### The Indiana Commission to Combat Drug Abuse



#### Behavioral Health Division

## 2025

## **Comprehensive Community Plan**

County: DeKalb

LCC Name: Drug Free DeKalb County

LCC Contact: Rebecca Calhoun, Coordinator

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County Commissioners: William Hartman, Keelen Dooley, Jim MIller

Address: 100 S Main St

City: Auburn

Zip Code: 46706

## **Vision Statement**

What is your Local Coordinating Council's vision statement?

The vision of Drug Free DeKalb County is a community free of the negative effects of ATOD's.

#### **Mission Statement**

What is your Local Coordinating Council's mission statement?

The mission of Drug Free DeKalb County is to increase awareness and decrease usage of alcohol, tobacco and all other drugs in DeKalb County.

	Membership	List			
#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Steve Smith	Serenity House		Male	Recovery/Treatment
2	Jeff Frigo	Serenity House		Male	Recovery/Treatment
3	Chelsea Loffer	Hearten House		Female	Recovery/Treatment
4	Cari Martinez	Community Corrections		Female	Criminal Justice
5	Michael Lapham	Probation		Male	Criminal Justice
6	Adrienne Long	Northeastern Center		Female	Recovery/Treatment
7	Shelly Allen	Women in Transition		Female	Recovery/Treatment
8	Tyler Cleverly	United Way of DeKalb County		Male	Education/Prevention
9	Vicki Rodkey	Hearten House		Female	Recovery/Treatment
10	Kevin Kyle	Garret Police Dept.		Male	Criminal Justice
11	Ryan Hull	DeKalb County Probation		Male	Criminal Justice
12	Andrew Foster	Inspiration Ministries		Male	Recovery/Treatment
13	Amanda Rice	DeKalb Central Schools		Female	Education/Prevention
14	Ashley Oliver	DeKalb Pregnancy Center		Female	Education/Prevention
15	Austin Harrison	DeKalb Central Schools		Male	Education/Prevention
16	D Holy	Community Corrections		Male	Criminal Justice
17	Dustin Shipe	Serenity House		Male	Recovery/Treatment
18	Chris Short	Inspiration Ministries		Male	Recovery/Treatment
19	Richard Yost	Northeastern Center		Male	Treatment
20	Meaghan Ruckman	System of Care Coordinator		Female	Education/Prevention

21	Travis Bailey	Inspiration Ministries	Male	Recovery/Treatment
22	Jessica Lopez	Serenity House	Female	Recovery/Treatment
23	Johanna Scott	DeKalb County Probation	Female	Criminal Justice
24	Karla Benitez- Estrada	Bowen Center	Female	Treatment
25	Kim Healey	DeKalb County Courts	Female	Criminal Justice
26	Marissa McKenzie	Hearten House	Female	Recovery/Treatment
<b>2</b> 7	Justin James	Auburn Police Department	Male	Justice
28	Cory Heffelfinger	Auburn Police Department	Male	Justice
29	Don Harvey	DeKalb Co Sherrif Dept	Male	Justice/Faith
30	Elaine Wagner	McMillian Health	Female	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
31	Erin McCrady	Bowen Center	Female	Recovery/Treatment
32	David Bell	Community Corrections	Male	Justice/ Education/Prevention
33	Ivan Esparza- Morales	Community Corrections	Male	Justice
34	Rick Short	Community Corrections	Male	Justice
35	Lissa Davidson	Parent	Female	Recovery/Treatment
36	Natalie DeWitt	Auburn City Council	Female	Government
<b>3</b> 7	Shannon Gleason	McMillian Health Center	Female	Education/Prevention
38	Heather Molyhelly	Hearten House	Female	Recovery/Treatment
39	Michael Ley	Parent	Male	Prevention
40	Meghan Ryan	Benchmark Health System	Female	Recovery/Treatment

