

Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

A Division of the



Comprehensive Community Plan

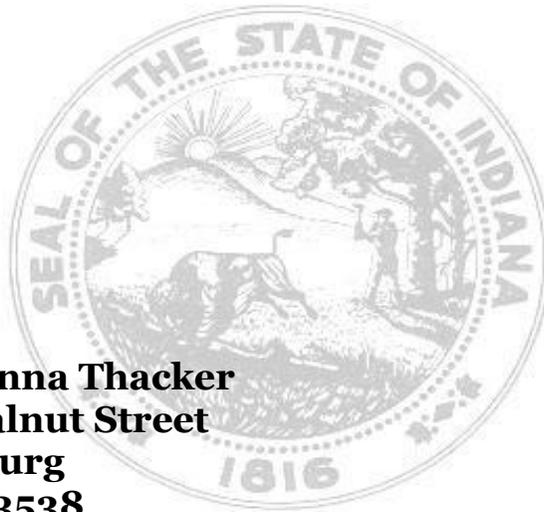
County: Dearborn

LCC: Citizens Against Substance Abuse (CASA)

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New Plan Plan X Update



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Plan Summary

Mission Statement: The mission of the Dearborn County Citizens Against Substance Abuse (CASA) is to provide an organization through which the community can support, plan and implement efforts to address the problems of substance abuse and dependency in Dearborn County.

History: Dearborn County is located in the southeast corner of Indiana. The County seat is Lawrenceburg and the County is part of the metropolitan area of Cincinnati, Ohio.

As of the census of 2009, there are 50,502 people, 20,244 households, and 15,290 families residing in the county. The racial makeup of the county is 97.6% White, 1.0% Black or African American, 0.2% Native American, 0.4% Asian, 0.4% Pacific Islander, 0.1% from other races, and 0.8% from two or more races. 0.9% of the population are Hispanic or Latino of any race.

CASA was formed in 1989 with the assistance of the Governor's Commission For a Drug Free Indiana. During CASA's 17-year history it has completed community needs assessments annually through its comprehensive community planning process. The Comprehensive Community Plan identifies community problems related to substance abuse, provides supporting documentation, makes recommendations for specific actions, including programming and policy, and identifies expected results. The plan is formulated through an open collaborative process among community agencies, organizations and citizens.

CASA also assists the Dearborn County Council and the Dearborn County Commissioners by making recommendations regarding the use of the Dearborn County Drug-Free Communities Fund. The proceeds of this fund are directed toward programming in the areas of prevention, treatment and law enforcement/justice, according to the needs identified in the Comprehensive Community Plan.

In addition to the development of the annual plan, the Coalition has facilitated the delivery of the Indiana Prevention Resource Center's annual Survey of Student Substance Use within local schools. These surveys have been done periodically over the past 12 years. This data helps the community target specific issues that need attention in the community. Our students will continue to be surveyed by the Indiana Prevention Resource Center to determine what substance abuse issues are most prevalent among our students in grades 6 through 12.

The Coalition has been active in developing the capacity and readiness of the community to respond to problems related to substance abuse by developing effective policies, programs and practices. The Coalition encourages diverse community involvement and partnership as a primary prevention strategy.

Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan: This Comprehensive Community Plan Progress Report (first year) builds upon the 17 year history of CASA by updating activities and accomplishments completed in 2005 and presenting a plan of action for 2006 and beyond. The process of community empowerment and capacity building is ongoing and evolving as we develop new responses to community needs. We are also working to collect more local data to support our problem statements and allow us to track our progress.

The four problem statements identified in our comprehensive plan progress report are as follows:

- 1) Alcohol abuse creates a myriad of problems for youth, adults, families and the community overall.**
- 2) Community norms support casual and accepting attitudes toward the misuse of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.**
- 3) Prescription, heroin, over the counter drug and other trending drug misuse creates a multitude of problems for youth, families and the community.**
- 4) Lack of community awareness and understanding of the impact of substance abuse and addiction on individuals and the quality of life in Dearborn County.**

Membership List

County LCC Name: Citizens Against Substance Abuse

#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Britton, Sandy	LHS SADD	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
2	Bender, Sally	South Dearborn Community School Corporation	Caucasian	Female	Education
3	Brandt, Ryan	Dillsboro Police Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
4	Blankenship, Sally	Superior Court II	Caucasian	Female	Justice
5	Piche, Cathy	YES Home	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
6	Weldon, Nancy	New Vision	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
7	Thacker, Donna	CASA	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
8	Dwyer, Catherine	Directions! Of CMHC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
9	Rolf, Laura	Big Brothers/Big Sisters	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
10	Heffelmire, Ginny	Dearborn County Health Department	Caucasian	Female	Medical
11	Phillips, Amy	YES Home	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
12	Hornback, Mike	Purdue Extension	Caucasian	Male	Prevention
13	Ernst, Karen	Dearborn/Ohio County Prosecutor's Office	Caucasian	Female	Justice
14	Wilhelm, Earl	Hidden Valley Police Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
15	McKay, Tom	Special Crimes Unit	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
16	Craig, Janet	SIEOC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
17	Francis, Mary	ASAP Center	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
18	Blair, Beth	Dearborn County Juvenile Center	Caucasian	Female	Justice
19	Smith, Debbie	Chamber of Commerce	Caucasian	Female	Business
20	Rose, Amy	Great Crescent	Caucasian	Female	Business
21	Konradi, Brenda	Systems of Care	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
22	Yorn, Amy	Safe Passage	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
23	Burke, Autumn	Lawrenceburg Police Department	Caucasian	Female	Law Enforcement
24	Schmarr, Angie	Lawrenceburg School Corporation	Caucasian	Female	Education
25	Osman, Brenda	Sunman-Dearborn School Corp.	Caucasian	Female	Education
26	Janszen, Nancy	Community Mental Health Center	Caucasian	Female	Treatment

