

Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana



A Division of the



Comprehensive Community Plan

County: Boone

LCC: Boone County

Date Due: January 31, 2014

Date Submitted:

New Plan Plan Update X

LCC Contact: Lisa Hutcheson

Address: 1431 N. Delaware

City: Indianapolis, IN 46202

Phone: 317-638-3501 x232

Email: lhutcheson@mhai.net

County Commissioners:

Address: 116 W. Washington Street, #103

City: Lebanon

Zip Code: 46052

Plan Summary

Mission Statement: The mission of the Boone County Local Coordinating Council (LCC) is to support the programs in the community which aid in the reduction of substance abuse. This is made possible by providing a forum in which problems are identified and ideas in correcting them are expressed.

History: The LCC has had a supportive relationship with the Boone County Council and the Commissioners since inception. The LCC has met regularly to administer granted funds as well as to develop a plan of action.

The Boone County LCC was organized in 1992. The LCC has continued to meet regularly and has provided numerous grants to organizations addressing the concerns of substance abuse. The LCC meets at least bi-monthly and considers grant applications at each meeting if they have been submitted. The LCC attempts to maintain a cross section of the population in its membership and encourages programs that address the needs of youth, adults, and seniors. As the community changes, however, the problems in the community may change. It is the intent of the LCC to ensure that the community is assessed on an annual basis, in conjunction with the development of the comprehensive community plan, and use the most current data to determine the areas of priority and focus and funding streams for the community.

Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan: The LCC has prioritized four areas of funding, according to the most recent available data and needs in our county. Our areas of priority are to reduce underage drinking and adult alcohol abuse, youth and adult tobacco, marijuana use and prescription drug abuse. The plan has two problem statements that will allow us to address these areas of priority in a focused manner and the plan will be used throughout the year as we work on these issues.

Membership List

County LCC Name: Boone County

#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Penny Rader	Boone County Probation	W	F	judicial
2	Debbie Martin	Boone Co. Sheriff's Office	W	F	law enforcement
3	Richard Burdette	Teen Challenge	W	F	Social services
4	Anita Bowen	Boone Co. Senior Services	W	F	Social services
5	Larry Blue	New Life Recovery	W	M	treatment
6	Joe Plewa	Meridian	W	M	treatment
7	Lisa Hutcheson	ICRUD	W	F	Prevention/advocacy
8	Jeff Morris	Zionsville PD	W	M	Law enforcement
9	Delana Bennington	Tobacco Free Boone County	W	F	prevention
10	Dave Rose	Teen Challenge	W	M	Youth org.
11	Jackie McNutt	Lebanon High School	W	F	school
12	Steve Toleos	IN State excise police	W	M	Law enforcement
13	Cindy Murphy	Health Dept.	W	F	health
14	Rob Knox	Zionsville PD	W	M	Law enforcement
15	Lynette Clark	Integrated Wellness	W	F	Social services Treatment
16	Steve Smith	School Resource Officer - Lebanon Middle School	W	M	Law enforcement
17	Laura Dunshee	Parent	W	F	Parent
18	Vickie Foster	Boone Co. Health Dept.	W	F	Health dept.

19	Jane Mohler	W. Boone Community Schools	W	F	School
20	Kent Eastwood	Zionsville PD	W	M	Criminal Justice
21	Melissa Garten	Boone Co. Pros.	W	F	Criminal Justice
22	Richard Stroup	Boone Co Healthy Coalition	W	M	Prevention
23	Laura Dunshee	Zionsville High School	W	F	Parent
24	Tara Gentry	Stay Sharp	W	F	Youth Services
25	Angie Dickerson	Tobacco Free Boone County	W	F	Prevention

Problem Identification

A. Problem Statement #1: Prescription and over-the-counter drug abuse are a serious problem in Boone County.

B. Supportive Data: 2011

1. In Boone County there have been 120 individuals that have received monthly counseling from Boone County Senior Services to monitor their medications.
2. According to the Boone Co. prosecutor, in 2011 222 adults were charged with possession of a controlled substance (including prescription drugs).
3. Between January and October 2011, there were 13 drug/alcohol related expulsions (including prescription drugs) from Boone County high schools .
4. According to the Boone County Juvenile Probation 10 juveniles were referred for possession of a legend drug, dealing a legend drug, or dealing a schedule IV drug.
5. Boone County Senior Services reports that 52 adults are being monitored for mixing alcohol and medications and 1 adult has been referred for intensive monitoring for mixing alcohol and medications.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. In Boone County there were 60 individuals in 2012 that have received monthly counseling from Boone County Senior Services to monitor their medications.