41	Martin McCoy	Auburn Police Dept	Male	Justice
42	Justin Weber	Garret School	arret School Male Educat	
43	Mark Burnworth	United Way	Male	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
44	Karen Myers	Northeastern Center	Female	Recovery/Treatment
45	Renee Hood	Garret Schools	Female	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
46	Sean Miller	Auburn Police Dept.	Male	Justice
47	Jenny Buchs	Waterloo Library	Female	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
48	Kim Myers	Northeastern Center	Female	Recovery/Treatment
49	Cathryn Caswell/Forker	Student Intern	Female	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
50	Chad Minier	ENACT/Benchmark Crisis Response	Male	Recovery/Treatment
51	Julie Yutzy	Student Intern Bowen Center	Female	Recovery/Treatment
52	Cory Headley	Northeastern Center	Male	Recovery/Treatment
53	Courtney Knerr	Refugee Church	Male	Recovery/Faith
54	Drake Beber	Student	Male	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
55	Gerald Kline	DeKalb County Sheriff Dept.	Male	Justice
56	Mary Keelan	Bowen Center	Female	Recovery/Treatment
<b>5</b> 7	Michelle Harvey	Hope for Her	Female	Recovery/Treatment
58	Michelle Fosnaugh	Community Corrections	Female	Justice
59	Krystal Hawn	DCS	Female	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
60	Mitch Figert	Fortify Life	Male	Recovery/Treatment
61	Nikkia Ellis	Northeastern Center	Female	Recovery/Treatment

62	Olivia Lusher	Red Cross	Female	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
63	Mike Lock	McMillian Center	Male	Education/Prevention
64	Olivia Higgins	Inspiration Ministries	Female	Recovery/Treatment/Faith
65	Rachel Jordan	Northeastern Center	Female	Recovery/Treatment
66	Scott Hopkins	Parent	Male	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
67	Pat Turner	<b>Tobacco Education</b>	Female	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
68	S Miller	<b>Dept of Corrections</b>	Male	Justice
69	Tammy Fink	Parent	Female	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
70	Todd Martin	Inspiration Ministries	Male	Recovery/Treatment
71	Wesley Husselman	Dept of Child Services	Male	Education/Prevention
<b>72</b>	Rebecca Calhoun	DFDC Coordinator	Female	Education/Prevention
73	Barrick Cummins	Serenity House	Male	Recovery/Treatment
74	Brent Shull	City of Hamilton	Male	Government
<b>75</b>	Dave Clark	City of Auburn	Male	Government
76	Katelyn Bender	DeKalb County DCS	Female	Justice/ Education/Prevention
77	Heather Farr	Hearten House	Female	Recovery/Treatment
78	Jessica Poehler	Fortify Life	Female	Recovery/Treatment
79	Shannon Scheumann	Department of Health	Female	Education/Prevention
80	Zachery Dawson	FW Recovery	Male	Recovery/Treatment
81	Pam Howard	City of Waterloo	Female	Government
82	Tabitha Frentz	Parkview Hospital	Female	<b>Education/Prevention</b>
83	Cathy Parks	Children's First	Female	Education/Prevention

#### **LCC Meeting Schedule:**

Please provide the months the LCC meets throughout the year:

Drug Free DeKalb County meets on the 2nd Monday of each month at noon

#### **Community Needs Assessment: Results**

The first step in developing an effective substance use and misuse reduction plan is to assess your community. A community assessment tells you about your community's readiness to implement prevention, treatment, and justice-related programs to address substance use and misuse. An assessment also provides an overview of the risk and protective factors present in the community, helping your coalition plan more effectively.

#### **Community Profile**

County Name

DeKalb County

County Population 42,383

Schools in the community

- DeKalb County Central United School District.
- DeKalb County Eastern Community School District.
- Garrett-Keyser-Butler Community School District.
- Hamilton Community Schools.
- St. Joseph Catholic Schools
- Oak Farm School
- Change Academy Alternative School
- Creative Playschool
- Little Joes Preschool
- Auburn Methodist Church preschool
- Preschoool at the Corners
- Headstart
- Early Learning Center
- YMCA
- Lakewood School
- NE IN Special Education Co-op
- IMPACT

Medical care providers in the community (hospitals, health care centers, medical centers/clinics, etc.)

- Parkview DeKalb Hospital and affiliates
- St. Martins Health Clinic
- Butler Health Clinic
- County Health Department
- WIC Center
- Cameron Hospital
- DuPont Physicians group
- VA Hospital
- Multiple Dental practices
- Multiple Chiropractic practices

- Multiple nursing homes
- Multiple vision/eye doctors
- Holistic Healthcare practitioners
- Bowen Center Primary Care

Mental health care providers in the community (hospitals with psychiatric/behavioral health units, mental health clinics, private/public providers, etc.)