27	Webb, Tish	White's Family Service	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
28	Negangard, Aaron	Dearborn/Ohio County Prosecutor's Office	Caucasian	Male	Justice
29	Michaelson, Ron	Superior Court II	Caucasian	Male	Justice
30	Geihling, Fairy	Family Connections	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
31	Lusby, David	Dearborn County Sheriff's Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
32	Kirchgassner, Carin	Superior Court II	Caucasian	Female	Justice
33	Stiles, Emily	New Visions	Caucasian	Female	Medical
34	Wuestefeld, Erin	Dearborn County Juvenile	Caucasian	Female	Justice
35	Davis, Rachel	SIEOC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
36	Biddle, Cliff	South Dearborn SADD	Caucasian	Male	Youth
37	Grehl, Kayla	South Dearborn HS SADD/graduate	Caucasian	Female	Young Adult
38	Courter, Brittany	IVY Tech	Caucasian	Female	Young Adult
39	McCarty, Amanda	IVY Tech	Caucasian	Female	Young Adult
40	Thorpe, Sarah	South Dearborn HS SADD	Caucasian	Female	Youth
41	Callahan, Brittany	East Central FCCLA/graduate	Caucasian	Female	Young Adult
42	Schilling, Rob	AA District Leader	Caucasian	Male	Treatment
43	Brightwell, Faye	Lawrenceburg Community Center	African-American	Female	Prevention
44	Wall, Krista	Citizen in recovery	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
45	Henderson, Victoria	Lawrenceburg HS SADD	Caucasian	Female	Youth
46	Pope, Jane	Dearborn Adult Center	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
47	Weigel, Kelly	East Central FCCLA	Caucasian	Female	Youth
48	McClain, Heather	L'burg HS SADD	Caucasian	Female	Youth
49	Johnson, Audrey	L'burg HS SADD	Caucasian	Female	Youth
50	Abplanalp, Jenny	East Central HS FCCLA	Caucasian	Female	Youth
51	Green, Christine	LHS SADD	African-American	Female	Youth
52	McAdams, Kenzie	South Dearborn SADD	Caucasian	Female	Youth
53	Gaynor, Laurie	East Central High	Caucasian	Female	Youth

		School FCCLA			
54	Eckstein, Katie	East Central High School FCCLA	Caucasian	Female	Youth
55	Land, Cody	Lawrenceburg High School/SADD	Caucasian	Male	Youth
56	Passen, Amber	South Dearborn High School/SADD	Caucasian	Female	Youth
57	Vonderheide, Rachel	East Central High School/FCCLA	Caucasian	Female	Youth
58	Becker, Sarah	South Dearborn High School/SADD	Caucasian	Female	Youth
59	Duechle, Christina	Lawrenceburg High School/SADD	Caucasian	Female	Youth
60	Cininowasielewski, Katie	South Dearborn High School/SADD	Caucasian	Female	Youth
61	Hoekzema, Will	East Central High School/FCCLA	Caucasian	Male	Youth
62	Messmore, Bryan	Dearborn Prosecutor's office	Caucasian	Male	Justice
63	Nuseibeh, Ramzi	Midwest Data, Inc.	Caucasian	Male	Business
64	Driehaus, Adam	South Dearborn SADD/Youth Ambassadors	Caucasian	Male	Youth
65	Driehaus, Blake	South Dearborn SADD/Youth Ambassadors	Caucasian	Male	Youth
66	Hendrix, Sarah	East Central FCCLA/Youth Ambassadors	Caucasian	Male	Youth
67	Deddens, Lauren	East Central FCCLA/Youth Ambassadors	Caucasian	Female	Youth
68	Ingle, Jordan	South Dearborn SADD/Youth Ambassadors	Caucasian	Female	Youth
69	Rose, Shelby	Lawrenceburg SADD/Youth Ambassadors	Caucasian	Female	Youth
70	Hubbard, Stephen	Lawrenceburg SADD/Youth Ambassadors	Caucasian	Female	Youth
71	Pope, Jane	Lawrenceburg City Council	Caucasian	Female	Government
72	Cook, Aaron	Lawrenceburg City Council	Caucasian	Female	Government

