FINAL

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

Type all entries—complete applicable sections

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1. Nam	e								
historic	St. Bonifac	e Chur	ch						
and/or common	hand golden or								
2. Loca	tion								
street & number	State Highw	ay 545				<u> </u>	not for p	ublica	tion
city, town	Fulda			vicinity of	congressional dis	trict	8th		
state	Indiana	code	018	county	Spencer		CO	de	147
3. Clas	sificatio	n							
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered		Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no		Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military		park priva X religi scien trans	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
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city, town	Indianapolis			vicinity of		tate	Indiana	4620	02
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city, town	Rockport			S	tate	Indiana			
6. Repr	esentat	ion i	n E	xisting	Surveys				
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depository for su	rvey records							4	
city, town					s	tate			

7. Description

Condition excellent _X good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

St. Boniface Church, erected in 1865, is a rectangular building with a semicircular apse. The church rests on a foundation of sandstone blocks quarried nearby, and is constructed of red brick that was manufactured on the site. The exterior was sandblasted, repointed, and waterproofed in 1978.

The exterior of the church is a simple version of the Romanesque Revival Style. Openings are semicircular arches, and the eaves line is decorated with round-arched corbelling. The tower, which contains the main entrance, is centered on the main facade. Sixteen stained glass windows, sixteen feet high and four feet wide, provide light to the interior. The building is 139 feet in length with a width of 55 feet, and the height from the ground to the top of the spire is 150 feet. A small brick addition was made to the side of the building in 1972, providing restrooms and a lounge.

Six slabs of sandstone form the steps leading up to the entrance. The main portal is expressed as a semicircular arch supported by simple columns, with a stained glass tympanum, and stone cross at the keystone. Directly above this is a small rose window, and farther up is a stone inset that reads "St. Bonifacius Kirche, 1865." The tower is surmounted by a wooden spire decorated with Romanesque detailing, with a gold-painted copper cross at the peak of its octagonal roof.

Entrance to the church is through a pair of tall wooden doors in the main portal. Just inside the entrance are modern aluminum and glass doors leading into a small vestibule. On either side of the vestibule are stairways leading to the balcony. The balcony contains an 80-year-old tracker oak console organ, containing 535 pipes. The organ was built by Edmund Giesecke, of Evansville, Indiana.

A second set of aluminum and glass doors opens from the vestibule into the nave of the church. The interior is supported by ten round pillars, five on each side. Twelve oil paintings of the Apostles and Saints decorate the nave walls. The ceiling and arches are ornamented with multi-colored stencil work, with light ochre walls and golden ochre pillars. The 80 pews in the nave of the church adequately seat over 300 persons.

Two architectonic wood altars flank the sanctuary. Paintings of Biblical scenes are located above the two side altars, with the Biblical text written in German. Two additional Biblical scenes are portrayed on the side walls of the apse, with the Biblical text written in Latin. The main altar is of oak, and is located at the rear of the sanctuary. Above it is a large painting depicting the martyrdom of Boniface, the patron saint of Germany and of this parish. A small picture above this one depicts Saint Boniface laying the cornerstone of the monastery he built in Fulda, Germany. Both pictures were painted in Munich, Germany, in 1876, and were purchased by Abbot Martin Marty, of St. Meinrad Archabbey, who had served as pastor of this church from 1861 to 1863.

All three altars feature twisted columns characteristic of the Baroque style. These altars were carved by Benno Gerber, of Ferdinand, Indiana.

The wooden floor of the church was replaced in 1976 by a concrete floor with carpeting, and the interior was painted.

8. Significance

Periodprehistoric1400–14991500–15991600–16991700–1799 X1800–18991900–		heck and justify below community planning landscape architecture conservation law economics literature education military engineering music X exploration/settlement philosophy industry politics/government invention	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1865	Builder/Architect Mr. Reidinger, Architect	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

St. Boniface Church is significant as the embodiment of the German Catholic heritage of the community of Fulda. Fulda was founded in 1846, when Father Joseph Kundek negotiated a property transaction with Milton Jackson, who donated the property upon which the present church stands. Father Kundek had been assigned to minister to the spiritual needs of the widely scattered German-American settlers in Southern Indiana, and was the resident pastor for St. Joseph Parish in Jasper. By all accounts, Father Kundek was a man of immense energy, enthusiasm, and organizational ability. Within three years of his arrival, his activities had attracted many additional German families to the area. Arrival of these new settlers led Father Kundek to establish the parishes of Ferdinand, Celestine, Rockport, and Fulda. He was also instrumental in founding the important St.Meinrad Abbey.

The St. Boniface Church was begun in 1860, three years after Kundek's death. The Civil War delayed construction, and the structure was not completed until 1865. Its German-American architect, Mr. Reidinger, designed the church in a style that emphasized the German background of its congregation. The architectural significance of the structure lies in its architectural style and elaborate interior decorations, which were modeled after German examples; in particular, the Cathedral Church in Fulda, Germany, the monastery of which was built by St. Boniface, served as an inspiration for this church. Of particular note are the three altars, hand-carved by Benno Gerber, of nearby Ferdinand, Indiana.

After completion of the church building, the community experienced a surge of both population and economic growth. St. Boniface church remains a concrete expression of Fulda's rich German-American religious and cultural heritage, and has made a significant contribution to the development and growth of the community.

9. Maj	or Bibliog	raphical	Reference	ces	
Gudorf, Gera	ald E. The Histons: 1965).	ory of the Par	ish and the Tow	n of Fulda:	(St. Meinrad Abbey
History of W	Warrick, Spencer	, and Perry C	ounties, Indiar	na. (Chicag	o: Goodspeed, Brothers
10. Ge	ographic	al Data			
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11. Fo	rm Prepai	red By			
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organization	St. Boniface (Catholic Churc	h date	e 1-24-79	
street & number		ise son reigh	tele	phone 812/	357-2483
city or town	Fulda	ris chines s	stat	te Indiana	47536
12. Sta	ate Histor	ic Prese	rvation 0	fficer (Certification
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State Historic P	reservation Officer si	gnature	Josephin y	Loud	
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