

# **The Indiana Commission to Combat Drug Abuse**



*Behavioral Health Division*

## **Comprehensive Community Plan**

County: Vermillion      2025

LCC Name: Local Coordinating Council for a Drug-Free Vermillion County

LCC Contact: Stephany Dowd

Address: 1104 Eastwood Drive

City: Rockville

Phone: 765-562-2488

Email: [kidakia@yahoo.com](mailto:kidakia@yahoo.com)

County Commissioners:

Address: PO Box 190

City: Newport, IN

Zip Code: 47966

## **Vision Statement**

What is your Local Coordinating Council's vision statement?

The vision of the Local Coordinating Council for a Drug-Free Vermillion County is to promote healthy lifestyle patterns among Vermillion County residents and to make a positive difference in the area of alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use (ATOD) issues.

## **Mission Statement**

What is your Local Coordinating Council's mission statement?

The mission of the Local Coordinating Council for a Drug-Free Vermillion County is to reduce the prevalence of problems associated with alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs(ATOD). The healthy development of our citizens is being threatened by the problems and challenges of the ATOD use, including mental health/suicide, in today's culture.

<b>Membership List</b>					
<b>#</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Organization</b>	<b>Race</b>	<b>Gender</b>	<b>Category</b>
1	Kerri Langley Burke	Prosecutor's Office	W	F	Law Enforcement
2	Amanda Adams Washburn	Hamilton Center, Inc.	W	F	Treatment
3	W. Andy Jones	Hamilton Center, Inc.	W	M	Treatment
4	Jeffrey Dugan	Valley Professionals Community Health Center	W	M	Treatment
5	Elaine Pastore	Coordinator	W	F	Prevention
6	Stacie Amerman	Hamilton Center, Inc.	W	F	Treatment
7	Mike Holtkamp	Sheriff's Dept.	W	M	Law Enforcement
8	Billy MacLaren	Clinton City Police Dept. Chief	W	M	Law Enforcement
9	Meredith Addison, RN	State Trauma Care Committee	W	F	Prevention
10	Terri McCollum, RN	Union Hospital Clinton	W	F	Treatment
11	Lori Bouslog	Purdue Extension	W	F	Prevention
12	Sara Bain	CODA	W	F	Prevention
13	Kayla Ferguson	SVES	W	F	Education
14	Josh Magnuson	SVHS	W	M	Education
15	Kris Aninger	Next Steps	W	F	Prevention
16	Tiffany Hamilton	Aspin, Opioid ImpactSupport	W	F	Intervention/Treatment
17	Joni McLain	SVMS	W	F	Education
18	Adrienne Tuggle	NVJr/SrHS	W	F	Education
19	Cathie Moore	Q Source	W	F	Prevention
20	Don Gettinger	Q Source	W	M	Prevention
21	Holly Crowley	Aspin, IN Navigator	W	F	Prevention
22	Chad Hennis	Sheriff's Dept	W	M	Law Enforcement
23	Nick Hall	Sheriff's Dept	W	M	Law Enforcement
24	Janet Rutter	VPCHC Cayuga	W	F	Intervention/Treatment

25	<b>Peggie Parsons-Palmer</b>	<b>Clinton Medical Center</b>	<b>W</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
26	<b>Jeff Galbraith</b>	<b>Care Source</b>	<b>W</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Prevention</b>
27	<b>Becky Myers</b>	<b>Valley Professionals Community Health Center</b>	<b>W</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
28	<b>Donna Hardesty</b>	<b>PV Adult Education</b>	<b>W</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Education</b>
29	<b>Lori Swinford</b>	<b>Verm. County Health Dept.</b>	<b>W</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention</b>
30	<b>David Robinson</b>	<b>Probation Dept</b>	<b>W</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>

#### **LCC Meeting Schedule:**

Please provide the months the LCC meets throughout the year:  
January, February, March, April, May, June, September, October, November, and December

## **II. Community Needs Assessment**

*The first step in developing an effective substance use and misuse reduction plan is to assess your community. A community assessment tells you about your community's readiness to implement prevention, treatment, and justice-related programs to address substance use and misuse. An assessment also provides an overview of the risk and protective factors present in the community, helping your coalition plan more effectively.*

### **Community Profile**

County Name
Vermillion
County Population
15,341 in 2021 <a href="https://www.stats.indiana.edu">https://www.stats.indiana.edu</a> 3-4-23
Schools in the community
North Vermillion School Corporation and South Vermillion Community Schools Corporation. SVHS can enroll in the EMT course offered through our vocational co-op - WRCCTE. This program is held at North Vermillion Jr/Sr High School.

