FINAL

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

other names/site 2. Location	number063-			ey, House		 	
		-066–5005	5				
2. Location	7290 South						
	7290 South						
street & number_	7270 BOULT	County I	Road 1050) East		N/A	not for publication
city or town	Camby						_ ☑ vicinity
state	Indiana	_ codeI	county_	Hendricks	code _	063	zip code <u>46113</u>
3. State/Federal	Agency Certifi	cation					
Signature of ce Indiana State of Federa In my opinion, toomments.)	rtifying official/Title Department I agency and burea	of Natura	al Resour	commend that this proper eet for additional commer /-27-95 Date cces ational Register criteria. ([nts.)		
Oignature of ce	rulying official/ fille						
State or Federa	l agency and burea	ıu					
4. National Park	Service Certific	cation					
hereby certify that the	e property is: National Register. ontinuation sheet.			Signature of the Keeper			Date of Action
National Reg							
determined no National Reg	gister.						
☐ removed from Register.	the National						
other, (explain:)						

Noah	and	Hannah	Hadley	KELLUM	House
Name o				_	

Hendricks County, Indiana
County and State

5. Classification	2000				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply) Category of Property (Check only one box)		Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)			
private	building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing		
□ public-local□ public-State□ public-Federal	☐ district ☐ site ☐ structure ☐ object	3	0	buildings	
		0	0	sites	
		0	0	structures	
		0	0	objects	
		3	0	Total	
Name of related multiple property is not part	roperty listing of a multiple property listing.)	Number of cor in the National	ntributing resources p Register	previously listed	
N/A	- Additional Control of the Control	0			
6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)			
DOMESTIC: single dwelling		DOMESTIC: single dwelling			
AGRICULTURE: animal facility		AGRICULTURE: storage			
AGRICULTURE: storage					

7. Description					
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)	•	Materials (Enter categories from	instructions)		
OTHER: I-house		foundation BRICK			
Greek Revival		wallsBRICK			
Italianate		STONE	: limestone		
OTHER: English barn		roofASPHA	LT		
		otherWOOD:	weatherboard		

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Record #

<u>Hendricks County</u>, <u>Indiana</u> County and State

8. Statement of Significance Applicable National Register Criteria Areas of Significance (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property (Enter categories from instructions) for National Register listing.) ARCHITECTURE ☐ A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history. ☐ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past. C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and Period of Significance distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction. 1872-c.1900 D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history. Criteria Considerations Significant Dates (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.) 1872 Property is: ☐ A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes. Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above) ☐ **B** removed from its original location. C a birthplace or grave. **Cultural Affiliation** □ D a cemetery. N/A ☐ E a reconstructed building, object, or structure. ☐ **F** a commemorative property. Architect/Builder ☐ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance Unknown within the past 50 years. Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.) 9. Major Bibliographical References **Bibilography** (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.) Primary location of additional data: Previous documentation on file (NPS): X State Historic Preservation Office preliminary determination of individual listing (36 ☐ Other State agency CFR 67) has been requested ☐ Federal agency previously listed in the National Register □ Local government ☐ previously determined eligible by the National Register University □ Other ☐ designated a National Historic Landmark Name of repository: Indiana Historic ☐ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey Sites and Structures Inventory ☐ recorded by Historic American Engineering

Name of Property County and State 10. Geographical Data Acreage of Property _2.066 **UTM References** (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.) 4 13 8 19 6 18 10 ☐ See continuation sheet Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.) **Boundary Justification** (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.) 11. Form Prepared By name/title Guy Booth - Community Services Intern organization Historic Landmarks Foundation of Indiana street & number 340 W. Michigan St. telephone _317-639-4534 $zip\ code\ ^{46202}$ Indianapolis city or town. state Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form: Continuation Sheets Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location. A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. **Photographs** Representative black and white photographs of the property. Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items) **Property Owner** (Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.) Dr. Larry and Sara Jane Ryan R.R. 1, Box 547 street & number_ telephone. Camby city or town _

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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The Noah and Hannah Hadley Kellum House, Fairfield Road, in Hendricks County, is a two story, gable roofed, common bond brick residence. The house sits on a two acre lot in a rural area a short distance from Camby, Indiana which is to the east. The house, built in 1872, is an excellent example of the vernacular type known as the "I-house" (photo 1). Behind the house are three outbuildings, two of which date to the approximate time period of the house (barn and large shed) and a third building, a concrete block garage, which dates from the 1930s or 40s and does not contribute to the 19th century character of the property.