73	Sampson, Wyatt	Challenge to Change	Caucasian	Male	Treatment/recovery
74	Taylor, Bobby	Challenge to Change	Caucasian	Male	Treatment/recovery
75	Sampson, Amanda	Challenge to Change	Caucasian	Female	Treatment/recovery
76	Simpson, Rickey	LHS SADD/Youth Ambassadors	Caucasian	Male	Youth
77	Mansfield, Jacob	Hands & Feet Ministry	Caucasian	Male	Faith-based
78	Brightwell, Debbie	Parent	Caucasian	Female	Parent
79	Brightwell, Lawrence	Parent	African- American	Male	Parent
80	Bauer, Angie	Parent	Caucasian	Female	Parent
81	Hammersly, Elizabeth	EC FCCLA/ Youth Ambassador	Caucasian	Female	Youth
82	Younger, Cheyenne	LHS SADD/Youth Ambassador	Caucasian	Female	Youth

Problem Identification

A. Problem Statement #1: Alcohol abuse creates a myriad of problems for youth.

B. Supportive Data:

1. In 2013, the Prosecutor had 4,384 criminal cases filed and 981 were alcohol related cases. 102 for public intoxication; 74 illegal possession/consumption of alcoholic beverage; 11 open alcoholic beverage container during operation of vehicle; 1 making alcoholic beverages without a permit; 8 furnishing alcohol to minor; 3 minor in tavern; 1 visiting common nuisance – alcohol; 477 operating a vehicle while intoxicated; 297 operating vehicle with an ACE of .08-.15 or more; 4 causing serious bodily injury operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated; 1 causing death operating motor vehicle with an ACE of .08 or more; and 2 refusal to submit to a breath test.
2. Dearborn County Hospital cancelled their contract with New Vision so there is no more data from them.
3. Dearborn County Juvenile Detention had 267 cases filed 67 were directly related to drugs or alcohol.
4. Dearborn County Probation reported that they administered 4462 drug screens to probationers and 892 were positive and out of those only 20 were positive for alcohol.
5. The 2013 IPRC Survey reported that Lawrenceburg 6th graders 30 day alcohol use increased to 9.8% from the 4.1 % in 2012.
6. The 2013 IPRC Survey reported that Lawrenceburg 8th graders 30 day alcohol use stayed at 13.7%, binge drinking dropped from 9.4% to 6.9%.
7. Sunman-Dearborn School Corporation did not take the 2013 IPRC Survey but South Dearborn administered it to their 8th, 9th and 10 graders. South Dearborn's survey shows that 30 day use for 8th graders is 25.5% and 19.9% for binge drinking.
8. In data received from a survey conducted by SEL3CT (South Eastern Local Community Coalitions Collaborative Team) 68.10% of community providers in Dearborn County feel that underage drinking is a problem.
9. The SEL3CT survey reported that Dearborn community providers felt the use of alcohol was the top drug of choice for teens. (74.50%)

End of Year 1 Update:

1. In 2014, the Prosecutor had 4,213 criminal counts filed and 684 were alcohol related counts. 64 for public intoxication; 52 illegal possession/consumption of alcoholic beverage; 7 open alcoholic beverage container during operation of vehicle; 3 illegal transport of alcohol on public highway; 10 furnishing alcohol to minor; 1 aiding possession of alcohol by a minor; 337 operating a vehicle while intoxicated; 198 operating vehicle with an ACE of .08-.15 or more; 4 causing serious bodily injury operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated; and 1 refusal to submit to a

breath test.

2. Dearborn County Juvenile Detention had 232 counts filed 8 were directly related to alcohol. 6 illegal consumption of an alcoholic beverage; 1 operating a vehicle while intoxicated; and 1 operating a vehicle while intoxicated endangering a person.

3. Dearborn County Probation reported that they administered 4246 drug screens to probationers and 866 were positive and out of those only 6 were positive for alcohol and 72 were positive for Ethyl Glucuronide.

4. The 2014 IPRC Survey reported that Lawrenceburg 6th graders 30 day alcohol use decreased to 9.8% from the 5.2% while binge drinking decreased from 8.4% to 2.2%.

5. The 2014 IPRC Survey reported that Lawrenceburg 8th graders 30 day alcohol use increased from 13.7% to 16.7% and binge drinking increased from 6.9% to 9.3%.

6. Neither South Dearborn or Sunman-Dearborn administered the IPRC survey in 2014.

7. In data received from a survey conducted by SEL3CT (South Eastern Local Community Coalitions Collaborative Team) 86.40% of Dearborn County Parents surveyed believe alcohol use by underage youth is a problem.

8. In data received from a survey conducted by SEL3CT (South Eastern Local Community Coalitions Collaborative Team) 8% of Dearborn County Parents Surveyed believed underage drinking was inevitable that it was a rite of passage.