- 2. According to the Boone Co. prosecutor, in 2012 there were 37 adults charged with possession of a controlled substance, including 29 of those adults being charged with illegal possession of prescription drug. This appears to be a decrease since 2011 and though we have contacted the prosecutor’s office, we have had no response to why there may have been a decrease.
- 3. Between January and October 2012, 14 related expulsions (including prescription drugs) from Boone County high schools .
- 4. According to the Boone County Juvenile Probation 20 juveniles were referred for possession of a legend drug, dealing a legend drug, or dealing a schedule IV drug (which is an increase of 10 juveniles since 2012).
- 5. Boone County Senior Services 1 adult has been referred for intensive monitoring for mixing alcohol and medications

End of Year 2 Update:

- 1. In Boone County there were 15 individuals in 2013 that have received monthly counseling from Boone County Senior Services to monitor their medications (this is a 75% decrease from 2012).
- 2. According to the Boone Co. prosecutor, in 2012 there were 57 adults charged with possession of a controlled substance, including 10 of those adults being charged with illegal possession of prescription drug.
- 3. Between January and October 2013, 9 related expulsions (including prescription drugs) from Boone County high schools . This is a decrease of 3 students from 2012.
- 4. According to the Boone County Juvenile Probation 20 juveniles were referred for possession of a legend drug, dealing a legend drug, or dealing a schedule IV drug (which is an increase of 10 juveniles since 2012).
- 5. Boone County Senior Services reports 0 adults have been referred for intensive monitoring for mixing alcohol and medications.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

C. Goals:

- 1. There will be an 10% increase annually in Boone County in the awareness of prescription and over the counter drug abuse, overdose, and mixing drugs with alcohol.
- 2. There will be a 5% increase in those youth and adults who seek treatment for prescription drug abuse.



End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. Drug Free Boone County provided information and awareness about prescription drug abuse through our prescription drug abuse postcards which were distributed at various community events, as well as our community forum in October 2012 which focused on underage drinking and prescription drug abuse (there were 80 youth and adults in attendance).
2. Drug Free Boone County has increased funding for treatment, including adolescents, for Boone County treatment providers. Our treatment partners tell us that they are accepting more adolescents for treatment. Cummins, one treatment program we fund, saw an increase of 76 adolescents and adults seeking treatment for substance abuse. This is an 8% increase in youth seeking treatment in Boone County.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

1. Drug Free Boone County provided information about alcohol and other drug abuse awareness through various grantees and events such as 2 Boone County Senior Services Lunch and Learn (focused on prescriptions drug abuse with an estimated 30 in attendance); Boone County Health Fair with an estimated attendance of 600; also provided information through the Drug Free Boone County Facebook page as well as member organization pages. We received at least 10 new likes on our Facebook page in 2013.
2. Drug Free Boone County has increased funding for treatment, including adolescents, for Boone County treatment providers. Our treatment partners tell us that they are accepting more adolescents for treatment. Adult probation has seen a 22% increase in men seeking treatment. Cummins reports an increase in youth seeking treatment and there is now a new provider in Lebanon, Integrated Wellness, which also provides mental health services and treatment for youth and adults. They are currently filling their therapy slots and hope to be at capacity in mid 2014. We estimate this is a increase of 10% in persons seeking treatment (and 2% increase since 2012).

Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

D. Objectives:

1. Establish a baseline of public awareness at the county fair and other community events through the development and implementation of a survey.
2. Fund initiatives that bring awareness to and address prescription drug abuse in the schools and community, giving priority funding to evidence based strategies.
3. Fund initiatives that provide treatment for prescription drug abuse.