Medical care providers in the community (hospitals, health care centers, medical centers/clinics, etc.)

Union Hospital Clinton, Valley Professionals Community Health Center: Clinton and Mobile Unit, Valley Professionals Community Health Center: Cayuga, Parke Medical Clinic, North Cayuga clinic, doctor officers, and ILLIANA EMS

Mental health care providers in the community (hospitals with psychiatric/behavioral health units, mental health clinics, private/public providers, etc.)

Union Hospital Clinton, Hamilton Center, Inc. Valley Professionals Community Health Center: Clinton and Mobile Unit, Valley Professionals Community Health Center: Cayuga

Service agencies/organizations

Clinton Lions Club, Cayuga Lions Club, Clinton Breakfast Optimist Club, Fraternal Order of Eagles #887 Clinton, Clinton Hillcrest Community Center including a food pantry, Vermillion County Food Pantry, many churches' food pantries and free meals, Cayuga Christian Church Community Garden, Clinton Community Garden, Community Action Program Western Indiana, Parke Vermillion Crisis Pregnancy Center, Clinton American Legion Post #140, Cayuga American Legion Post #263, Newport American Legion Post #184, Perrysville American Legion Post #350, St. Bernice/Jonestown American Legion Post #108, and WICF Vermillion County Community Foundation.

Local media outlets that reach the community

<https://www.vermilliongov.us/lcc-committee>

Facebook.com/vermillionlcc

Newspapers: Clintonian, Terre Haute Tribune, Independent News, Commercial News, and Parke County Sentinel

Radio: WAXI

What are the substances that are most problematic in your community?

Alcohol, methamphetamine, I and II controlled substances and tobacco/nicotine dependence.

List all substance use/misuse services/activities/programs presently taking place in the community

North Vermillion School Corp:

EMT vocational course held at NV

Red Ribbon Week

Valley Professional Counseling services held in building South

Vermillion Community Schools:

Second Steps

Child Safety Matters

Ripple Effects and Bouncy the Service Dog programming

Red Ribbon Week programming

One licensed MSW/School Social Worker and one licensed School Counselor to provide services to our elementary students NV & SV Post Prom

LCC Fatal Vision Alcohol and Marijuana Simulation goggles are available to community

Purdue Extension's Strengthening Families program-evidence based, Bridges Out of Poverty training, Vermillion Parke Health Coalition, 4-H and 4-H Jr. Leaders

Hamilton Center, Inc. outpatient counseling for youth and adults including Matrix model-evidence based therapy group, Motivational Interviewing and Relapse Prevention groups.

Valley Professional Community Health Centers outpatient counseling for youth and adults plus their VAP (Valley Addictions Program) for opioids treatment

Hillcrest Community Center's NA and faith based HRT group meetings on M-W-F.

Clinton Christian Church AA meeting

Cayuga Community Center AA meeting

Clinton Celebrate Recovery meeting

Sheriff Dept. and Clinton City Police Dept. K-9 dogs- education and prevention

Adult Education classes by Parke Vermillion Adult Education in 4 location in Vermillion county including the county jail. Scholarships for HSE exams are provided.

Due to jail reconstruction, these programs were held not held in 2022 but most plan to be resumed in 2023. Moral Reconation Therapy-evidence based-provided by West Central Regional Community Corrections. Faith based ministries, evidence-based TruThoughts, a class to get inmates ready to work in manufacturing and Next Steps for Young Mothers.