9. That same survey reported that 43.0% of parents surveyed believed alcohol to be the number one drug of choice for youth; 75.8% of school staff surveyed believed it was alcohol and 76.5% of community providers believed it to be alcohol as well.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

C. Goals:

1. Decrease 30 day alcohol use in 11 & 12 grades in comparison to survey results in 6th, 8th and 9th grades.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. 30 day alcohol use decreased in 12 graders, going from 40.2% to 23.% (lower than the state rate of 33.9%) and binge drinking also decreased going from 29.3% to 10.6% (lower than state rate of 22.3%) However in 10th grade it increased slightly going from 15.7% to 18.3% and binge drinking from 9.1 to 11.0% (still lower than state rates 22.6% and 14.4% respectively).
2. In comparison, 30 day use decreased for 6th graders use from 9.8% to 5.2% while binge drinking decreased from 8.4% to 2.2%. Unfortunately, it increased for 8th graders from 13.7% to 16.7% and binge drinking increased from 6.9% to 9.3%. Both above the state's rate.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

Final Report (end of Year 3):

D. Objectives:

1. Support efforts to educate the public on the harm of underage drinking.
2. Encourage the police to do saturation patrols throughout the area and perform substance abuse testing.
3. Support law enforcement, probation, and justice programs through the provision of training, equipment and other material needs.
4. Continue the “Be the Wall” campaign educating about underage drinking.
5. Continue to support After Prom parties providing structured activities with supervision for high school students.
6. Continue to advocate the importance of administering the IPRC drug survey on a yearly basis to the 3 school corporations in our area.
7. Continue advocating a program like “Prime for Life” for first time alcohol offenders at the Prosecutors office.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. We continued to educate the community about the dangers of underage drinking through printed materials, ads, and our youth public service announcement that is still playing at our local 10 screen theater.
2. We continued to support law enforcement's efforts to continue to patrol monitoring for underage parties as well as extra patrols during higher risk months like April, June and December.
3. We continued to support the Prosecutor's "Protect Your Family" program encouraging the use of drug testing for young people. It has a parent and a youth component to it. We provide the drug tests.
4. We continued to support the social marketing campaign of "Be the Wall" including banner signs in high visibility areas like the Lawrenceburg Speedway and another round of information booklets in a local paper.
5. We continue to support After Prom parties providing structured activities with supervision for high school students.
6. We continued to provide support to the prosecutor's office education program for first time youth offenders and they have added an assessment to the process.
7. We continued advocating a program like "Prime for Life" for first time alcohol offenders at the Prosecutors office.
8. We continued to have our Youth Ambassadors educate within their peers that they are better things to do then drink alcohol.
9. We participated in the City of Lawrenceburg's Zombie Fest, where we had an alcohol free area for families to come and play games, hear bands and eat.
10. We partnered with the local radio station to hold a poster contest for K-12 students. The posters had to depict ATOD issues. We ended the event with a family event at the Lawrenceburg Community Center where we had 2,000 posters hung, judged the winners from 4 age groups and had food and fun for the families.

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.**
- 2.**
- 3.**
- 4.**
- 5.**

Problem Statement #2: Community norms support casual and accepting attitudes toward the misuse of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs.

B. Supportive Data:

1. According to the newest statistics, Dearborn County has 137 active liquor outlets and rank number 66 in the state for outlets. We have 45 tobacco outlets and Dearborn County smokers spent an average \$353 on tobacco – higher than the State average of \$338.
2. According to the SEL3CT provider survey, 74% of the providers who took the survey believe that alcohol use by youth is our number one problem.
3. According to the SEL3CT provider survey, 62% of providers who took the survey believe that adults are likely to allow their teenagers to go to a party where drugs or alcohol might be available.
4. According to that same survey, 73% of providers believed alcohol or drugs were kept and/or sold on Lawrenceburg School grounds; 75% believed alcohol or drugs were kept and/or sold on South Dearborn School grounds; and 56% believed that alcohol or drugs were kept and/or sold on Sunman-Dearborn School grounds.
6. In the Communities that care section of the 2013 IPRC Survey, 42.1% of South Dearborn 8th graders were high risk because of laws and norms favorable to drug use and 25.4% of them were high risk due to parental favorable attitudes toward drug use.
7. In the Communities that care section of the 2013 IPRC Survey, 27.7% of Lawrenceburg 8th graders were high risk because of laws and norms favorable to drug use and 28.2% of them were high risk due to parental favorable attitudes toward drug use.
8. All local festivals still serve alcohol - The first night of Fall Fest 2013, the American Legion did \$43,000 in alcohol sales to the public.
9. The 4-H Fair and Farmer's Fair still have not implemented smoke free days despite requests.
- 10.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. According to the newest statistics, Dearborn County has 118 active liquor outlets and 75 tobacco outlets. Dearborn County citizens spent \$605 per household annually on liquor. Dearborn county ranked 55th in the state for tobacco use and 58th in the state for alcohol use.
2. According to the SEL3CT Executive Summary of the surveys to providers, parents, and school staff, 92% of all respondents believe that alcohol use by youth is our number one problem.
3. According to the SEL3CT Executive Summary of the surveys to providers, parents, and school staff, 88% of community and school respondents believe that adults are likely to allow their teenagers to go to a party where drugs or alcohol might be available. However, 91% of parents claimed they would not allow their teen to attend.