4. Fund initiatives that support proper disposal of prescription drugs.
5. Support law enforcement initiatives that address training and tactical programs that pertain to prescription drugs.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. **Drug Free Boone County continues to collect data through our partners and anecdotal data through community events and DFBC initiatives like Boone County Senior Services and the Witham physician in-service. We were not able to participate in the 2012 county fair but plan to provide a survey at the 2013 county fair. We want to develop this survey in conjunction with other partners such as Boone County Healthy Coalition to ensure we are reaching as many people as possible. We do have some data from our coalition partners at Boone County Senior Services and the Lebanon Police Department that suggests prescription drug abuse is increasing in our county (this is both anecdotal and factual – see Year 1 updates).**
2. **Drug Free Boone County continues to fund initiatives that address prescription drug abuse in 2012: Boone County Senior Services for their “lunch and learn” sessions with more than 60 in attendance as well as funding for a presentation by Dr. Butler to Witham Hospital doctors (there were 30 doctors in attendance). This is an increase in awareness for Witham physicians of the problem of prescription drug abuse of 100% since this is a new group that was targeted through this presentation.** They have asked for additional in service presentations on prescription drug abuse and other issues.
3. **Drug Free Boone County provided funding for treatment through Boone County Probation and the Court Interventions jail treatment program. In 2012 there were 63 men admitted to the jail treatment program, with 58 successful completions (which is a 92% success rate). In 2012 there were 34 women admitted to the jail treatment program, with 33 successful completions (which is a 97% success rate). Approximately 40% (or 14) of these women were being treated for prescription drug abuse and approximately 45% of men (or 25) were being treated for prescription drug abuse.**
4. **Drug Free Boone County continues to support Boone County Waste Disposal and the 24 hour drop box for prescription drugs. Coalition members participate in the drug disposal events and we also raise awareness about the drop box through our member agencies and networks. In 2012 there were more than 100 lbs. of perscription and OTC drugs collected at the Expo Health Fair and more than 200 lbs collected through the receptacle at the Boone County Jail.**
5. **Drug Free Boone County support financially through grants law enforcement initiatives to address prescription drugs such as the Lebanon Police Department Fiberscope for Criminal Interdiction**

efforts. This initiative was funded at the end of the year and so had not yet been implemented but the aim of the initiative is to be able to efficiently identify vehicles that may be transporting illicit drugs, including illegal prescription drugs, though identifying certain vehicles, roadside interview techniques and recognizing concealment methods.

End of Year 2 Update:

- 1.** Drug Free Boone County continues to collect data through our partner organizations. We are seeking a new partner at Witham Hospital to obtain data regarding ER admission and discharges. Law enforcement, probation, schools, health department, and senior services continue to provide data. Prescription drug abuse continues to be a problem in our county, although there was a decrease in arrests and prosecutions in 2013.
- 2.** Drug Free Boone County continues to fund initiatives that address prescription drug abuse in 2013: Boone County Senior Services for their “lunch and learn” sessions with more than 30 in attendance. DBC Also provided information through the Boone County Health Fair, which is open to the public and had approximately 600 in attendance. Through DFBC and Boone County Senior Services there were new Facebook initiatives to remind the public about proper prescription drug abuse disposal as well as information about prescription drugs and other substance abuse. Because we did not participate in this event in 2012, we estimate this to be an 25% increase in awareness, since we estimate that we reached at least ¼ or 125 of those persons in attendance.
- 3.** Drug Free Boone County provided funding for treatment through Boone County Probation and the Court Interventions jail treatment program. In 2013 there were 81 men admitted (an increase of 22% from 2012) to the jail treatment program, with 66 successful completions (which is a 90% success rate). In 2013 there were 42 women admitted (a decrease of 25% from 2012) to the jail treatment program, with 27 successful completions (which is a 75% success rate). Approximately 40% of these men and women were being treated for prescription drug abuse. Current men in treatment total 14 in Phase 1, 3 in Phase 2, and 9 in Phase 3 for a total of 36 active in treatment. Average Aftercare attendance upon release is 20 men and 10 women in separate groups.
- 4.** Drug Free Boone County continues to support Boone County Waste Disposal and the 24 hour drop box for prescription drugs. In 2012 there were more than 3,000 lbs. of perscription drugs through the receptacle at the county jail. The Boone Co Solid Waste in conjunction with the Sheriff’s Department hope to add at least three other drop boxes in the county in 2014.
- 5.** Drug Free Boone County supports law enforcement initiatives that address prescription and other drug use. In 2013, we funded the following law enforcement/criminal justice proposals: LPD for Criminal Interdiction Training, K-9 training for drug interdiction, Zionsville PD for funding of a K-9 Unit to

address criminal activity, including prescription drugs, and the Boone Co. Drug Task Force for equipment and software to identify, categorize, and process drugs and drug cases while in the field.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

