

# INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF CHILD SERVICES CHILD WELFARE MANUAL

Tool Name: 6.B - Tool: Statutory Definition of CHINS

Reference: Chapter 6

Version: 3

The State of Indiana defines a child in need of services (CHINS) as a child prior to his/her birthday who is experiencing one or more of the conditions outlined below **AND** the situation is unlikely to be remedied without the coercive intervention of the court.

# CHINS 1: Neglect

The child's physical or mental condition is seriously impaired or seriously endangered as a result of the parent/guardian/custodian being unable, refusing, or neglecting to supply the child with necessary food cloth or shelter, medical care, education, or supervision.

# CHINS 2: Abuse

- a. The child's physical or mental condition is sensusly impaired or seriously endangered due to an injury as a result of the parent/guardian/custodian's act or omission, or
- b. Evidence that Illegal manufacture of a drug or controlled substance is occurring on property where a drill resides creates a rebuttable presumption that the child's physical or mental health is seriously endangered.

**Note:** According to <a href="IC313-2-4">IC313-2-4</a>, a rebuttable presumption is raised that the child is a CHING because of an act or omission of the child's parent/guardian/custorlial if the state introduces competent evidence of probative value that:

- 1) The child has been injured,
- 2) at the time the child was injured, the parent/guardian/custodian had the care, custody or control of the child OR the legal responsibility for the care, custody or control of the child, and
- the pjury would not ordinarily be sustained except for the act or omission o a parent/guardian/custodian.

**Note:** Evidence that the illegal manufacture of a drug or controlled substance is occurring on property where a child resides creates a rebuttable presumption that the child's physical or mental health is seriously endangered.

## CHINS 3: Sexual Abuse

The child is a victim of certain sex offenses or is living in a household with a victim of "certain sex offenses".

**Note:** According to <u>IC 31-34-12-4.5</u>, there is a rebuttable presumption that a child is a CHINS if the state establishes that:

- 1) another child in the same household is the victim of a sex offense described in IC 31-34-1-3; and
- 2) the sex offense was committed by an adult who lives in the household with the child AND the offense resulted in a conviction of an adult of judgment under <u>IC 31-34-11-2</u> as it relates to the child against whom the sex offense was committed.
- CHINS 4: The child's parent/guardian/custodian allows the child to participate in an obscene performance.
- CHINS 5: The child's parent/guardian/custodian allows the child to compit a prohibited sex offense.
- CHINS 6: The child substantially endangers his/her own health of the health of another individual.
- CHINS 7: The child's parent/guardian/custodian fails of per cipate in a school disciplinary proceeding.
- CHINS 8: The child is a "missing child"

**Note:** This is a child who is the subject of a missing persons report and has been found in Indiana.

[NEW] CHINS 9: The child is disabled and deprived of necessary nutrition or medical intervention.

**Note:** According to <u>IC 31-34-1-9</u>, a child in need of services under CHINS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 of this tool includes a child with a disability who:

- 1) Is deprived of nutrition that is necessary to sustain life; or
  - Is deprived of medical or surgical intervention that is necessary to remedy or ameliorate a life threatening medical condition; if the nutrition or medical or surgical intervention is generally provided to similarly situated children with or without disabilities.
- O: The child is born with fetal alcohol syndrome or with any amount of controlled substance or legend drug<sup>1</sup> in the child's body.
- CHINS 11: The child experiences risks or injuries from the mother's use of alcohol, controlled substance or legend drug during pregnancy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> **Note:** As provided in <u>IC 31-34-1-12</u> (legend drug) and <u>IC 31-34-1-13</u> (controlled substance) where the mother possessed a valid prescription for the drug and made a good faith attempt to use the drug according to the prescription instructions.

### **Code References**

- 1. IC 10-13-5-4: Missing Child
- 2. <u>IC 20-33-8-26</u>: Rules requiring participation in disciplinary action by person caring for dependent student
- 3. IC 31-9-2-14: Child Abuse or Neglect
- 4. IC 31-34-1: (Sections 1-15) Circumstances under which a child is a CHINS
- 5. IC 35-42-3-3: Criminal Confinement
- 6. IC 35-42-3-4: Interference with Custody
- 7. IC 35-42-4: (Sections 1-4, 7, 9) Rape; criminal deviant conduct; child molesting; child exploitation and pornography; child seduction; sexual misconduct with a minor
- 8. IC 35-45-4: (Sections 1 and 5) Indecent Acts and Prostitution
- 9. IC 35-46-1-3: Incest
- 10. IC 35-49-3-2: Obscene Performance
- 11. IC 35-49-2-2: Matter of Performance Harmful to Minors

#### **FORMS AND TOOLS**

- 1. Chapter 3, Intake: Tool 3.B Sexual Offense CAN Matrix
- 2. Tool 6.A: Legal Process Overview
- 3. 6.2 Filing a CHINS Petition

#### **RELATED INFORMATION**

# **Coercive Intervention**

The inability or unwillingness of the parent/gualdin/custodian to provide needed supervision and or services for a child without a court order.

#### **Rebuttable Presumption**

An assumption made by a court one that is taken to be true unless someone comes forward to contest it and prove otherwise.