- 4. According to the Executive Summary of that same, 62% of all respondents believed drugs and/or alcohol were used or sold on school grounds.**
- 6. Unfortunately, South Dearborn or Sunman-Dearborn did not administer the IPRC Drug Survey this year.**
- 7. In the Communities that care section of the 2014 IPRC Survey, 36.4% of Lawrenceburg 8th graders were high risk because of laws and norms favorable to drug use and 18.5% of them were high risk due to parental favorable attitudes toward drug use.**
- 8. All local festivals still serve alcohol – However Fall Fest had an enormous drop in alcohol sales due to a severe decrease in attendance in 2014.**
- 9. The 4-H Fair decided to become a smoke free event.**
- 10.**

End of Year 2 Update:

- 1.**

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.**
- 2.**
- 3.**
- 4.**
- 5.**

C. Goals:

- 1. Perception of harm for one or more of these substances will increase by 2% in 8th and 9th grades as measured through the Indiana Prevention Resource Center Drug Survey for 2017.**
- 2. Community perception of harm will increase based on one or more of these substances as reported by the SELECT and/or other surveys.**

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. Perception of harm for drinking increased to 26.9% among 8th graders accord to the IPRC Survey in 2014. In 2013, it was 10.7% for 8th graders.**
- 2. SEL3CT has not done anymore surveys but I must report that the IPRC CLEI & CHR report shows that in 2013, Dearborn County ranked 81st in the state for tobacco use and 62nd for drug and alcohol use. In 2014, we ranked 55 for tobacco use and 58 for drug and alcohol use. Based on that current consumption, community perception of harm seems to be decreasing rather than increasing.**

Final Report (end of Year 3):

D. Objectives:

- 1. Partner with community organizations and individuals including One Community One Family, Yes Home, Lawrenceburg Community Center, SIEOC, CMHC, DCH, Dearborn County Health Department, etc. This**

would include the Wellness Event, reviving the 5th Tuesday Forums, bringing speakers to the schools, Prevent Child Abuse Conference, CMHC mental health fair and other opportunities as they arise.

2. Continue media coverage of issues through various vehicles including our monthly Straight Talk column, ads, radio show, public service spots, public service announcements, web site, and Facebook.
3. Work with school districts to encourage dissemination of the IPRC survey results to the community at large. They are hesitant to do this as it could be perceived as a school issue when in fact it is a community issue.
4. Continue holding events such as town halls, community forums, etc. to educate the community and especially parents on these issues.
5. Continue to work with staff from ICJI, Coalition for a Drug Free Greater Cincinnati and Interact for Health to educate us on how best to address these issues including latest prevention measures.
6. Actively work to increase membership and alter the structure of the coalition if needed.
7. Partner with agencies to bring more trainings on these issues to the community as well as taking advantage of trainings offered regionally.
8. Support the high school SADD/FCCLA chapters in their ability to do prevention within the schools.

End of Year 1 Update:

- 1. We continued to partner with community organizations and individuals including One Community One Family, Yes Home, Lawrenceburg Community Center, SIEOC, CMHC, DCH, Dearborn County Health Department, etc. This would include sponsoring of events as well as working with them on community projects.**
- 2. We continued using media in various forms to educate and make the public aware of drug and alcohol issues. We used monthly columns, ads, public service spots, web site, Facebook, Twitter and Tumblr to encourage awareness. Facebook we have boosted posts when advertising an event or something very important and have sent it to 6,000 people before. We had a monthly display board in the Community Center where we did a different topic each month. We have brochures in displays continuously. The Center has 8,000 visits every month. Our public service announcement in the local 10 screen theater has 20,000 visits a year.**
- 3. We worked to encourage all schools to again take the IPRC survey but only Lawrenceburg did. Other schools are complaining about the time issue. We are exploring the idea of SEL3CT developing a survey in the future. We are also working on an evaluation system that would allow us to better track data for our comprehensive report. Dearborn County continues to fund the work that IU and One Community One Family are doing with SEL3CT.**
- 4. We continued to hold trainings and town hall forums. Also our Youth Summit and added an Art Addiction Show and Poster Contest and event as well.**
- 5. We added a Youth Ambassador Sponsor position to increase the Youth's work in the community.**
- 6. We continued to work with ICJI, Interact for Health, Coalition for a Drug Free Greater Cincinnati, Department of Child Services, etc.**
- 7. We continue to increase partnerships in the community especially into the business and government sectors.**
- 8. We partnered with agencies to bring more focused trainings into our area as well as taking advantage of trainings offered regionally.**
- 9. We supported our high school SADD/FCCLA chapters in their work to do prevention within the schools.**

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3):

Problem Statement #3: Prescription, heroin, and over the counter drug abuse creates a multitude of problems for youth, families and the community.