CODA classes were taught throughout the county on a variety of subjects: boundaries, conflict resolution, healthy vs unhealthy relationship behaviors, the dynamics of power and control in relationships, healthy coping mechanisms/self-care and Safe, Stable, Nurturing Relationships and Environments (SSNRE's).

CODA has classes and groups to help victims of abuse in Vermillion County with co-occurring substance use disorder inside the jail (which will restart when jail renovations are completed) as well as outside the jail and provide referrals to a variety of recovery services. CODA also offers recovery coaches and therapy services within their emergency shelter for free to their clients. CODA advocates refer Vermillion County victims to these programs.

Batterers and survivors often turn to substances for their numbing effects. Additionally, substances can be used as a means of maintaining power and control over a victim of domestic violence or as an excuse for violent behavior by a batterer. The failure to address the link between substance use disorder and domestic violence issues can interfere with treatment effectiveness, undermine recovery and contribute to relapse.

Three Naloxboxes providing free single dose of Naloxone with instructions to prevent overdose of Opioids. Naloxboxes are located in Clinton, Newport, and Perrysville.

## Community Risk and Protective Factors

*Use the list of risk and protective factors to identify those present in your community. Identify the resources/assets and limitations/gaps that exist in your community related to each. The lists are not allinclusive and others may apply.*

**Risk Factors Examples:** trauma and toxic stressors; poverty violence; neighborhood characteristics; low neighborhood attachment; community disorganization; community norms and laws favorable toward drug use, firearms, and crime; availability of alcohol and other drugs; weak family relationships; family substance use; peer substance use; mental health problems; families moving frequently from home to home; limited prevention and recovery resources.

**Protective Factors Examples:** strong family relationships; neighborhood economic viability; low childhood stress; access to health care; access to mental health care; community-based interventions; restricted access to alcohol and other drugs including restrictive laws and excise taxes; safe, supportive, and connected neighborhoods; meaningful youth engagement opportunities; local policies and practices that support healthy norms and child-youth programs; positive connection to adults.<sup>1</sup>

Risk Factors	Resources/Assets	Limitations/Gaps
1. Poverty	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Purdue Extension is heading up a Vermillion-Parke Health Coalition</li><li>2. Vermillion Rise Mega Park industrial park</li><li>3. Indiana WorkOne</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Lack of education for work force</li><li>2. Lack of jobs available</li><li>3. Lack of transportation including public transportation</li></ol>
2. Drug Availability	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. NV &amp; SV school counselors provide school year-round ATOD prevention programs for K-12</li><li>2. Valley Professionals Community Health Centers &amp; Hamilton Center provide outpatient counseling.</li><li>3. Hillcrest Community Center and several churches provide free faith based ATOD programs</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Lack of Some parental supervision because some parents may be involved in drug use.</li><li>2. Some peers may be using drugs.</li><li>3. Lack of jobs provide too much free time.</li></ol>

---

<sup>1</sup> Risk and protective factors extracted from IUPUI Center for Health Policy Community Conditions Favorable for Substance Use, April 2018.

3. Education	1. NVSC & SVCSC try to educate. 2. Parke Vermillion Adult Education offers scholarships to help pay for HSE exams. 3. Adult Education is offered in locations in the county.	1. Lack of having self esteem 2. Lack of feeling self-worth 3. Lack of student effort
--------------	--	---

Protective Factors	Resources/Assets	Limitations/Gaps
1. ATOD outpatient counseling	1. Valley Professionals Community Health Centers 2. Hamilton Center 3. Hillcrest Community Center & churches	1. Lack of transportation 2. Lack of drug screen fees 3. Lack of client effort
2. NVSC & SVCSC schools ATOD prevention programs	1. School counselors 2. 4-H 3. Post prom events.	1. Lack of time in school schedules 2. Lack of city student's enrollment 3. Lack of parental involvement
3. Law Enforcement	1. Delayed due to jail renovations in 2022. 2. Jail prevention programs. 3. Adult education in jail 4. CODA classes in jail	1. Lack of funding 2. Lack of time to complete. 3. Lack of local office location

### III. Making A Community Action Plan

*Now that you have completed a community assessment and have identified the risk and protective factors that exist, you can develop a plan of action. The Comprehensive Community Plan (CCP) is a systematic and community-driven gathering, analysis, and reporting of community-level indicators for the purpose of identifying and addressing local substance use problems.*

Step 1: Create problem statements and ensure problems statements are in line with statutory requirements.