- Bowen Center
- Northeastern Center
- Family Counseling Center
- Lifeline
- Children's First
- Various private counseling providers
- BenchMark
- ENACT Crisis Response Team

#### Service agencies/organizations

- Drug Free DeKalb
- Dept. of Community Corrections
- Bowen Center
- Northeastern Center
- Serenity House
- Plus One- Inspirations
- Hearten House
- Inspiration Ministries
- Celebrate Recovery
- Parkview
- Lutheran Foundation
- Systems of Care
- JAM center
- YMCA
- The Filling Station
- Butler Community Center
- YMCA in Garret
- Brightpoint
- United Way
- Catholic Charities
- Neighbor Link
- Council on Aging
- Women's Care Center WIC
- Children's First Center
- DeKalb Health Department
- Quiet Knight (Vets program)
- DeKalb Pregnancy Center
- Various food banks
- RSVP
- St. Martins
- Child Protective Services
- Law enforcement agencies
- Parks Departments

Local media outlets that reach the community

- KPC News
- The Star
- FW Newspapers
- HAWK radio station
- WANE 15 (TV)
- PBS (TV)
- WOWO (radio)
- Multiple radio stations around the region
- Social Media (Face book, Instagram, LinkedIn, Twitter)

What are the substances that are most problematic in your community?

- Methamphetamine
- Alcohol
- Tobacco
- Vapes
- Marijuana
- Prescription medications
- Fentanyl (single use and attached to other substances)
- Heroin
- CBD
- Less common but available and a concern
  - o Spice
  - o Cocaine
  - o Saboxone
  - o Inhalants
  - o MDMA
  - o LSD
  - o Psilocybin/ "magic" mushrooms

List all substance use/misuse services/activities/programs presently taking place in the community

- SKILLS Community Service Program
- Work Release (Community Corrections)
- Tall Cop High in Plain Sight program
- Drug Free DeKalb County
- SCRAM (Self Care Remote Alcohol Monitoring)
- DARE
- MRT (with Bowen Center & Northeastern Center)
- YPAA (Young Person AA)
- Matrix
- Seeking Safety
- DV MRT (Domestic Violence)
- CMA
- Peer Recovery
- FRC
- AD (Alcohol/Drug Program through probation)
- Law enforcement programs in the schools
- Collaborations
- Law Enforcement public education initiatives
- National Night Out (Butler community/law enforcement)

- Annual Softball event with police/fire
- Serenity House concert
- Shop with a cop
- Butler- Movies in the Park sponsor
- Plus One- Open House-Freedom Fest
- All 3 school districts have mental health assistance programs
  - o Systems of Care @ KGB
  - o Student Assistance Program at DeKalb Central
  - o East DeKalb has a dedicated case worker
- United Way Community Conversations
- Veterans Court running
- Family Reconciliation Court
- Trunk & Treat in Butler
- Celebrate Recovery
- AA/NA/Etc. meetings (FW area intergroup)
- Breanne's House
- Hearten House "Homeless Awareness" event
- MRT program for men and women
- Thinking for a Change
- MRT Matrix
- MRT and AA at the jail
- DBT; IOP Matrix
- United Way Day of Caring
- Purdue Extension parenting and budgeting programs
- Garret High School Criminal Justice Program
- DeKalb High School Criminal Justice Program
- Officer Stranger Danger Program for 3rd & 4th grade students (Butler)
- School Resource Officers in all school districts
- Safe Schools/School Safety programs
- Officers on the bus programs (Butler)
- Systems of Care
- Domestic Violence Task Force
- Work release facility
- Vaping Prevention Program at Garret High School
- NEC Cares
- CIT (Crisis Intervention Training) for first responders

#### **Community Risk and Protective Factors**

Use the list of risk and protective factors to identify those present in your community. Identify the resources/assets and limitations/gaps that exist in your community related to each. The lists are not all-inclusive, and others may apply.

<u>Risk Factors Examples:</u> trauma and toxic stressors; poverty violence; neighborhood characteristics; low neighborhood attachment; community disorganization; community norms and laws favorable toward drug use, firearms, and crime; availability of alcohol and other drugs; weak family relationships; family substance use; peer substance use; mental health problems; families moving frequently from home to home; limited prevention and recovery resources.

