UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS U	ISE UN	LY		
DECENTED				

DATE ENTERED

	FEDERAL PROPERTIES	В одбирования		opphis and the college was a my college of popular and an angle of the college of the college of the college of
SEE	INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO TYPE ALL ENTRIES C	O COMPLETE NATIO	ONAL REGISTER FORMS ABLE SECTIONS	
NAME				
HISTORIC	Rickenbaugh House		13 hg: =4,1/9 -L+1 5	
AND/OR COMMON	Celina Post Office	(2)		
2 LOCATIO			sage Frimery t	
STREET & NUMBER	N.E. Corner of Lake C Hoosier National Fore		N/A_NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	CI O : V		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRI	СТ
	St. Croix X	VICINITY OF CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	Indiana	018	Perrv	123
3 CLASSIFIC		assembler en vien et de revenir en troch en en en en de de front fan de peter en		
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
_DISTRICT	X_PUBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	X_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	_WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
_OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X_YES RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	being considered	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIALMILITARY	TRANSPORTATION
4 AGENCY	oscor i sociali sti Accordisti si con			
U.S. Fores	uarters (<i>If applicable</i>) t Service, c/o Judith	Propper, Region	nal Archaeologist	
	consin Avenue			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	LONGHING NO
Milwaukee	The second secon	VICINITY OF	Wisconsin	
5 LOCATIO	N OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEED	OS, ETC Recorder's Offi	ice		
STREET & NUMBER	Perry County Co	ourthouse		
CITY. TOWN	Cannelton	Lor, Bank Franka	. STATE Indiana	
& DENDECT	NTATION IN EXIST	INC SHRVEYS		
TITLE N/A	NIATION IN EXIST	ING BOX VIII		
DATE				
		FEDERAL	STATE _COUNTY _LOCA	L
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	N/A			producer state of control of the con
CITY, TOWN			STATE	



CONDITION

__EXCELLENT __DETERIORATED
__GOOD __RUINS
X_FAIR __UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

__UNALTERED X_ALTERED

CHECK ONE

X_ORIGINAL SITE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Rickenbaugh House faces west, overlooking the northeastern end of Lake Celina. The house is a two-story, T-plan structure, with side porches attached to north and south sides of rear extension, thus forming a 40' x 40' square. The roof is gabled, low-pitch, and now is covered with corrugated metal. Flush end chimneys are located at the three gable ends. (Photos 1, 2)

Sandstone is the principal facade material, being ashlar-cut blocks with regular horizontal coursing. With the exception of a clapboard pantry extension at the northeastern corner of the structure, all exterior walls are constructed with these blocks which are laid one deep (the same blocks serving as both exterior and interior walls). Chimneys, sills, and lintels are also of the same stone. Most of the clay-like mortar is extant; there are occasional areas of repointing with a higher lime content mortar. The principal (west) facade is six bays across with rigidly symmetrical placement of openings. The first story has two central doors flanked by two windows (W-W-D-D-W-W). The upper story has four windows, located directly above those on the first story. The windows, now boarded with plywood, originally had six-over-six lights, set in openings of approximately 3' x 4'. Massive sandstone lintels surmount doors and windows. Those above the doors are 4'10" x 1'4"; and those above the windows measure 4'4" x 1'4". The surfaces of the stone sills and lintels are vermiculated, yet smoother in contrast to the general facade material which shows cutting marks more distinctly. Corners are articulated, as well, with vermiculated quoins which are enhanced by a slightly lighter color of sandstone, and this is especially noticeable toward the top of the facade where the execution tends to be more refined. Originally, there was a one-story porch on the west facade. This was replaced shortly after the turn of the century with a wider porch which covered the four centermost bays on the first story. This second porch, recently removed, had a gable over the front doors. It was supported by turned posts in the carpenter-builder style. The location of both porches is discernible from a recessed area of stone, otherwise unexposed, and from a slight discoloration of the stone. A three-tier rubble and cement deck, partially deteriorated, remains at the front entrance and, like the later porch, spans the four centermost bays. Also on the west facade are two basement openings at the porch deck level; these have iron grates across the openings. On the front, as on all sides, is an unadorned wood frieze and cornice molding with returns and raking cornice at the three gable ends.