A. Problem Statement #2: Youth and adults in Boone County continue to use alcohol, tobacco, and marijuana.

B. Supportive Data: 2011

- 1. In 2011, there were 751 adults charged with alcohol offenses, which is an increase of 185% since 2010. There were 564 adults charged with OWI and 71 adults were charged with public intoxication.
- 2. In 2011, 89 minors were charged with MIP (minor in possession).
- 3. There are 95 alcohol outlets in Boone County, which is a 10% increase since our 2010 data.
- 4. In 2011 there were 11 minors charged with tobacco violations.
- 5. According to the most recent TRIP data, 24 of the 45 tobacco outlets were inspected and 18% sold to minors.
- 6. At a county high school 7 students were expelled for marijuana use.
- 7. Witham Hospital social workers report that through June 2010, 2 youth under the age of 13 and 4 youth aged 13-18 were admitted to the emergency room for alcohol poisoning or overdose (we are able to obtain this data because we have built, over time, a relationship with the social workers at the hospital). *most current information available
- 8. In 2011, there were 92 adults charged with possession of marijuana

End of Year 1 Update:

- 1. In 2012, there were 524 adults charged with alcohol offenses including 312 adults charged with OWI and 212 adults charged with Public Intoxication. This is a decrease of 31% since 2011.
- 2. There were 5 minors charged with Minor in Possession of Alcohol, and 56 minors charged with consumption of alcohol.
- 3. Data has not changed.
- 4. In 2011, Boone County had a non-compliance rate for tobacco sales to minors of 43%, with 31 compliance checks implemented. There were 10 minors charged with tobacco violations, which is a decrease of 1 since 2011.
- 5. Data has not changed – there is no current data available.



- 6. In 2012, 13% of students tested positive when random drug testing was performed this is a decrease from 13% in 2012). There were 18 students expelled for being under the influence (9 of those expulsions were for possession or marijuana), 3 students expelled for using drugs, and 2 were expelled for distributing illegal drugs. There were 7 pregnancies at one Boone County high school in the 2011-2012 school year.
- 7. No current data available – hospital was contacted but no current data was received.
- 8. In 2012, there were 99 adults charged with marijuana offenses, 18 of which were felony possessions. There was 1 adult charged with synthetic cannabanoid possession.

End of Year 2 Update:

- 1. In 2013, there were 529 adults charged with alcohol offenses including 283 adults charged with OWI and 177 adults charged with Public Intoxication. This is a decrease of 6% compared to 2012. I communicated with the Deputy Prosecutor and he reasoned that the decrease is due to the following factors: high turn over rate in county law enforcement resulting in fewer officers being available and also an increase in residential burglaries, which divert officers away from alcohol related offenses.
- 2. There were 5 minors charged with Minor in Possession of Alcohol, and 25 minors charged with consumption of alcohol. For possession charges, there was a decrease of 55% compared to 2012 data.
- 3. Data has not changed.
- 4. There was no data available for tobacco compliance checks in Boone County. There were 5 minors charged with tobacco violations
- 5. Data has not changed – there is no current data available.
- 6. In 2013, 7% of students tested positive when random drug testing was performed (which is a decrease from 13% in 2012). There were 5 students expelled – 3 students for marijuana, and 2 students for prescription drugs (1 student was expelled for possession of a legend drug and one was expelled for possession and dealing a legend drug).
- 7. No current data available – hospital was contacted but no current data was received. We are actively working to find a new partner who can help us get access to ER data and hope to start collecting this information by mid 2014.
- 8. In 2013, there were 141 adults charged with marijuana offenses, 26 of which were felony possessions. There was a 42% increase in marijuana offense charges and an increase of 44% in felony charges in 2013. There were 0 adults charged with synthetic cannabinoid possession.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.



- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

C. Goals:

- 1. There will be an 10% increase annually in Boone County in the awareness of the negative impact of alcohol, tobacco and marijuana on the community.
- 2. There will be a 5% increase in those youth and adults who seek treatment for alcohol, tobacco and marijuana.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. Drug Free Boone County continues to collect data through community surveys and working with our partners and raise awareness of the coalition and our areas of priority. There was an increase in awareness of 100% for youth and adults who attended the Community Conversation event and replied to our survey. Through surveys distributed and collected, there was a 5% increase in awareness of for students who attend after prom events at Boone County high school.
- 2. Drug Free Boone County continues to fund initiatives that make treatment for adolescents and adults more accessible and available. Boone County. In 2011 in the New Life Recovery Home there were 67 men seeking treatment compared to 53 men in 2010. This is an increase of 8% and the jail treatment program for men and women in 2011 had active recovery cases of 26 compared to 21 in 2010, which is an increase of 8%. Prime for Life had 64 youth enrolled in 2011 and 48 in 2012, which is a decrease of 75%. Probation explained this drop on two factors including the delay in processing youth for this program but more positively on the success rate of the program. The other youth treatment program is Thinking for a Change which had 46 participants in 2011 and 43 in 2012 of 43. This is a small decrease.