<u>Protective Factors Examples:</u> strong family relationships; neighborhood economic viability; low childhood stress; access to health care; access to mental health care; community-based interventions; restricted access to alcohol and other drugs including restrictive laws and excise taxes; safe, supportive, and connected neighborhoods; meaningful youth engagement opportunities; local policies and practices that support healthy norms and child-youth programs; positive connection to adults.<sup>1</sup>

Risk Factors	Resources/Assets	Limitations/Gaps
1. Norms, customs & policies	1. Drug Free DeKalb County	1. Community awareness &
that permit or promote		education programs are
substance abuse	2. Law Enforcement public	insufficient
	education initiatives	
		2. Lack connections to
	3. County courts have	employers & other key players
	implemented Veteran's Court	
		3. Resources to effectively
		combat normalization of ATOD
2 4 4 1 1 : 1	1 0 1 1 00	use.
2. Actual and perceived	1. School resources officers active in all school districts	1. Community outreach and education is limited
availability and use of ATOD's	active in an school districts	education is innited
	2. Safe Schools/School Safety	2. Media- literacy (resistance to
	programs	pro-use messages) is lacking
	programs	pro use messages) is lacking
	3. Community programs that	3. Insufficient public education
	promote alcohol free activities	regarding ATOD's & addiction
3. Limited prevention &	1. Treatment facilities are	1. Shortage of sufficient
recovery resources	actively involved in DFDC	treatment options
	coalition	
		2. Insufficient prevention
	2. All DeKalb County school	education in schools
	districts have mental health	
	programs in place for students	3. Insufficient family support
	2 Sahaala ana millio a ta	programs
	3. Schools are willing to	
	collaborate with DFDC partners for prevention programs	
	101 prevention programs	

<sup>1</sup>Risk and protective factors extracted from IUPUI Center for Health Policy Community Conditions Favorable for Substance Use, April 2018.

<b>Protective Factors</b>	Resources/Assets	Limitations/Gaps
1. Social networks & support systems within the community	1. Diversity of stakeholders/ membership in DFDC Coalition	1. Lack strong connections to faith based organizations
	2. Strong interconnected recovery community	2. Lack strong connection to employers
	3. Law enforcement is positively engaged in community	3. Lack coordinated outreach system
2. Range of opportunities in the community for youth and family engagement	1. Criminal Justice Programs at high schools	1. Lack sufficient outreach to engage youth in prevention efforts
	2. United Way Day of Caring & community conversations	2. Lack of interest/apathy among community members to engage
	3. Community engagement nights i.e., Movies in the Park/ annual softball event/ Serenity	in positive outreach activities  3. Lack sufficient connectors to
	House Concert, etc.	engage in additional outreach
3. Exposure to evidence based & evidence informed programs, strategies and	1. Mental health providers utilize MRT and other evidence-based treatment options	Lack sufficient prevention programs for youth
initiatives for prevention and recovery	2.Family Reconciliation Court started	2. Lack of community awareness of effective strategies/resources
	3. Safe Schools/ School Safety programs	3. Insufficient access to ATOD training opportunities

#### **Making A Community Action Plan**

Now that you have completed a community assessment and have identified the risk and protective factors that exist, you can develop a plan of action. The Comprehensive Community Plan (CCP) is a systematic and community-driven gathering, analysis, and reporting of community-level indicators for the purpose of identifying and addressing local substance use problems.

- Step 1: Create problem statements, and ensure problems statements are in line with statutory requirements
- Step 2: Ensure your problem statements are evidence-informed, then prioritize
- Step 3: Brainstorm what can be done about each
- Step 4: Prioritize your list, and develop SMART goal statements for each
- Step 5: List the steps to achieve each goal

#### **Step 1: Create + Categorize Problem Statements**

*Create problem statements as they relate to each of the identified risk factors.* 

Risk Factors	Problem Statement(s)
1. Norms, customs & policies that permit or promote substance abuse	Excessive drinking rates continue to be a problem in DeKalb County
	2. Community understanding of addiction and the use of ATOD's is a problem in DeKalb County
	3. Community understanding of the economic and community impact of ATOD's use is a problem in DeKalb County
2. Actual and perceived availability and use of ATOD's	ATOD use & abuse by youth and adults is a problem in DeKalb County
	2. Perceived peer use of ATOD's is higher than actual reported use in DeKalb County
	3. Community understanding of addiction and the use of ATOD's is a problem in DeKalb County
3. Limited prevention & recovery resources	1. Availability of treatment & recovery options for individuals and families is a problem in DeKalb County
	2. Availability of effective prevention programs for youth continues to be a problem in DeKalb County
	3. Access to effective intervention & prevention resources continues to be a problem in DeKalb CO.