On the north side of the house (Photo 3), the only opening on the gable end is a cellar entrance which consists of a series of steps descending below ground level. The opening is supported by a segmental arch of radiating sandstone voussoirs, the only opening not supported by a rectangular lintel. The north side of the rear extension houses a porch and a small clapboard pantry extension which forms the northeast corner of the house. Under the porch roof are three openings: one door, facing east, and a door and window, facing north. Each has sills and lintels as those found on the west facade and is boarded shut.

The area of the porch is 8' deep and 12' wide. One square post rises from the partially deteriorated cement deck. The clapboard pantry extension, apparently original to the house, is 8' square. Some of the clapboards have been replaced by stamped metal siding. It houses one window on the north side.

The rear (east) of the house has two windows, both on the upper story, symmetrically placed. A flush end chimney is located at the gable peak. This rises from an oven which extends roughly 6' from the rear wall. The oven is approximately 5'4" wide, and is executed in sandstone with a shed roof. At ground level are two basement windows, identical to those on the west facade.

On the south side of the rear extension was a porch, like that on the north side, only without the pantry. This has been removed within the past year, thus leaving the otherwise symmetrical rear (east) facade without a full gable and raking cornice, and minus one of the returns. This porch, the cement deck of which remains, was 8' x 20'. The south wall has a door flanked by two windows. Also, a window facing east from the house looked onto the porch. The roof of the porch, which was a continuation of the roof over the rear wing of the house, has been sawn flush with the south wall, thus leaving roof rafters exposed and a gap of approximately 3' which has been filled with plywood. On the south end of the front section there are no openings.

The interior is very simply laid out into six large rooms, three to each floor. The first floor has two parlors in the front section of the house. There is no central hall between them; rather, each was entered through one of the doors on the west facade. These parlors were connected by a large opening with wooden panel doors which were intended to open, forming one large parlor. It is said that the carpenters forgot to install sliding mechanisms; hence, the two parlors remained separate, with only one-third of the panel divider operable. Each parlor is roughtly 16' square.

The kitchen, which forms the rear extension, is located behind the parlors. Its dimensions, excluding the 8' square pantry, are $16' \times 20'$. An enclosed L-shaped stairway rises from the kitchen.

The second story is similar to the first, with two bedrooms above the parlors, and a third above the kitchen. There was attic space under the roof which extended over porches on both sides of the kitchen wing (now only on the north side).

The interior, though somewhat damaged by water and vandals, still retains its basic solid character. The walls and ceilings are lath and plaster-finished. The window openings are splayed to allow as much light as possible to pass through the thick walls. Though the fireplace mantels have been removed, some of the woodwork remains, primarily in the poplar shelves and walnut trim which, on the first floor, flank the fireplaces in both parlors. The three-panel divider between the parlors remains, with one hinged panel serving as a door. Interior doors and trim are relatively simple. The upstairs doors had three-light transoms. The front bedrooms had shallow closets on either side of the chimneys. Some of the wooden pegs for hanging clothes remain within

There is a full basement where hand-hewn oak beams and poplar joists are visible. Additional beams were used for support under the fireplaces. The foundation stones are similar to those visible on the facades, but are of generally larger dimensions. There are no extant outbuildings.

