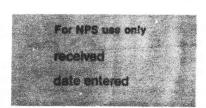
EN FINAL 04

**United States Department of the Interior**National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections



1. Nam	A					
II IAGIII						
historic	Illinois Central	Illinois Central Railroad Freight Depot				
and/or common	The Depot	The Depot				
2. Loca	ation					
street & number	301 N. Morton Street		N,	A not for publication		
city, town	Bloomington	N/A_ vicinity of	-congressional district-			
state	Indiana code	018 county	Monroe	code 105		
3. Clas	sification		Jeren de l'estat			
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status  occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other: Vacant		
4. Own	er of Proper	ty				
name	C F C Corporation		11 June 1 Bound	of the log and sale to		
street & number	Graham Plaza, Suit 205 N. College Ave		ort			
city, town	Bloomington	N/A_vicinity of	state	Indiana 47401		
5. Loca	ition of Lega	I Description	on			
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Monroe	County Courthous	e			
street & number	Courth	nouse Square		150		
city, town	Bloomi	ngton	state	Indiana		
6. Repr	esentation i	n Existing	Surveys			
Indiana	Historic Sites ructures Inventory		perty been determined eli	gible?yes Xno		
date 1979			federal X stat	e county loca		
depository for su	rvey records Indian	a Department of N	atural Resources			
city, town	Indian	apolis	state	Indiana		

## 7. Description

Condition
\_\_\_\_ excellent
\_\_\_ good

X fair

deteriorated ruins unexposed

Check one unaltered X altered

Check one
\_\_X original site
\_\_\_ moved date \_\_N/A

N/A

#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Illinois Central Railroad Freight Depot, constructed in 1906, is located on Morton Street between 7th and 8th Streets in Bloomington, Indiana. The building has no particular architectural style but rather is an example of the purely functional industrial architecture of the early 20th century. Completely devoid of any ornamental details, the structure was built in accordance with plans devised by the Railroad's architectural staff, which was concerned simply with creating a workable railroad freight depot. The size and shape of the building, its elevation above street level, its roof structure and door placement all result from the simple stratagem of allowing the building's function to dictate its form.

The Depot was originally rectangular in shape, measuring 35' x 163'. Of frame construction, it was built on timbers supported by concrete footings such that the ground floor level was three feet above grade level; this feature facilitated loading and unloading wagons on Morton Street and freight cars on the adjoining siding. The exterior of the building was covered with wide clapboarding. The low-pitched gable roof was covered with asphalt composition roofing, and on both the east and west sides it extended out  $7\frac{1}{2}$ ' from the exterior wall, to provide shelter over the loading areas. The rafter ends and braces of the roof structure were left exposed, as were the purlins on each gable end.

Fenestration of the building related directly to the function of the interior space. The northern part of the building contained the large freight room; accordingly, the east wall of this area contained four large (7'll" x 8') sliding doors to facilitate moving material from the Morton Street loading dock. Windows over these doors help provide illumination to the area. Similar doors were placed on the opposite (west) wall and in the extreme west corner of the north wall to provide access to the freight cars on the adjoining rail-road tracks. Additional natural light was provided by four large skylights, two on each slope of the roof. These skylights each measured 4' x 8' and contained six panes of wire-reinforced glass. Three ventilators were also located on the ridge of the roof over this are

The southern portion of the building contained a small vestibule, a "businessmen's room", and the freight office. Three large (72" x 44") double-hung windows were located on each outside wall (east, south, and west) at this end of the building. A standard entry door in the south facade afforded access from the outside through the vestibule to the businessmen's room, and on through to the office.

In 1922 major alterations were made to the Freight Depot. A second story was added to the office area, and the office functions were then moved to this new second floor. Despite the necessity of raising the roof in this area, the original roof overhangs which protected the loading dock areas were left in place. The new roof of the actual second story addition had a simple gable at the north end but followed the configuration of a hip roof at the south end. Plank flooring was laid over the old office floor to level it up with the floor of the freight room. A new fire wall was built on the north side of the two-story portion, and the foundation was repaired and strengthened. Some windows and doors were removed, and their openings filled in with new clapboard similar to the original.