#### **Step 2: Evidence-Informed Problem Statements**

Identify your top three problem statements using local or state data. Ensure that there is a problem statement for each co-equal funding category (e.g., prevention/education; intervention/treatment; and criminal justice services and activities).

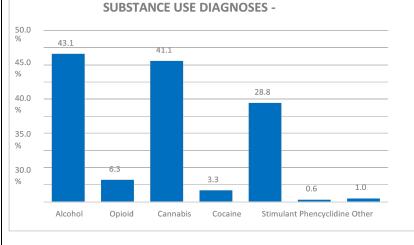
Problem Statements	Data That I	Establish	es Prob	lem				Data Source
1. ATOD use & abuse by youth and adults is a problem in DeKalb County	DeKalb County excessive drinking rate:  e by youth adults is a lem in  DeKalb County excessive drinking rate:  2020: 19% 2021: 17.4% 2022: 18.4%						2024 County Health rankings report	
	2022: 21 8%							2024 County Health Rankings report
	<ul> <li>48.3% of treatment episodes in DeKalb County reported meth use with 33.3% meeting criteria for meth dependence.</li> <li>It is important to note that the Northeast quadrant of counties (DeKalb, Noble, Steuben, LaGrange) had a combined 46.35% reported use of meth treatment episodes. These rural communities continue to see methamphetamine use at a higher rate than surrounding urban communities (i.e., Allen County rate of meth use reported is 29.4%).</li> <li>Note: Rural areas have seen slight decreases and urban areas continue to see increases in meth use/dependence.</li> </ul>						2024 IN State Epidemiological Report on Consumption & Consequences of ATOD	
	in the DeKa	alb com	nunity		reflect	ive of wl	nat we are seein	Youth Survey
	Past Month Substance	Usage % 8 <sup>th</sup> NE Region	IN State	10 <sup>th</sup> NE Region	IN State	12 <sup>th</sup> NE Region	IN State	(This is a biennial survey conducted in even years
	Alcohol	8.4	8.2	15.5	12.5	24.4	19.9	only)
	Binge Drinking	2.8	2.5	4.1	4.0	9.6	8.2	
	Marijuana	5.7	4.0	11.4	8.4	20.2	12.6	
	Cigarettes         1.5         2.0         2.0         3.6         2.8							
Vaping     8.5     7.5     13.3     11.0     18.0     14.8       RX Drugs     .9     1.3     1.3     1.3     2.1     1.5								
RX Drugs 9 1.3 1.3 2.1 1.5								

## Northeastern Center Consumers Served in State Fiscal Year 2024 Who Resided in DeKalb County

Adults Provided Addiction Treatment 484 Youth Provided Addiction Treatment 21



2024 Northeastern Center Regional Mental Health Center Annual Data Report



 DeKalb County Respondents that indicated that they have a friend or family member who struggles with a substance abuse disorder/addiction

2023/2024 - 58.2%

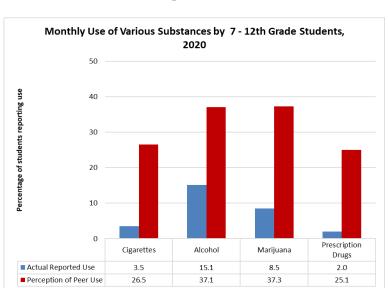
2025 - 61.49%

2023/2024 2025 Drug Free DeKalb County Community Survey

# 2. Community under-standing of addiction and the use of ATOD's is a problem in DeKalb County

#### **2022- (Question not in 2022 or 2024 Survey)**

There is a distinct disconnect between teens reported use of substances and their peer's perception of their use. The below table represents the total % of IN students that believe their peers used substance at some point in the last month and their reported actual use.