Step 2: Ensure your problem statements are evidence-informed, then prioritize.

Step 3: Brainstorm what can be done about each.

Step 4: Prioritize your list and develop SMART goal statements for each.

Step 5: List the steps to achieve each goal.

#### Step 1: Create + Categorize Problem Statements

*Create problem statements as they relate to each of the identified risk factors.*



Risk Factors	Problem Statement(s)
1. Poverty and lack of education	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Many residents cannot afford treatment.</li> <li>Many residents lack transportation and or driver's licenses.</li> <li>Many residents lack higher education and or job skills for employment.</li> </ol>
2. Alcohol and drug availability	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The adults of Vermillion County are abusing alcohol and other drugs.</li> <li>The youth of Vermillion County are abusing alcohol and other drugs.</li> <li>Indiana Youth Survey Region 6 youth have high risk range of 39.3% for 6<sup>th</sup> grade to 38.2% for 7-12<sup>th</sup> grades on Academic Failure</li> </ol>
3. Tobacco and vaping availability.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vermillion County adults have a high rate of tobacco use.</li> <li>Indiana Youth Survey Region 6 youth have a high-risk range of 28.9% in 7-12 grades for Laws and Norms favorable to Drug use. (6<sup>th</sup> grade NA)</li> <li>Vermillion County has a higher percentage of adults who smoke and pregnant women who smoke than the state of Indiana has.</li> </ol>

## Step 2: Evidence-Informed Problem Statements

*Identify your top three problem statements using local or state data. Ensure that there is a problem statement for each co-equal funding category (e.g., prevention/education; intervention/treatment; and criminal justice services and activities).*

Problem Statements	Data That Establishes Problem	Data Source
1. The adults of Vermillion County are abusing alcohol and other drugs.	Union Hospital Clinton primary and secondary diagnoses in <b>2002</b> : Drugs: 81 and Alcohol: 104 out of 2,243 ATOD total diagnoses. <i>(2021:Drugs: 93and Alcohol: 783 out of 2,869 ATOD total diagnoses).</i>	Union Hospital Clinton
	Vermillion County Probation Dept. <b>2022</b> report indicates estimated drug/alcohol 210 cases with 407 total adults on probation. Positive drug tests: 285 -some tested more than once. <i>(2021 had 230 drug/alcohol cases with 417 total on probation with 210 positive drug tests).</i>	Probation Department

	<p>Amphetamine-132 Benzodiazepine-4 Buprenorphine-4 Cocaine-10 Fentanyl-8 Marijuana/ THC-199 Methamphetamine-129 Morphine-1 Opiates-6 Oxycodone-1 Tramadol-1</p> <p>Sheriff's Department <b>2022:</b> <b>ARRESTS but may NOT be what was CHARGED in Court:</b> OWI –Operating vehicle while intoxicated: 42 Illegal consumption alcohol: 0 Public intoxication: 11 Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish or salvia: 21 Possession of methamphetamine: 27 Dealing methamphetamine: 6 Operating a vehicle w schedule 1 or 11 controlled substance or it Metabolite IN: 24 Possession of a narcotic drug: 3 Possession of synthetic drug: 0 Possession of cocaine or schedule 1 or 11 narcotic: 0</p> <p>Possession of schedule 1, 11,111, or 1V controlled substance: 7 Dealing schedule I, II, III, controlled substance: 3 Unlawful possession syringe: 7 Possession paraphernalia: 42 Maintaining common nuisance: 5</p> <p>Of children removed from the home, percentage due to parent drug and/or alcohol abuse by county, Indiana: 2019 Vermillion County was #7 <b>highest</b> county at 90.7%. Percentage of Indiana children with food insecurity was 17.5% in 2018: Vermillion county was #2 <b>highest</b> county at 23%.</p> <p>2021 Poverty rate in Vermillion County is 12.4% and ranks #34 in Indiana.</p>	<p>Sheriff's Department Lower arrests May be due to the Vermillion County jail has been under reconstruction since June 2021 and prisoners not housed in Vermillion County jail.</p> <p>Indiana Youth Institute- IYI.org 2021 IN KIDS COUNT Data Book -on page 21, 68 Latest data available</p> <p><a href="https://www.stats.indiana.edu/profiles/profiles.asp?scope_choice=a&amp;county_changer=18165">https://www.stats.indiana.edu/profiles/profiles.asp?scope_choice=a&amp;county_changer=18165</a> 3-4-23</p> <p>Hamilton Center, Clinton Latest data available</p>
--	--	---