D. Objectives:

- 1. Establish a baseline of public awareness at the county fair and other community events through the development and implementation of a survey,
- 2. Fund initiatives that bring awareness to and address underage drinking and tobacco use, and adult alcohol, tobacco and marijuana use in the schools and community, giving priority funding to evidence based strategies.
- 3. Fund initiatives that provide treatment for underage drinking and tobacco use, and adult alcohol, tobacco and marijuana use .
- 4. Support law enforcement initiatives that address training and tactical programs that pertain to underage drinking and tobacco use, and adult alcohol, tobacco and marijuana use.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

Drug Free Boone County continues to collect data through community surveys and working with our partners and raise awareness of the

coalition and our areas of priority. We collect data through student surveys that are administered at events such as “after prom’ and through events such as the Community Conversation. There were more than 300 surveys administered through after prom events and 50 surveys distributed at the Community Conversation.

In October at the “Community Conversation on Alcohol, Drugs and Violence”, DFBC distributed over 50 surveys and 27 were returned, answering 6 questions on underage drinking:

1. Is alcohol a drug?
2. Do they believe that parents should be able to decide if their child can drink?
3. Do they think underage drinking is a rite of passage and should be legal?
4. Do they think it is ok for parents to provide alcohol to their own kids?
5. Do they think the drinking age should be lowered to 18?
6. Do they think the community can do more to address underage drinking?

The majority of responses agreed that alcohol is a drug, parents should not decide if their kids can drink or not, underage drinking should not be legal, it is not ok for parents to provide alcohol to their own kids, the drinking age should remain 21, and the community can do more to address underage drinking. This is an increase in awareness of 100% for youth and adults who attended the Community Conversation event and replied to our survey. This was a new initiative that we hope to host again.

Through our funding of post prom activities, each school receiving funding is require to survey the students attending the event regarding their attitudes and beliefs about underage drinking and other drugs. There were over 300 surveys collected among the three schools participating in after prom activities. This reflects an increase in awareness of 5% for students who attend after prom events at Boone County high school.

DFBC continues to collect data and information at community events, including 27 surveys collected at the Drug Free Boone County Community Forum. “Community Conversation on Alcohol, Drugs and Violence”, DFBC distributed over 50 surveys and 27 were returned, answering 6 questions on underage drinking:

1. Is alcohol a drug?

2. Do they believe that parents should be able to decide if their child can drink?
3. Do they think underage drinking is a rite of passage and should be legal?
4. Do they think it is ok for parents to provide alcohol to their own kids?
5. Do they think the drinking age should be lowered to 18?
6. Do they think the community can do more to address underage drinking?

The majority of responses agreed that alcohol is a drug, parents should not decide if their kids can drink or not, underage drinking should not be legal, it is not ok for parents to provide alcohol to their own kids, the drinking age should remain 21, and the majority think the community can do more to address underage drinking.

Through our funding of post prom activities, each school receiving funding is required to survey the students attending the event regarding their attitudes and beliefs about underage drinking and other drugs. **There were over 300 surveys collected among the three schools participating in after prom activities.**

2. DFBC continues to fund initiatives that bring awareness to tobacco, underage drinking, adult alcohol and marijuana use, and prescription drug abuse. **DFBC continues to fund Smoke Free Boone County awareness and cessation classes and Voice activities to raise awareness of smoking in Boone County.** One seminal event was a presentation by Dr. Butler, an addictionologist, to more than 30 doctors and other hospital administrators and professionals at Witham Hospital. He spoke to them about prescription drug abuse and the role that doctors and other health care professionals can have in reducing “doctor shopping” and to identify those patients who may be abusing the system. He was well received and we may ask him back in the future if he is available.

We also fund the “Stay Sharp” program, which is a peer to peer education and awareness program that allows young people in recovery from addiction to educate their peers about the dangers and impact of substance use. Stay Sharp peers participated in 26 presentations in 4 Boone County schools, speaking to a total of 645 students.

