OMB No. 1024-00:3 Exp. 10-31-84

United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type all entries	—complete app	licable se	ections					
1. Nam	e	and the second s						
historic	Andrew Br	ier Hous	se			1 107 = 41	fr LB.	
and or common	Brier-But	ler Hous	ie .					
2. Loca	tion							
	Southwest	and the second second second	ondale					
street & number	Tavern on	01d 41		-		N/A not for	publication	
city, town	Carbondale	9	N/A	vicinity of				
state	Indiana	code	018	county	Warren	C	ode 171	
3. Clas	sificatio	n				4		
Category district public building(s) structure site object in process being considered N/A			Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no		Present Use X agriculture Commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	park _X_ priv t relig scie tran	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Own	er of Pro	oper	ty					
name	Mr. and Mr	s. Edwa	rd J. Co	ostello				
street & number	3402 W. 63	ord Plac	е					
city, town	Chicago		N/A v	vicinity of	sta	te Illinois	60629	
5. Loca	tion of	Lega	I Des	cripti	on			
W		Warren	Warren County Recorder's Office				attender der jedische der verwert der jedische der der tot dem verbeit der betreit der der jedische der jedisch	
street & number W		Warren County Courthuse						
city, town W		Williamsport state			Indiana 47993			
6. Repr	esentat	ion i	n Exi	sting	Surveys	76 77 314		
title		N/A		has this pro	perty been determined	eligible?	yes X no	
date					federal	state cour	nty local	
depository for sur	vey records	N/A						

city, town

state

7. Description

Condition

excellent X good Check one

deteriorated unaltered ruins unaltered

Check one

X original site moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

unexposed

Situated on a large farm, the $2\frac{1}{2}$ story brick structure with a rear wing is designed in the Greek Revival style. The main facade is laid in Flemish bond; the remaining exteriors are basically laid in common bond. The residence features a gable roof with classic returns and a large wrap-around front porch of classic design that was added later.

Facing east, the main facade (Photos 1 and 2) is located on the eaves side and has five bays on each level. On the main level the fenestration departs from the regularity normally associated with the Greek Revival style, suggesting that changes have been made. The entrance is located in the center bay and contains a single leaf, multi-paned door surmounted by a rectangular transom. The entrance and the double-hung windows flanking it are lined up with the three bays above. However, the northernmost bay, though aligned with the window above, is elevated above the other windows. The southernmost bay contains not a single window, but a curved window that wraps around the corner of the house. All windows but the curved one have stone sills and lintels. Sheltering the main level is a classic wrap-around porch, which features 24 paired Ionic columns on stone piers, stone buttresses, and a wide frieze. The porch was added around the turn of the century and replaced a smaller original porch, which was torn down at that time.

On the second level, aligned with the main entry door, is a similar door which is topped by a lintel instead of a transom. Two double-hung sash windows with diamond-shaped upper lights are on each side of the door. Above the windows is an entablature, which also appears on the rear facade.

Each side facade (Photos 3 and 4) is gabled with a raking cornice and classic returns, and has a small gabled pavilion at the rear corner of the facade; the pavilion on the north is larger. Except for the pavilions, the main level of each side facade is sheltered by the large, wrap-around front porch. Each side has a number of irregularly placed bays, with a single, six-over-six, double-hung window at the attic level of each gable.

The rear facade (Photo 5) is three bays across, with windows that match those on the front in each bay except the southernmost, which is covered by a one-story, shed-roofed wing. A recently built deck porch with a latticework balustrade spans the north half of the rear. The original rear porches disintegrated long ago.

The roof is covered with asphalt shingles. Interior brick chimneys are located on the south end of the main roof ridge, and on the rear of the main roof. An exterior brick chimney is located on the rear of the shed-roofed addition.

The interior of the house contains a kitchen ($10' \times 15'$), dining room ($15' \times 22'$), parlor ($19' \times 21'$), foyer ($9' \times 11'$), and a small rear entry hall. The second floor originally had five bedrooms, but presently has four bedrooms, a large hall, and a bathroom. The rear summer kitchen wing houses a kitchen, smokehouse, and laundry room. The interior walls are five bricks thick and are covered with plaster. Most interior wood is black walnut. One of the house's most distinctive features in parquet flooring in the dining room, foyer and parlor. The dining room contains a fireplace and the parlor a built-in secretary and bowed windows. The foyer is separated from the parlor by a wood arch and large wood columns, and features a built-in deacon's bench. The stairway to the second floor has a wood spindle balustrade and square newel.

There are several outbuildings on the property. The turn-of-the-century barn, which is included in the nomination, is located southwest of the house. The large barn is covered with wood siding and surmounted by a gambrel roof. A ceramic silo is located on the north side of the barn. The barn is in deteriorated condition and there are plans for its rehabilitation. South of the barn is a corncrib built in the late 1930's or early 1940's. A garage is positioned south of the house, and a pole barn is located just west of the garage. The garage and pole barn are also c. 1930-40. All are contributing structures to the nomination.