	<p>2021 Poverty rate in Vermillion County for children under 18 is 16.5% and ranks #41 in Indiana. Free and reduced fee lunch recipients rank #75 for Vermillion County.</p> <p>Hamilton Center's <b>2021</b>: 124 total outpatient clients tested resulted 47 positive drug screens:  Amphetamines: 4  Marijuana (THC): 11  Meth: 18  Alcohol 1  THC &amp; Amphetamine 3  Cannabinoids 2  Cocaine &amp; THC 1  Amphetamine &amp; Meth 7  Opiates: 0</p> <p>2022  Served 157 clients under the age of 18  Served 398 clients aged 18-64</p> <p>Valley Professionals have prescribed Medically Assisted Treatment (MAT) to approx. 39 Patients in <b>2022</b> for those with Substance Use Disorder (<i>prescribed Medically Assisted Treatment (MAT) to approx. 62 Patients in 2021 for those with Substance Use Disorder</i>).</p> <p>Valley Professionals have treated approx. 85 Patients in VAP in <b>2022</b>. (<i>treated approx. 105 Patients in VAP in 2021</i>).</p> <p>Vermillion County: Adults reporting excessive drinking: 18%.  Non-fatal opioid emergency department visits per 100k: 70.9  <i>Vermillion: Adults reporting excessive drinking: 19%.  Non-fatal opioid emergency department visits per 100k: 70.9</i></p> <p>#1 in unemployment in Indiana at 3.4%  December <b>2022</b> (IN 3%) <i>2021 annual unemployment rate: 1.6% #7. Indiana at 1.3%</i></p>	<p>Hamilton Center, Clinton</p> <p>Valley Professionals  Communities Health Centers</p> <p>Valley Professionals  Communities Health Centers  2-16-23</p> <p><a href="http://indianaindicators.org/dash/">http://indianaindicators.org/dash/</a>  2-22-2023</p> <p><a href="http://indianaindicators.org/dash/">http://indianaindicators.org/dash/</a>  2-12-2022</p> <p><a href="https://www.stats.indiana.edu/profiles/profiles.asp?scope_choice=a&amp;county_changer=18165">https://www.stats.indiana.edu/profiles/profiles.asp?scope_choice=a&amp;county_changer=18165</a>  3-4-23</p> <p><a href="https://www.stats.indiana.edu">https://www.stats.indiana.edu</a>  3-4-2023</p>
--	---	--

