National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

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FINAL 10018

1. Name			
nistoric Byram-Middleton Ho	use	philippi alled sea	
		. 123	STORT MED 2 TO 12
and/or common Byram-Middlet	on House		
2. Location			
street & number 1828 North Il	linois Street	Ν _λ	A not for publication
city, town Indianapolis	N/A vicinity of	-congressional district-	
	code 018 county	Marion	code 097
3. Classification			
Category district public building(s) private structure both object in process being considere N/A	X yes: restricted	Present Use agriculture _X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
name Mrs. H.N. Middleton street & number 3828 Rookwood	Avenue		
city, town Indianapolis	N/A vicinity of	state	Indiana 46208
5. Location of Le	gal Description	on	
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc.	Office of the Pecender	of Manion County I	ndiana
			nulana
street & number City/County Bu	ilding; 200 E. Washing	ton Street	
city, town Indianapolis		state	Indiana 46204
6. Representation	n in Existing	Surveys	
Survey Report For Survey Repor	has this pro	perty been determined el	ligible?yes X
date September 21, 1977		federal sta	te <u>x</u> county <u>loc</u>
depository for survey records Indi	anapolis Historic Pres	ervation Commission	1

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one		
excellent X_ good	deteriorated ruins	unaltered _X_ altered	X original site moved date	N/A	organic telepatro
fair	unexposed				

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The house stands as one of the few remaining and best preserved Italianate houses built in Indianapolis, Indiana.

SITE & ENVIRONMENT

The house is located at 1828 N. Illinois Street which is a 4 lane, one-way thoroughfare. The area is a commercial and light industrial strip and the house stands as one of a very few examples of what this neighborhood was like when it was the fashionable north side of growing Indianapolis. It is particularly unique since it is along this Illinois street corridor.

The house sets on the original platted lot and has not been subdivided. This permits the passerby to view the building such as it was originally conceived with its deep setback from the street and limestone wall and iron fence. Although the area is primarily commercial, this building and its setting provide a reminder of previous times and a visual break from the commercial corridor.

EXTERIOR

The house is a very good example of a brick Italianate house with its irregular massing of the rooms and asymetrical elevation. The roof is low pitched with double brackets and modillions in the cornice. The front elevation (East) contains a semi-circular arch with the recessed front door. The same arch and keystone motiff is repeated on the windows of this elevation. The side elevations (North and South) have paired windows with a segmented This "stilted segmented arch" is noted by Marcus Whiffen (American Architecture since 1780) as "one of the characteristic features of the style." The rear section of the house has functional brick arches on the openings. The original rear porch still remains but in bad repair. The house probably had a small porch located in the angle to the south of the front door. Although this is conjecture, this was a typical design element in this style of house. There is, however, the remains (slab and foundation walls) of the porch shown in an early photograph. This porch was probably added in the 1890's and removed by 1930. This same photograph shows 3 of the 4 large chimneys which have been removed. The iron cresting also shown on the flat roof has been removed, but this element had probably been added at the same time as the porch.

One major modification to the original house was the early addition of a room on the 1st and 2nd floor. This was located in the southwest corner of the house. This addition was quite early since the brick arches, cornice details and interior trim details of the original house have been repeated. There is also a hearth in this room that is relatively early. The addition may have been made to include the bathroom on the second floor when plumbing was introduced shortly after the house was built.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet

Byram-Middleton House

Item number

7

Page 1

INTERIOR:

The overall plan of the house is asymmetrical but the individual rooms are symmetrical, with a fireplace being the center of attention in the primary rooms on either side of the main entry hall. The entry hall has a unique grand circular stairway, and entrances to three of the major rooms from this grand entry space. The stairway is of unusual quality both in design and execution and is in good condition. The rear section, which originally held the kitchen and utility spaces, has been divided into several small rooms for use by the last owner. The second floor has also had some temporary partitions which have not disturbed the original fabric of the building.

The four downstairs rooms in particular have retained all their original details. These rooms have ceiling medallions and heavy crown moldings. The baseboard, door and window trim and the doors themselves are heavily molded and are generally in good shape. Five of the eight original fireplace mantels are still in place. These are the cast iron type that were often painted to simulate marble. They have all been painted several times. One of the fireplaces has been "modernized" and two mantels removed.