8. Significance

Specific dates

Period	Areas of Significance—Chec	k and justify below		
prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic X agriculture	community planning conservation economics	landscape architecture law literature	religion science sculpture
1600–1699 1700–1799	architecture art	education engineering	military music	social/ humanitarian
X 1800–1899 1900–	commerce X	exploration settlement industry invention	philosophy politics government	theater transportation other (specify)

Builder Architect

c. 1855 Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Andrew Brier House is significant as the oldest remaining house in Liberty Township. The structure was the second house built in the township and the first of brick construction Also known as the Brier-Butler House, it is important for its association with the Brier and Butler families, who were prominent residents in the early days of the area.

Unknown

The land where the house is located was owned by William and Anna Williamson in 1829, and by John and Nancy Chenoweth in 1838. In 1847, Andrew and Celinda Brier purchased the land, and in 1855 they built the large brick Greek Revival home on the property. Among the earliest settlers in the area, the Briers were prominent citizens. Andrew Brier was a farmer who was active in politics, serving as a County Commissioner in 1871 and 1874. He was a member of the Grand Prairie Rangers, a law and order organization founded in 1861 to counteract horse thievery and counterfeiting in the area.

The area where the house is located was known as Clark's Crossroads and is the oldest village in the township. It had the township's only post office, and for many years was the voting precinct for west Liberty Township. In 1854, John Thompson, the first postmaste and blacksmith, built the township's first house, which is no longer standing; the following year the Andrew Brier House was constructed. Other early buildings included a general store, blacksmith shop, church and cemetery, the County Poor Farm, and other frame houses. Of these early structures, only the Brier Home, cemetery, County Home, and possibly one frame structure remain today. In about 1873, the village's name was changed to Carbondale; it has remained a village of around 12 to 15 residences and businesses.

The Andrew Brier family owned the property until 1902 when they sold it to the George Butler family, also prominent in the area. The Butler's farmed and raised mules and other stock. George Butler was also a well-known auctioneer in the surrounding area. His sons, Robert, Levi and Clint, also became auctioneers and dominated the auction trade for many years. Primarily, they auctioned off mules, which were then shipped on the recently-built railroad at nearby Judyville to such areas as St. Louis. The Butlers' turn-of-the-century barn was the main auction barn in the area. Fairs were also held on the property. The Carbondale area contained much rich farmland and the Butlers were one of a number of wealthy farm families, such as the Mankeys, Van Reeds, and Burrs, who lived along the unpaved road near Carbondale. The road became commonly known as "Millionaire's Row".

In 1915 the Butlers sold the property, which has changed hands a number of times since then. During the Great Depression, it was sold at a Sheriff's Sale. Prior to the present owner's purchase of the property in late 1978, the house stood vacant approximately three years and had been vandalized, along with the barn. The present owner has rehabilitated the house and has plans for the rehabilitation of the barn.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet

40							
10. Ge	eographic	al Data			STATE TO THE PROPERTY OF THE P		
	minated property	2.35 acres					
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E			F L				
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Verbal bound	lary description ar	nd justification					
	Please	see continu	ation sheet				
List all state:	s and counties for	properties ove	rlapping state or cou	anty boundarie	es	- mise redam	
state	N/A	code	county	Endows at 12	code		
state	nen Kribe, it	code	county		code		
11. Fo	rm Prepa	red By					
name/title	Mrs. Joan (Ed	ward J.)Cost	ello	AND A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT			
organization	N/A		date	e 2/8/82			
street & numbe	, 3402 W. 63rd	Place	tele	phone	312/793-89 312/925-45		
city or town	Chicago		stat	te	Illinois	60629	
12. Sta	ate Histo	ric Pres	ervation 0	fficer (Certific	ation	
The evaluated s	significance of this p	roperty within the	state is:				
ind yu	national	state	X local				
665), I hereby n	ominate this propert	y for inclusion in	for the National Histori the National Register ar the National Park Servi	nd certify that it	Act of 1966 (Pub has been evalua	lic Law 89– ited	
			A Hant for		La Maria		
			2 /	J. 112, 100	anow		
title Indiana	a State Histori	c Preservatio	on Officer	date	7-10-86		
For NPS use		rtu in innluded in	the Metional Desire				
i nereby c	ermy mat this prope	rty is included in	the National Register	Santa Die	PATRICK TOUCH		
Keeper of th	ne National Register	4 (2 4 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		date	The state of the s		
	e rational negister						
Attest: Chief of Rec	nistration			date			
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Continuation sheet

Andrew Brier House

Item number 9 and 10

Page

1

Atlas of Warren County. J. H. Beers & Company, Chicago, 1877.

Counties of Warren, Benton, Jasper and Newton. F. A. Battey & Company, Chicago, 1883. A History of Warren County, Indiana. The Warren County Historical Society, 1966. History of Warren County, 1883. Reproduction by Unigraphic, Inc., 1973.

Item number 10

Beginning at a point where the western right-of-way of Old Highway 41 intersects with an imaginary line that runs parallel to and 20 feet north of the house; thence west along that imaginary line 320 feet to an imaginary line that runs parallel to and 20 feet west of the barn; thence south along that imaginary line 320 feet to an imaginary line that runs parallel to and 20 feet south of the corn crib; thence east along that line 320 feet to the western right-of-way of Old Highway 41; thence north 320 feet along the western right-of-way of Old Highway 41 to the point of beginning.

Brier-Butler House Carbondale, Indiana UTM Ref: 16/470470/4467450

