top of the water bearing formation, in contrast to water in a confined aquifer which is under hydrostatic pressure and will rise in a well above the top of the water bearing formation. The potentiometric contour lines crossing through Mississinewa Lake represent the potentiometric surface of the groundwater in the immediate area, not the water level of the reservoirs, which are man-made features.

Static water-level measurements in individual wells used to construct county PSM's are indicative of the water-level at the time of well completion. The groundwater level within an aquifer constantly fluctuates in response to rainfall, evapotranspiration, groundwater movement and pumpage. Therefore, measured static water-levels in an area may differ due to local or seasonal variations. Because fluctuations in groundwater are typically small, static water-levels can be used to construct a generalized PSM. As a general rule, but certainly not always, groundwater flow approximates the overlying topography and intersects the land surface at major streams.

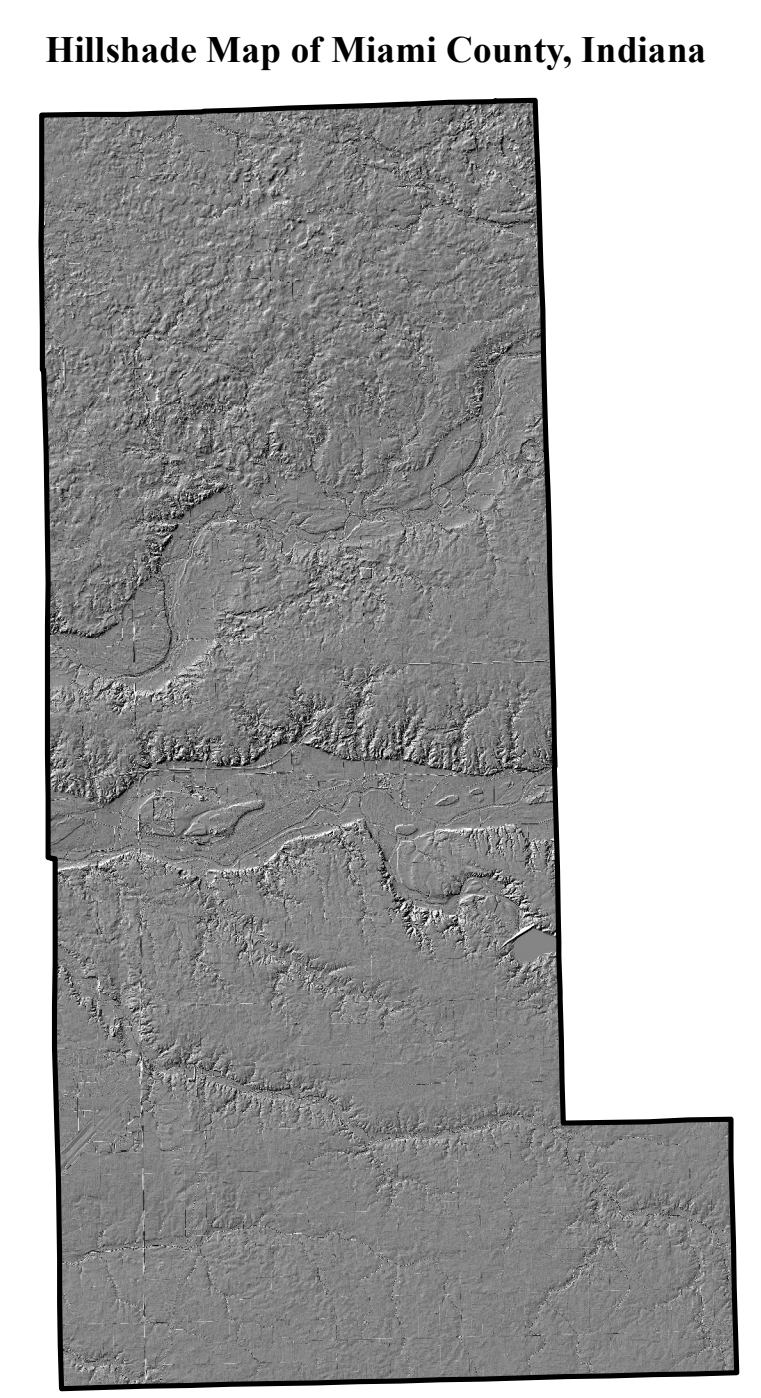
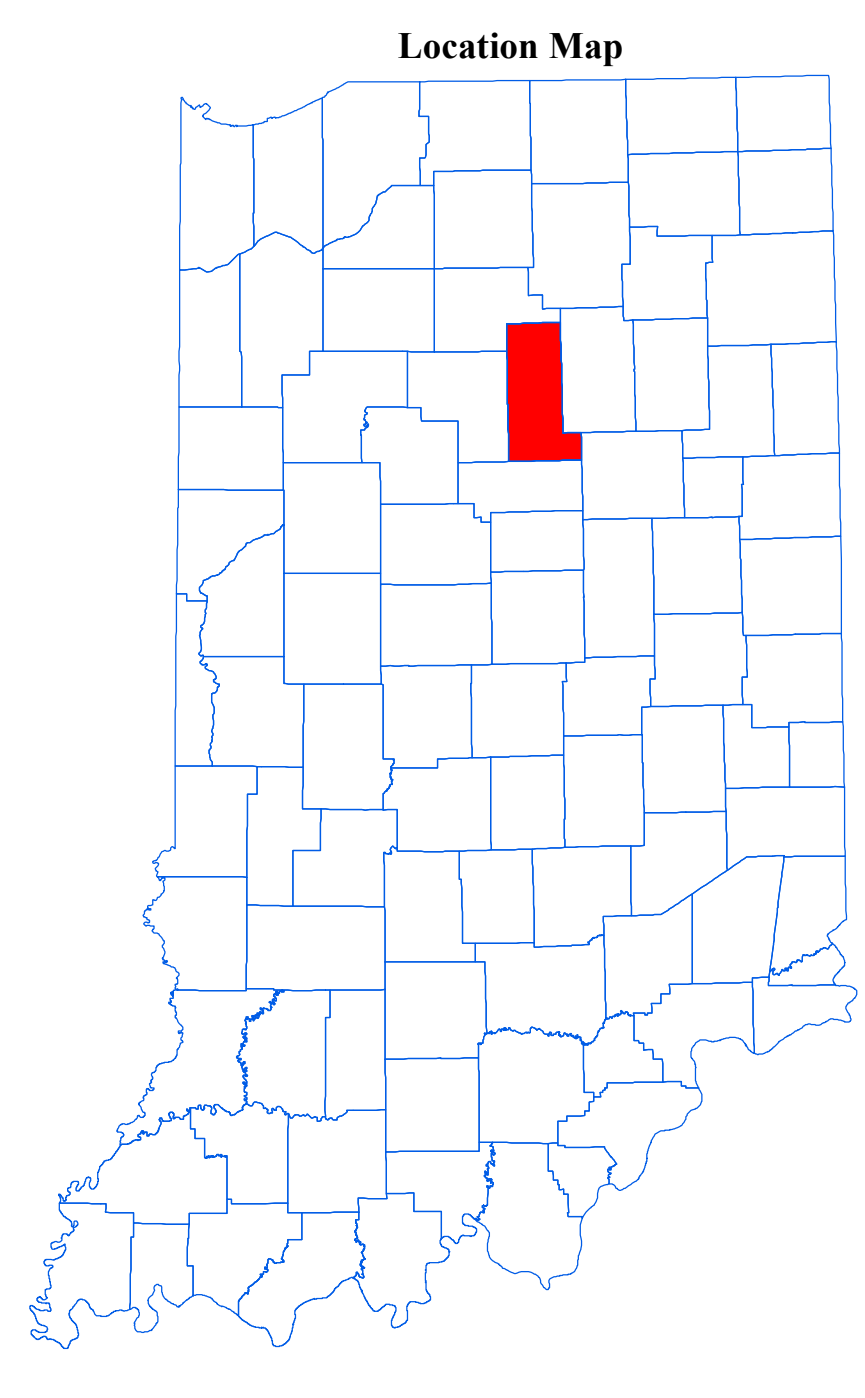
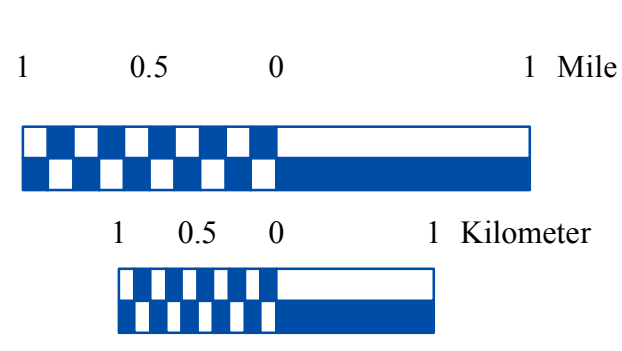
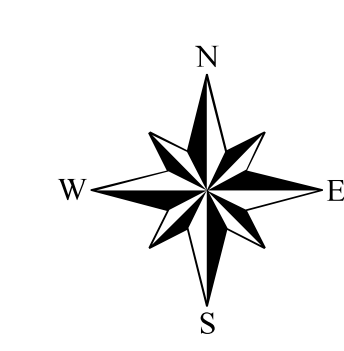
Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates for the water wells were either physically obtained in the field, determined through address geocoding, or reported on water well records; however, the location of the majority of the water well records used to make the PSM were field verified. Elevation data were obtained from a digital elevation model. Quality control/quality assurance procedures were utilized to refine or remove data where errors were readily apparent.

