United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received

date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

Type all entries	s—complete appl	icable sect	ions				yer it is	11.	
1. Nam	16								
historic	Opel, John,	House/ G	Green Tr	ee Hotel					
and or common	Bochelman H	ouse							
2. Loca	ation			aabil da milijoon je Einis of George Banks (Inise pada pada Antika Carabi		IV. ZOSZI WZDANICOWOWO PODSIA		MATERIAL PROPERTY AND ASSESSMENT OF THE STREET	
street & number	St. James Street, south-east of					N/A	not for pu	ot for publication	
city, town	Jasper		_X vic	inity of		76-	- Hiller	A FAIL TS	
state	Indiana	code	018	county	Dubois		cod	le 037	
3. Clas	sificatio	n				THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT			
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public both Public Acquisit in process being consid	ion A	X yes: restricted		Present Useagriculturecommercialeducationalentertainmentgovernmentindustrialmilitary		muser park X private religion scient transp	e residence ous tific portation	
4. Own	er of Pro	perty							
name	Mr. and Mrs	. Joseph	Rohleder	^		dei P			
street & number	R. 4, Box 62	29-K	1.4.4		- A-4				
city, town	Jasper		X vic	inity of	stat	e I	ndiana	47546	
5. Loca	ation of L	_egal	Desc	riptio	n				
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	County	Recorder	^					
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6. Repi	resentati	ion in	Exis	ting S	urveys			ne zamin (00-kin telefilik-solet til sole styssengssted v	
title	N/A		t de la constant de l	nas this prop	erty been determined	eligit	ole?	yes X no	

7. Description

Condition

excellent
X good
fair

Check one deteriorated unaltered

unaltered X altered Check one

X original site moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

ruins

unexposed

The Green Tree Hotel is a two-and-one-half story, Federal style house constructed of brick laid in common bond with sixth row headers. The simplicity of the main facade is only slightly relieved by a saw-tooth patterned cornice formed by bricks set at an angle. The foundation of the building extends two feet from the grade and is constructed of large blocks of local stone. The first story of the principal (east) facade is dominated by a central double door with a simple 12-light transom. The door, as well as all windows, has a sandstone lintel and sill. The original nine-over-six light windows have been replaced with one-over-one. Interior chimneys are found at both ends of the house.

The original second story single door, which was centered above the first story double entry, was removed at some point after the date of the historic photo. (Photo 1.) A balcony had already been removed at the time of the historic photo.

The rear (west) of the house has a repetition of the brick saw-tooth cornice, as well as the center double door with transom. A small 18' x 20'9", one-story kitchen ell is located at the northwest corner. The kitchen has an exterior chimney on the west facade. A shed-roofed porch extends across the back of the house.

At the south end of the house is a barrel-vaulted stone cellar. (Photo 4.) At its greatest height, the vault rises seven feet, nine inches from the floor. This area was originally intended for wine-making and storage. The cellar floor is brick.

The first floor contains two rooms on either side of the center hall, while the kitchen is in the ell at the northwest corner of the house. The interior woodwork is mostly original and in fine condition. The stairway, located in the center hall, is of simple Federal design. All interior doors are original, as is some of the brass hardware. There were only two fireplaces constructed in the house; both are still operable. The kitchen fireplace has a cooking crane in place and the parlor fireplace retains its original Federal style mantel.

Originally, the four first floor rooms (all except the kitchen) had stenciled walls. All downstairs examples have been essentially destroyed over the years, due to the application of paint and wallpaper.

Upstairs stenciling has fared somewhat better. The second floor contains three rooms and a center hall. The large (29'8" x 19'1") ballroom has the most remarkable decoration found in the house. Central in the ceiling is a circular, hand-painted design (Photo 5) approximately eight feet in diameter. Because of irreparable water damage it was recently necessary to remove the original ceiling plaster. With the help of the Folklore Institute at Indiana University, the design was photographed, measured, and traced, and has been reapplied to the new ceiling. Because of extensive water damage, all exterior wall stenciling has been lost. However, each upstairs room retains at least one interior wall with original, unrestored stenciling intact. (Photos 6 and 7.)