The house is in stable condition; its walls and foundation show no signs of unfavorable settling or deterioration, with the exception of the chimney of the south wall, which is missing some stones at the top. The other, less durable features, have suffered somewhat, however, from several years of neglect and vandalism. A faulty roof, now replaced, allowed water to damage much of the plaster and interior woodwork (floors

have buckled, stairs have become loose, etc.). Exterior wood trim, (cornice and frieze) though extant, shows deterioration. The wooden structural members appear not to be significantly affected by dry rot or termite problems. Vandals have removed mantels and some doors, and have destroyed most of the window trim. The only major damage to the integrity of the house is the loss of the porch on the south side, and this was necessitated by years of water damage from the older roof. This, however, is not irreparable, as the porch was of simple construction with modest cornice detail. The original front porch is long-vanished, and the loss of the second front porch poses no real problem, should restoration be desired in the future. The house has been secured from vandals by a high, chain link and barbed wire fence which surrounds the house. All openings are sealed with plywood. The present roof will also help ensure some degree of stability to the building fabric.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
_1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
_1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	X_ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
_1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X 1800 1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
_1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	X POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIEV)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1874

BUILDER/ARCHITECT Unknown

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Rickenbaugh House was built by Jacob Rickenbaugh in 1874, and it served as home for his descendants until its acquisition by the U.S. Forest Service in 1968, and for most of the period between 1878 and 1961 it was the Celina Post Office. It is significant both for its historical association with Perry County—its role as post office and one-family home—and for its architectural style and integrity.

Jacob Rickenbaugh (1822-1910) was born in Emmitsburg, Maryland, and moved to Indiana in 1855, shortly after his marriage to Elizabeth Ester Kerr. In that year he purchased from J. D. Carmickle a parcel of land, in addition to others, on which he set up a tannery. Rickenbaugh chose the site for its abundance of oak and chestnut trees, the bark of which he used in his tanning process. This property included a log house which served as the Rickenbaugh house until the present house was built some 19 years later. The log house was located where the Lake Celina boat launch parking lot is at present.

Construction of the present house began in 1873 or 1874. It is believed that the stone masons employed by Rickenbaugh came from either Leopold or St. Croix, nearby communities, and that after completion of the Rickenbaugh House they went to work on the abbey at St. Meinrad, which bears similar materials and construction techniques. The source of the sandstone has not been determined. Ramps were constructed along the walls to assist in stone laying; on the east or rear facade are depressions in the stone which, never filled in after construction, attest to the use and location of these ramps.

In the late 1870s, Jacob Rickenbaugh closed his tannery and turned to farming. At about the same time, in 1878, Ella Rickenbaugh, one of Jacob's ten children, took over the postmastership from local blacksmith, George Hilt. Though only 17 years old, she was allowed to hold the job for which she was legally too young. In 1881 Ella married William Edwards, and the postmastership was passed to her mother, but she reacquired the position after the death of her husband in 1883. After the death of her mother in 1899, Ella turned the postmastership over to Sarah Carmickle, only to become postmistress again a few years later, a position she held until 1941 when her daughter, Mrs. Nola Blunk, took over duties. In 1961 the services of the Celina Post Office were no longer needed. The shelves in the south parlor which served as the repository for postal materials remain in the house.

The Rickenbaugh House remained in the family until 1968 when it was acquired by the U.S. Forest Service. A further testimony to the Rickenbaugh family's long association with the site is the Rickenbaugh Cemetery, located approximately 100 yards to the north of the house. Several members of the Rickenbaugh family, including Jacob and Elizabeth, and members of the Carmickle family, are buried there.

The Rickenbaugh House is a late example of the Greek Revival style, representing at once both the stylistic lag, common in rural areas, and the tenacity and adaptability of the Greek Revival style. Though the Greek Revival detail is restrained on this house, careful attention was given to such stylistic elements as the severe symmetricality of the west facade, the proportions and spacing of doors and windows, the roof pitch, the cornice, frieze and returns, and the articulation of corners with vermiculated quoins.

The stone work on the house, though not unique, is of uncommonly fine quality, and its integrity has not diminished in spite of time and neglect. Inside the house one can observe the quality and technique of construction, especially in the cellar where the hand-hewn beams and floor joists are quite sound, in the hand-split lath, and in the woodwork which, though not always intact, is consistent with the overall simplicity and high quality of the house.