Through our funding of the Boone Co. FACT (Fatal Alcohol Crash Team) initiative, the team participate in 17 “call outs” to investigate

crashes that potentially involved alcohol, and filed 7 cases from those investigations.

3. DFBC continues to fund initiatives that provide treatment for substance abuse, including our largest grant funding to the Court Intervention Women's Jail Treatment Program which serves women who are incarcerated. The success rate of this program is 97% which proves it is highly effective and positively impacts Boone County.

DFBC funds treatment programs through Cummins Behavioral Health Center and their director reports an increase in adolescents and adults seeking treatment. In 2011 Cummins served 236 clients aged 13 and older and in 2012, Cummins served 312 clients in that same age range. That is an increase of 76 clients.

4. DFBC continues to fund criminal justice initiatives to address substance abuse (including marijuana and other illicit drugs and illegal prescription drugs) including equipment such as the Lebanon Police Department Fiberscope that will assist in illegal drug detection. This will be the first time that LPD has been able to purchase this equipment to assist them in their Criminal Interdiction Program. We have received no reports about the success of this program since the equipment was recently purchased. DFBC also funds the Sheriff's department for training and equipment to address marijuana and other illegal drugs, we fund a portion of the Boone County FACT program that investigates alcohol related crashes, we fund the Zionsville Police Department Teen Academy that raises awareness of underage drinking and other drug abuse, we fund treatment through our local probation department and our county jail.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

1. DFBC will develop a survey addressing our three areas of priority that can be used in community events as well as through social media and other on line means. This survey will be completed by May 2014 and will be developed with the input of coalition members and stakeholders. We plan to implement a county wide survey in the summer of 2014 to assess knowledge and attitudes regarding alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. This survey will be distributed on line and through our coalition members and partner networks. We hope to have the information compiled by October 2014. We still collect survey data through our after prom events and estimate an increase in student awareness of 5%.

2. DFBC continues to fund initiatives that bring awareness to tobacco, underage drinking, adult alcohol and marijuana use, and prescription drug abuse. We also fund the “Stay Sharp” program, which is a peer to peer education and awareness program that allows young people in recovery from addiction to educate their peers about the dangers and impact of substance use. Stay Sharp peers participated in 26 presentations in 4 Boone County schools, speaking to a total of 645 students. In 2013-2014 school year they plan to participate in 60 presentations in Boone County schools, reaching an even greater number of students. We also supported the Boone County VOICE youth advocacy group, which participated in several educational and fun activities for youth.

Through our continued support of Boone Co Senior Services, we are supporting their efforts to educate our senior population about prescription drug abuse and the proper ways to monitor and dispose of unused medications. They provided lunch and learn sessions to 30 seniors and also participated in a county health fair which more than 600 persons attended. They used our prescription drug abuse data to develop information cards, and also used them on their Facebook page (as did DFBC).

We also funded several law enforcement initiatives such as the LPD and ZPD K-9 Units. These canines are being used for drug cases, including prescription drug abuse. We also funded the Prosecutor’s Office for field equipment to assist in the processing, investigation, and filing of drug charges in the field.

3. DFBC continues to fund initiatives that provide treatment for substance abuse, including county probation and jail treatment programs. Data indicates that there has been an increase in men seeking treatment through the program, and both the men’s and women’s programs have tremendous success rates. Drug Free Boone County provided funding for treatment through Boone County Probation and the Court Interventions jail treatment program. In 2013 there were 81 men admitted (an increase of 22% from 2012) to the jail treatment program, with 66 successful completions (which is a 90% success rate). In 2013 there were 42 women admitted (a decrease of 25% from 2012) to the jail treatment program, with 27 successful completions (which is a 75% success rate). Approximately 40% of these men and women were being treated for prescription drug abuse. Current men in treatment total 14 in Phase 1, 3 in Phase 2, and 9 in Phase 3 for a total of 36 active in treatment. Average Aftercare attendance upon release is 20 men and 10 women in separate groups.
4. DFBC continues to fund criminal justice initiatives to address substance abuse (including marijuana and other illicit drugs and illegal prescription drugs) .DFBC also funds the Sheriff’s department and LPD for training and equipment to address marijuana and other illegal drugs, we fund a portion of the Boone County FACT program that investigates alcohol related crashes, we fund the Zionsville Police Department Teen Academy that raises awareness of underage drinking and other

drug abuse, we fund treatment through our local probation department and our county jail.

Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Please attach the County’s Fiscal Report for review!

Next Annual Update Due: November, 2012

Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: November, 2014

Date of Community Consultant Review:

Disclaimer:

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

Terms and Conditions:

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

Initials: lh

Boone County

LOCAL DRUG FREE COMMUNITIES FUND INFORMATION

Amount deposited into the drug-free communities fund during the most recent, complete calendar year, per the County Auditor:

The Boone County Auditor’s office deposited \$44,127 into the LCC’s Drug-Free Community Fund from fees collected last calendar year, 2012. \$31,035 rolled over from unused funds from the previous years \$75,161 total amount available for programs and administrative costs for the upcoming calendar year. \$18,790 was approved for administrative costs in 2013.

Funding approval by category, including a brief description of the purpose of the grant funding:

APPLICANT/PROJECT & PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT REQUESTED	AMOUNT GRANTED
Prevention/Education		

<p>Tobacco Free Boone County – for Boone County Sports Program which will be targeted at coaches and athletes (part of the VOICE program). Players will participate in an educational program about tobacco, will write an essay, and then one athlete from each sport will be chosen with at least three from each school. They will appear on posters with anti-tobacco messages, and will also provide peer-to-peer education about tobacco. Funds will be utilized for purchase of workbooks, fact sheets, surveys, brochures and other items related to the training.</p>	<p>\$1,000</p>	<p>\$1,000</p>
<p>Stay Sharp – Teen Challenge/Stay Sharp - for 60 education programs to Boone County schools for the 2013-2014 school year (to pay for staff to accompany the girls on their speaking engagements, transportation costs, informational materials, any meals required for the speakers, insurance costs for the speaking team, and administrative costs)</p>	<p>\$8,100</p>	<p>\$8,100</p>
<p>Lebanon High School After Prom program to purchase materials, give away items, and prevention game awards.</p>	<p>\$1,000</p>	<p>\$1,000</p>

<p>Tobacco Free Boone County - for the "Strike Out" event for youth. This event begins with a presentation about tobacco with a specific focus on e-cigarettes. A pre and post test will be administered and the event will end with a youth bowling event at the tobacco free bowling alley in Lebanon. Funds will be used to pay for educational materials as well as to pay for students to participate in the event.</p>	<p>\$600</p>	<p>\$600</p>
---	---------------------	---------------------

<p>Cummins CIT – for training materials, handouts, DVDs to provide training to CIT members on communication and crisis intervention.</p>	<p>\$1,050</p>	<p>\$1,050</p>
<p>Lebanon Community School Corp. - to purchase supplies to conduct random drug tests on students as part of their comprehensive alcohol, tobacco, and other drug prevention efforts. Students will be chosen at random unless they are part of an athletic team or other team representing the school and then a certain percentage of those students will be randomly tested.</p>	<p>\$5,000</p>	<p>\$5,000</p>
<p>Boone County Senior Services -. for “lunch and learn” sessions regarding prescription drugs, “take back” programs, and education programs with seniors regarding proper use and care of prescription drugs (for seniors who are at least 60 years of age) (costs for lunch and learn session speakers, meals and/or refreshments provided at sessions, educational materials)</p>	<p>\$2,500</p>	<p>\$2,500</p>
<p>TOTAL</p>	<p>\$19,250</p>	<p>\$19,250</p>

Criminal Justice/Law Enforcement		
<p>Lebanon Police Department K-9 Unit. DFBC supports the LPD K-9 Unit with funds to purchase an additional dog and the necessary equipment to keep the dog safe and healthy. This dog will be used to work on drug related cases. This dog will receive training to be able to detect drugs and other contraband during traffic stops, investigations, and other law enforcement and drug interdiction activities.</p>	<p>\$2,700</p>	<p>\$2,700</p>
<p>Lebanon Police Department for funds for officers to attend necessary drug interdiction training. The LPD has recently partnered with other law enforcement agencies to form a multi-jurisdictional Criminal Interdiction Task Force. Currently, there are 4 officers on this task force. The funding was used to train the officers in Desert Snow 1-3 training sessions.</p>	<p>\$9,480</p>	<p>\$9,480</p>