The third floor of the house is a finished attic originally used for servants' rooms. On one wall is a yet-undeciphered inscription, apparently in German. It includes a very clear date of 1860.

8. Significance

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Specific dates Built ca. 1850

Builder Architect

Unknown

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The architectural significance of the Green Tree Hotel is found in its fine rural Federal style and the barrel-vaulted wine cellar, similar to those found in Germany. The unusual and unique examples of mid-19th century stenciling found in the interior give artistic significance to the structure.

John Opel arrived in southern Indiana from his German homeland in 1847. At that time, he purchased land in Du Bois County and soon thereafter began construction of the house. The earliest specific reference to the building is 1858. The building was used as a hotel as well as family home until Opel sold the house and surrounding farm in 1870.

The Green Tree Hotel's plain Federal facade, with only a simple transom and a finely-executed, saw-tooth cornice for relief, is typical of the type found in rural settings. Federal style is less common in Indiana rural areas than in states to the east because of the slowness of settlement in central and northern Indiana, due to the difficulty with Indian land titles, and in the south central area due to more rugged terrain. By the time Indiana settlers could afford substantial dwellings, the Greek Revival and Italianate styles were more popular. This fine Federal home, constructed at this later date, reflects the personal tastes of the owner rather than the contemporary popularity of the style.

The barrel-vaulted wine cellar constructed at the south end of the house is, as far as published sources indicate, unique in Indiana. No other examples exist in the Folk Architecture Collection at Indiana University. There are several known examples in the Pennsylvania German areas, but these are all associated with buildings of much earlier dates, at least one hundred years previous. Opel would have been familiar with such wine cellars in his German homeland.

The stenciled walls found in the second floor of the house date from the construction of the house. Studied carefully, by faculty at Indiana University's Folklore Institute, the stencils seem to be entirely different in character from later Victorian stenciling or other examples of folk art found elsewhere in the United States. It is believed by Dr. Warren Roberts, of Indiana University, that the stencils and free-hand paintings are the work of a German immigrant, trained in the technique before departure from his homeland. Dr. Roberts has failed to uncover close German parallels, although similar design types were common in rural Germany during the first half of the 19th century. A robust and colorful folk art tradition among the German Catholics in southern Indiana is beginning to come to light. The decorations in this house make a valuable contribution to folk art in Indiana.

Opel sold the property to John Fred Bochelman in 1870. This German-born farmer owned the property until 1919. A variety of owners, all involved in agriculture, lived in the house until the Joseph Rohleders purchased the house and surrounding three acres in 1976. They have been involved in careful restoration since the time of purchase.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Please see continuation sheet

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I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register

United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

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Continuation sheet John Opel House

Item number

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Page 1

Bacon, Richard M. The Art and Craft of Wall Stenciling. New York: Funk and Wagnalls, 1977, p. vii.

The Jasper Courier, November 17, 1858, June 22, 1859, April 2, 1869, June 25, 1862, June 27, 1863, July 8, 1865.

Pennsylvania Folklife, Autumn, 1968, p. 30, shows two under a Pennsylvania house built in 1696 while Pennsylvania Folklife, Winter, 1968-69, pp. 4-6, shows one under a Pennsylvania house built in 1736. (Re wine cellar.)

Waring, Janet. <u>Early American Stencils on Walls and Furniture</u>. William R. Scott, 1937, p. 22, pp. 48-50.

Green (Tree Notel

Dudect to Rohleders 46625,1977

Recorded Book HUNTINGBURG QUADRANGLE

171 page 563 INDIANA - DUBOIS CO.

No. 85255 7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC))F INDIANA NATURAL RESOURCES **DLIS, INDIANA** 86°52′30″ SPERI 550 000 FEET | R. 5 W. 38°22′30″ R В Oil Well 310 000