B. Supportive Data:

- 1. In 2013, the Prosecutor had 4,384 criminal counts filed and 837 were specific to drug use. 37 operating vehicle with Schedule I or II substance in body; 1 causing death when Operating a Vehicle with Schedule 1 or 11 substance in blood; 23 unlawful possession/use of a Legend Drug; 31 Unlawful Possession of a Syringe; 1 Unlawful Possession of Anabolic Steroid; 19 Possession of Device or Substance used to interfere with Drug/Alcohol Screening; 3 Inhaling Toxic Vapors; 20 Dealing Narcotic Drug; 3 Dealing Cocaine; 14 Dealing Methamphetamine; 1 dealing Schedule I Controlled Substance; 13 Dealing Schedule 11 Controlled Substance; 4 Dealing Schedule 111 Controlled Substance; 1 dealing Schedule IV Controlled Substance; 19 Dealing Marijuana; 5 Possession Cocaine; 12 Possession Narcotic Drug; 4 Possession Methamphetamine; 98 Possession of Controlled Substance; 3 Possession of Salvia; 2 Possession of Hash Oil; 10 Possession of Synthetic Drug or Synthetic Look-alike substance; 218 Possession Marijuana; 197 Possession of Paraphernalia; 5 Obtaining Controlled Substance by Fraud or Deceit; 1 Possession of Precursor; 27 Visiting a Common Nuisance and 65 Maintaining a common nuisance.**
- 2. Dearborn County Probation administered 4462 drug screens in 2013 and out of those 892 were positive for drugs. 37 for amphetamines; 169 for benzodiazepines; 317 for opiates; 1 oxycontin; 6 PCP; 189 Marijuana.**
- 3. Dearborn County Hospital cancelled their contract with New Vision but they are doing their own de-tox program and had 75 patients admitted since in the first 3 months of this year. 90% of those were for heroin/opiate abuse.**
- 4. In the 2013 SEL3CT provider survey, heroin was listed as the 4th top choice of substances used illegally by youth.**
- 5. Dearborn County Juvenile Detention had 267 cases filed 67 were directly related to drugs or alcohol.**
- 6. Dearborn County Coroner reports there were 9 overdose deaths due to opiate/heroin abuse in 2013.**
- 7. According to the 2013 IPRC drug survey 16.4% of Lawrenceburg male 10 graders had one friend who sold drugs and 16.4% of Lawrenceburg female 10 graders had one friend who sold drugs. (Decreased from year before.)**
- 8. According to the 2013 IPRC drug survey 15.8% of South Dearborn 8th grade males had one friend who sold drugs and 5.0% of South Dearborn 8th grade females had one friend who sold drugs.**
- 10. Dearborn County Sheriff's "Take Back Drug" program continues to collect large volumes of pills. (1200 pounds so far)**

1. In 2014, the Prosecutor had 4,213 criminal counts filed and 730 were specific to drug use. 48 operating vehicle with Schedule I or II substance in body; 3 Operating a Vehicle with Schedule 1 or 11 substance in blood causing bodily harm; 24 unlawful possession of a syringe; 4 possession of device or substance used to interfere with drug/alcohol screening; 2 inhaling vapors; 29 dealing narcotic drug; 15 unlawful sale of a precursor; 13 dealing methamphetamine; 1 dealing schedule 1 Controlled Substance; 9 dealing Schedule II Controlled Substance; 13 Dealing Schedule III Controlled Substance; 1 trafficking with an inmate; 15 dealing marijuana; 5 possession cocaine; 28 possession narcotic drug; 4 possession methamphetamine; 57 possession of controlled substance; 10 possession of a legend drug; 2 possession of Salvia; 1 possession of hash oil; 1 possession of Hashish; 12 possession of synthetic drug or synthetic look alike substance; 146 possession of marijuana; 182 possession of paraphernalia; 8 obtaining controlled substance by fraud or deceit; 4 possession of precursor; 26 visiting a common nuisance; 47 maintaining a common nuisance; 2 taking a minor to a common nuisance and 1 unlawful possession of tobacco.
2. Dearborn County Probation administered 4246 drug screens in 2014 and out of those 788 were positive for drugs. 30 for amphetamines; 8 barbiturates; 113 for benzodiazepines; 50 for buprenorphine; 25 cocaine; 5 dextromethorphan; 36 methadone; 2 miscellaneous narcotics; 291 for opiates; 44 oxycontin/oxymorphone; 5 synthetic cannabinoids; 181 Marijuana. However, 412 had legal prescriptions and so 454 were in violation.
3. Not able to get any numbers from hospital on admittance for de-tox.
4. In the SEL3CT Executive Summary, heroin was still listed in the top 4 drugs of choice.
5. Dearborn County Juvenile Detention had had 232 counts filed and were directly related to drugs or alcohol.
6. Dearborn County Coroner reports there were 10 overdose deaths due to opiate/heroin abuse in 2014.
7. According to the 2014 IPRC drug survey 13.8% of Lawrenceburg male 10 graders had one friend who sold drugs (2013 it was 16.4%) and 5.0% of Lawrenceburg female 10 graders had one friend who sold drugs (2013 it was 16.4%). Both decreased but bigger decrease for females.
8. South Dearborn did not take the IPRC drug survey in 2014.
9. Dearborn County Sheriff's "Take Back Drug" program continues to collect large volumes of pills for disposal on a monthly basis. We help them advertise this on pharmacy bags. They collect the drugs the last Saturday of every month and have disposed of nearly 1500 pounds so far.