In 1959, a 54' long section was removed from the northern end of the freight room. Although this decreased the area of the freight room by half, the resulting space was adequate in view of the declining volume of railroad shipments. The building ceased to function as a depot in 1963. It was used as a bar and grill for several years after that but it is currently empty. The building was recently purchased by a local firm which plans to restore the exterior to its 1922 condition, using blueprints from that remodeling. The building will then be returned to commercial use.

## 8. Significance

Period prehistoric	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric	community planning	landscape architecture	_
1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799	agriculture architecture art	education engineering	law literature military music	science scuipture social/ humanitarian
<u>X</u> 1800–1899 X 1900–	commerce communications	exploration/settlement industry invention	philosophy politics/government	theater _X transportation other (specify)

Specific dates 1906; altered 1922

Builder/Architect Illinois Central Railroad staff architect

### Statement of Significance (to one paragraph)

The Illinois Central Railroad Freight Depot is significant for its role in the development of the city of Bloomington. The building is an example of the functional style of industrial architecture of the late 19th century. It was built with the aid of a local government subsidy, and proved instrumental in the growth of the area's industry and commerce.

The building was erected in 1906, and was designed purely to serve its function, with no decorative embellishment. Designed by staff architects of the Illinois Central Railroad, it was enlarged in 1922 to adapt to the expanded needs of the area. Likewise, it was reduced in size in 1959 when business declined.

The structure's origins actually date back to 1902, when the townships of Perry and Bloomington voted an \$85,000 subsidy to lure a second rail line to the area. The Illinois Central Railroad, thus attracted, built a new railroad through Bloomington and erected this depot four years later. Located in an industrial area near the center of the city, the depot served the lumber, furniture, and limestone businesses of the area, playing a vital role in the development of Bloomington's industrial base. Business peaked in the 1920s, and declined later in the century as other forms of transportation supplanted the railroad. The railroad closed this depot in 1963, but it remains a structure of considerable local historic significance.

9. Major Bibliographic	al Reference	S
The Farm, Ellettsville, Ind., Newspape Stover, John E., <u>History of the Illine</u> Co., Inc., page 265	er, April 27, 1906, f ois Central Railroad.	ront page. 1975. New York Macmillan Pub
The History of Lawrence and Monroe Cou & Co., pages 449-453, author unkn	inties in Indiana 1	914, Indianapolis, B. F. Bowen
10. Geographical Data	101111	
Acreage of nominated property Less than one		
Quadrangle name <u>Bloomington</u> , Indiana UMT References		Quadrangle scale 1:24000
A 116 5 4 10 0 16 10 4 13 3 15 3 18 10 Zone Easting Northing	B Zone Eastin	ng Northing
c	D   1   1	liiliii
	F	
Verbal boundary description and justification		
The east 58 feet of Inlots 301,302, 300 County, Indiana	3 and 304 in the City	of Bloomington, Monroe
List all states and counties for properties over	lapping state or county b	oundaries
state N/A code	county	code
state code	county	code
11. Form Prepared By		code
Katherine Boruff, Historic Pre Candy Bonus, President of		
Bloomington Restorations, Incorganization P.O. Box 1522	. date	April, 1980
Contact: Rosemary P. Miller, street & number 304 Blue Ridge Drive	telephone	812/332-4044 (Miller)
ity or town Bloomington	state	
12. State Historic Prese	ervation Offic	Indiana 47401
he evaluated significance of this property within the s	STVALION ONIC	er Certification
	tate is:	
s the designated State Historic Preservation Officer to	- Iocai	rvation Act of 1966 (Public Law 80
65), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the ccording to the criteria and procedures set forth by the	e National Register and certife National Park Service.	y that it has been evaluated
tate Historic Preservation Officer signature	Vus Pool	me almost and ease
tie Indiana State History	1 Person	,
Indiana State Historic Preservation  For NPS use only	Officer	date 4-29-83
I hereby certify that this property is included in the	National Register	
Keeper of the National Register		date
Attests		
Chief of Registration		date

