#
INDIANA
CHILD
SERVICES

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF CHILD SERVICES CHILD WELFARE POLICY

Chapter 6: Court Effective Date: July 1, 2021

Section 11: Permanency Hearing **Version:** 9

POLICY OVERVIEW

A Permanency Hearing will be held for a child:

- 1. Within 30 days after the court finds that Reasonable Efforts to reunify or preserve a child's family are not required and every 12 months thereafter;
- 2. Every 12 months after the date of the original Dispositional Decree or the date the child was removed from his or her parent, guardian, or custodian, whichever comes first; or
- 3. More often if ordered by the court.

Note: DCS may request the court hold a Permanency Hearing at any time.

PROCEDURE

The Indiana Department of Child Services (DCS) will provide notice at least 10 calendar days before the Permanency Hearing to the following:

- 1. The child;
- 2. The child's parent, guardian, or custodian;
- 3. The child's representatives, if applicable;

Note: Beginning at 14 years of age, youth may select up to two (2) child representatives. The child representatives must be at least 18 years of age, members of the CFT, and may not be a foster parent or FCM.

- 4. An attorney who has entered an appearance on behalf of the child's/youth's parent, guardian, or custodian;
- 5. Court Appointed Special Advocate (CASA) or Guardian ad Litem (GAL);
- 6. Resource parent and/or long-term foster parent; and
- 7. Witnesses for the hearing.

DCS will present the child's views regarding the proposed Permanency Plan in the Progress Report-Permanency and make diligent efforts to include the child in court proceedings, if appropriate (see policy 6.14 Children Attending Court Proceedings).

DCS will make Reasonable Efforts to preserve and reunify families as follows:

- 1. Efforts to prevent or eliminate the need for removing the child from the home if the child has not been removed from the child's home; or
- 2. Efforts to make it possible for the child to return safely to the home as soon as possible if the child has been removed.

The court will issue a finding on REPP at least every 12 months. REPP is required to ensure a child continues to be eligible for federal funding to reimburse the costs of out-of-home care and DCS's administrative expenditures (see policy 15.10 Continued Eligibility).

The Family Case Manager (FCM) will:

- 1. Ensure required parties are notified of the Permanency Hearing and receive the Progress Report- Permanency at least 10 calendar days prior to the hearing (see policy 6.04 Providing Notice);
- 2. Ask if the parent, guardian, or custodian or the child needs a reasonable accommodation due to a disability:
- 3. Ensure the Permanency Plan was discussed with the child in an age appropriate manner and include the child's views in the Progress Report-Permanency;
- 4. Make diligent efforts to include the child in court proceedings, if appropriate (see policy 6.14 Children Attending Court Proceedings);

Note: Youth age 14 years and older should participate in the Permanency Hearing. The youth should complete and submit a Youth Report to the Court if the youth is unable to attend the court hearing. If the youth refuses or is unable to complete the report, DCS must record the reasons preventing the youth from completing the report and/or document efforts made to obtain the youth's input or participation in completing the report.

- 5. Attend and participate in the Permanency Hearing for a child/youth:
 - a. Within 30 days after the court finds that Reasonable Efforts to reunify or preserve a child/youth's family are not required and every 12 months thereafter, or
 - Every 12 months after the date of the original Dispositional Decree or the date the child/youth was removed from the child/youth's parent, guardian, or custodian, whichever comes first, or
 - c. More often if ordered by the court; and
- 6. Enter court hearing details and outcome, as well as future hearings scheduled in the case management system, including the court's findings related to Reasonable Efforts toward the Permanency Plan.

The FCM Supervisor will:

- 1. Assist the FCM in preparation for the Permanency Hearing; and
- 2. Ensure all required data and court findings are entered into the case management system.

The DCS Staff Attorney will:

- 1. Provide the Progress Report- Permanency to the court and ensure it was received. See policy 6.10 Permanency Plan for additional information;
- 2. Assist the FCM in preparation for the Permanency Hearing, as needed;
- 3. Participate in the Permanency Hearing; and
- 4. Request and verify that within 12 months from the child's/youth's removal from the home and every 12 months thereafter, a finding of REPP is obtained in a court order.

LEGAL REFERENCES

• IC 31-9-2-76.5: Long-term Foster Parent

- IC 31-10-2-3
- IC 31-17-2-8.1
- IC 31-32-1-4: Hearing notices regarding CHINS or delinquent cases
- IC 31-34-21-4: Notice of Case Review; testimony in periodic case review
- IC 31-34-21-7: Permanency hearing
- IC 31-34-22: Reports required for reviewing dispositional decrees
- 42 USC 675 Section 675(5)(C)(i)
- 42 USC 12102: Definition of disability

RELEVANT INFORMATION

Definitions

Long-term Foster Parent

A long-term foster parent is a resource parent who has provided care and supervision for a child/youth for at least:

- 1. The 12 most recent months;
- 2. Fifteen (15) months of the most recent 22 months; or
- 3. Six (6) months, if the child is less than twelve months of age.

Resource Parent

For purposes of DCS policy, the term Resource Parent includes a pre-adoptive parent, foster parent, relative, or kinship caregiver.

Forms and Tools

- Progress Report-Permanency available in the case management system
- Case Plan/Prevention Plan (SF 2956) available in the case management system
- Youth Report to the Court

Related Policies

- 6.04 Providing Notice
- 6.10 Permanency Plan_
- 6.14 Children Attending Court Proceedings
- 15.10 Continued Eligibility