	<p>2021 Median income: \$53,540.00  2021 Poverty rates: 12.4%  #34 in Indiana at 12.1%  #41 in Indiana for children under 18 at 16.5%</p> <p>91.4% Vermillion County residents over 25 do have a high school diploma.</p>	
<p>2. The youth of Vermillion County are abusing alcohol and other drugs.</p>	<p>Probation Department <b>2022</b>: There were 30 juveniles on probation:  9 juvenile cases for substance abuse/drugs and 5 juvenile cases for alcohol.  There were 19 positive drug screens.  <i>(2021 there were 25 juveniles on probation. 5 substance abuse/drugs and 2 cases of alcohol. There were 36 positive drug screens).</i></p> <p>During the <b>2021-2022</b> school year, there were 27 students (counted once) having school suspension/expulsions in the county which were related to alcohol, tobacco and or other drug use.</p> <p>Average grade 8 Math ILEARN proficiency rates by county, Indiana: 2018-2019: Vermillion County grade 8 was #5 <b>lowest</b> proficiency county at 24.2%. Indiana students grade 8 rate was at 37% and national rate was 33%.</p> <p>Region 6 student survey shows for 12<sup>th</sup> grade monthly use. 2022 data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alcohol use: 18.7% (State: 19.9%)</li> <li>Marijuana use: 12.5% (State: 12.6%)</li> </ul> <p>Binge drinking: 7.4% (State: 8.2%) <i>2020 data</i>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alcohol use: 30.7% (State: 28.5%)</li> <li>Marijuana use: 22.5% (State: 17.3%)</li> </ul> <p><i>Binge drinking: 13.2% (State: 12.7%)</i></p>	<p>Probation Department</p> <p><a href="https://iprc.iu.edu/epidemiologicaldata/index.php?&amp;county=83">https://iprc.iu.edu/epidemiologicaldata/index.php?&amp;county=83</a>  2-22-23</p> <p>Indiana Youth Institute- IYI.org  2021 IN KIDS COUNT Data Book, Page 80  Latest data available</p> <p>Indiana Youth Survey for Region 6 in <b>2022</b>  <a href="https://www.inys.indiana.edu/docs/survey/indianaYouthSurvey_2022.pdf">https://www.inys.indiana.edu/docs/survey/indianaYouthSurvey_2022.pdf</a></p>
<p>3. Vermillion County residents have a high rate of tobacco and vaping usage.</p>	<p>Union Hospital Clinton primary and secondary diagnoses in <b>2022</b>: Tobacco/nicotine (dependence):  1,135 out of 2,243 ATOD total diagnoses.  <i>(2021: Tobacco/nicotine (ever used tobacco): 1,993 out of 2,869 ATOD total diagnoses).</i></p> <p><b>2021 and did not have the program in 2022 but may again in 2023.</b> Pre &amp; post survey, base: pre-test 80, post-test 74  Do you think you will vape in the next year?</p>	<p>Union Hospital Clinton  2-3-23</p> <p>South Vermillion Middle School's (7<sup>th</sup> Grade) 2021 pre &amp; post Vaping survey from Catch My Breath Program (partial survey)</p>



2. The youth of Vermillion County are abusing alcohol and other drugs.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Continue/implement evidence-based prevention programs.</li> <li>2. Increase opportunities to educate youth on alcohol and drugs.</li> <li>3. Support Law Enforcement by assisting with initiatives to reduce youth substance abuse.</li> </ol>
3. Vermillion County residents have a high rate of tobacco and vaping usage.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Support and assist to increase smoking cessation programs for adults and youth.</li> <li>2. Continue to assist and increase educational programs for healthy choices.</li> <li>3. Support initiatives to reduce availability and or use of tobacco and vaping products.</li> </ol>

#### Step 4: Develop SMART Goal Statements

*For each problem statement, prioritize your list of what can be done. Choose your top two actions for each. Then, develop goal statements that demonstrate what change you hope to achieve and by when you hope to achieve it.*

Problem Statement #1
<p><b>Goal 1.</b> The LCC will provide mini grants for a variety of programs including drug screens, fees scholarships, curriculum, gas cards, supplies, for clients and their families to assist with the growth in number of people by 10 getting Alcohol and or Drug treatment within a one year period. This will be known by data received from Hamilton Center Clinton, Valley Professional Community Health Center, and the Sheriff's Department programs. If an increase of 10 is not reached within one year, the LCC's approach will be reevaluated.</p>
<p><b>Goal 2.</b> The LCC will assist Law Enforcement, Probation Department and Peer Court with mini grant funds for equipment, drugs screens, trainings, and other requests the departments need to increase the Probation Department numbers of drug &amp; alcohol cases by 10% in one year. The LCC will know if the increase occurs from the Probation Department's report to the LCC. If an increase of 10% of the total number of drug &amp; alcohol cases of people on probation next year does not occur, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.</p>
Problem Statement #2
<p><b>Goal 1.</b> The LCC will assist the schools with ATOD prevention mini grants to implement and continue Evidence Based Curriculums and programs to reduce by 1 the number of students with suspension/expulsions from the county schools related to alcohol, tobacco and other drugs (ATOD) in a one-year period. This will be known by data received from Indiana Prevention Resource Center. If a decrease of 1 does not occur in one year, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.</p>