Bedrock potentiometric surface elevations in Miami County range from a high of 820 feet mean sea level (msl) in the southern section of the county, to a low of 620 feet msl along the west-central edge of the county. Groundwater flow direction is generally toward the Wabash River and its tributaries.

The county PSM can be used to define the regional groundwater flow path and to identify significant areas of groundwater recharge and discharge. County PSM's represent overall regional characteristics and are not intended to be a substitute for site-specific studies.



- ### EXPLANATION
- Line of equal elevation, in feet above mean sea level
 - Potentiometric Contour interval 10 feet
 - Stream
 - County Road
 - State Road
 - US Highway
 - Municipal Boundary
 - State Managed Property
 - Lake & River
 - No Aquifer Material or Limited Data



Map Use and Disclaimer Statement

We request that the following agency be acknowledged in products derived from this map: Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water. This map was compiled by staff of the Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water using data believed to be reasonably accurate. However, a degree of error is inherent in all maps. This product is distributed "as is" without warranties of any kind, either expressed or implied. This map is intended for use only at the published scale.

Potentiometric Surface Map of the Bedrock Aquifers of Miami County, Indiana
by
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June 2013

This map was created from several existing shapefiles. Township and Range Lines of Indiana (line shapefile, 20020621), Land Survey Lines of Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20020621), and County Boundaries of Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20020621), were all from the Indiana Geological Survey and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Draft road shapefiles, System1 and System2 (line shapefiles, 2003), were from the Indiana Department of Transportation and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Populated Areas in Indiana 2000 (polygon shapefile, 20021000) was from the U.S. Census Bureau and based on a 1:100,000 scale. Hydrography, Streams (NHID) (line shapefile, 20081218), Rivers (NHID) (polygon shapefile, 20081218), Lakes (NHID) (polygon shapefile, 20081218) was from the U.S. Geological Survey and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Managed Lands IDNR: N (polygon shapefile, 20100920) was from the Indiana Department of Natural Resources and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Digital Elevation Model image is derived from the Indiana OrthoLIDAR Statewide Collection Program (2011). Bedrock No Aquifer Material and Limited Data (polygon shapefile, Grove 2013) and Potentiometric Surface Map of the Bedrock Aquifers of Miami County, Indiana (line shapefile, Grove, 2013) were based on a 1:24,000 scale.