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3)

C. Goals:

- 1) Decrease the monthly prevalence rates by 3% for Dearborn County students in 8th & 9th grade using prescription and over the counter drugs by 2017.**
- 2) Decrease deaths due to opiate/heroin overdoses.**

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. The 30 day use of prescription drugs for 8th graders increased from 1.5% to 3.7% and over the counter rates increased from 0.8% to 2.8%. No data for the 9th grade but in the 6th grade the prescription rates decreased from 1.4% to 0.7% and for over the counter decreased from 3.5% to 2.2%.**
- 2. We had 10 overdose deaths in 2014 and increase of 1 from 2013.**

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

Final Report (end of Year 3):

D. Objectives:

- 1. Explore other options for collecting student data as many of the schools are dropping the IPRC drug survey due to its length.**
- 2. Organize community forums to bring together community leaders to discuss substance abuse issues and formulate a multi-sector solution.**
- 3. Continue to be involved with national awareness campaigns such as Red Ribbon, Treatment Works, Great American Smoke Out, National Drug Facts Week, Take Back events, etc.**
- 4. Support evidence-based programs that provide prevention through mentoring like Big Brothers Big Sisters School Mentoring program.**
- 5. Continue to support the Dearborn County Sheriff's Take Back Drug program.**
- 6. Continue to partner with the Prosecutor on his "Protect Your Family" education program that encourages drug testing of youth and provides free drug kits.**
- 7. Support positive youth activities and peer to peer mentoring programs that offer positive lifestyle choices.**
- 8. Continue to work with Step –Ahead and Lawrenceburg School System on developing and promoting the 40 Developmental Assets.**
- 9. Continue to educate schools on the importance of intervention programs for students who test positive for drugs.**

End of Year 1 Update:

- 1. Due to the overall length of the IPRC Drug Survey, we are working with SEL3CT on creating a survey that would cover what our LCCs need for data. We hope that the schools would be more willing to participate in a shorter survey.**
- 2. Our coalition continued to work with agencies to educate about substance abuse. We did trainings and partnered with agencies for many of their trainings.**
- 3. We continued to be involved with national awareness campaigns such as Red Ribbon, Treatment Works, Great American Smoke Out, National Drug Facts Week, Take Back events, etc.**
- 4. We continued to support agencies that provide mentoring opportunities for mentoring like Big Brothers Big Sisters especially their school based program. Also worked with Step Ahead and the Character Council.**
- 5. We continued to support the Sheriff's Dept. Take Back drug events including advertising it on pharmacy bags throughout the year.**
- 6. We continued to partner with the Prosecutor on his "Protect Your Family" education program that encourages drug testing of youth and provides free drug kits. We pay for the drug kits.**
- 7. We continue to support positive youth activities and peer to peer Mentoring programs. We continue to work with schools on 40 Developmental Asset building. Planning on being a part of their Asset Fair.**

8. All 3 public schools now have random drug testing policy in place.

**9. Continue to educate schools on the importance of intervention programs
For students who test positive for drugs.**

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3):

Problem Statement #4: Lack of community awareness and understanding of the impact of substance abuse and addiction on individuals and the quality of life in Dearborn County.

B. Supportive Data:

- 1. Parents involved in the Prosecutor's education program for first time offending youth continue to express that they don't see any issue with their youth using alcohol or marijuana and feel that has no relationship to the process of addiction to opiate/heroin.**
- 2. According to the 2013 IPRC Drug Survey, the perception of parents having attitudes favorable to drugs and alcohol use increase in the higher grade levels at Lawrenceburg High School. 6th grade -23.7%; 8th grade 28.2%; 10th grade 34.7% and 12th grade 35.4%.**
- 3. In 2013, Dearborn Superior Court Probation department administered 4462 drug screens to probationers and only 892 were positive.**
- 4. Dearborn County has two groups that recently organized to educate about recovery and are very vocal about their recovery. They want to advocate for those in recovery who are working their recovery.**
- 5. We have had two screenings of "The Anonymous People" and each time we had a large group of people attending – and they all wish to help change the perception in our community on substance abuse and recovery.**
- 6. Opiate/heroin use is fueling the increase in Hep C cases in Dearborn County. (150 new cases last year).**
- 7. The IPRC Prevention Stats report that Dearborn County has 25.3% of youth living in single parent households.**
- 8. The IPRC Prevention Stats report that 23.5% of Dearborn County residents have no health insurance. This is a barrier to treatment.**
- 9. The Dearborn County Prosecutor has 4384 criminal cases filed in 2013 and out of those 981 were directly related to alcohol and 837 were directly related to drugs. According to the 2013 IPRC Survey, 15.9% of Lawrenceburg 6th grade males and 31.1% of Lawrenceburg 6th grade females report that they had parents who served time in jail. For Lawrenceburg 10th graders – it was 34.5% males and 31.8% females report that parents served time in jail.**
- 10. I reports that 14.2% of Dearborn youth are living in poverty and 34.5% are eligible for free and reduced school lunches.**
- 11. Member of economic redevelopment for the county reported that companies don't want to come to Dearborn County, the feel the workers are addicted and lazy. (US Bureau of Labor Statistics report that our unemployment rate is 9.7%.)**

End of Year 1 Update:

- 1. Parents involved in the Prosecutor's education program for first time offending youth continue to express that they don't see any issue with their youth using alcohol or marijuana and feel that has no relationship to the process of addiction to opiate/heroin.**
- 2. According to the 2013 IPRC Drug Survey, the perception of parents having attitudes favorable to drugs and alcohol use increase in the higher grade levels at Lawrenceburg High School. 6th grade -23.7%; 8th grade 28.2%; 10th grade 34.7% and 12th grade 35.4%.**
- 3. In 2014, Dearborn Superior Court Probation department administered 4246 drug screens to probationers and only 866 were positive. (however 412 were legal prescriptions).**
- 4. Dearborn County has two established groups advocating for people in Recovery. 1 Voice and Not One More – both are holding family support meetings.**
- 5. We received \$3,000 from a Project Launch grant to allow us to use gift cards to pay childcare workers at Challenge to Change Recovery Meetings. Lack of childcare is often a barrier to meeting attendance.**
- 6. Opiate/heroin continues to fuel Hep C cases in Dearborn County. 80 new cases in 2014 but a substantial decrease from 150 in 2013.**
- 7. The IPRC Prevention Stats report that Dearborn County has 25.3% of youth living in single parent households.**
- 8. The IPRC Prevention Stats report that 23.5% of Dearborn County residents have no health insurance. This is a barrier to treatment.**
- 9. The Dearborn County Prosecutor has 4,213 criminal counts filed in 2013 and out of those 684 were directly related to alcohol and 730 were directly related to drugs. According to the 2014 IPRC Survey, 21.4% of Lawrenceburg 6th grade males and 24.1% of Lawrenceburg 6th grade females report that they had parents who served time in jail. For Lawrenceburg 10th graders – it was 24.5% males and 23.3% females report that parents served time in jail.**
- 10. IPRC CLEI reports that 14.7% of Dearborn youth are living in poverty and 34.5% are eligible for free and reduced school lunches.**
- 11. We continue to work with local government to educate on why addressing substance abuse helps economic development.**

End of Year 2 Update:

1

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

C. Goals:

1. Arrests for alcohol and/or drugs will decrease by 2% by 2017.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. In 2014, we had a slight drop in drug and alcohol arrests. In 2013 the Dearborn County Prosecutor had 4,384 counts and in 2014, 4,213 counts.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1.

Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

D. Objectives:

- 1. Continue to work with Challenge to Change, Celebrate Recovery, Not One More, One Voice and all other entities that work with people in recovery. This would include buying materials they would need.**
- 2. Continue to work with CMHC to track the success of their Truthought program.**
- 3. Continue to work with the City of Lawrenceburg specifically trying to educate them on the importance of allocating money to use to be used for people who cannot afford outpatient therapy.**
- 4. Continue working with our court systems to educate the public that court appointed programs can help people in their recovery.**
- 5. Educate the county commissioners on the importance of collecting the countermeasure fees to add to our sustainability.**
- 6. Continue to hold recovery café/events to educate and celebrate recovery.**
- 7. Continue to educate the public and specifically families of addicts on being supportive but not enabling.**
- 8. Educate the public via news articles, ads, etc. that recovery works when you work your recovery.**
- 9. Purposefully changing our language to speak of addiction as a health issue.**
- 10. Bring more trainings to help those in recovery speak on their addiction and recovery issues.**
- 11. Work with county & city redevelopment boards to educate them on how working together will improve the work environment in Dearborn County.**
- 12. Continue to help the City of Lawrenceburg develop their new alcohol and drug policy and encourage them to implement SBIRT testing on new employees.**
- 13. Work with entities like United Families, Celebrate Recovery, Al-anon, and others to educate families on the role they can play in successful recovery.**

End of Year 1 Update:

1. We continue to work with Challenge to Change, Celebrate Recovery, Not One More, One Voice and all other entities that work with people in recovery. This would include buying materials they would need.
2. We continued to help fund CMHC 6 month intensive outpatient substance abuse program.
3. We continued to work with the City of Lawrenceburg specifically trying to educate them on the importance of allocating money to use to be used for people who cannot afford outpatient therapy.
4. We continued working with our court systems to educate the public that court appointed programs can help people in their recovery. We are also working to bring evaluation to all their programs.
5. We continued to educate the county commissioners on the importance of collecting the countermeasure fees to add to our sustainability. We are working with them to increase money we are getting through an actual allocation.
6. We are working with the faith-based to help them bring education to their churches about substance abuse issues.
7. We continued to educate the public and specifically families of addicts on being supportive but not enabling.
8. We continued to educate the public via news articles, ads, etc. that recovery works when you work your recovery.
9. We are purposefully changing our language to speak of addiction as a health issue yet making it clear that it is not an excuse for criminal behavior.
10. While we are working with those in recovery, we have decided that they must have at least 5 years of sobriety before we recommend or allow them to speak at our events.
11. We continued to work with county boards on the importance of drug testing as well as hiring those in recovery.
12. We helped the City of Lawrenceburg develop their new Alcohol and Drug Policy.
13. We continued to work entities like United Families, Celebrate Recovery, Al-anon, and others to educate families so role they can play in successful recovery.

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.

Next Annual Update Due: February 2015

Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: February 2015

Date of Community Consultant Review:

Disclaimer:

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

Terms and Conditions:

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

Initials: D.T.