The basement is under all the house except the early addition noted above. It has both an interior and exterior entrance. The exterior walls are limestone and the interior walls are brick bearing walls. It is the same plan as the 1st and 2nd floor since all the primary walls are masonry to the attic floor line. The attic is accessible by an interior stair and is not improved. It does, however, have small windows which are visible in the frieze on the exterior, and which align with the windows on the 1st and 2nd floors. The rear section has an attic which is only accessible as a crawl space.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — archeology-historic — agriculture X architecture — art — commerce — communications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Iiterature Iiteratury Implication Introduction Introducti	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1870	Builder/Architect Uni	known	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Byram-Middleton house is significant for its architecture and for its association with two prominent Indianapolis residents. The house was constructed for Norman S. Byram, a well-known 19th Century Indianapolis businessman. It was later owned by Dr. Harvey Middleton, a noted black heart specialist.

This house is the only "brick mansion" remaining on Illinois Street south of Fall Creek Boulevard. It was also noted in Wilbur Peat's book, <u>Indiana</u> Houses of the Nineteenth Century, as being the best preserved of many typical Italianate residences in Indianapolis. The house was also recorded in Indianapolis Architecture for its strong character in mixed use commercial corridor.

The land upon which the Byram-Middleton house stands was the farmland of Samuel Henderson from 1821 until 1849. Henderson was one of the city's early settlers and served as its first postmaster, the first President of the Board of Town Trustees and later the first mayor of Indianapolis. Henderson platted the land in 1849 and in 1868 the land passed into the hands of Norman S. Byram. Byram (1842-1902) came to Indianapolis at the age of twelve and worked for a local merchant. Byram, who first worked as a bookkeeper, became a partner in the firm of Tousey-Byram Company, a wholesale dry goods company. Eventually, the firm was known as Byram, Cornelius & Company and erected an office in the wholesale district of South Meridian Street in Indianapolis at the same time as Byram was building his Illinois Street residence. In addition to Byram's responsibilities in Byram, Cornelius & Co., he also served as President of the Capital National Bank, President of the Indianapolis Chair Company, President of the Byram Foundry Co., and as a member of the city council.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet

Byram-Middleton House

Item number

8

Page 2

Upon Byram's death the residence passed to his heirs and remained in the family's possession until 1935. The building was to serve many commercial uses including housing a nursing home, insurance office, and doctor's offices. In 1951, the property was purchased by Dr. Harvey N. Middleton, a noted heart specialist, who was the first black doctor on the staff of the Old City Hospital (now Wishard Memorial Hospital) and St. Vincent's Hospital. Dr. Middleton established his private practice at 1828 N. Illinois Street performing electrocardiograms and studying heart irregularities before he was allowed to practice at the local hospitals. Dr. Middleton was recognized for his work in the medical field by election as a Fellow in the American College of Cardiology, 1965; Who's Important in Medicine, 1952; and Who's Who in American Men of Medicine, 1961. Since Dr. Middleton's death in 1977 the house has remained the property of his widow.

9. Major Bibliographical Referenc	es
Bailey's Directory Series, <u>Indianapolis Directories</u> , Indianapolis, (Chicago; Lewis Dunn, Jacob P., <u>Greater Indianapolis</u> , (Chicago; Lewis Dunne 1, pg. 160.	dianapolis. Publishing Company, 1922),
SEE CONTINUATION SHEET	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of nominated property <u>less than l acre</u> Quadrangle name <u>Indianapolis West</u> UMT References	Quadrangle scale 1=24,000
A 1 6 5 7 1 9 8 0 4 4 0 4 7 2 0 B Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting Tone Easting T	is
state N/A code county	code
state code county	code
organization date 4451 Central Ave. street & number 335 N. East St. teleph	July 28, 1982 317-283-5886
Indianapolis city or town Indianapolis state	Indiana 46205 Indiana 46202
12. State Historic Preservation Of	
The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:	
national state _x local	
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic F 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service State Historic Preservation Officer signature title Indiana State Historic Preservation Officer For NPS use only	certify that it has been evaluated
I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register	date
Keeper of the National Register Attest: Chief of Registration	date

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet

Byram-Middleton House

Item number

9

Page 3

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Hanna, Agnes McCulloch, Old Houses in Indiana, vol. 1, pg. 74.

Hawkins, Hubert and Robert R. McClarren, <u>Indiana Lives</u>, (Historical Record Association, 1967), pg. 530-531.

Indiana Biographical Series, Vol. 86, pg. 47, column 2.

Indiana Architecture Foundation, <u>Indianapolis Architecture</u>, Indianapolis, 1975, p. 122.

Peat, Wilbur D., Indiana Houses of the Nineteenth Century, Indiana Historical Society, Indianapolis, 1962, p.121.

The Indianapolis Journal.

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