**Goal 2.** The LCC will assist and promote programs with mini grants the various organizations and schools throughout the county to promote healthy lifestyles and norms for adults and children which include promoting legal behavior with alcohol and prescription drugs and other drugs. Some programs may include Post Proms, Summer Park Programs, Law Camp Scholarships, Extension Office, Vermillion-Parke Health Coalition, Strengthening Parenting classes, Bridges Out of Poverty program, 4-H character building and leadership training with the goal of all the programs helping more people. The LCC's goal is to reach a total of 20 more people to attend their programs in one year. The LCC will know from the data received from the program sponsors/leaders. If an increase of 20 attendees does not occur, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.

### Problem Statement #3

**Goal 1.** The LCC will assist and promote the Vermillion County Health Department, Union Hospital Clinton, Hamilton Center, Valley Professionals Community Health Centers, in providing one Tobacco Cessation program for adults in one year. The LCC will know if a cessation program occurs in one year by the report given from the Health Agencies. If one program does not occur, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.

**Goal 2.** The LCC will provide mini grants for assistance for schools to increase their prevention education for the K-12 students about tobacco and vaping. The LCC's goal is for the 2 county school corporations to provide one product, program or event during the school year that includes the dangers and the illegality of using tobacco and or vaping. The LCC will know by the data on the Evaluations or reports turned in from the schools for specific mini grants on tobacco and vaping prevention product/s, literature, or speaker. If one product, program, or event in at least one school corporation, not necessarily each school building, does not occur, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.

### Step 5: Plans to Achieve Goals

*For each goal, list the steps required to achieve each.*

Problem Statement #1	Steps
<p><b>Goal 1.</b> The LCC will encourage/assist the growth in number of people by 10 getting Alcohol and or Drug treatment within a one-year period. This will be known by data received from Hamilton Center Clinton, Valley Professional Community Health Center, and the Sheriff's Department programs. If an increase of 10 is not reached within one year, the LCC's approach will be reevaluated.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Continue to support existing treatment programs.</li> <li>2. Support the increase of treatment services.</li> <li>3. Increase youth treatment and recovery services.</li> </ol>

<p><b>Goal 2.</b> The LCC will assist Law Enforcement, Probation Department and Peer Court with mini grant funds for equipment, drugs screens, trainings, and other requests the departments need to increase the Probation Department numbers of drug &amp; alcohol cases by 10% in one year. The LCC will know if the increase occurs from the Probation Department's report to the LCC. If an increase of 10% of the total number of drug &amp; alcohol cases of people on probation next year does not occur, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Support Law Enforcement by assisting with alcohol and drug initiatives.</li> <li>2. Support Law Enforcement by assisting with initiatives to reduce youth substance abuse.</li> <li>3. Continue to support existing treatment programs (drug screens).</li> </ol>
---	---

Problem Statement #2	Steps
<p><b>Goal 1.</b> The LCC will assist the schools with ATOD prevention mini grants to implement and continue Evidence Based Curriculums and programs to reduce by 1 the number of students with suspension/expulsions from the county schools related to alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs (ATOD) in a one-year period. This will be known by data received from Indiana Prevention Resource Center. If a decrease of 1 does not occur in one year, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Support and assist in the implementation of prevention activities and evidence-based prevention programs.</li> <li>2. Increase opportunities to educate youth on alcohol and drugs.</li> <li>3. Support Law Enforcement by assisting with initiatives to reduce youth substance abuse.</li> </ol>
<p><b>Goal 2.</b> The LCC will assist and promote programs with mini grants to various organizations and schools throughout the county to promote healthy lifestyles and norms for adults and children which include promoting legal behavior with alcohol and prescription drugs and other drugs. Some programs may include Post Proms, Summer Park Programs, Law Camp Scholarships, Extension Office, Vermillion-Parke Health Coalition, Strengthening Parenting classes, Bridges Out of Poverty program, 4-H character building and leadership training with the goal of all the programs helping more people. The LCC's goal is to reach a total of 20 more people to attend their programs in one year. The LCC will know from the data received from the program sponsors/leaders. If an increase of 20 attendees in the total programs does not occur, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Support and assist in the implementation of prevention activities and evidence-based prevention programs.</li> <li>2. Increase opportunities to educate youth on alcohol and drugs.</li> <li>3. Continue/Implement evidence-based prevention programs.</li> </ol>