 Responding Somewhat to Very Much to the statement that Adults in DeKalb County "perceive alcohol, vaping and marijuana use as harmless"

2022- 75.36% (SA, A) (Strongly Agree/Agree) 2023/2024 – 63.72% (Strongly Agree/Agree) 2025 - 74.10% (Strongly Agree/Agree)

 Responding Somewhat to Very Much to the statement that <u>Youth</u> in DeKalb County "perceive alcohol, vaping and marijuana use as harmless"

2022- 82.61% (SA, A) (Strongly Agree/Agree) 2023/2024 – 76.52 % (Strongly Agree/Agree) 2025 - 77.86% (Strongly Agree/Agree)

 DeKalb county respondents that were aware of the Indiana Lifeline Law

2022- 37.29% (True) 2023/2024 – 42.34% 2025 43.7%

 DeKalb County respondents that were aware of Aaron's Law that allows individuals access to Naloxone/Narcan
 2022-45.76% (True)

2023/2024 - 74.77%

**2025 – 74.07%** 

2020 Indiana Youth Survey

2022 Drug Free DeKalb County Community Survey (2022 was our first year to conduct a survey and will serve as our baseline)

2023/2024 Drug Free DeKalb County Community Survey

2025 Drug Free DeKalb County Community Survey

3. Access to effective intervention and prevention resources	<ul> <li>DeKalb County had a Mental Health provider ratio of 1,340:1 (pop/provider) compared to Indiana overall of 470:1 and a US rate of 300:1</li> <li>DeKalb County had 16 overdose deaths and 15 suicides in 2024 per 100,000 people</li> </ul>	2024 IN County Health Rankings Report
continues to be a problem in DeKalb County	<ul> <li>Suicide is a public health issue often associated with mental illness and substance abuse disorders. The indicates an age- adjusted annual suicide mortality rate of 14.5 per 100,000 population in DeKalb County. This rate is significantly higher than 12 other counties in the NE Quadrant of Indiana. Current age adjusted rates are not available for DeKalb County</li> </ul>	CDC pooled data from 1999-2017 (Most current compiled trend data)
	<ul> <li>DeKalb County responds to question "Whom would you contact if you or someone you know had a drug/alcohol problem/substance abuse disorder? (Multiple answers given/allowed)</li> <li>2022-</li> </ul>	2022 Drug Free DeKalb County Community Survey
	Mental Health Center/Counselor Clergy/Pastor Substance Use Recovery Meetings Substance Use Recovery Homes Parent/Family Member School Counselor/Teacher Drug Free DeKalb County  65.22% 39.13% 39.13% 55.07% 55.07% 57.25%	(2022 was our first year to conduct a survey and will serve as our baseline)
	I would not know who to contact 11.59%  2023/2024-  Montal Health Contan/Counselon 77.109/	2022/2024 Page
	Mental Health Center/Counselor Clergy/Pastor 33.33% Substance Use Recovery Meetings Substance Use Recovery Homes Parent/Family Member 988 Mental Health Crisis/Hotlines School Counselor/Teacher 35.96% Drug Free DeKalb County I would not know who to contact 77.19% 33.33% 60.53% 57.02% 31.58% 57.02% 57.02% 78.96% 78.96%	2023/2024 Drug Free DeKalb County Community Survey

2025-		
Mental Health Center/Counselor	67.88%	
Clergy/Pastor	23.36%	2025 Drug Free
<b>Substance Use Recovery Meetings</b>	49.64%	DeKalb County
<b>Substance Use Recovery Homes</b>	25.55%	Community Survey
Parent/Family Member	48.91%	
988 Mental Health Crisis/Hotlines	31.39%	
School Counselor/Teacher	21.17%	
Drug Free DeKalb County	8.76%	
I would not know who to contact	11.68%	

#### **Step 3: Brainstorm**

Consider the resources/assets and limitations/gaps that were identified for each risk factor, and list what actions can be taken for each identified problem statement.

Problem Statements	What can be done (action)?
ATOD use & abuse by youth and adults is a problem in DeKalb County	Support the law enforcement needs and activities to reduce access to alcohol for youth, detect impaired drivers, and other efforts to reduce alcohol and drug problems in the county     Support alternative activities for youth     Support public and social service agencies that work with youth to identify and reduce risk factors that contribute to ATOD use in youth
2. Community understanding of addiction and the use of ATOD's is a problem in DeKalb County	Support local educational forums to be held on issues related to ATOD     Support drug testing efforts for identification of drug use in DeKalb County     Raise Mental Health Awareness and its relation to substance abuse
3. Access to effective intervention and prevention resources continues to be a problem in DeKalb County	<ol> <li>Support programs &amp; organizations that provide treatment and recovery services in DeKalb County</li> <li>Support prevention education programs provided through schools and other community organizations</li> <li>Support programs that delay or prevent the first use of ATOD</li> </ol>

#### **o** Step 4: Develop SMART Goal Statements

• For each problem statement, prioritize your list of what can be done. Choose your top two actions for each. Then, develop goal statements that demonstrate what change you hope to achieve and by when you hope to achieve it.