<p>Zionsville PD - K-9 Unit. DFBC supports the ZPD K-9 Unit with funds to purchase an additional dog and the necessary equipment to keep the dog safe and healthy. This dog will be used to work on drug related cases. This dog will receive training to be able to detect drugs and other contraband during traffic stops, investigations, and other law enforcement and drug interdiction activities. This canine is the first canine that ZPD has ever had and been able to use for law enforcement purposes.</p>	<p>\$4,348.70</p>	<p>\$4,348.70</p>
---	--------------------------	--------------------------

<p>Zionsville PD – for PBTs to replace outdated PBT equipment. These will be utilized exclusively in the Zionsville schools for law enforcement to test for alcohol and other drugs. The PBTs act as a deterrent to students who may be using alcohol. The results of these PBTs will also facilitate the process for providing students with assessments and treatment if needed. Our Problem Statement #1 is to reduce underage drinking in Boone county and this will assist law enforcement in doing so.</p>	<p>\$1,300</p>	<p>\$1,300</p>
<p>Boone County Prosecutor’s Office Drug Task Force - for laptop with special software to research, file, and process drug cases in the field. This equipment will make the process for these cases more efficient and officers from one department will be able to communicate and send electronic information quickly and effectively.</p>	<p>\$1,600</p>	<p>\$1,600</p>
<p>TOTAL</p>	<p>\$19,428.70</p>	<p>\$19,428.70</p>
<p>TREATMENT</p>		

Boone County Community Clinic - “Opiate Dependency Intervention Program” to treat alcohol and opiate addiction with non-addicting drug, Vivitrol (which is usually used to treat alcohol addiction but now has been approved to treat opiate addiction because it is non-habit forming). The funds will be used to treat persons (appx. 25) with opiate addiction who cannot afford the medication (appx.\$900 per dose) due to the great expense and length of time they are required to take it (at least one year). The success rate of this medication to treat addiction is high and the information gained from this community trial will be used to evaluate the success of this drug	\$10,000	\$10,000
New Life Recovery Home - for purchase of drug tests for regular random testing of residents (60) as part of their recovery and treatment.	\$4,000	\$4,000
Total	\$14,000	\$14,000
ALL GRANT TOTAL(S)	\$52,678.70	\$52,678.70

*The coalition voted to increase the chair stipend effective as of November 2012. The original chair stipend was \$150 per quarter and will now be \$750 per quarter. This increase was given due to the additional amount of time the chair spends on reporting and other duties that were previously the responsibility of the community consultant.

Total amount of dollars approved (including previous annual deposit and all unused/rolled over dollars) and dollars awarded (percentages included):

CATEGORY	Percentage of Dollars Approved	Dollars Approved	Percentage of Dollars Awarded	Dollars Awarded
Prevention/Education	25%	\$19,250	100%	\$19,250
Treatment/Intervention	25%	\$18,790	75%	\$14,000

Criminal Justice Services	25%	\$19,429	99.9%	\$19,428.70
Discretionary*	25%	\$17,691	17%	\$3,025.64
TOTAL(S)	100%	\$75,161	73%	\$55,704.34

Describe the grant process and requirements for the grantees:

The Boone County LCC receives grant requests on an on-going basis (three times per year). Persons interested in applying for a grant must complete a grant application (including how their request fits into our problem statements) and present their request, in person or with a proxy, at the next scheduled LCC meeting. LCC members are able to ask questions of the potential grantee and then vote, usually by silent ballot, whether or not to approve the grant. Grantees are required to submit a 6 month progress report and a final report (if appropriate). All final reports must be given in person.

Provide administrative expenses (be specific):

EXPENSE	COST
<i>*below are discretionary expenses not included above</i>	
<i>Chair stipend</i>	<i>\$3,000</i>
<i>Speaker gift stipend</i>	<i>\$25.64</i>
TOTAL(S)	\$3,025.64

Provide summary explanation of amount of any unused dollars from previous years. DFBC continues to “roll over” funds since we have been unable to expend all of our funds based on the number and appropriateness of grant requests received. In 2014 , we will increase our advertising and awareness of our funding available to the community as well as our funding cycle dates.

Additional Comments: We are pleased that we were able to award more of our grant monies in 2013. Our challenges are still getting appropriate grant requests for each category, although the prevention/education category is the easiest from which to fund since many of our requests fall into this category. We plan to do at least one community information/training event in 2014 as well as continue to publicize the coalition and

funding available. We are pleased to see additional partners continuing to come to the coalition and join us in this effort. Our challenge for 2014 will be to ensure that all fines and fees are being collected in all courts so that we don't continue to lose funding.