**United States Department of the Interior National Park Service** 

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### National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

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See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	е					
historic	The Farmers Club					
and/or common	The Farmers Club		a su esta y la catella. Laga sea mistration			
2. Loca	ation					
street & number	105 S. Chestnut S	treet	N/A not for publication			
city, town	Seymour	N/A_ vicinity of				
state	Indiana code	018 county	Jackson	code 07	1	
3. Clas	sification					
Category  district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status X occupied  unoccupied  work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted  yes: unrestricted  no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private reside religious scientific transportation	9 1 101-E	
4. Own	er of Proper	ty				
name street & number	e bits , sector bits - its	nunity (Seymour Nat	onal Bank, Truste	e)		
city, town	Seymour	N/A vicinity of	state	Indiana 47	274	
	ation of Lega					
	stry of deeds, etc. Jackson Main St	County Courthouse		e		
city, town	Brownst	own	state	Indiana 472	20	
6. Rep	resentation i	n Existing S	urveys		***********	
title	N/A	has this prop	erty been determined el	igible?yes X_	nc	
date			federal sta	te county	loca	
depository for su	rvey records N/A					

### 7. Description

excellentdeterioratedunaltered Xoriginal site Xgoodruins Xalteredmoved datefairunexposed	» N/A	
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Farmers Club faces west near the southeast corner of Chestnut and St. Louis Streets. Located one block west of the intersection of the Conrail and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroads, it is in the central business district of Seymour.

The building, which is Beaux-Arts classic in style, is one-and-one-half stories high, faced i stone colored brick laid in common bond and embellished with Indiana limestone. It has a rectangular plan, a three-bay facade and a flat roof. The facade is symmetrical except for basement-level door, added in the early 1950's, on the north bay of the facade. The buildin has a raised basement, the front wall of which is faced in smooth limestone and topped with molded limestone water table.

A pedimented central pavilion is defined by two rectangular, projecting brick piers. The main entry, centered within this pavilion, is framed by Ionic columns. These are surmounted by a limestone entablature which runs between the piers, and includes a molding with an egg-and-dart design. Above the entablature is a pediment with cornice returns. The tympanu has a tablet and laurel leaf design. Springing from the entablature is a round-arch transom which has a limestone surround with egg-and-dart molding, and a console keystone.

The entry has a pair of doors, each with a panel on the lower half of the door, and a large glass area on the top half, with 24 triangular lights formed by vertical, horizontal and diagonal muntins. The transom has two main vertical divisions, and has divisions like those in the door glass within these.

The piers on each side of the entry have capitals enriched with a cartouche and laurel leaf design, with pendants, and an egg-and-dart echinus. Above the capitals is a full Doric entablature which includes triglyphs and guttae, and mutules on the soffit of the cornice. Centered on the entablature, which extends the entire width of the facade, are the words, "Farmers Club," surrounded by a projecting stone band. The pediment above the central pavilion also has mutules on the soffit of the cornice. The tympanum has a cartouche and laurel leaf design. There is a parapet wall with molded limestone coping, and projecting limestone band in panel-like arrangements (one on each of the end bays, and a wider one running the width of the central pavilion). Each of the end bays has a window with a limestone sill and glass divisions identical to those in the main doors. About two feet above each of these windows is a smooth limestone rectangle set flush with the facade and bordered on the bottom with guttae. Below the window on the north bay of the facade is the 1950's door, which is a four-panel door with four lights in a horizontal row at the top of the door, itself.

A porch, onto which the main doors open, is the width of the central pavilion and is reached by two sets of steps, one on each side. An iron fence is set on the limestone wall of the porch between limestone pedestals. Originally, iron grillwork in a pattern like that of the window divisions was in the place of the iron fence. Extending from and perpendicular with the south end of the facade is a section of fence, also with limestone pedestals, which retains the original grillwork. There were originally iron gates between this and the porch wall. There was a like arrangement on the other side of the porch. The fence which extended from that side of the facade is presumed to have been removed when the basement door was added.