The foundation of the house is also brick with a small fruit cellar beneath the southern half (the parlor) of the house (photo 4). Running five bays across and one deep, the house also has a rear ell and a number of additions extending the ell to the rear. All window openings are segmental arched with header courses and limestone sills. Most windows are 4/4 double hung sash. Ornamentation varies from a Greek Revival influence seen in the shouldered surround of the central doorway, to the Italianate influence reflected in the wood bracketed entablature with returns at the roofline. The central entry with single light glazed door, sidelights, and single pane transom were once sheltered by an arcaded wooden porch which extended to the two flanking bays.

The north elevation has a gable end with internal chimney (the only remaining chimney) and the two story rear ell extends from front I-house section. The ell has an Eastlake style porch over the side entry and flanking windows (photo 5). First and second floor openings are similar to those of the front. Several additions have altered the south and west elevations. On the south side of the two story ell, a summer kitchen extended a short distance from the house and helped to frame a small rear porch between the house and summer kitchen. This was the extent of the house as built in 1872. At some point before the turn of the the rear ell was extended with a single story kitchen (photo 11). Much later, in 1972, an additional single story family room was put directly behind the southern parlor, although not connected to that room (photo 12). In 1992, both the family room and the rear ell on its north side were extended and an attached garage was built behind but still adjacent to the new storage space (photos 11, 13, and 14). The brick used in each

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addition matches the main house almost identically, but the windows provide excellent keys for future dating.

The interior plan of the Kellum House is that of conventional I-house, the front section having a central hall on each floor with single rooms flanking. The two story ell has one room on each level, and uses in the various additions have been discussed. The central staircase is of stained wood, while most other woodwork is painted (photo 10). The newel post is lathe-turned, as are the balusters.

Interior ornamentation, while varying slightly from room to room, has a classical source. The south parlor, just off of the stairhall, has the most ornate treatment (photo 6). Doorway architrave surrounds are shouldered and have portiere transom screens. Window openings throughout the house have simple entablature headers with plain vertical boards (photo 7). Other rooms, such as the parlor north of the stairhall, have transomed doorways with entablature headers. This room also has a Neo-Classical (c.1900?) stained walnut mantel with mirrored overmantle (photo 9). Much original plaster remains in the house, only occasional patching has been needed.

Outbuildings on the property are in fair condition and are used only for storage. The most important outbuilding on the property is the English barn (photo 15). It has vertical board siding, a broad sheet metal covered gable roof, and offset side sliding doors. Nearby is a large vertical board sided shed with open leanto addition (photo 16). Like the barn, it is believed to date from the same period as the house. The three bay concrete block garage dates from the 1930s or 40s and is non-contributing (photo 17).

Section 8-Statement of Significance

The Noah and Hannah Hadley Kellum House, 1872, is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C as an excellent local example of a vernacular "I-house" with several styles of ornamentation. Builders of the I-

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house type often borrowed decorative elements from popular styles, and it is these homes which "bridged the gap between the rural, folk-derived building types and the academic, architect-designed structures of the country's urban areas." (Hendricks County Interim Report, p. xvii)

The I-house type developed from English-influenced folk housing introduced to the Chesapeake Bay area. As the English hall and parlor tradition spread to the Upland South states, the central passage type and its logical consequent, the I-house, developed. Influence from the Upland South region came by way of migration, bringing the I-house to its namesake "I" states: Illinois, and Iowa. By the time it reached this area, the I-house had evolved into a distinctive and formal expression of landed wealth, as seen in the Kellum House. That the Kellum family migrated from North Carolina-one of the regions in which the Itype first developed-also explains much traditional appearance of the home.

The Kellum House has a five bay facade, single pen depth, side gabled roof, and rear ell. The plan also reflects the classic I-house configuration: a central hall flanked by single rooms on each floor. Ornamentation on the Kellum House includes influences from Greek Revival (shouldered moldings), Italianate (missing porch, entablature with brackets, arched openings), and Eastlake (side porch). Cultural geographers have often noted the use of popular-derived architectural details on the I-house, and the Kellum House clearly is a locally remarkable example of the tradition found in the design and construction of I-houses.

The period of significance of the Kellum House includes the date of construction of the house, barn, and large shed, extending to c.1900 to include the historic additions to the house. The barn is a typical example of a heavy timber frame English barn and contributes to the 19th century character of the property, as does the shed. The garage, however, does not add to the 19th century character of the farm and is considered non-contributing.