#### **Problem Statement #1**

#### Goal 1

DFDC will increase understanding of IN laws related to ATOD use by 5% by 6/2026 as measured by annual responses to related questions in the DeKalb County Community Survey utilizing 2022 survey as baseline data.

#### Goal 2

DFDC will increase the number of adults in DeKalb County obtaining treatment & recovery services by 5% by 12/2026 measured by local treatment center and recovery homes year-end annual service numbers.

#### **Problem Statement #2**

#### Goal 1

DFDC will increase access to naloxone/Narcan through a minimum of 2 Addiction/Narcan Trainings in DeKalb County and evaluation of current and potential Naloxone Box locations in DeKalb County to determine gaps &/or need for relocation of boxes by 6/2026.

#### Goal 2

DFDC will increase annual ATOD's education/ messaging reach to diverse community members by cultivating new partnerships to include area chambers of commerce to expand the reach of our PAW (Parents at Work) outreach and hosting/co-hosting/participating in a minimum of 2 community/agency education programs including CIT (Crisis Intervention Training) for first responders by 6/2026.

#### Problem Statement #3

#### Goal 1

DFDC will reduce the number of individuals responding, "I would not know who to contact" to our DFDC survey question "Whom would you contact if you or someone you know had a drug/alcohol problem/substance abuse disorder?" to under 10% by 6/2026.

#### Goal 2

DFDC will continue to work with 3 DeKalb County public school districts to review current vaping policies and adopt policies/processes that include vaping education and referral to mental health services as an alternative to out of school suspension/expulsion if policies do not currently allow those alternatives and assist in implementing promising solutions for vaping issues by 6/2026.

**Step 5: Plans to Achieve Goals**For each goal, list the steps required to achieve each

Ducklam Chahamanh #1	Chang
Problem Statement #1	Steps Control of the
Goal 1	1. Prevention/Education - Support alternative activities for youth
DFDC will increase understanding of IN laws related to	activities for youth
ATOD use by 5% by 6/2026 as measured by annual responses to related questions in the DeKalb County	2. Intervention/Treatment - Support public and
Community Survey utilizing 2022 survey as baseline	social service agencies that work with youth to
data.	identify and reduce risk factors that contribute to
data.	ATOD use in youth
	·
	3. Justice Services/Supports - Support law
	enforcement needs and activities to reduce access to
	alcohol for youth, detect impaired drivers, and other
	efforts to reduce alcohol and drug problems in the county
	County
Goal 2	1. Prevention/Education - Support education
DFDC will increase the number of adults in DeKalb	initiatives that engage multiple sectors of the
County obtaining treatment & recovery services by 5% by	community
12/2026 measured by local treatment center and recovery	
homes year-end annual service numbers.	2. Intervention/Treatment - Support programs
	that encourage positive mad healthy family
	relationships
	3. Justice Services/Supports - Support law
	enforcement programs/courts that work to reduce
	offender abuse of and/or addiction to ATOD thus
	decreasing related criminal activity.
D 11 C/ / //2	
Problem Statement #2	Steps
Goal 1	1. Prevention/Education - Support local
DFDC will increase access to naloxone/Narcan through a	educational forums to be held on issues related to ATOD
minimum of 2 Addiction/Narcan Trainings in DeKalb	Mod
County and evaluation of current and potential Naloxone Box locations in DeKalb County to determine gaps &/or	2. Intervention/Treatment - Support programs
need for relocation of boxes by 6/2026.	that mental health awareness
need for relocation of cones by 0/2020.	
	3. Justice Services/Supports - Support drug
	testing efforts for identification of drug use in
	DeKalb County

#### Goal 2

DFDC will increase annual ATOD's education/messaging reach to diverse community members by cultivating new partnerships to include area chambers of commerce to expand the reach of our PAW (Parents at Work) outreach and hosting/co-hosting/participating in a minimum of 2 community/agency education programs including CIT (Crisis Intervention Training) for first responders by 6/2026.