Problem Statement #3	Steps
<p><b>Goal 1.</b> The LCC will assist and promote the Vermillion County Health Department, Union Hospital Clinton, Hamilton Center, Valley Professionals Community Health Centers, in providing one Tobacco Cessation program for adults in one year. The LCC will know if a cessation program occurs in one year by the report given by the Health Agencies. If one program does not occur, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Support and assist in the implementation of prevention activities and evidence-based prevention programs.</li> <li>2. Support the increase of intervention/treatment services.</li> <li>3. Increase opportunities to educate adults on tobacco and vaping.</li> </ol>
<p><b>Goal 2.</b> The LCC will provide mini grants for assistance for schools to increase their prevention education for the K-12 students about tobacco and vaping. The LCC's goal is for the 2 county school corporations to provide one product, program or event during the school year that includes the dangers and the illegality of using tobacco and vaping. The LCC will know by the data on the Evaluations or reports turned in from the schools for specific mini grants on tobacco and vaping prevention product/s, literature, or speaker. If one product, program, or event in at least one school corporation, not necessarily each school building, does not occur, the LCC will reevaluate their approach.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Increase opportunities to educate youth on tobacco and vaping.</li> <li>2. Continue/Implement evidence-based prevention programs.</li> <li>3. Increase youth recovery programs.</li> </ol>

## IV. Fund Document

*The fund document allows the LCC to provide finances available to the coalition at the beginning of the year. The fund document gauges an LCC's fiscal wellness to empower their implementation of growth within their community. The fund document also ensures LCCs meet the statutory requirement of funding programs within the three categories of (1) Prevention/Education, (2) Treatment/Intervention, and (3) Criminal Justice Services and Activities (IC 5-2-11-5).*

Funding Profile		
1	Amount deposited into the County DFC Fund from fees collected last year:	\$26,129.00
2	Amount of unused funds from last year that will roll over into this year:	\$0.00
3	Total funds available for programs and administrative costs for this year (Line 1 + Line 2):	\$26,129.00
4	Amount of funds granted last year:	\$30,754.04
Additional Funding Sources (if no money is received, please enter \$0.00)		
A	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA):	\$0.00
B	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):	\$0.00
C	Bureau of Justice Administration (BJA):	\$0.00
D	Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP):	\$0.00
E	Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH):	\$0.00
F	Indiana Department of Education (DOE):	\$0.00
G	Indiana Division of Mental Health and Addiction (DMHA):	\$0.00
H	Indiana Family and Social Services Administration (FSSA):	\$0.00
I	Local entities:	\$0.00
J	Other:	\$0.00
Categorical Funding Allocations		
Prevention/Education: 25% \$7,209.00	Intervention/Treatment: 25% \$7,209.00	Justice Services: 25% \$7,209.00
Funding allotted to Administrative costs:		
<i>Itemized list of what is being funded</i>		
Coordinator annual stipend/compensation		\$4,000.00
Expenses including Coordinator's mileage for meetings, conferences, events, conference registration. Office supplies: printer copy paper, printer ink, etc., Promotional items including food and advertising, etc.		\$500.00
Funding Allocations by Goal per Problem Statement:		
Problem Statement #1	Problem Statement #2	Problem Statement #3
Goal 1: \$3,604.50	Goal 1: \$3,604.50	Goal 1: \$3,604.50
Goal 2: \$3,604.50	Goal 2: \$3,604.50	Goal 2: \$3,604.50