Charter Conversion

Indiana Department of Financial Institutions 30 South Meridian Street, Suite 300 Indianapolis, IN 46204 <u>www.in.gov/dfi</u>

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

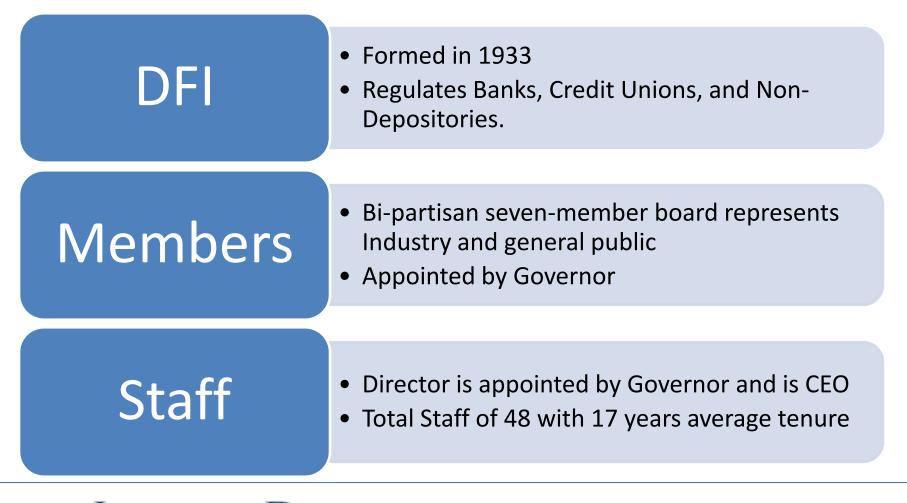


DFI introductions and background

The Charter Conversion Process

State Regulation Overview

Department of Financial Institutions



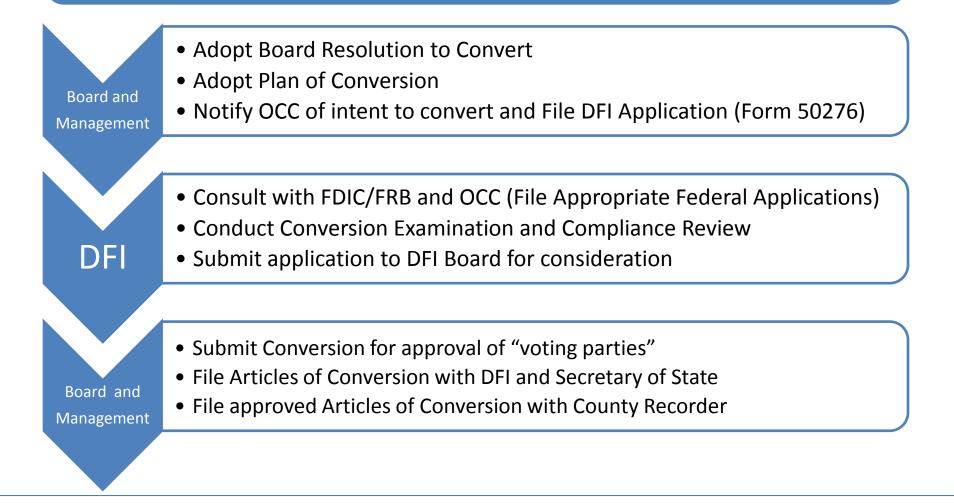
Indiana Domiciled Institutions By the Numbers*

	State Banks & Thrifts	Federal Thrifts	National Banks
Total Assets	\$44 Billion	\$4 Billion	\$26 Billion
Number	91	20	13
Median Size	\$205 Million	\$191 Million	\$453 Million

*as of December 31, 2014

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Conversion Process



Compliance with Federal Law

- Section 612 of the Dodd-Frank Act restricts Charter Conversions of Troubled Banks
- Converting Institution must send a copy of the conversion application to OCC when the application is filed with the DFI (Section 612(e)(1))
 - Review Interagency Statement on Section 612 of the Dodd-Frank Act adopted November 26, 2012
 - CAMELS Rating and Compliance Rating are 1 or 2
 - Satisfactory CRA Rating
 - Meet Minimum Capital Requirements (12CFR Part 567)
 - No Formal or Informal Regulatory Agreements

Conversion Examination by DFI

- DFI Examination Scope depends on:
 - The results of most recent OCC examination
 - Current operating ratios and trends
 - Risk profile of the institution
 - Strength of the parent company
- DFI will request that the FDIC/FRB participate in the conversion examination
- DFI will conduct a compliance examination under the Uniform Consumer Credit Code
- Conversion Examination time is billed on actual expenses of \$80 per hour.
 - Conversion fees are capped at \$30M

Non-Conforming Assets

- Real estate development projects
- Bank-owned Life Insurance
 - In excess of 15% (of capital) per company or 25% (of capital) in aggregate.
- Equity investments or Limited Partnerships in Community Development Projects, New Markets Tax Credits Projects or other projects of a predominantly civic, community or public nature
 - May not exceed 5% of capital and surplus without written prior written approval of the Director
 - Director shall consider whether:

(1) the aggregate of all equity investments poses a significant risk to the deposit insurance fund; and

(2) institution is adequately capitalized.