- 1. Prevention/Education Support prevention education programs provided through schools and other community organizations
- 2. Intervention/Treatment Support programs & organizations that provide treatment and recovery services in DeKalb County
- 3. Justice Services/Supports Support law enforcement programs/courts that work to reduce offender abuse of and/or addiction to ATOD thus decreasing related criminal activity.

#### **Problem Statement #3**

#### Goal 1

DFDC will reduce the number of individuals responding, "I would not know who to contact" to our DFDC survey question "Whom would you contact if you or someone you know had a drug/alcohol problem/substance abuse disorder?" to under 10% by 6/2026.

#### Steps

- 1. Prevention/Education - Support local educational forums to be held on issues related to ATOD
- 2. Intervention/Treatment Support programs & organizations that provide treatment and recovery services in DeKalb County
- 3. Justice Services/Supports Support law enforcement programs/courts that work to reduce offender abuse of and/or addiction to ATOD thus decreasing related criminal activity.

#### Goal 2

DFDC will continue to work with 3 DeKalb County public school districts to review current vaping policies and adopt policies/processes that include vaping education and referral to mental health services as an alternative to out of school suspension/expulsion if policies do not currently allow those alternatives and assist in implementing promising solutions for vaping issues by 6/2026.

- 1. Prevention/Education support prevention/education programs provided through the schools & community partners
- 2. Intervention/Treatment support programs & organizations that provide treatment and recovery services in DeKalb County
- 3. Justice Services/Supports support school resource officers' efforts in public schools

#### **Fund Document**

The fund document allows the LCC to provide finances available to the coalition at the beginning of the year. The fund document gauges an LCC's fiscal wellness to empower their implementation of growth within their community. The fund document also ensures LCCs meet the statutory requirement of funding programs within the three categories of (1) Prevention/Education, (2) Treatment/Intervention, and (3) Criminal Justice Services and Activities (IC 5-2-11-5).

Funding Profile					
1	Amount deposited into the County DFC Fund from fees collected last year:			\$31,742.13	
2	Amount of unused funds from last year that will roll over into this year:			\$39,504.34	
3	Total funds available for programs and administrative costs for this year (Line 1 + Line 2):			\$71,246.47*	
4	Amount of funds granted last year:			\$49,716.00*	
Additional Funding Sources (if no money is received, please enter \$0.00)					
A	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA):			\$0.00	
В	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):			\$0.00	
C	Bureau of Justice Administration (BJA):			\$0.00	
D	Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP):			\$0.00	
$\mathbf{E}$	Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH):			\$0.00	
F	Indiana Department of Education (DOE):			\$0.00	
G	Indiana Division of Mental Health and Addiction (DMHA):			\$0.00	
Н	Indiana Family and Social Services Administration (FSSA):			\$0.00	
Ι	Local entities:			\$0.00	
J	J Other:			\$0.00	
Categorical Funding Allocations					
Prevention/Education: \$17,811.62		Intervention/Treatment: \$17,811.62	Justice Services: \$17,811.62		
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Funding Allocated to Administrative Costs					
Itemized list of what is being funded			Amount (\$100.00)		
Coordinator compensation			\$12,000.00		
Office supplies/Operating Expenses/Travel/Training/Education \$ 5			\$ 5,811.6	\$ 5,811.61	
Funding Allocations by Goal per Problem Statement:					
Problem Statement #1		Problem Statement #2	Problem Statement #3		
Goal 1: \$8,905.81		Goal 1: \$8,905.81	Goal 1: \$8,905.81		
Goal 2: \$8,905.81		Goal 2: \$8,905.81	Goal 2: \$8,905.81		

<sup>\*</sup>Drug Free DeKalb County continues to be in a rebuilding process. Drug Free DeKalb funds were frozen and unavailable for distribution for a period of time to resolve a former IRS issue which has resulted in excess funds (more than one year) in the account. In 2018 DFDC was able to begin distributing funds again. DFDC is working to assure that available funds are expended in a fiscally responsible manner as approved from the DeKalb County Commissioners. 12/31/24 fund balance of \$71,246.47 includes \$31,742.13 of offender fees collected in 2024 and \$39,504.34 of funds that remained from previous collections.