Though the surroundings of the house have been altered and all other structures associated with the Rickenbaugh House have disappeared, including those at Winding Branch, a small community which was located at the site of the present Lake Celina dam, the site now has an added integrity—being a part of the Hoosier National Forest and located on Lake Celina. The Rickenbaugh House is a point of interest for recreationists using the trails and the boat ramp, thus remaining a viable cultural resource in its new context, where its notable construction and integrity are highly visible.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

See Continuation Sheet

ACHEAGE	OF NOMINATED	PROPERTY Les	s than on	e acre		
UTM REFE		PHOPERTY	0.1.4.7.4.1			
A[1,6]	1 5 3,3 9,	5. 01 14 212	6 5 7 0	в ,	1.1.11	
ZONE	- Control	NORTHII		discourant discourant dis-	EASTING N	ORTHING
C				D		
VERBAL	BOUNDARYD	ESCRIPTION				
The bounc	dany lies	10 feet from	m and par	allel to the	walls of the b	uilding.
The bound	dary tres	10 1000 110.				
						The Winds
						A DOLLAND A DIFC
LIS	ST ALL STATES	AND COUNTIES	FOR PROPER	RTIES OVERLAPPIN	G STATE OR COUNT	ROUNDARIES
STATE			CODE	COUNTY		CODE
SIAIL	N/A					
STATE			CODE	COUNTY		CODE
		Resource Ana	lysts, In	iC.	October 2	0, 1983
O. Box 24					812/334-03	303
U. DUA L.	7//				TELEPHON	
STREET & NU					TEEL HO!	
STREET & NU	UMBER				Indiana	47401
	umber n					
STREET & NO	umber n				Indiana	
STREET & NO OOMINGTON CITY OR TOV	umber n wn	ON OF NO	MINATI	ON	Indiana	
STREET & NO OOMINGTON CITY OR TOV	umber n wn	ON OF NO		ON TION OFFICER REC	Indiana STATE	
STREET & NO OOMINGTON CITY OR TOV	umber n wn			TION OFFICER REC	Indiana STATE	
STREET & NO OOMINGTON CITY OR TOV	umber n wn	STATE HISTORI	C PRESERVA	TION OFFICER REC	Indiana STATE	47401 lea
OOMINGTON	n wn	STATE HISTORI YES_X_	C PRESERVA	TION OFFICER REC	Indiana STATE OMMENDATION NOTE MATCHISTORIC PRESE	47401
oomingtol city or tov	TIFICATIO	STATE HISTORI YES X	C PRESERVA	TION OFFICER REC	OMMENDATION NONA PIATA HISTORIC PRESE The National Register	47401 RVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE, certifying that the State
Oomingtol CITY OR TOV CERT In complian Historic Pre	TIFICATIO	YES X ive Order 11593, er has been allow	C PRESERVA No I hereby nomi ed 90 days in	TION OFFICER REC O nate this property to which to present the	OMMENDATION NONE PIATE HISTORIC PRESE to the National Register e nomination to the St	47401
Oomingtol CITY OR TOV CITY OR TOV In complian Historic Pre evaluate its	TIFICATION TO WITH Execute servation Office significance. The	YES X ive Order 11593, er has been allow ne evaluated level	C PRESERVA No I hereby nomi ed 90 days in	TION OFFICER REC	OMMENDATION NONE PIATE HISTORIC PRESE to the National Register e nomination to the St	47401 RVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE, certifying that the State
Oomingtol CITY OR TOV CITY OR TOV In complian Historic Pre evaluate its	TIFICATION TO WITH Execute servation Office significance. The	YES X ive Order 11593, er has been allow	C PRESERVA No I hereby nomi ed 90 days in	TION OFFICER REC O nate this property to which to present the	OMMENDATION NONA PIATA HISTORIC PRESE The National Register e nomination to the St StateLocal.	47401 RVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE, certifying that the State
Oomingtol CITY OR TOV CITY OR TOV In complian Historic Pre evaluate its	TIFICATION TO WITH Execute servation Office significance. The	YES X ive Order 11593, er has been allow ne evaluated level	C PRESERVA No I hereby nomi ed 90 days in	TION OFFICER REC O nate this property to which to present the	OMMENDATION NONE PIATE HISTORIC PRESE to the National Register e nomination to the St	47401 RVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE, certifying that the State