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The house was built in 1872 by Noah Kellum on land purchased from the U.S. government by Noah's grandfather (also named Noah Kellum) in 1821. The land was acquired under terms of the Treaty of St. Mary's. The township was eventually named Guilford Township, after the county in North Carolina that the settlers, almost wholly Quakers, came from. Ten years previous to the construction of the house, Noah's brother, Wesley, built a house directly across the road. The brothers also married sisters Hannah and Melissa Hadley. Noah used the same brickmaking site that Wesley had earlier used. Noah was a teacher and it is not known to what extent he farmed the land, but the <u>Standard Atlas of Hendricks County</u>, <u>Indiana</u> (1904) indicated that he owned close to 80 acres adjacent to the house. When he died in 1906, the entire property was passed on to his only daughter, Orpha Kellum Mendenhall. She lived in the house with her husband, Charles, who left the property to their son Harold in 1945. Harold lived in the house alone until his death in 1970. The property then passed through a variety of real estate transactions until later that year when it was bought by Dr. Larry and Sarah Jane Kellum Ryan-Wesley Kellum's great-granddaughter and husband-who still own and reside in the house.

With the expansion of Indianapolis International Airport and rapid growth of the Indianapolis metropolitan west side, this and other historic farms in Guilford Township are threatened by urban sprawl.

Section 9-Bibliography

Fairfield Friends History: Fairfield Friends Meeting 1826-1986. Hendricks County, IN: Fairfield Friends Meeting, 1986.

History of Hendricks County, Indiana. Chicago: Inter-State Publishing Co., 1885.

Indiana Historic Sites and Structures Inventory. Hendricks County Interim Report, 1989.

Kniffen, Fred. "Folk Housing: Key to Diffusion," Annals of the

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Noah and Hannah Hadley KELLUM House Hendricks County, Indiana

Association of American Geographers, 1965.

Noble, Allen. <u>Wood</u>, <u>Brick</u>, <u>and Stone</u>, <u>The North American</u>

<u>Settlement Landscape</u>, <u>Volumes I and II</u>. Amherst: University of Massachusetts Press, 1984.

Ryan, Sara Jane. Interview with Guy Booth, September 14, 1993.

Section 10-Geographical Data-Verbal Boundary Description

Part of the Northwest Quarter of Section 17, Township 14 North, Range 2 East of the Second Principal Meridian, Hendricks County, Indiana, more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the center of said Section 17, Township and Range aforesaid (stone found) and running thence north on the Quarter Section line a distance of 1077.55 feet to a railroad spike (southeast corner of this tract) and the true beginning of this description; continue thence north on the Quarter Section line a distance of 200.00 feet to a railroad spike, deflect 90 degrees left and run thence westerly a distance of 450.00 feet to an iron pipe; deflect 90 degrees left and run thence southerly a distance of 200.00 feet to an iron pipe; deflect 90 degrees left and run thence easterly a distance of 450.00 feet to a railroad spike (Quarter Section line) and the beginning point of this description. Containing 2.066 acres more or less and subject to the legal right-of-way across the entire east side thereof.

Boundary Justification

This is the legal description of the property-containing all the of the buildings within the narrative description.

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Photographs

The following information is identical for each photograph:

Noah and Hannah Hadley KELLUM House, Hendricks County, Indiana Guy Booth, photographer September 14, 1993 Negatives with Historic Landmarks Foundation of Indiana

Photo 1: front facade, camera facing west; Photo 2: detail of front door surround, camera facing west; Photo 3: east and south facades, camera facing northwest; Photo 4: cellar under parlor, camera facing southwest; Photo 5: detail of porch on north facade, camera facing south; Photo 6: detail of parlor (now master bedroom) door surround, camera facing west; Photo 7: detail of window surronds (in parlor); Photo 8: detail of hall and typical door surround, camera facing northwest; Photo 9: detail of fireplace, camera facing north; Photo 10: detail of stairs, camera facing west; Photo 11: detail of pre-20th century kitchen addition and garage, camera facing southwest; Photo 12: south facade with 1972 addition, camera facing north; Photo 13: west facade with 1992 addition, camera facing northeast; Photo 14: west facade with 1992 addition and garage, camera facing east; Photo 15: English barn, camera facing west; Photo 16: Shed, camera facing west; Photo 17: concrete block garage, camera facing northwest.