May not exceed 15% of capital and surplus under any circumstance

Disposition of Non-Conforming Assets

- Statute allows a ten-year maximum transitional period to dispose of non-conforming assets
 - Wind up any activities legally engaged in by the converting savings association.
 - Retain any asset legally held by the savings association that is not authorized for a Bank.
- Submit a plan to be approved by DFI that addresses the disposition of non-conforming assets.

DFI Conversion Finding

- The Department may not approve the Plan of Conversion unless the following criteria are met:
 - The bank will operate in a safe, sound, and prudent manner.
 - There will not be inadequate capital, unsatisfactory management, or poor earnings prospects.
 - That management or other principals of the savings association are qualified by character and financial responsibility.
 - The interests of the depositors, the creditors, and the public generally will not be jeopardized.
- The board will be requested to adopt a resolution committing to correct examination issues upon conversion.

DFI Assessment Process

- Fees are established annually by the sevenmember board of the DFI.
- IC 28-11-3-5 requires fees to be based on the proportionate expenses incurred by DFI.
- Fees are based on Total Banking Assets plus a separate schedule based on Total Trust Assets.
- Volume Fee are based on "consumer credit" originations at \$6 per \$100,000 of loans.

DFI Fee Comparison with OCC

Asset Size	Indiana Fee*	OCC Fee**	% DFI Fee to OCC Fee
\$50 MILLION	\$9,759	\$32,387	30.13%
\$100 MILLION	\$13,812	\$51,626	26.75%
\$500 MILLION	\$44,852	\$140,132	32.01%
\$1 BILLION	\$82,682	\$245,952	33.62%
\$10 BILLION	\$488,290	\$1,558,674	31.33%

*Does not include trust assets or potential surcharge of 12.5% to 25% based on regulatory rating. **Does not include trust assets or potential surcharge of 50% to 100% based on regulatory rating.

Central Point of Contact Program

A field examiner is assigned to each institution as a Central Point of Contact (CPC).

CPC will direct supervisory strategy

• Develop strategy based on prior ratings, offsite analysis, and emerging trends

CPC will communicate with and respond to Senior Bank Management.

- Refer issues to appropriate DFI personnel
- Maintain a dialogue with FDIC /FRB representatives

Examination and Supervision

- Banks less than \$500 million (1 or 2 rated)
 Alternate with FDIC/FRB every 18 months
- Banks over \$500 million (1 or 2 rated)
 - Alternate with FDIC/FRB every 12 months or
 - Joint examination with FDIC/FRB every 12 months
- Banks rated 3 or worse
 - Joint examination every 12 months
 - Visitation during intervening 6 months

Examination and Supervision

- Trust, BSA/AML and Information Technology are all conducted with regular examination
- DFI conducts a periodic compliance examination for Reg. Z and UCCC compliance
- FDIC/FRB conducts a separate compliance examination for Federal Compliance and CRA
 - Schedule is based on institution size and ratings

Asset Liability Management

- Board Oversight and Policy Review
 - Committee Structure, Policy Deviations, and Board Reporting
 - Board Reporting at least quarterly with appropriate minutes
 - Risk Assessment, Risk Limits, and Contingency Plans
- ALM Model Review
 - Cover up to 24 Months with Rate Shocks up to +/- 400bp
 - Independent review of model and back-testing required
 - Providers: ProfitStar, Fiserv, Bancware, Risk Analytics, Baker Group
- Review FDIC FILs: 46-2013; 2-2012; 2-2010; and, 52-96

Other Considerations

- State Banks have parity with National Banks
- Lending limit is the same as a National bank.
- Limitations are consistent with Federal law
 - Insider transactions (Regulation O)
 - Affiliated entities (23a and 23b)
- Other Real Estate holding period is 10 years
- Dodd-Frank
 - Authorized Interstate branching
 - Scaled back federal preemption
 - The word "Federal" may be retained in the converted bank name. National or NA may not be used.

Application Links

- Application to Convert
 - <u>http://www.in.gov/dfi/files/50276 Application to convert</u>
 <u>.pdf</u>
- Financial and Biographical Report
 - <u>http://www.in.gov/dfi/files/Bio-FinReport.pdf</u>
- Articles of Conversion
 - <u>http://www.in.gov/dfi/files/50280 Articles of Conversion</u>
 <u>.pdf</u>

DFI Contact Information

Tim Berry Director

- <u>TBerry1@dfi.in.gov</u>
- 317-233-9460

Tom Fite Deputy Director

- tfite@dfi.in.gov
- (317) 453-2177

Kirk Schreiber

Senior Bank Analyst

- <u>kschreiber@dfi.in.gov</u>
- (317) 233-4351

DFI Contact Information

Deron Thompson Regional Field Supervisor (North) <u>dthompson@dfi.in.gov</u>
(317) 453-2175

Paul Brockman Regional Field Supervisor (South) <u>pbrockman@dfi.in.gov</u>
(317) 453-2181