Oomingtol CITY OR TOV CERT In complian Historic Pre evaluate its FEDERAL R TITLE DR NPS USE	TIFICATION TO SERVICE WITH EXECUTE EXECUTION OF SERVICE SERVI	YES X ive Order 11593, er has been allow ne evaluated level	C PRESERVA No I hereby nomi ed 90 days in of significance	nate this property to which to present the isNational	Indiana STATE OMMENDATION NONE PLATE HISTORIC PRESE One National Register e nomination to the St StateLocal.	A7401 RVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE, certifying that the State ate Review Board and to
Oomingtol CITY OR TOV CERT In complian Historic Pre evaluate its FEDERAL R TITLE DR NPS USE	TIFICATION TO SERVICE WITH EXECUTE EXECUTION OF SERVICE SERVI	YES X ive Order 11593, er has been allow ne evaluated level	C PRESERVA No I hereby nomi ed 90 days in of significance	TION OFFICER REC O nate this property to which to present the	Indiana STATE OMMENDATION NONE PLATE HISTORIC PRESE One National Register e nomination to the St StateLocal.	A7401 RVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE, certifying that the State ate Review Board and to
Oomingtol CITY OR TOV CERT In complian Historic Pre evaluate its FEDERAL R TITLE DR NPS USE	TIFICATION TO SERVICE WITH EXECUTE EXECUTION OF SERVICE SERVI	YES X ive Order 11593, er has been allow ne evaluated level	C PRESERVA No I hereby nomi ed 90 days in of significance	nate this property to which to present the isNational	Indiana STATE OMMENDATION NONE PLATE HISTORIC PRESE One National Register e nomination to the St StateLocal.	A7401 RVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE, certifying that the State ate Review Board and to
Oomington CITY OR TOV CERT In complian Historic Pre evaluate its FEDERAL R TITLE OR NPS USE I HEREBY	TIFICATION TIFICATION TO STATE OF THE PRESENTATION ONLY CERTIFY THAT	YES X ive Order 11593, er has been allow ne evaluated level IVE SIGNATURE	I hereby nomi ed 90 days in of significance	nate this property to which to present the isNational	Indiana STATE OMMENDATION NONE TATA HISTORIC PRESE O the National Register e noninitation to the St StateLocal. DATE AL REGISTER DATE	A7401 RVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE, certifying that the State ate Review Board and to
Oomington CITY OR TOV CERT In complian Historic Pre evaluate its FEDERAL R TITLE OR NPS USE I HEREBY	TIFICATION TIFICATION TO STATE OF THE PRESENTATION ONLY CERTIFY THAT	YES X ive Order 11593, er has been allow ne evaluated level	I hereby nomi ed 90 days in of significance	nate this property to which to present the isNational	Indiana STATE OMMENDATION NONE PLATE HISTORIC PRESE One National Register e nomination to the St State Local. DATE	A7401 RVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE, certifying that the State ate Review Board and to

- "Celina, A Fair Weather Town". Anonymous. Undated article from early 1940s, found in USFS files and at Tell City Historical Society.
- "County Historical Society May Restore Old Rome Post Office," The News, Tell City, September 15, 1977, p 7A.
- Perry County Assessor's Office. Oil Towship (Perry County, Indiana) Tax Duplicates, Perry County Assessor's Office, Perry County Courthouse, Cannelton, Indiana.
- Poehlein, Chuck. "A Grand Home--Celina Building was Early Showplace," <u>The News</u>, Tell City, 1983, undated, from Rickenbaugh family file at Tell City Historical Society.

Rickenbaugh House vic. of St. Croix, Indiana UTM Reference: 16/533950/4226570