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The main doors lead to a domed vestibule, on the south side of which is a stairway leading to a basement, presently used for storage. This stairway is not thought to be original. Through another pair of double glass doors is the great hall, which has terrazzo floors. There is dark oak paneling covering two-thirds of the wall, with plaster the rest of the way to the ceiling. Oak beams mounted on the ceiling form eight-foot squares (three rows of five squares each). In the second and fourth squares of the center row are stained glass skylights (now covered over by the roof). The focus of the living room is a rough-faced, dark brick fireplace, centered on the east wall of the room. Above the stone mantel is a bronze tablet reading, "1805-1866/The Farmers Club/A Memorial to Capt. Meedy W. Shields/Founder of Seymour and a Leading Farmer of His Day."

There are three large windows each on north and south sides of the living room. These are double-hung with 20 lights in each sash and a 10-light transom. Though these windows are unaltered on the interior, they have been bricked up on the exterior. It is not known when this lateration was made.

Opening off the great hall, on either side of the vestibule, are two small rooms which were originally used as nurseries and are now used for storage. Opposite are two hallways leading from the great hall, on either side of the fireplace. Between the hallways is a kitchen, which has counters with the original copper sheeting, and oak cabinets hung above. Beyond the kitchen is a large banquet hall.

The original heavy mission oak furniture is still in use.

#### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C	community planni conservation economics education engineering exploration/settler	ng landscape architectur law literature military music	re religion science sculpture X social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1914	Builder/Architect	Jnknown	

#### Statement of Significance

The Farmers Club is significant as a long-time social center of Seymour, and as a good example of the Beaux Arts style of classicism.

The building was built to be used as a comfort house for the families of farmers who were doing business in town. It was constructed in 1914 and deeded by the Blish family to the farmers of Jackson County in memory of Captain Meedy W. Shields, the founder of Seymour. The Blishes were descendants of Shields and members of a Seymour family which, in 1856, established the first mill in the city. The Blish Mill, which operated until 1970, was the largest, continuously operated flour mill in the United States, operated by one family, and its products were exported worldwide.

The Farmers Club was built in an era when farm families had to wait long hours while the farmers conducted their weekly business in town. There is a strong local attachment for the Farmers Club, especially among the older farm population. Cherished stories are told about the many hours spent by women and children, socializing and eating while waiting for their husbands and fathers to return for their long journey home.

After the advent of the motor car, the need for the Club, as originally stated, was outmoded. It was used by the farm families until World War II, when it housed the U.S.O., after that the Teen Canteen, and presently the American Red Cross.

Also important for its architecture, the Farmers Club is the only representation in Seymour of the Beaux Arts  $\,$  style.

The Seymour Heritage Foundation currently has plans to renovate the building and adapt it for use by the Greater Seymour Chamber of Commerce.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet

10. Geo	graphic	cal Data				
Acreage of nomina Quadrangle name UTM References	ated property	Less than one	acre	Qu	adrangle scale _	1:24,000
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C			D F H			
<b>Verbal boundary</b> South forty-	description a	nd justification  5') of Lot Fo	ur (4) in Blo	ock O in the	e City of Sey	mour.
List all states a	nd counties fo	r properties over	lapping state o	r county boun	daries	
state	N/A	code	county		co	de
state		code	county		co	de
	m Prepa	ared By				
name/title	Edwin J. E	Boley, SHF Boa	rd Historian			
organization	Seymour He	eritage Founda	tion	date	January 1	1, 1982
street & number	P.O. Box 4	485		telephone	812/522-5	415
city or town	Seymour	I SILLED TO	Locas Lei-el	state	Indiana	47274
12. Sta	te Histo	oric Pres	ervation	n Office	er Certif	ication
The evaluated sign	nificance of this	property within the	state is:			
d-1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	_ national	state	X_ local			
665), I hereby nom	ninate this prope	reservation Officer rty for inclusion in edures set forth by	the National Regis	ster and certify	ation Act of 1966 that it has been e	(Public Law 89– evaluated
State Historic Pres	servation Officer	signature	J. M. Kie	lun		400 200 40
title Indiana	State Histor	ic Preservation	on Officer		date 7-11-83	
For NPS use of						
I hereby cer	tify that this prop	perty is included in	the National Regis	ster		
	M. P				date	
Keeper of the	National Registe	er				
Attest:					date	
Chief of Regis	tration					

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Boley, Edwin J., The First Documented History of Jackson County, 1816 to 1976, Publisher: Author. (Seymour, Indiana, 1980.)

"A Leading Farmer of His Day: Meedy W. Shields, Founder of Seymour." From the address delivered at the dedication of The Farmers Club. October 8, 1914. Pamphlet (Indiana State Library, Indianapolis).

